

Antlerless Deer Hunting

The number of permits or "Antlerless Deer Hunting Stamps" (ADHS) issued each fall, are determined using the same formulas as in previous years, with consideration of up-to-date information on herd condition, age/sex structure and abundance of deer. In zone 2A, hunter crowding has also been considered. The number of stamps available for each deer management zone were announced in mid July when the Deer Draw Application Line opened.

Again this year ADHS will be issued through a lottery system. Please note that you may apply only once. A phone-in application line (1-900-565-DEER) has been open since 7:00 am July 15 to midnight September 1. To apply, you must be eligible to hold a Nova Scotia Resident Deer Hunting Licence during the fall of the current year. Applicants are required to give their Nova Scotia Wildlife Resources Card number and choice of a zone where they would like to hunt. An application fee of \$6 + HST (charged to the caller's phone bill) is charged to administer the program. The call cannot be made using a cell phone. If someone is unable to use the telephone application method, it is still possible to apply. Simply send your Nova Scotia Wildlife Resources Card number, full name, full address and phone number, and a choice of which Deer Management Zone you would like to hunt in, together with a cheque or money order for \$11.40 to: "Antlerless Deer Draw", P.O. Box 698, Halifax, Nova Scotia, B3J 2T9. The higher fee for using the mail-in application method is due to increased staff time in processing these applications.

Once a winner of the draw has attached the Antlerless Deer Hunting Stamp to their valid Resident Deer Hunting Licence, that person is authorized to take any one deer within the boundaries of the zone specified on the stamp. If that same hunter goes to another Deer Management Zone, he/she may hunt only antlered deer. Those not successful in the draw or who did not apply will be able to hunt only antlered deer, but with no restriction to a specific zone.

Deer Mgmt. Zone	Stamps Available 2004	Applications Received 2004	Draw Success 2004	Stamps Available 2005	Applications Received 2005	Draw Success 2005	Stamps Issued in 2006
1	500	3,471	1 in 6.9	500	3,277	1 in 6.6	500
2	2,000	6,578	1 in 3.3	1,500	6,145	1 in 4.1	1,500
2A	750	1,050	1 in 1.4	1000	1,681	1 in 1.7	750*
3	0	N/A	NA	0	0	NA	0
4	2,000	11,912	1 in 6.0	2,000	11,412	1 in 5.7	2,000
5	0	0	NA	0	0	NA	0
6	0	0	NA	0	0	NA	0
7	0	0	NA	0	0	NA	0
Total	5,250	23,011	1 in 4.4	5,000	22,515	1 in 4.5	4,750

* 'Bonus' Antlerless Deer Only Stamps.

Bonus Antierless Deer Only Stamps

In recent years a relative high number of ADHS have been issued in zone 2A in an attempt to reduce deer abundance in this densely populated and developed area along the south shore. However, most hunters prefer to take an antlered deer if given the choice. With the high density of deer and the ability to select a buck, many holders of the antlerless permits for 2A have taken bucks. Last year (2005), 1,000 ADHS were issued for 2A. Harvest results show that of 920 deer taken from within zone 2A, 360 were antlerless while the remaining 560 were bucks. To reduce the deer population in the area a much higher number of antlerless deer must be removed. Further, 1,000 ADHP for this small area proved to be too many and hunter crowding became somewhat of an issue. The Department received a number of complaints last fall about hunters not having permission on occupied land and hunting too near dwellings.

Consequently, this year 750 'Bonus' Antlerless Deer Only Stamps (BADOS) will be issued for zone 2A. The allocation process will be similar to how antlerless deer hunting stamps have been issued. However, winners of the draw in zone 2A will receive a BADOS, which will entitle them the opportunity to take an antlerless deer (only an antlerless deer) within 2A. Holders of a BADOS may take two deer, one of which must be an antlerless deer in zone 2A and the other an antlered deer from anywhere in the province where deer hunting is permitted.

An electronic draw will be made in early September to determine winners for each zone. They will receive their stamps by mail. To find out if you won, call the Deer Draw Results Line from September 9 through 15, at 1-877-535-1234 or 493-1412 in the Metro area. For those with Internet access, information on the program and Draw Results will be available at www.gov.ns.ca/natr/draws/deerdraw

NOTE:

- 1. Holders of an antierless stamp for zone 2, may also hunt antierless deer within zone 2A.
- Hunters may now register their deer on-line as an alternative to going to a deer registration station. See page 70 for details.

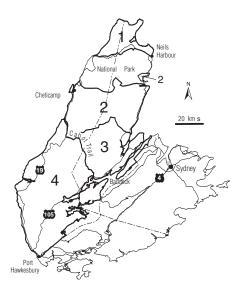
Good luck in the draw, good hunting, and remember, "Safety Always Comes First."

Moose Management Zones

THE CAPE BRETON MOOSE HUNT

The limited number of moose hunting licences issued each year are allocated through a phone-in application process. Those applying to the Moose Draw (application period April 1st through May 31st) must state which zone and in which one of the three season they would like to hunt.

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The moose hunt is administered on a **Moose Management Zone** basis, as shown on the above map. Again this year there will be **three separate hunting seasons**. The first season begins on the last Monday of September and ends on the following Saturday. The second hunting season begins on the first Monday of October and ends on the following Saturday. The third hunt begins on December 12th and ends on December 14th, 2006, and is being offered in Moose Management Zone #1 only.

Department of Environment & Labour - Protected Areas Division, will not issue vehicle use permits for the Pollets Cove - Aspy Fault Wilderness Area during the December moose hunting season. Consequently, this hunt will primarily be limited to lower elevations where moose frequently pose a hazzard on highways/roads and cause property damage in yards and communities, especially during winter.

Persons applying for the December hunt should have a good knowledge of the geography and access limitations of zone 1. Travel and hunting conditions in northern Cape Breton during winter can be especially challenging. As well, moose calling season will have ended, antlers of mature bulls may have been shed, and few services are available to travelers in this area during winter. For more detailed information on the moose hunt, including legal definitions of each zone and how to apply, see www.gov.ns.ca/natr/draws/moosedraw .

DEFINITIONS CONTINUED FROM PAGE 31

Disabled Person means a person whose mobility is limited as a result of external factors and severe physical disability caused by paralysis, lower limb amputation, heart or lung disease, or other disability impairment to the extent that:

- the person is unable to propel themselves without the aid of a wheelchair or walker, or a combination of two of the following: a crutch, cane, leg brace, or leg prosthesis; or
- b. the person has significant cardio-pulmonary condition which results in severe shortness of breath with minimal physical activity; or
- c. the person has a severe neuro-muscular or skeletal condition, and because of any of the conditions described in (a) or (b) is limited in mobility to 50 metres or less in outdoor weather conditions.

A person may apply to the Department of Natural Resources for a Weapon Discharge Permit to allow the discharge of a firearm from within a vehicle.

A person who furnishes proof of possession of a Mobility Disabled Permit or a Temporary Mobility Disabled Permit issued by Department of Transportation will be considered to meet the above criteria for a disabled person.

Dogs at large in wildlife habitat: Under the Wildlife Act "at large" means unaccompanied by the owner or handler. Unaccompanied is further defined as "not under the immediate control of the owner or handler; and not within sight of the owner or handler". A dog is not considered to be illegally at large in wildlife habitat when the dog is being trained or used to hunt wildlife as permitted by the Act and the regulations made under the Act.

Dog Proof Enclosure means a special trap-holding enclosure designed to keep a dog away from a trap by creating a barrier to the trap allowing entry only through designated openings and:

- for any body-gripping (e.g. conibear type 160, 220 or 330) may be an enclosure placed so that no part of the opening of the enclosure is more than 12.7 cm (5 in.) off the ground.
- or for body-gripping traps of not more than 17.78 cm x 17.78 cm (7 in. x 7 in.) dimensions (e.g. conibear 220 type or smaller), may be:
- a. for baited/scented traps sets an enclosure that provides openings no higher than 17.78 cm above the ground or

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having a total area of no greater than $322.6 \text{ cm}^2 (50 \text{ in}.^2)$ with the trap trigger set at least 17.78 cm (7 in.) from any enclosure opening or an enclosure with a 20.32 cm (8 in.) height by 25.4 cm (10 in.) width opening with the trap trigger set back at least 25.4 cm (10 in.) from any enclosure opening.

Encased means a firearm or bow that is:

- in a case which is properly fastened;
- completely wrapped in a material which is securely tied around the firearm or bow; or
- in the locked compartment of a vehicle and the contents of the compartment are not accessible to the occupant of the vehicle from inside the vehicle, or
- rendered inoperable by the attachment of a trigger lock to the firearm, or
- a bow rendered inoperable through disassembly or attachment of a lock to the bow.

