# Guidelines For Estimating Soybean Production Costs 

Date: January, 2006

This guide is designed to provide you with planning information and a format for calculating costs of production for a soybean enterprise. Also available, is an Excel spreadsheet that can be downloaded from the Manitoba Agriculture, Food and Rural Initiatives website.

The cash cost inputs associated with growing a crop in Manitoba are substantial. It is extremely important for farm managers to do calculations to select the optimum crop combination that will maximize profits. Detailed planning is also necessary when estimating the amount of operating credit to finance the inputs.

Producers are encouraged to calculate their own costs of production. Costs and yields will differ on each farm due to soil type, climatic conditions and agronomic practices.

Disclaimer: This budget is only a guide and is not intended as an in depth study of the cost of production of this industry. Interpretation and utilization of this information is the responsibility of the user. If you require assistance with developing your individual budget, please contact your local Manitoba Agriculture, Food and Rural Initiatives office.

## Industry Summary

Soybeans are a long season crop, heat requiring crop. Under cool summer conditions as experienced in 2004 soybeans (and other heat loving crops) do not perform well. Over the past 8 years soybean acreage in Manitoba has increased from under 1,000 acres to over 220,000 acres with average yields of 35 plus bushels per acre (not including 2004). Soybeans can be grown for the local feed market, the crushing market or the edible food market.

Crush/Local Feed Market: Soybeans grown for crushing are currently shipped to large crushing plants in North Dakota or Minnesota. The local feed market is being supplied whole fat soybean meal by a small crushing plant located at Jordan Corner and roasted soybeans from a commercial roasting plant in the Emerson area. Roundup Ready and Convential soybeans supply these markets. Human Food Market: Soybeans can also be grown under identity preserved (IP) contracts for premiums above the current market price in Chicago. These IP contracts, either yellow (called white by the processors) or dark hilum beans, are shipped to Europe and Asia. Hilums are the place where the bean is attached to the pod and can be yellow, black, brown or buff in colour. Some companies are contracting yellow or clear hilum soybean varieties for the human food market, if the soybeans meet the buyers standards. Yellow hilum soybeans that do not meet this standard are marketed through the crushing market. This is similar to farmers who grow barley for the malting industry.

## Soybeans - Input

## Assumptions:

1. This budget outlines the cost of production for soybeans.
2. Assumes use of fertilizer.
3. Production based on recommended practices.

## Operation Profile

Number of Acres
Yield per Acre (bushels)
Custom Spraying Cost per Acre
Market Price of Beans (\$/bu)
Price of Fuel (\$/litre)
A. Operating Costs
1.01 Seed \& treatment

Plants /acre
Seeds/lb
Emergence factor
Seeding Rate (lbs/acre)
Seed Cost (\$/lb)
Seed Treatment (\$/acre)

Conventional

200
35
\$5.00
\$5.80
\$0.80

Roundup
Ready

200
35
$\$ 5.00$
$\$ 5.80$
\$0.80

## Roundup

Ready
200,000
3000
1.15

77
\$0.72
\$3.00
\$18.35

Roundup

Nitrogen
1.04 Herbicides

Ready
\$0.44
10
\$0.290 35
\$0.225
0
\$0.250 0
\$1.50 0
Cost Conventional

10
35
0
0
0
Roundup
Ready
\$0.00
Broadleaf
Grass
Roundup
$\$ 31.00$
\$12.00
$\$ 0.00$
$\$ 0.00$
$\$ 0.00$
\$17.00

### 1.05 Fuel Costs

|  | Diesel Fuel Cost \$/litre |  |  | \$0.80 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Conventional |  |  |  |  |
| Field Times | Width | Speed |  |  |
| Operation Over | Feet | MPH |  |  |
| Spray | 1 | 90 | 7 | 150 |
| Plant | 1 | 24 | 5 | 150 |
| Spray | 2 | 90 | 7 | 150 |
| Combine | 1 | 24 | 4 | 150 |
| Cultivate | 1 | 24 | 5 | 150 |
| Roundup Ready |  |  |  |  |
| Field Times | Width | Speed |  |  |
| Operation Over | Feet | MPH |  |  |
| Spray | 1 | 90 | 7 | 150 |
| Plant | 1 | 24 | 5 | 150 |
| Spray | 1 | 90 | 7 | 150 |
| Combine | 1 | 24 | 4 | 150 |
| Cultivate | 1 | 24 | 5 | 150 |

