

# **PLEASE NOTE**

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This document is *not* the official version of these regulations. The regulations and the amendments printed in the *Royal Gazette* should be consulted to determine the authoritative text of these regulations.

For more information concerning the history of these regulations, please see the *Table of Regulations*.

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### **CHAPTER R-8.1**

# REGISTERED NURSES ACT

#### NURSE PRACTITIONER REGULATIONS

Pursuant to section 35 of the *Registered Nurses Act* R.S.P.E.I.1988, Cap. R-8.1, the Lieutenant Governor in Council approved the following regulations made by the Association of Registered Nurses of Prince Edward Island:

## 1. In these regulations

Definitions

- (a) "Act" means the Registered Nurses Act R.S.P.E.I. 1988, Cap.R- Act
- (b) "collaborating medical practitioner" means, in respect of a nurse collaborating practitioner, a medical practitioner who is, at the relevant time, medical practitioner participating in a collaborative working relationship with the nurse practitioner;

(c) "Committee" means the Nurse Practitioner Diagnostic and Committee Therapeutics Committee established under section 8:

(d) "Pharmacy Board" means the Prince Edward Island Pharmacy Pharmacy Board Board established under section 6 of the *Pharmacy Act*, R.S.P.E.I. 1988, Cap. P-6;

(e) "potentially life-threatening disease, disorder or condition" potentially lifeincludes, in respect of a client, any disease, disorder or condition that threatening disease, causes the client to have or to demonstrate

disorder or condition

- (i) any sign or symptom of an acute event that is potentially threatening to the life, limb, or senses of the client,
- (ii) any sign or symptom of the obstruction of any body system of the client.
- (iii) any sign of severe or widespread infection,
- (iv) a fever greater than 39 degrees Celsius, if the client is a child between 3 and 6 months of age with no identifiable focus of infection,
- (v) any sign or symptom of illness if the client is a child less than 3 months of age,
- (vi) any blunt, penetrating or other wound that may indicate damage below the fascia or functional impairment, or
- (vii) any sign or symptom of any fetal or maternal pregnancy risk factor;

primary medical practitioner

(f) "primary medical practitioner" means, in respect of a client, the medical practitioner who has primary responsibility for the care of the client:

standards of practice

(g) "standards of practice" means, in respect of a nurse practitioner, the professional standards of practice for nurse practitioners that are established or adopted in the bylaws. (EC91/06)

Endorsement

**2.** (1) A nurse practitioner's endorsement on the license of a member authorizes the member, subject to the Act and these regulations, to engage in the practise of nurse practitioner from the date of the issuance of the endorsement and until the expiry date specified in the endorsement.

Striking name of nurse practitioner from record of endorsements

- (2) Where
  - (a) a nurse practitioner's license is revoked; or
  - (b) a nurse practitioner dies and a notice of his or her death is received by the Registrar,

the endorsement of the nurse practitioner is deemed to be revoked and the Registrar shall strike the name of the nurse practitioner from the record of endorsements required to be kept under subsection 15(2) of the Act. (EC91/06)

Endorsement applications

- 3. (1) All applications for nurse practitioner's endorsements shall
  - (a) be made in writing in a form approved or provided by the Registrar;
  - (b) be dated and signed by the applicant; and
  - (c) be addressed and delivered to the Registrar.

Verification

(2) Where an application states a fact and the application form or the Registrar requires that the fact shall be verified by a document submitted to the Registrar by a person other than the applicant, including a government, an institution of learning or a regulatory body, the Registrar may refuse to endorse the license of the applicant with a nurse practitioner's endorsement until the document is submitted by that person to the Registrar.

