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# Nova Scotia Labour Market Monthly

June 2006

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# Introduction

# About the Labour Market Monthly

The Labour Market Monthly<sup>1</sup>, produced monthly by the Economics & Statistics Division of the Nova Scotia Department of Finance, is based primarily on data from the Labour Force Survey (LFS), a household survey carried out monthly by Statistics Canada. The LFS is a sample of individuals who are representative of the civilian, non-institutionalised population 15 years of age or older in Canada's ten Specifically excluded from the provinces. coverage of the LFS are residents of the Territories, persons living on Indian Reserves, full-time members of the Canadian Armed Forces and institutional residents. represent exclusion groups an approximately 2 per cent of the population aged 15 or over. As of January 2006, the sample size has been approximately 53,372 households across Canada, with 2,873 of those in Nova Scotia.

Since its inception in 1945, the objectives of the *LFS* have been to divide the working-age population into three mutually exclusive classifications—employed, unemployed and not in the labour force—and to provide descriptive and explanatory data on each of these categories. Data from the *Survey* provide information on major labour market trends such as shifts in employment across industrial sectors, hours worked, labour force participation and employment rates.

The Labour Market Monthly contains: 1) year-to-date LFS highlights; 2) summary tables of selected labour force characteristics including labour force, employment, unemployment, unemployment rate and participation rate for Canada, the provinces, and CMAs; 3) a feature article; and 4) a selection of additional

key employment indicators obtained from other Statistics Canada surveys.

The Labour Market Monthly emphasizes the Nova Scotia employment situation and includes tables for Nova Scotia, its economic regions, and the Metropolitan Halifax area. The Labour Force Monthly coincides with Statistics Canada's Labour Force Survey release dates and will be available on our web site that day:

http://www.gov.ns.ca/finance/publish/publicationsb.asp?id=Pub19

Specific release dates each month are noted below:

#### **Labour Force Survey Release Dates 2006**

Data for:	Release Date:
January	February 10, 2006
February	March 10, 2006
March	April 7, 2006
April	May 5, 2006
May	June 9, 2006
June	July 7, 2006
July	August 4, 2006
August	September 8, 2006
September	October 6, 2006
October	November 3, 2006
November	December 1, 2006
December	January 6, 2007

Source: Statistics Canada, Catalogue No. 71-001-XIE; http://www.statcan.ca/english/Release/index.htm

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Effective March 10, 2006, the *Labour Market Report* replaces the former *Employment Situation Report* and *Labour Market Report* of the Economics & Statistics Division.





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# **Highlights**

# LFS Release - June 2006

(July 2006 will be released August 4, 2006)

Refer to *Appendix I* for a series of statistical tables indicating key labour force characteristics for current month, last month and same month a year ago:

**Employment Situation:** 

Table 1 - Basic Characteristics, Canada/Provinces

Table 2 - NS Economic Regions/Halifax CMA

Table 3 – Job Tenure. Canada/Provinces

Table 4 - Employment by Sector, Canada & NS

Table 5 - CMAs, Canada

Appendix II provides a glossary of definitions, concepts/methods and sources associated with the labour market information covered in the Labour Market Monthly publication.

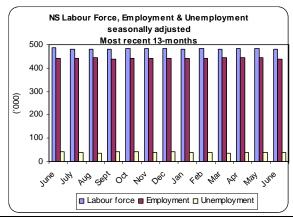
There was a reference to Nova Scotia's labour market activities in Statistics Canada's release of the Labour Force Survey.

"Employment fell in both Nova Scotia (-5,000) and Prince Edward Island (-1,000) in June. These declines leave employment in both provinces at the same level as in December 2005."

It appears that Statistics Canada is highlighting the seasonally adjusted changes in employment for June 2006 over May 2006 for the decline of 5,000. The same level as in December 2005 reference, appears to be a comparison to the year-to-date employment level to the annual level in 2005 as noted in the year-to-date commentary on page 3.

# Seasonally Adjusted (month over month)

In Nova Scotia June 2006, labour force declined 0.9 per cent over May 2006 to 478,900, employment declined 1.1 per cent to 439,400, unemployment increased 1.8 per cent to 39,500 and the unemployment rate increased 0.2 percentage points to 8.2%.



Source: Statistics Canada, *Labour Force Survey*, Catalogue No. 71-001-XIE

In Canada June 2006, labour force declined 0.1 per cent over May 2006 to 17.6 million, employment remained unchanged at 16.5 million, unemployment declined 0.6 per cent to 1.1 million, and the unemployment rate remained unchanged at 6.1 per cent.

On a seasonally adjusted three-month moving average basis, the unemployment rate for the Halifax Census Metropolitan Area (CMA) was 5.1 per cent in June 2006—a decrease of 0.1 percentage points over May 2006. In June 2006, the Halifax CMA rate stood as the lowest rate east of Quebec City.

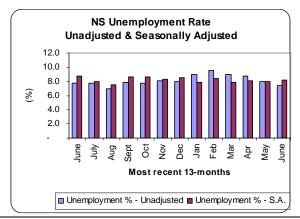
#### Seasonally Adjusted (year over year)

In Nova Scotia, June 2006 over June 2005, labour force declined 1.4 per cent over June 2005 to 478,900, employment declined 0.8 per cent to 439,400, unemployment decreased 7.1 per cent to 39,500 and the unemployment rate decreased 0.6 percentage points to 8.2%.

In Canada, June 2006 over June 2005 labour force increased 1.5 per cent over June 2005 to 17.6 million, employment increased 2.2 per cent to 16.5 million, unemployment declined 8.7 per cent to 1.1 million, and the unemployment rate decreased 0.7 percentage points to 6.1 per cent.



June 2006



Source: Statistics Canada, *Labour Force Survey*, Catalogue No. 71-001-XIE

# Year-to-date<sup>1</sup>

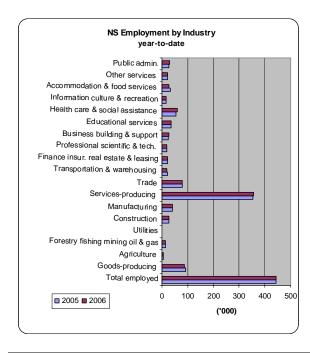
For the first half of 2006, the demand for labour (employment) in Nova Scotia stands at 443,000, which is down slightly (0.2%) from the same period last year. This employment level still remains near the record level experienced in 2005 (443,100). The labour supply (labour force) at 481,800 is down 0.9% for the same period. The labour participation rate also reflects the fall in the labour supply with a decline of 0.8 percentage points to 63.2%. The net impact of a larger decline in the labour supply is an unemployment rate of 8.1% which is down 0.5 percentage points for the first half of 2006 from the same period in 2005.

Labour Force Basic Characteristics, Nova Scotia year-to-date (s.a. data average)

	<u> </u>	
_	Jan-June 2005	Jan-June 2006
Population ('000)	759.9	762.5
Labour Force ('000)	486.2	481.8
Employment ('000)	444.1	443.0
Full-time ('000)	361.1	358.7
Part-time ('000)	83.0	84.3
Unemployment ('000)	42.0	38.8
Unemployment (%)	8.6	8.1
Participation (%)	64.0	63.2
Employment (%)	58.5	58.1

Source: Compiled by Economics & Statistics Division, NS Department of Finance, using Statistics C58anada LFS data.

The slight decline in employment does not truly reveal the dynamic changes to labour demand during the first half of 2006 as compared to the June 2005 period. January to Strong employment growth for the Retail and Wholesale sector (2.2%), Business, Building and Support Services (22.8%), Health Care and Social Assistance sector (7.4%) and Public Administration (7.6%) were countered by declining growth rates in the Construction (4.6%), Manufacturing (0.6%), Transportation and Warehousing (10.7%) and Accommodation and Food Services (14.5%) sectors. (See chart

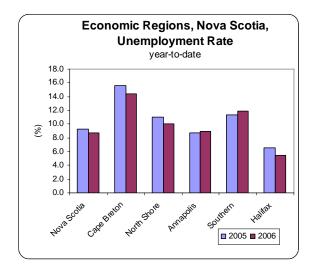


Source: Compiled by Economics & Statistics Division, NS Department of Finance, using Statistics Canada LFS data.