Hunting means chasing, driving, flushing, attracting, pursuing, worrying, following after or on the trail of, searching for, trapping, attempting to trap, snaring or attempting to snare, shooting at, stalking, or lying in wait for any wildlife whether or not the wildlife is then or subsequently captured, killed, taken, or wounded. It does not mean stalking, attracting, searching for, or lying in wait for any wildlife by an unarmed person solely for the purpose of watching or taking pictures of it.

Immediate Supervision means that if you are hunting and are under the age of 18 years you must be under the supervision and within sight of the supervising adult 18 years or older.

Non-Resident means any person who is not a resident of Nova Scotia.

Protected, as applied to wildlife, means protected through the year or for any open or closed season, pursuant to the Wildlife Act or the regulations.

Resident at any time means a person permanently or ordinarily a resident in the province for the two (2) months immediately preceding that time and includes:

- an officer of the diplomatic or consular service of a foreign country stationed within the province;
- a member of the Royal Canadian Mounted Police or the Canadian Armed Forces stationed or born in the province;
- a person born in the province and the owner of real property in the province.

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Senior Citizen means a resident who has reached the age of 65.

Trail means a hiking or walking trail that is (i) managed by a registered public body authorized to manage the trail, and (ii) marked with signs that indicate that trapping is not permitted on or within 15 m of the travelled surface of the trail;

Vendor means a person who has been appointed a vendor of licences or permits by the Minister of Natural Resources.

Wildlife means vertebrates that, in their natural habitat, are usually wild by nature and includes

- domestic organisms that are physically similar to their wild counterparts,
- exotic wildlife,
- hybrid descendants of wildlife or of wildlife and a domestic organism,
- the eggs, sperm or embryos of wildlife, and
- any other organism designated as wildlife by the Governor in Council in accordance with this Act and the regulations;

Wildlife Habitat means any water or land where wildlife may be found and the roads and highways thereon.

Taxidermists

Any person employing the services of a taxidermist for the purpose of preserving or mounting any wildlife must provide to the taxidermist a signed statement giving the date on which the specimens were taken, the licence number or authority under which they are possessed, and the full name and address of the owner.

Anyone wishing to preserve or mount any protected mammal or bird, except those legally taken under licence during an open season for that species, must first contact a local office of the Department of Natural Resources and obtain a permit.

Prohibited Firearms/Bows and Ammunition

No person shall possess at any time in wildlife habitat;

- a swivel or spring gun;
- a shotgun greater than 10 gauge;
- a device designed to deaden the sound of the report of a firearm;
- a crossbow;

- shot larger than 0.24 in. (AAA or No. 4 Buckshot) except rifled slugs or ball during an open season for big game; or
- a magazine for a semi-automatic centre fire firearm which is capable of containing more than 5 rounds of ammunition.
 Note: See section Non-Toxic Shot page 57.

Legal Firearms/Bows and Ammunition

Big Game

- 1. During the general seasons for hunting deer, moose, and bear, holders of appropriate licences may use:
 - a rifle and ammunition of .23 calibre or greater;
 - a shotgun of 28, 20, 16, 12 or 10 gauge, using a single projectile;
 - a muzzle loaded firearm of .45 calibre or greater; or
 - a bow with a draw weight of 50 pounds or greater within the draw length of the archer when hunting moose and 40 pounds or greater within the draw length of the archer when hunting big game other than moose; and any arrow fitted with a broadhead.
- During the open season for snaring bears, including Sundays, any person who holds a valid Resident Bear Snaring Licence may transport a .22 calibre rifle, other firearm, or bow in a vehicle and to and from that person's bear snare set.
- No person shall take, carry, possess, or use a rifle or shotgun loaded with a slug or ball unless that person is the holder of a valid hunting licence or a permit to possess or transport the firearm.

Small Game

- 1. You may possess, during the open season for hunting small game, any of the following items:
 - a shotgun loaded with shot having a diameter not greater than .24 inches (AAA or No. 4 Buckshot); or
 - a bow and arrow with or without a broadhead.
- (a) During the open season for hunting snowshoe hare, a person may possess a rim fire rifle of .22 calibre or a muzzle loaded rifle of .40 calibre or less.

(b) In addition to the items described in clause (a), a person who holds a valid deer hunting licence may use firearms legal for deer to hunt snowshoe hare during the period when the two open seasons overlap.

- 3) Persons hunting small game that possess a rifle/shotgun over-under combination firearm, will be permitted to use the firearm during times that possessing a rifle is not permitted, provided they do not possess ammunition for the rifle.
- No person shall use a firearm loaded with a single projectile (bullet of rifled slug) to kill or take game birds.

Furharvesting

- For the purpose of dispatching animals in traps, licenced trappers are allowed to carry a .22 calibre rim fire rifle, including at night and on Sunday, during the season for harvesting furbearing animals.
- Furharvesters legally hunting raccoon, bobcat, fox, squirrel or weasel during the day may use:
 - a shotgun loaded with shot not larger than .24 inches (AAA or No. 4 Buckshot);
 - a bow and arrow fitted with a broadhead;
 - a rim fire rifle of .22 calibre or a muzzle loaded rifle of .40 calibre or less;
 - any weapon permitted for hunting deer when a deer hunting season overlaps, provided the person also possesses a valid deer hunting licence.
 - in addition, following the closure of the deer hunting season, any rimfire, center fire or muzzle loader rifle or shotgun with slugs or ball.
- 3) Furharvesters legally hunting raccoons at night may use:
 - a shotgun loaded with shot not larger than #2
 - a .22 calibre rim fire rifle; or
 - a bow and arrow fitted with a broadhead.
- 4) A furharvester with a Bear Snaring Licence may use any weapon permitted for hunting deer, a .22 calibre rifle or a shotgun loaded with shot to dispatch bears in snares. You may only carry the weapon directly to and from your bear snare set.
- 5) No person is allowed to possess a firearm in or on a vehicle at any time unless it is encased, except that licenced furharvesters using a rimfire rifle of .22 calibre to dispatch animals in traps during the day are exempt if they are using an off-highway vehicle as defined in the Off-Highway Vehicle Act.

Other Harvestable Wildlife

- 1. While hunting other harvestable wildlife you may possess:
 - a shotgun loaded with shot having a diameter not greater than .24 inches (AAA or No. 4 Buckshot);
 - a bow and arrow with or without a broadhead; or
 - a rim fire rifle of .22 calibre or a muzzle loaded rifle of .40 calibre or less from October 15 to the last day of February of the year following.

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- After the close of the open season for hunting deer, until March 31 of the year following, a person may while hunting coyotes use a center-fire, rimfire or muzzle loaded rifle or shotgun with slugs or ball.
- Anyone who holds a valid hunting licence may, during the open season for big or small game, hunt "other harvestable wildlife" with the firearm, bow, arrow, or ammunition permitted during those open seasons.

Non-Toxic Shot

Approved non-toxic shot is steel shot, tungsten-polymer shot, tungsten-matrix shot, tungsten-iron shot, tin shot or bismuth shot. No person shall possess or use shot other than non toxic shot for the purpose of hunting waterfowl or snipe. Within National Wildlife Areas, you must use non-toxic shot for all hunting.

Mandatory Hunter Orange

All persons hunting or attempting to hunt wildlife and any person accompanying them while hunting shall wear a hunter orange cap or hat and a solid hunter orange shirt, vest or coat that is plainly visible from all sides. This includes all rabbit hunters. This also applies to persons snaring or trapping, but does not apply to persons who are:

- in a tree stand or blind while bow hunting deer during a season when deer hunting with a rifle is not permitted;
- licenced furharvesters who are not on forested land and who possess only a .22 calibre rim fire rifle;
- authorized to hunt raccoons at night;
- hunting waterfowl;
- hunting crows on cultivated lands;
- authorized to destroy nuisance wildlife;
- hunting with a bow and arrow in an area designated for bowhunting only;
- hunting between February 16 and September 15 for "Other Harvestable Wildlife";
- hunting bear while standing or sitting in a stationary position at or near a registered bait site, during a season when deer hunting with a firearm is prohibited;
- hunting coyotes at any time, except from October 1 to the end of the general open season for hunting deer;
- licenced furharvesters after the close of the general open season for hunting deer;
- attending a dog field trial or training a dog while carrying

a firearm except if done on forested land during an open big or small game season; or

 hunting with a muzzle loading firearm in the Tobeatic Wildlife Management Area and Liscomb Game Sanctuary.

A cap or hat and a shirt, vest, or coat of **camouflage** orange may be worn by anyone bowhunting or who is accompanying them during a season when bowhunting is permitted and hunting deer with a firearm is prohibited. In all other deer and upland game hunting situations **solid** hunter orange must be worn.

