

Consumer Price Index

2002





CONSUMER PRICE INDEX - 1992 = 100January 2002 Release

	Nova Scotia				Canada			
CPI by Component	Jan. 2002 Index	% Change from. Dec. 2001	% Change from Jan.'01	Jan. 2002 Index	% Change from Dec. 2001	% Change from Jan.'01		
All Items	115.8	0.1	0.4	116.2	0.3	1.3		
Food	119.0	1.2	3.7	120.0	1.2	4.6		
Shelter	114.4	-0.3	-2.3	112.7	0.1	1.5		
Household Operations & Furnishings	109.9	-0.2	1.6	112.9	-0.1	2.2		
Clothing & Footwear	112.1	0.4	-0.7	102.3	-1.4	-2.4		
Transportation	122.7	-0.6	-4.7	126.9	0.7	-3.3		
Health & Personal Care	112.7	-0.5	1.0	114.3	-0.2	1.1		
Recreation, Education & Reading	122.8	0.0	2.6	122.3	-0.5	0.7		
Alcoholic Beverages & Tobacco Products	112.5	0.2	18.5	112.2	0.3	13.1		
Energy	113.4	-0.6	-14.7	120.8	1.4	-7.7		

HIGHLIGHTS

Cities

! Halifax Metro's January 2002 all-items CPI index of 115.3 (1992=100) was up 0.1% from last month and increased by 0.9% on a year over year basis.

Nova Scotia

- ! Nova Scotia's overall monthly price index increased 0.1% in January; it increased 0.4% over January 2001.
- Notable increases for the previous month were recorded for:
 -fresh vegetables (+16.8%), fresh fruit (+3.7%)
 -non-alcoholic beverages (+7.6%)
 -footwear (+2.4%); men's clothing (+2.1%)
 -other recreational services (+0.8%)

 - -food purchased from restaurants (+0.4%)
- Since last month offsetting price declines of particular note included: -household textiles (-7.0%)

 - -inter-city transportation (-4.5%)
 - -recreational equipment & services excl. vehicles (-2.0%) -fuel oil and other fuel (-1.6%)

 - -personal care supplies & equipment (-1.6%)
 - -gasoline (-0.6%)
 - -purchase & leasing of automotive vehicles (-0.4%)

- From December 2001 to January 2002, all-items CPI increased 0.3% in Canada; Canadians paid 1.3% more for the goods and services contained in the CPI basket than they did a year ago.
- Since last month higher prices contributing to the month-over-month increase included:
 -fresh vegetables (+14.2%)-worst US harvests since 1974 continued to drive up prices
 -automotive vehicle insurance premiums (+3.1%)-mostly because of increases in BC (+10.5%) and ON (+3.0%)
 -gasoline (+2.5%)-gasoline prices were up in almost all areas except PE (-4.4%), NS (-0.6%) and Whitehorse (-2.2%)
 -electricity (+1.7%)-mainly due to an 18.2% increase in the Alberta index due to the end of the \$40 monthly credit that was granted AB customers in 2001
- Lower prices that moderated the rise included: -travel tours (-10.1%)—January's demand is normally weaker -clothing and footwear (-1.4%)—many items were still on sale



CONSUMER PRICE INDEX - 1992 = 100February 2002 Release

	Nova Scotia				Canada		
CPI by Component	Feb. 2002 Index	% Change from. Jan. 2002	% Change from Feb.'01	Feb. 2002 Index	% Change from Jan. 2002	% Change from Feb.'01	
All Items	116.4	0.5	0.8	116.9	0.6	1.5	
Food	119.8	0.7	3.7	120.6	0.5	4.3	
Shelter	115.0	0.5	-1.5	113.1	0.1	2.1	
Household Operations & Furnishings	110.9	0.9	2.7	113.1	0.2	1.9	
Clothing & Footwear	111.5	-0.5	-1.4	105.4	3.0	-1.0	
Transportation	123.7	0.8	-3.9	127.5	0.5	-3.0	
Health & Personal Care	113.0	0.3	1.1	114.8	0.4	1.1	
Recreation, Education & Reading	123.8	0.8	2.7	124.1	1.5	1.0	
Alcoholic Beverages & Tobacco Products	112.2	-0.3	18.1	112.9	0.6	13.6	
Energy	115.6	1.9	-12.0	122.4	0.5	-5.8	

HIGHLIGHTS

Cities

! Halifax Metro's February 2002 all-items CPI index of 115.9 (1992=100) was up 0.5% from last month and increased by 1.2% on a year over year basis.