Average of the year-to-date seasonal data unless otherwise stated.

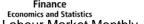


A geographical review of employment growth based on the 3-month-moving unadjusted averages within the province indicates the growth occurred in the northern regions of the province.



Source: Compiled by Economics & Statistics Division, NS Department of Finance, using Statistics Canada LFS data.





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# Feature - Highs and Lows in Basic Labour Force Characteristics, **Nova Scotia**

# Basic Labour Force Characteristics -Nova Scotia

Statistics Canada's current Labour Force Survey annual historic series reports data from 1976 to current. The following tables show the high and low of labour force basic characteristics on an annual basis, as well as, the high and low monthly figures compared to the most current month—June 2006.

# Basic LFS Characteristics, Low/High, Annual, 1976 to 2005, Nova Scotia

Monthly	Low	High
Indicator	(Date)	(Date)
Population 15+ ('000)	589.5	760.7
	(1976)	(2005)
Labour Force ('000)	328.0	485.0
	(1976)	(2004)
Employment ('000)	297.9	443.1
	(1976)	(2005)
Full-time ('000)	259.1	360.1
	(1977)	(2005)
Part-time ('000)	36.9	83.5
	(1976)	(2004)
Unemployment ('000)	30.1	61.4
	(1976)	(1993)
Unemployment Rate	8.4	14.3
(%)	(2005)	(1993)
Participation Rate (%)	55.6	64.1
	(1976)	(2004)
Employment Rate (%)	49.8	58.4
	(1977)	(2004)

# Basic LFS Characteristics, Low/High and Current Month between January 1976 to June 2006, Nova Scotia -seasonally adjusted-

Monthly	Low	High	June
Indicator	(Date)	(Date)	2006
Population 15+	583.1	762.6	762.6
(000)	(Jan. 1976)	(Mar. 2006)	
Labour Force ('000)	325.5	490.6	478.9
	(Mar. 1976)	(Feb. 2005)	
Employment ('000)	294.3	447.6	439.4
	(July 1976)	(July 2004)	
Full-time ('000)	254.9	367.2	353.6
	(June 1976)	(Feb. 2005)	
Part-time ('000)	31.2	88.4	85.8
	(Jan. 1977)	(June 2005)	
Unemployment	24.5	67.6	39.5
(000)	(Mar. 1976)	(Dec. 1993)	
Unemployment Rate	7.5	15.8	8.2
(%)	(Mar. 1976)	(Dec. 1993)	
Participation Rate	54.9	64.6	62.8
(%)	(Jan. 1977)	(Feb. 2005)	
Employment Rate	49.1	59.1	57.6
(%)	(Dec. 1982)	(July 2004)	

Source: Statistics Canada, Labour Force Historic Review, 2005, Catalogue No. 71F0004XCB; Monthly Labour Force Survey, Catalogue No. 71-001XIE



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# **Other Key Employment Indicators**

Along with the monthly Labour Force Survey, several other data sources provide an overview of changes occurring in the labour market of the province. The following tables reflect some of those activities.

#### **Total Wages & Salaries**

(2<sup>nd</sup> quarter 2006 will be released August 31, 2006)

# Year-to-date (1<sup>st</sup> Quarter)

Total wages and salaries was \$3,449.8 billion in Nova Scotia in the first quarter of 2006. This represented a growth of 4.5 per cent over first quarter 2005. Canada's total wages and salaries figure, of \$152,679.9 billion in the first quarter of 2006, exhibited a 6.1 per cent increase the same period a year earlier. In the first quarter of 2006, the Nova Scotia figure represented 2.3 per cent of the national total.

#### Total Wages & Salaries, Canada & Nova Scotia

	(\$billions) 1 <sup>st</sup> Quarter 2005	1 <sup>st</sup> Quarter 2006
Canada	143,938.7	152,679.9
Nova Scotia	3.301.6	3.449.8

Labour income estimates are based on the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) and are released quarterly in conjunction with the National Income and Expenditure Accounts estimates.

Source: Statistics Canada, Catalogue No. 13F0016XPB; CANSIM Table 382-0006

For Nova Scotia in the first quarter of 2006, \$642.3 billion of total wages and salaries was from the goods producing sector and \$2,807.5 billion was from the service producing sector, representing 18.6 per cent and 81.4 per cent, respectively. Manufacturing industries were the major component within the goods producing sector (47.8 per cent). The greatest contributor to the service producing sector—professional and personal service industries—at 18.4 per cent, was only slightly more significant than most other industries within the sector.

Wages & Salaries – Nova Scotia (NAICS-based)

(\$billion			
•	•		%
			Change
			Q1
			2005 -
	1 <sup>st</sup> Q	1 <sup>st</sup> Q	Q1
Industry	2005	2006	2006
All Goods Producing	618	642	4.0
Agric., Forestry, Fishing &	62	60	-4.3
Hunting			
Mining & Oil & Gas	34	36	4.6
Manufacturing	295	307	3.9
Construction	188	202	7.3
Utilities	37	38	0.9
All Servicing Producing	2,684	2,807	4.6
Trade	456	484	6.1
Transportation & Storage	173	183	5.8
Information & Cultural	96	104	7.9
Finance & Real Estate	242	254	5.0
Professional & Personal	493	518	5.1
Service			
Educational Services	332	347	4.6
Health Care & Social Asst.	404	438	8.6
Public Administration	488	479	-1.8

Numbers may not total due to rounding

Q - Quarter

Source: Statistics Canada, Estimates of Labour Income,

13F0016XPB; CANSIM Table 382-0006

# Average Weekly Earnings (including overtime)

(May 2006 will be released July 31, 2006)

#### Year-to-Date (January-April)

Year-to-date 2006, the average earnings for all employees in Nova Scotia increased \$18.14, or 2.9 per cent, over the same period in 2005 to \$648.11 per week. In comparison, the average earnings for all employees in Canada rose \$29.98, or 4.2 per cent, to \$745.15 per week. Nova Scotia's 2006 year-to-date average weekly earnings were 87.0 per cent of the Canadian average.

In Nova Scotia average weekly employment was 381,224 (all employees as reported in SEPH) in January to April 2006, an increase of 2.3 per cent the same period in 2005. In comparison



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Canada's weekly employment was 13.7 million, an increase of 1.9 per cent.

#### Average Weekly Earnings Data Canada and Nova Scotia <u>Year-to-Date<sup>p</sup></u> (all employees)

	Canada	Nova Scotia
Average Weekly E	Earnings - Industrial	Aggregate (includes
Overtime) (\$)	· ·	
Jan-Apr '05	715.17	629.97
Jan-Apr '06	745.15	648.11
Average Weekly E	mployment (#)	
Jan-Apr '05	13,473,669	372,564
Jan-Apr '06	13,731,923	381,224
P line in a m .		

Source: Statistics Canada, Employment, Earnings & Hours, Catalogue No. 72-002-XIB; CANSIM Tables 281-0023 and 281-0026

# Average Weekly Earnings – by Industry Nova Scotia <u>Year-to-Date<sup>p</sup></u> (including overtime) (NAICS-based) (\$)

	la	la	Per Cent Change
	Jan-	Jan-	Jan-Apr 2005 to
Industry	Apr 2005	Apr 2006	2005 10
Industrial Aggregate	629.97	648.11	2.9
Goods Producing	758.10	797.78	5.2
Construction	704.22	733.25	4.1
Manufacturing	763.99	810.94	6.1
Service Producing	605.19	619.72	2.4
Trade	489.11	513.56	5.0
Transportation &	745.33	750.61	0.7
Warehousing			
Information & Culture	722.66	817.44	13.1
Finance & Insurance	920.06	860.93	-6.4
Professional, Scientific &	775.73	802.69	3.5
Technical			
Admin., Support, Waste	510.61	505.32	-1.0
Mngt. & Remediation			
Educational Services	747.55	685.20	-8.3
Health Care & Social	653.61	688.52	5.3
Assistance			
Arts, Entertainment &	294.29	298.98	1.6
Recreation			
Accommodation & Food	285.11	297.72	4.4
Services			
Other Services (excl. Public	452.97	472.05	4.2
Admin.)			
Public Administration	849.57	871.16	2.5
<sup>p</sup> preliminary			

Source: Statistics Canada, Employment, Earnings & Hours, Catalogue No. 72-002-XIB; CANSIM Table 281-0026

Year-to-date 2006 average weekly earnings in Nova Scotia's goods producing sector increased 5.2 per cent over the same period in 2005 to \$797.78, while in the service producing sector, average weekly earnings increased 2.4 per cent to \$619.72. In industries for which data is available, year-to-date 2006 average weekly earnings ranged from \$297.72 in accommodation and food services industries to \$871.16 in public administration.