Some General Regulations

 Upon killing a deer or bear, the appropriate TAG must be detached immediately from the back cover of your licence booklet. Scissors or a knife may be used to remove the TAG from the back cover of the booklet. At this time the kill must be recorded on your licence by cutting out the appropriate white Day and Month triangles along the inside edge of your licence booklet.

The detached TAG must remain with the animal but not necessarily on it. It is recommended you keep the TAG on your person, provided you accompany the deer or bear carcass, until you have taken it home or to a meat cutter for processing. However if you are not with the carcass the TAG must be attached to the carcass until the carcass is prepared for consumption. The antlered head must remain attached to at least one front quarter of a deer until the deer has been processed for storage or consumption.

- No person shall have a loaded firearm in a vehicle. Special provisions apply to disabled persons. (see Definitions, page 52).
- You may carry a loaded firearm in a non-motorized vessel during an open season, however, if the vessel is equipped with a motor, the motor of the vessel must not be in operation and movement of the vessel caused by the motor must have ceased;
 - anyone lawfully hunting migratory game birds may carry a shotgun loaded with shot not larger than 0.24 inches (AAA or No. 4 Buckshot) in a vessel with a motor in operation provided the firearm is not discharged until the vessel is beached, resting at anchor, fastened within or tied immediately alongside a fixed hunting blind, or movement of the vessel has ceased.
- Persons in possession of a valid hunting licence may transport or possess a firearm or bow in wildlife habitat during the period from one hour after sunset to one hour before sunrise provided it is encased (see Definitions, page 53).

- No person shall possess a firearm in or on a vehicle at any time unless it is encased. (This includes vehicles as defined in the Off-Highway Vehicles Act.) Some exceptions apply to licenced furharvesters.
- 6. No person shall enter any woods for the purpose of hunting unless that person possesses a compass in working order, a hand axe or hunting knife or jackknife, and a supply of waterproof matches or matches in a waterproof container or a source of flame. You must be able to demonstrate the ability to operate the compass to the satisfaction of a conservation officer.
- 7. No person shall at any time discharge any firearm or bow:
 - within or across the travelled portion of any highway, or within 30m of the travelled portion of any highway; or
 - between one-half hour after sunset and one-half hour before sunrise the following day (refer to page 74).
- 8. No person shall at any time:
 - hunt, take or kill, or attempt to hunt, take or kill wildlife or discharge a weapon within 804 m of a school;
 - discharge a firearm loaded with a rifle cartridge, single ball, or slug within 402 m of a dwelling, playground, golf course, athletic field, woods operation, place of business, or public building other than a school;
 - discharge a shotgun loaded with shot or a bow within 182 m of a dwelling, playground, golf course, athletic field, woods operation, place of business, or public building other than a school;
 - hunt, take or kill, or attempt to hunt, take or kill wildlife that is within 182 m of a dwelling, playground, golf course, athletic field, woods operation, place of business, or public building other than a school.
- 9. The owner or occupier of a dwelling or person authorized by the owner or occupier who holds a valid licence may discharge a firearm or bow, or hunt, take or kill wildlife within the distances stated if the point of discharge is not within the above prescribed distances of:
 - any other dwelling; or
 - a school, public building, playground, golf course, athletic field, woods operation, or place of business.

NOTE: IT IS AN OFFENCE TO HAVE A FIREARM LOADED IN ANY PLACE WHERE THE FIREARM CANNOT BE LEGALLY DISCHARGED (CRIMINAL CODE).

10. A person who holds a valid licence to hunt or trap and who has wounded wildlife may discharge a firearm or bow for the purpose of taking wounded wildlife within the above prescribed distances provided it is done in a safe manner and the consent of the owner or occupier of the land has been obtained.

- 11. No person, while hunting migratory game birds, shall possess a shotgun that has a capacity of more than three shells at any time in the magazine and chamber combined.
- 12. Except as authorized by the Wildlife Act or regulations, you cannot
 - hunt wildlife at night with a firearm or bow except by special permit;
 - hunt wildlife by means of or with the assistance of any light, except by special permit;
 - hunt or carry a firearm or bow in wildlife habitat on Sunday;
 - hunt moose or deer with a trap or snare or a setgun;
 - shoot a moose or deer while it is swimming;
 - kill, take or hunt any moose, deer, or bear with a dog, except nuisance wildlife under permit from a local office of the Department of Natural Resources. However, a person may use a dog to recover a wounded bear, deer or moose provided the dog used to track the wounded animal is on leash; or
 - kill, take or hunt any wildlife that is within the boundaries of any highway (This does not prohibit the use of legally set traps by a licenced furharvester within highway boundaries. However, within 15 m of the traveled surface of any highway no person shall set any trap unless it is one of the following: (a) a body-gripping trap with a jaw spread of 12 cm or less that is completely submerged in water; (b) a box trap; (c) a snare set completely underwater; (d) a snare made of copper, brass or stainless steel set for snowshoe hare or red squirrel); (e) a submarine trap; (f) a rat trap ((e) & (f) are pending final approval).
- 13. As a driver of a vehicle you cannot refuse or fail to comply with any order or visible signal or direction of any conservation officer in uniform.
- 14. A conservation officer has the right to search any vehicle or vessel or box, bag, or container or any other receptacle if the officer has reason to believe a violation of the Wildlife Act or regulations has occurred.

- 15. It is an offence to use any snare, net or trap to hunt, take or kill or attempt to hunt, take or kill a game bird.
- 16. No non-resident shall enter any forest for the purpose of hunting without being supervised by a resident who has a Special Permit to Guide or who is a licenced guide.
- 17. No person shall shine a light having a voltage of more than four and one-half volts in or upon any wildlife habitat not owned by the person at times when hunting is not permitted. It is prima facie evidence that the lights or lights of a vehicle are more than four and one-half volts when the source of energy for such light or lights is the electrical system of the vehicle.

Note: Some exceptions apply to licenced furharvesters. See Use of Lights page 24.

- 18. Two (2) days before and two (2) days after an open season for wildlife or on Sunday during the open season, the holder of a valid hunting licence may transport a rifle to and from a camp which that person is to occupy, providing the rifle is encased.
- It is illegal to sell or buy the meat of deer, moose, ruffed grouse, pheasant, bullfrog, and snapping turtle. Pen-reared pheasants may be sold.
- 20. No person shall kill, take or hunt, or pursue with intent to kill or take any deer after the tag has been detached from the Deer Hunting Licence issued to that person or any bear after the tag has been detached from the Bear Hunting Licence or Bear Snaring Licence issued to that person.
- 21. No person is allowed to possess a firearm or a bow in or on a vehicle at night unless it is encased.

NOTE: REGULATIONS CONTROLLING THE POSSESSION AND TRANSPORT OF FIREARMS IN NATIONAL PARKS ARE DIFFERENT FROM THOSE OF THE PROVINCE. FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT PARKS CANADA AT:

CAPE BRETON HIGHLANDS NATIONAL PARK INGONISH WARDEN OFFICE (902) 285-2542 CHÉTICAMP WARDEN OFFICE (902) 224-3798 KEJIMKUJIK NATIONAL PARK (902) 682-2772 FORTRESS OF LOUISBURG (902) 733-2280



All Nova Scotia residents MUST produce their Wildlife Resources Card to vendors in order to purchase any hunting related licence this fall.

If you have not already applied for your new card you can do so by calling 1-900-565-7418. This line is open 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.

There will be a fee of \$6.25 (plus HST) charged against the phone number used to make this call.

Non residents wishing to purchase a non resident licence can do so by producing one of the following: their old Nova Scotia Firearm Hunting Certificate (orange card) OR proof of a recognized hunting education course OR a hunting licence issued to them by another province, state or country within the past 5 years.

Full details are available at Department of Natural Resources offices or online at www.gov.ns.ca/natr/wrcard



DESCRETE TRACKEDW'S LEASEY 100.35%

Automatic Forfeiture of Seized Items

A conviction under any of the following sections will result in the automatic forfeiture of all items seized:

Wildlife Act

Section 26 Section 31		fishing without valid licence or permit. or applying for licence or permit after
Section 32		hile disqualified because of a hunting
Section 39	(2) Hunting w	ildlife during a closed season.
Section 39		seasonal bag limit prescribed for wildlife.
Section 50	(1) Hunting, ta	aking or killing protected wildlife.
Section 68	Hunting w	ildlife by means of, or with assistance or flambeau.
Section 69		light of more than 4 1/2 volts at night habitat not owned by that person.
Section 73	(2) Hunting w	ildlife during hours other than those by regulations.
Section 73		ng a firearm or bow during hours other permitted by regulations.
Section 78		an area designated as "no hunting" by er of Natural Resources.
Section 79		g firearm or bow in wildlife habitat Act or regulations.
Section 80	(4) Transportir	ng or possessing uncased firearm or bow habitat at night during open season.
Section 81		oossessing prohibited weapon or
Section 87	(1) Possessin	g unencased firearm or bow in wildlife ille impaired by alcohol or drugs.
Section 87	(2) Dischargir	ng or handling firearm or bow without nd attention.
Section 88		a conservation officer or person assisting.
Section 88 Section 10	(d) Assaulting	a conservation officer or person assisting. or licence or permit while disqualified.

