### China

- Good planting conditions last fall and a mild winter resulted in favourable crop prospects early this year - minimal winterkill.
- Timely spring rains over most of North Plain benefit yields.
- Dryness and drought through Hebei and Inner Mongolia limit winter wheat and spring wheat prospects.
- Cold temperatures through the Northeast limit corn and soybean plantings. Recent dryness and warm temperatures have further limited development of row crops.

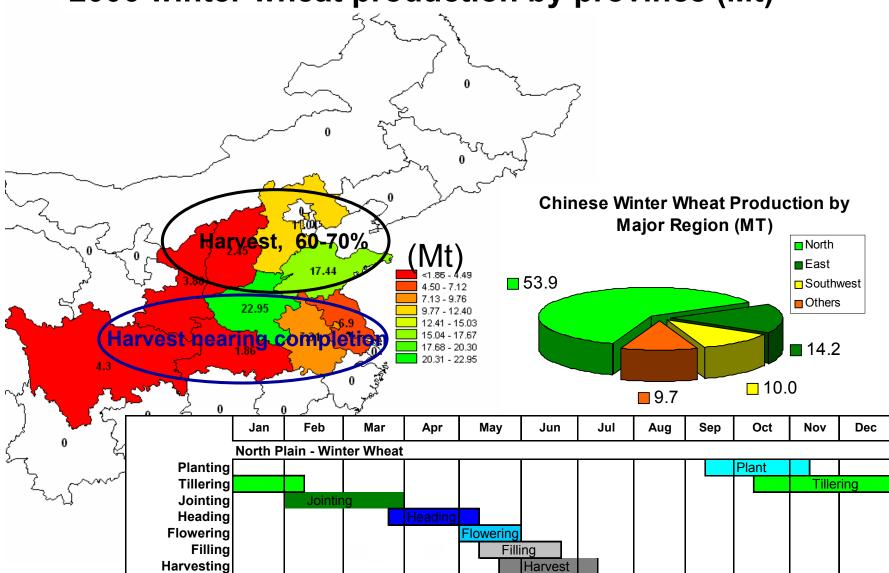


#### **Crop & market mission to China –** December, 2005 enise Lake 0º North Baikal Pacific A Ocean Harbin. KHSTAN Lake JAPAN Shenyang Balkhash MONGOLIA NORTH KOREA **KYRGYZSTAN** SOUTH BEIJING . Tianjin KOREA \*Ürümqi Yellow TAJIKISTAN .Zhengzhou Indian Lanzhou claim. Shanghai Naniing\* Philippine Xi'an\* East 35 Wuhan. China Sea Chengdu\_ Sea Chinese iang Brahmaputra line of Chongqing. Taipei chan9 control Lhasa. NEP Taiwan Guangzhou \_ 205 300 600 km 0 BHUTAN NDIA Mekong Hong Kong SAR. D. 300 600 mi Macau BANGLADESHC South VIETNAM BURMA China PHILIPPINES LAOS Hainan Sea Dao Corners D THAILAND

2







#### 2006 winter wheat production by province (Mt)

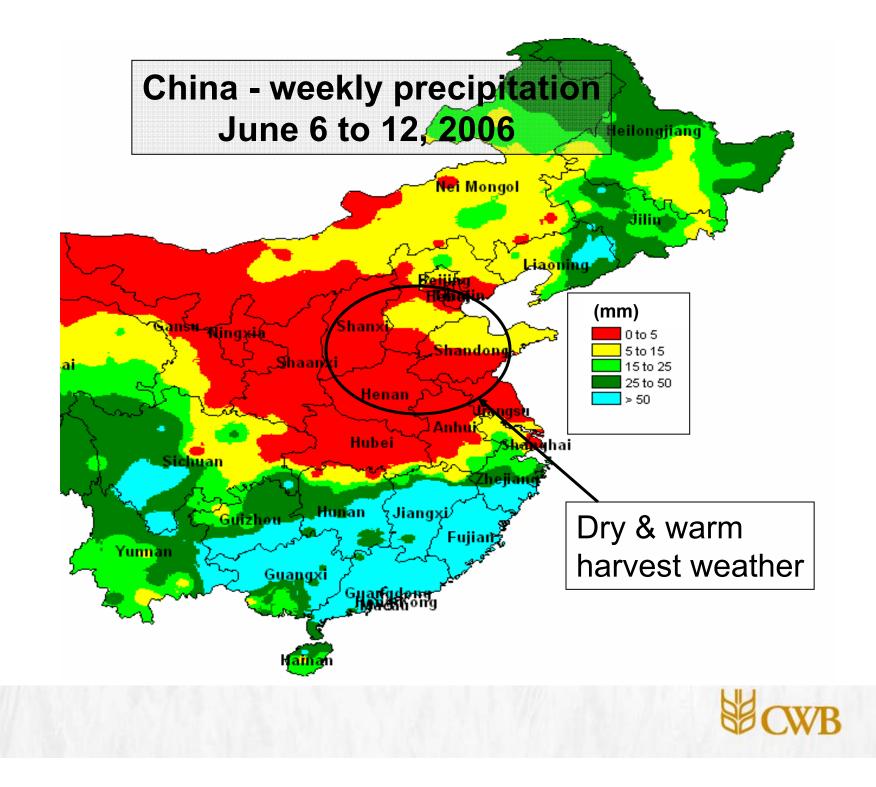
# MODIS satellite imagery – May 29 & June 12, 2006