# **Employment Insurance**

(May 2006 will be released July 25, 2006)

# Year-to-Date (January to April)

In the January to April 2006 period, there was a monthly average of 49,525 beneficiaries in Nova Scotia that received regular *El* benefits. This figure was 3.3 per cent lower than the comparable period in 2005. Nationwide there was an average of 918,780 beneficiaries or 4.0 per cent fewer than the January to April 2005 monthly average.

#### El Beneficiaries and Benefits Canada and Nova Scotia Year to Date<sup>p</sup>

	Canada		Nova	Scotia
	Avg.¹ #	Total \$ Millions	Avg. <sup>1</sup> #	Total \$ Millions
Jan-Apr '05	956,818	5,773.9	51,240	285.7
Jan-Apr '06	918,780	5,887.5	49,525	299.3
<sup>1</sup> Preliminary year-to-date monthly average				

Source: Statistics Canada, CANSIM Table 276-0001 and 276-0005

In Nova Scotia a total of \$299.3 million was paid in EI benefit payments during January to April 2006. This figure was 4.8 per cent higher than in January to April 2005. There was \$5.9 billion paid in EI benefit payments nationwide during January to April 2006, or 2.0 per cent more than in the same period in 2005.



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# Public Sector Employment – Nova Scotia

(2<sup>nd</sup> quarter 2006 will be released August 28, 2006)

#### Year-to-date (January-March)

Data from the Statistics Canada *Public Sector FMS Reports* indicates that, in the first quarter of 2006 there were 114,330 public sector employees in Nova Scotia, an increase of 7.0 per cent over first quarter 2004. The government portion increased 7.2 per cent to 106,935, while the business enterprises portion rose 4.0 per cent to 7,395. The federal government figure declined 0.4 per cent or by 83 people. The military component of federal employees in Nova Scotia decreased 3.2 per cent or by 346 persons to 10,602 in the first quarter of 2006.

# Public Sector Employment – Nova Scotia <u>Year-to-Date<sup>p</sup></u> (number)

	set a	set a	Change
	1 <sup>st</sup> Q	1 <sup>st</sup> Q	1 <sup>st</sup> Q
Government	2005	2006 <sup>p</sup>	2004-05
Federal (incl. Military)	23,646	23,563	-0.4
Military	10,948	10,602	-3.2
Provincial General	11,041	11,301	2.4
Universities & Colleges	9,195	10,096	9.8
Health & Social Services	27,995	30,282	8.2
Local General	10,739	11,454	6.7
School Boards	17,131	20,240	18.1
Total Government	99,747	106,935	7.2
Government Business	7,112	7,395	4.0
Enterprises			
Federal	4,316	4,553	5.5
Provincial	2,311	2,354	1.9
Local	485	490	1.0
Total Public Sector	106,859	114,330	7.0
O	,	•	

Q – quarter

Figures by jurisdiction do not always add to published totals. Quarterly data is not comparable to annual data due to normal seasonal changes in some groups, e.g., universities, schools.

Source: Statistics Canada, Public Institutions Division, Public Sector FMS Reports; CANSIM Tables 183-0002 and 183-0004.

Public sector wages and salaries decreased 0.4 per cent in the first quarter of 2006 over the same quarter in 2005 to \$1.3 billion, 92.7 per cent from total government and 7.3 per cent from government business enterprises.

# Public Sector Wages & Salaries – Nova Scotia <u>Year-to-Date<sup>p</sup></u> (\$millions)

	1 <sup>st</sup> Q	1 <sup>st</sup> Q	Change 1 <sup>st</sup> Q
Government	2005	2006 <sup>p</sup>	2004-05
Federal (incl. Military)	372	361	-3.0
Military	170	171	0.6
Provincial General	127	125	-1.6
Universities & Colleges	129	126	-2.3
Health & Social Services	328	330	0.6
Local General	70	70	0.0
School Boards	187	194	3.7
Total Government	1,214	1,206	-0.7
Government Business	93	95	

72

17

1.307

74

18

1.301

2.8

5.9

-25.0

-0.4

Q - quarter

**Enterprises** 

Provincial

**Total Public Sector** 

Federal

Local

Figures by jurisdiction do not always add to published totals. Quarterly data is not comparable to annual data due to normal seasonal changes in some groups, e.g., universities, schools.

Source: Statistics Canada, Public Institutions Division, Public Sector FMS Reports; CANSIM Tables 183-0002 and 183-0004.





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# Appendix I - Statistical Tables





# Table 1. Basic Characteristics, Canada/Provinces

## Canada

Guillada														
	Seasonally	Adjusted												
		Actua		Annual		,		Annual						
	Jun 2005	May 2006	Jun 2006	Change	Jun 2005	May 2006	Jun 2006	Change						
Population ('000)	25,786.6	26,135.8	26,169.1	382.5	25,786.6	26,135.8	26,169.1	382.5						
Labour Force ('000)	17,600.9	17,767.6	17,862.0	261.1	17,320.5	17,588.0	17,577.3	256.8						
Employment ('000)	16,489.5	16,676.0	16,854.5	365.0	16,151.2	16,514.9	16,510.3	359.1						
Unemployed ('000)	1,111.4	1,091.5	1,007.4	(104.0)	1,169.3	1,073.2	1,067.1	(102.2)						
Unemployment Rate (%)	6.3	6.1	5.6	(0.7)	6.8	6.1	6.1	(0.7)						
Participation Rate (%)	68.3	68.0	68.3	-	67.2	67.3	67.2	-						
Employment Rate (%)	63.9	63.8	64.4	0.5	62.6	63.2	63.1	0.5						
	55.5	33.3	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	0.0	V	55.2	•	0.0						
Nova Scotia														
	Actual Seasonally Adjusted Annual													
				Annual				Annual						
	Jun 2005	May 2006	Jun 2006	Change	Jun 2005	May 2006	Jun 2006	Change						
Population ('000)	760.3	762.4	762.6	2.3	760.3	762.4	762.6	2.3						
Labour Force ('000)	496.1	491.0	489.4	(6.7)	485.6	483.3	478.9	(6.7)						
Employment ('000)	457.7	451.8	453.5	(4.2)	443.1	444.5	439.4	(3.7)						
Unemployed ('000)	38.4	39.2	36.0	(2.4)	42.5	38.8	39.5	(3.0)						
Unemployment Rate (%)	7.7	8.0	7.4	(0.3)	8.8	8.0	8.2	(0.6)						
Participation Rate (%)	65.3	64.4	64.2	(1.1)	63.9	63.4	62.8	(1.1)						
Employment Rate (%)	60.2	59.3	59.5	(0.7)	58.3	58.3	57.6	(0.7)						
		New	foundland a	and Labrado	or									
		Actua	al			Seasonally	Adjusted							
				Annual		,	,	Annual						
	Jun 2005	May 2006	Jun 2006	Change	Jun 2005	May 2006	Jun 2006	Change						
Population ('000)	429.5	427.8	427.5	(2.0)	429.5	427.8	427.5	(2.0)						
Labour Force ('000)	266.0	261.4	265.6	(0.4)	250.7	253.5	252.0	1.3						
Employment ('000)	232.6	220.0	230.8	(1.8)	215.7	216.0	214.7	(1.0)						
Unemployed ('000)	33.3	41.5	34.8	1.5	35.0	37.5	37.3	2.3						
Unemployment Rate (%)	12.5	15.9	13.1	0.6	14.0	14.8	14.8	0.8						
Participation Rate (%)	61.9	61.1	62.1	0.2	58.4	59.3	58.9	0.5						
Employment Rate (%)	54.2	51.4	54.0	(0.2)	50.2	50.5	50.2	-						
			Prince Edwa	ard Island										
		Actua		ira isiaria		Sacconally	Adjusted							
		Actua	ai .	Annual		Seasonally	Aujusieu	Annual						
	Jun 2005	May 2006	Jun 2006	Change	Jun 2005	May 2006	Jun 2006	Change						
Population (1000)				•		112.1								
Population ('000) Labour Force ('000)	111.5	112.1	112.2	0.7	111.5		112.2	0.7						
Employment ('000)	79.5	79.7	79.9	0.4	76.3	77.6	76.8	0.5						
	73.3	72.7	74.3	1.0	67.2	69.8	68.6	1.4						
Unemployed ('000)	6.2	7.0	5.6	(0.6)	9.1	7.8	8.1	(1.0)						
Unemployment Rate (%)	7.8	8.8	7.0	(0.8)	11.9	10.1	10.5	(1.4)						
Participation Rate (%)	71.3	71.1	71.2	(0.1)	68.4	69.2	68.4	-						
Employment Rate (%)	65.7	64.9	66.2	0.5	60.3	62.3	61.1	0.8						

Annual Change is in thousands or percentage points as shown in row headings.