Nova Scotia

- ! Nova Scotia's overall monthly price index increased 0.5% in February; it increased 0.8% over February 2001.
- Notable increases for the previous month were recorded for:
 - -Fresh vegetables (+9.0%)
 - -Household textiles (+8.7%)
 - -Travel Services (+3.1%)
 - -Gasoline (+3.1%)
 - -Fuel Oil and other fuel (+2.9%)
 - -Processed Meat (+2.6%)
 - -Homeowner's maintenance and repairs (1.3%)
- ! Since last month offsetting price declines of particular note included:
 - -Fresh fruit (-4.9%)
 - -Footwear (-4.2%)
 - -Fresh or frozen beef (-2.2%)
 - -Non-alcoholic beverages (-0.9%)
 - -Cigarettes (-0.6%)
 - -Food purchased from restaurants (-0.2%)

- ! From January 2002 to February 2002, all-items CPI increased 0.6% in Canada; Canadians paid 1.5% more for the goods and services contained in the CPI basket than they did a year ago.
- Since last month higher prices contributing to the month-over-month increase included:

 - -Travel tours (+10.9%) The same as seen every February since 1998 -Traveller accomodation (+5.3%) Quebec registered the strongest rise of +10.6% due to the Quebec Winter Carnival
 - -Women's clothing (+4.6%) Increases especially strong in Quebec, Ontario and Alberta
 - -Fresh vegetables (+4.1%) Bad weather in the United States and Mexico partly to blame
 - -Gasoline (+1.4%)
- ! Lower prices that moderated the rise included:
 - -Fresh fruit (-4.3%) Greater availability and diversified supply sources pushed down certain prices
 - -Mortgage interest cost (-0.5%) Caused by dropping interest rates



CONSUMER PRICE INDEX - 1992 = 100 March 2002 Release

	Nova Scotia			Canada			
CPI by Component	Mar. 2002 Index	% Change from. Feb. 2002	% Change from Mar.'01	Mar. 2002 Index	% Change from Feb. 2002	% Change from Mar.'01	
All Items	117.1	0.6	1.3	117.7	0.7	1.8	
Food	119.9	0.1	3.2	120.4	-0.2	3.3	
Shelter	115.7	0.6	-0.5	113.1	0.0	1.1	
Household Operations & Furnishings	110.8	-0.1	2.2	113.7	0.5	2.2	
Clothing & Footwear	111.8	0.3	-2.8	107.1	1.6	-0.7	
Transportation	125.7	1.6	-2.0	130.5	2.4	0.3	
Health & Personal Care	113.1	0.1	1.4	114.5	-0.3	0.9	
Recreation, Education & Reading	125.4	1.3	3.7	124.9	0.6	1.1	
Alcoholic Beverages & Tobacco Products	111.8	-0.4	17.7	114.1	1.1	14.8	
Energy	120.3	4.1	-7.6	127.2	3.9	-3.3	

HIGHLIGHTS

Cities

Halifax Metro's March 2002 all-items CPI index of 116.5 (1992=100) was up 0.5% from last month and increased by 1.6% on a year over year basis.

Nova Scotia

- ! Nova Scotia's overall monthly price index increased 0.6% in March; it increased 1.3% over March 2001.
- Notable increases for the previous month were recorded for: -children's clothing (+10.8%) -travel services (+7.2%) -gasoline (+6.2%)

 - -fuel oil and other fuel (+5.3%)
 - -non-alcoholic beverages (+2.7%) -bakery products (+2.5%)

 - -fresh or frozen beef (+1.6%)
- Since last month offsetting price declines of particular note included:
 - -household textiles (-10.2%)
 - -fresh fruit (-3.6%); preserved fruit & fruit preparations (-3.0%) -men's clothing (-2.9%)

 - -beer purchased from stores (-2.4%)
 - -fresh vegetables (-1.0%)
 - -cigarettes (-0.2%)

- From February 2002 to March 2002, all-items CPI increased 0.7% in Canada; Canadians paid 1.8% more for the goods and services contained in the CPI basket than they did a year ago.
- Since last month higher prices contributing to the month-over-month increase included:
 -gasoline (+9.2%)-Prairie provinces and British Columbia were most affected areas of Canada
 -electricity (+2.8%)-entirely due to the 8.0% price increase in Ontario
 -lettuce (+41.8%) due to cold weather and frost affecting harvests in Arizona and California

- -travel tours (+7.4%)—high season for travel tours is comparable to increase in the same period last year -cigarettes (+2.5%)—due mainly to higher provincial sales taxes in Alberta (+17.2%), British Columbia (+9.9%) as well as increases in
- Saskatchewan, Newfoundland and Labrador and Prince Edward Island.
- Lower prices that moderated the rise included:
 - -natural gas (-7.3%) due to payment received by some northern Alberta consumers.