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Firearm & Bow Regulations

- Section 3(a) Possessing a swivel or spring gun in wildlife habitat. Section 3(b) Possessing a shotgun greater than 10 gauge in wildlife habitat
- Section 3(c) Possessing a device designed to deaden the sound of the report of a firearm in wildlife habitat.
 - (d) Possessing a crossbow in a wildlife habitat.
- Section 3(e) Possessing in wildlife habitat shot larger than .24 in./.6096 cm (AAA or No. 4 Buckshot) except rifled slugs or ball during the open season for big game.

General Wildlife Regulations

- Section 11(1) Hunting wildlife between 1 hour after sunset and 1 hour before sunrise contrary to the regulations.
- Section 11(2) Discharging firearm or bow between 1/2 hour after sunset and 1/2 hour before sunrise contrary to the regulations.

Chignecto Game Sanctuary Regulations

Section 3(1)(a) Hunting wildlife in Chignecto Game Sanctuary contrary to the regulations.

Liscomb Game Sanctuary Regulations

Section 3(1)(a) Hunting wildlife in Liscomb Game Sanctuary contrary to the regulations.

Tobeatic Wildlife Management Area Regulations

Section 3(1)(a) Hunting wildlife in Tobeatic Wildlife Management Area, contrary to the regulations.

Additional

Any trap, snare, or net illegally used to hunt wildlife may be seized and upon conviction will be automatically forfeited to the Crown.

Section 3(d)

Automatic Licence Suspension Order

Anyone convicted between September 1 and December 31 of the offences listed herein, will have their privilege of obtaining any hunting licence suspended for one year beginning the following year on January 1. If the conviction is registered after January 1 of the following year the suspension will be from the date of conviction until December 31.

Conviction under Section 68 of the Wildlife Act will result in a three year suspension beginning on the date of conviction.

Conviction of any wildlife offence while the person's hunting privileges are suspended will result in an additional one year suspension, except for conviction under section 68 of the Wildlife Act, where an additional three years will be imposed.

Suspensions imposed while the person is currently suspended will run consecutive to the initial suspension.

Conviction of any three wildlife offences, whether or not the offences are listed herein, within a five year period, will result in a one year suspension of hunting privileges.

Wildlife Act

Section 21(3)	Hunting or trapping in area closed for wildlife
	management purposes.
Section 26	Hunting or fishing without valid licence or permit.
Section 32(2)	Hunting while disqualified because of a hunting
	accident.
Section 39(2)	Hunting wildlife during a closed season.
Section 39(2)	Exceeding seasonal bag limit prescribed for wildlife.
Section 39(2)	Exceeding daily bag limit prescribed for wildlife.
Section 40(1)	Setting trap or snare for moose or deer.
Section 50(1)	Hunting, taking or killing protected wildlife.
Section 62	Keeping wildlife or exotic wildlife in captivity
	contrary to act or regulations.
Section 65	Selling or purchasing carcass of wildlife or any
	parts thereof.
Section 67(1)	Hunting with poison, drugs, explosives,
	deleterious substance.
Section 68	Hunting wildlife by means of, or with assistance
	of, a light or flambeau.

66

Section 69(1)	Shining a light of more than 4 1/2 volts at night on wildlife habitat not owned by that person.
Section 79	Possessing firearm or bow in wildlife habitat contrary to act or regulations.
Section 80(4)	Transporting or possessing unencased firearm or bow in wildlife habitat at night during open season.
Section 84(2)	Transporting loaded firearm on or in vehicle or vessel.
Section 85	Discharging firearm or bow across travelled portion
0001011 00	of any highway or within 100 feet/30.48 m of
0	travelled portion.
Section 87(1)	Possessing unencased firearm or bow in wildlife habitat while impaired by alcohol or drugs.
Section 87(2)	Discharging or handling firearm or bow without due care and attention.
Section 88(a)	Obstructing a conservation officer or person assisting.
Section 88(b)	Causing others to obstruct a conservation officer or person assisting.
Section 88(c)	Inciting others to obstruct a conservation officer
0000001 00(0)	or person assisting.
Section 88(d)	Assaulting a conservation officer or person assisting.

Deer Hunting Regulations

Section 6(3)	Hunting or possessing deer during closed season.
Section 7(2)	Killing or possessing more deer than prescribed
	under bag limit for deer.
Section 8(4)	Hunting deer after tag is detached from licence

Section 8(4) Hunting deer after tag is detached from licence.

General Wildlife Regulations

Section11(2)	Discharging firearm or bow between one-half hour
	after sunset and one-half hour before sunrise
	contrary to the regulations.

- Section14(1) Hunting or possessing firearm or bow in wildlife habitat while disqualified.
- Section14(4)(b) Using or possessing in wildlife habitat trap or snare capable of taking or holding big game.

Moose Regulations

- Section4(5) Hunting moose without a valid Moose Hunting Licence or a Companion Moose Hunting Stamp and valid Firearm Hunting Certificate or Bow Hunting Certificate.
- Section 5(2) Hunting moose out of season.
- Section 5(3) Hunting or possessing a greater number of moose than the total prescribed bag limit.

Firearm and Bow Regulations

Section 11(1)	Hunting or discharging firearm or bow within
	880 yards/804 m of school.
Section 11(2)	
	with rifle cartridge, single ball or slug within
	440 yards/402 m of dwelling, place of business,
	public building, or public place.
Section 11(3)	Discharging a shotgun loaded with shot, or a
	bow, within 200 yards/182 m of dwelling, place
	of business, public building.
Section 11(4)	Hunting wildlife with a firearm or a bow within
	200 yards/182 m of dwelling, place of business,
	public building.

Illegal Parking

Section 149 of the Motor Vehicle Act states no person shall leave a vehicle standing on property of which he is not the owner or tenant without the consent of the owner or tenant of the property. When a peace officer is satisfied that a vehicle has been left standing on property for one hour or longer, the officer may, on the request of the owner or tenant of the property, remove the vehicle and detain it until the expense of removal and detention are paid.

The Motor Vehicle Act is administered by Service Nova Scotia and Municipal Relations and enforced by the RCMP.

Chignecto Sanctuary Bow Hunt

Bowhunters with a valid licence and who are certified as qualified to hunt with a bow, may enter the Chignecto Game Sanctuary with a bow to hunt and take wildlife for which the season is open within the period which coincides with the Special Open Season for Bowhunting Deer and the General Open Season for Hunting Deer, excluding Sundays.

Muzzleloader Hunt

A muzzleloader hunt will be held in the Tobeatic Wildlife Management Area (TWMA)* and the Liscomb Game Sanctuary October 16–21 Only muzzle loaded firearms are permitted.

A muzzleloader permit is required to participate in either of these hunts. Hunter orange is not mandatory.

Note: *The Muzzleloader hunt in the TWMA is a primitive hunt. It is an offense for anyone entering the TWMA during this hunt to have in their possession any electric motor or internal combustion engine.

Permit to Keep Meat

Deer and Moose

Any person who kills a **deer** and is in possession of deer meat must retain their Deer Hunting Licence. It must be stamped, signed and dated by a deer registration agent, **or** have recorded on it the Deer Registration Confirmation Number issued by the Department if the deer has been registered on-line, as described on page 70. This will serve as a valid meat storage permit to the person who killed the deer until April 30th of the following year. After April 30th of the following year, it is an offence for a person to store deer meat without a storage permit issued by the Department.

Any person who kills a **deer or moose** legally may transfer up to 15 pounds to any one household where it may be stored without a valid storage permit until April 30th of the year following. Between April 30th in any year and the opening of a deer or moose season in that year, it is an offence for any person to possess meat of the deer family without a valid storage permit issued by the Department.

When you require a storage permit, complete the application form included in this summary on page 87 and forward it to the local office of the Department of Natural Resources in the area in which you reside. Applications for meat storage permits are also available from any DNR Office.

