Authorization, Sampling, Composition, General and Detailed Requirements for 7.2.1 and 7.2.2

September 1, 2004



Table of Contents

Table of Contents	iii
1. INTRODUCTION	. 1
1.1 Purpose	
1.2 Application	
1.2.1 Subdivision 1 (7.2.1)	
1.2.2 Subdivision 2 (7.2.2)	
1.3 Authorization Process	
1.3.1 Introduction	. 1
1.3.2 Criteria for Authorization	. 2
1.3.3 Caution	. 3
1.3.4 Continuing Acceptability	. 3
1.3.4.1 Production Evaluation	. 3
1.3.4.2 Continuing Authorization	. 3
1.3.5 Loss of Authorization	. 3
1.3.6 Classification for Transport	4
1.3.6.1 Default Classification	4
2. REQUEST FOR AUTHORIZATION	. 5
2.1 Submission	
2.1.1 List of Articles	. 5
2.1.2 Drawing of the Article	6
2.1.3 Composition	
2.1.4 Packaging, Labeling, Instructions	6
2.1.5 Description of Intended Use	6
2.1.6 Reliability Statement	6
2.1.7 Transport Classification	
2.1.8 Outsourcing	7
3. CLASSIFICATION AND AUTHORIZATION REQUIREMENTS	. 7
3.1 Products Not Authorized in Canada	7
3.1.1 Articles	. 7
3.1.2 Chemicals Normally Precluding Authorization	9
3.2 Chemical Stability	
3.2.1 Standard Chemicals in Fireworks	
3.3 Tolerances	
3.3.1 Chemical	
3.3.2 Physical	
3.3.3 Dimensions	10

3.3.4 Charge Weights	10
3.4 Packaging	11
3.4.1 Packaging for Samples	
3.5 Marking and Labeling	11
3.6 Sampling and Acceptance Criteria	
3.6.1 Chemical Analyses	12
3.7 Consumer Fireworks	13
3.7.1 Sampling of the Submission	
3.7.1.1 One or Two Articles	
3.7.1.2 More Than Two Articles or Families of Articles	13
3.7.2 Acceptance Criteria	13
3.7.2.1 For Each Article	13
3.7.2.2 Authorization of Submission	14
3.7.3 Sparklers and Toy Pistol Caps	14
3.7.3.1 Sampling	
3.7.3.2 Acceptance Criteria	
3.8 Display Fireworks	14
3.8.1 Definition of a Separate Article	14
3.8.2 Sampling of the Submission	
3.8.3 Acceptance Criteria	15
3.8.3.1 For Each Article	15
3.8.3.2 Authorization of Submission	16
3.8.4 Addition of a Fuse to Articles	16
APPENDIX A - CONSUMER FIREWORKS	
General Requirements for Consumer Fireworks	
Specific Requirements for Consumer Fireworks	
BATTERY/COMBINATION	
CAKES	
CHRISTMAS CRACKERS	24
FLARES	
FOUNTAINS	25
MINES	
PRE-LOADED MORTARS	
ROMAN CANDLES	
SNAKES	29
SPARKLERS	
GROUND SPINNERS	
STROBE POTS	
HAND-HELD FOUNTAINS	33
TOY PISTOL CAPS	34

WHEELS	35
GROUND WHISTLES	
SECONDARY EFFECTS	
SMALL EFFECTS	
SHELLS	
REPORTS	
AERIAL WHISTLES	
COMETS	
APPENDIX B - DISPLAY FIREWORKS	40
General Requirements for Display Fireworks	
Specific Requirements for Display Fireworks	
AERIAL AND NAUTICAL SHELLS	
EXHIBITION CANDLES	
SAXON VOLANT (FLYING SAUCERS)	
FOUNTAINS	
FLARES	
FIRECRACKERS	
BATTERIES, BARRAGES AND BOMBARDOS	
MINES	
WHEELS	
WATERFALLS AND SET PIECES	
PORTFIRES	
ELECTRIC MATCHES	49
APPENDIX C - SUBMISSION FORM FOR THE AUTHORIZATION AND	
CLASSIFICATION OF FIREWORKS	50

1. INTRODUCTION

1.1 Purpose

This document has been prepared as a guide to industry and the public. It is believed to describe acceptably safe requirements for the design and performance of fireworks.

Some companies experience difficulties in having their products added to the List of Authorized Explosives. Often, this occurs because companies do not completely understand the process or the intent of the legislation. This document also explains the process.

1.2 Application

This document applies to fireworks used in commercial (non-military) applications. The fireworks class has two divisions: Division 1 and Division 2. Division 1 comprises fireworks compositions, i.e., pyrotechnic compositions; Division 2 comprises manufactured fireworks and has five subdivisions. Specifically, this document covers general and detailed requirements for consumer fireworks (Canadian Class 7, Division 2, Subdivision 1, abbreviated as 7.2.1) and display fireworks (7.2.2). Other fireworks classes (7.1, 7.2.3, 7.2.4 and 7.2.5) are not covered by this document.

1.2.1 Subdivision 1 (7.2.1)

Subdivision 1 comprises low-hazard fireworks (consumer fireworks) generally used for recreation, such as fountains, wheels, Roman candles, sparklers, Christmas crackers, volcanoes, mines, snakes and toy pistol caps.

These fireworks are for use outdoors. They carry minimum risk outside a 5-metre radius when used according to instructions. However, they are not toys and should only be used by adults. In spite of all warnings, children do sometimes gain access to and misuse fireworks. Consequently, these criteria attempt to define fireworks that minimize risk, even with misuse. The quantity of composition is limited and certain types of fireworks are refused authorization.

1.2.2 Subdivision 2 (7.2.2)

Subdivision 2 comprises high-hazard display fireworks used for recreation such as display shells, barrages, batteries, fountains, exhibition candles, flares, set-pieces, maroons, wheels, bouquets and firecrackers. These may only be purchased by personnel with a valid fireworks certificate.

1.3 Authorization Process

1.3.1 Introduction

The federal *Explosives Act* and associated regulations control explosives and pyrotechnics in the interest of public and worker safety. In order to legally manufacture, store, possess, transport fireworks in, or import fireworks into Canada, the articles must be added to the List of Authorized Explosives. This is termed "authorization." The Act provides for a Chief Inspector of Explosives

who, by regulation, is required to authorize an explosive or pyrotechnic on request if he is satisfied regarding its safety.

The authorization process comprises the following steps:

- a) Submission of the application form (Appendix C) by the manufacturer: this application will include the information requested on the application form (e.g., drawings and specifications); any required test documentation may originate from the manufacturer, a commercial test agency, and national competent authority test agencies such as Canada's own test agency, CERL (the Canadian Explosives Research Laboratory);
- b) Review of the supplied information to the Explosives Regulatory Division (ERD): authorization of the explosive may be granted at this stage; in some cases, supplementary documentation, data and/or testing may be required;
- c) In addition to requesting any needed supplementary documentation and test data, when testing is required, ERD will determine which articles from a submission will be tested; ERD and CERL will then develop a Test Plan to provide the additional data, e.g., chemical analysis, UN testing;
- d) The Test Plan will specify sample requirements and provide estimates for cost and completion date:
- e) The manufacturer will decide whether or not to proceed with the Test Plan;
- f) Testing and reporting in accordance with the Test Plan: please note that the authorization process may not proceed until payment of applicable fees is received;
- g) Following review of the data, including the submitted documentation and the laboratory report for the Test Plan by ERD and CERL, ERD will decide whether to accept or reject the authorization request;
- h) Confirmation of the authorization decision will be sent by letter from ERD to the requester;
- i) If acceptable, explosives are added to the List of Authorized Explosives;
- j) At any time thereafter, sampling and testing of explosives may be carried out to confirm their suitability for continuing authorization.

It is important to emphasize that the drawings and specifications become the binding legal documents supporting authorization. No changes may be made to the authorized article without prior approval from ERD and without a corresponding approved change to the authorized drawing.

1.3.2 Criteria for Authorization

The detailed criteria are provided later in this document. This section describes the intent. What ERD evaluates during the authorization process is whether the fireworks meet Canadian standards and whether the company is able to reproducibly meet its own drawings and specifications. It is imperative that the firework meets the manufacturer's drawings and specifications. First, the drawing represents what will be authorized; secondly, it provides an indication of quality control

September 1, 2004 2 Revision 4

exercised within the company and is therefore an indication of continuing safety of the article in question.

1.3.3 Caution

The document cannot define with certainty what is authorizable and what is not. The final decision always rests with the Chief Inspector. It remains possible that a new design of a firework may meet the criteria yet be unsafe.

1.3.4 Continuing Acceptability

1.3.4.1 Production Evaluation

After initial testing, production will be evaluated.

Companies located in Canada will be audited to determine what manufacturing controls are used to ensure that a product consistently meets the drawings, specifications and requirements.

Companies located outside of Canada will have initial shipments sampled and tested at the requester's expense. The choice to sample and the size of the sample will depend on the nature of the firework and may vary from none for known manufacturers to the first 10 shipments for previously unknown companies. The choice to sample and the reason for the choice will be communicated to the company.

1.3.4.2 Continuing Authorization

In addition, samples may be withdrawn from the field at any time and subjected to testing. This is termed "continuing authorization" and this cost is borne by the Canadian government.

All samples must be faithful to the authorized drawings. Failure to meet these drawings is cause for removal of the authorization.