## Truck Fuel-Harvesting

Truck Capacity (lbs) 10,000
Fuel Consumption (miles/gal) 2
Distance to storage (miles) 5
Fuel Cost (\$/litre) \$0.80
Other fuel expenses
half ton, etc. (\$/acre) \$5.00
1.05 Repairs \& Maintenance

Estimated \% 4\%
1.06 Insurance
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Crop Insurance } & \$ 5.38 \\ \text { Hail } & \$ 5.07\end{array}$
1.07 Miscellaneous \$8.00

### 1.08 Land Taxes <br> $\$ 5.25$

1.09 Interest on Operating $5.5 \%$

Interest on Investment 4.0\%

## Capital Costs

Land Market Value $\$ 600$
Machinery Investment \$245
Storage Investment \$53
Labour Costs (\$/acre)

| Rate per hour | $\$ 11.50$ | $\$ 11.50$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Hours per acre | 1.5 | 1.50 |

## Soybean - Cost of Production Summary January, 2006

| A. Operating Costs | Conventional |  | Roundup Ready |  | Your Cost |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Cost <br> IAcre | Cost Ibushel | Cost <br> IAcre | Cost Ibushel |  |
| 1.01 Seed \& treatment | \$37.92 | \$1.08 | \$58.20 | \$1.66 |  |
| 1.02 Inoculant | \$18.35 | \$0.52 | \$18.35 | \$0.52 |  |
| 1.03 Fertilizer | \$14.55 | \$0.42 | \$14.55 | \$0.42 |  |
| 1.04 Herbicides | \$43.00 | \$1.23 | \$17.00 | \$0.49 |  |
| 1.05 Fuel Costs | \$15.94 | \$0.46 | \$15.49 | \$0.44 |  |
| 1.06 Repair \& Maintenance | \$9.80 | \$0.28 | \$9.80 | \$0.28 |  |
| 1.07 Insurance | \$10.45 | \$0.30 | \$10.45 | \$0.30 |  |
| 1.08 Miscellaneous | \$8.00 | \$0.23 | \$8.00 | \$0.23 |  |
| 1.09 Land Taxes | \$5.25 | \$0.15 | \$5.25 | \$0.15 |  |
| Subtotal Operating | \$163.26 | \$4.66 | \$157.09 | \$4.49 |  |
| 1.10 Interest on Operating | \$4.49 | \$0.13 | \$4.32 | \$0.12 |  |
| Total Operating Costs | \$167.75 | \$4.79 | \$161.41 | \$4.61 |  |
| B. Fixed Costs |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2. Depreciation |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2.01 Machinery | \$24.50 | \$0.70 | \$24.50 | \$0.70 |  |
| 2.02 Storage | \$2.36 | \$0.07 | \$2.36 | \$0.07 |  |
| 3. Investment |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3.01 Land | \$24.00 | \$0.69 | \$24.00 | \$0.69 |  |
| 3.02 Machinery | \$9.80 | \$0.28 | \$9.80 | \$0.28 |  |
| 3.03 Storage | \$1.16 | \$0.03 | \$1.16 | \$0.03 |  |
| Total Fixed Costs | \$61.82 | \$1.77 | \$61.82 | \$1.77 |  |
| C. Labour | \$17.25 | \$0.49 | \$17.25 | \$0.49 |  |
| Total Cost of Production | \$246.82 | \$7.05 | \$240.48 | \$6.87 |  |
| Estimated yield per acre | 35 | bu | 35 | bu |  |

Disclaimer: This budget is only a guide and is not intended as an in depth study of the cost of production of this industry. Interpretation and utilization of this information is the responsibility of the user.

## Soybean Cost of Production Worksheet Conventional Assumptions

1. This budget provides a guideline to determine the cost of production for a soybean enterprise based on 200 acres.
2. The investment in machinery and equipment was assumed to be $\$ 245$ per acre, which is approximately $\$ 20$ more than a typical grain enterprise to represent the flex header purchase. Other than the flex header, the machinery complement is similar to a grain enterprise
3. A yield of 35 bushels per acre was assumed.
4. A premium inoculant program (7 lbs granular/acre plus $3 / 4$ rate of peat) is included in the budget, with the assumption that the field seeded has not had 2 crops of well nodulated soybeans. Fields that have had 2 well nodulated crops within the last 6 years can reduce the inoculant cost. Consult your agronomist for more details.
5. A land value of $\$ 600$ per acre was assumed.

