



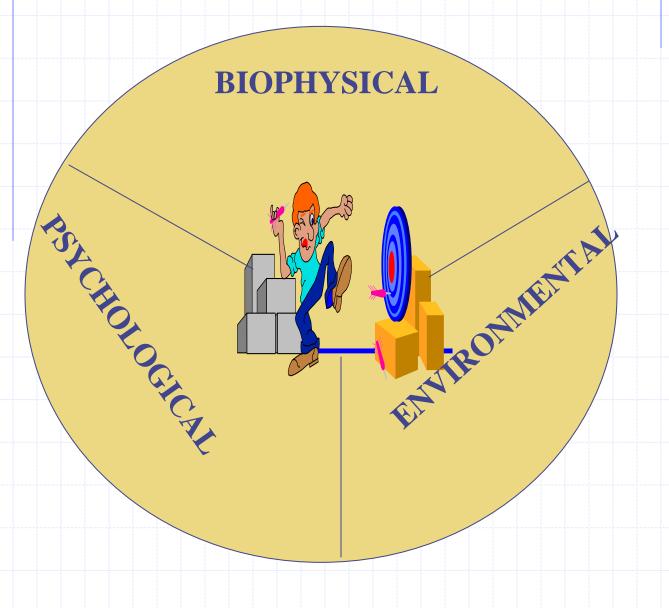
#### Food for thought ...

"Classroom
management you can
do by yourself;

School discipline must be done as a team."

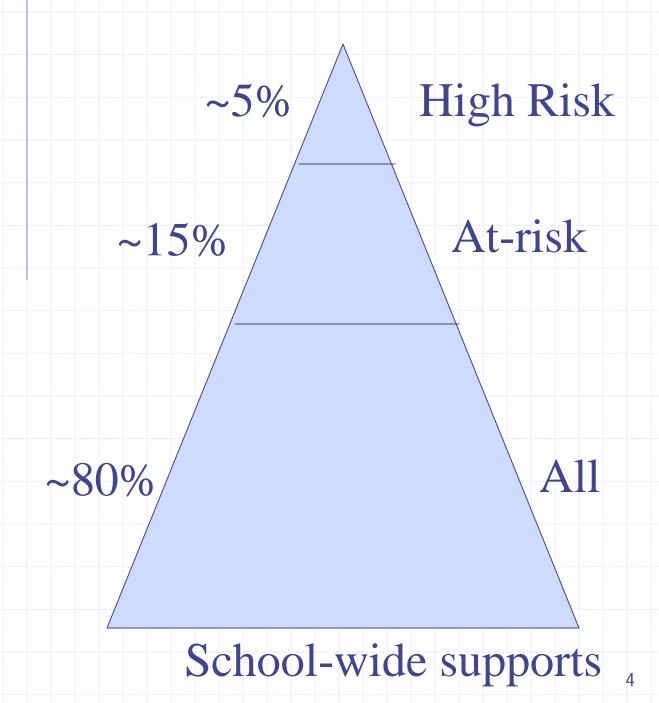
**Ronald Morrish** 

## FACTORS SHAPING BEHAVIOUR



#### **PBIS Model**

(G. Sugai, et al.)





INDIVIDUAL STUDENT

NON-CLASSROOM

**CLASSROOM** 

## Behaviour Tracking Form

- WHO?
- **WHEN?**
- WHERE?
- WHAT?
- WHY?
- **CONSEQUENCE?**

#### Food for thought ...

" How do we start to think about developing relationships as one of the main things we need to do at schools, rather than something that just sort of happens, and is nice when it does?"