Idem

(3) Where the Registrar has reasonable grounds to believe that a statement in an application or in a document submitted in support of an application is false, or that the application or document is not authentic, the Registrar may refuse to endorse the license of the applicant with a nurse practitioner's endorsement until the statement, application or document has been verified by such procedure as the Registrar may determine. (EC91/06)

Qualifications - information and proof

**4.** An applicant for a nurse practitioner's endorsement shall, if required by the Registrar, provide such information and proof as the Registrar may require to establish that the member has the qualifications and

competence to engage in the practice of a nurse practitioner in a manner that is conducive to the protection of the public in the provision of the professional services of a nurse practitioner, failing which the Registrar shall not endorse the license of the applicant with a nurse practitioner's endorsement. (EC91/06)

5. (1) An applicant for a nurse practitioner's endorsement under section Endorsement 15 of the Act shall satisfy the Registrar that the applicant

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- (a) is not, as of the date of application, subject to a discipline or professional conduct review penalty or proceeding in any jurisdiction;
- (b) has graduated from an educational program for nurse practitioners that
  - (i) is recognized by the Council, and
  - (ii) is offered by an approved school of nursing;
- (c) has, within the three years immediately preceding the date of the application,
  - (i) lawfully practised as a nurse practitioner in Prince Edward Island or another province for a total of 1800 hours, or
  - (ii) graduated from an educational program for nurse practitioners of a type described in clause (b),
- (d) has passed any nurse practitioner examination required by the Council, and
- (e) if required by the Council, has satisfactorily completed a competence assessment, taken at the applicant's expense, to establish that the applicant is competent to practice as a nurse practitioner.

Exception

- (2) An applicant for a nurse practitioner's endorsement is exempt from compliance with the requirements of clause (1)(c) if the applicant
  - (a) has lawfully practised as a nurse practitioner in Prince Edward Island or another province for a total of 600 hours within the year immediately preceding the date of the application; or
  - (b) has participated in the Beechwood Demonstration Project conducted by the Department of Health and Social Services in the Community of O'Leary in Prince Edward Island during 2004 and 2005.
- (3) Subsection (2) and this subsection are repealed on October 31, 2007 and subsection (1) is amended by renumbering it as section 5. (EC91/06)

Repeal and

6. (1) For greater certainty, and subject to subsection (2) and the Scope of practice of standards of practice if any, the practice of a nurse practitioner consists of nurse practitioner the following, in accordance with the collaborative working relationship with a collaborating medical practitioner:

- (a) the diagnosis or assessment of a disease, disorder or condition, and the communication of the diagnosis or assessment to the client;
- (b) the ordering of, and interpreting reports of, X-Rays concerning the following areas of the body of a client:
  - (i) skeletal.
  - (ii) abdomen,
  - (iii) chest or breast;
- (c) the ordering of, and interpreting reports of, ultrasounds concerning the following areas of the body of a client:
  - (i) abdomen,
  - (ii) pelvis,
  - (iii) breast;
- (d) the ordering of, and interpreting of, laboratory tests and other screening and diagnostic tests;
- (e) the ordering of, and interpreting reports of, electrocardiograms;
- (f) the ordering of, and interpreting reports of, spirometry;
- (g) the ordering of the application of forms of energy for therapeutic purposes, including the application of
  - (i) TENS (transcutaneous electrical nerve stimulation),
  - (ii) thermal energy, or
  - (iii) therapeutic touch.

Required consultation with a medical practitioner

- (2) Where a nurse practitioner is diagnosing or assessing a disease, disorder or condition of a client, the nurse practitioner shall, subject to subsection (3), consult with the primary medical practitioner of the client, as soon as is reasonable in the circumstances, if
  - (a) the client's diagnosis or assessment is unclear to the nurse practitioner or beyond the scope of the nurse practitioner to determine;
  - (b) the client has or demonstrates
    - (i) a persistent or recurring sign or symptom that cannot be attributed to an identifiable cause,
    - (ii) a sign or symptom that suggests that the client has a previously undiagnosed chronic systemic illness,
    - (iii) a symptom that suggests that the client has decreased or decreasing function in any vital organ or body system,
    - (iv) a sign of a recurrent or persistent infection,
    - (v) any atypical presentation of a common illness or unusual response to treatment,
    - (vi) any sign or symptom of sexually transmitted disease in the client if the client is a child,
    - (vii) any sign or symptom of a behavioural change that cannot be attributed to a specific cause, or
    - (viii) any deviation from normal growth and development in the client if the client is an infant child:

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- (c) a diagnostic or screening test conducted on the client suggests that the client has
  - (i) a previously undiagnosed chronic systemic illness, or
  - (ii) a decreased or decreasing function in any vital organ or body
- (d) the client has a potentially life-threatening disease, disorder or condition: or
- (e) the client has a chronic condition, and the client has or demonstrates signs or symptoms, or a diagnostic or screening test indicates, that the chronic condition has destabilized.
- (3) Where a nurse practitioner
  - (a) is required by subsection (2) to consult with the primary medical primary medical practitioner of a client; and
  - (b) is satisfied, after making one or more reasonable attempts to consult with the primary medical practitioner of the client, that the primary medical practitioner is unavailable for consultation,

the nurse practitioner shall, notwithstanding anything to the contrary in subsection (2), consult with another medical practitioner about the health of the client, if it is not reasonable in the circumstances to make further attempts to consult with the primary medical practitioner.

(4) Where a nurse practitioner is of the opinion that a client's health or Transfers of clients safety is at immediate risk, the nurse practitioner may, without consulting with the primary medical practitioner of the client, transfer the care of the client to another medical practitioner or to a hospital. (EC91/06)

at immediate risk

Consultation where

practitioner is

unavailable

7. (1) For greater certainty, in addition to the performance of the Prescription of professional services referred to in subsection 6(1), a nurse practitioner may prescribe any drug or class of drugs that the nurse practitioner is authorized to prescribe by a written authorization issued to the nurse practitioner by the Minister under section 14.1 of the *Pharmacy Act*.

(2) A nurse practitioner who wishes to obtain a written authorization Application for referred to in subsection (1) to prescribe certain drugs or classes of drugs shall apply to the Registrar for a written confirmation, addressed to the Minister from the Association, that the nurse practitioner has the necessary training and education to competently prescribe the drugs or classes of drugs specified in the confirmation.

authority to prescribe drugs

- (3) An applicant for a written confirmation referred to in subsection (2) *Idem* shall provide to the Registrar
  - (a) a completed application in a form approved by the Registrar that indicates the drugs or classes of drugs which the applicant wishes to be authorized to prescribe; and
  - (b) such information or evidence as the Registrar may require to satisfy the Registrar that the applicant has the training and education

Review

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to competently prescribe the drugs or classes of drugs specified in the application.

- (4) On receipt of an application made under subsection (2), the Registrar shall review the application and determine whether, in the Registrar's view, the applicant has the necessary training and education to competently prescribe the drugs or classes of drugs specified in the application.
- (5) The Registrar shall, when making a determination under subsection (4), apply the Nurse Practitioner Medication Prescription Guidelines established by the Committee pursuant to subsection 8(6) for the assessment of applications by nurse practitioners under this section.
- (6) Where the Registrar determines that an applicant has the necessary training and education to competently prescribe all or some of the drugs or classes of drugs specified in the application, the Registrar shall, on behalf of the Association,
  - (a) issue a written confirmation to the Minister in respect of the applicant that indicates the specific drugs or classes of drugs that the applicant has the necessary training and education to competently prescribe; and
  - (b) provide a copy of the written confirmation to the applicant.

(7) Where the Registrar determines that an applicant does not have the necessary training and education to competently prescribe all or some of

the drugs or classes of drugs specified in the application, the Registrar shall provide to the applicant a written notice of that determination.

(8) Where the Minister, after receipt of a confirmation issued under subsection (6), issues a written authorization to a nurse practitioner under section 14.1 of the *Pharmacy Act* to provide prescriptions for any drugs or classes of drugs, the nurse practitioner shall not provide any prescription for a drug or class of drug referred to in the authorization until a copy of the authorization has been provided to

- (a) the Registrar;
- (b) the Pharmacy Board; and
- (c) each of the nurse practitioner's collaborating medical practitioners. (EC91/06)

Diagnostic and Therapeutics Committee **8.** (1) There is hereby established a Nurse Practitioner Diagnostic and Therapeutics Committee.