1.3.5 Loss of Authorization

The following are grounds for removing a product from the List of Authorized Explosives:

- i) discovery of a change^{1,2} to the product or packaging as declared in the original authorization;
- ii) six months after any amendment of regulations if such amendment affects any stipulations of the original authorization, unless provisions are made to sell off existing stock, the explosives will be removed from the list;

September 1, 2004 3 Revision 4

¹ The original documentation submitted for authorization may specify substitutions or changes and fall within the scope of the original approval.

² A new authorization application is required whenever any new change occurs that was not part of the original approval. Documentation and testing will be reviewed on a case-by-case basis.

- iii) upon investigation of an accident or incident where the investigation shows the product design to be the cause;
- iv) discovery of failing to report an accident or serious incident attributable to the articles if the failure was known to the manufacturer.

1.3.6 Classification for Transport

In addition to authorization, fireworks must be classified for transport, that is, be assigned a UN number and hazard classification (1.1G, 1.2G, 1.3G, 1.4G or 1.4S).

This is done either by testing, by analogy to existing products, or, in the case of imported articles, by accepting a Letter of Competent Authority from the country in question. Testing is carried out when the article is unusual or when a lower hazard classification is sought than would otherwise be granted.

Such testing is not to be confused with the authorization process. Classification exists in most countries, but the equivalent of authorization does not. As a result, some companies submitting articles for authorization do not understand why samples for testing are required and state that they have already been tested. That testing was, however, for classification for transport and not for authorization.

The description of these tests can be found in the UN book ST/SG/AC.10/11 (Revision 4 or latest revision), *Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods, Manual of Tests and Criteria*.

1.3.6.1 Default Classification

Testing in support of transport classification is the preferred approach. However, it is recognized that all fireworks may not be tested. A Working Group within the UN Committee for the Transportation of Dangerous Goods approved, in July 2004, a default classification for the transport of fireworks that have not been tested. This default classification will gradually be implemented by ERD to allow the industry some time for adjustments to their packaging methods or means of transport.

For the duration of the transition period, ERD will maintain the current classification for already authorized and classified articles i.e.:

- the default classification of all report shells will be 1.1G;
- 7.2.1 Consumer Fireworks will remain classified as 1.4G;
- 7.2.2 Display Fireworks, with the exception of report shells, will be classified as 1.3G.

All new requests for authorization and classification will be based on UN criteria described in the *Manual of Tests and Criteria* noted above and the new UN Default Fireworks Classification table.

Note that mixed loads within a package of any class with 1.1 corresponds to Division 1.1.

When a company prefers a more favourable classification, it has the option of testing. Similarly, if ERD believes that the default position is inappropriate, it will require testing before a transport classification is granted.

2. REQUEST FOR AUTHORIZATION

2.1 Submission

The following describes what must be present in the submission and how it will be judged. The submission is a legal declaration to the Government of Canada in order to obtain authorization. It is the first indication of the care a company exercises in achieving a product of acceptable quality. Poor submissions do affect perception.

Every submission must be accompanied by the form "Application for Authorization" in Appendix C, properly completed. The review process does not start until all information has been submitted.

2.1.1 List of Articles

A list of all the articles in the submission by name, effect, calibre, and colour, preferably with an identifying part number, is required. If more than one colour is associated with a given name or part number, list all the colours that are being submitted for each name or part number. Different colours, being different chemicals, are considered separate articles.

When combinations are possible, list the colours (not the combinations) that would be used.

(For example, if red, blue and green stars are used with red and white pistils, the list would present: Colour for stars: red, blue, green; Colour for pistils: red, white. This covers the following combinations: red stars and red pistils, red with white, blue with red, blue with white, green with red, green with white, or six combinations. However, only four colours are involved.)

For submissions containing many articles (≥ 10), an electronic copy of the list products and part numbers must be supplied (in Microsoft Excel). Please do not include any borders or special characters in the list. Part numbers and product names should be in two separate columns. Below is an example of the format that should be used for the list:

Part number	Name of product
1	Sparkler 1
2	Sparkler 2

2.1.2 Drawing of the Article

A drawing for each article is required. If the same construction is used for different sizes or colours, then one drawing may be used to represent the fireworks. Drawings must be legible or they will not be considered. Two copies are required.

The drawing must include: dimensions, charge weights of all explosive components, gross weight of the article, construction materials, and tolerances for charge weights and dimensions. In the case of mines, cakes, barrages, etc., the charge weight of all explosive components in each different tube must be clearly indicated.

Each submission must contain all the pertinent information; references to previous submissions are unacceptable.

2.1.3 Composition

The compositions of all explosive components must be given. This can be provided on the drawing(s) or a reference may be made on the drawing(s) to a table of compositions.

Compositions must list all ingredients used and must give the percentages used and the tolerances for each. The ingredients must be listed by their chemical names as much as possible. Generic names may be used only when the ingredient is best known by the generic name.

2.1.4 Packaging, Labeling, Instructions

Drawings of packaging must be submitted and accompanied by certification testing documents. Examples of labeling and instructions for safety or for use must be presented in both English and French.

2.1.5 Description of Intended Use

A short description of the intended use of the firework is required; specify if it is a fountain, a Roman candle, a sound shell, a nautical shell, etc. The terminology used in the appendices must be referred to and used.

2.1.6 Reliability Statement

A summary of the testing and/or use of articles used during/for development work and/or commercialization to demonstrate the reliability of the firework is required.

2.1.7 Transport Classification

A Letter of Competent Authority classifying the firework is required. If the classification does not meet the default (refer to Section 1.3.6.1, e.g., sound shell of any size 1.1G), it must be supported by submission of test results. If a Letter of Competent Authority is not available, the default will apply.

2.1.8 Outsourcing

If some components of the fireworks are purchased from another source, this must be indicated on the drawing and a reference to that source must be given. For example, if a fuse is purchased, a reference must be made to the type of fuse and from whom it is purchased; the composition must also be given. ERD will decide whether a separate testing scheme for the outsourced material will be required.

3. CLASSIFICATION AND AUTHORIZATION REQUIREMENTS

This section describes the basis under which products will be given a classification and authorization.

3.1 Products Not Authorized in Canada

Certain articles or certain chemicals considered to be unsafe will not be authorized.

3.1.1 Articles

The articles that will not be authorized include those:

- intended for indoor use, except toy pistol caps and Christmas crackers meeting these criteria;
- designed to be hand-held, except sparklers and hand-held fountains meeting these criteria;
- self-propelled from the ground and rising in the air with unpredictable flight paths or moving erratically;
- judged excessively violent;
- not properly labeled;
- having a history of injuries.

The following are examples of such firework articles:

<u>Auto-Foolers</u>: Articles designed as a burglar alarm. When wired to the ignition system of a car, they operate with a loud screeching whistle followed by copious amounts of thick smoke, with or without an explosion. These articles can cause fires within the engine compartment.

<u>Cigarette Loads</u>: Small charges designed for insertion into the end of a cigarette or a cigar. When the heat from the embers reaches the charge, it explodes, ejects sparks, gives off obnoxious fumes, or creates "snow."

<u>Dancing Crackers</u>: These are small charges designed to snap and crackle when stepped on. They are usually dropped on a dance floor.

<u>Exploding or Smoking Golf Balls</u>: These are designed to look like golf balls. When impacted they either explode or emit copious amounts of colored smoke generated by a pyrotechnic reaction.

<u>Party Poppers</u>: Small articles designed to eject streamers and/or small party favours. They are functioned by pulling a tape or string. Some are shaped and coloured so that they resemble champagne bottles and are called champagne poppers.

<u>Table Bombs</u>: Articles that are designed to sit on a flat surface and, upon ignition, eject streamers and/or party favours.

<u>Tear Gas Pens and Launchers</u>: These can resemble a pen and may contain a mechanism activated by an explosive. They are supposedly for protection against muggers, but may be used as an offensive weapon or as a practical joke.

<u>Throw Downs (also called Snap Caps)</u>: Small objects designed to explode when thrown against a hard surface or stepped on.

<u>Trick Matches</u>: These resemble ordinary book matches or boxed matches, but are designed to produce various effects when lit, including explosion, sparking, foul odour, "snow," etc.

<u>Stink or Smoke Bombs</u>: These articles are designed to resemble other fireworks articles, most often cherry bombs or salutes. When functioned they release a stench or coloured smoke, or both.

<u>Firecrackers</u>: These have been the source of many injuries and may only be authorized in classification 7.2.2 or as secondary effects.

<u>Table or Bottle Rockets</u>: Small tubes or "rockets" with propelling charges that are secured to a stick. When lit they rise out of the neck of the bottle, a pipe or from a table top.

<u>Helicopters (or similar items such as "planes," "whiz-bangs" or "missiles"</u>): These are articles that are designed to rise in the air while spinning, often in an erratic way. Some helicopters function as soon as the article is ignited while others are first projected.

<u>Ammunition for Tie-Clips, Cufflinks, Key Chain Pistols, etc.</u>: This ammunition is a violent type of blank ammunition for use in novelty items. It is often designed to resemble toy pistol cap amorces in metallic cups.

<u>Cherry Bombs, M-80 and Silver Salutes, Flash Crackers</u>: These are very violent firecrackers that often contain excessive charge weights and/or unacceptable fireworks compositions.

<u>Rockets (as opposed to model rockets)</u>: These have unpredictable paths and, in the case of rockets with a stick, they have been the cause of injuries when the guiding stick fell back to earth.

September 1, 2004 8 Revision 4

<u>Parachute Shells</u>: Night-time parachute shells are not allowed due to their unpredictable paths. Daytime parachute shells displaying logos, banners and the like may be considered.