> NASP *Communique* October 2001

## Basic Needs For Students And For Staff

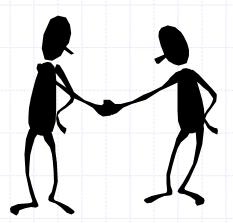
Connected



- Capable
- Contributing
- Role Models

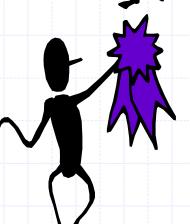
## OUR SCHOOL'S CODE OF CONDUCT

Respect Others



Respect Property

Respect Yourself

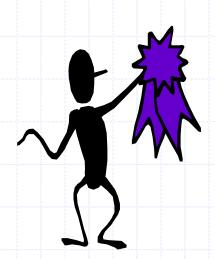


## OUR SCHOOL'S CODE OF CONDUCT

- Respect Others
- Be Prepared to Learn
- Respect Property



Respect Yourself





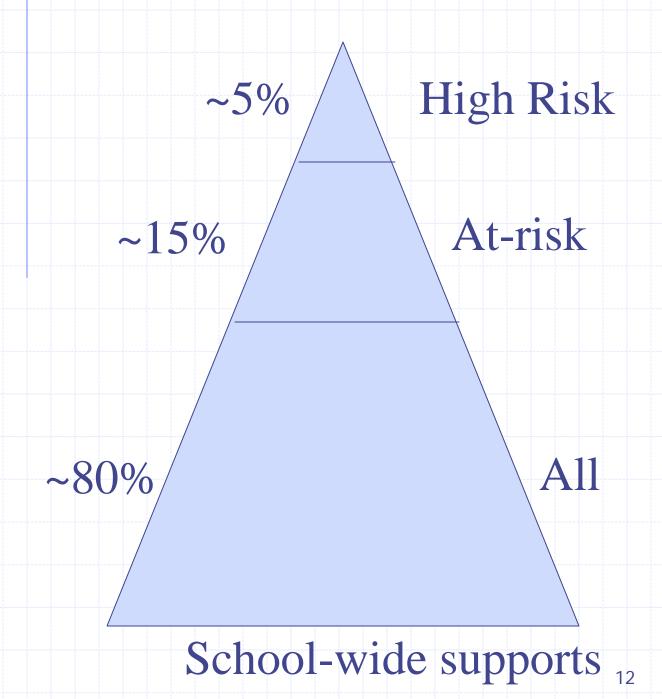
#### Food for thought ...

"Behaviour that needs to be learned, needs to be taught."

Ronald Morrish

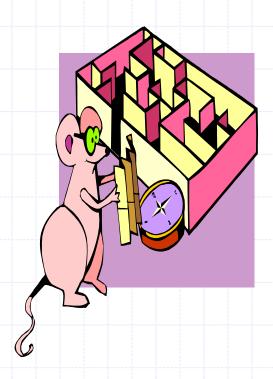
#### **PBIS Model**

(G. Sugai, et al.)

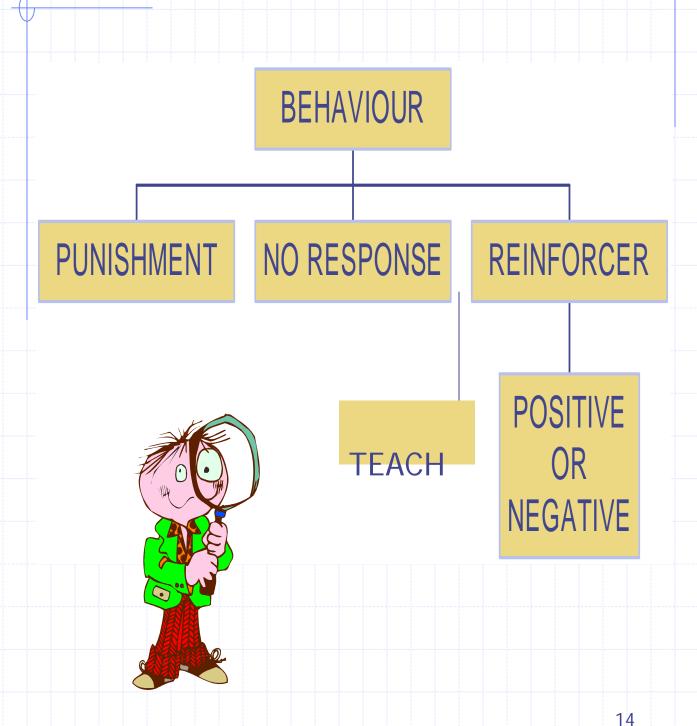


## "AT-RISK" FACTORS Low vs. High

- Critical school competencies
- Concept of self and self-esteem
- Communication with others
- Coping ability
- Control



## THE MECHANICS OF BEHAVIOUR



#### DISCIPLINE means "TO TEACH"

- Shows Kids What They've Done Wrong
- Gives Them Ownership Of The Problem
- Gives Them Options To Solve Their Own Problems
- Leaves Their Dignity Intact

Barbara Coloroso



#### Food for thought ...

"Discipline is teaching children to behave well, not just punishing them for behaving poorly."