A **moose** hunting licence and tags serve as a permit to transport a moose from where it was legally killed to the hunter's home or place where the meat will be prepared for storage. A moose meat **storage permit** must then be obtained from your local DNR Office to legally possess the meat of moose at any residence. After July 31st of the year following the kill, any person who possesses moose meat must have a renewed storage permit.

Rabbits, Pheasants and Grouse (Partridge)

A storage permit can be obtained to keep legally killed rabbits and non-migratory game birds in cold storage after April 30th. When you require this permit, please complete the application form at the end of this summary and forward it to the local office of the Department of Natural Resources in the area in which you reside. Applications are also available directly from the local office.

Guides

- A non-resident, being a holder of a valid licence, is entitled to hunt, provided the non-resident is supervised by a licenced guide or a resident over the age of 18 who has a Special Permit to Guide for a given period.
- A resident when requesting a Special Permit to Guide must appear in person to receive the permit. (See Licence and Permit Fees, page 13).
- 3. A person acting as a guide under the authority of a Special Permit to Guide may not charge a fee for their service.
- 4. A Special Permit to Guide may be issued for the full hunting season if the non-resident hunter being guided is an immediate family member. (Immediate family member means mother, father, siblings, aunts and uncles).
- Only one Special Permit to Guide, that is valid for a maximum of seven days, may be issued to a person to guide a non-resident hunter who is a "friend" but not an immediate family member.
- Any person authorized to guide may not guide more than three(3) persons while hunting deer, or guide more than four(4) persons who are hunting species other than deer.
- All licenced guides are required to report violations of the Wildlife Act or regulations by any person to the nearest local office of the Department of Natural Resources or a local police department.
- All guides are responsible for ensuring information returns and/or biological specimens from their clients are submitted to the Department of Natural Resources.

Mandatory Deer Registration

If you kill a deer this year you must:

- 1. Present it for registration at the nearest open deer registration station, **OR**
- Register it on-line by providing the necessary information, at www.gov.ns.ca/natr/wildlife/DeerRegistration
- To comply with the regulations you must:
 - Immediately upon killing a deer, cut the tag from the back cover of your licence booklet, and
 - Cut out the appropriate triangles on the inside edge of the front cover of your licence booklet, indicating the month and date of kill,
 - Field dress your deer,

and

Registration Option #1:

A list of Deer Registration Stations begins on page 75. To register your deer at a deer registration station, you must:

- Transport your deer to the nearest deer registration station. The tag from your licence must remain with the deer (see page 58). Note: You must be with the deer you killed when it is being transported and registered.
- Present your deer hunting licence and the detached tag to the registration agent (\$1.00 fee + HST)
- After the agent has completed the "Weekly Deer Harvest Form" for your deer, read the information to make sure it is correct. Sign in the space provided.
- The agent will enter the necessary information on the inside cover of your licence booklet. Ensure the information is correct.

OR

Registration Option #2:

To register your deer on-line, you must:

- Go to www.gov.ns.ca/natr/wildlife/DeerRegistration and provide the required information. Upon submitting the information you will receive a "deer registration confirmation number."
- Record this number in the space provided on your Deer Hunting Tag that you have detached from the back cover of your hunting licence booklet.
- Also record the "deer registration confirmation number" in the space provided on the inside front cover of your hunting licence booklet.

NOTE:

- The detached tag becomes a legal transport permit for the deer carcass and must remain with the carcass until it is prepared for consumption.
- When the registration information has been completed on the inside cover of your hunting licence booklet, the licence becomes your permit to keep the meat of your deer in storage until April 30.
- The licence booklet and tag, together constitute a legal export permit for the deer.
- Regardless of which registration option is used, any person who kills a deer during an open season for hunting deer, must register the deer within 24 hours of killing the deer or within 24 hours after leaving a camp used by that person to hunt deer.

Transporting Bear

- The licence holder shall ensure that the tag detached from their licence remains with the bear carcass until it is prepared for consumption. The licence holder may keep the tag on their person provided they stay with the carcass while it is being transported.
- During the open season for bear, no person shall be in possession of or transport a bear carcass killed by another person unless:
 - the carcass has attached to it the tag of the Bear Hunting Licence or Bear Snaring Licence issued to the person who killed the bear.

Export

Your non-resident Deer Hunting Licence (upon proof of registration), or your Bear Hunting Licence, or your non-resident Small Game Hunting Licence, serve as your export permit for the game legally taken under that licence.

Anyone exporting bears or bear parts out of Canada may require a cites (Convention on International Trade of Endangered Species) Export Permit. Contact your nearest Department of Natural Resources office for further information.

A bear gallbladder must be sealed prior to sale or export. The locking seal must be permanently attached to the bear gallbladder. Bear gallbladders must be presented at a local office of the Department of Natural Resources to be sealed.

⁷² Trespassing

The Protection of Property Act provides that it is an offence to enter on or carry on the following activities on property without the permission or consent of the occupier:

- (a) enter on premises that is a lawn, garden, orchard, vineyard, golf course, or acreage managed for agricultural crops;
- (b) enter on premises that is apparently a tree plantation area or a Christmas tree management area;
- (c) enter on premises that is enclosed in a manner that indicates the occupier's intention to keep persons off the premises or to keep animals on the premises;
- (d) dump or deposit material of any kind or causes, or permit material to be dumped or deposited on premises;
- (e) enter on premises where entry is prohibited on the premises by notice;
- (f) engage in an activity that is prohibited on the premises by notice. Upon conviction, a fine of up to five hundred dollars may be levied. A notice given pursuant to this Act may be oral or in writing

and may be given respecting any part of the land of an occupier. It is an offence to remain on property after being directed to

leave by the occupier or person authorized by the occupier.

However, no person may be prosecuted for contravening any notice under the act if that person is on forest land and is lawfully hunting or engaged in other recreational activity.

"Forest land" means a wooded area, forest stand, tract covered by underbrush, barren ground, marsh or bog, but **does not include:** (a) an area which is apparently a tree plantation area or a

Christmas tree management area:

- (b) a special forestry study area:
- (c) the immediate area where any activity is apparently being carried out on woodlands for the purpose of harvesting a forest product;
- (d) a commercial berry growing area.

For further information about the trespass laws, please refer to the Act to Protect Property which is administered by the Department of Justice through local police departments.

While Nova Scotia Power holds a right-of-way over land on which its power lines are located, the company does not own the lands. Permission to use the right-of-ways for the purpose of hunting must be obtained from the property owner.

Survival in the Woods

You have a very real danger of getting lost in the woods while hunting. Here are some basics of survival in the woods:

The unforeseen can take you off the beaten trail. Even experienced woods travellers can easily lose their bearings. However, a "lost" incident that may be disastrous for a panic-struck novice may prove to be no more than a minor delay for someone who is prepared and does not panic.

Remember! Always tell someone where you plan to hunt.

Preparation

(See Some General Regulations, page 58) It is an offence for any person to enter any woods for the purpose of hunting, unless that person possesses:

- a compass in working order and can demonstrate how to use it;
- a hand axe or hunting knife or jack-knife;
- a supply of waterproof matches or matches in a waterproof container or a source that is capable of producing a flame.

ABC's of a Night in the Woods

- A. Do Not Panic: Sit down. Think over your situation. It is unlikely to be as bad as it first appears. Do not try to walk out unless you are sure that you have recovered your direction and that you have ample time before dark.
- B. Stay Put: Usually it is best to stay close to where you got lost. Aimless wandering can exhaust, injure and kill. It can also put you out of reach of searchers who will soon be on your track if you left word of your destination. Choose as your campsite the driest and most sheltered place possible, with firewood nearby. Do not move on without leaving a note or sign giving direction.
- C. Make Yourself Comfortable: Staying overnight in the woods demands warmth and shelter. Shelter is your first concern. Cut several armfuls of green boughs and about a dozen saplings. Select for your bed the driest and most level spot. Over this, erect a slanting frame of interwoven saplings and roof it from the ground upward with overlapping evergreen boughs, tips downward. Under this lean-to, build a thick mattress of evergreen branchlets by placing the coarser ones topside down for a springy base and topping it with finer branchlets (fir if possible) laid topside up. Gather plenty of firewood to last the night. Locate your fire safely and keep it burning all night.

⁷⁴ Sunrise and Sunset Times 2006

This table gives the approximate sunrise and sunset times. This should only be used as a guide for hunters.

