Financial Statements

MARCH 31, 2006

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AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Minister of Finance

I have audited the statement of financial position of the Alberta Heritage Science and Engineering Research Endowment Fund as at March 31, 2006 and the statements of operations and net assets and cash flows for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Fund's management. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on my audit.

I conducted my audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that I plan and perform an audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

In my opinion, these financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Fund as at March 31, 2006 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles.

[Original Signed] Fred J. Dunn, FCA Auditor General

Edmonton, Alberta May 19, 2006

The official version of this Report of the Auditor General, and the information the Report covers, is in printed form.



STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

March 31, 2006

	2006	2005
	(\$ tl	nousands)
Assets		
Portfolio investments (Note 3)	\$ 674,048	\$ 538,344
Receivable from sale of investments	3,250	-
Administration expense receivable	-	15
	\$ 677,298	\$ 538,359
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$ 1	\$ 940
Net Assets (Note 6)	677,297	537,419
	\$ 677,298	\$ 538,359

STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS AND NET ASSETS

For the Year Ended March 31, 2006

		2005	
	Budget	Actual	
		(\$ thousand	ds)
Net investment income (Note 7)	\$ 19,774	\$ 57,853	\$ 29,234
Transfer from the General Revenue Fund (Note 6a)	-	100,000	-
Transfers to the Alberta Heritage Foundation			
for Science and Engineering Research (Note 6b)	(23,092)	(17,975)	(13,445)
Change in net assets	\$ (3,318)	139,878	15,789
Net assets at beginning of year		537,419	521,630
Net assets at end of year		\$ 677,297	\$ 537,419

The accompanying notes and schedules are part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the Year Ended March 31, 2006

	2006	2005
	(\$ tho	usands)
Operating transactions		
Net investment income	\$ 57,853	\$ 29,234
Non-cash items included in net investment income	(3,874)	4,413
	53,979	33,647
Increase in receivables	(3,235)	(1)
(Decrease) increase in payables	(939)	940
Cash provided by operating transactions	49,805	34,586
Investing transactions		
Proceeds from disposals, repayments and redemptions of investments	60,255	136,169
Purchase of investments	(196,068)	(151,461)
Cash applied to investing transactions	(135,813)	(15,292)
Transfers		
Transfers from the General Revenue Fund	100.000	-
Transfers to the Foundation	(17,975)	(13,445)
Cash provided by (applied to) transfers	82,025	(13,445)
(Decrease) increase in cash	(3,983)	5,849
Cash at beginning of year	10,261	4,412
Cash at end of year	\$ 6,278	\$ 10,261
Consisting of Deposit in the Consolidated Cash		
Investment Trust Fund (Note 3)	\$ 6,278	\$ 10,261

The accompanying notes and schedules are part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2006 (\$ thousands)

NOTE 1 AUTHORITY AND PURPOSE

The Alberta Heritage Science and Engineering Research Endowment Fund ("the Fund") operates under the authority of the *Alberta Heritage Foundation for Science and Engineering Research Act* ("the Act"), Chapter A 22, Revised Statutes of Alberta 2000.

The purpose of the Fund is to invest the endowment made to the Fund. The Fund has been managed with the objectives of providing an annual level of income for transfer to the Alberta Heritage Foundation for Science and Engineering while preserving the capital of the endowment over the long term. The portfolio is comprised of high quality fixed-income securities, equities, real estate, absolute return strategy investments and derivative financial instruments.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND REPORTING PRACTICES

The recommendations of the Public Sector Accounting Board of the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants are the primary source for the disclosed basis of accounting.

The accounting policies of significance to the Fund are as follows:

(a) Portfolio Investments

Fixed-income securities, mortgages, equities, real estate investments, absolute return strategies and timberland investments held directly by the Fund or by pooled investment funds are recorded at cost. Cost includes the amount of applicable amortization of discount or premium using the straight-line method over the life of the investments.

Investments are recorded as of the trade date.

The cost of disposals is determined on the average cost basis.

Where there has been a loss in value of an investment that is other than a temporary decline, the investment is written down to recognize the loss. The written down value is deemed to be the new cost.

(b) Investment Income

Investment income is recorded on the accrual basis where there is reasonable assurance as to its measurement and collectability.

Gains and losses arising as a result of disposals of investments are included in the determination of investment income.

Income and expenses from derivative contracts are included in investment income. Certain derivative contracts, which are primarily interest rate swaps and cross-currency interest rate swaps, are designated as hedges of market risks for purposes of hedge accounting. Hedge accounting

Note 2 (continued)

recognizes gains and losses from derivatives in the statement of income in the same period as the gains and losses of the security being hedged. As a result, income and expenses from derivative contracts designated as hedges are recognized in income on an accrual basis with gains and losses recognized in income to the extent realized.

Where a hedge relationship is designated, the hedge is documented at inception. The documentation identifies the specific asset being hedged, the risk that is being hedged, type of derivative used and the matching of critical terms of both the hedged security and the hedging derivative for purposes of measuring effectiveness. The derivative must be highly effective in accomplishing the objective of offsetting either changes in the fair value or cash flows attributable to the risk being hedged both at inception and over the life of the hedge.

Derivative contracts not designated as hedges for purposes of hedge accounting, which are primarily bond index swaps, equity index swaps and equity index futures contracts, forward foreign exchange contracts and credit default swap contracts, are recorded at fair value.