CONSUMER PRICE INDEX - 1992 = 100 April 2002 Release

	Nova Scotia			Canada		
CPI by Component	Apr. 2002 Index	% Change from. Mar. 2002	% Change from Apr.'01	Apr. 2002 Index	% Change from Mar. 2002	% Change from Apr.'01
All Items	118.9	1.5	2.1	118.4	0.6	1.7
Food	120.3	0.3	3.8	120.9	0.4	3.3
Shelter	116.7	0.9	0.5	112.8	-0.3	0.3
Household Operations & Furnishings	110.0	-0.7	1.4	113.9	0.2	1.7
Clothing & Footwear	113.5	1.5	-4.3	106.6	-0.5	0.1
Transportation	132.6	5.5	1.8	133.8	2.5	1.3
Health & Personal Care	112.7	-0.4	1.0	115.3	0.7	1.1
Recreation, Education & Reading	125.7	0.2	3.5	124.7	-0.2	0.6
Alcoholic Beverages & Tobacco Products	116.2	3.9	13.6	116.8	2.4	13.1
Energy	128.0	6.4	-2.7	129.4	1.7	-5.1

HIGHLIGHTS

Cities

! Halifax Metro's April 2002 all-items CPI index of 118.2 (1992=100) was up 1.5 % from last month and increased by 2.2% on a year over year basis.

Nova Scotia

- ! Nova Scotia's overall monthly price index increased 1.5% in April; it increased 2.1% over April 2001.
- ! Notable increases from the previous month were recorded for:
- -Automotive vehicle insurance premiums (+18.7%)
 - -Gasoline (+11.2%)
 - -Fuel oil and other fuel (+6.2%)
 - -Cigarettes (+4.9%)
 - -Inter-city transportation (+4.1%)
 - -Men's clothing (+2.4%)
 - -Automotive vehicle parts, maintenance and repairs (+2.1%)
- ! Since last month offsetting price declines of particular note included:
 - -Furniture (-10.0%)
 - -Sugar and confectionary (-4.0%)
 - -Personal care supplies and equipment (-2.1%)
 - -Non-alcoholic beverages (-1.7%)
 - -Processed meat (-1.1%)
 - -Home entertainment equipment and services (-0.9%)
 - -Purchase and leasing of automotive vehicles (-0.4%)

- ! From March 2002 to April 2002, the all-items CPI increased 0.6% in Canada; Canadians paid 1.7% more for the goods and services contained in the CPI basket than they did a year ago.
- ! Since last month higher prices contributing to the month-over-month increase included:
 - -Gasoline (+6.8%) accounted for half of the All Items increase
 - -Cigarettes (+4.0%) increases seen mainly in Alberta (+22.5%) and Saskatchewan (+27.4%)
 - -Air transportation (+4.8%) mostly caused by the new Air Traveller Security Charge
 - -New vehicles (+1.0%) mainly in Quebec (+1.4%) and Ontario (+1.3%)
- ! Lower prices that moderated the rise included:
 - -Natural gas (-12.9%) -the sixth consecutive monthly decline
 - -Lettuce (-29.8%) after rising considerably in March, the price fell due to improved weather conditions in California and Arizona



CONSUMER PRICE INDEX - 1992 = 100May 2002 Release

	Nova Scotia			Canada			
CPI by Component	May 2002 Index	% Change from. Apr. 2002	% Change from May'01	May 2002 Index	% Change from Apr. 2002	% Change from May'01	
All Items	120.0	0.9	2.6	118.6	0.2	1.0	
Food	120.0	-0.2	3.6	120.4	-0.4	2.1	
Shelter	116.7	0.0	0.1	113.1	0.3	-0.6	
Household Operations & Furnishings	110.2	0.2	1.4	113.8	-0.1	1.4	
Clothing & Footwear	113.2	-0.3	-2.0	104.6	-1.9	-0.3	
Transportation	136.4	2.9	3.2	134.1	0.2	0.1	
Health & Personal Care	113.8	1.0	1.6	115.7	0.3	1.1	
Recreation, Education & Reading	127.8	1.7	4.2	126.8	1.7	1.2	
Alcoholic Beverages & Tobacco Products	122.9	5.8	18.5	118.8	1.7	12.9	
Energy	126.7	-1.0	-6.1	128.4	-0.8	-10.5	

HIGHLIGHTS

Cities

! Halifax Metro's May 2002 all-items CPI index of 119.4 (1992=100) was up 1.0% from last month and increased by 2.8% on a year over year basis.