## A. Operating Costs

Your Farm

### 1.01 Seed, treatment \& inoculant

|  | 200,000 | plants/acre |  |
| ---: | ---: | :--- | :--- |
| $\div$ | 3,000 | seeds/lb |  |
| $\times$ | 1.15 | emergence factor |  |
| $=$ | 77 | seeding rate lbs/acre |  |
| $\times$ | $\$ 0.45$ | seed cost (\$/lb) |  |
| + | $\$ 3.00$ | seed treatment |  |
| $=$ | $\$ 37.92$ | $\$$ lacre |  |

### 1.02 Inoculant *

## \$18.35 \$ lacre

* When growing soybeans on the same field for the second or third time inoculant costs can be decreased to \$6-\$12/acre if the previous soybean crop(s) had good nodulation.


### 1.03 Fertilizer

| Nitrogen |  | 10 | Ibs/acre |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | x | \$0.44 | cost/lb |
|  | = | \$4.40 | \$ /acre |
| P2O5 |  | 35 | Ibs/acre |
|  | X | \$0.290 | cost/lb |
|  | $=$ | \$10.15 | \$ /acre |
| K2O |  | 0 | Ibs/acre |
|  | X | \$0.225 | cost/lb |
|  | $=$ | \$0.00 | \$ /acre |
| Sulfur |  | 0 | Ibs/acre |
|  | x | \$0.25 | cost/lb |
|  | = | \$0.00 | \$ /acre |
| Zinc |  | 0 | Ibs/acre |
|  | x | \$1.50 | cost/lb |
|  | = | \$0.00 | \$ /acre |
|  | $=$ | \$14.55 | \$ lacre |

### 1.04 Chemicals

|  | $\$ 0.00$ | roundup burnoff |
| :--- | ---: | :--- |
| + | $\$ 31.00$ | post emergent broadleaf |
| + | $\$ 12.00$ | post emergent grass |
| $\pm$ | $\$ 0.00$ | Roundup |
| $=$ | $\$ 43.00$ | \$ lacre |

$\qquad$

### 1.05 Fuel Costs

a) Field Fuel Costs

| Operation | Times <br> Over | Width <br> feet | Speed <br> mph | Fuel <br> \$/ac. |
| ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cultivate | 1 |  |  |  |
| Spray | 1 | 24 | 5 | 2.36 |
| Plant | 1 | 90 | 7 | 0.45 |
| Spray | 2 | 24 | 5 | 2.36 |
| Combine | 1 | 90 | 7 | 0.90 |
| Total |  | 24 | 4 | $\underline{2.95}$ |
|  |  |  |  | $\mathbf{\$ 9 . 0 3}$ |

b) Truck Fuel Costs - from field to storage \& market

35 gross yield bu/acre

```
= 210 total tons
\div5 truck capacity (tons)
= 42 trips
x 5
5 miles dist/trip
210 total miles
\div 2 fuel consumption (miles/gal)
= 477 total litres (4.546 litres/gal)
\div 200 total acres
= 2.385 litres/acre
x $0.80 fuel cost ($/litre)
Total = $1.91 trucking ($ /acre)
c) Other Fuel Costs
Total = $15.94 fuel costs ($ /acre)
```

$\qquad$
1.06 Repair \& Maintenance

|  | $4.0 \%$ | percentage rate |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\times$ | $\$ 245$ | investment/acre |
| $=$ | $\$ 9.80$ | $\$$ lacre |

$\qquad$
$\qquad$

### 1.07 Insurance

$$
\begin{array}{lrl} 
& \$ 5.38 & \text { crop insurance } \\
+ & \$ 5.07 & \text { hail insurance } \\
= & \mathbf{\$ 1 0 . 4 5} & \$ \text { lacre }
\end{array}
$$

$\qquad$
$\qquad$

### 1.08 Miscellaneous

$$
=\quad \$ 8.00 \quad \text { \$ lacre }
$$

1.09 Land Taxes

$$
=\quad \$ 5.25 \quad \$ \text { lacre }
$$

### 1.10 Interest on Operating

\$163.26 subtotal operating

| $\div$ | 2 | average |
| :--- | ---: | :--- |
| $\times$ | $\underline{5.5 \%}$ | interest rate |
| $=$ | $\$ 4.49$ | \$ lacre |

## B. Fixed Costs

## 2. Depreciation

## Original Value - Salvage Value

 Useful Life2.01 Machinery

|  | $\$ 245.00$ | cost/acre |
| ---: | ---: | :--- |
| - | $\$ 0.00$ | salvage value |
| $\div$ | $\underline{10}$ | useful life |
| $=$ | $\$ 24.50$ | $\$$ lacre |

$\qquad$
2.02 Storage

|  | $\$ 52.50$ | cost/acre |
| ---: | ---: | :--- |
| - | $\$ 5.25$ | salvage value |
| $\div$ | $\underline{20}$ | $\underline{\text { useful life }}$ |
| $=$ | $\$ 2.36$ | \$ lacre |