Ronald Morrish

### REMEMBER THE 3 R'S

#### RESTITUTION

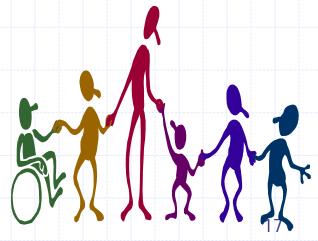
 figure out what you did and how to make it up



figure out how to make it right and prevent it happening again

#### RECONCILIATION

heal with those you harmed



Barbara Coloroso

#### Food for thought ...

"When your only tool is a hammer, all problems resemble

nails."

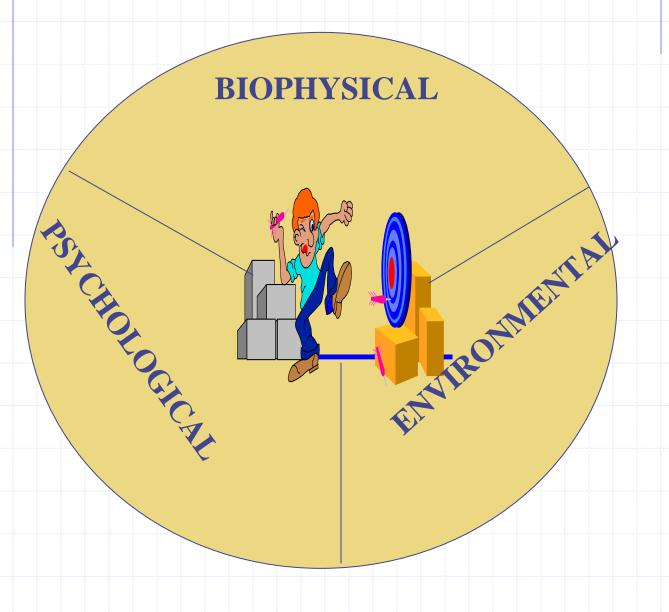


The most successful schools are those that have a full range of disciplinary options

## SIX COMPONENTS OF SCHOOL-WIDE DISCIPLINE

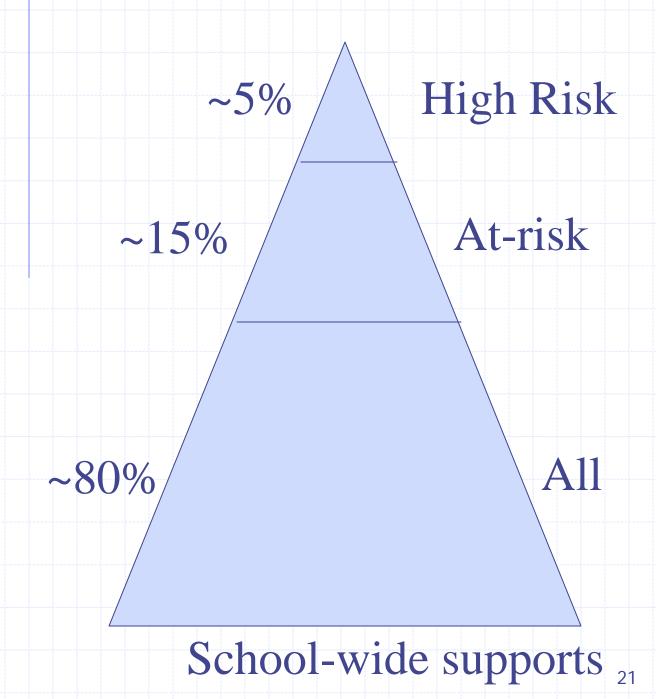
- Common approach to discipline
- Clear set of positive behavioral expectations
- Procedures for teaching expected behaviours
- Continuum of procedures for encouraging expected behaviour
- Continuum of procedures for discouraging problem behaviour
- Procedures for on-going monitoring and evaluation

## FACTORS SHAPING BEHAVIOUR



#### **PBIS Model**

(G. Sugai, et al.)



