

Wekweètì - Statistical Profile

	Wekweètì	Northwest Territories		Wekweètì	Northwest Territories
POPULATION			<i>Teen Births</i>		
<i>Population 2005</i>			1996	-	96
Total	138	42,982	1997	-	86
Males	74	22,093	1998	-	82
Females	64	20,889	1999	2	83
0 - 4 Years	17	3,342	2000	1	84
5 - 9 Years	10	3,507	2001	2	70
10 - 14 Years	x	3,677	2002	-	72
15 - 24 Years	29	6,982	2003	1	72
25 - 44 Years	49	14,540	<i>Number of Deaths</i>		
45 - 59 Years	17	7,708	1996	2	152
60 Yrs. & Older	x	3,226	1997	-	138
Aboriginal	135	21,413	1998	1	146
Non-Aboriginal	x	21,569	1999	4	162
<i>Historical Population</i>			2000	-	156
1996	146	41,748	2001	2	163
1997	135	41,635	2002	2	169
1998	138	41,816	2003	-	188
1999	138	40,654	<i>Cause of Death</i>		
2000	142	40,499	<i>Injury Deaths</i>		
2001	139	40,822	1996	-	34
2002	142	41,489	1997	1	24
2003	148	42,240	1998	-	24
2004	140	42,851	1999	-	36
2005	138	42,982	2000	-	31
<i>Average Annual Growth Rate (1996-2005)</i>			2001	-	31
Total Population	-0.6	0.3	2002	-	24
< 15 Yrs.	-4.8	-1.3	2003	-	36
60 Yrs. & Over	-7.4	4.0	<i>Suicides</i>		
<i>Population Projections</i>			1996	-	4
2009	139	45,903	1997	-	6
2014	138	47,823	1998	-	7
2019	138	49,149	1999	-	15
2024	133	50,980	2000	-	7
VITAL STATS			2001	-	8
<i>Number of Births</i>			2002	-	8
1996	2	814	2003	-	10
1997	2	722	HOUSEHOLDS & FAMILIES		
1998	1	678	<i>% of Households with more than 6 People</i>		
1999	2	659	1981	..	13.9
2000	3	673	1986	..	11.5
2001	4	613	1991	..	9.8
2002	4	635	1996	..	8.6
2003	4	701	2001	..	7.2
2004	2	698	2004	27.8	7.0
<i>Family Structure - 2001</i>			<i>Family Structure - 2001</i>		
Total			Total	30	9,705
Husband-Wife			Husband-Wife	15	5,110
Common-Law			Common-Law	10	2,555
Lone Parent			Lone Parent	10	2,035
Percent Couple Families			Percent Couple Families	66.7	79.0

	Wekweèti	Northwest Territories
<i>Tenure - 2004</i>		
Total	36	13,902
Owned	25	7,330
Rented	11	6,571
Percent Owned	69.4	52.7
<i>% of Households in Core Need</i>		
1996	86.2	19.7
2000	69.4	20.3
2004	25.0	16.3

INCOME SUPORT

<i>Beneficiaries (monthly average)</i>		
1996	57	4,191
1997	28	3,974
1998	23	3,712
1999	21	3,542
2000	23	3,040
2001	19	2,425
2002	18	2,200
2003	18	2,152
2004	17	2,073
2005	18	1,923
<i>Cases (monthly average)</i>		
1996	23	1,823
1997	10	1,764
1998	10	1,776
1999	10	1,786
2000	11	1,502
2001	9	1,202
2002	8	1,118
2003	7	1,111
2004	8	1,110
2005	8	1,050
<i>Payments (\$000)</i>		
1996	195	13,485
1997	82	12,756
1998	66	13,062
1999	62	12,763
2000	85	10,657
2001	66	8,837
2002	69	8,701
2003	60	8,946
2004	71	9,260
2005	77	8,576

TRADITIONAL ACTIVITIES (2003)

Hunted & Fished (%)	64.2	36.7
Trapped (%)	19.3	5.9
Households Consuming Country Food (most or all meat consumed) (%)	63.9	17.5

