

Canadian Natural Gas: Monthly Market Update

January 2005

Natural Gas Division

Petroleum Resources Branch Energy Policy Sector



Foreword

The Canadian Natural Gas: Monthly Market Update is a monthly working paper prepared by the Natural Gas Division of Natural Resources Canada.

Structure and Format of the Report

This five page report provides the most recently available data on natural gas prices and on key fundamentals affecting prices.

To the right is an Executive Summary, which provides a brief, up-to-date overview of natural gas market fundamentals. For those interested in reading ahead, the remainder of the report consists of graphs, with limited text and comments associated with each. The text provides a short description of the natural gas market fundamental, followed by a simple comparative analysis (i.e., year-over-year or month-over-month) of the data contained within the figure.

Beginning in January 2005, this report has been formatted in landscape orientation to be more easily read on a computer screen.

Sources

Various sources are used in developing this report, including Statistics Canada, Canadian Enerdata, Daily Oil Bulletin, the National Energy Board and GLJ Energy Publications.

If you have any comments, suggestions or questions please contact Paul Cheliak at 995-0422, or by email at

Executive Summary

The chart below depicts year-over-year percentage changes (given the most recently available month of data) in natural gas prices, heating degree days (weather), natural gas domestic sales and exports, storage, drilling, and natural gas production.

Natural Gas	Percentage Change	
Market Fundamental	+	-
Prices		-10%
Heating Degree Days		
(HDD's)		-17%
Sales		-10%
Exports	17%	
Storage	0%	
Drilling		-18%
Production	2%	

PRICES: CDN \$6.71/GJ in January 2005; a decrease of 10%

HDD's: 435 in November 2004; a decrease of 17%

SALES: 224 Bcf in November 2004; a decrease of 10%

EXPORTS: 316 Bcf in November 2004; an increase of 17%

STORAGE: 360 Bcf in January 2005; no change

DRILLING: 1,364 in January 2005; a decrease of 18%

PRODUCTION: 497 Bcf in November 2004; an increase of 2%

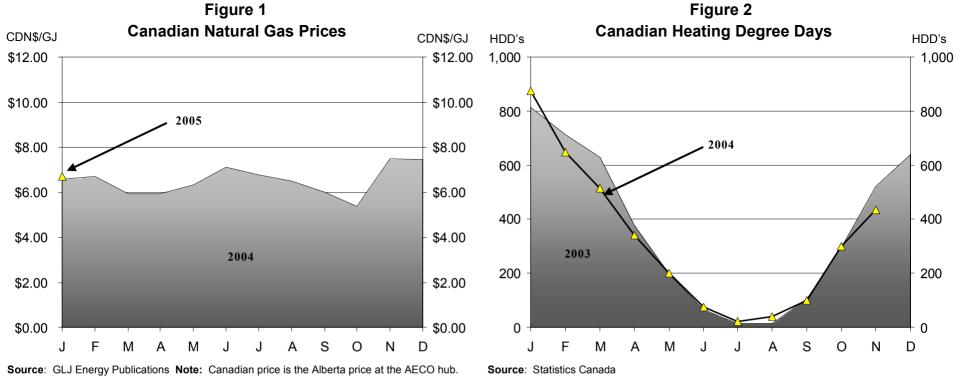


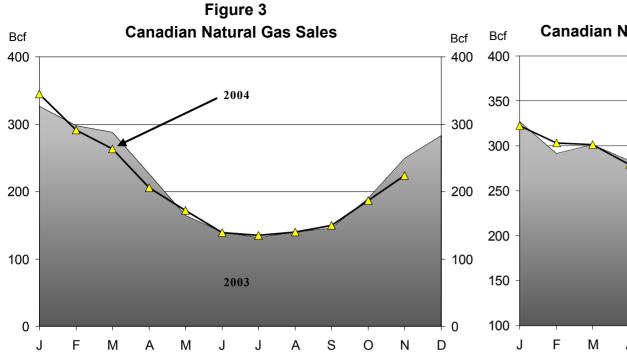
Figure 1 illustrates the price of natural gas at the major Canadian pricing point – the intra-Alberta market. The price is for gas delivered under a 30-day contract. The intra-Alberta market is formed by gas delivered to pipelines in Alberta. Gas changes hands via Nova Inventory Transfers (NIT), exchanges at the AECO storage hub, or sales facilitated by the Natural Gas Exchange (NGX). This is a commodity price – a wholesale price in the producing area. Consumer (or "burner tip") prices will also include pipeline transmission and distribution costs, which vary across Canada. Natural gas is commonly measured in gigajoules (GJ) or cubic metres. A gigajoule is an energy unit, which equates to about 27 cubic metres of natural gas.

Canadian natural gas commodity prices fell 10% to CDN \$6.71/GJ in January 2005.

