GST/HST Credit Application for Individuals Who Become Residents of Canada

Is this form for you?

Use this form to apply for the goods and services tax/harmonized sales tax (GST/HST) credit in the year you became a resident of Canada.

What is the GST/HST credit?

The **GST** is a tax that you pay on most goods and services sold or provided in Canada. In some provinces, the GST has been harmonized with the provincial sales tax and is called the **HST**.

The **GST/HST credit** helps individuals and families with low or modest incomes offset all or part of the GST or HST that they pay.

Are you eligible for the credit?

You must be a resident of Canada to get the GST/HST credit.

If you are age 19 or older, you are eligible for the credit.

If you are going to turn 19 before April 1 in the year after you became a resident of Canada, you can apply for the credit now. Generally, you have to be 19 or older to get payments, but you can be younger than 19 to apply.

If you are under age 19, you are eligible only if:

- you have (or had) a spouse or common-law partner; or
- you are (or were) a parent and you live (or lived) with your child.

Are you a resident of Canada?

We consider you to be a resident of Canada when you establish sufficient residential ties in Canada. Residential ties include:

- a home in Canada;
- a spouse or common-law partner and/or dependants who move to Canada to live with you;
- personal property in Canada, such as a car or furniture; and
- social ties in Canada.

Other ties that may be relevant include a Canadian driver's licence, Canadian bank accounts or credit cards, and health insurance with a Canadian province or territory.

If you got a letter from us about your residency status, include a copy of it with this application.

If you are not sure if you are a resident of Canada, complete Form NR74, *Determination of Residency Status (Entering Canada)*, and include it with this application. We will give you an opinion about your residency status. To get Form NR74, visit our Web site at **www.cra.gc.ca/forms** or call **1-800-959-2221**.

Do you have a spouse or common-law partner?

You can get the GST/HST credit for your spouse or common-law partner as long as he or she is also a resident of Canada at the beginning of the month in which a payment is scheduled. Complete the section called "Information about your spouse or common-law partner" on the first page of the application form.

If you have a spouse or common-law partner, only one of you can get the GST/HST credit for the payments issued from July of the year you become residents of Canada to April of the following year. No matter which one of you applies, the credit will be the same.

Spouse

This is a person to whom you are **legally** married.

Common-law partner

This is a person who is **not your spouse**, with whom you are living in a conjugal relationship, and to whom at least one of the following situations applies. He or she:

- 1) has been living with you in a conjugal relationship for at least 12 continuous months;
- 2) is the parent of your child by birth or adoption; or
- 3) has custody and control of your child (or had custody and control immediately before the child turned 19 years of age) and your child is wholly dependent on that person for support.

In addition, an individual immediately becomes your common-law partner if you previously lived together in a conjugal relationship for at least 12 continuous months and you have resumed living together in such a relationship. **Under proposed changes**, this condition will no longer exist. The effect of this proposed change is that a person (other than a person described in 2) or 3) above) will be your common-law partner only after your **current** relationship with that person has lasted at least 12 continuous months. This proposed change will apply to 2001 and later years.

Reference to "12 continuous months" in this definition includes any period that you were separated for less than 90 days because of a breakdown in the relationship.

Separated

You are separated when you start living separate and apart from your spouse or common-law partner because of a breakdown in the relationship for a period of at least 90 days and you have not reconciled.

Do you have any children under age 19?

You can get the credit for each of your children if **all** of the following apply at the beginning of the month in which a payment is scheduled. The child:

- is your child, or is dependent on you or your spouse or common-law partner for support;
- has never been a parent of a child he or she lived with;
- lives with you;
- has never had a spouse or common-law partner; and
- is under age 19.

Note

Your child should apply for his or her own GST/HST credit (by completing a copy of the attached form) if he or she is **under age 19** and:

- has (or had) a spouse or common-law partner; or
- is (or was) a parent and lives (or lived) with his or her child.

You will have to complete Form RC66, *Canada Child Tax Benefit Application*, to register your children for the GST/HST credit. To get this form, visit our Web site at **www.cra.gc.ca/forms** or call **1-800-959-2221**.