3.1.2 Chemicals Normally Precluding Authorization

The following chemicals are not allowed:

- Arsenic compounds poisons;
- boron readily oxidizable;
- chlorates with sulphur, sulphides, ammonium salts, elemental metals (such as magnesium or aluminum) or copper or copper salts such mixtures are friction sensitive and liable to spontaneous combustion;
- chromium and chromium compounds;
- gallates or gallic acid incompatible with many chemicals;
- lead and lead compounds or salts poisons;
- mercury compounds poisons;
- phosphorus, except for red phosphorus in toy pistol caps;
- picric acid and picrates incompatible with many chemicals;
- thiocyanates, except for snakes explosively oxidizable;
- zirconium explosively oxidizable.

3.2 Chemical Stability

Stability is a chief consideration for authorization. Although all samples are tested for stability, it is recognized that all articles submitted for authorization cannot be sampled. The following chemicals are recognized as components of stable fireworks and samples may not necessarily be requested to prove stability of all articles. Samples will be required for any other chemicals or if unusual combinations of any chemicals are presented.

3.2.1 Standard Chemicals in Fireworks

Aluminum, ammonium perchlorate, antimony, antimony sulphide, barium carbonate, barium nitrate, barium sulphate, boric acid, calcium carbonate, calcium sulphate, carbon or charcoal, copper metal, copper oxide, dextrine, hexamethylenetetramine, iron and iron alloys (ferro-titanium), iron oxide, magnalium, magnesium, magnesium carbonate, magnesium sulphate, nitrocellulose-based lacquers, red phosphorus (toy pistol caps only), potassium or sodium benzoate, potassium hydrogen phthalate, potassium nitrate, potassium perchlorate, potassium sulphate, sodium bicarbonate, sodium nitrate, sodium sulphate, sodium sulphate, strontium carbonate, strontium nitrate, strontium sulphate, sulphur and titanium (mesh >100).

Organic compounds such as lactose; shellac; red gum; chlorinated paraffin and PVC, consisting of some combination of carbon with hydrogen, oxygen and/or chlorine; and nitrogen may be present if it accounts for less than 10% m/m of the compound.

3.3 Tolerances

3.3.1 Chemical

Tolerances for chemicals must be less than $\pm 20\%$ of the percentage for any component that is less than 25% of the composition and $\pm 10\%$ of the percentage for any component present in more than 25%.

(For example, if the amount is 30% then 10% of 30 is 3% and the tolerance is $30 \pm 3\%$; if the amount is 15%, then 20% of 15 is 3% and the tolerance is $15 \pm 3\%$. Companies may use more stringent tolerances.)

All declared ingredients must be present. Ingredients not declared must not be present.

3.3.2 Physical

Tolerances on physical characteristics may be set by the company. They must be such so as not to interfere with proper function and must not be greater than $\pm 25\%$ of the nominal tolerances.

3.3.3 Dimensions

When maximum or minimum sizes are specified in this document, that number must be the extreme of the tolerance range.

(For example, if the maximum diameter of a pre-loaded mortar [consumer firework] is 22 mm, then this number must be considered when giving tolerances. A diameter given as 22 mm \pm 10% is not acceptable since it implies that diameters larger than 22 mm may be found.)

The dimensional tolerances for shells to be inserted into a mortar must meet the following when compared to the mortar (mortar sizes are given as ID for Schedule 40 steel pipe).

minimum difference:	5 mm
maximum difference: 3" and smaller (76 mm and smaller)	8 mm
4 to 6 inches (102 to 155 mm)	12 mm
>6 inches (>155 mm)	15 mm

3.3.4 Charge Weights

If maximum charge weights are specified in this document, they represent the maximum of the tolerance range. Otherwise, the following applies to charge weights:

below 10 g:	$\pm~25\%$
equal to or over 10 g:	$\pm~10\%$

3.4 Packaging

The minimum acceptable shipping package, weight limitations and tests for physical integrity are defined in the *Transportation of Dangerous Goods Act* and its regulations, which in turn refer to the National Standard of Canada CAN/CGSB 43.151-97, *Packaging of Explosives (Class 1) for Transportation*.

3.4.1 Packaging for Samples

The sample is to be shipped in its intended packaging with the appropriate labeling and instructions. Improper packaging will result in the failure of the submission. Packaging must comply with the specification set out in the National Standard of Canada CAN/CGSB 43.151-97, *Packaging of Explosives (Class 1) for Transportation*.

3.5 Marking and Labeling

Packages must be labeled and marked in accordance with the *Transportation of Dangerous Goods Act* and its regulations. The Act and regulations include the following, to be shown on the exterior of every package:

- shipping name, product identification number, classification number and the dangerous goods label;
- the name of the manufacturer of the packaging, or identifying mark, and markings to indicate the packaging complies with the requirements for construction and testing.

The UN name must be in either English or French. All other markings must be in both English and French, clear, legible, and with equal prominence given to the two languages.

The packaging must also show the name of the manufacturer or distributor of the contents of the package.

Every firework must carry, if physically practical:

- the name and address of the manufacturer or authorized distributor;
- the authorized brand or trade name of the firework;
- a logotype or code that identifies the manufacturer, unless the manufacturer has already been identified; and
- precautions or instructions for the safe handling and use of the firework. This must include the expected height for the effects and the separation distance for spectators (this separation distance will have to be at least twice the height of the effects). Or, if marking on the firework is not practical, the markings must be carried on every inner packaging or, in the absence of inner packaging, on every shipping container. Clear, see-through wrappers are not considered to be inner packaging.

As part of the labeling requirements, 7.2.1 fireworks must include instructions on acceptable conditions for storage once purchased and brought home.

When fireworks too small to carry all markings are to be retailed outside factory packaging, they must carry the most important safety messages appropriate to their mode of functioning and satisfactory to the Chief Inspector of Explosives.

Markings for instruction or safety must be in both English and French, clear, legible, and with equal prominence given to the two languages.

Packages of assortments, also called family kits or blister packs, should carry the trade names of the contained fireworks.

Individual labels of firework items need not be word for word as detailed in the criteria but, if not, must be approved by the Chief Inspector of Explosives.

3.6 Sampling and Acceptance Criteria

Not all articles are tested. Large submissions are sampled and acceptance of the submission depends on the behaviour of the sample. New articles similar to existing articles from established and known companies may be authorized by analogies to existing products.

The choice to sample rests with the inspector and depends on previous experience, on the history of complaints, on the availability of articles from the same company to use as analogies, or on the lapse of time since articles from the company were last tested.

The description of sampling below represents minimum sampling. Inspectors may decide on more samples when they believe this would better evaluate a submission.

The section on general and specific requirements identifies some characteristics with the "C" letter, meaning critical. More stringent acceptance criteria are used for "C" characteristics.

3.6.1 Chemical Analyses

Chemicals must meet the declaration within the tolerances set by the company; these tolerances must be as tight as the minimum standards described in Section 3.3.1.

Because analytical techniques do not always analyze exactly the components in a composition, the declaration will be modified to show the information in a manner similar to what the analyses will detect.

(For example, if the declaration included both aluminum and magnalium, the analyses would look for the aluminum and magnesium total.)

In the case of certain, more difficult analyses, analytical error will be taken into account. However, finding any of the following is considered to be a gross discrepancy and reason for rejection:

- detection of more than 0.5% of a component not present in the declaration;
- non-detection of a component present in the declaration;
- finding >200% for components present under 25%; finding >150% for other components;
- finding <50% of components present over 10% in the declaration.

3.7 Consumer Fireworks

3.7.1 Sampling of the Submission

3.7.1.1 One or Two Articles

It is common with consumer fireworks to submit individual articles one at a time. Each such article will be evaluated on its merits. Twenty-four (24) units per article are required to evaluate its acceptability: 2 for thermal stability, 2 for disassembly (charge masses and chemical analysis), 6 for abuse (1-m drop), 10 for function and 4 as spares.

Acceptance or rejection of the article(s) is based on the criteria presented in paragraph 3.8.2.

3.7.1.2 More Than Two Articles or Families of Articles

When more than two articles are submitted, the submission may be divided into families (types of articles as defined in Appendix A) based on construction and effect. Differing colours within a family are considered to be variations of the family, although listed as individual items in the List of Authorized Explosives. Each such family may be represented by a sample. Each set of five colour variations is represented by a separate sample.

(For example, if a mine family has 14 different colour variations [14/5 = 2.8 = 3], only 3 members of the family, each with 24 units, will be chosen to represent that family.)

3.7.2 Acceptance Criteria

3.7.2.1 For Each Article

- 10 units are functioned:
 - 10/10 must pass the characteristics marked "C"; 8/10 must pass all other characteristics.
- 6 units are subjected to abuse testing:
 - 3/3 must pass characteristics marked "C"; 3/3 must pass all other characteristics.
- 4 units are disassembled and measured, the chemicals are analyzed, and stability tests are run. The physical measurements, chemicals and stability must meet the declaration and requirements.

Failure in these requirements constitutes failure of the article.

3.7.2.2 Authorization of Submission

For a submission where an applicant has elected to have one or multiple articles authorized on an individual basis, the authorization of each article will be as described in the previous section (3.7.2.1).

For a submission that includes one or more family of articles, the authorization of families of articles will be based on the following:

- each family of articles will be treated individually, i.e., if one or additional families from a submission successfully pass testing at CERL, and an additional family from the same submission fails testing, only the failed family will not be authorized;
- for a family of articles to be authorized, all articles that were selected for testing from that family must successfully pass testing with success as per the requirements of Section 3.7.2.1.

Note: For a large submission it is important for the applicant, when submitting a submission, to distinguish and communicate what the various families of articles are.