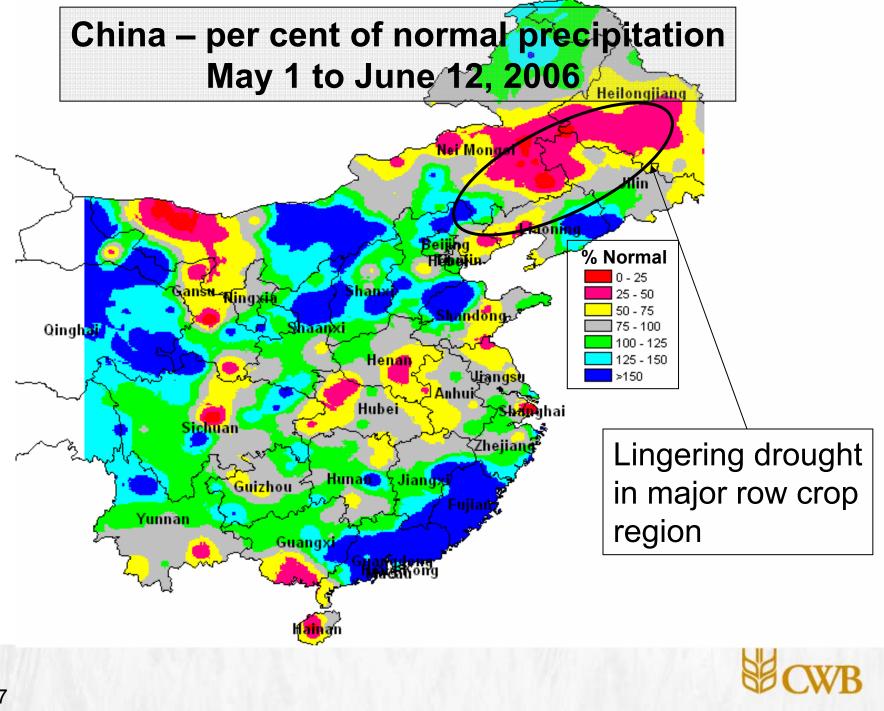
Actively growing crops



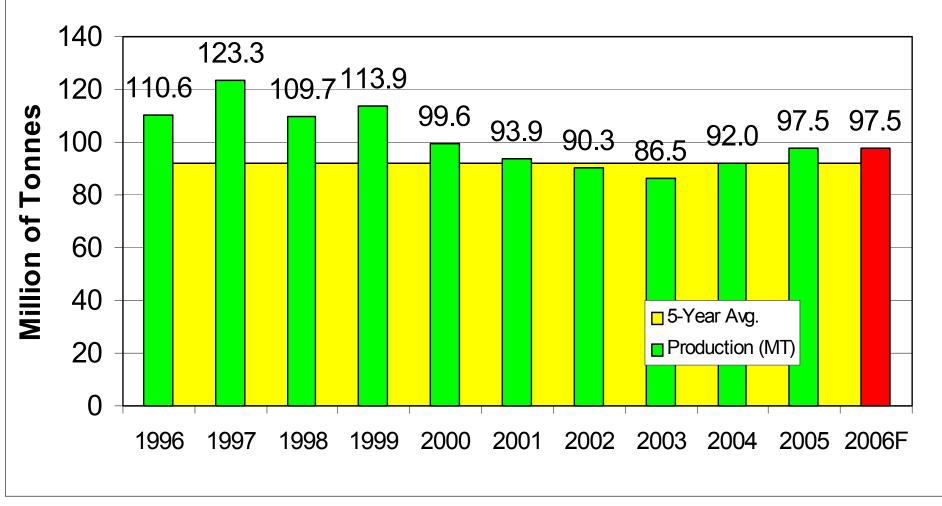
#### Harvest complete residue management - fires