Nova Scotia

- ! Nova Scotia's overall monthly price index increased 0.9% in May; it increased 2.6% over May 2001.
- Notable increases for the previous month were recorded for: -automotive vehicle insurance premiums (+20.7%)

 - -automotive vehicle registration fees (+16.8) -travel services (+10.2%)

 - -cigarettes (+8.4%) -fresh fruit (+4.9%)

 - -inter-city transportation (+3.1%)
- Since last month offsetting price declines of particular note included: -fresh vegetables (-2.6%); non-alcoholic beverages (-2.6%) -bakery products (-1.8%) -women's clothing (-1.6%)

 - -fuel oil and other fuel (-1.5%)

 - -gasoline (-1.4%) -food purchased from restaurants (-0.6%)

- From April 2002 to May 2002, all-items CPI increased 0.2% in Canada; Canadians paid 1.0% more for the goods and services contained in the CPI basket than they did a year ago.
- Since last month the main upward pressures on the month-over-month increase included: -traveller accommodation (+10.7%) high season rates in some hotels and increased demand during May long weekend -cigarettes (+2.8%) higher retail prices and sales tax increases that took effect in April in Nova Scotia and Manitoba
- Lower prices that moderated the rise included: -fresh vegetables (-7.3%) - increase in supply
 - -gasoline (-1.8%) partly due to weak world demand along with a relatively low price of oil per barrel.



CONSUMER PRICE INDEX - 1992 = 100 June 2002 Release

	Nova Scotia				Canada			
CPI by Component	June 2002 Index	% Change from. May 2002	% Change from June'01	June 2002 Index	% Change from May 2002	% Change from June'01		
All Items	120.1	0.1	2.6	119.0	0.3	1.3		
Food	120.1	0.1	3.2	120.9	0.4	2.4		
Shelter	116.8	0.1	0.2	113.1	0.0	-1.0		
Household Operations & Furnishings	111.7	1.4	1.8	114.0	0.2	1.4		
Clothing & Footwear	109.1	-3.6	-3.9	104.2	-0.4	-0.3		
Transportation	136.2	-0.1	4.4	134.0	-0.1	0.8		
Health & Personal Care	113.9	0.1	1.9	115.9	0.2	0.9		
Recreation, Education & Reading	127.8	0.0	2.4	127.2	0.3	1.3		
Alcoholic Beverages & Tobacco Products	125.6	2.2	20.2	124.1	4.5	17.7		
Energy	126.5	-0.2	-3.9	127.0	-1.1	-10.4		

HIGHLIGHTS

Cities

Halifax Metro's June 2002 all-items CPI index of 119.4 (1992=100) was unchanged from last month and increased by 2.8% on a year over year basis.

Nova Scotia

- ! Nova Scotia's overall monthly price index increased 0.1% in June; it increased 2.6% over June 2001.
- Notable increases for the previous month were recorded for: -furniture (+10.5%) -fresh vegetables (+5.2%) -household textiles (+3.8%)

 - -cigarettes (+3.1%) -processed meat (+2.0%) -travel services (+1.9%)
- -food purchased from restaurants (+0.4%)
- Since last month offsetting price declines of particular note included:

 - -fresh fruit (-6.5%) -men's clothing (-4.6%); women's clothing (-4.0%); footwear (-3.8%); children's clothing (-3.6%) -fresh or frozen beef (-2.6%)

 - -gasoline (-0.4%)

- From May 2002 to June 2002, all-items CPI increased 0.3% in Canada; Canadians paid 1.3% more for the goods and services contained in the CPI basket than they did a year ago.
- Since last month higher prices contributing to the month-over-month increase included: cigarette taxes (Quebec, Ontario and New Brunswick raised their provincial cigarette tax by \$5 per carton June 18 and federal excise tax was increased by \$3.50 per carton in all provinces)
 -traveller accommodation (arrival of the high season for tourism)
 -potatoes (+16.0% in June–this time of year inventories from last year run low and new potatoes are not on market yet)
- Lower prices that moderated the rise included: -electricity (1.8% decline in index entirely the result of a 5.0% drop in prices in Ontario reflecting changes resulting from the opening of the Ontario market to independent distributors May 1) -gasoline (-0.9% due to lower prices in Eastern and Central Canada partly neutralized by increases in the West)



CONSUMER PRICE INDEX - 1992 = 100 July 2002 Release

	Nova Scotia			Canada			
CPI by Component	July 2002 Index	% Change from. June 2002	% Change from July'01	July 2002 Index	% Change from June 2002	% Change from July'01	
All Items	120.8	0.6	3.5	119.6	0.5	2.1	
Food	121.0	0.7	4.0	120.9	0.0	1.9	
Shelter	116.6	-0.2	-0.1	113.2	0.1	-0.4	
Household Operations & Furnishings	111.6	-0.1	1.5	114.2	0.2	1.6	
Clothing & Footwear	112.5	3.1	-0.4	105.0	0.8	-0.8	
Transportation	136.8	0.4	6.6	135.4	1.0	3.8	
Health & Personal Care	113.4	-0.4	2.0	115.4	-0.4	0.5	
Recreation, Education & Reading	129.1	1.0	3.1	128.4	0.9	1.7	
Alcoholic Beverages & Tobacco Products	128.5	2.3	23.0	129.5	4.4	22.5	
Energy	127.1	0.5	-0.7	129.0	1.6	-3.1	