#### **MISBEHAVIOUR**

#### COMMUNICATES

FRUSTRATIO

**AND** 

**ANGER!** 



#### MASLOW'S HEIRARCHY OF NEEDS

Self-Worth



Belonging/Love

Safety

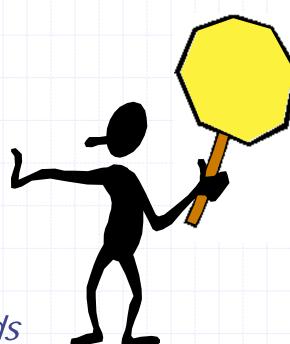


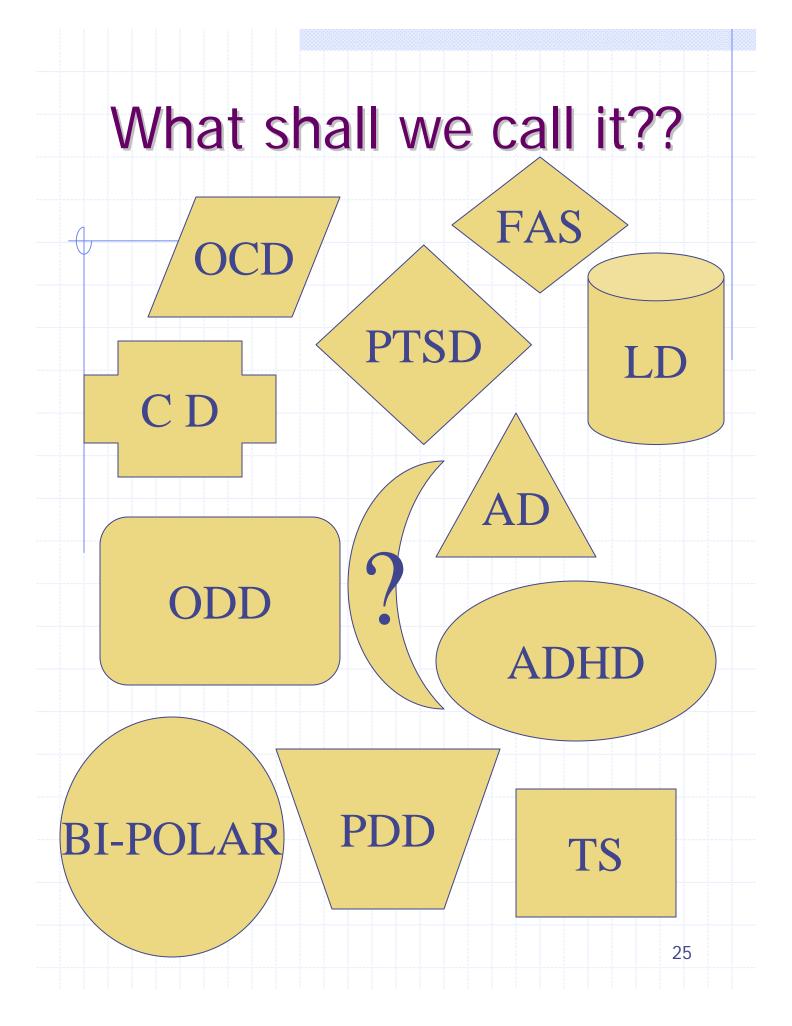
Basic Physical Ne



## MESSAGES IN MISBEHAVIOUR

- Social Attention
- Tangible Wants
- Avoidance
- Escape
- Sensory Problems
- Physiological Needs





## THE *ABC'S* OF BEHAVIOUR

**◆ A**NTECEDENTS

\* BEHAVIOUR

**C**ONSEQUENCES



## FUNCTIONAL BEHAVIOUR ASSESSMENT DATA FORM

1.\_\_\_\_\_

3.\_\_\_\_\_

	89	910	10-11	11-12	12-1	1-2	2-3	34
Mon.								
Tues.								
Wed.								
Thurs	•							
Fri.								