# Table 1. Basic Characteristics, Canada/Provinces

			New Brur	nswick									
		Actua	al			Seasonally	Adjusted						
				Annual				Annual					
	Jun 2005	May 2006	Jun 2006	Change	Jun 2005	May 2006	Jun 2006	Change					
Population ('000)	610.1	611.3	611.4	1.3	610.1	611.3	611.4	1.3					
Labour Force ('000)	400.1	400.9	402.2	2.1	386.2	394.0	389.6	3.4					
Employment ('000)	364.0	365.0	373.6	9.6	348.0	360.1	358.5	10.5					
Unemployed ('000)	36.1	35.9	28.7	(7.4)	38.2	33.9	31.1	(7.1					
Unemployment Rate (%)	9.0	9.0	7.1	(1.9)	9.9	8.6	8.0	(1.9					
Participation Rate (%)	65.6	65.6	65.8	0.2	63.3	64.5	63.7	0.4					
Employment Rate (%)	59.7	59.7	61.1	1.4	57.0	58.9	58.6	1.6					
			Queb	ес									
Actual Seasonally Adjusted Annual													
								Annual					
	Jun 2005	May 2006	Jun 2006	Change	Jun 2005	May 2006	Jun 2006	Change					
Population ('000)	6,178.7	6,242.1	6,248.7	70.0	6,178.7	6,242.1	6,248.7	70.0					
Labour Force ('000)	4,099.4	4,103.0	4,161.5	62.1	4,030.1	4,081.2	4,094.3	64.2					
Employment ('000)	3,796.3	3,789.4	3,860.0	63.7	3,704.6	3,759.1	3,768.5	63.9					
Unemployed ('000)	303.1	313.6	301.5	(1.6)	325.5	322.0	325.8	0.3					
Unemployment Rate (%)	7.4	7.6	7.2	(0.2)	8.1	7.9	8.0	(0.1)					
Participation Rate (%)	66.3	65.7	66.6	0.3	65.2	65.4	65.5	0.3					
Employment Rate (%)	61.4	60.7	61.8	0.4	60.0	60.2	60.3	0.3					
Ontario													
		Actua	al			Seasonally	Adjusted						
				Annual				Annual					
<b>5</b> 1 11 (1999)	Jun 2005	May 2006	Jun 2006	Change	Jun 2005	May 2006	Jun 2006	Change					
Population ('000)	10,062.5	10,211.2	10,224.7	162.2	10,062.5	10,211.2	10,224.7	162.2					
Labour Force ('000)	6,962.0	7,011.9	7,032.4	70.4	6,867.8	6,929.3	6,934.3	66.5					
Employment ('000)	6,505.1	6,582.9	6,624.9	119.8	6,406.0	6,520.8	6,522.2	116.2					
Unemployed ('000)	456.9	429.0	407.5	(49.4)	461.8	408.5	412.0	(49.8)					
Unemployment Rate (%)	6.6	6.1	5.8	(0.8)	6.7	5.9	5.9	(0.8)					
Participation Rate (%)	69.2	68.7	68.8	(0.4)	68.3	67.9	67.8	(0.5)					
Employment Rate (%)	64.6	64.5	64.8	0.2	63.7	63.9	63.8	0.1					
			Manito	oba									
		Actua	al	Annual		Seasonally	Adjusted	Annual					
	Jun 2005	May 2006	Jun 2006	Change	Jun 2005	May 2006	Jun 2006						
Population ('000)		May 2006		J		May 2006		Change					
Population ('000)	888.8	891.5	892.2	3.4	888.8	891.5	892.2	3.4					
Labour Force ('000)	615.8	619.0 596.5	617.7	1.9	608.9	613.7	610.4	1.5					
Employment ('000)	589.4		599.1	9.7	579.4	588.2	588.5	9.1					
Unemployed ('000)	26.5	22.5	18.6	(7.9)	29.5	25.5	21.9	(7.6)					
Unemployment Rate (%)	4.3	3.6	3.0	(1.3)	4.8	4.2	3.6	(1.2					

June 2006

Population is for those 15 years of age and over.

69.3

66.3

Participation Rate (%)

Employment Rate (%)

Annual Change is in thousands or percentage points as shown in row headings.

69.4

66.9

69.2

67.1

(0.1)

8.0

68.5

65.2

68.8

66.0

68.4

66.0

(0.1)

8.0



June 2006

# Table 1. Basic Characteristics, Canada/Provinces

Sac	14	-4-	

Saskatchewan													
		Actua	al			Seasonally	Adjusted						
				Annual		-	-	Annual					
	Jun 2005	May 2006	Jun 2006	Change	Jun 2005	May 2006	Jun 2006	Change					
Population ('000)	748.6	745.9	745.9	(2.7)	748.6	745.9	745.9	(2.7)					
Labour Force ('000)	519.7	518.8	525.1	5.4	509.5	511.3	514.2	4.7					
Employment ('000)	498.0	496.1	503.4	5.4	484.7	486.5	488.7	4.0					
Unemployed ('000)	21.6	22.8	21.7	0.1	24.8	24.9	25.4	0.6					
Unemployment Rate (%)	4.2	4.4	4.1	(0.1)	4.9	4.9	4.9	-					
Participation Rate (%)	69.4	69.6	70.4	1.0	68.1	68.5	68.9	0.8					
Employment Rate (%)	66.5	66.5	67.5	1.0	64.7	65.2	65.5	8.0					
			Albei	rta									
		Actua	al			Seasonally	Adjusted						
				Annual				Annual					
	Jun 2005	May 2006	Jun 2006	Change	Jun 2005	May 2006	Jun 2006	Change					
Population ('000)	2,552.1	2,628.0	2,634.7	82.6	2,552.1	2,628.0	2,634.7	82.6					

		Actua	al		Seasonally Adjusted						
				Annual				Annual			
	Jun 2005	May 2006	Jun 2006	Change	Jun 2005	May 2006	Jun 2006	Change			
Population ('000)	2,552.1	2,628.0	2,634.7	82.6	2,552.1	2,628.0	2,634.7	82.6			
Labour Force ('000)	1,877.6	1,966.3	1,970.9	93.3	1,850.0	1,942.1	1,937.7	87.7			
Employment ('000)	1,813.8	1,899.2	1,908.8	95.0	1,778.6	1,876.2	1,869.2	90.6			
Unemployed ('000)	63.8	67.1	62.2	(1.6)	71.4	65.9	68.5	(2.9)			
Unemployment Rate (%)	3.4	3.4	3.2	(0.2)	3.9	3.4	3.5	(0.4)			
Participation Rate (%)	73.6	74.8	74.8	1.2	72.5	73.9	73.5	1.0			
Employment Rate (%)	71.1	72.3	72.4	1.3	69.7	71.4	70.9	1.2			

# **British Columbia**

		Actua	Seasonally .					
				Annual				Annual
	Jun 2005	May 2006	Jun 2006	Change	Jun 2005	May 2006	Jun 2006	Change
Population ('000)	3,444.5	3,503.5	3,509.1	64.6	3,444.5	3,503.5	3,509.1	64.6
Labour Force ('000)	2,284.7	2,315.6	2,317.1	32.4	2,255.4	2,302.0	2,289.1	33.7
Employment ('000)	2,159.2	2,202.6	2,226.3	67.1	2,123.8	2,193.6	2,191.8	68.0
Unemployed ('000)	125.5	113.1	90.9	(34.6)	131.6	108.4	97.3	(34.3)
Unemployment Rate (%)	5.5	4.9	3.9	(1.6)	5.8	4.7	4.3	(1.5)
Participation Rate (%)	66.3	66.1	66.0	(0.3)	65.5	65.7	65.2	(0.3)
Employment Rate (%)	62.7	62.9	63.4	0.7	61.7	62.6	62.5	0.8