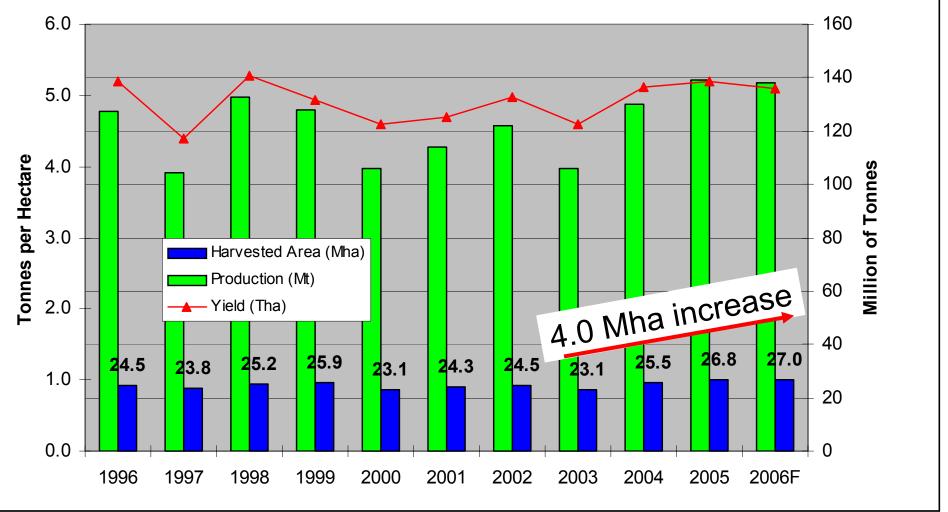


### China All Wheat Production (MT)



#### Source: USDA





Source: USDA

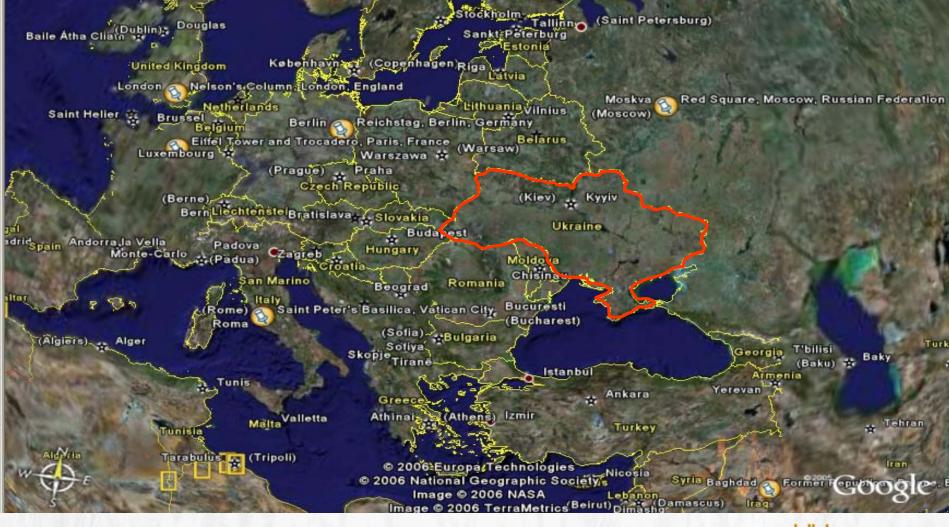


## **FSU-12**

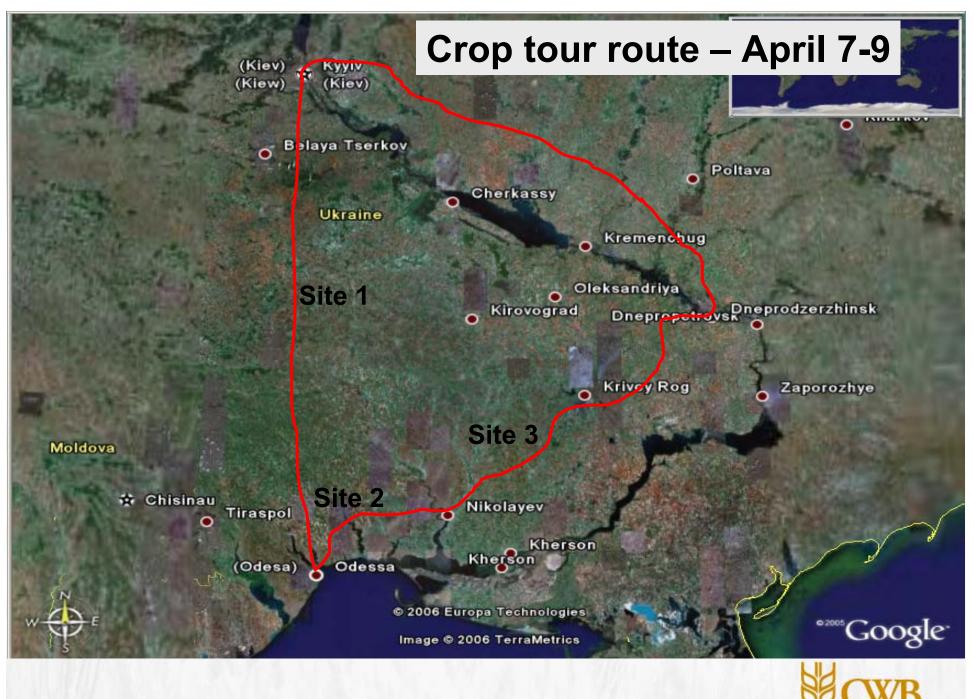
- Poor planting and establishment of fall cereals about 3.0 Mha less seeded in the Ukraine and Russia.
- Anticipated high winterkill in Russia and Ukraine as high as 25 to 30%. Crop tour results of Ukraine indicated far less – about 10%.