3.7.3 Sparklers and Toy Pistol Caps

3.7.3.1 **Sampling**

Toy Pistol Caps

At least 400 caps in consumer packaging.

(For example, 8 packages of 50 caps per package.)

Sparklers

At least 50 sparklers for each size in consumer packaging.

(For example, 9 packages of 6 sparklers per package.)

3.7.3.2 Acceptance Criteria

No failures are allowed in characteristics marked "C"; one failure maximum is allowed in other characteristics.

3.8 Display Fireworks

3.8.1 Definition of a Separate Article

For the purpose of determining how many designs of articles are in a submission and therefore the number of samples to be selected, the following is used: a separate article is one of a different effect, construction or colour. Different calibres using the same construction do not constitute separate articles.

September 1, 2004 14 Revision 4

3.8.2 Sampling of the Submission

The number of separate articles in a submission is used to determine the number of articles chosen to represent the submission. The following applies (MIL-STD-105):

Number of articles	Number of articles to be sampled			Acceptance
submitted for authorization	Companies with no past difficulties	Known companies with some past difficulties	Unknown companies	Maximum number of failures
2 to 8	2	2	3	0
9 to 15	2	3	5	0
16 to 25	3	5	8	0
26 to 50	5	8	13	0
51 to 90	5	13	20	0
91 to 150	8	20	32	1
151 to 280	13	32	50	1
281 to 500	20	50	80	2
501 to 1200*	32	80	125	3

^{*}See MIL-STD-105 for larger numbers. Companies with no past difficulties use reduced inspection; known companies with some past difficulties use normal inspection; unknown companies use tightened inspection.

For each article selected, 12 units are to be supplied.

3.8.3 Acceptance Criteria

3.8.3.1 For Each Article:

- All 12 units are examined for labeling and condition at reception;
- 6 units are functioned 6/6 must pass characteristics marked "C"; 5/6 must pass other characteristics;
- 2 units are subjected to thermal stability and must pass;
- 2 units are dismantled for construction, physical measurements and chemical analyses:
 - Construction 2/2 must meet characteristics marked "C"; 1/2 must meet other characteristics;
 - Chemical and physical measurement these must meet the declaration.

Failure of these requirements constitutes a failure of the article. The performance of the selected articles will determine the acceptance of the submission.

3.8.3.2 Authorization of Submission

The performance of all the articles selected as the sample will be used to judge the merits of the submission. Each article can either pass or fail; the number of articles that may fail before the submission is rejected is given in the table above (AQL level of 1).

3.8.4 Addition of a Fuse to Articles

Please note that some 7.2.2 articles are approved without a fuse for the ignition of the article. When a distributor intends to add a fuse for the re-sale of an article, this can only be done under the following conditions:

- with the approval of the Explosives Regulatory Division; this approval can only be obtained if a description for the modified article is provided along with a description of the packaging method when these articles are re-packed;
- this operation can only be done at a licensed site under the conditions of the licence.

APPENDIX A CONSUMER FIREWORKS

The following section provides general and specific requirements for consumer fireworks. For the following, refer to the topic indicated:

Banger - refer to Report Battery - refer to Cake

Bengal Fire - refer to Flare

Bombardo - refer to Battery/Combination

Coloured Fire - refer to Flare

Driver - refer to Wheel

Hybrid - refer to Battery/Combinations

Illuminating Fire - refer to Flare

Lawn Light - refer to Flare

Pinwheel - refer to Wheel

Rains - refer to Fountain

Saxon - refer to Wheel

Showers - refer to Fountain

Snap - refer to Christmas Crackers

Spinner - refer to Ground Spinner

Torch - refer to Flare

Volcano - refer to Fountain

Please note that articles, such as replica or other articles not listed in this document, that are prepared with fireworks described in this document will be allowed provided that their outer package or assembly does not hinder the proper functioning or safety of these articles.

September 1, 2004 18 Revision 4

General Requirements for Consumer Fireworks		
CHAR	ACTERISTIC	REQUIREMENT
1. 1.1	Packaging Labeling (C) (Note that any italics in sections under labeling must be reproduced on the article) Shipping name (either English or French) Product identification number Orange label Name of manufacturer/distributor Registration number for packaging	Must meet Transportation of Dangerous Goods Act, its regulations, and/or its referred standards
1.2	Condition of Packaging Loose composition (C)	Not allowed
2.	English and French Authorized brand or trade name Logo or code that identifies the manufacturer Precautions and instructions for safe handling (see individual items for details): If marking the firework is not practical, the markings must appear in every inner package. In the absence of the inner package, the markings must appear on the shipping container. When the fireworks are too small to carry all the markings and are to be sold outside the shipping packagings, they must carry the most important safety messages appropriate to their mode of functioning and the markings must be approved by ERD. Packages of assortments must carry the trade names of the contained fireworks. Any alternative to the labeling proposed by this document must be approved by the Chief Inspector. (The cautionary warning must capture the method of functioning of the individual components. Instructions such as "Place on level ground," or "Stick firmly in ground in an upright position" shall be added to those articles requiring special precautions due to the design of the article. In the specific requirements, a choice is given as to which instruction best meets the design of the article.)	Must be present
3 3.1	Physical Integrity Construction of Articles Containing metal, such as staples or wire, or hard plastic, which could be a possible missile hazard when functioned or malfunctioned (C) Pyrotechnics falling out of the tube (C) Easy removal of secondary components from the tube Loose pyrotechnic powder present in an unintended part of the article (C) Construction of roll paper tubes, which would allow composition to migrate under the inner layer of paper Signs of breaking or cracking in casing or composition	Not allowed for all
3.1.1	Tubes, Cones and Boxes Metallic construction (C) Damaged by shipping or handling	Not allowed

September 1, 2004 19 Revision 4

General Requirements for Consumer Fireworks		
CHAR	ACTERISTIC	REQUIREMENT
3.1.2	Base and Spikes When present, become detached or are not secure during handling Toppling over of article bases when tilted at 12° (C)	Not allowed
3.1.3	Main Fuse A type other than black match, igniter cord, safety fuse or encased in plastic tubing (C) Main fuse not visible (C) Not permanently and securely attached (C) Primed with an electric match (C)	Not allowed
3.1.4	Interconnecting Fuse Not covered in a manner that prevents accidental or unintentional ignition (C) Fuse not attached securely Fuse does not provide proper sequence	Not allowed
<u>4</u> <u>4.1</u>	Performance Fusing Unreliable ignition (C) Main fuse average (6 units) action time ±1 Standard Deviation (C) Delay in visible or audible effect	Not allowed 3-6 s 5 s maximum
4.2	Function Did not function as described on the label (C) Did not function in a safe, reliable, reproducible and predictable manner (C) Ejected effects with unpredictable trajectories landing more than 5 m away (C) Bulging, shattering, rupturing or burning through the case and/or closures unless designed so (C) Unravelling of tubes (C) Falling over during normal, upright functioning for articles with a base or spike (C) Bases or spikes that come loose during functioning (C) Unconsumed composition after functioning Loose plugs on tubes with plugs at the base after functioning Flames that spit, disintegrate or falter (except when so designed) Burning after function is complete (C)	Not allowed Should not be a source of fire
4.2.1	Height Minimum Function of reports with more than 130 mg flash composition or more than 500 mg black powder Burst for shells or colour effects Completion of burning Maximum	10 m 10 m 5 m Safe spectator distance instruction for all fireworks that project effects included; the height of function must be included in the labeling

September 1, 2004 20 Revision 4

General Requirements for Consumer Fireworks			
CHA	RACTERISTIC		REQUIREMENT
4.3 Effects Explosion of article (C) Projection of unlit composition Noise level at 5 m (C) Scatter of burning effect or debris from lighting on ground (C) Flame (C)		position	Not allowed (unless designed to do so) None 140 dB (A) maximum 5 m maximum No spitting, disintegrating
5 Physical Measurements (Compared to Technical Declaration) Gross weight Explosive charge weights			List on a separate report
6 Stability Test 2 from the units that were dismantled 75°C for 48 h			Must meet
7	Chemical Analysis • • •	From the units that were dismantled and compared to Technical Declaration No gross discrepancies; this is defined as follows: detection of a component not present in the declaration non-detection of a component present in the declaration finding of >200% for components present under 25%; find >150% for other components finding <50% of components present over 10% in the declaration	List on a separate report
7.1	Qualitative Detection	of Chlorate	Chlorate with sulphur not allowed, chlorate allowed under restricted conditions

September 1, 2004 21 Revision 4

Specific Requirements for Consumer Fireworks

CHARACTERISTICS	REQUIREMENT
BATTERY/COMBINATION Synonyms are, for example, barrage, bombardos, hybrid, multiple tubes. Assembly including several eleone of the following: Roman candles, mines, fountains, flares, or ground whistles, and that consists of a of ignition. Shells are not allowed. Note that these articles are also commonly called cakes; however, in separately since the requirements differ.	rapidly fired sequence of aerial or low-level fireworks with one or two points
Physical Dimension (See Roman candles, fountains, flares, mines or ground whistles) Number of tubes (C) Charge Limitation For individual items	7 maximum As per Roman candles, mines, fountains, flares or
Total pyrotechnic (C) Number of aerial whistles Number of aerial whistles with reports Number of reports	ground whistles 300 g maximum As per Roman candles 1 maximum per tube 1 maximum per tube - 800 mg, if multiple reports
Physical Integrity Use of wire to tie tubes together or to a support (C) Labeling	130 mg to a maximum of 1 g as per mines (all reports must be ejected at once) Not allowed
See Roman candles, fountains, flares, ground whistles or mines Performance As per general requirements Movement of article as a result of function The barrage shall not enhance any hazard expected from individual components (C)	Not allowed

CHARACTERISTICS REQUIREMENT **CAKES** A firework device of 8 to 100 small-diameter cylindrical tubes that are chain fused to fire in sequence after a single ignition. These items discharge projectiles (e.g., stars, comets, aerial whistles, small effects) into the air. Only one effect per tube is allowed. Ground whistles and shells are not allowed. Physical Dimension (See Roman candles, fountains or flares) Number of tubes (C) 100 maximum **Charge Limitation** For the individual item As per fountains, flares or Roman candles Total pyrotechnic (C) 300 g maximum Number of small effects or reports (130 mg flash powder or 500 mg of black powder) 1 maximum per tube meeting these criteria Number of aerial whistles

Physical Integrity

Use of wire to tie tubes together or to a support (C)

Tube dimension

Labeling

Shells

See Roman candles, fountains, flares or aerial whistles

Performance

As per general requirements

Movement of article as a result of function

Cakes shall not enhance any hazard expected from individual components (C)

1 maximum per tube

Not allowed

Not allowed

Internal diameter: 22 mm maximum

Not allowed

Revision 4 September 1, 2004 23

CHARACTERISTICS REQUIREMENT **CHRISTMAS CRACKERS**

A firework article consisting of an overwrapped cracker and designed to produce noise due to a small explosion when tapes or strings are pulled in opposite directions.