	Yarmouth		Halifax		Sydney	
Sept.	Rise am 35:50 75:54 115:59 156:03	Set pm 6:57 6:50 6:43 6:36	Rise am 5:38 5:43 5:48 5:53	Set pm 6:48 6:41 6:33 6:26	Rise am 5:23 5:28 5:33 5:38	Set pm 6:36 6:29 6:21 6:13
Oct.	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	6:28 6:21 6:14 6:06 5:59 5:52 5:45 5:38	5:57 6:02 6:07 6:12 6:16 6:21 6:26 6:32	6:18 6:11 6:03 5:56 5:48 5:41 5:34 5:27	5:43 5:48 5:53 5:59 6:04 6:09 6:14 6:20	6:05 5:57 5:50 5:42 5:34 5:26 5:19 5:12
Nov.	216:46 256:51 266:52 296:56 27:01 67:07 107:12 147:17 187:22	5:32 5:24 5:20 5:14 5:09 5:04 5:00 4:56	6:37 6:42 6:43 6:47 6:53 6:58 7:04 7:09 7:14	5:21 5:14 5:13 5:08 5:02 4:57 4:52 4:48 4:44	6:25 6:31 6:32 6:37 6:42 6:48 6:54 7:00 7:05	5:05 4:58 4:57 4:52 4:46 4:40 4:35 4:30 4:26
Dec.	227:27 267:32 307:37 37:40 77:44 107:47 157:51	4:53 4:51 4:49 4:48 4:47 4:47 4:47	7:20 7:25 7:29 7:33 7:37 7:40 7:44	4:41 4:38 4:36 4:35 4:34 4:34 4:35	7:11 7:16 7:21 7:24 7:29 7:32 7:36	4:23 4:20 4:17 4:16 4:15 4:15 4:15

* For specific days see the General Wildlife Regulations. All times are Atlantic Standard Time. You must convert to Daylight Savings Time where appropriate.

Deer Registration Stations

Please check to find out when registration stations are open.

Annapolis NAME/LOCATION/TELEPHONE

Nictaux Needs/Nictaux/825-2225 Lequille Country Store/Lequille/532-5362 Johnson's General Store/Maitland Bridge/682-3309 JJ's Express Mart/Springfield/547-2929

Antigonish NAME/LOCATION/TELEPHONE

Henry's Esso Station/Lower South River/863-2819 MacEachern's Ultramar/Saltsprings/863-5677 Brendan's Fairway/Antigonish/863-5583 Customer's Choice Variety/Monastery/232-2299

Cape Breton NAME/LOCATION/TELEPHONE

Mullin Brother's. Shell/Albert Bridge/562-1070 Plaza Shell/Sydney River Shopping Center/567-0654 Budden's Auto Repair/Glace Bay/842-0400 Seal Island Irving/Seal Island/674-2294 Church's Supermarket & Esso/Marion Bridge/727-2364

Colchester NAME/LOCATION/TELEPHONE

Needs Convenience/Tatamagouche/657-3051 Le-a-pol Grocery/Lower Truro/895-1004 Valhalla Gun Shop/East Mountain/893-3770 Bev's Country Diner/Upper Stewiacke/671-2326 Hilltop Taxidermy/Glenholme/662-3761 Simon's Variety/Stewiacke/639-2413 Economy Country Store/Economy/647-2658 MacKay's Wild Outdoor Adventures/765 Willow St./ Truro Kennedy's Food Mart/Bible Hill/893-8088

Cumberland NAME/LOCATION/TELEPHONE

K's Corner Grocery/Tidnish/661-4220 Reid Gilbert & Sons/Parrsboro/254-2560 Langille's Esso/Pugwash/243-2114 Lower Main Market/Oxford/447-3490 Schiefer's Ultramar (Martin's)/Springhill/597-2701 76

Collingwood Corner Convienience/Collingwood/686-3240 Elliott's Grocery/Amherst/661-8679 Murphy's Shell/Wentworth/548-2012 Craig's Grocery/Amherst Shore/661-3511

Digby NAME/LOCATION/TELEPHONE

Titus Gen. Store/Centreville/834-2593 Deep Brook General Store/ Deep Brook/467-3737 Paula's Service Station (Wilson's Gas Stop)/Bear River/467-4106 Ossinger's Grocery/Central Grove/839-2029 Mavillette Kwik-Way/Lake Doucette/649-2967 Walter Macalpine Auto Service/Weymouth North/837-5511 Fred Muise/Hectanooga/649-2739 T.& C. Motors/Marshalltown/245-4651 H. Comeau Service Station/Meteghan Centre/645-3211

Guysborough NAME/LOCATION/TELEPHONE

James Hewitt Grocery/Port Hilford/522-2365 Bruce Nauffts General Store/Liscomb/779-2294 Wonder Store/Guysborough/533-3601 Connolly's Community Market/Boylston/533-3410 Rhynold's Petro Can/Stormont/328-2496 Hanham's Gas & Convenience/Half Island Cove/358-2675 Harv's Red & White/Port Bickerton/364-2580 Murphy's General Store/Larry's River/525-2430 Goshen Enterprises Ltd./Goshen/783-2661

Halifax NAME/LOCATION/TELEPHONE

Preeper's Ultramar/Dutch Settlement/883-2293 Bedford Mall Ultramar/Bedford/835-9355 Harrietsfield Irving/Old Sambro Road/477-4167 Blue Canoe Irving/Prospect Road/876-7157 Hammond's Plains Irving/Hammond's Plains/835-5200 Theresa & Heather's Country Store/Seaforth/827-2118 Riverside Esso/Moser River/347-2002 Spry Bay Convenience/Spry Bay/772-2554 Parker's Esso/Middle Musquodoboit/384-2844 Steward's Garage/Upper Musquodoboit/568-2681 Brewer's/Meaghers Grant

Hants NAME/LOCATION/TELEPHONE

Mccoul's Grocery/Shubenacadie/758-2862 Rawdon Country Store/South Rawdon Road/632-2551 Walton Variety Store/Walton/528-2051 Nannie and Poppie Variety Store/7102 Hwy 14/883-2412 McLean's Service Centre/Brooklyn/757-2555 Lakeside Variety/Vaughans/798-3340 Wentworth Irving Gas Bar/Wentworth Road/798-1101 Frieze & Roy General Store/Maitland/261-2860 Hnatiuk's Taxidermy/Lantz/883-8890 Kennetcook Home Hardware/Kennetcook/362-2424

Inverness NAME/LOCATION/TELEPHONE

Van's Video & Convenience/Stathlorne/258-2238 Whycocomagh Irving/Whycocomagh/756-3337 Smith's Market/Judique/787-3404 Brook Village Grocery/Brook Village/945-2757 Leblanc's Store/Margaree Forks/248-2632 Patterson's Store/Scotsville/258-2707 Timmon's Store/Pleasant Bay/224-2174 Maclean's General Store/River Denys/756-2780

Kings NAME/LOCATION/TELEPHONE

Bordens/East Dalhousie Cann's Kwik Way/Avonport/542-5417 DNA Convenience Store/Hwy #12 Kentville/678-9362 Degraff's/Canning/582-7559 Greenwood Corner Store/Greenwood/765-8061 Fox Mountain Camping Park/Morristown/847-3747

Lunenburg NAME/LOCATION/TELEPHONE

A&B Country Corner Convenience/Middlewood/543-0629 Barry Russell's Esso/New Ross/689-2182 Midway Supply Store/Blockhouse/624-8620 Riverview Meat Market/Chester Basin/275-5401 Woodwise Outfitters/Oakhill/543-7221 Lunenburg Irving Mainway/Lunenburg/634-3641 The Deck Convience Store/Blandford/228-2112 Getsons Convenience Store/Newcombville/543-2816 Hebbville Irving/Hebbville/543-2240 78

Oickle's Auto Services/New Germany/644-3450 Alonza Rhodenizer/Parkdale/644-2934 Den Mart Ltd./West Northfield/543-2246

Pictou NAME/LOCATION/TELEPHONE

Ferguson's Variety/Westville/396-5409 LBR Restaurant/Merigomish/926-2257 Garden Canteen/#3393 Garden of Eden Rd./922-3195 Millside General Inc./Pictou/485-4454 Leetik Service Center/River John/351-2515 Dean Sharpe's Service Station Ltd./Blue Acres/752-9918 Scotsburn Co-op/Scotsburn/485-8023

Queens NAME/LOCATION/TELEPHONE

Mae Fisher/Southwest Port Mouton/683-2635 Port Joli Post Office/Port Joli/683-2573 Liverpool Heating & Appliance/Brooklyn Greenfield General Store/Greenfield/685-2026 Highway Market/Hunts Point/683-2386 Richard Hatt & Sons Ltd./Milton/354-4857 Evan's Village Shoppe/Mill Village/677-2013 N.f. Douglas & Co./Caledonia/682-2334

Richmond NAME/LOCATION/TELEPHONE

L'Ardoise General Store/Lower L'ardoise/587-2190 Gurney's Tech Spot/Martinique/226-2953 Calder's Car Care Inc./POBox 430/535-2689 Jeantie's Minimart/Arichat/226-2186