(c) Foreign Currency

Foreign currency transactions are translated into Canadian dollars using average rates of exchange, except for hedged foreign currency transactions which are translated at rates of exchange established by the terms of the forward exchange contracts. Exchange differences on unhedged transactions are included in the determination of investment income.

(d) Investment Valuation

Portfolio investments are recorded in the financial statements at cost. The fair value of investments is provided for information purposes and is disclosed in Note 3 and Schedules A to E.

Fair value is the amount of consideration agreed upon in an arm's length transaction between knowledgeable, willing parties who are under no compulsion to act.

Measurement uncertainty exists in the fair values reported for certain investments such as private equities, private income, private real estate, absolute return strategies and timberland investments. The fair values of these investments are based on estimates where quoted market prices are not readily available. Estimated fair values may not reflect amounts that could be realized upon immediate sale, nor amounts that ultimately may be realized. Accordingly, the estimated fair values may differ significantly from the values that would have been used had a ready market existed for these investments.

Fair values of investments held either by the Fund or by pooled investment funds are determined as follows:

- (i) Public fixed-income securities and equities are valued at the year-end closing sale price, or the average of the latest bid and ask prices quoted by an independent securities valuation company.
- (ii) Private fixed-income securities and mortgages are valued based on the net present value of future cash flows. These cash flows are discounted using Government of Canada bond rates adjusted for a risk premium estimated by management.

Note 2 (continued)

- (iii) The fair value of private equities is estimated by managers or general partners of private equity funds, pools and limited partnerships. Valuation methods may encompass a broad range of approaches. The cost approach is used to value companies without either profits or cash flows. Established private companies are valued using the fair market value approach reflecting conventional valuation methods including discounted cash flows and multiple analyses.
- (iv) The fair value of real estate investments are reported at their most recent appraised value, net of any liabilities against the real property. Real estate properties are appraised annually by qualified external real estate appraisers. Appraisers use a combination of methods to determine fair value including replacement cost, direct comparison, direct capitalization of earnings and discounted cash flows.
- (v) The fair value of absolute return strategy investments is estimated by external managers.
- (vi) The fair value of timberland investments are appraised annually by independent third party evaluators.
- (vii) The fair values of deposits, receivables, accrued interest and payables are estimated to approximate their book values.
- (viii) The fair value of investments and any other assets and liabilities denominated in a foreign currency are translated at the year-end exchange rate.

(e) Valuation of Derivative Contracts

Derivative contracts include equity and bond index swaps, interest rate swaps, cross-currency interest rate swaps, credit default swaps, forward foreign exchange contracts and equity index futures contracts. As disclosed in Note 4, the value of derivative contracts is included in the fair value of pooled investment funds. The estimated fair value of derivative contracts at the reporting date is determined by the following methods:

- (i) Equity and bond index swaps are valued based on changes in the appropriate market based index net of accrued floating rate interest.
- (ii) Interest rate swaps and cross-currency interest rate swaps are valued based on discounted cash flows using current market yields and exchange rates.
- (iii) Credit default swaps are valued based on discounted cash flows using current market yields and calculated default probabilities.
- (iv) Forward foreign exchange contracts and equity index futures contracts are valued based on quoted market prices.

NOTE 3 PORTFOLIO INVESTMENTS

	2006			2005				
	- .	Fair			Fair			
	Cost	Value	%	Cost	Value	%		
Fixed Income Converting (Cohodula A)	(\$ thou	isands)		(\$ thou	isands)			
Fixed-income Securities (Schedule A)								
Investment Trust Fund (a)	\$ 6.278	\$ 6.278	0.9	\$ 10.261	\$ 10.261	19		
Canadian Dollar Public Bond Pool (b)	175.613	177,699	24.9	140,906	145,692	26.5		
Private Mortgage Pool (c)	26.096	26.771	3.8	24.005	25.016	4.6		
Currency Alpha Pool (d)	674	692	0.1	-	-	-		
Tactical Asset Allocation Pool (e)	1,285	1,242	0.2	1,090	1,092	0.2		
	209,946	212,682	29.9	176,262	182,061	33.2		
Canadian Equities (Schedule B)								
Domestic Passive Equity Pooled Fund (f)	51,829	49,700	7.0	36,838	34,494	6.3		
Canadian Pooled Equity Fund (g)	28,529	30,255	4.3	24,136	22,306	4.1		
Canadian Equity Enhanced Index Pool (h)	11,618	13,687	1.9	10,628	11,631	2.1		
Canadian Large Cap Pool (i)	11,920	10,900	1.5	7,521	7,055	1.3		
Growing Equity Income Pool (j)	4,538	6,266	0.9	5,673	6,744	1.2		
Canadian Multi-Cap Pool (K)	0,922	0,965	1.0	4,921	4,925	0.9		
futures contracts (e)	(6.492)	(6.492)	(1.0)	(5.569)	(5.569)	(1.0)		
	108.864	111.301	15.6	84,148	81.586	14.9		
United States Equities (Schedule C)		,		- , -	- ,	-		
S&P 500 Index Fund (I)	89,950	95,650	13.4	65,728	67,771	12.3		
US Large Cap Equity Pool	-	-	-	5	5	-		
US Small/Mid Cap Equity Pool (m)	16,024	18,202	2.5	12,084	12,116	2.2		
Portable Alpha United States Equity Pool (n)	18,700	18,608	2.6	15,794	15,407	2.8		
Growing Equity Income Pool (j)	2,041	1,941	0.3	1,082	1,074	0.2		
Tactical Asset Allocation Pool US futures	0 555	0 555	1.0	5 500	5 500	4.0		
contracts (e)	6,555	6,555	1.0	0,090 0,090		1.0		
Non North American Equition (Schodula D)	133,270	140,956	19.8	100,291	101,971	18.5		
EASE Active Equity Pool (a)	100 278	100 347	15 /	83 845	81 562	1/ 0		
EAFE Passive Equity Pool (n)	10 947	13 435	19	17 715	20 548	3.7		
Emerging Market Equity Pool (g)	5.342	7.338	1.0	5.657	6.233	1.1		
EAFE Structured Equity Pool (p)	15,999	15,615	2.2	-,	-,	-		
	132,566	145,735	20.5	107,217	108,343	19.7		
Real Estate (Schedule E)								
Private Real Estate Pool (r)	50,947	63,247	8.8	37,158	42,691	7.8		
Foreign Private Real Estate Pool (s)	1,929	1,891	0.3	1,853	1,758	0.3		
	52,876	65,138	9.1	39,011	44,449	8.1		
Absolute Return Strategies (t)	24,073	24,174	3.4	26,015	25,817	4.7		
Private Equity Pools (u)	6,442	6,597	0.9	2,869	2,708	0.5		
Private Income Pools (u)	3,341	3,351	0.5	2,531	2,493	0.4		
Timberland (v)	2,670	2,515	0.3	-	-	-		
Total Investments (w)	\$674,048	\$712,449	100.0	\$538,344	\$ 549,428	100.0		