Physical Dimension None defined Charge Limitation

Total pyrotechnic (C) 1.6 mg maximum

Physical Integrity

Projections during functioning (C) Not allowed

Labeling (on the box, individual items need not be labeled) WARNING MISE EN GARDE

EXPLODES WHEN TAPES ARE PULLED EXPLOSE QUAND ON TIRE LES RUBANS

Do not disassemble Ne pas démonter

Hold in hands, pull tapes apart sharply Tenir dans les mains et tirer les rubans brusquement

Performance Sparks or smouldering material (C) Not allowed

Possible burns to the skin or igniting other material (C) Not allowed Noise level at 45 cm 140 dB(A) maximum

FLARES

Ground-level firework that consists of a thin-walled cylindrical tube, so that the tube may burn away with the composition, into which a pyrotechnic composition is pressed or cast that produces a hot, bright-coloured flame; also called illuminating torches, coloured fire or Bengal fire.

Physical Dimension None defined

Charge Limitation Total pyrotechnic (C) 150 g maximum

Labeling WARNING MISE EN GARDE ÉMET UNE FLAMME EMITS FLAMES Utilisation par des adultes For use by adults

For outdoor use only N'utiliser qu'à l'extérieur Do not hold in hand Ne pas tenir dans la main

Place upright on level ground Placer verticalement sur le sol à un endroit bien à plat

(for flares with bases) (fusées comportant une base) OU

Stick firmly upright in ground Bien enfoncer en position verticale dans le sol

(for flares without bases) (fusées sans base)

Light fuse and stand clear Allumer la mèche et se tenir à l'écart

Performance

OR

As per general requirements

September 1, 2004 **Revision 4** 24

CHARACTERISTICS

REQUIREMENT

FOUNTAINS

Ground piece fireworks that are filled with pyrotechnic composition and usually having a choke or restricted orifice. A fountain is a gerb that contains a base for support. When invited it resists a sixt on broad grows of fire and grows a social fountain is a gerb that contains a base for support. When

ignited, it projects a jet or broad spray of fire and sparks; a conical fountain is sometimes called a volcano and may contain microstars. Physical Dimension None defined Charge Limitations Cones (C) 50 g maximum Cylinders (C) 75 g maximum Physical Integrity Must meet 12° tilt or have a spike or be designed for partial burial (C) Presence of one or the other Labeling WARNING MISE EN GARDE EMITS SHOWER OF SPARKS ÉMET UNE PLUIE D'ÉTINCELLES Up to a height of XX m Jusqu'à une hauteur de X m Spectators must be at a distance of XX m Les spectateurs doivent être à une distance de X m For use by adults Utilisation par des adultes For outdoor use only N'utiliser qu'à l'extérieur Do not hold in hand Ne pas tenir dans la main Place on level surface or partially bury (no spikes) Placer sur le sol à un endroit bien à plat ou enterrer partiellement (sans pieu) OU OR Stick firmly into the ground in an upright position Bien enfoncer dans le sol en position verticale (with spikes) (avec pieu) Light fuse and stand clear Allumer la mèche et se tenir à l'écart

Performance

As per general requirements

September 1, 2004 25 Revision 4

CHARACTERISTICS REQUIREMENT

MINES

A device designed to project many ignited stars and/or effects into the air (upwards); all effects must be ignited at the same time by the lift charge. Mines produce low-level visual effects such as those, but not exclusively, from stars or tourbillons or firecrackers or whistles or one or more reports. The effects may be preceded by a fountain and/or flare and/or burning stars. Also called pot à feu.

Physical Dimension

Charge Limitations

Total effect composition including, as applicable (C):

aerial whistle

flash composition

black powder firecrackers

Propelling charge (C):

As per individual items

Labeling

WARNING

ERUPTS, THROWING STARS OR FLAMING BALLS

Up to a height of XX m

Spectators must be at a minimum distance of XX m

For use by adults
For outdoor use only

Place upright on level ground (with bases)

OR Bury one third of its length in sand (without bases) OU

Do not hold in hand

Light fuse and stand clear

The direction from which the flame exits must be indicated.

Performance Requirements

As per general requirements

Culminating final report occurring while the other effects are functioning (C)

None defined

40 g maximum, including:

5 g maximum each; 10 g total as aerial whistles

1 g maximum

5 g maximum each; 10 g total as firecrackers

10 g maximum

See comets, firecrackers, aerial whistles, reports

MISE EN GARDE

PRODUIT UNE ÉRUPTION EN ÉMETTANT DES ÉTOILES OU DES BOULES ENFLAMMÉES

Jusqu'à une hauteur de X m

Les spectateurs doivent être à une distance minimale

de X m

Utilisation par des adultes N'utiliser qu'à l'extérieur

Placer verticalement sur le sol à un endroit bien à

plat (avec base)

Enterrer au tiers dans du sable (sans base)

Ne pas tenir dans la main

Allumer la mèche et se tenir à l'écart

Not allowed

September 1, 2004 26 Revision 4

CHARACTERISTICS REQUIREMENT

PRE-LOADED MORTARS

A completed item supplied by a manufacturer that is ready for use. It ejects a small shell with stars and/or small effects, or a comet, or an aerial whistle or a report.

Physical Dimensions

Internal diameter (C)

Charge Limitations

Effect (C)

Aerial whistle (C)

Lift (C)

Labeling

WARNING

SHOOTS A SHELL OR WHISTLE

Up to a height of XX m

Spectators must be at a min. distance

of XX m

For use by adults

For outdoor use only Do not hold in hand

Place upright on firm, level ground

Light fuse and stand clear

MISE EN GARDE

LANCE UNE BOMBE OU UN SIFFLET

Jusqu'à une hauteur de X m

Les spectateurs doivent être à une distance minimale de X m

Utilisation par des adultes N'utiliser qu'à l'extérieur Ne pas tenir dans la main

Placer verticalement sur le sol à un endroit solide et bien à plat

Allumer la mèche et se tenir à l'écart

Performance

Bases must be of large enough dimension to prevent toppling over during functioning (C)

50 mm maximum

40 g maximum; (refer to shells) except for:

5 g maximum 10 g maximum

27 September 1, 2004 **Revision 4** **CHARACTERISTICS** REQUIREMENT **ROMAN CANDLES** Cylindrical tube loaded in such a way as to periodically and repeatedly propel stars or other pyrotechnic small effects (see small effects definition) into the air. Physical Dimensions Internal diameter (C) 22 mm maximum Charge Limitations

Number of reports or tourbillons

Number of shots

Whistle (Note that Roman candles with more than one (1) aerial whistle may be subjected to a crush/violence test)

Physical Integrity

Total pyrotechnic (C)

Labeling

WARNING MISE EN GARDE

SHOOTS FLAMING BALLS ÉMET DES BOULES ENFLAMMÉES

Up to a height of XX m Jusqu'à une hauteur de X m

Spectators must be at a min. dustance Les spectateurs doivent être à une distance minimale de X m

of XX m

Utilisation par des adultes For use by adults For outdoor use only N'utiliser qu'à l'extérieur Do not hold in hand Ne pas tenir dans la main

Place upright on firm, level ground Placer verticalement sur le sol à un endroit solide et bien à plat

(with bases) (avec base)

OU Enterrer à la moitié dans du sable ou dans le sol OR Bury one half of its length in sand

or soil (without bases) (sans base)

Light fuse and stand clear Allumer la mèche et se tenir à l'écart

Performance

As per general requirements

Time intervals between stars Regular intervals

Breakage of stars

Completion of burning (Note: debris beyond 5 m is a critical characteristic under general requirements)

40 g maximum;

Must not have a spike

1 maximum

5 minimum

5 g maximum each; 10 g total as aerial whistles

No debris/trajectory beyond 5 m

Whilst in the air

September 1, 2004 28 Revision 4

CHARACTERISTICS	REQUIREMENT			
SNAKES A ground piece firework that consists of a solid pellet. When ignited it swells, forming what resembles a snake.				
Physical Dimensions		None defined		
Charge Limitation				
Total pyrotechnic (C)		5 g maximum		
Physical Integrity				
Cracks or loose composition		None		
<u>Labeling</u> (on the packaging)				
WARNING	MISE EN GARDE			
PRODUCES A SNAKE	FORME UN SERPENT			
Do not put in mouth	Ne pas mettre dans la bouche			
Place on level ground	Placer sur le sol à un endroit bien à plat			
For use by adults	Utilisation par des adultes			
For outdoor use only				
Do not hold in hand				
<u>Performance</u>				
As per general requirements but fuse requir				
Difficult to light pellets		Not allowed		