$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\longrightarrow$
3. Investment

## Original Value + Salvage Value x Investment Rate

 2
### 3.01 Land

|  | $\$ 600.00$ | cost/acre |  |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | :--- |
| $x$ | $\underline{4.0 \%}$ | $\%$ investment rate |  |
| $=$ | $\$ 24.00$ | $\$$ lacre |  |

3.02 Machinery

|  | $\$ 245.00$ | cost/acre |
| ---: | ---: | :--- |
| + | $\$ 0.00$ | salvage value |
| $\times$ | $4.0 \%$ | \% investment rate |
| $=$ | $\$ 9.80$ | \$ lacre |

$\qquad$
$\qquad$
\$9.80 \$ lacre
3.03 Storage

|  | $\$ 52.50$ | cost/acre |
| ---: | ---: | :--- |
| + | $\$ 5.25$ | salvage value |
| $\div$ | 2 | average |
| $\times$ | $\underline{4.0 \%}$ | \% investment rate |
| $=$ | $\$ 1.16$ | \$ lacre |

$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$x \quad$ 4.0\% $\%$ investment rate $\qquad$
C. Labour

|  | $\$ 11.50$ | \$/hour |
| ---: | ---: | :--- |
| $\times$ | $\underline{1.5}$ | hours/acre |
| $=$ | $\$ 17.25$ | \$ lacre |

## Soybean Cost of Production Worksheet Roundup Ready Assumptions

1. This budget provides a guideline to determine the cost of production for a soybean enterprise based on 200 acres.
2. The investment in machinery and equipment was assumed to be $\$ 245$ per acre, which is approximately $\$ 20$ more than a typical grain enterprise to represent the flex header purchase. Other than the flex header, the machinery complement is similar to a grain enterprise
3. A yield of 35 bushels per acre was assumed.
4. The "technology use fee" is included in the cost of the Roundup Ready seed.
5. A premium inoculant program (7 lbs granular/acre plus $3 / 4$ rate of peat) is included in the budget, with the assumption that the field seeded has not had 2 crops of well nodulated soybeans. Fields that have had 2 well nodulated crops within the last 6 years can reduce the inoculant cost. Consult your agronomist for more details.
6. A land value of $\$ 550$ per acre was assumed.

## A. Operating Costs

Your Farm
1.01 Seed, treatment \& inoculant

|  | 200,000 | plants/acre |  |
| ---: | ---: | :--- | :--- |
| $\div$ | 3,000 | seeds/lb |  |
| $\times$ | 1.15 | emergence factor |  |
| $=$ | 77 | seeding rate lbs/acre |  |
| $\times$ | $\$ 0.72$ | seed cost (\$/lb) |  |
| + | $\$ 3.00$ | seed treatment |  |
| $=$ | $\$ 58.20$ | $\$$ lacre |  |

### 1.02 Inoculant *

## \$18.35 \$ lacre

* When growing soybeans on the same field for the second or third time inoculant costs can be decreased to \$6-\$12/acre if the previous soybean crop(s) had good nodulation.


### 1.03 Fertilizer

| Nitrogen |  | 10 | Ibs/acre |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | x | \$0.44 | cost/lb |
|  | $=$ | \$4.40 | \$ /acre |
| P2O5 |  | 35 | lbs/acre |
|  | x | \$0.290 | cost/lb |
|  | = | \$10.15 | \$ /acre |
| K2O |  | 0 | lbs/acre |
|  | x | \$0.225 | cost/lb |
|  | $=$ | \$0.00 | \$ /acre |
| Sulfur |  | 0 | Ibs/acre |
|  | x | \$0.25 | cost/lb |
|  | = | \$0.00 | \$ /acre |
| Zinc |  | 0 | Ibs/acre |
|  | x | \$1.50 | cost/lb |
|  | $=$ | \$0.00 | \$ /acre |
|  | $=$ | \$14.55 | \$ lacre |

### 1.04 Herbicides

|  | $\$ 0.00$ | burnoff |
| :--- | ---: | :--- |
| + | $\$ 0.00$ | volunteer control |
| + | $\$ 0.00$ | grass control |
| $\pm$ | $\underline{\$ 17.00}$ | in crop Roundup |
| $=$ | $\$ 17.00$ | $\$$ lacre |