Note 3 (continued)

The Fund's investments are held in pooled investment funds established and administered by Alberta Finance. Pooled investment funds have a market based unit value that is used to allocate income to participants and to value purchases and sales of pool units. As at March 31, 2006, the Fund's percentage ownership, at market, in pooled investment funds is as follows:

	% Ownership		
	2006	2005	
Absolute Return Strategy Pool	3.7	3.7	
Canadian Dollar Public Bond Pool	1.8	1.6	
Canadian Equity Enhanced Index Pool	1.1	2.2	
Canadian Large Cap Equity Pool	0.6	0.3	
Canadian Multi-Cap Pool	1.9	2.1	
Canadian Pooled Equity Fund	2.5	2.1	
Currency Alpha Pool	1.2	-	
Domestic Passive Equity Pooled Fund	1.9	1.5	
EAFE Active Equity Pool	1.9	1.75	
EAFE Passive Equity Pool	4.3	4.5	
EAFE Structured Equity Pool	1.5	-	
Emerging Markets Equity Pool	1.2	1.5	
Foreign Private Equity Pool (02)	1.7	1.7	
Foreign Private Equity Pool (05)	4.4	-	
Foreign Private Real Estate Pool	3.7	3.7	
Growing Equity Income Pool	2.3	2.6	
Portable Alpha United States Equity Pool	4.3	4.3	
Private Equity Pool (02)	1.7	1.8	
Private Equity Pool (04)	4.0	4.0	
Private Income Pool	1.0	1.1	
Private Income Pool 2	3.8	-	
Private Mortgage Pool	2.0	2.1	
Private Real Estate Pool	1.7	1.5	
Standard & Poor's 500 Index Fund	4.2	3.7	
Tactical Asset Allocation Pool	3.9	1.6	
Timberland Pool	3.9	-	
US Small/Mid Cap Equity Pool	1.5	1.3	

- (a) The Consolidated Cash Investment Trust Fund is managed with the objective of providing competitive interest income to depositors while maintaining appropriate security and liquidity of depositors' capital. The portfolio is comprised of high-quality short-term and mid-term fixed-income securities with a maximum term-to-maturity of three years. As at March 31, 2006, securities held by the Fund have an average effective market yield of 3.96% per annum (2005: 2.79% per annum).
- (b) The Canadian Dollar Public Bond Pool is managed with the objective of providing above average returns compared to the total return of the Scotia Capital Universe Bond Index over a four-year period while maintaining adequate security and liquidity of participants' capital. The excess return is achieved through management of portfolio duration and sector rotation. The portfolio is comprised of high quality Canadian fixed-income instruments and debt related derivatives. As at March 31, 2006, securities held by the Pool have an average effective market yield of 4.7% per annum (2005: 4.48% per annum) and the following term structure based on principal amount: under 1 year: 2% (2005: 3%); 1 to 5 years: 34% (2005: 38%); 5 to 10 years: 33% (2005: 31%); 10 to 20 years: 12% (2005: 12%); and over 20 years: 19% (2005: 16%).