September 1, 2004 29 Revision 4

CHARACTERISTICS REQUIREMENT **SPARKLERS** Composition coated metal rod designed to be hand-held. Physical Dimensions Length 100 mm to 750 mm None defined - must meet other requirements Length of composition Rod to serve as a handle 1/3 minimum of the total length Charge Limitation Total pyrotechnic (C) 20 g maximum Physical Integrity Cracks that could cause the composition to fall off or composition falling off; this requirement will be replaced with the Not allowed following once the test is developed: Composition falling off when testing in a jogging test (C) Labeling On the primary container, which is the smallest container sold to the public. MISE EN GARDE WARNING EMITS SHOWERS OF SPARKS ÉMET UNE PLUIE D'ÉTINCELLES For adult use or under close supervision Utilisation par un adulte ou sous la surveillance

by an adult étroite d'un adulte

Non recommandé pour utilisation à l'intérieur Not recommended for indoor use Ne pas toucher à la tige incandescente Do not touch glowing rod Light only one sparkler at a time N'allumer qu'un cierge magique à la fois

Hold in hand with arm extended away from the body Tenir en maintenant la main le plus loin possible

Keep burning end and sparks away from clothing Tenir le bout incandescent et les étincelles à or other flammable materials l'écart des vêtements ou d'autres matières

inflammables

Not intended for children under 8 years old Non destiné aux enfants de moins de 8 ans

Performance

Time to ignition

Shall burn smoothly

Total burning time

Large pieces of composition falling from the rod (C)

Ignition or burning (scorching and some pinholes are allowed) through a single page of newspaper (C)

Pinholes (C) Size of any pinhole:

> Number: For 20-sparkler sample

> > Per sparkler

Sag after functioning from the point at which burning ceased

Fuse requirements do not apply

10 s maximum with a match flame

5 min maximum

None (only sparks are allowed)

None in a horizontal position 450 mm above the paper

2 mm maximum diameter

20 maximum

5 maximum

30° maximum from horizontal

September 1, 2004 30 Revision 4 CHARACTERISTICS

GROUND SPINNERS

Non-metallic tube containing gas and sparks-producing pyrotechnic composition, with or without noise-producing pyrotechnic composition. Rotation on the ground and emission of sparks and/or flames with or without aural effect.

Physical Dimensions
Charge Limitation
Total pyrotechnics (C)

None defined
8 g maximum

May eject sparks or flames but may not shoot stars as in Roman candles

Physical Integrity

 $Fuse \ shall \ be \ firmly \ affixed \ to \ the \ support, \ shall \ be \ well \ insulated \ to \ prevent \ cross \ ignition$

Labeling

WARNING MISE EN GARDE

EMITS SHOWER OF SPARKS ÉMET UNE PLUIE D'ÉTINCELLLES

Use on a flat surface

For use by adults

For outdoor use only

Do not hold in hand

Utiliser sur une surface plane

Utiliser outdoor par des adultes

N'utiliser qu'à l'extérieur

Ne pas tenir dans la main

Light fuse and stand clear

Allumer la mèche et se tenir à l'écart

Performance

Spinner shall revolve smoothly (C)

Stoppage Final position Distance sparks fly 5 s maximum
5 m from ignition
1 m maximum

September 1, 2004 31 Revision 4

CHARACTERISTICS REQUIREMENT **STROBE POTS** Strobe pots have strobe composition pressed, cast or loaded into small tubes or end plugs. It generates a blinking effect where bright flashes of light are produced at fairly regular intervals with relatively complete darkness between flashes. **Physical Dimensions** None defined Charge Limitation Total pyrotechnic (C) 40 g maximum Labeling MISE EN GARDE WARNING ÉMET DES FLAMMES EMITS FLAMES For use by adults Utilisation par des adultes For outdoor use only N'utiliser qu'à l'extérieur Do not hold in hand Ne pas tenir dans la main Place upright on firm, level ground Placer verticalement sur le sol à un endroit solide et bien à plat (with bases) (avec base) OR Bury in sand or soil (without bases) OU Enfoncer dans le sable ou dans le sol (sans base)

September 1, 2004 32 Revision 4

Allumer la mèche et se tenir à l'écart

Light fuse and stand clear

Performance

As per general requirements

HAND-HELD FOUNTAINS

Very low-hazard firework devices that burn at low temperature (e.g., 2500°K) and not violently. Its composition will not include poisonous ingredients. The combustion products are gaseous and such combustion products will generate low odour and low smoke. They are designed to be used in close proximity.

Physical Dimensions

Inside diameter

Length of composition

Charge Limitations

No sulphur allowed

Total pyrotechnic (C)

Labeling On the primary container, which is the smallest container sold to the public.

WARNING MISE EN GARDE

EMITS FLAMES OR SHOWERS OF ÉMET UNE FLAMME OU UNE PLUIE D'ÉTINCELLES

STARS

For use by adults

Utilisation par des adultes

Not recommended for indoor use Usage à l'intérieur non recommandé

Do not touch glowing article Ne pas toucher l'article en incandescence

Light only one article at a time N'allumer qu'un article à la fois

Keep away from the body Garder aussi loin du corps que possible

Keep burning end and sparks away from Garder aussi loin que possible des vêtements ou de toute autre

clothing or other flammable matière inflammable

materials

Not intended for children under Non destinée aux enfants de moins de 8 ans

8 years old

Performance

Time to ignition

Shall burn smoothly

Fumes and debris

Total burning time Large pieces of composition falling from the article (C)

Ignition or burning (scorching and some pinholes are allowed) through a single page of newspaper (C)

Pinholes (C): Size of any pinhole:

Number: For 20-article sample

Per article

Fuse requirements do not apply.

6 mm maximum

150 mm maximum

15 g maximum

10 s maximum with a match flame

The composition will not include poisonous chemicals

5 min maximum

None (only sparks are allowed)

None in a horizontal position 450 mm above the paper

2 mm maximum diameter

20 maximum

5 maximum

September 1, 2004 33 Revision 4

TOY PISTOL CAPS

Small charges of explosive contained in a cup or confined between two sheets of paper.

Note: The primary container is defined as the smallest container sold to the public and may consist of a cardboard box, closed plastic tube, a bag with a header, or card with a blister cover. If the primary container is divided into units, the units will be separated so that the ignition of one will not result in the ignition of another unit in the primary package.

Physical Dimensions

Charge Limitations

Shipping containers (C)

Amorces per primary container (C)

Explosive Content

Ring or strip (C)

Roll cap (C)

Presence of sulphur (only article where chlorate/phosphorus is allowed) (C)

Physical Integrity

Removal for primary package

Dirty or deformed surfaces

Holes (C)

Loose composition (C)

Loose or missing discs (C)

Head-to-head contact of amorces in package (C)

Plastic Disc: Each covered with paper so that composition cannot fall out (C)

Excess composition on the outside (C)

Gouges, holes, leftover lumps of plastic or other defect

Deformed rims

Paper Rolls: Holes, tears, or wrinkles (C)

Leaching of chlorate into the paper surrounding the dot (C)

Labeling

WARNING MISE EN GARDE

Do not fire closer than 30 cm to the ear Faire exploser à au moins 30 cm des oreilles

Store in a cool dry place Entreposer dans un endroit frais et sec

All primary packages shall be marked with lot number traceable to the production unit.

Performance

 $Flares \quad (burning \ instead \ of \ a \ snapping \ sound, \ detected \ by \ either \ a \ flame, \ flash \ or \ sound \ level \ more \ than \ 10 \ dB(A) \ under \ dB(A)$

preset operating range of the test equipment)

Amorce-to-amorce communication (50-amorce sample) (C)

Noise levels (50-amorce sample) (C)

Packaging

Multiple-unit primary packages shall be designed in such a manner that if the contents of one unit are ignited, the effects

will not communicate to the contents of an adjacent unit.

Dictated by the device in which they will function

0.04 g per ml, uniformly distributed

1000 maximum

6.5 g per 1000 amorces 5.0 g per 1000 amorces

None

Minimum force

Not allowed

Not allowed

Not allowed

Not allowed

Not allowed

All so covered

Not allowed

Not allowed

Not allowed

Not allowed

Not allowed

Not allowed

None

153 dB(A) maximum log average at 45 cm

September 1, 2004 34 Revision 4

WHEELS

A revolving firework device fixed by an axle to a post above ground. When ignited, the attached driver(s) produces thrust, which causes the wheel to spin, producing a pattern of sparks.

Construction Details

Pinwheel: Short length of paper-wrapped composition wound in a spiral around the edge of a circular piece of cardboard or plastic. The centre is secured to

a post by a pin.

Saxon: A single driver with a hole in one end through which a nail is secured. The other end has a hole through the side with a fuse. When ignited the

driver rotates about the axis.

Wheels: 1 or more drivers arranged on a sturdy support of wood, heavy cardboard or other appropriate material. The center has a hole for a nail. Driver: A driver consists of a strong paper case with a nozzle or choke, charged with a fast burning pyrotechnic composition. In fact it is a thrust

producing gerb designed to propel the unit.