#### FIRST STEPS OF FBA

- Work With Your School Team
- Chart The ABC's Of Behaviour Over Time
- Overlay Your Schedule & Noting The Patterns
- Make Changes Where Change Is Indicated
- Monitor Progress

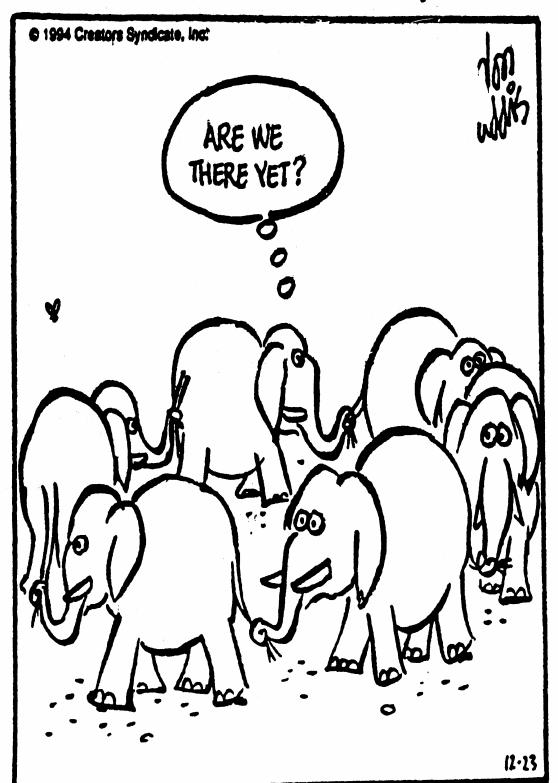


### PBIS What does it take?

- Commitment from administration
- Team-based implementation
- Define behavioural expectations
- Teach behavioural expectations
- Acknowledge and reward appropriate behaviour
- Monitor and correct unacceptable behaviour
- Use information for decisionmaking
- Parent/community involvement
  - www.pbis.org

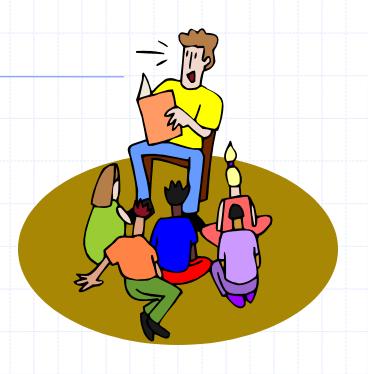
#### **BENT OFFERINGS**

By DON ADDIS

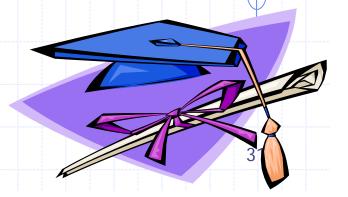


#### **Postscript**

#### Is it worth it??





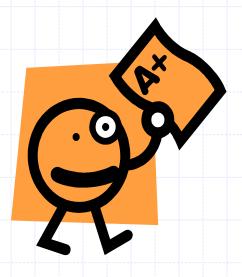


#### Food for Thought ...

"If you always do
What you have
always done
You will always get
What you have
always gotten."

#### What the data say ...

- Safer schools are more effective learning environments
- System-wide interventions result in 20-60% fewer OR's
- Academic performance gains
- Teacher/student satisfaction improves
- Over 90% reduction in problem behaviours in most studies!