Note 3 (continued)

- (c) The Private Mortgage Pool is managed with the objective of providing investment returns higher than attainable from the Scotia Capital Universe Bond Index over a four-year period or longer. The portfolio is comprised primarily of high quality commercial mortgage loans (94.5%) and provincial bond residuals (5.5%). To limit investment risk, mortgage loans are restricted to first mortgage loans, diversified by property usage and geographic location, and include a small portion of NHA insured loans. As at March 31, 2006, securities held by the Pool have an average effective market yield of 5.27% per annum (2005: 5.29% per annum) and the following term structure based on principal amount: under 1 year: 2% (2005: 2%); 1 to 5 years: 19% (2005: 22%); 5 to 10 years: 50% (2005: 43%); 10 to 20 years: 10% (2005: 12%); and over 20 years: 19% (2005: 21%).
- (d) The Currency Alpha Pool is managed with the objective of providing a fair return over a four-year moving period while reducing return volatility through multiple manager investment styles and strategies. The return is achieved through active currency management with currency positions established primarily through forward foreign exchange contracts. Participants deposit into the Pool a modest amount of cash to minimize rebalancing of cash flows in or out of the Pool when the forward foreign exchange contracts settle.
- (e) The Tactical Asset Allocation Pool provides participants with a quick, effective and efficient way to earn excess returns, on an opportunistic basis, by altering the portfolio weights of broad asset classes using synthetic instruments. At March 31, 2006, the Pool is comprised of a long position through United States equity index futures contracts and a short position through Canadian equity index futures contracts. Cash and short-term securities held by the Pool support approximately 5% to 10% of the Pool's notional exposure in Canadian and United States equity index futures contracts.
- (f) The Domestic Passive Equity Pooled Fund is managed on a passive approach with the objective of providing investment returns comparable to the Toronto Stock Exchange S&P/TSX Composite Index. The portfolio is comprised of publicly traded Canadian equities and structured investments replicating the S&P/TSX 60 Index. The Pool's investment in units of the Floating Rate Note Pool (FRNP) are used as the underlying securities to support the index swaps of the pool. FRNP is managed with the objective of generating floating rate income needed for the swap obligations in respect of structured investments in foreign equities, domestic equities and domestic bonds. Through the use of interest rate swaps, FRNP provides investment opportunities in high quality floating-rate instruments with remaining term-to-maturity of five years or less.
- (g) The Canadian Pooled Equity Fund is managed with the objective of providing competitive returns comparable to the total return of the S&P/TSX Composite Index while maintaining maximum preservation of participants' capital. The portfolio is comprised of publicly traded equities in Canadian corporations. Risk is reduced by prudent security selection, while remaining sector neutral.
- (h) The Canadian Equity Enhanced Index Pool allows participants the opportunity to gain investment exposure to the Canadian large cap equity market. The performance objective is to provide returns higher than the total return of the S&P/TSX Composite Index over a four-year moving average period. The portfolio is comprised of publicly traded equities in Canadian corporations. The enhanced index generates a consistent level of return above the Index with relatively low risk.
- (i) The Canadian Large Cap Equity Pool consists of multiple portfolios of publicly traded Canadian equities. Each portfolio is actively managed by an external manager with expertise in the Canadian large cap equity market. The performance objective is to provide returns higher than the total return of the S&P/TSX Composite Index over a four-year period. Return volatility is reduced through multiple manager investment style and market capitalization focus.
- (j) The Growing Equity Income Pool is managed with the objective of providing a steady and growing stream of dividend income to client portfolios by investing in mature companies with strong financial characteristics and growing distributions. Risk is reduced by holding established, well-capitalized companies. The performance of the pool is measured against the total return of the S&P/TSX Composite Index.



Note 3 (continued)

- (k) The Canadian Multi-Cap Pool allows participants to gain investment exposure to the Canadian equity market through internally managed structured investments replicating the S&P/TSX 60 Index and external actively managed Canadian small and mid cap investments. The performance of the pool is measured against the total return of the S&P/TSX Composite Index over a four-year moving average period. The Pool's investment in units of the FRNP are used as the underlying securities to support the index swaps of the pool (see Note 3(f)).
- (I) Publicly traded U.S. equities held in the S&P 500 Index Fund replicate the Standard & Poor's (S&P) 500 index. The performance objective is to provide returns comparable to the total return of the S&P 500 index over a four-year period. The Pool's investment in units of the FRNP are used as the underlying securities to support the index swaps of the pool (see Note 3(f)).
- (m) The U.S. Small/Mid Cap Equity Pool consists of one portfolio of publicly traded United States equities. The portfolio is actively managed by an external manager with expertise in the small cap and mid cap U.S. equity market. The performance objective is to provide returns higher than the total return of the Russell 2500 Index over a four-year period.
- (n) The Portable Alpha United States Equity Pool consists of futures and swap contracts which provide exposure to the U.S. equity market by replicating the S&P 500 Index and investments in value added absolute return strategies. The performance objective is to provide returns higher than the total return of the S&P 500 Index over a four-year period.
- (o) The Europe, Australasia and Far East (EAFE) Active Equity Pool consists of multiple portfolios of publicly traded non-North American equities. Portfolios are actively managed by external managers with European and Pacific Basin mandates. The performance objective is to provide returns higher than the total return of the Morgan Stanley Capital International (MSCI) EAFE Index over a four-year period.
- (p) The EAFE Passive Equity Pool and the EAFE Structured Equity Pool are managed with the objective to provide returns comparable to the total return of the MSCI EAFE Index over a four-year period. The EAFE Passive Equity Pool consists of one portfolio of non-North American publicly traded equities that replicate the MSCI EAFE Index. The EAFE Structured Equity Pool provides exposure to EAFE markets through the use of structured investments such as foreign equity index swaps. The structured pool also invests in the FRNP to generate the floating rate cash flows needed for its equity swap obligations (see Note 3(f)).
- (q) The Emerging Markets Equity Pool consists of publicly traded equities in emerging markets around the world. The portfolio is actively managed by external managers with expertise in emerging markets. The performance objective is to provide returns higher than the total return of the MSCI Emerging Markets Free (MSCI EMF) Index over a four-year period.
- (r) The Private Real Estate Pool is managed with the objective of providing investment returns higher than the IPD Large Institutional All Property Index. Real estate is held through intermediary companies, which have issued to the Pool common shares and participating debentures secured by a charge on real estate. Risk is reduced by investing in properties that provide diversification by geographic location, by property type and by tenancy. As real estate returns are positively correlated to inflation and negatively correlated to returns from fixed income securities and equities, the Pool provides diversification from the securities market with opportunities for high return.
- (s) The Foreign Private Real Estate Pool is managed with the objective of providing investment returns higher than the IPD Large Institutional All Property Index. The Pool provides diverse exposure to non-domestic real estate by investing in foreign real estate backed securities and assets.
- (t) The Absolute Return Strategy Pool is managed with the objective of providing investment returns higher than the Hedge Fund Research Inc. Global Index. The Pool uses external managers who employ various investment strategies. These strategies are expected to produce absolute positive investment returns with lower volatility.