Shelburne NAME/LOCATION/TELEPHONE

Lydgate Corner Store/Lydgate/656-2258 Decker's Esso/Sable River/656-2041 Demolitor's Store/Jordan Falls/875-3880 Darren"s Service Centre/Wood's Harbour/723-3000 Clyde River Convenience/Clyde River/637-2253 Lyle's Grocery Ltd./106 Digby St/875-3186 Barrington Food Mart/Oak Park Rd./637-2326

Victoria NAME/LOCATION/TELEPHONE

Wreck Cove General Store/Wreck Cove/929-2900 MacAulay Ultramar/Baddeck/295-1906 Fitzgerald's General Repair/Neil's Harbour/336-2108 Cape North Variety/Cape North/383-2678 MacKenzie's Country Store/Little Narrows/756-2985

Yarmouth NAME/LOCATION/TELEPHONE

Arcadia Convenience Store/Arcadia/742-5893 Kemptville Corner Store/Kemptville/761-2286 East Pubnico Convenience Store/Lower East Pubnico/762-0559 Neil's Convenience/Tusket/648-0247 Ameriault's Grocery/West Pubnico/762-2319 Carl's Store/Tusket/648-2212 Emin's Meat Market/Yarmouth/742-2685 Shore Grocery/Port Maitland/649-2210 Carleton Country Outfitters/Carleton/761-3000

Department of Natural Resources Local Offices

Annapolis

Annapolis Office, Box 130, Lawrencetown, BOS 1MO. Phone 584-2229.

Antigonish

Antigonish Office, 190 Beech Hill Road, R.R. 7 Antigonish, B2G 2L4. Phone 863-4513.

Cape Breton

Coxheath Office, 300 Mountain Road, Sydney, B1L 1A9. Phone 563-3370.

Colchester

Colchester Office, 626 College Road, Bible Hill, B2N 2R2. Phone 893-5620.

Cumberland

Oxford Office, Box 130, Oxford, BOM 1PO. Phone 447-2115. Parrsboro Office, Box 428, Parrsboro, BOM 1SO. Phone 254-3241. 80

Digby

Digby Office, R.R. #1, Barton, BOW 1HO. Phone 245-2164.

Guysborough

Guysborough Office, R.R. #2, Boylston, BOH 1GO. Phone 533-3503.

Stillwater Office, R.R. #2, Aspen, BOH 1EO. Phone 522-2024.

Halifax

Waverley Office, 2115 Waverley Road, Waverley, B2R 1Y8. Phone 861-2560.

Sheet Harbour Office, Box 118, Sheet Harbour, BOJ 3BO. Phone 885-2377.

Musquodoboit Harbour Office, Box 190, Musquodoboit Harbour, BOJ 2LO. Phone 889-2332.

Middle Musquodoboit Office, Box 112, Middle Musquodoboit, BON 1XO. Phone 384-2290.

Hants

Windsor Office, Box 190, Windsor, BON 2TO. Phone 798-2016.

Shubenacadie Office, Box 130, Shubenacadie, BON 2HO. Phone 758-3437.

Inverness

Whycocomagh Office, Box 130, Whycocomagh, BOE 3MO. Phone 756-2339.

Kings

Kentville Office, Provincial Building, 136 Exhibition Street, Kentville, B4N 4E5. Phone 679-6097.

Lunenburg

Bridgewater Office, 99 High Street, Bridgewater, B4V 1V8. Phone 543-8167.

Pictou

New Glasgow Office, 459 Coalburn/McLellan's Brook Road, RR 4, New Glasgow, B2H 5C7. Phone 922-4020.

Queens

Milton Office, Box 190, Milton, BOT 1PO. Phone 354-3462.

Richmond

St. Peters Office, Provincial Building, Box 363, St. Peters, BOE 3BO. Phone 535-2032.

Shelburne

Shelburne Office, Box 369, Shelburne, BOT 1WO. Phone 875-2501.

Victoria

Baddeck Office, Provincial Building, Box 610, Baddeck, BOE 1BO. Phone 295-2554. Baddeck Depot, Shore Road, Baddeck, Phone 295-2300.

Yarmouth

Tusket Office, Box 99, 404 Gavel Road, Tusket, BOW 3MO. Phone 648-3540.

DEER MANAGEMENT ZONE DESCRIPTIONS SCHEDULE "A"

Deer Management Zone 1 includes certain lands within Nova Scotia, and more particularly described as follows:

Beginning at a point in the centre of the Mersev River in Queens County where it intersects with the centre line of Highway No. 103; then easterly along the centre line of Highway No. 103 to its intersection with the centre line of Trunk No. 8: then northerly along the centre line of Trunk No. 8 to its intersection with the centre line of Trunk No. 1 in Annapolis County: then northerly along the centre line of Trunk No. 1 to the centre line of the Annapolis River: then downstream along the centre of the Annapolis River north of Goat Island to the Annapolis Basin; then westerly through the Annapolis Basin to the Digby County line at the centre of the Annapolis Basin: then northerly along the Digby County line, through the Digby Gut to the Bay of Fundy; then westerly, southerly, and easterly along the coastline of Nova Scotia to the mouth of Liverpool Bay: then northerly along the centre of Liverpool Bay to the Mersey River: then northerly up the centre of the Mersey River to its intersection with the centre line of Highway No. 103 being the place of beginning. Together with all inland and offshore islands. Deer Management Zone 2 includes certain lands within Nova Scotia. and more particularly described as follows:

Beginning at a point in the centre of the Mersev River in Queens County where it intersects with the centre line of Highway No. 103; then easterly along the centre line of Highway No. 103 to its intersection with the centre line of Trunk No. 8: then northerly along the centre line of Trunk No. 8 to its intersection with the centre line of Trunk No. 1 in Annapolis County; then northerly along the centre line of Trunk No. 1 to the centre line of the Annapolis River: then downstream along the centre of the Annapolis River north of Goat Island to the Annapolis Basin; then westerly through the Annapolis Basin to the Digby County line at the centre of the Annapolis Basin: then northerly along the Digby County line, through the Digby Gut to the Bay of Fundy; then easterly along the coastline of the Bay of Fundy to Cape Split; then southerly along the western coastline of the Minas Basin to the mouth of the Avon River: then upstream along the centre of the Avon River to its intersection with the centre line of Highway No. 101; then easterly and southerly along the centre line of Highway No. 101 to its iunction with the centre line of the Bedford Highway: then southerly along the centre line of the Bedford Highway to its intersection with the Sackville River; then downstream along the centre of the Sackville River to the Bedford Basin: then southerly along the centre of the Bedford Basin and the centre of the Halifax Harbour to its mouth at the Atlantic Ocean; then westerly along the Atlantic Coast to the mouth of Liverpool Bay: then northerly along the centre of Liverpool Bay to where it intersects with the Mersey River: then northerly upstream along the centre of the Mersey River to its intersection with the centre line of Highway No. 103 being the place of beginning. Together with all inland and offshore islands.

Deer Management Zone 2A includes certain lands within Lunenburg and Queens Counties, Nova Scotia and are more particularly described as follows:

Beginning at a point on the centerline of the East River. Lunenburg County, where it intersects with the northern most edge of the multi-line power transmission corridor running from Halifax County to Queens County and being approximately 1 km south of Whistler lake: thence, southwesterly along the northern most edge of the said power transmission corridor to an angle point where the power transmission corridor separates into 2 lines: thence, following the north branch of the said transmission corridor southwesterly, passing the Gold River Indian Reserve to the north, continuing on past Lower New Cornwall to an angle point about 1 km west of the LaHave River near Cookville: thence. southerly, along the western edge of the said corridor, to a juncture point with the transmission line running westerly from Maitland; thence, southwesterly along the northern edge of the said transmission corridor, passing to the north of Wiles Lake and Lapland, and extending to the western bank of the Medway River;

thence, southeasterly, downstream following the western bank of the Medway River and the western shoreline of Medway Harbour to a point on the ordinary high water mark (OHWM) east of the navigation light at Medway Head; thence, northeasterly in a straight line to a point on the OHWM of the most southerly part of Toby Island: thence, northeasterly in a straight line to a point on the OHWM of the most southerly part of Cape LaHave Islands at Cape LaHave Point; thence, northeasterly in a straight line to a point on the OHWM of the most eastern point of West Ironbound Island; thence, northeasterly in a straight line to a point on the OHWM of the most eastern point of Cross Island; thence, northeasterly in a straight line to a point on the OHWM of the most eastern point of Big Duck Island; thence, northeasterly in a straight line to a point on the OHWM of the most eastern point of East Ironbound Island: thence, northwesterly in a straight line to a point on the OHWM of the most northeasterly point of Little Tancook Island; thence, northwesterly in a straight line to the mid point of the mouth of East River Bay northwest from East River Point: thence, northeasterly in a straight line to a point at the centerline of the mouth of East River; thence, northerly following the centerline of East River to the point of beginning, together with all inland and offshore islands.