HIGHLIGHTS

Cities

Halifax Metro's July 2002 all-items CPI index of 120.1(1992=100) was up 0.6% from last month and increased by 3.6% on a year over year

Nova Scotia

- Nova Scotia's overall monthly price index increased 0.6% in July; it increased 3.5% over July 2001.
- Notable increases from the previous month were recorded for: -inter-city transportation (+7.6%)

 - -travel services (+6.1%)
 - -women's clothing (+4.6%), men's clothing (+4.3%)
 - -fresh or frozen beef (+3.9%)
 - -cigarettes (+3.4%) -gasoline (+1.1%)
- Offsetting price declines of particular note since last month included: -household textiles (-3.1%) -coffee and tea (-2.8%)

 - -fresh or frozen pork (-1.9%)
 - -cheese (-1.5%)
 - -homeowners' maintenance & repairs (-1.4%)
 - -personal care supplies & equipment (-0.9%)
 - -purchase and leasing of automotive vehicles (-0.6%)

- From June 2002 to July 2002, all-items CPI increased 0.5% in Canada; Canadians paid 2.1% more for the goods and services contained in the CPI basket than they did a year ago.
- Since last month higher prices contributing to the month-over-month increase included: -air transportation (+8.4%) domestic, transatlantic and transpacific flights had the most marked effect on the index, largely due to peak season travel
 - -cigarettes (+7.5%) reflecting higher federal and provincial taxes introduced in mid-June as well as an increase imposed by the Yukon government July 1

 - overhine in July 1
 -traveller accommodation (+6.8%) common experience in July (NB experienced the highest increase at +11.0%)
 -electricity (+3.2%) attributed almost entirely to the 9.2% increase in prices in Ontario
 -gasoline (+2.8%) price increases ranged from 0.3% in Yellowknife to 4.7% in Quebec, but were down in PEI (-1.1%) and Nfld. (-0.2%)
- Lower prices that moderated the rise included:
- -natural gas (-5.7%) lower wholesale prices for natural gas primarily in Ontario and Alberta
- -new automotive vehicles (-1.2%) mainly due to manufacturers' rebates and discounts offered by dealers on some models—discounts partly intended to reduce stocks in preparation for arrival of 2003 models in the fall



CONSUMER PRICE INDEX - 1992 = 100**August 2002 Release**

	Nova Scotia			Canada			
CPI by Component	Aug. 2002 Index	% Change from. July 2002	% Change from Aug.'01	Aug. 2002 Index	% Change from July 2002	% Change from Aug.'01	
All Items	120.7	-0.1	3.6	120.1	0.4	2.6	
Food	120.5	-0.4	4.3	120.2	-0.6	2.1	
Shelter	116.8	0.2	0.0	114.2	0.9	0.4	
Household Operations & Furnishings	111.7	0.1	1.7	114.3	0.1	1.6	
Clothing & Footwear	106.4	-5.4	-5.5	105.0	0.0	-1.5	
Transportation	138.9	1.5	8.6	137.0	1.2	4.7	
Health & Personal Care	113.1	-0.3	1.0	115.6	0.2	1.2	
Recreation, Education & Reading	129.2	0.1	3.2	128.5	0.1	1.8	
Alcoholic Beverages & Tobacco Products	129.3	0.6	22.9	129.8	0.2	22.0	
Energy	129.0	1.5	1.3	133.4	3.4	0.0	

HIGHLIGHTS

Cities

Halifax Metro's August 2002 all-items CPI index of 120.0 (1992=100) fell 0.1% from last month and increased by 3.7% on a year over year

Nova Scotia

- į Nova Scotia's overall monthly price index declined 0.1% in August; it increased 3.6% over August 2001.
- Notable decreases from the previous month were recorded for:
 -fresh vegetables (-12.9%); fresh fruit (-2.4%)
 -women's clothing (-9.3%); men's clothing (-5.4%); children's clothing (-5.0%); clothing accessories & jewellery (-2.8%); footwear (-2.2%)
- Since last month offsetting price increases of particular note included: -served alcoholic beverages (+4.0%) -automotive vehicle insurance premiums (+3.3%)