Note 3 (continued)

- (u) Private Equity Pools are managed with the objective of providing investment returns higher than the Consumer Price Index (CPI) plus 8.0%. The Private Equity Portfolio consists of the PEP02, PEP04, the Foreign Private Equity Pool 2002 and the Foreign Private Equity Pool 2005. Private equity investments are held in institutionally sponsored private equity pools. Risk is reduced by avoiding direct investments in private companies and by limiting holdings in any single pool. The Private Income Pool allows unit holders to participate as equity investors in infrastructure related projects that are structured to yield high current income with the objective of providing investment returns higher than the CPI plus 6.0%.
- (v) The Timberland Pool provides high current income and long investment horizons. The timberland investment is a partnership interest in forestry land in British Columbia. The performance objective is to earn a return higher than CPI plus 4.0%.
- (w) Where there has been a loss in value of an investment that is other than a temporary decline, the cost of the investment is written down to recognize the loss (see Note 2 (a)). Where the fair value remains less than cost, after recording a writedown, it is management's best judgement that the decline in value is caused by short term market trends and are temporary in nature.

NOTE 4 DERIVATIVE CONTRACTS

Derivative contracts are financial contracts, the value of which is derived from the value of underlying assets, indices, interest rates or currency rates. The Fund uses derivative contracts held indirectly through pooled investment funds to enhance return, manage exposure to interest rate risk and foreign currency risk and for asset mix management purposes. The notional value of a derivative contract represents the amount to which a rate or price is applied in order to calculate the exchange of cash flows.

- (i) A swap is a contractual agreement between two counter-parties to exchange a series of cash flows based on a notional amount. An equity or bond index swap involves the exchange of a floating interest rate cash flow for one based on the performance of a market index. For interest rate swaps, parties generally exchange fixed and floating rate interest cash flows based on a notional amount. Cross-currency interest rate swaps are contractual obligations in which the principal amounts of Canadian fixed-income securities denominated in foreign currency are exchanged for Canadian currency amounts both initially and at maturity. Over the term of the cross-currency swap, counter-parties exchange fixed-to-fixed and fixed-tofloating interest rate cash flows in the swapped currencies. A credit default swap allows counter-parties to buy and sell protection on credit risk inherent in a bond. A premium is paid, based on a notional amount, from one counter party to a second counter party in exchange for a contingent payment should a defined credit event occur with respect to the underlying security. There are underlying securities supporting all swaps. Leveraging is not allowed.
- (ii) Forward foreign exchange contracts are contractual agreements to exchange specified currencies at an agreed upon exchange rate and on an agreed settlement date in the future.
- (iii) An equity index futures contract is an agreement to receive or pay cash based on changes in the level of the specified stock index.

Note 4 (continued)

The following is a summary of the Fund's proportionate share of the notional amount and fair value of derivative contracts held by pooled funds at March 31, 2006:

		Maturit	у	2006		200)5	
	Under	1 to 3	Over	Notional	Fair	Notional	Fair	
	1 Year	Years	3 Years	Amount (a)	Value (b)	Amount (a)	Value (b)	
Equity index swap contracts	75%	25%	-	\$ 123,929	\$ 2,269	\$ 65,884	\$ 89	
Forward foreign exchange contracts	100%	-	-	65,058	(70)	41,166	567	
Interest rate swap contracts	22%	49%	29%	51,255	(108)	20,154	(499)	
Cross-currency interest rate swaps	14%	34%	52%	36,133	2,701	26,140	37	
Credit default swap contracts	2%	5%	93%	59,923	142	5,502	64	
Bond index swap contracts	100%	-	-	11,639	1,302	2,832	20	
Equity index futures contracts	100%	-	-	35,294	755	13,701	287	
				\$ 383,231	\$ 6,991	\$ 175,379	\$ 565	

(a) The notional amounts, upon which payments are based, are not indicative of the credit risk associated with derivative contracts. Current credit exposure is represented by the current replacement cost of all outstanding contracts in a favourable position (positive fair value). The Fund attempts to limit its credit exposure by dealing with counter-parties believed to have good credit standing (A+ or greater).

(b) The method of determining the fair value of derivative contracts is described in Note 2 (e).