Physical Dimensions

Charge Limitations

Tube or driver on a wheel (C)

Total on a wheel (C)

May eject sparks or microstars or flames but may not shoot stars as in Roman candles

Physical Integrity

Article coming loose during function (C)

Condition of hole to assure smooth rotation

Pin or nail of appropriate diameters shall be supplied with the wheel; unless the wheel is in a sealed package, the nail shall

be firmly affixed to the support

Fuse shall be firmly affixed to the support and shall be well insulated to prevent cross ignition

Labeling

WARNING MISE EN GARDE

EMITS SHOWER OF SPARKS ÉMET UNE PLUIE D'ÉTINCELLES

Nail to a post, make sure wheel turns freely Clouer à un poteau; s'assurer que la roue tourne librement

For use by adults

For outdoor use only

Do not hold in hand

Utilisation par des adultes

N'utiliser qu'à l'extérieur

Ne pas tenir dans la main

Light fuse and stand clear

Allumer la mèche et se tenir à l'écart

Performance

Wheel shall revolve smoothly (C)

Stoppage:

Drivers and whistle shall remain attached to support to which the wheel is attached

Distance sparks fly

Ignition of post to which it is attached (C)

Presence of stars (C)

None defined

60 g maximum 240 g maximum

Not allowed

Grommetted or otherwise treated

5 s maximum

5 m maximum Not allowed

Not allowed, except for microstars

September 1, 2004 35 Revision 4

CHARACTERISTICS

GROUND WHISTLES (previously called sound tubes)

A ground-level device that produces a whistling sound by the burning of a pyrotechnic composition other than a salute or report. The composition is pressed into a tube and is recessed from the end. Similar items projected into the air are described under secondary effects (aerial whistles).

Physical Dimensions
Charge Limitation
Total pyrotechnic (C)
Labeling

None defined
15 g maximum

WARNING

EMITS A LOUD WHISTLING NOISE

For use by adults

MISE EN GARDE

ÉMET UN SON STRIDENT

Utilisation par des adultes

For outdoor use only
Place upright on level ground and assure a vertical
Placer verticalement sur

Place upright on level ground and assure a vertical Placer verticalement sur le sol à un endroit bien à position Plat et s'assurer qu'il reste à la verticale

Do not hold in hand Ne pas tenir dans la main
Light fuse and stand clear Allumer la mèche et se tenir à l'écart

<u>Performance</u>
Burning of case after functioning ceased

Whistles converted to report by transport, crushing or rolling under 25-kg static pressure (C)

30 s maximum

None

September 1, 2004 36 Revision 4

Explosifs - Danger - Ne pas allumer

SECONDARY EFFECTS

These function or occur outside the fireworks articles and are initiated in whole or in part by a fuse or other delay system. The following items are permitted only as components of an article.

SMALL EFFECTS

These include, but are not exclusive to, small star bursts, small shells and miniature tourbillons. Note that aerial whistles, reports or firecrackers are described further in this document. The use of flash powder is allowed but must be in compliance with the charge limitation described under reports.

Charge Limitation

Total pyrotechnic (C)

Labeling (label must remain attached after being fired)

Explosives-Danger-Do not light

Hand to local police for destruction Name and address of the manufacturer Remettre à la police locale pour destruction Nom et adresse du fabricant

Performance

Must be positioned to ignite reliably Must meet general requirements

8 g maximum

SHELLS

A spherical or cylindrical shell with a hard paper casing containing stars, and/or small effects, and a burst charge with a lift charge to send the shell into the air. These are allowed only as a component of a finished item.

Construction

Fragments causing injury by falling on people (C)

Physical Dimensions

Diameter (C)

Charge Limitations

1 shell per tube

Effect (C)

Lift (C)

Labeling (label must remain attached after being fired)

Explosives-Danger-Do not light Explosifs - Danger - Ne pas allumer

Hand to local police for destruction Remettre à la police locale pour destruction

If the print is too small, the following is acceptable when approved by the Chief Inspector:

Explosives - Danger - Explosifs

Labeling must also indicate how far spectators must be placed from the firing area

Performance

See general requirements

None

50 mm maximum

40 g maximum (no flash powder in burst)

10 g maximum

September 1, 2004 37 Revision 4

REPORTS

Reports are rolled paper tubes that contain flash powder (a powerful pyrotechnic composition) or black powder that produces a loud noise and that may also have the visual effect of a bright flash and smoke. They are available only as components in consumer fireworks. Reports must be ejected from the firework.

Charge Limitations

1 report (C)

More than 1 (C)

Total for an article with more than one report

Labeling (label must remain attached after being fired)

Explosives-Danger-Do not light Explosifs -Danger - Ne pas allumer

Hand to local police for destruction Remettre à la police locale pour destruction

Name and address of the manufacturer Nom et adresse du fabricant

Performance

Reports must be fused to ignite reliably; fuse may be delay composition with colour

When more than one report, they must be ejected all at once and not sequentially (C)

When more than one report is present in a tube they must be part of a mine (C)

Roman candles may not have more than one report

AERIAL WHISTLES

These are permitted as part of mines, pre-loaded mortars or Roman candles, but are not permitted as individual articles.

Charge Limitations

Total pyrotechnic (C)

If includes a report as the end of the aerial whistle, flash powder charge weight (C)

Labeling (label must remain attached after being fired)

Explosives-Danger-Do not light Explosifs - Danger - Ne pas allumer

Hand to local police for destruction Remettre à la police locale pour destruction

Name and address of the manufacturer Nom et adresse du fabricant

Performance

Must be positioned to ignite reliably

800 mg of flash powder or 3 g of black powder maximum

130 mg maximum of flash powder or 500 mg maximum of black powder for each

1 g maximum of flash powder or 4 g maximum of black powder

5 g maximum 800 mg maximum

September 1, 2004 Revision 4 38

CHARACTERISTICS		REQUIREMENT
COMETS Comets are single large stars that produce a burning tail; they may or may not include a report insert.		
Charge Limitations Comet Effect (C) If a report is present, report (C) Burst charge Labeling (label must remain attached after being fired) Explosives-Danger-Do not light Hand to local police for destruction Name and address of the manufacturer If the print is too small, the following is acceptable whe Explosives - Danger - Explosifs Performance	Explosifs - Danger - Ne pas allumer Remettre à la police locale pour destruction Nom et adresse du fabricant n approved by the Chief Inspector	40 g maximum 130 mg maximum 400 mg maximum of flash
Comets per tube (C) Completion of comet burn after reaching the ground		One maximum Not allowed

September 1, 2004 39 Revision 4

APPENDIX B

DISPLAY FIREWORKS

	General Requirements for Display Fireworks		
CHAR	ACTERISTICS		REQUIREMENT
Examin	Examine the shipping containers and packaging (all articles).		
1.1	Packaging Labeling (Note that any italics in sections under labeling to UN name UN number Orange label Name of the manufacturer or distributor Registration number for packaging (C) Condition of packaging Loose composition (C)	nust be reproduced on the article)	Not allowed
<u> </u>	Acceptable for transport		Must be acceptable for transport
Examin	e 9 units of each of the articles submitted.		
2	English and French Authorized brand or trade name Logo or code that identities the manufacturer Generic name of the article adequate to indicate its function Description of effect Explicit precautions and instructions for safe handling (C) Tube items must show arrow indicating the exit of flame/fl Aerial shells and separately fused and ejected components Explosives-Danger-Do not light Hand to local police for destruction Name and address of the manufacturer If the print is too small, the following is acceptable Explosives - Danger - Explosifs This means that if an item is shot into the air or it this label, which must remain attached to the tube	Tire s to carry the following label (C): Explosifs - Danger - Ne pas allumer Remettre à la police locale pour destruction Nom et adresse du fabricant ele when approved by the Chief Inspector s enclosed in a tube or shell, this tube or shell must carry	Must be present

September 1, 2004 41 Revision 4

CHARACTERISTICS	REQUIREMENT
Dismantle 2 units of each article submitted.	
3 Construction of Articles	
Damage through normal shipping and handling	Not allowed
Subject to rupture	Not allowed
Metallic components posing a hazard of igniting other fireworks (C)	Not allowed
Metallic components posing a hazard of missiles (C)	Not allowed
Missile hazard when functioned or malfunctioned (C)	Not allowed
Closed so that pyrotechnics cannot fall out of the tube (C)	
Loose pyrotechnic powder present in an unintended part of the article (C)	Not allowed
Presence of parachutes attached to the shell or flare (C)	Not allowed
Presence of sticks (stick rockets) (C)	Not allowed
Main fuses clearly marked and firmly secured (C)	
End of the fuse must be covered by a removable cap of a distinguishing colour	
Possibility of accidental or unintentional ignition of interconnecting fuse (C)	Not allowed
Function 6 units.	
4 Performance (Function 6 Units)	
Did not function as described on the label (C)	Not allowed
Did not function in a safe, reliable, reproducible and predictable manner (C)	Not allowed
All lift charges must be sufficient to propel the effect so it:	
presents no danger to the public (C)	As per the requirements described in the Display
	Fireworks Manual
allows burning pyrotechnics to be completely consumed in the air (C)	
height for complete burning of stars	10 m minimum
height for function of sound shells	20 m minimum
allows inert debris to extinguish itself before returning to the ground (C)	10 m minimum
Endanger or cause fire to operators, spectators or the environment	
Fires started outside 20 m (C)	None
Effects must be reproducible	All reproducible
If to be lit by a portfire, fuse must be easily lit	•
If to be lit by a portfire, delay between lighting and first effect average time ± 1 standard deviation	3 to 10 s
Explosion of article (C)	Not allowed
Projection of unlit composition	Not allowed
Noise level at 25 m and 1.5 m off the ground: Impulsive	140 dB(A) maximum
Continuous	122 dB(A) maximum
5 Physical Measurements (Compared to Technical Declaration):	List on a separate report
Gross weight	1
Explosive charge weights	