 - -gasoline (+3.3%) -fresh or frozen poultry meat (+2.3%) -inter-city transportation (+1.9%)

 - -fresh milk (+1.6%)
 - -food purchased from restaurants (+0.6%)

- From July 2002 to August 2002, all-items CPI increased 0.4% in Canada; Canadians paid 2.6% more for the goods and services contained in the CPI basket than they did a year ago.
- Since last month higher prices contributing to the month-over-month increase included: -electricity (+6.8%)-largest monthly increase since January 1991, entirely attributable to the 18.3% rise in Ontario prices where electricity is now sold on an open market and record heat pushed demand up in August
 -gasoline (+2.5%)-widespread increase in prices across Canada
 -automotive vehicle insurance premiums (+2.6%)-main influence in increase was price hikes in Quebec, Alberta and Ontario
- Lower prices that moderated the rise included: -fresh vegetables (-13.8%)-increased supply as a result of summertime and local availability



CONSUMER PRICE INDEX - 1992 = 100 September 2002 Release

	Nova Scotia			Canada			
CPI by Component	Sept. 2002 Index	% Change from. Aug. 2002	% Change from Sept.'01	Sept. 2002 Index	% Change from Aug. 2002	% Change from Sept.'01	
All Items	121.2	0.4	3.4	120.1	0.0	2.3	
Food	118.9	-1.3	2.6	119.2	-0.8	2.0	
Shelter	118.4	1.4	1.4	114.6	0.4	1.1	
Household Operations & Furnishings	110.9	-0.7	0.6	113.8	-0.4	0.5	
Clothing & Footwear	111.3	4.6	-4.8	107.3	2.2	-0.6	
Transportation	138.5	-0.3	7.3	136.8	-0.1	2.9	
Health & Personal Care	113.7	0.5	0.9	115.7	0.1	1.3	
Recreation, Education & Reading	131.2	1.5	4.3	128.7	0.2	2.1	
Alcoholic Beverages & Tobacco Products	129.3	0.0	22.9	129.9	0.1	22.0	
Energy	131.4	1.9	2.5	134.6	0.9	-1.8	

HIGHLIGHTS

Cities

Halifax Metro's September 2002 all-items CPI index of 120.4 (1992=100) was up 0.3% from last month and increased by 3.4% on a year over year basis.

Nova Scotia

- ! Nova Scotia's overall monthly price index increased 0.4% in September; it increased 3.4% over September 2001.
- Notable increases for the previous month were recorded for: -women's clothing (+10.2%)

 - -fuel oil and other fuel (+8.0%)
 - -tuition fees (+7.1%) -footwear (+4.0%)

 - -non-alcoholic beverages (+4.0%) -homeowners' maintenance & repairs (+3.3%)
 - -fresh fruit (+2.9%)
- Since last month offsetting price declines of particular note included:
 - -fresh vegetables (-18.2%); fresh or frozen pork (-9.9%); fresh or frozen poultry meat (-2.7%)
 - -furniture (-8.5%)
 - -inter-city transportation (-3.4%) -travel services (-1.5%)

 - -gasoline (-0.4%)

- From August 2002 to September 2002, all-items CPI was unchanged in Canada; Canadians paid 2.3% more for the goods and services contained in the CPI basket than they did a year ago.
- Since last month higher prices were noted in:
 -women's clothing (+4.1%) new fall line items
 -tuition fees (+4.8%) rise was among the lowest in the past fifteen years; however tuition fees doubled over the last ten years; in 2002, average tuition fee increases varied from 0.2% for Quebec residents to 21.1% for B.C-fees only fell for Newfoundland & Labrador (-6.1%) -natural gas (+5.2%) result of price increases in Alberta
- Lower prices included:

 - -fresh vegetables (-12.4%) ongoing supply of local products -traveller accommodations (-5.4%) end of summer tourist season
 - -air transportation (-3.9%) largely attributable to move from high season prices to intermediate season prices on transatlantic & transpacific



CONSUMER PRICE INDEX - 1992 = 100 October 2002 Release

	Nova Scotia			<u>Canada</u>			
CPI by Component	Oct. 2002 Index	% Change from. Sept. 2002	% Change from Oct.'01	Oct. 2002 Index	% Change from Sept. 2002	% Change from Oct.'01	
All Items	122.0	0.7	4.8	120.5	0.3	3.2	
Food	118.7	-0.2	2.6	118.5	-0.6	1.5	
Shelter	119.5	0.9	2.8	115.8	1.0	1.9	
Household Operations & Furnishings	112.0	1.0	1.4	113.9	0.1	0.8	
Clothing & Footwear	113.3	1.8	-1.4	107.1	-0.2	-0.1	
Transportation	140.4	1.4	11.2	137.9	0.8	5.8	
Health & Personal Care	113.1	-0.5	0.4	116.2	0.4	1.0	
Recreation, Education & Reading	130.3	-0.7	4.2	127.7	-0.8	2.6	
Alcoholic Beverages & Tobacco Products	131.2	1.5	25.1	131.2	1.0	22.8	
Energy	134.0	2.0	9.2	138.4	2.8	5.6	

HIGHLIGHTS

Cities

! Halifax Metro's October 2002 all-items CPI index of 121.1 (1992=100) was up 0.6% from last month and increased by 4.7% on a year over year basis.