NOTE 5 INVESTMENT RISK MANAGEMENT

Income and financial returns of the Fund are exposed to credit risk and price risk. Credit risk relates to the possibility that a loss may occur from the failure of another party to perform according to the terms of a contract. Price risk is comprised of currency risk, interest rate risk and market risk. Currency risk relates to the possibility that the investments will change in value due to future fluctuations in foreign exchange rates. Interest rate risk relates to the possibility that the investments will change in value due to future fluctuations in market interest rates. Market risk relates to the possibility that the investments will change in value due to future fluctuations in market interest rates.

In order to earn an optimal financial return at an acceptable level of risk, management of the Fund established the following long-term policy asset mix for the 2005-2006 fiscal year:

Fixed-income securities	27.5% to 17.5%
Equities	72.5% to 82.5%

Risk is reduced through asset class diversification, diversification within each asset class, quality constraints on fixed-income instruments, and restrictions on amounts exposed to countries designated as emerging markets. Controls are in place respecting the use of derivatives (see Note 4). Forward foreign exchange contracts may be used to manage currency exposure in connection with securities purchased in foreign currency (see Note 4).

NOTE 6 NET ASSETS

Net assets represents the difference between the carrying value of assets held by the Fund and its liabilities. The following table shows the accumulated investment income and transfers to and from the Fund since its inception in 2000:

	Cumulative since 2000		
	2006	2005	
	(\$ tl	nousands)	
Transfers from the General Revenue Fund (a)	\$ 621,430	\$ 521,430	
Accumulated investment income	106,153	48,300	
Accumulated transfers to the Foundation (b)	(50,286) (32,311)	
Net Assets	\$ 677,297 \$ 537,419		

- (a) The total accumulated contributions from the GRF include an initial amount of \$500 million deposited during the 2000-2001 fiscal year, \$21.43 million during the 2003-2004 fiscal year and \$100 million during the current fiscal year, persuant to Section 8 of the Access to the Future Act. Under the Access to the Future Act, the Fund shall be increased by \$500 million in amounts considered appropriate by the Minister of Finance.
- (b) In accordance with section 8(1) of the Alberta Heritage Foundation for Science and Engineering Research Act (the Act), the Minister of Finance must, at the request of the Foundation, pay from the Endowment Fund to the Foundation, money that, in the opinion of the trustees, is required by the Foundation for the furtherance of its objectives. Section 8 of the Act limits annual payments from the Fund to the Foundation for 2004-2005 and subsequent fiscal years. Payments to the Foundation may not exceed, in a fiscal year, 4.5% of the average of the market values determined on March 31 of the preceeding three fiscal years, and any unused portion of the amount permitted to be paid in that fiscal year may be paid in any subsequent fiscal year.

	2006
	(\$ thousands)
Accumulated unused spending limit at March 31, 2005 4.5% of average market value on March 31, 2003-05	\$ 7,902 22,444
Spending limit for the year ended March 31, 2006	30,346
Transfers to Foundation during the year	(17,975)
Accumulated unused spending limit at March 31, 2006	12,371
4.5% of average market value on March 31, 2004-06	26,872
Spending limit for the year ended March 31, 2007	\$ 39,243

NOTE 7 NET INVESTMENT INCOME

	2006			2005
		(\$ tho	usands)	
Deposits and fixed-income securities	\$	12,657	\$	11,445
Canadian equities		20,688		5,607
United States equities		3,392		(2,481)
Non-North American equities		15,930		10,863
Real estate		3,618		2,428
Absolute return strategies		990		1,357
Private equities		279		2
Private income		484		130
Timberland		(48)		-
Investment income	\$	57,990	\$	29,351
Direct administration expense (Note 8)		(137)		(117)
Net investment income	\$	57,853	\$	29,234

Investment income is comprised of interest, dividends, amortization of discount or premium, swap income, security lending income and realized gains and losses, net of write-downs on investments. The Fund's share of income (loss) earned from externally and internally managed investment pools is net of administrative expenses incurred by the pools (see Note 8).

The investment income for the year ended March 31, 2006 includes writedowns of \$1,851 (2005: \$985).

NOTE 8 ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

External management fees and internal management expenses are deducted directly from the income from pooled investment funds. Alberta Finance charges direct fund and internal management expenses on a cost recovery basis. External management fees are based on a percentage of net assets under management at fair value and committed amounts in the case of private equity and private income pools. Comparative figures have been restated to include estimated indirect external management fees deducted directly from income of private equity and private income investments, real estate, timberland and absolute return strategies.

		2006		2005
	(resta		estated)	
		(\$ tho	busand	s)
Direct fund expenses (Note 7)	\$	137	\$	117
External management fees		1,590		1,173
Internal management expenses		205		146
Total	\$	1,932	\$	1,436
Expenses as a percentage of net assets at fair value		0.271%		0.267%

NOTE 9 INVESTMENT PERFORMANCE (SCHEDULE F)

The following is a summary of the investment performance results attained by the Fund determined on a fair value basis:

		Five Year Compound
	One Year Return	Annualized Return
Time-weighted rates of return		
Overall actual return	14.4%	6.7%
Benchmark return (1)	13.5%	6.1%

(1) The overall benchmark return for year ended March 31, 2006 is a product of the weighted average policy sector weights and the sector benchmark returns.

NOTE 10 COMPARATIVE FIGURES

Certain 2005 figures have been reclassified to conform to 2006 presentation.

NOTE 11 APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Deputy Minister of Finance approved these financial statements.