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# Table 2. NS Economic Regions/Halifax CMA

(unadjusted - three month moving average)

		Can	ada		Nova Scotia					
				Annual				Annual		
	Jun 2005	May 2006	Jun 2006	Change	Jun 2005	May 2006	Jun 2006	Change		
Population ('000)	25,751.9	26,102.3	26,135.0	383.1	760.2	762.5	762.5	2.3		
Labour Force ('000)	17,396.8	17,457.4	17,654.7	257.9	489.1	480.2	486.3	(2.8)		
Employment ('000)	16,217.6	16,326.2	16,575.5	357.9	448.8	439.0	447.2	(1.6)		
Unemployed ('000)	1,179.2	1,131.2	1,079.2	(100.0)	40.3	41.2	39.0	(1.3)		
Unemployment Rate (%)	6.8	6.5	6.1	(0.7)	8.2	8.6	8.0	(0.2)		
Participation Rate (%)	67.6	66.9	67.6	-	64.3	63.0	63.8	(0.5)		
Employment Rate (%)	63.0	62.5	63.4	0.4	59.0	57.6	58.6	(0.4)		
		1230 - Anna	polis Vallev			1210 - Ca	pe Breton			
				Annual				Annual		
	Jun 2005	May 2006	Jun 2006	Change	Jun 2005	May 2006	Jun 2006	Change		
Population ('000)	99.2	99.6	99.7	0.5	117.6	117.1	117.0	(0.6)		
Labour Force ('000)	61.1	60.0	59.7	(1.4)	66.3	62.8	65.0	(1.3)		
Employment ('000)	56.4	54.9	55.4	(1.0)	57.6	54.1	56.0	(1.6)		
Unemployed ('000)	4.7	5.1	4.3	(0.4)	8.7	8.8	9.0	0.3		
Unemployment Rate (%)	7.7	8.5	7.2	(0.5)	13.1	14.0	13.8	0.7		
Participation Rate (%)	61.6	60.2	59.9	(1.7)	56.4	53.6	55.6	(8.0)		
Employment Rate (%)	56.9	55.1	55.6	(1.3)	49.0	46.2	47.9	(1.1)		
		250 - Halifa	ax County			Halifax Me	etro (CMA)			
				Annual		` ,	Annual			
	Jun 2005	May 2006	Jun 2006	Change	Jun 2005	May 2006	Jun 2006	Change		
Population ('000)	308.4	310.9	311.0	2.6	308.4	310.9	311.0	2.6		
Labour Force ('000)	217.7	215.5	218.6	0.9	217.7	215.5	218.6	0.9		
Employment ('000)	204.5	203.5	207.4	2.9	204.5	203.5	207.4	2.9		
Unemployed ('000)	13.2	12.0	11.2	(2.0)	13.2	12.0	11.2	(2.0)		
Unemployment Rate (%)	6.1	5.6	5.1	(1.0)	6.1	5.6	5.1	(1.0)		
Participation Rate (%)	70.6	69.3	70.3	(0.3)	70.6	69.3	70.3	(0.3)		
Employment Rate (%)	66.3	05.5						0.4		
	00.3	65.5	66.7	0.4	66.3	65.5	66.7	0.4		
	00.3	1220 - No		0.4	66.3	65.5 <b>1240 - S</b>		0.4		
	00.3			0.4 Annual	66.3			0.4 Annual		
	Jun 2005				66.3 Jun 2005					
Population ('000)		1220 - No	rth Shore	Annual		1240 - S	outhern	Annual		
Population ('000) Labour Force ('000)	Jun 2005	<b>1220 - No</b> May 2006	rth Shore Jun 2006	Annual Change	Jun 2005	<b>1240 - S</b> May 2006	outhern Jun 2006	Annual Change		
. ,	Jun 2005 131.2	<b>1220 - No</b> May 2006 131.2	rth Shore  Jun 2006 131.1	Annual Change (0.1)	Jun 2005 103.8	<b>1240 - S</b> May 2006 103.8	outhern  Jun 2006 103.7	Annual Change (0.1)		
Labour Force ('000)	Jun 2005 131.2 82.7	<b>1220 - No</b> May 2006 131.2 80.6	Jun 2006 131.1 80.7	Annual Change (0.1) (2.0)	Jun 2005 103.8 61.4	<b>1240 - S</b> May 2006 103.8 61.2	outhern  Jun 2006 103.7 62.3	Annual Change (0.1) 0.9		
Labour Force ('000) Employment ('000)	Jun 2005 131.2 82.7 75.4	<b>1220 - No</b> May 2006 131.2 80.6 72.2	Jun 2006 131.1 80.7 72.9	Annual Change (0.1) (2.0) (2.5)	Jun 2005 103.8 61.4 54.9	<b>1240 - S</b> May 2006 103.8 61.2 54.3	outhern  Jun 2006 103.7 62.3 55.6	Annual Change (0.1) 0.9 0.7		
Labour Force ('000) Employment ('000) Unemployed ('000)	Jun 2005 131.2 82.7 75.4 7.3	1220 - No May 2006 131.2 80.6 72.2 8.5	Jun 2006 131.1 80.7 72.9 7.8	Annual Change (0.1) (2.0) (2.5) 0.5	Jun 2005 103.8 61.4 54.9 6.5	1240 - S May 2006 103.8 61.2 54.3 6.8	outhern  Jun 2006 103.7 62.3 55.6 6.7	Annual Change (0.1) 0.9 0.7 0.2		



# Table 3. Job Tenure, Canada/Provinces

# **Employment - Seasonally Adjusted (000's)**

		Total				Full-Time				Part-time		
				Annual				Annual				Annual
	Jun 2005	May 2006	Jun 2006	Change	Jun 2005	May 2006	Jun 2006	Change	Jun 2005	May 2006	Jun 2006	Change
Canada	16,151.2	16,514.9	16,510.3	359.1	13,198.5	13,564.0	13,496.9	298.4	2,952.7	2,950.8	3,013.3	60.6
Newfoundland and Labrador	215.7	216.0	214.7	(1.0)	186.7	183.8	186.5	(0.2)	29.0	32.2	28.2	(0.8)
Prince Edward Island	67.2	69.8	68.6	1.4	55.4	59.3	58.3	2.9	11.8	10.5	10.4	(1.4)
Nova Scotia	443.1	444.5	439.4	(3.7)	354.7	359.1	353.6	(1.1)	88.4	85.4	85.8	(2.6)
New Brunswick	348.0	360.1	358.5	10.5	289.8	302.4	301.3	11.5	58.3	57.8	57.2	(1.1)
Quebec	3,704.6	3,759.1	3,768.5	63.9	3,061.9	3,067.0	3,048.2	(13.7)	642.7	692.2	720.2	77.5
Ontario	6,406.0	6,520.8	6,522.2	116.2	5,239.7	5,396.3	5,368.5	128.8	1,166.3	1,124.5	1,153.8	(12.5)
Manitoba	579.4	588.2	588.5	9.1	467.3	475.9	473.7	6.4	112.1	112.3	114.7	2.6
Saskatchewan	484.7	486.5	488.7	4.0	391.3	397.0	398.3	7.0	93.5	89.4	90.5	(3.0)
Alberta	1,778.6	1,876.2	1,869.2	90.6	1,481.5	1,573.6	1,565.2	83.7	297.1	302.6	304.0	6.9
British Columbia	2,123.8	2,193.6	2,191.8	68.0	1,670.9	1,749.6	1,743.7	72.8	452.9	444.0	448.1	(4.8)

