Table 21: Employed Labour Force in Alberta Food and Beverage Manufacturing Industries (1), 1996-2005

_	1996r	1997r	1998r	1999r	2000r	2001r	2002r	2003r	2004r	2005
	'000 of Persons									
All Industries	1,405.1	1,451.4	1,509.9	1,544.0	1,584.0	1,630.9	1,670.8	1,716.7	1,757.5	1,784.4
Manufacturing Industries	107.0	119.8	126.0	133.5	137.8	138.9	146.2	146.1	144.3	130.9
Food and Beverage Industries	19.5	19.3	20.4	18.6	19.0	21.9	28.0	25.1	26.1	22.3
Food Industries (2)	16.7	16.7	18.2	16.2	16.1	20.4	25.0	23.2	23.7	20.0
Dairy Products Mfg	х	2.4	1.9	1.8	2.1	1.8	2.1	х	х	х
Meat Products Mfg	6.3	6.5	6.2	5.2	5.2	8.7	13.6	12.4	11.0	11.4
Bakeries and Tortilla Mfg	3.0	3.2	4.5	3.3	3.6	2.2	1.8	3.3	5.0	2.8
All Other Food Mfg	х	4.6	5.6	5.9	5.2	7.7	7.5	х	х	х
Beverage Industries	2.8	2.6	2.2	2.1	2.8	1.5	3.1	1.8	2.4	2.3

⁽¹⁾ Annual averages for employed labour force refers to persons 15 years of age and over who (a) did any work during the reference period or (b) had a job but were not at work due to illness or disability; personal or family responsibilities; bad weather; labour disputes; vacation; or other reasons not specified. Work includes any work for pay or profit. It also includes unpaid family work which contributes directly to the operation of a farm, business or professional practice owned or operated by a related member of the household.

Source: Statistics Canada "Labour Force Survey"

Table 22: Alberta Average Weekly Earnings for Food Related Industries (1), 1996-2005

-	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003r	2004r	2005p
	Dollars									
Industrial Aggregate (2)	597.45	618.69	635.72	644.89	664.37	683.49	698.85	707.31	730.81	769.13
Manufacturing Industries	731.66	747.97	765.51	765.09	790.72	805.64	830.63	849.50	878.64	920.64
Food Manufacturing Industries	564.55	582.04	606.59	635.99	656.13	664.00	676.27	682.79	677.98	697.46
Grain and Oilseed Milling	714.70	829.01	860.25	901.89	933.47	879.88	882.72	940.14	1018.51	1036.44
Meat Product Manufacturing	595.71	586.35	629.57	646.20	679.04	681.63	688.45	683.30	663.85	671.37
Retail Trade Industries	394.53	416.72	421.20	437.21	442.13	448.20	449.51	453.34	468.72	496.86
Food and Beverage Stores (3)	387.37	388.72	389.62	386.12	374.31	374.67	374.27	368.78	371.52	381.63
Grocery Stores	405.18	407.76	408.99	405.38	393.33	396.14	396.10	386.70	386.46	397.73
Wholesale Trade	736.98	758.96	782.94	788.58	764.78	790.65	798.44	815.43	824.46	844.38
Food Wholesaler-Distributors	547.51	589.65	602.66	635.09	586.42	559.52	527.62	490.49	477.41	471.72
Accommodation And Food Services	259.72	254.49	257.28	248.14	269.87	283.41	290.16	280.93	310.61	340.68
Food Services and Drinking Places	222.78	222.44	234.25	224.20	243.77	258.62	269.55	258.52	288.86	317.37
Full-Service Restaurants	223.05	225.21	237.63	224.13	247.07	259.99	270.38	256.66	284.74	318.15

⁽¹⁾ The data shown in this table are generated from the enterprise-based Survey of Employment, Payrolls and Hours (SEPH). This survey provides monthly estimates to measure levels and month-to-month trends of payroll employment paid hours and earnings. The target population is composed of all employers in Canada except those in involved in agriculture, fishing and trapping, private household services, religious organizations and military personnel of defence services.

An enterprise is any business or institution whether incorporated or not; it comprises sole proprietorships, partnerships, companies and other forms of organizations. Average weekly earnings (including overtime) represent gross taxable payrolls divided by the number of employees. It is calculated for the total number of employees, hourly rated employees, salaried employees and other employees whose basic remuneration is in the form of commissions, piece rates, mileage allowance, etc. An employee is any person drawing pay for services rendered or for paid absences and for whom the employer must complete a Canada Customs and Revenue Agency T-4 Supplementary Form. The employee concept includes: full-time, part-time and casual or temporary employees; working owners, directors, partners and other officers of incorporated businesses.

Source: Statistics Canada Cat. No. 72-002-XIB, "Employment, Earnings and Hours"

⁽²⁾ Data shown for food sub-categories should be used with caution due to high sampling variability.

⁽²⁾ The industrial aggregate represents the sum of all the industries included in the SEPH excluding unclassified businesses.

⁽³⁾ Food and beverage stores include grocery stores, specialty food stores and beer/wine/liquor stores.