6	Stability T	est 2 from the units that were dismantled	Must meet
7	Chemical Analysis	From the units that were dismantled compared to the Technical Declaration No gross discrepancies; this is defined as follows: detection of a component not present in the declaration non-detection of a component present in the declaration finding of >200% for components present under 25%; find >150% for other components finding <50% of components present over 10% in the declaration	List on a separate report
7.1	Qualitative Detection	on of Chlorate	Chlorate with sulphur not allowed Chlorate allowed under restricted conditions

September 1, 2004 43 Revision 4

Specific Requirements for Display Fireworks

Characteristics	Requirements	
AERIAL AND NAUTICAL SHELLS		
Physical Examination		
Number of breaks (C) all calibres	3 maximum; final break may be a report (150 mm maximum)	
Calibre of shells (C)	,	
Calibre of sound shells (C)	12 inches (300 mm) maximum	
Length of fuse to be lit by flame	150 mm maximum; 1 report shell	
Minimum length of mortar	Overhang of 150 mm minimum from the top of the mortar	
Shells will fit snugly into the mortar	As per NFPA, unless specified by the manufacturer	
Minimum difference	5 mm	
Maximum difference		
3 and smaller	8 mm	
4 to 6 inches	12 mm	
>6 inches	15 mm	
Physical Integrity or Construction		
String to lower >152 mm shells	Must be present	
<u>Labeling</u>		
Labeling must include		
Size of the mortar to be used		
Name of the shell		
Specific use e.g., sound shell, daylight shell, aquatic shell, star shells		
Maximum height, dispersion, delay		
Nautical shells must be supplied with a firing table (angle versus distance)		
Function		
Charge limitations		
Bursting charge must be large enough to produce the effect described by the manufacturer	See requirement heights for completion of burning	
Charge limitation for sound shells	85 g maximum of flash powder	

Characteristics	Requirements
EXHIBITION CANDLES	
Physical Examination	
Physical Integrity Delay compositions or other barriers be present to prevent the rapid unplanned passage of fire down the tube, but must minimize migration of expelling charge Labeling Height must be specified on the label Fuse labeling is covered under section Direction from which the flame exits must be indicated Warning must include: This article must not be held in the hand Cet article ne doit pas être tenu dans la main	
Function	
Performance Intervals for sequential functions No rapid passage of fire down the tube Stars, shells, comets, etc., that do not function	2 to 5 s Not allowed

Characteristics		Requirements
SAXON VOLANT (FLYING SAUCERS)		
Physical Examination		
Physical Integrity Driver must be securely attached to prevent change of direction Drivers must not come loose or separate from the articles (C) Supports must be sufficiently strong and not come apart in flit Labeling Must carry instruction for use Maximum height must be specified on the label Warning must include: Erratic Flight, Take Precautions for Spectators		
Function		
Function Spinning and lifting drivers must not allow unintended communication Must spin on the ground before rising Height (C) Angle of trajectory (C)	between them	Must comply with instructions on labels 30° maximum from the vertical
FOUNTAINS		
Physical Examination		
Physical Examination Labeling The presence of whistles must be indicated		
<u>Labeling</u>		
Labeling The presence of whistles must be indicated		20 m maximum
Labeling The presence of whistles must be indicated Function Performance Height allowed for large amount of sparks When used as drivers on wheels, fountains light within 1 s (C)		20 m maximum
Labeling The presence of whistles must be indicated Function Performance Height allowed for large amount of sparks When used as drivers on wheels, fountains light within 1 s (C) Burn continuously with a steady flame		20 m maximum

Characteristics	Requirements	
<u>FIRECRACKERS</u>		
Physical Examination		
Physical Dimension Length Diameter Charge Limitations Black powder (C) Flash powder (C)	5.0 cm maximum 0.65 cm maximum 0.5 g maximum 130 mg maximum	
Function		
Performance Firecrackers sold in a cluster must not explode "en masse" Range of debris BATTERIES, BARRAGES AND BOMBARDOS	3 m maximum	
Physical Examination		
Labeling Provided the batteries, barrages or bombardos are labeled, the individual firework need not be labeled		
Function		
Performance Base must remain intact during function (C) Tubes must remain attached to the base (C)		
MINES		
Labeling Maximum height must be specified on the label The individual components must be labeled Direction from which the flame exits must be indicated		
Function All effects must be ejected at the same time		

Characteristics	Requirements	
WHEELS		
Physical Examination		
Physical Integrity Nail supplied with the wheel must be sufficiently strong and long to hold the wheel in place (C) Labeling The individual components must be labeled		
Function		
Function Wheel must revolve smoothly, without stopping or hesitating (C) Frame must not break, warp or catch fire (C) Drivers must remain attached to their support or fall within 7 m of a vertical support with the wheel's nail 3 m above ground (C)		
WATERFALLS AND SET PIECES		
Physical Examination		
Physical Integrity Framework of a set piece and the wire of a waterfall must be strong enough and well secured to remain in position during functioning Labeling The individual pieces for the waterfall or set pieces need not be labeled on the condition that instructions be provided with the articles		
<u>PORTFIRES</u>		
Physical Examination		
Physical Features The construction allows the attachment of an extension that remains cool while in use Labeling Must carry statement of its burn time		
Function		
Performance If to be lit by flame, must ignite (C) If lit by friction, must ignite (C) Variation on specified times (C)	10 s maximum 3 trials maximum ± 10 s	

Characteristics	Requirements
ELECTRIC MATCHES	
Physical Examination	
Labeling Must include: Maximum fire current Minimum fire current Resistance, including that of the leg wires	
Function	
Performance 0.2 amp for 30 s (C) 0.5 amp (C) Matchheads shall deflagrate and not detonate	0/10 fire 10/10 within 1 s

SUBMISSION FORM FOR AUTHORI	APPENDIX C IZATION AND CLASSI	IFICATION OF FIREWORKS

SUBMISSION FORM FOR THE AUTHORIZATION AND CLASSIFICATION OF FIREWORKS

Note: This form is meant to be a summary of the information to be provided. When applicable, please indicate a reference document or indicate if the information is attached to this submission form.

SECTION 1 - APPLICANT INFORMATION	
1.1 Requesting company details	
Name of requesting company	
Street address	
City	
Province or state	
Country	
Postal code	
Telephone	
E-mail	
Name of contact person	
Title	
1.2 Manufacturing company details	
Name of manufacturing company	
Street address	
City	
Province or state	
Country	
Postal code	
Telephone	
E-mail	
Name of contact person	

For su must 1	TION 2 - LIST OF PRODUCTS bmissions containing many articles (≥10), an electronic copy of the listed products a see supplied (in Microsoft Excel). Please refer to Section 2.1.1 of Revision 4 of the sy Fireworks Criteria for more details and for an example of the format that should be	ne Consumer and				
	bmissions with less than 10 articles, you can either submit an electronic copy of the lisumbers as mentioned above, or you can fill out the table below.	sted products and				
	Part Number(s) Name of Product(s)					
SECT	TION 3 - TECHNICAL DECLARATION					
3.1	Specification detailing the product(s)					
Pleaso	Technical drawing of the article(s) with dimensions Chemical name(s) of the explosives and/or composition(s) with tolerances Explosives charge weight(s) with tolerances Gross article(s) weight(s) Description of the means and methods of disposal or destruction					
3.2	Packaging and labeling					
Pleaso	Praying or description of shipping packaging [external, internal, item] All labeling as it appears on the packaging [external, internal, item] When applicable, the packaging as offered to the consumer and its labeling Examples of all instructions for use and safety warnings in English and French					

September 1, 2004 53 Revision 4

When applic Yes	eable, does the packaging and packing method provide mitigation of explosive effects? No □
When packa Yes	ging is opened or altered, are these effects still mitigated by the package? \Box No \Box
SECTION 4	4 - MANUFACTURER PRODUCT SCOPE DECLARATION
4.1 Scop	pe of the explosive
Con	scope of the explosive? sumer Fireworks Display Fireworks er (specify):
Provide a sh	ort description of the product and its method of function.
4.2 Reli	ability statement
	provide a summary of the testing and/or use of articles used during/for development work and/or zation to demonstrate the reliability of the products.
SECTION :	5 - INTENDED DISTRIBUTION
5.1 Mea	ans of distribution, sale or use
•	the articles will be packaged for their distribution, sale or use (full case quantities, part case nternal package, by unit, etc.)
State expect	ed shipment mode:
	ed shipment quantity by shipment mode:
	imum:

September 1, 2004 54 Revision 4

5.2	"Mixe	ed-load	" combin	ations						
			oad"comb routinely				gerous good	ds need	led for routine use. With which o	other
		-								
SECT	TION 6 -	· UN H	AZARD	CLASS	SIFICAT	ΓΙΟΝ	FOR TRA	NSPO	ORT	
6.1	Transp	port cla	assificatio	n						
A lette	er/certifi Yes	cate fro	om a Com No	petent	Authority	y is att	ached to the	nis sub	mission:	
If a le	tter/certi 1.1G	ficate i	s attached	l, indica □	ate the ba	asis of	classificat 1.4G	ion:	Other(specify):	
Indica		epected	UN class	ificatio	n: 1.3G		1.4G		Other(specify):	
Please	e explain	the rea	ason for th	nis expe	ectation (i.e., sh	nipping mo	de, fre	eight cost, compatibility, etc.)	
Willir	ng to hav	re tests	conducted	d?	Yes		No			
Signa	ture						Date			