



Ottawa, August 10, 2006

MEMORANDUM D15-2-47

In Brief

CERTAIN STAINLESS STEEL ROUND WIRE ORIGINATING IN OR EXPORTED FROM INDIA, THE REPUBLIC OF KOREA, SWITZERLAND AND THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

Application of anti-dumping and countervailing duty

1. This memorandum refers to the application of anti-dumping and countervailing duty to importations of certain stainless steel round wire originating in or exported from India, the Republic of Korea, Switzerland and the United States of America.
2. The memorandum is divided into 10 sections under “Guidelines and General Information.”
3. A description of the goods is provided.
4. The milestone dates of the investigation are provided, along with the applicable classification numbers.
5. Additional information concerning interest owing is provided in Customs Notice CN-450, *Legislative Changes With Respect to Interest on Anti-Dumping, Countervailing, or Provisional Duties Levied Under the Special Import Measures Act (SIMA) and Resulting Proposed Regulatory Changes in Support of Those Legislative Changes*.
6. Information regarding normal values of subject goods and anti-dumping and countervailing duties is provided.





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CERTAIN STAINLESS STEEL ROUND WIRE ORIGINATING IN OR EXPORTED FROM INDIA, THE REPUBLIC OF KOREA, SWITZERLAND AND THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

This memorandum refers to the application of anti-dumping duty pursuant to section 3 of the *Special Import Measures Act* (SIMA) to importations of certain stainless steel round wire originating in or exported from the Republic of Korea, Switzerland and the United States of America and to the application of countervailing duties pursuant to the same section of SIMA to importations of certain stainless steel round wire originating in or exported from India. These duties are applied as a result of the findings of injury by the Canadian International Trade Tribunal (Tribunal).

GUIDELINES AND GENERAL INFORMATION

1. The subject goods are defined as:

“Cold drawn and annealed stainless steel round wire, up to and including 0.300 inches (7.62 mm) in maximum solid cross-sectional dimension.”

Stainless steel is defined as alloy steel containing, by weight, 1.2% or less of carbon and 10.5% or more of chromium, with or without other elements.

2. The following products were excluded by the Tribunal in its findings of July 30, 2004, and therefore are **not** subject goods:

- (a) Nickel-coated stainless steel wire.
- (b) Copper-coated stainless steel wire.
- (c) Stainless steel wire for use in the manufacture of springs, per ASTM A313, matte finish, lubricant coated (all types), in all grades and in all diameters.
- (d) Stainless steel wire in diameters of 0.032 inches (0.813 mm) and smaller.
- (e) Stainless steel lashing wire.
- (f) Type 27-7MO (trade name) stainless steel wire, also identified as UNS S31277, or equivalent.
- (g) Types 302 and 430 stainless steel cold-heading wire for use in the manufacture of semi-tubular solid rivets.

(h) Types 308LHS, 309LHS, 387, 409CB and 430LCB stainless steel welding wire packaged in fibre-drum bulk packs, drum packs or barrel packs, known as “Tech Paks” or equivalent, in sizes of 250 lbs. (113.4 kg) or greater, for use in long-run welding applications.

(i) Type 439 titanium stabilized, solid stainless steel welding wire packaged in 500 lb. (226.8 kg) drums.

(j) Type A-286 stainless steel cold-heading wire, also identified as AISI No. 660, UNS K66286 DIN-1.4980, with the following composition: 0.08% max. carbon, 2.00% max. manganese, 1.00% max. silicon, 0.025% max. phosphorous, 0.025% max. sulfur, 13.50/16.00% chromium, 24.00/27.00% nickel, 1.00/1.50% molybdenum, 0.50% max. copper, 1.00% max. cobalt, 0.35% max. aluminum, 1.90/2.35% max. titanium, 0.10/0.50% vanadium and 0.003/0.010% boron.

(k) Type A286/A286SF stainless steel cold-heading wire.

(l) Type XM-19 stainless steel wire, also identified as UNS S20910.

3. Remission Order 2005-2212

The following stainless steel round wire products are granted a remission of anti-dumping duties to 35% of the export price as determined under section 24, 25 or 29 of SIMA:

- (a) Stainless steel belting wire used in the production of conveyor belts; or
- (b) Stainless steel wire line used in the oil and gas industry
 - (i) to run specialized tools in and out of wells in order to open up the oil and gas zones or wells,
 - (ii) to log, or
 - (iii) to do regular pressure- and temperature-type work (produits de fils ronds en acier inoxydable).

The Order covers anti-dumping duties paid or payable on or after April 2, 2004, the date provisional duties were first imposed by the Canada Border Services Agency.

4. The dates of the proceedings and findings in this matter are:

Action	Date
Initiation of Investigation	November 21, 2003
Preliminary Determination	April 2, 2004
Final Determination	June 30, 2004
Tribunal Injury Findings	July 30, 2004
Conclusion of Section 55 Determination	January 28, 2005
Remission Order	November 28, 2005

5. The subject goods are properly classified under the following Harmonized System classification numbers:

7223.00.11.00
7223.00.19.00
7223.00.20.00

6. The liability for anti-dumping and countervailing duties results from the proceedings conducted under SIMA and from the findings of the Tribunal.

7. For information concerning any interest owing or refunded on duty levied under SIMA, please refer to Customs Notice CN-450, *Legislative Changes With Respect to Interest on Anti-Dumping, Countervailing, or Provisional Duties Levied Under the Special Import Measures Act (SIMA) and Resulting Proposed Regulatory Changes in Support of Those Legislative Changes*.

8. Information regarding the normal value of the goods in question and the amount of anti-dumping and countervailing duty payable should be obtained from the exporters. In addition, information may be made available to importers on a need-to-know basis in accordance with the provisions of Memorandum D14-1-2, *Disclosure of Normal Value and Export Price Established Under the Special Import Measures Act to Importers*.

9. For importations of subject goods produced or exported by a company in the Republic of Korea, Switzerland or the United States of America that **has not been issued its own normal values**, anti-dumping duty is equal to 181% of the export price as determined under section 24, 25 or 29 of SIMA.

10. For importations of subject goods produced or exported by a company in India that **has not been issued its own amount of subsidy**, the countervailing duty is equal to 13,857 rupees per metric tonne.

REFERENCES

ISSUING OFFICE – Anti-dumping and Countervailing Program Trade Programs Directorate	HEADQUARTERS FILE – 4258-123, 4218-14
LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES – <i>Special Import Measures Act</i> , section 3	OTHER REFERENCES – D14-1-2, CN-450
SUPERSEDED MEMORANDA “D” – D15-2-47, February 24, 2005	

Services provided by the Canada Border Services Agency are available in both official languages.