## MEETING BEHAVIOURAL CHALLENGES Creating Safe and Caring Learning Environments

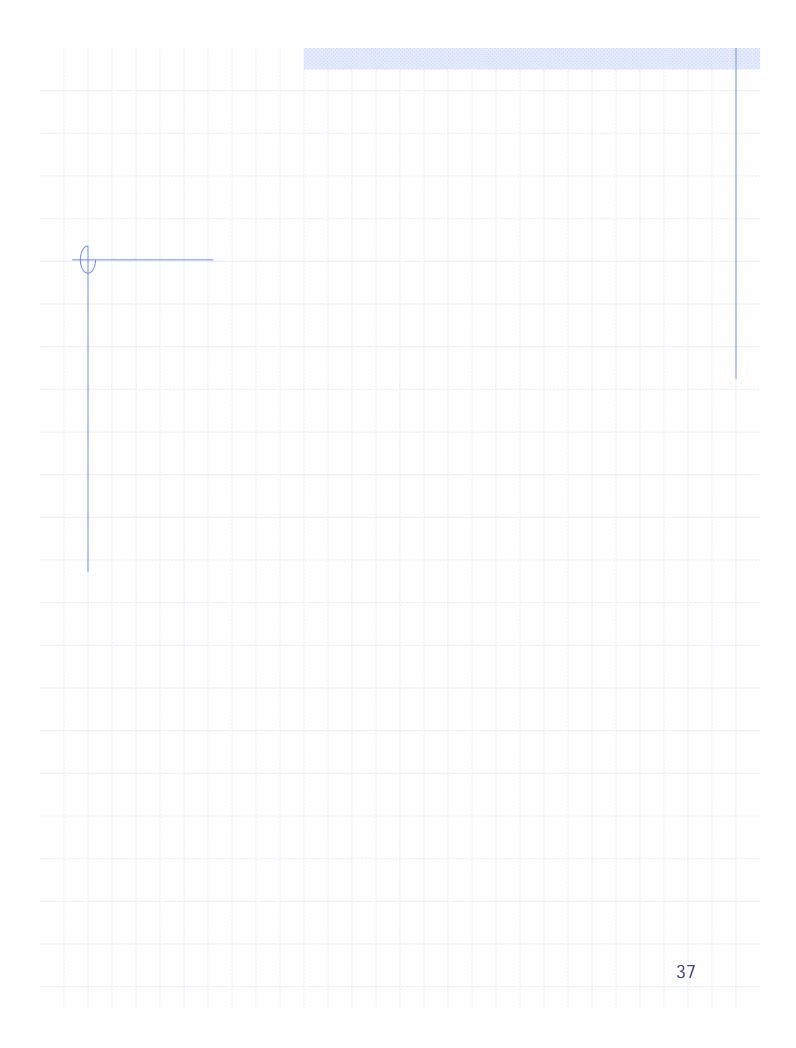


#### Questions??



Juanita Mureika, Psychologist 453-2698

# PBIS Video 36





"Plan how you will elicit good behaviour, not how you will respond to poor behaviour It's always better to plan for success than to plan for failure."



"A single minute spent practicing courtesy has more impact than a one-hour lecture on the importance of it."



"Having the right to do something doesn't make it the right thing to do."



# "Children learn far more from correction than from punishment."



"The best time to teach a behaviour is when it isn't needed, so it will be there when it is needed."



"Every good sports coach knows the value of running an intensive training camp at the beginning of each new season. So does every good teacher."



"Discipline is about giving children the structure they need, not the consequences they deserve."



"If teachers don't work as a team on the minor issues of gum-chewing and hats, they won't be able to work as a team on the major issues of standards and citizenship."

#### Whose School Is This, Anyway?

Is it the principal's?
Is it the teachers'?
Is it the smart kids'?
Is it the pushy kids'?
Is it the popular kids'?
Is it the native English-speaking kids'?
Is it each kid's equally?
Is it the kids', the principal's, and the teachers' equally?

Who decides what goes on in here?
Who does it go on for?
Does it go on for the kids who go to college?
Does it go on for the kids who go to work?
Does it go on for the kids who have nowhere to go?

Does it go on for all kids equally?

Does it go on for the principal?

Does it go on for the teachers, the kids, and the principal equally?

Who tells whom what to do?
Who makes the rules?
Who are the rules for?
Who must follow the rules?
Who must see that the rules are followed?

Whose school is this, anyway?

Curwin and Mendler, 1998.

"Issues surrounding students with emotional or behavioural problems really tear at the fabric of people's value systems. They carry a feeling that when people are 'bad', they should be punished."

School principal, NASP *Communique*, Oct.2001



"A school's reputation is determined as much by the behaviour of its students as by the quality of its programs."



"Behaviour you ignore is behaviour you permit."



"Discipline is about teaching children to behave well despite their problems, not excusing their behaviour because of their problems."



"To stop fights, stop put-downs. Verbal hits usually precede physical hits."



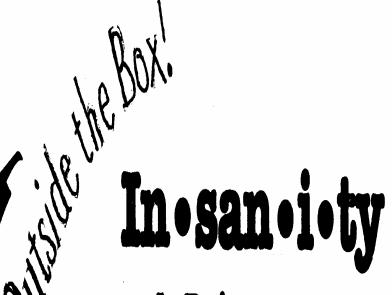
"To prevent major behaviour problems, deal with minor behaviour problems."



"The consistency of your expectations is far more important than the consistency of your consequences."



"There can be no effective discipline without effective supervision."



n. 1. Doing the same thing over and over expecting different results.

-Anonymous