Schedule A

ALBERTA HERITAGE SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING RESEARCH ENDOWMENT FUND

SCHEDULES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS IN FIXED INCOME SECURITIES

March 31, 2006

	Fund's share							
		20	06		2005			
		Cost	Fa	air Value	Cost		Fa	ir Value
				(\$ thou	ousands)			
Deposits and short-term securities	\$	8,333	\$	8,333	\$	11,724	\$	11,724
Fixed income securities (a)								
Corporate, public and private		117,374		117,792		86,418		88,398
Government of Canada, direct and guaranteed		48,963		49,117		42,676		43,615
Provincial, direct and guaranteed:								
Alberta		1,059		1,053		81		89
Other provinces		30,819		32,924		32,464		35,213
Municipal		835		900		1,724		1,847
		199,050		201,786		163,363		169,162
Receivable from sale of investments and								
accrued investment income		4,339		4,339		2,022		2,022
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		(1,776)		(1,776)		(847)		(847)
		2,563		2,563		1,175		1,17 <u>5</u>
	\$	209,946	\$	212,682	\$	176,262	\$	182,061

(a) Fixed income securities held as at March 31, 2006 have an average effective market yield of 4.77% per annum (2005: 4.59% per annum) and the following term structure based on principal amount:

	2006	2005
	%	%
under 1 year	3	3
1 to 5 years	31	35
5 to 10 years	35	33
10 to 20 years	12	12
over 20 years	19	17
	 100	100

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS IN CANADIAN EQUITIES

Schedule B

March 31, 2006

	Fund's share								
		20	06						
		Cost	Fa	ir Value		Cost	Fa	ir Value	
				(\$ thou	isanc	ls)			
Deposits and short-term securities	\$	568	\$	568	\$	661	\$	661	
Public equities (a) (b)									
Financials		32,037		33,034		26,710		26,177	
Energy		28,026		30,889		14,821		16,579	
Materials		14,920		16,304		12,291		11,539	
Industrials		6,376		6,660		4,503		4,403	
Consumer discretionary		7,054		5,775		6,317		5,182	
Telecommunication services		5,114		5,181		5,317		5,039	
Information technology		5,387		4,491		5,179		4,308	
Consumer staples		3,792		3,272		3,629		3,557	
Health Care		1,611		1,175		1,592		1,087	
Utilities		1,213		1,084		1,240	1,148		
		105,530		107,865		81,599		79,019	
Small Cap Pooled Fund		2,001		2,103		1,480		1,498	
Receivable from sale of investments and									
accrued investment income		2,566		2,566		1,358		1,358	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		(1,801)		(1,801)		(950)		(950)	
		765		765		408		408	
	\$	108,864	\$	111,301	\$	84,148	\$	81,586	

(a) The Fund's effective net investment in Canadian public equities includes the notional amount of Canadian equity index swap contracts and equity index futures contracts totalling \$44,673 (2005: \$32,887).

(b) The sector classification conforms to the Global Industry Classification Standard followed by the Toronto Stock Exchange S&P/TSX Composite Index.

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS IN UNITED STATES EQUITIES

Schedule C

March 31, 2006

	Fund's share								
		20		2005					
		Cost	Fa	air Value	Cost		Fa	air Value	
				(\$ thou	usands)				
Deposits and short-term securities	\$	529	\$	529	\$	1,488	\$	1,488	
Public equities (a) (b)									
Financials		28,025		29,418		20,429		20,311	
Information technology		20,461		21,595		15,283		15,297	
Health care		17,121		17,977		13,250		13,105	
Industrials		16,267		17,445		12,293		12,696	
Consumer discretionary		14,032		14,766		11,558		11,983	
Energy		11,598		13,142		7,994		8,800	
Consumer staples		11,695		11,724		9,498		9,483	
Materials		4,466		4,968		3,796		3,987	
Utilities		4,254		4,402		3,433		3,603	
Telecommunication services		3,872		4,040		2,831		2,780	
		131,791		139,477		100,365		102,045	
Receivable from sale of investments and									
accrued investment income		4,655		4,655		813		813	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		(3,705)		(3,705)		(2,375)		(2,375)	
		950		950		(1,562)		(1,562)	
	\$	133,270	\$	140,956	\$	100,291	\$	101,971	

(a) The Fund's effective net investment in U.S. public equities includes the notional amount of U.S. equity index swap contracts and equity index futures contracts totalling \$72,011 (2005: \$46,698).

(b) The sector classification conforms to the Global Industry Classification Standard followed by the Standard & Poor's S&P 500 Index.

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS IN NON-NORTH AMERICAN EQUITIES Schedule D March 31, 2006

	Fund's share								
		20	06		200				
		Cost	F	air Value		Cost	Fa	air Value	
				(\$ thou	usan	ds)			
Deposits and short-term securities	\$	3,299	\$	3,299	\$	2,062	\$	2,062	
Public equities (a) (b)									
Financials		35,236		40,591		26,347		27,513	
Industrials		16,006		18,680		12,112		12,599	
Consumer discretionary		15,160		16,612		14,285		13,947	
Materials		9,619		11,320		8,612		9,173	
Energy		9,155		10,435		8,668		9,139	
Health care		9,627		9,768		6,857		6,320	
Information technology		8,994		9,458		5,577		5,286	
Consumer staples		8,626		8,407		6,195		6,090	
Telecommunication services		8,526		7,679		9,368		8,886	
Utilities		5,626		6,098		4,505		4,553	
		126,575		139,048		102,526		103,506	
Emerging markets pooled funds		2,150		2,846		2,445		2,591	
Receivable from sale of investments and									
accrued investment income		2,911		2,911		1,317		1,317	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		(2,369)		(2,369)		(1,133)		(1,133)	
		542		542		184		184	
	\$	132,566	\$	145,735	\$	107,217	\$	108,343	

(a) The Fund's effective net investment in non-North American public equities includes the notional amount of non-North American equity index swap contracts and equity index futures contracts totalling \$14,916 (2005: \$nil).