- Cool spring across the Ukraine, Russia and Kazakhstan developmental delays and lower yield potential.
- Sown area for spring cereals at near record low levels in Russia (especially Siberia), with farmers switching to oilseeds and coarse grains for livestock needs.
- Dry conditions with hot daytime (30+°C) temperatures in late May and early June have stressed spring cereals in Kazakhstan.



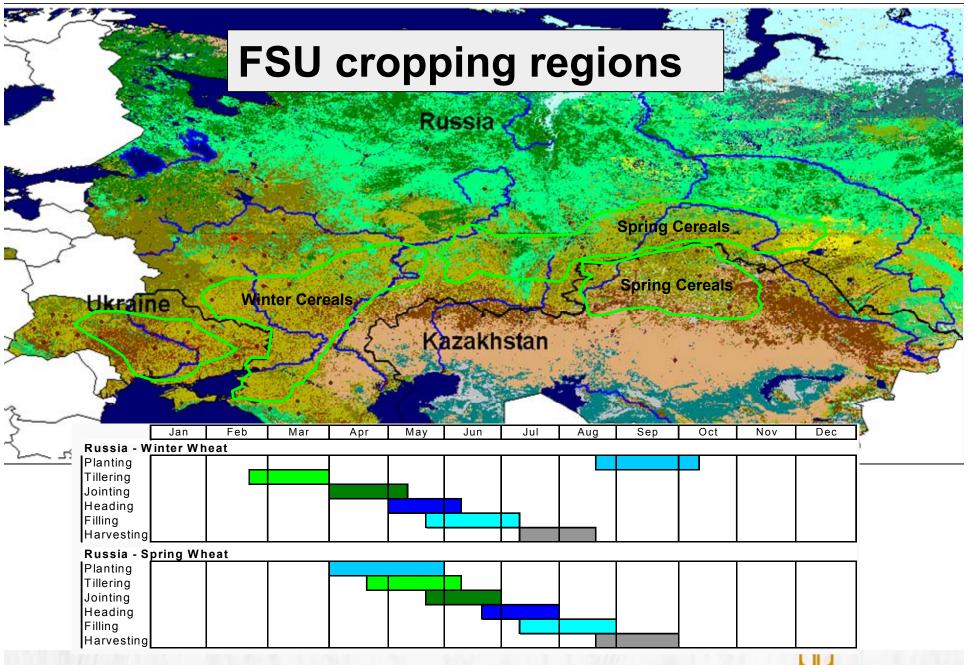
### Crop & market mission to the Ukraine – April, 2006