ABORIGINAL LANGUAGES

<i>% Aboriginal that Speak an Aboriginal Language</i>		
1984	100.0	59.1
1989	100.0	55.6
1994	98.8	50.1
1999	96.8	45.1
2004	96.1	44.0

EDUCATION

<i>Percent with high School Diploma or More</i>		
1991	13.3	59.9
1994	13.0	63.2
1996	29.4	63.5
1999	40.5	66.1
2001	21.1	64.8
2004	29.4	67.5
<i>2004 Employment Rates</i>		
Less than High School Diploma	45.2	38.8
High School Diploma or Greater	62.5	81.7

LABOUR FORCE

<i>Participation Rate</i>		
1986	40.0	74.5
1989	43.6	74.9
1991	56.3	78.2
1994	31.5	77.2
1996	61.1	77.2
1999	65.8	78.3
2001	57.9	77.1
2004	67.9	75.6
<i>Unemployment Rate</i>		
1986	33.3	11.2
1989	52.9	13.2
1991	22.2	11.3
1994	17.2	14.8
1996	27.3	11.7
1999	35.6	13.7
2001	18.2	9.5
2004	27.0	10.4
<i>Employment Rate</i>		
1986	20.0	66.2
1989	20.5	65.0
1991	50.0	69.3
1994	26.1	65.7
1996	44.4	68.2
1999	42.3	67.5
2001	52.6	69.8
2004	49.5	67.8
<i>Selected 2004 Employment Rates</i>		
Males	53.4	69.7
Females	45.1	65.7
Aboriginal	46.6	50.6
Non-Aboriginal	100.0	82.4
15 - 24	36.4	42.8
25 - 34	53.3	76.3
35 - 44	76.2	82.7
45 - 54	66.7	83.0
55 - 64	-	66.1
65 & Over	14.3	15.0

2004 Labour Force Activity

Population 15 & Over	109	31,341
Employed	54	21,241
Unemployed	20	2,454
Not in the Labour Force	35	7,646

	Wekweèti	Northwest Territories
<i>Potential Available Labour Supply (2004)</i>		
Number of Unemployed	20	2,454
% do rotational	55.0	70.3
% male	50.0	64.4
% aboriginal	100.0	77.3
% less than high school diploma	60.0	52.3
<i>Employment Profile 2004 (%)</i>		
Full-Time	85.2	85.9
Part-Time	11.1	11.6
% Gov't, Health, Social Serv, Educ	66.7	41.7
% Goods Producing	31.5	16.3
% other Industries	3.7	37.8
<i>Annual Work Pattern (%)</i>		
Worked in 2003	84.4	81.7
Worked More than 26 Weeks	46.7	61.9

PRICES

Living Cost Diff. (Edm = 100)
Food Price Index (YK = 100)	170.1	..

SYMBOLS

-	zero or too small to be expressed
..	not available
x	data suppressed

SOURCES & NOTES

Population

Population and Historical Population: Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Estimates are calculated by allocating the demographic components of growth, down to a community level. Sex, age and ethnicity estimates developed by Bureau of Statistics.

Average Annual Growth Rate: Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Average annual growth rate (AAGR) is calculated as:

$$AAGR = \left(\sqrt[9]{\frac{Pop_{2005}}{Pop_{1996}}} - 1 \right) * 100$$

Population Projections: Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Population projections incorporate assumptions regarding fertility, mortality & migration patterns. These assumptions are reflective of historical patterns, as well as recent trends observed for the Northwest Territories.

Vital Stats

Number of Births: Health Statistics Division, Statistics Canada

Teen Births: Health Statistics Division, Statistics Canada. Refers to births to women between the ages of 13 to 19.

Number of Deaths: Health Statistics Division, Statistics Canada

Cause of Deaths: Health Statistics Division, Statistics Canada. Injury deaths are deaths due to accidents, homicide and suicides.

Household & Families

Percent of Households with more than 6 People: Census, Statistics Canada (1981, 1986, 1991, 1996 and 2001); Bureau of Statistics, GNWT (2004). A household refers to an occupied private dwelling.