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### 1.05 Fuel Costs

a) Field Fuel Costs

| Operation | Times <br> Over | Width <br> feet | Speed <br> mph | Fuel <br> \$lac. |
| ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cultivate | 1 |  |  |  |
| Spray | 1 | 90 | 7 | 0.45 |
| Plant | 1 | 24 | 5 | 2.36 |
| Spray | 1 | 90 | 7 | 0.45 |
| Combine | 1 | 24 | 4 | 2.95 |
| Total |  | 24 | 5 | $\underline{2.36}$ |

$\qquad$
b) Truck Fuel Costs - from field to storage \& market

35 gross yield bu/acre

|  | $=$ | 210 | total tons |
| ---: | :--- | ---: | :--- |
| $\div$ | 5 | truck capacity (tons) |  |
| $=$ | 42 | trips |  |
| $\times$ | 5 | miles dist/trip |  |
|  | $=$ | 210 | total miles |
| $\div$ | 2 | fuel consumption (miles/gal) |  |
|  | $=$ | 477 | total litres (4.546 litres/gal) |
| $\div$ | 200 | total acres |  |
|  | $=$ | 2.385 | litres/acre |
| x | $\underline{\$ 0.80}$ | fuel cost (\$/litre) <br> Trucking (\$ lacre) |  |
| Total | $=$ | $\$ 1.91$ |  |
| c) Other Fuel Costs | $\underline{\$ 5.00}$ | \$ lacre |  |
| Total |  | $\$ 15.49$ | fuel costs (\$ lacre) |

$\qquad$
1.06 Repair \& Maintenance

|  | $4.0 \%$ | percentage rate |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\times$ | $\$ 245$ | investment/acre |
| $=$ | $\$ 9.80$ | $\$$ lacre |

$\qquad$
$\qquad$

### 1.07 Insurance

$$
\begin{array}{lrl} 
& \$ 5.38 & \text { crop insurance } \\
+ & \$ 5.07 & \text { hail insurance } \\
= & \mathbf{\$ 1 0 . 4 5} & \$ \text { lacre }
\end{array}
$$

$\qquad$
$\qquad$

### 1.08 Miscellaneous

$$
=\quad \$ 8.00 \quad \$ \text { lacre }
$$

1.09 Land Taxes

$$
=\quad \$ 5.25 \quad \$ \text { lacre }
$$

### 1.10 Interest on Operating

|  | $\$ 157.09$ | subtotal operating |
| ---: | ---: | :--- |
| $\div$ | 2 | average |
| $\times$ | $\underline{5.5 \%}$ | interest rate |
| $=$ | $\$ 4.32$ | \$ lacre |

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$\qquad$

## B. Fixed Costs

## 2. Depreciation

## Original Value - Salvage Value

Useful Life
2.01 Machinery

|  | $\$ 245.00$ | cost/acre |  |
| ---: | ---: | :--- | :--- |
| - | $\$ 0.00$ | salvage value |  |
| $\div$ | $\frac{10}{+}$ | useful life |  |
| $=$ | $\$ 24.50$ | $\$$ lacre |  |

2.02 Storage

|  | $\$ 52.50$ | cost/acre |
| ---: | ---: | :--- |
| - | $\$ 5.25$ | salvage value |
| $\div$ | $\underline{20}$ | useful life |
| $=$ | $\$ 2.36$ | \$ lacre |

$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

## 3. Investment

## Original Value + Salvage Value x Investment Rate

 2
### 3.01 Land

|  | $\$ 600.00$ | cost/acre |
| :--- | ---: | :--- |
| $\times$ | $\mathbf{4 . 0 \%}$ | $\%$ investment rate |
| $=$ | $\$ 24.00$ | $\$$ lacre |

$\qquad$
3.02 Machinery

|  | $\$ 245.00$ | cost/acre |
| :--- | ---: | :--- |
| + | $\$ 0.00$ | salvage value |
| $\times$ | $4.0 \%$ | \% investment rate |
| $=$ | $\$ 9.80$ | \$ lacre |

$\qquad$
$\qquad$
\$9.80 \$ lacre
3.03 Storage

|  | $\$ 52.50$ | cost/acre |
| ---: | ---: | :--- |
| + | $\$ 5.25$ | salvage value |
| $\div$ | 2 | average |
| $\times$ | $\underline{4.0 \%}$ | \% investment rate |
| $=$ | $\mathbf{\$ 1 . 1 6}$ | \$ lacre |

$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
C. Labour

|  | $\$ 11.50$ | \$/hour |
| ---: | ---: | :--- |
| $\times$ | $\underline{1.50}$ | hours/acre |
| $=$ | $\$ 17.25$ | \$ lacre |

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For further information contact your local Manitoba Agriculture, Food and Rural Initiatives office.
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