# The Winds of Change: Climate Change in the Prairie Provinces

Group Members:		
Trivia Challenge	Search the entire poster to find answ	vers for the following:
1. When wa	as most of Canada covered with ice?	·
2. What is th	the current land cover around Uranium	City?
3. What land	ndmark is seen in the picture of a city?	
poster to answer t	Use the pieces of information under the following true/false (T or F) question word or number value, and write in the	ns. If the statement is false, cross
Nearly 40% o	of Albertans live in either Calgary or Ec	dmonton.
Almost half o	of the population of Saskatchewan lives	s in rural areas.
About 10% o	of Regina relies on groundwater for its v	water supply.
There are mo	ore than 5000 glaciers in the eastern R	cockies.
The 1980's v	were the warmest decade of that centur	ry.
Most forest fi	fires in Canada are caused by careless	campers.
The hottest to	temperature ever recorded in Canada v	vas 45 ºC on July 5, 1997.
The most exp	pensive weather-related disasters are t	tornadoes.
Every litre of	f gas used in your car produces about 5	5 kg of CO <sub>2</sub> .
The Calgary	hailstorm of 1991 lasted for 15 minutes	sl

# Climates Do Change:

1.	When was the	last '	time most of Canada was covered with ice?
2.	Examine the 3 a) Graph 1: W		hs: does the graph depict climate to have been like in:
		1.	8000 BC?
		2.	4000 BC?
		3.	The last 500 years?
	b) <u>Graph 2</u> :	1.	What does the graph show for several hundred years before 1980?
		2.	What happened to the Rockies during this period of time?
	c) <u>Graph 3</u> :	1.	Describe what has happened to Earth's average temperature since 1980.
		2.	What is the projected temperature rise for the year 2100?
		3.	Do you think this is a realistic projection? Why or why not?
3.		•	howing projected summer temperatures for 2080 – 2100. By peratures in North America have increased from the 1975 – 1995
4.	What might hap Canadian Atlan	•	to temperatures south of Greenland and eastward off the coastline?
W	hy is the Climat	te C	hanging Now?
			g information on incoming solar radiation:
	% absorbe % reflecte % absorbe	ed by	y atmosphere atmosphere y Earth's surface Earth's surface

2.	vvnat are the 2 most important greenhouse gases? &
3.	If there were no GHGs, what would not be possible on Earth?
4.	Examine the graph showing atmospheric $CO_2$ concentrations, and describe what occurred after the Industrial Revolution.
5.	What specific human activities are responsible for the rapid build-up of $CO_2$ in our atmosphere?
6.	Summarize how the carbon cycle maintains balance on Earth by listing all factors involved in the capture and release of this element.
7.	Where is most of Earth's carbon stored?
8.	How many billion tonnes of carbon are stored in fossil fuels?
9.	What are the "big three" GHGs we're concerned about? a)
	b)
	c)
<u>Ho</u>	ow Are Climates Changing in the Prairies?
1.	Despite the warming trend depicted in the Prairie temperature graph, what is also apparent on a year-to-year basis?
2.	By how much has the yearly average temperature increased over the last 50 years?
3.	What province is particularly susceptible to drought?

4. What will this mean to farmers there?

### **Melting Glaciers:**

- 1. What will be affected by retreating glaciers?
- 2. Examining the graph for glacier-fed stream flow, when is the peak time for glacial melt runoff?
- 3. What fish may already have been impacted by a reduction in glacial-derived flows?

# Water Resources:

1.	Check off all of the following that apply to groundwater:
	A good alternative source of water throughout the prairies Provides an unlimited source of water Is a renewable resource Can become contaminated, and not safe for use Is used for irrigation on the prairies Provides many residences with all of their water needs
2.	Examine the diagram showing Calgary. If you were to develop a management/conservation program for this city's water supply, what would you take into consideration?

#### **Changing Vegetation:**

- 1. Looking at the 2 maps of prairie vegetation, present and future, what is projected to happen to the percentage ground cover of:
  - a) Grasslands?
  - b) Aspen parkland?
  - c) Boreal forest?
  - d) Foothills forest?
  - e) Subarctic?

2.	Write a short story describing what might happen to you if you were a tree in a prairie forest.
	"Hi. I am"
3.	Comment on the usefulness of satellite images for detecting forest fires.
Ri	vers in Flux:
<u>/ ( / ( / ( / ( / ( / ( / ( / ( / ( / (</u>	voio in Piax.
1.	Will all rivers be affected in the same way as climate warms?
2.	Of the 4 types of rivers listed, which one will have an impact on Winnipeg, and how might we be affected?
3.	Answer the following regarding the Red River Flood of 1997:
	<ul><li>a) The cost?</li><li>b) Number of military personnel?</li></ul>
	<ul><li>c) How many people evacuated?</li><li>d) What kind of protection saved most towns south of Winnipeg?</li></ul>
	e) What did Morris, Manitoba look like?
	f) How were members of your group affected by the flood?
4.	Examine the graph.
	a) How many years from the period 1892 – 1945 had flows over 2000 m <sup>3</sup> /s?
	b) How many years from 1945 – 1999 had flows over 2000 m³/s? c) Predict what a graph showing the next 50 years might show, explaining your prediction.

## Extreme Weather:

<u>Extreme vveatner:</u>		
1.	What are the specific extreme weather events that cause death and destruction on the prairies?	
2.	Rank your list in question 1 above in order of the risks to the citizens of Winnipeg.	
3.	Examine the graph showing costs of weather-related disasters. How do the last 20 years appear different out of the last 70 depicted?	
4.	What do you think the effect of this trend will be on insurance rates/premiums?	
5.	Have you personally been affected by extreme weather? If so, how?	
<u> Ho</u>	ow Do We Measure Up?	
1.	From the graph, rank the following nations $(1 - 9)$ according to their $CO_2$ emissions:	
	Canada        U.K.        India          Russia        China        Italy          Japan        Germany        U.S.	
2.	How many citizens of India output CO <sub>2</sub> equivalent to a single Canadian?	
3.	What activity is responsible for the greatest output from individual residences?	
4.	What activities produce the 75% of GHGs not produced by residences?	

# Life in the North:

- 1. What animals are vulnerable to changes in sea ice, and why are the females particularly vulnerable?
- 2. What is permafrost?
- 3. What will be affected if the permafrost melts with a warming climate?

- 4. Examine the 2 prairie maps.
  - a) Currently, approximately what percentage of the prairies has some permafrost?
  - b) Approximately what percentage does the future map depict?

#### Life in the Prairies:

- 1. How might a person living in a prairie city be affected as climate warms?
- 2. How might a person living in a farming community be affected as climate warms?

## Let's Meet the Challenge:

1. Pretend your group is the Federal department responsible for deciding what will be done on the prairies to address climate change issues. Make a list, from higher to lower priority, of what you will do to initiate changes (i.e. YOU decide the future).