Figure 2 shows Canadian Heating Degree Days (HDD's), which are a measure of how cold it is. The more HDD's in any season, the greater is natural gas demand for space heating. If the winter is unusually cold, demand will respond accordingly and natural gas prices will tend to be stronger. However, if the winter is mild, demand will be weaker, which will tend to moderate prices.

In November 2004, there were 435 HDD's, 17% less HDD's than in November 2003. Temperatures in November 2004 were 10% warmer than normal.

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Source: Statistics Canada **Note**: Most recent month is a preliminary figure.

Figure 3 illustrates total Canadian natural gas sales. Sales include all natural gas sold to residential and commercial users (for space and water heating, cooking, etc), industries and electricity generating units in Canada. The totals do not include consumption by the natural gas industry itself (e.g., pipeline compressor fuel).

Natural gas sales to Canadian consumers in November 2004 were 224 Bcf. 10% lower than November 2003.

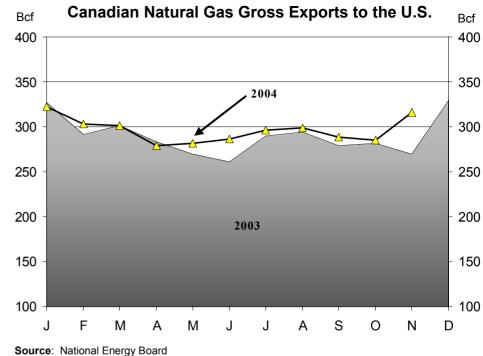


Figure 4

Figure 4 illustrates natural gas exports to the U.S.. Canadian natural gas requirements are met entirely by domestic sources, as Canada produces natural gas in excess of what is required for domestic consumption. In comparison, the U.S. consumes more natural gas than it produces, therefore natural gas imports are required to make up the difference. Typically, Canada exports between 50 and 60 per cent of its gas production.

In November 2004, natural gas exports to the U.S. were 316 Bcf, 17% higher than in November 2003.

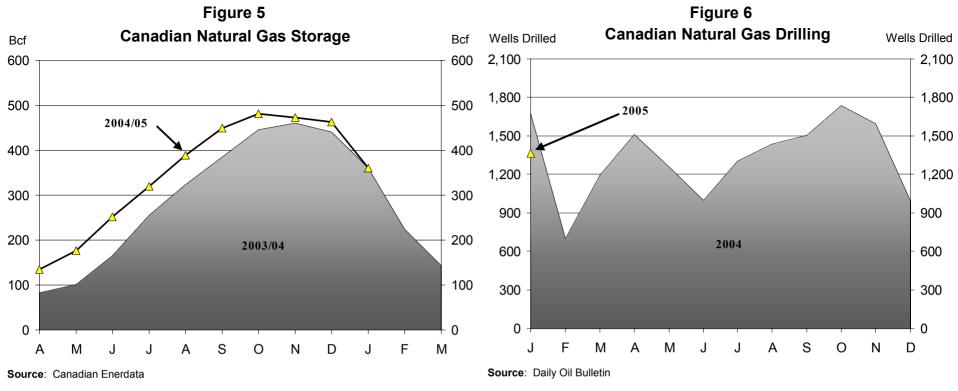
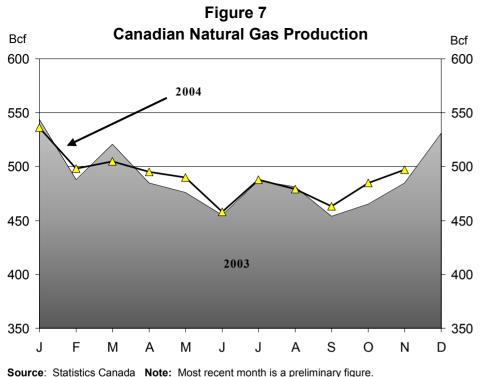


Figure 5 indicates natural gas storage levels in Canada. The amount of gas in storage generally follows a seasonal pattern. In the summer, when natural gas demand is low, gas is injected into storage. Storage volumes peak in the fall. In winter, volumes are drawn down, reaching a low point in the spring.

Canadian gas storage inventories decreased by 103 Bcf during the month of December 2004. Storage levels at the beginning of January 2005 were identical to those of January 2004. Figure 6 depicts the number of natural gas well completions in Canada. There is a time-lag between drilling a gas well and starting production, due to the work necessary to connect the new well to the pipeline grid. Drilling is therefore a good indicator of future natural gas supply.

There were 1,364 natural gas wells drilled in January 2005, a decrease of 18% compared to January 2004.



Source. Statistics Sanada Mote: Most recent month is a preliminary ligare.

Figure 7 shows marketable natural gas production in Canada. Marketable natural gas is the gas available for consumption after processing and excludes producer or plant uses.

Marketable natural gas production was 497 Bcf in November 2004, 2% higher than in November 2003.

Bibliography and Data Sources

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