# Employment - Actual (000's)

	Total					Full-Time				Part-time			
				Annual				Annual				Annual	
	Jun 2005	May 2006	Jun 2006	Change	Jun 2005	May 2006	Jun 2006	Change	Jun 2005	May 2006	Jun 2006	Change	
Canada	16,489.5	16,676.0	16,854.5	365.0	13,632.6	13,751.3	13,926.1	293.5	2,856.9	2,924.7	2,928.5	71.6	
Newfoundland and Labrador	232.6	220.0	230.8	(1.8)	203.1	186.9	202.2	(0.9)	29.5	33.1	28.6	(0.9)	
Prince Edward Island	73.3	72.7	74.3	1.0	61.4	62.1	64.0	2.6	11.9	10.6	10.3	(1.6)	
Nova Scotia	457.7	451.8	453.5	(4.2)	372.5	368.1	369.8	(2.7)	85.3	83.7	83.6	(1.7)	
New Brunswick	364.0	365.0	373.6	9.6	308.0	306.3	318.7	10.7	56.0	58.6	54.9	(1.1)	
Quebec	3,796.3	3,789.4	3,860.0	63.7	3,194.5	3,100.2	3,170.7	(23.8)	601.8	689.2	689.3	87.5	
Ontario	6,505.1	6,582.9	6,624.9	119.8	5,364.5	5,469.7	5,495.2	130.7	1,140.6	1,113.2	1,129.8	(10.8)	
Manitoba	589.4	596.5	599.1	9.7	481.2	483.5	488.3	7.1	108.2	113.0	110.8	2.6	
Saskatchewan	498.0	496.1	503.4	5.4	405.7	409.3	413.0	7.3	92.3	86.8	90.4	(1.9)	
Alberta	1,813.8	1,899.2	1,908.8	95.0	1,522.0	1,600.3	1,612.0	90.0	291.8	298.9	296.8	5.0	
British Columbia	2,159.2	2,202.6	2,226.3	67.1	1,719.8	1,765.0	1,792.2	72.4	439.4	437.6	434.1	(5.3)	



# Table 3 Job Tenure Canada/Provinces

# **Youth Statistics**

# 15-24 Age Group - Seasonally Adjusted

		Labour Force - 000's					Employment - 000's				Unemployment - %		
				Annual				Annual				Annual	
	Jun 2005	May 2006	Jun 2006	Change	Jun 2005	May 2006	Jun 2006	Change	Jun 2005	May 2006	Jun 2006	Change	
Canada	2,814.9	2,873.8	2,863.6	48.7	2,454.1	2,554.8	2,551.3	97.2	12.8	11.1	10.9	(1.9)	
Newfoundland and Labrador	37.2	35.8	34.5	(2.7)	29.2	28.3	26.5	(2.7)	21.5	20.9	23.2	1.7	
Prince Edward Island	14.0	14.5	13.9	(0.1)	11.1	12.5	12.1	1.0	20.7	13.8	12.2	(8.5)	
Nova Scotia	83.9	84.9	84.2	0.3	69.4	72.5	72.0	2.6	17.3	14.6	14.5	(2.8)	
New Brunswick	60.2	65.7	63.7	3.5	51.3	56.7	56.0	4.7	14.8	13.7	12.1	(2.7)	
Quebec	617.7	619.7	626.0	8.3	535.3	535.7	536.9	1.6	13.3	13.6	14.2	0.9	
Ontario	1,094.5	1,105.5	1,104.5	10.0	934.9	974.8	979.1	44.2	14.6	11.8	11.4	(3.2)	
Manitoba	109.9	114.0	110.3	0.4	99.6	104.0	103.2	3.6	9.4	8.8	6.3	(3.1)	
Saskatchewan	95.2	95.9	96.3	1.1	86.2	88.2	88.1	1.9	9.6	8.0	8.5	(1.1)	
Alberta	328.7	355.7	351.6	22.9	303.6	331.7	327.5	23.9	7.6	6.7	6.9	(0.7)	
British Columbia	373.6	382.2	378.7	5.1	333.7	350.5	349.8	16.1	10.7	8.3	7.6	(3.1)	

# 15-24 Age Group - Actual

		Labour Force - 000's				Employment - 000's				Unemployment - %		
				Annual				Annual				Annual
	Jun 2005	May 2006	Jun 2006	Change	Jun 2005	May 2006	Jun 2006	Change	Jun 2005	May 2006	Jun 2006	Change
Canada	3,002.5	2,978.5	3,049.9	47.4	2,637.7	2,611.0	2,736.0	98.3	12.2	12.3	10.3	(1.9)
Newfoundland and Labrador	42.3	37.7	38.8	(3.5)	33.3	28.0	29.8	(3.5)	21.3	25.7	23.5	2.2
Prince Edward Island	15.4	15.4	15.5	0.1	13.1	13.1	14.1	1.0	14.9	14.9	9.0	(5.9)
Nova Scotia	88.7	87.6	88.9	0.2	75.0	73.3	77.4	2.4	15.3	16.4	13.0	(2.3)
New Brunswick	67.2	69.2	70.3	3.1	57.2	58.2	61.5	4.3	14.9	15.9	12.5	(2.4)
Quebec	667.4	621.1	671.1	3.7	586.2	536.0	584.1	(2.1)	12.2	13.7	13.0	8.0
Ontario	1,169.5	1,166.0	1,181.6	12.1	1,000.2	1,004.5	1,049.4	49.2	14.5	13.9	11.2	(3.3)
Manitoba	115.2	117.7	115.4	0.2	105.4	107.9	108.8	3.4	8.6	8.3	5.7	(2.9)
Saskatchewan	102.3	100.8	104.0	1.7	93.6	92.4	96.4	2.8	8.6	8.3	7.3	(1.3)
Alberta	346.1	371.8	369.6	23.5	324.7	343.5	348.6	23.9	6.2	7.6	5.7	(0.5)
British Columbia	388.4	391.4	394.8	6.4	349.0	354.3	366.1	17.1	10.1	9.5	7.3	(2.8)



# Table 4. Employment by Sector, Canada and Nova Scotia

#### Canada - Actual

		Labour Fore	ce - 000's			Employme	nt - 000's		Unemployment - %			
All industries	Jun 2005 17,600.9	May 2006 17,767.6	Jun 2006 17,862.0	Annual Change 261.1	Jun 2005 16,489.5	May 2006 16,676.0	Jun 2006 16,854.5	Annual Change 365.0	Jun 2005 6.3	May 2006 6.1	Jun 2006 5.6	Annual Change (0.7)
Goods-Producing Sector	4,406.0	4,313.2	4,338.2	(67.8)	4,180.3	4,054.8	4,119.5	(60.8)	5.1	6.0	5.0	(0.1)
Agriculture	384.0	387.2	379.5	(4.5)	368.5	371.2	366.2	(2.3)	4.0	4.1	3.5	(0.5)
Forestry, Fishing, Mining, Oil and Gas	354.3	364.9	374.7	20.4	332.0	332.0	349.7	17.7	6.3	9.0	6.7	0.4
Utilities	135.7	124.8	124.4	(11.3)	132.3	122.2	121.6	(10.7)	2.5	2.1	2.3	(0.2)
Construction	1,145.0	1,153.9	1,163.7	18.7	1,084.3	1,079.2	1,101.3	17.0	5.3	6.5	5.4	0.1
Manufacturing	2,387.1	2,282.5	2,295.8	(91.3)	2,263.2	2,150.2	2,180.7	(82.5)	5.2	5.8	5.0	(0.2)
Services-Producing Sector	12,807.4	13,092.4	13,177.1	369.7	12,309.2	12,621.2	12,735.0	425.8	3.9	3.6	3.4	(0.5)
Trade	2,686.1	2,778.0	2,739.7	53.6	2,574.3	2,665.5	2,638.5	64.2	4.2	4.0	3.7	(0.5)
Transportation and Warehousing	829.6	834.3	847.8	18.2	805.8	806.9	825.8	20.0	2.9	3.3	2.6	(0.3)
Finance, Insurance, Real Estate and Leasing	1,013.5	1,074.9	1,081.4	67.9	988.2	1,056.4	1,064.8	76.6	2.5	1.7	1.5	(1.0)
Professional, Scientific and Technical Services	1,097.9	1,137.2	1,130.7	32.8	1,063.2	1,107.9	1,099.8	36.6	3.2	2.6	2.7	(0.5)
Management, Administrative & Other Support Services	749.7	746.5	758.9	9.2	680.4	685.6	705.2	24.8	9.2	8.2	7.1	(2.1)
Educational Services	1,142.4	1,202.9	1,193.0	50.6	1,113.4	1,179.3	1,166.0	52.6	2.5	2.0	2.3	(0.2)
Health Care and Social Assistance	1,770.1	1,808.6	1,866.3	96.2	1,733.4	1,780.3	1,830.8	97.4	2.1	1.6	1.9	(0.2)
Information, Culture and Recreation	785.7	801.1	813.7	28.0	751.2	760.5	774.3	23.1	4.4	5.1	4.8	0.4
Accommodation and Food Services	1,108.2	1,088.6	1,118.7	10.5	1,032.0	1,011.5	1,048.9	16.9	6.9	7.1	6.2	(0.7)
Other Services	739.1	731.9	740.0	0.9	703.9	703.9	712.2	8.3	4.8	3.8	3.8	(1.0)
Public Administration	885.1	888.3	887.0	1.9	863.3	863.3	868.7	5.4	2.5	2.8	2.1	(0.4)
Unclassified Industries	387.5	361.9	346.6	(40.9)	-	-	-					