Nova Scotia

- Nova Scotia's overall monthly price index increased 0.7% in October; it increased 4.8% over October 2001.
- Notable increases for the previous month were recorded for: -furniture (+6.2%) -automotive vehicle insurance premiums (+5.5%)

 - -men's clothing (+4.0%)
 - -fuel oil and other fuel (+3.7%)
 - -property taxes (including special charges) (+3.2%) -gasoline (+2.2%)

 - -cigarettes (+2.0)
- Since last month offsetting price declines of particular note included:
 - -non-alcoholic beverages (-11.5%)
 - -travel services (-9.3%)
 - -sugar & confectionery (-6.7%)
 - -footwear (-2.3%)
 - -inter-city transportation (-1.9%)

 - -processed meat (-1.7%) -personal care supplies & equipment (-1.3%)

- From September 2002 to October, all-items CPI increased 0.3% in Canada; Canadians paid 3.2% more for the goods and services contained in the CPI basket than they did a year ago.
- Since last month higher prices contributing to the month-over-month increase included:
 -main upward pressure-increase in natural gas prices (+18.5%)—result of price increases in Ontario & Alberta
 -automotive vehicle insurance premiums (+3.1%)—especially under the influence of price increases in Quebec, Ontario & Newfoundland
 -property taxes (+2.2%)—increases in every province ranging from +7.6% in Newfoundland and Labrador to +0.3% in Manitoba, while Nova
 Scotia's increase was +3.2%

 geodling (+1.6%) increase noted in all provinces with the expectation of the Province and the state of the state of the Province and the state of the
 - -gasoline (+1.6%)—increase noted in all provinces with the exception of the Prairie provinces where they decreased and in Whitehorse and Yellowknife where they remained stable.
- Lower prices that moderated the rise included: -traveller accommodation (-10.9%)—weaker demand mostly in large urban centres -electricity (-2.6%)—largest monthly decrease observed since February 2001. The October drop was entirely attributed to a 6.5% drop in Ontario prices where the sale of electricity on an open market is making prices more volatile.



CONSUMER PRICE INDEX - 1992 = 100 November 2002 Release

	Nova Scotia				<u>Canada</u>			
CPI by Component	Nov. 2002 Index	% Change from. Oct. 2002	% Change from Nov.'01	Nov. 2002 Index	% Change from Oct. 2002	% Change from Nov.'01		
All Items	122.5	0.4	5.5	120.8	0.2	4.3		
Food	120.2	1.3	2.9	120.4	1.6	2.6		
Shelter	120.0	0.4	3.7	115.7	-0.1	3.3		
Household Operations & Furnishings	112.2	0.2	1.7	114.0	0.1	1.2		
Clothing & Footwear	114.4	1.0	0.1	105.2	-1.8	0.0		
Transportation	141.0	0.4	14.0	139.2	0.9	9.7		
Health & Personal Care	113.4	0.3	0.6	116.2	0.0	1.3		
Recreation, Education & Reading	128.8	-1.2	4.5	126.7	-0.8	2.8		
Alcoholic Beverages & Tobacco Products	131.2	0.0	17.4	131.9	0.5	18.1		
Energy	133.8	-0.1	14.5	136.2	-1.6	14.0		

HIGHLIGHTS

Cities

Halifax Metro's November 2002 all-items CPI index of 121.5 (1992=100) was up 0.3 % from last month and increased by 5.2% on a year over year basis.

