Nova Scotia Tourism, Culture and Heritage www.gov.ns.ca/ohp Nova Scotia health Promotion :mort troqque diiu

> www.gov.ns.ca/enla/protectedareas Protected Areas Program **Environment and Labour**



For emergencies or to report illegal activities Nova Scotia Department of Natural Resources Any District or Regional Office of the Enforcement, Wildlife or Forest Fires

> 60 Logan Road, Bridgewater, NS B4V 3J8 Protected Areas — Western Region

> > 0012-635(209) Sydney, Nova Scotia, BIP 6H7 Box 714, 295 Charlotte Street Protected Areas—Eastern Region

7112-424 (209) 5151 Terminal Road, Halifax, Nova Scotia B3J 278 Protected Areas—Provincial Office/Central Region General Inquiries

(Wilderness Areas are not shown) Topographical Maps (1:50,000 NTS series)

shows Wilderness Areas) 2001 edition (1:150,000 scale book of maps; - A Map of the Province of Nova Scotia -

or call (902) 424-5200) (visit www.gov.ns.ca/snsmr/consumer/publications/

> • Nova Scotia Government Publications or email: nsdnrlib@gov.ns.ca.

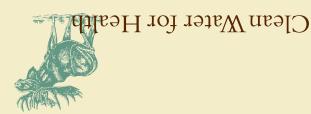
> Wilderness Areas, call (902) 424-8633 To purchase or copy maps of individual

For Additional Information

No Trace techniques for waste disposal. Avoid future water contamination by practicing Leave purification.

erly treat it by boiling, filtering or chemical Choose drinking water from flowing sources, and prop-

water-borne pathogens/diseases. Nova Scotia may be contaminated with Giardia or other Wilderness users should assume that all surface water in



- Free-standing tent and a lightweight tarp.
 - Plastic bags for carrying out waste
- sədsib gnidsew Collapsible or portable basin for carrying water and
 - Method of water purification
 - Binoculars for viewing wildlife from a distance
 - First aid and survival kit with map and compass
 - Reusable food containers
 - Small strainer for dish water
- Flashlight and/or candle lantern Portable cooking stove and an adequate supply of fuel
- Small garden trowel for digging catholes for human
- Warm and weatherproof clothing, worn in layers

Your kit should include the following:

proper equipment. Maximize your Leave No Trace experience by using the





rescuers to find you.

- If you are lost or injured, stay put and make it easy for
- the night in an emergency. • Ensure you are self-sufficient, and are able to spend
 - weather conditions.
- Dress appropriately and be prepared for all possible
 - equipment.
 - Carry, and know how to use, first aid and safety
- your limits and those of all members in your group. Honestly assess your skills and equipment and know
 - a Wilderness Area.
- Seek permission before crossing private land to access where you are going and when you expect to return.
- with local authorities or someone at home, outlining • Plan your route carefully, and leave a written plan

Wilderness Areas; When traveling in one of Nova Scotia's

boundaries are not marked on the ground. out of date or inaccurate. In many places, wilderness area pertaining to Wilderness Areas, including maps, may be may not be maintained or marked. Resource materials trails. Campsites and trails in Wilderness Areas (if present) lizing seasonal or ill-maintained logging roads or old

ational use. Access to Wilderness Areas is often poor, utivalue, and therefore remain largely undeveloped for recre-Wilderness Areas are protected for their ecological

remote, making rescue of a lost or injured person difficult personal health and safety. Wilderness Areas are often you are on your own, and accept responsibility for your Scotia's Wilderness Areas, but you must recognize that Low impact wilderness recreation is encouraged in Nova

Safe Travel Considerations

Photography & Illustrations: NSEL and NSDNR,

You can also support ecological protection by:

Front cover image: Watercolour painting of Waverley—

Salmon River Long Lake by Alice Reed

initiatives for biodiversity conservation and supporting provincial, national and international

volunteering for local environmental initiatives. participating in regional conservation programs and

problems you encounter.

offices of the Department of Natural Resources of any notifying staff of the Protected Areas Program or local

this brochure and making a commitment to Leave No

following the principles and standards outlined in

You can do your part in keeping our Wilderness Areas



wilderness wild.

will enable you to Leave No Trace and help keep the you will become equipped with the skills and habits that

By adopting the guidelines outlined in this brochure, awareness than on rules and regulations. Leave No Trace approach depends more on attitude and

all accept responsibility for minimizing our impact. A To retain the high quality of our wilderness, we must

spoiled by the use and activities of those who love know that this wilderness is fragile and can be easily outstanding, remaining wild spaces. Many of us already

Nova Scotia's Wilderness Areas protect some of our most



Wilderness Areas in Nova Scotia

Wilderness Areas are protected in Nova Scotia under the Wilderness Areas Protection Act. The purpose of this Act is to provide for the establishment, management, protection and use of wilderness areas, in perpetuity, for present and future generations, in order to achieve the following;

Primary objectives:

- maintain and restore the integrity of natural processes and biodiversity;
- protect representative examples of Nova Scotia's natural landscapes and ecosystems;
- protect outstanding, unique, rare and vulnerable natural features and phenomena,

Secondary objectives:

- provide reference points for determining the effects of human activity on the natural environment;
- protect and provide opportunities for scientific research, environmental education and wilderness recreation: and
- promote public consultation and community steward ship in the establishment and management of wilderness areas,

while providing opportunities for public access for sport fishing and traditional patterns of hunting and trapping.





Our Natural Legacy

Biodiversity refers to the variety of plants, animals, and other living organisms in all their many forms and levels of organization. It includes genes, species, and ecosystems, as well as the processes that link them together.

In applying the science of conservation biology, protecting large natural areas from human disturbance provides our best opportunity to maintain biodiversity and natural processes.

But conserving biodiversity isn't just about protecting plants and animals. It's also about providing for our own health, quality of life, and opportunities for the future.

In an increasingly urban and industrial world, wild spaces are rare and valuable assets for present and future generations. Such spaces offer many benefits, and play an integral role in sustainable land use.



Wilderness Areas protect biodiversity and provide "environmental services" such as improving air quality, creating and protecting soils and providing clean water.

They provide high quality wilderness recreation opportunities and foster healthy lifestyles.

They help diversify local and regional economies through nature tourism and marketing Nova Scotia as a desirable place to live and do business.

They offer places for spiritual renewal and inspiration in an increasingly busy and crowded world.

They serve as laboratories in which to monitor the natural world and learn how ecosystems function and respond to stresses and change.