#### Nova Scotia - Actual

		Labour For	ce - 000's			Employme	nt - 000's	Unemployment - %				
				Annual				Annual				Annual
	Jun 2005	May 2006	Jun 2006	Change	Jun 2005	May 2006	Jun 2006	Change	Jun 2005	May 2006	Jun 2006	Change
All industries	496.1	491.0	489.4	(6.7)	457.7	451.8	453.5	(4.2)	7.7	8.0	7.4	(0.3)
Goods-Producing Sector	106.3	101.1	101.3	(5.0)	95.9	91.4	90.7	(5.2)	9.8	9.6	10.5	0.7
Agriculture	7.8	5.8	5.2	(2.6)	6.6	5.0	4.6	(2.0)	15.4	13.8	11.5	(3.9)
Forestry, Fishing, Mining, Oil and Gas	20.0	16.6	15.6	(4.4)	17.3	15.5	13.1	(4.2)	13.5	6.6	16.0	2.5
Utilities	2.7	1.5	1.7	(1.0)	2.7	1.5	1.7	(1.0)	-	-	-	-
Construction	31.1	31.6	32.9	1.8	28.1	27.7	28.8	0.7	9.6	12.3	12.5	2.9
Manufacturing	44.7	45.5	46.0	1.3	41.1	41.6	42.5	1.4	8.1	8.6	7.6	(0.5)
Services-Producing Sector	380.8	380.5	381.2	0.4	361.9	360.5	362.8	0.9	5.0	5.3	4.8	(0.2)
Trade	82.5	85.1	85.2	2.7	80.5	81.8	82.0	1.5	2.4	3.9	3.6	1.2
Transportation and Warehousing	22.0	21.9	20.1	(1.9)	21.2	20.1	19.4	(1.8)	3.6	8.2	4.0	0.4
Finance, Insurance, Real Estate and Leasing	22.1	21.5	21.7	(0.4)	21.5	21.1	21.0	(0.5)	2.7	-	3.2	0.5
Professional, Scientific and Technical Services	21.5	19.6	19.3	(2.2)	20.6	18.6	18.1	(2.5)	4.2	5.1	6.2	2.0
Management, Administrative & Other Support Services	30.5	32.0	34.1	3.6	27.5	29.0	30.8	3.3	9.8	9.4	9.7	(0.1)
Educational Services	34.2	35.8	33.6	(0.6)	32.2	35.2	32.2	-	5.6	1.7	4.2	(1.4)
Health Care and Social Assistance	59.2	61.8	63.4	4.2	57.9	60.8	61.8	3.9	2.2	1.6	2.5	0.3
Information, Culture and Recreation	17.3	17.8	19.2	1.9	16.5	15.6	17.3	0.8	4.6	12.4	9.9	5.3
Accommodation and Food Services	38.5	32.5	31.4	(7.1)	34.0	28.8	29.6	(4.4)	11.7	11.4	6.1	(5.6)
Other Services	23.3	22.3	21.4	(1.9)	21.6	20.9	20.1	(1.5)	7.3	6.3	5.6	(1.7)
Public Administration	29.7	30.2	31.8	2.1	28.3	28.5	30.5	2.2	4.4	5.6	4.1	(0.3)
Unclassified Industries	9.1	9.4	6.9	(2.2)	_	-	-					



# Table 5. CMAs, Canada

## **CMA Data**

(Unadjusted - three month moving average)

	Unemployment Rate - %					Employment Rate - %				Participation Rate - %			
		Annual						Annual		Annua			
	Jun 2005	May 2006	Jun 2006	Change	Jun 2005	May 2006	Jun 2006	Change	Jun 2005	May 2006	Jun 2006	Change	
St. John's, Newfoundland and Labrador	10.3	8.9	9.0	(1.3)	59.4	60.8	61.6	2.2	66.2	66.7	67.7	1.5	
Halifax	6.1	5.6	5.1	(1.0)	66.2	65.5	66.7	0.5	70.5	69.3	70.3	(0.2)	
Saint John, New Brunswick	7.7	6.6	6.6	(1.1)	60.9	60.5	60.2	(0.7)	65.9	64.7	64.4	(1.5)	
Saguenay	9.0	9.2	8.6	(0.4)	54.2	56.9	57.9	3.7	59.5	62.7	63.4	3.9	
Québec	5.7	4.6	3.9	(1.8)	65.1	64.3	65.1	-	69.0	67.4	67.7	(1.3)	
Trois-Rivières	9.6	8.6	7.8	(1.8)	60.9	57.1	56.9	(4.0)	67.5	62.5	61.6	(5.9)	
Sherbrooke	7.4	7.8	7.3	(0.1)	61.7	60.9	61.3	(0.4)	66.6	65.9	66.1	(0.5)	
Montreal	8.3	8.9	8.3	-	61.5	60.7	61.6	0.1	67.1	66.6	67.1	-	
Ottawa-Gatineau	6.7	5.1	4.7	(2.0)	66.2	69.0	69.3	3.1	71.0	72.6	72.7	1.7	
Greater Sudbury	7.4	7.3	6.8	(0.6)	58.2	58.2	59.2	1.0	62.8	62.8	63.5	0.7	
Oshawa	5.9	6.1	5.8	(0.1)	67.4	65.0	66.0	(1.4)	71.6	69.2	70.0	(1.6)	
Toronto	7.5	6.4	6.3	(1.2)	64.8	64.0	64.6	(0.2)	70.1	68.4	69.0	(1.1)	
Hamilton	5.5	5.9	5.7	0.2	63.3	63.3	64.2	0.9	67.0	67.2	68.2	1.2	
St. Catharines - Niagara	6.7	6.8	6.0	(0.7)	59.6	57.3	58.9	(0.7)	63.8	61.5	62.7	(1.1)	
London	6.8	5.8	5.7	(1.1)	65.9	65.4	66.2	0.3	70.7	69.4	70.1	(0.6)	
Windsor	8.3	8.7	8.6	0.3	59.9	58.8	60.4	0.5	65.3	64.4	66.0	0.7	
Kitchener	5.9	5.1	4.7	(1.2)	70.2	67.1	67.2	(3.0)	74.6	70.7	70.6	(4.0)	
Thunder Bay	7.9	8.8	8.1	0.2	63.0	58.9	60.1	(2.9)	68.4	64.6	65.4	(3.0)	
Winnipeg	4.8	4.7	4.2	(0.6)	66.0	66.4	67.4	1.4	69.3	69.8	70.3	1.0	
Regina	4.5	5.3	4.9	0.4	68.7	66.1	67.5	(1.2)	71.9	69.8	71.0	(0.9)	
Saskatoon	4.3	5.0	4.7	0.4	69.1	66.7	68.1	(1.0)	72.1	70.2	71.5	(0.6)	
Calgary	3.2	3.1	3.1	(0.1)	72.2	73.7	74.2	2.0	74.6	76.1	76.7	2.1	
Edmonton	4.7	3.8	3.8	(0.9)	67.4	66.1	67.2	(0.2)	70.7	68.7	69.8	(0.9)	
Vancouver	5.9	4.2	4.1	(1.8)	63.6	63.6	64.1	0.5	67.6	66.3	66.9	(0.7)	
Victoria	3.5	4.1	3.6	0.1	63.0	63.0	63.5	0.5	65.2	65.7	65.9	0.7	



# **Appendix II - Glossary**

# Labour Force Survey (LFS)

The following are key definitions used in the LFS. For a more detailed dictionary of concepts and definitions refer to Statistics Canada, *Guide to the Labour Force Survey*, Catalogue No. 71-543-GIE. Statistics Canada outlines other labour force information products and services in *Labour Force Survey Products and Services*, Catalogue No. 71-544-XIE.

