## **Group C Meningococcal Disease Fact Sheets**

# **Preventing the Spread**

#### Can Group C Meningococcal Disease be prevented?

Yes. That is why the NWT is launching it's phased immunization program. Youth aged 14-19 will be the first to receive the vaccine. School aged children are next, followed by preschool aged children over one.

### How does the disease spread?

The infection is spread through a direct physical contact such as kissing and through droplet contact via coughing, and sneezing. These bacteria can also spread through saliva (spit) when people share items such as:

- · cigarettes
- · lipstick
- · food or drinks
- · toothbrushes
- · toys
- · mouth guards
- · cups, water bottles, cans, drinking straws, etc.
- · musical instruments with mouthpieces

The infection is **not** spread through casual contact in school, work or sports events.

#### How to prevent the spread

In general, people should not share anything that has been in their mouth.

During sporting events, athletes should not share food or drink and they should have their own water bottles.

Exposure to cigarette smoke, both directly by smoking and indirectly by exposure to smokers, increases the risk of spread of meningococci, as well as other bacteria.

#### How can I learn more?

Call your local health centre and talk to your nurse/doctor. You can also find reliable information on the following Internet sites.

Department of Health and Social Services www.hlthss.gov.nt.ca

Canadian Health Network

www.Canadian-Health-Network.ca • Children •

Immunization

Canadian Immunization Awareness Program www.Immunize.cpha.ca • resources • meningitis

Canadian Pediatric Society www.caringforkids.cps.ca

Meningitis Research Foundation of Canada www.Meningitis.ca

U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention www.cdc.gov/nip/ • Parents Guide to Childhood Immunization

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention www.cdc.gov/NIP/publications/VIS