Nova Scotia

- ! Nova Scotia's overall monthly price index increased 0.4% in November; it increased 5.5% over November 2001.
- Notable increases from the previous month were recorded for: -fresh yegetables (+9.7%)

 - -non-alcoholic beverages (+9.4%) -bakery products (+3.7%)

 - -purchase and leasing of automotive vehicles (+2.8%)
 - -men's clothing (+2.1%)
 - -fuel oil and other fuel (+2.0%)
 - -food purchased from restaurants (+1.0%)
- Since last month offsetting price declines of particular note included:

 - -travel services (-8.6%) -children's clothing (-4.0%)
 - -inter-city transportation (-3.3%) -gasoline (-1.5%) -fresh fruit (-1.5%)

 - -fresh or frozen beef (-0.6%)
 - -other household goods and services (-0.4%)

- From October 2002 to November 2002, all-items CPI increased 0.2% in Canada; Canadians paid 4.3% more for the goods and services contained in the CPI basket than they did a year ago.
- Since last month upward pressures on the CPI included higher prices for:
 -automotive vehicles (+2.6%)-in index for purchase of auto vehicles reflecting arrival of new models; discounts offered by dealers were smaller for the new 2003 models than they were in recent months for the 2002 models
 - -fresh vegetables (+18.6%)—as imports were brought in to compensate for the reduction in local stock -automotive vehicle insurance premiums (+3.2%)—mainly resulting from rate increases in Ontario, Alberta and New Brunswick
 - -bakery products (+3.9%)-the largest monthly increase since January 1979; resulted from rise over past three months in the price of wheat
- Lower prices that moderated the rise included:
 - -traveller accommodations (-8.3%)–off-season rates
 - -gasoline (-1.8%)-largest decreases were observed in Saskatchewan (-5.0%) and Quebec (-4.0%) while Manitoba posted the largest increase (+4.1%)
 - -women's clothing (-3.6%)—reduced prices on a wide variety of fall clothing -electricity index (-2.2%)—entirely due to a 5.8% drop in prices in Ontario



CONSUMER PRICE INDEX - 1992 = 100 December 2002 Release

	Nova Scotia			Canada			
CPI by Component	Dec. 2002 Index	% Change from. Nov. 2002	% Change from Dec.'01	Dec. 2002 Index	% Change from Nov. 2002	% Change from Dec.'01	
All Items	121.7	-0.7	5.2	120.4	-0.3	3.9	
Food	120.0	-0.2	2.0	121.2	0.7	2.2	
Shelter	120.3	0.3	4.8	114.0	-1.5	1.2	
Household Operations & Furnishings	110.8	-1.2	0.6	114.0	0.0	0.9	
Clothing & Footwear	106.7	-6.7	-4.4	102.3	-2.8	-1.4	
Transportation	141.8	0.6	14.9	140.1	0.6	11.2	
Health & Personal Care	113.0	-0.4	-0.3	116.1	-0.1	1.4	
Recreation, Education & Reading	126.7	-1.6	3.2	126.0	-0.6	2.5	
Alcoholic Beverages & Tobacco Products	131.1	-0.1	16.7	131.6	-0.2	17.6	
Energy	133.7	-0.1	17.2	127.6	-6.3	7.1	

HIGHLIGHTS

Cities

Halifax Metro's December 2002 all-items CPI index of 120.8(1992=100) was down 0.6% from last month and increased by 4.9% on a year over year basis.

Nova Scotia

- Nova Scotia's overall monthly price index fell 0.7% in December; it increased 5.2% over December 2001. In 2002 the annual average All-items CPI in Nova Scotia increased 3.0%, up from the 1.8% reported in 2001.
- Notable declines for the previous month were recorded for:

 - -non-alcoholic beverages (-24.2%) -children's clothing (-10.7%); women's clothing (-10.5%); men's clothing (-6.3%)
 - -furniture (-5.4%)
 - -recreational equipment & services (excluding vehicles) (-3.5%) -gasoline (-1.3%)
- Since last month offsetting price increases of particular note included: -fresh vegetables (+16.2%) -automotive vehicle insurance premiums (+5.5%)

 - -electricity (+3.1%) -processed meat (+1.5%)
 - -inter-city transportation (+1.4%) -bakery products (+0.9%)

- From November 2002 to December 2002, all-items CPI declined 0.3% in Canada; Canadians paid 3.9% more for the goods and services contained in the CPI basket than they did a year ago. In 2002 the annual average All-items CPI increased 2.2% in Canada, down from the 2.6% observed for 2001.
- Since last month lower prices contributing to the month-over-month increase included:
 -electricity (-18.7%)—almost 50% decline in Ontario's electricity index as Ontario government set price of electricity at 4.3 cents/Kwh and makes provision for refunds in excess of that amount retroactive to May 2002
 -clothing prices (-3.6%)—pre-Christmas sales; declines were noted in all provinces
 -gasoline (-2.6%)—lower gasoline prices in all provinces with declines ranging from 1.3% in NS to 7.6% in MN
- Increased prices that moderated the rise included: -automotive vehicle insurance premiums (+6.2%)-now tracking insurance premiums for a 1999 automotive vehicle model instead of a 1998 model -fresh vegetables (+5.0%)-mainly due to leap of 25.9% in price of tomatoes resulting from limited supply because of poor weather affecting Florida crops