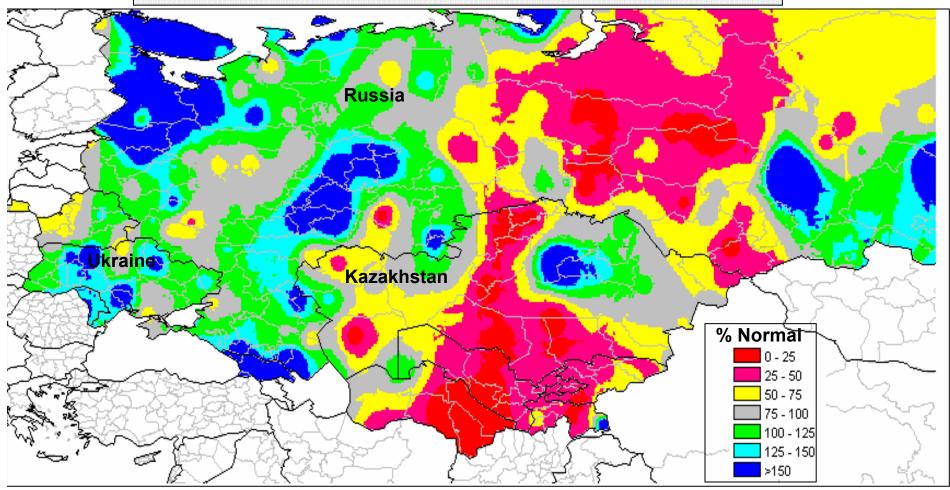






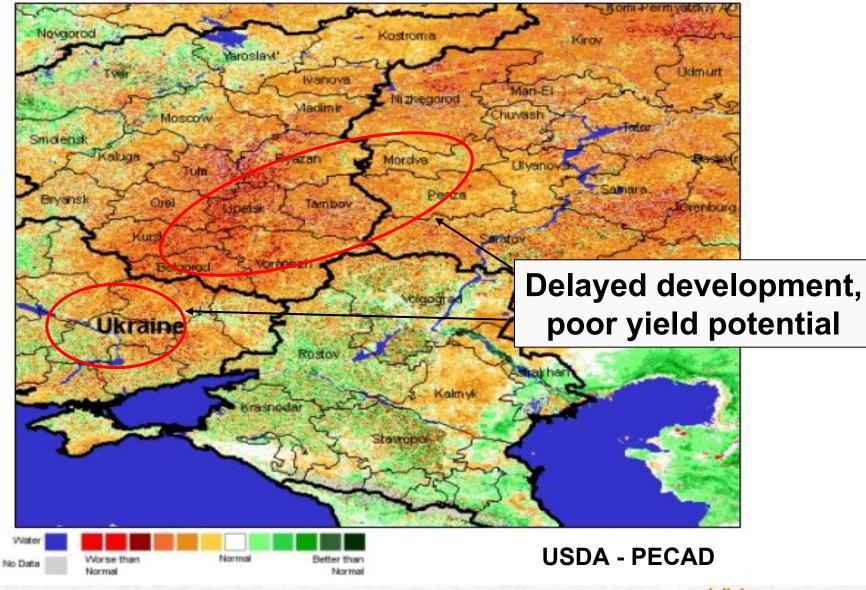


### FSU – per cent of normal precipitation May 1 to June 12, 2006

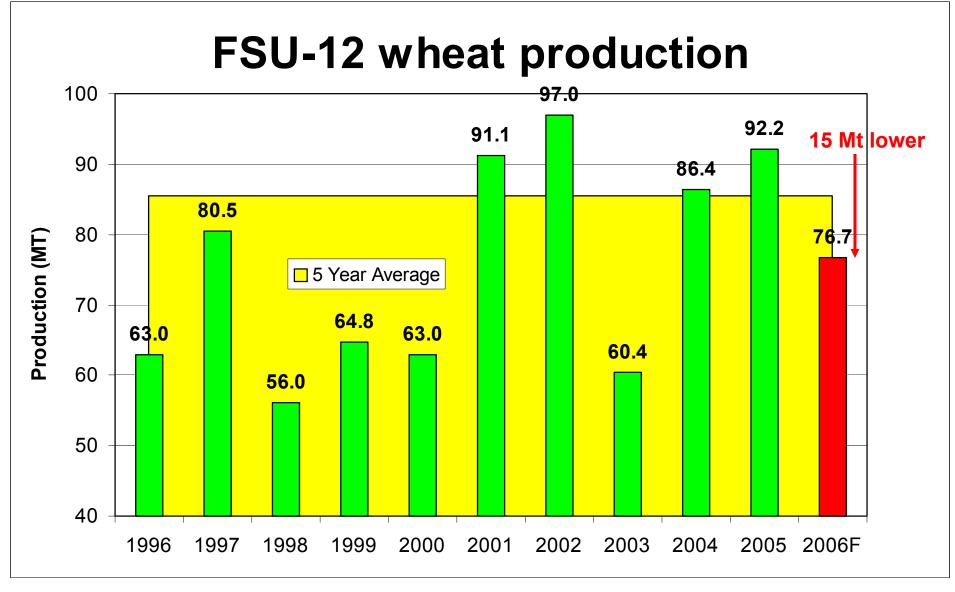




SPOT 1Km - vegetation health 2006 versus 2005, May 21







Source: USDA