Deer Management Zone 3 includes certain lands within Nova Scotia, and more particularly described as follows:

Beginning at a point at the mouth of the Parrsboro River; then northerly upstream along the centre of the Parrsboro River to its beginning at the southern outlet of Newville Lake; then northerly across Newville Lake to its northern outlet into River Hebert; then northerly downstream along the centre of River Hebert to its mouth on the Cumberland Basin; then along the centre of Cumberland Basin to Chignecto Bay; then westerly and southerly along the coastline of Chignecto Bay to Cape Chignecto; then easterly along the coastline to the mouth of the Parrsboro River being the point of beginning. Together with all inland and offshore islands.

Deer Management Zone 4 includes certain lands within Nova Scotia, and more particularly described as follows:

Beginning at the point where the centre line of Highway No. 101 meets with the centre line of Highway No. 102; then northwesterly along the centre line of Highway No. 101 to its intersection with the Avon River; then northerly downstream along the centre of the Avon River to the Minas Basin; then northerly through the Minas Basin to the mouth of the Parsboro River; then northerly upstream along the centre of the Parsboro River to its beginning at the southern outlet of Newville Lake; then northerly across Newville Lake to its northern outlet into River Hebert; then northerly 84

downstream along the centre of River Hebert to its mouth on the Cumberland Basin: then northerly along the centre of the Cumberland Basin to a point directly west of the mouth of the Missaguash River: then easterly to the centre of the mouth of the Missaguash River which becomes the border between the Province of Nova Scotia and the Province of New Brunswick: then northeasterly along the border to Baie Verte: then southeasterly along the coastline of the Northumberland Strait to Saint George's Bay: then southeasterly along the western coastline of Saint George's Bay to the Strait of Canso; then southerly along the centre of the Strait of Canso to Chedabucto Bay; then along the western coastline of the Chedabucto Bay to the mouth of the Salmon River in Guysborough County; then upstream along the centre of the Salmon River to the bridge on Giants Lake Road at Ogden; then northwesterly along the centre of Giants Lake Road to its intersection with Route No. 316; then southerly along the centre line of Route No. 316 to its intersection with the centre line of the Melrose Country Harbour Road locally known as the Nine Mile Woods Road at Country Harbour Cross Roads; then westerly along the centre line of the Melrose Country Harbour Road locally known as the Nine Mile Woods Road to its intersection with Trunk No. 7 at Melrose: then westerly along the centre line of Route No. 348 to its intersection with the Cameron Settlement Road at Caledonia: then westerly along the centre line of Cameron Settlement Road to its intersection with Route No. 374 at Trafalgar: then westerly along the centre line of Route No. 374 to its intersection with the Dean Settlement Road/St. Marv's Road: then westerly along the centre line of the Dean Settlement Road/St. Marv's Road to its intersection with Route No. 336 at Dean; then southerly along the centre line of Route No. 336 to its intersection with Route No. 224 at Upper Musquodoboit: then westerly along the centre line of Route No. 224 to its intersection with Trunk No. 2 at Shubenacadie; then southerly along the centre of Highway No. 2 to its intersection with the Shubenacadie River: then northerly along the centre of the Shubenacadie River to its intersection with the centre line of Highway No. 102; then southwesterly along the centre line of Highway No. 102 to its intersection with the centre line of Highway No. 101 being the place of beginning. Together with all inland and offshore islands.

Deer Management Zone 5 includes certain lands within Nova Scotia, and more particularly described as follows:

Beginning at a point where Highway No. 101 intersects with Highway No. 102 and the Bedford Highway; then southerly along the centre line of the Bedford Highway to its intersection with the Sackville River; then downstream along the centre of the Sackville River to the Bedford Basin; then along the centre of the Bedford Basin and the centre of the Halifax Harbour to its mouth at the Atlantic Ocean: then easterly along the Atlantic Coast to the mouth of Chedabucto Bay: then westerly along the southern coastline of Chedabucto Bay to the mouth of the Salmon River in Guysborough County; then upstream along the centre of the Salmon River to the bridge on Giants Lake Road at Ogden; then northwesterly along the centre line of Giants Lake Road to its intersection with Route No. 316; then southerly along the centre line of Route No. 316 to its intersection with the centre line of the Melrose Country Harbour Road, locally known as the Nine Mile Woods Road, at Country Harbour Cross Roads; then westerly along the centre line of the Melrose Country Harbour Road. locally known as the Nine Mile Woods Road, to its intersection with Trunk No. 7 at Melrose; then westerly along the centre line of Route No. 348 to its intersection with the Cameron Settlement Road at Caledonia: then westerly along the centre line of Cameron Settlement Road to its intersection with Route No. 374 at Trafalgar: then westerly along the centre line of Route No. 374 to its intersection with the Dean Settlement Road/St. Mary's Road; then westerly along the centre line of the Dean Settlement Road/St. Mary's Road to its intersection with Route No. 336 at Dean; then southerly along the centre line of Route No. 336 to its intersection with Route No. 224 at Upper Musquodoboit; then westerly along the centre line of Route No. 224 to its intersection with Trunk No. 2 at Shubenacadie: then southerly along the centre of Highway No. 2 to its intersection with the Shubenacadie River; then northerly along the centre of the Shubenacadie River to its intersection with the centre line of Highway No. 102: then southwesterly along the centre line of Highway No. 102 to its intersection with the centre line of Highway No. 101 being the place of beginning. Together with all inland and offshore islands.

Deer Management Zone 6 includes certain lands within Nova Scotia, and more particularly described as follows:

Beginning at a point at the centre of the Baddeck River and its intersection with Highway No. 105; then northwesterly along the centre of Highway No. 105 to its intersection with the Cabot Trail; then northerly along the centre of the Cabot Trail to where it crosses the Margaree River at the mouth of river; then downstream along the centre of the Margaree River to the Gulf of St. Lawrence; then westerly and southerly along the coastline of the Gulf of St. Lawrence and St. George's Bay to the Strait of Canso; then southeasterly along the centre of the Strait of Canso to Chedabucto Bay; then easterly along the centre of the Chedabucto Bay to the Atlantic Ocean to the mouth of Great Bras d'Or Channel; then southwesterly along the centre of the

Great Bras d'Or Channel to its mouth on the Great Bras d'Or; then in a direct line to the eastern mouth of St. Patrick's Channel; then westerly along the centre of St. Patrick's Channel to the mouth of Nyanza Bay; then northerly and easterly along the centre of Nyanza Bay to the mouth of the Baddeck River; then upstream along the centre of the Baddeck River to its intersection with Highway No. 105 being the point of beginning. Together with all inland and offshore islands.

Deer Management Zone 7 includes certain lands within Nova Scotia, and more particularly described as follows:

Beginning at a point at the centre of the Baddeck River at its intersection with the centre line of Highway No. 105; then northwesterly along the centre of Highway No. 105 to its intersection with the Cabot Trail; then northerly along the centre line of the Cabot Trail to where it crosses the Margaree River at the mouth of the river: then downstream along the centre of the Margaree River to the Gulf of St. Lawrence; then northeasterly along the coastline of the Gulf of St. Lawrence to Cape St. Lawrence; then easterly, southerly, and westerly along the coastline of the Gulf of St. Lawrence and the Atlantic Ocean to the Atlantic mouth of the Great Bras d'Or Channel: then southwesterly along the centre of the Great Bras d'Or Channel to its mouth on the Great Bras d'Or: then in a direct line to the eastern mouth of St. Patrick's Channel; then westerly along the centre of St. Patrick's Channel to the mouth of Nvanza Bay: then northerly and easterly along the centre of Nyanza Bay to the mouth of the Baddeck River; then upstream along the centre of the Baddeck River to its intersection with the centre line Highway No. 105 being the point of beginning. Together with all inland and offshore islands

REPORT A POACHER

Help protect your Natural Resources, report wildlife crime, call **1-800-565-2224** or visit our website at www.gov.ns.ca/natr/enforcement/reportapoacher.htm. Angling and hunting regulations are designed to protect you as well as your fish and wildlife resources. A person who breaks these laws is a thief, stealing your resource.

Poaching and other fish and wildlife offences concern the whole community. If you know of someone breaking fish or wildlife laws, report what you know. Often information that seems unimportant can be of the greatest value.

Help us, help you protect your resource.