**Population:** The target population covered by the survey corresponds to all persons aged 15 years and over residing in the provinces of Canada, with the exception of the following: 1) persons living on Indian Reserves, 2) full-time members of the regular Armed Forces, and 3) persons living in institutions.

**Labour Force:** The civilian non-institutional population 15 years of age and over that, during the survey reference week, was employed or unemployed and actively looking for work. Prior to 1966, persons aged 14 and over were covered by the survey.

**Employment:** Employed persons are those persons who, during the reference week, did any work for pay or profit, or had a job and were absent from work.

**Full-time Employment:** Refers to those persons who usually work 30 hours or more per week at their main or only job.

**Part-time Employment**: Refers to those persons who usually work less than 30 hours per week at their main or only job.

**Unemployment:** Unemployed persons are those persons who, during the reference week, were available for work and were either on temporary layoff, had looked for work in the past four weeks, or had a job to start within the next four weeks.

**Not in the Labour Force:** Persons not in the labour force are those who, during the reference week, were unwilling or unable to offer or supply

labour services under conditions existing in their labour markets, that is, they were neither employed nor unemployed.

**Unemployment Rate:** Unemployment rate is the number of unemployed persons expressed as a percentage of the labour force. The unemployment rate for a particular group (age, sex, marital status, etc.) is the number unemployed in that group expressed as a percentage of the labour force for that group.

**Participation Rate:** The total labour force expressed as a percentage of the population aged 15 years and over. The participation rate for a particular group (for example, women aged 25 years and over) is the labour force in that group expressed as a percentage of the population for that group.

**Employment Rate:** The number of employed persons expressed as a percentage of the population 15 years of age and over. The employment rate for a particular group (age, sex, marital status, province, etc.) is the number employed in that group expressed as a percentage of the population for that group.

Seasonal Adjustment (s.a.): Fluctuations in economic time series are caused by seasonal, cyclical and irregular movements. A seasonally adjusted series is one from which seasonal movements have been eliminated. Seasonal movements are defined as those which are caused by regular annual events such as climate, holidays, vacation periods and cycles related to crops, production and retail sales associated with Christmas and Easter. It should be noted that the seasonally adjusted series contain irregular as well as long-term cyclical fluctuations. The seasonal adjustment program is a complicated computer program which differentiates between these seasonal, cyclical and irregular movements in a series over a number of years and, on the basis of past movements, estimates appropriate seasonal



factors for current data. On an annual basis, the historic series of seasonally adjusted data are revised in light of the most recent information on changes in seasonality.

# Wages and Salaries

Wages and Salaries: Wages and salaries is an aggregate of many types of payments made to employees-regular remuneration, directors' fees, bonuses, commissions, gratuities, income in kind, taxable allowances, retroactive wage payments and stock options. Wages and salaries are estimated on a "gross" basis that is, prior to deductions for employees' contributions to income tax, employment insurance, pension funds, etc. Supplementary labour income, which is defined as payments made by employers for the future benefit of their employees, comprises employer contributions to employee welfare, pensions. workers compensation and employment insurance. Wages and salaries, as well as, supplementary labour income are the components Labour Income of (all compensation paid to employees).

Wages and salaries estimates are derived to supply the System of National Accounts (SNA) with the Labour Income component of the Gross Domestic Product (GDP). Monthly estimates of wages and salaries are published, on a quarterly basis, for 16 industry groups. Industrial coverage is based on the North American Standard Industrial Classification System (NAICS).

For a more detailed dictionary of concepts and definitions from Statistics Canada, *Estimates of Labour Income*, Catalogue No. 13F0022-XIE or refer to:

http://www.statcan.ca/cgibin/imdb/p2SV.pl?Function=getSurvey&SDDS= 2602&lang=en&db=IMDB&dbg=f&adm=8&dis=2

## Average Weekly Earnings

**Average Weekly Employment:** For purposes of developing average weekly employment and average weekly earnings data, the target

population of the Statistics Canada Survey of Employment, Payrolls and Hours (SEPH), is composed of all employers in Canada, except, 1) those owners or partners of unincorporated business and professional practices, the selfemployed, unpaid family workers, persons working outside Canada, casual workers for whom a T-4 is not required; 2) agriculture, fishing and trapping, private household services, religious organizations; and 3) the military. It draws its sample from the Business Register (BR) maintained by the Business Register Division of Statistics Canada and from a list of all businesses registered in Canada Customs and Revenue Agency's Business Number program with one or more active payroll deduction accounts.

Average Weekly Earnings: The Survey of Employment, Earnings and Hours is produced from the combination of the Business Payroll Survey results and the payroll deductions administrative data received Canada Customs and Revenue Agency.

SEPH is Canada's only source of detailed information on the total number of paid employees, payrolls, and hours at detailed industrial, provincial and territorial levels.

For further information about the *Survey of Employment, Payrolls and Hours* (SEPH), No. 2612, refer to Statistics Canada, *Employment, Earnings and Hours*, monthly, Catalogue No. 71-002-XIB or annual, Catalogue No. 72F0023-XCB; *CANSIM Tables 281-0023, 281-0024, 281-0026 and 281-0027.* 

# Employment Insurance (EI)

Employment Insurance Statistics: The **Employment** Insurance Statistics reports official statistics on the operation of the Employment Insurance Statistics Program and provides complementary labour statistics. Statistics are produced from an administrative data source and may, from time to time, be affected by changes in the Employment Insurance Act or administrative procedures.



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**Number of Beneficiaries:** The number of beneficiaries represents a count of persons who received Employment Insurance (EI) benefits during the *Labour Force Survey* reference week (usually containing the 15<sup>th</sup> day of the month).

**Regular Benefit Payments:** The regular benefit payments series measures the total of all monies received by individuals for the entire month, e.g., regular, training, job creation, sickness, self-employment, maternity, adoption, parental, retirement, fishing, work sharing and compassionate benefits.

For further information related to the EI data see Statistics Canada, *CANSIM Tables 276-0001* and 275-0006, 276-0011, 276-0015 and 276-0006.

#### **Public Sector**

Public Sector: The population of public sector employment consists of all institutional units controlled and mainly financed by governments (federal, provincial, territorial and local) in Canada, including their business enterprises, Thus, the term "government" presented in the Statistics Canada's Public Sector Employment Survey includes all organizations controlled by any of the three levels of government that are not-for-profit and perform non-commercial services. The Canadian military (regular forces and reservists) and uniformed RCMP members are included in the federal government. Organizations controlled by government that operate as commercial corporations (such as Canada Post or Hydro-Quebec) are considered government business enterprises. The two combine to give the total public sector.

**Employment:** Employment is a measure of the number of individuals who work within a given industry. In other words, employment refers to the number of persons drawing pay for services rendered or for paid absences, regardless whether employed on a full time, part-time or on a temporary basis.

**Wages and Salaries:** Wages and salaries include directors' fees, bonuses, commissions, gratuities, income in kind, taxable allowances,

and retroactive wage payments. Wages and salaries are estimated on a gross basis, that is, before deductions for employees' contributions to income tax, unemployment insurance, or pension plans. Wages and salaries accumulating over time, for example, retroactive payments, are accounted for in the month and year in which they are paid. Supplementary labour income, such as employer contributions to pension, medical or similar plans are not included.

Further information on public sector employment can be downloaded from Statistics Canada, Canadian Statistics module; CANSIM Tables 183-0002 and 183-0004. As well, more detailed information, definitions, data sources and methods for Survey No. 1713 are available at:

http://www.statcan.ca/cgibin/imdb/p2SV.pl?Function=getSurvey&SDDS= 1713&lang=en&db=IMDB&dbg=f&adm=8&dis=2