Family Structure: Census, Statistics Canada. Refers to the classification of census families into husband-wife couples, common-law couples, and lone parent families.

Tenure: Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Refers to whether some member of the household owns or rents the dwelling.

Percent of Households in Core Need: Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. If a household has any one housing problem (suitability, adequacy, or affordability) or a combination of housing problems, *and* the total household income is below the Community Core Need Income Threshold, the household is considered to be in core need. The core need income threshold is an income limit for each community that represents the amount of income a household must have to be able to afford the cost of owning and operating a home or renting in the private market without government assistance.

Income Support

Beneficiaries (monthly average): Department of Education Culture & Employment, GNWT. Refers to the monthly average number of recipients of income support and their dependents, if any, over the year.

Cases (monthly average): Department of Education Culture & Employment, GNWT. Refers to the monthly average number of people requesting and receiving social assistance over the year.

Payments (\$000): Department of Education Culture & Employment, GNWT. Refers to the total amount of payments over the year. Payments are recorded for the month for which assistance was received.

Traditional Activities

Hunted & Fished (%): Bureau of Statistics, GNWT, Refers to the percent of people 15 years of age or older that hunted or fished during the year.

Trapped (%): Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Refers to the percent of people 15 years of age or older that trapped during the year.

Households Consuming Country Food: Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Refers to the percent of households reporting that most or all (75% or more) of the meat or fish consumed is harvesting in the NWT.

Aboriginal Languages

Percent of Aboriginal that Speak an Aboriginal Language: Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Refers to the percent of aboriginal people 15 years of age or older that can speak an aboriginal language well enough to carry on a conversation. Aboriginal languages include Inuktitut, Inuvialuktun, Inuinnaqtun, Dogrib, Cree, Chipewyan, North Slavey, South Slavey, and Gwich'n.

Education

Percent with High School Diploma or More: Census, Statistics Canada (1991, 1996 and 2001); Bureau of Statistics, GNWT (1994, 1999 and 2004). Refers to the percent of population 15 years of age or older that have a high school diploma.

2004 Employment Rates: Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Refers to the employment rate for two groups of people: those who do not have a high school certificate, and those with at least a high school certificate. Employment rate refers to the percentage of persons 15 years of age and over who are working at a job.

Labour Force

Census, Statistics Canada (1986, 1991, 1996 and 2001); Bureau of Statistics, GNWT (1989, 1994, 1999 and 2004).

Participation Rate: The percentage of persons 15 years of age and over who are in the labour force. See below for definition of labour force.

Unemployment Rate: The percentage of the labour force that was unemployed during the week prior to the survey. See below for definition of labour force.

Employment Rate: The percentage of persons 15 years of age and over who were employed during the week prior to the survey.

Employed: Refers to persons who during the week prior to the survey: (i) did any work at all, excluding housework, maintenance around the home and volunteer work; or (ii) were absent from their job or business because of vacation, illness, on strike or locked out, etc.

Unemployed: Refers to persons who during the week prior to the survey: (i) were without work, had actively looked for work in the previous four weeks and were available for work; or (ii) had been on temporary lay-off and expected to return to their job; or (iii) had definite arrangements to start a new job within the next four weeks.

Labour Force: Refers to persons who were either employed or unemployed during the week prior to the survey.

Not in the Labour Force: Refers to persons who do not participate in the labour force, they are neither employed or unemployed.

Potential Available Labour Supply: Refers to those persons who are unemployed. They can be classified into various categories, including, those who want to do rotational work, gender, ethnicity, or level of schooling.

Employment Profile: Refers to the percent of employed people 15 years of age or older who worked either full-time or part-time.

Annual Work Pattern: Work pattern measures the amount of work over a given year. Worked in 2003 refers to the percent of people 15 years of age or older who worked in 2003, while worked more than 26 weeks refers to the percent of workers who worked more than 26 weeks in the year. The weeks need not be consecutive.

Prices

Living Cost Differentials: Price Division, Statistics Canada.

Food Price Index: Bureau of Statistics, GNWT.