Composition

- (2) The Committee shall be composed of 6 members appointed by the Council of whom
  - (a) one member shall be a licensed member of the Association who is not a nurse practitioner and who is nominated by the Council;

Guidelines

Issuance of confirmation

Notice

Copies of authorization to

prescribe

- (b) one member shall be, subject to subsection (3), a licensed member of the Association who is a nurse practitioner and who is nominated by the Council;
- (c) one member shall be a member of the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Prince Edward Island who is nominated by the Council of the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Prince Edward Island;
- (d) one member shall be a licensed pharmacist who is nominated by the Pharmacy Board from among its members;
- (e) one member shall be a person who is knowledgeable in pharmacology and who is recommended by the Lieutenant Governor in Council; and
- (f) one member shall be a licensed member of the Association who is recommended by the Lieutenant Governor in Council.
- (3) The first member of the Committee appointed pursuant to clause Temporary member (2)(b) shall be a licensed member of the Association who is not a nurse and first nurse practitioner and shall be appointed to hold office for a term of three months.

(4) Subject to subsection (3) and (5), members of the Committee shall Term of office and be appointed for a term of two years, and may be reappointed.

reappointment

(5) Subject to subsection (3), on the first appointment of the members First appointments of the Committee

- (a) one third of the members, or as nearly as may be, shall hold office for a term of three years;
- (b) one third of the members, or as nearly as may be, shall hold office for a term of two years; and
- (c) one third of the members, or as nearly as may be, shall hold office for a term of one year.
- (6) The mandate of the Committee is to formulate, maintain and revise, the Nurse Practitioner Medication Prescription Guidelines to be used by the Registrar when assessing applications by nurse practitioners under Guidelines section 7.

Nurse Practitioner Medication

(7) The Committee may, from time to time, seek the advice of experts where the Committee deems such expert advice is required.

Expert advice

(8) The Council shall choose the chairperson of the Committee from Chairperson among the members of the Committee who are members of the Association, and the chairperson shall call and preside over, and may vote at, meetings of the Committee.

(9) The Committee shall meet at least once a year and as requested by Meetings the Registrar or the Minister.

Ouorum

(10) Quorum of the Committee shall consist of a majority of the members of the Committee.

Decision

(11) Decisions shall be made at Committee meetings based on a majority vote, and in the event of a tie vote the decision favoured by the chairperson shall prevail.

Advice respecting prescription of drugs

(12) The Minister may seek and obtain advice from the Committee on matters concerning drugs or classes of drugs that may be prescribed by nurse practitioners. (EC91/06)

Cessation of collaborative working relationship

- **9.** Every nurse practitioner
  - (a) shall advise the Registrar immediately after the nurse practitioner, or the nurse practitioner's collaborating medical practitioner, ends the collaborative working relationship; and
  - (b) shall advise the Registrar that he or she has entered into a new collaborative working relationship with another medical practitioner and provide the Registrar with the name of the new collaborating medical practitioner. (EC91/06)

Annual declaration

- 10. (1) Every nurse practitioner shall, each year and by the date required by the Registrar, provide to the Registrar a declaration, in a form approved by the Registrar, that is signed by the nurse practitioner and that
  - (a) verifies that the nurse practitioner has, during the term of the current endorsement of the nurse practitioner, consulted with a medical practitioner as and when required by section 6;
  - (b) indicates the ways in which the nurse practitioner and each of his or her collaborating medical practitioners have, during the term of the current endorsement of the nurse practitioner, engaged in a collaborative working relationship; and
  - (c) such other information as the Registrar may require.

Failure to provide annual declaration

(2) Where a member is a nurse practitioner and fails to provide a declaration to the Registrar in accordance with subsection (1), the Registrar shall refuse to issue a further nurse practitioner's endorsement to that member until the declaration is provided to the Registrar.

Registrar verifies information (3) Where the Registrar has reasonable grounds to believe that a statement in a declaration provided under subsection (1) is false, the Registrar may refuse to issue a further nurse practitioner's endorsement to the member until the information in the declaration is verified to the satisfaction of the Registrar. (EC91/06)