(b) The sector classification conforms to the Global Industry Classification Standard followed by Standard & Poor's. Public equities by geographic location are as follows:

	Fund's share									
	2006					20	005			
	Cost Fair Value				Cost	Fa	air Value			
				(\$ tho	usan	ds)				
Japan	\$	30,432	\$	32,649	\$	19,118	\$	17,891		
United Kingdom		26,628		27,402		23,003		22,372		
France		12,863		14,237		9,881		10,234		
Germany		8,353		9,525		7,249		7,350		
Switzerland		8,689		9,419		6,483		6,534		
Netherlands		6,263		7,199		5,606		5,580		
Australia		4,811		5,219		4,101		4,660		
Italy		3,992		4,468		3,622		3,984		
Spain		3,682		3,872		2,856		3,006		
Sweden		2,498		2,879		2,644		2,762		
Other		18,364		22,179	179 17,963			19,133		
	\$	126,575	\$	139,048	\$	102,526	\$	103,506		

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS IN REAL ESTATE

Schedule E

March 31, 2006

	Fund's share							
		20	06					2005
	Cos	t	Fair	[.] Value	(Cost	Fa	ir Value
				(\$ thou	usand	ls)		
Deposits and short-term securities	\$	35	\$	35	\$	17	\$	17
Real estate (a)								
Office	24,0	086	3	31,268		17,457		19,415
Retail	16,2	234	2	20,919		13,890		17,287
Industrial	6, 2	163		6,580		3,051		3,372
Residential	2,8	331		2,847		2,070		1,927
	49,3	314	6	61,614		36,468		42,001
Foreign Private Equity Pool	1,9	929		1,891		1,853		1,758
Participation units	1,4	167		1,467		616		616
Accrued income and accounts receivable		131		131		57		57
	\$ 52,8	376	\$ 6	65,138	\$	39,011	\$	44,449

The following is a summary of real estate investments by geographic location:

	20	006		2005
	Cost	Fair Value	Cost	Fair Value
		(\$ tho	usands)	
Ontario	\$ 30,961	\$ 37,516	\$ 23,342	\$ 27,951
Alberta	11,242	17,247	7,403	8,720
Quebec	6,106	5,634	4,852	4,418
British Columbia	1,005	1,217	871	912
	\$ 49,314	\$ 61,614	\$ 36,468	\$ 42,001

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS

Schedule F

Year Ended March 31, 2006

The Fund uses a time-weighted rate of return based on market values to measure performance. The measure involves the calculation of the return realized by the Fund over a specified period and is a measure of the total return received from an investment dollar initially invested. Total return includes cash distributions (interest and dividend payments) and capital gains or losses (realized and unrealized).

The time-weighted rate of return measures the compounded rate of growth of the initial investment over the specified period. It is designed to eliminate the effect that the size and timing of cash flows have on the internal rate of return. The investment industry uses time-weighted rates of return calculated using market values when comparing the returns of funds with other funds or indices.

Investment returns for the Fund are as follows:

						Five Year Compound
		Annualized				
Time-weighted Rates of Return	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002	Return
Short-term fixed Income	2.9	2.7	3.0	2.9	4.0	3.1
Scotia Capital 91-day T-Bill Index	2.8	2.2	3.0	2.7	3.7	2.9
Long-term fixed income	5.7	5.6	11.6	9.6	5.9	7.7
Scotia Capital Universe Bond Index	4.9	5.0	10.8	9.2	5.1	7.0
Canadian equities	29.0	15.5	36.6	(17.1)	4.2	11.9
S&P/TSX Composite Index	28.4	13.9	37.7	(17.6)	4.9	11.7
United States equities	8.5	(1.7)	22.1	(30.4)	1.4	(1.7)
S&P 1500 Index	9.1	(1.0)	20.5	(30.7)	1.6	(1.7)
Non-North American equities	23.9	7.4	40.9	(29.1)	(5.6)	4.6
MSCI EAFE Index	20.0	6.2	40.5	(29.3)	(7.3)	3.3
Real estate	20.7	16.9	7.5	9.8	7.3	12.1
IPD Large Institutional All Property Index	18.1	7.1	5.7	8.9	9.9	9.8
Absolute return strategies	5.2	5.5	10.7	1.6	n/a	n/a
HFRX Global Hedged Index	10.1	8.1	6.7	4.7	n/a	n/a
Private equities	12.3	0.6	1.2	(4.3)	n/a	n/a
Consumer Price Index (CPI) plus 8%	10.2	10.1	8.7	5.7	n/a	n/a
Private income	21.3	5.4	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
CPI plus 6%	8.2	8.1	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Timberland Investments*	(4.9)	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
CPI plus 4%*	4.2	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Overall	14.4	6.7	22.5	(10.2)	3.0	6.7
Policy Benchmark	13.5	5.4	21.7	(10.6)	3.1	6.1

* Returns from Timberland Investments are for nine months.