How do we calculate the credit?

We base your GST/HST credit on your and your spouse or common-law partner's world income (if he or she is a resident of Canada) and on the number of children you have. World income is income from all sources inside and outside Canada.

If you became a resident of Canada:

 before April 1, you could get payments for April, July, and October of the year you became a resident of Canada, and for January and April of the following year.
 Note

In order to get the payment for April of the year you became a resident of Canada, you must apply for it in Step 3 of the section called "Statement of income" on the application form.

- after March 31 and before July 1, you could get payments for July and October of the year you became a resident of Canada, and for January and April of the following year.
- after June 30 and before October 1, you could get payments for October of the year you became a resident of Canada, and for January and April of the following year.
- after September 30, you could get payments for January and April of the year after you became a resident of Canada.

We will send you a *Goods and Services Tax/Harmonized Sales Tax (GST/HST) Credit* notice to tell you how much you will get, if any, and how we calculated the amount.

Related provincial programs

The Canada Revenue Agency administers the following provincial programs that are related to the GST/HST credit:

- · Newfoundland Harmonized Sales Tax Credit;
- · Newfoundland and Labrador Seniors' Benefit; and
- Saskatchewan Sales Tax Credit.

You do not need to apply separately for these payments. If you qualify, they will be combined with your GST/HST credit payments.

After you apply, should you contact us?

Call **1-800-959-1953** to tell us about any changes described below, as well as the date they happened or will happen:

- you move (or your payments may be interrupted);
- you get your payments by direct deposit and your banking information changes;
- the number of children in your care changes; or
- you or your spouse or common-law partner is no longer a resident of Canada.

You also have to tell us about any changes in your marital status. Complete Form RC65, *Marital Status Change*, or tell us about your new status and the date of the change in a letter. Send Form RC65 or your letter to one of the tax offices listed below. You can get the form by visiting our Web site at www.cra.gc.ca/forms or by calling 1-800-959-2221.

Note

When a child for whom you get the credit turns 19, you do not need to contact us. We will automatically reduce your credit. However, the child should apply for his or her own credit.

Do you need more information?

For information about the GST/HST credit or to get pamphlet RC4210, *GST/HST Credit*, visit our Web site at **www.cra.gc.ca/benefits**. You can also get the pamphlet by calling **1-800-959-2221** or get information by calling **1-800-959-1953**.

Tax office addresses

St. John's Tax Centre PO Box 12071 Stn A St. John's NL A1B 3Z1

Summerside Tax Centre 102-275 Pope Road Summerside PE C1N 5Z7

Jonquière Tax Centre PO Box 1900 Stn LCD Jonquière QC G7S 5J1

Shawinigan-Sud Tax Centre PO Box 3000 Stn Main

Shawinigan-Sud QC G9N 7S6

Sudbury Tax Services Office PO Box 20000 Stn A Sudbury ON P3A 5C1

Winnipeg Tax Centre PO Box 14000 Stn Main Winnipeg MB R3C 3M2

Surrey Tax Centre 9755 King George Highway Surrey BC V3T 5E1



GST/HST CREDIT APPLICATION FOR INDIVIDUALS WHO BECOME RESIDENTS OF CANADA

To apply for the GST/HST credit for the year that you became a resident of Canada, complete this application and send it to one of the tax offices listed on the attached information sheet. If you have a spouse or common-law partner, only one of you can apply for the credit.

Do you have a social insurance number (SIN)?

You need a SIN to apply for the credit. For information, or to get an application for a SIN, visit the Social Development Canada (SDC) Web site at www.sdc.gc.ca or contact your SDC office. You will find the address and telephone number of your nearest SDC office on the SDC Web site or in the government section of your telephone book.

Do you have any children age 18 or younger?

If you do, you need to complete Form RC66, Canada Child Tax Benefit Application, to register your children for the GST/HST credit. To get this form, visit our Web site at www.cra.gc.ca/forms or call 1-800-959-2221.

After we process your application

We will send you a Goods and Services Tax/Harmonized Sales Tax (GST/HST) Credit notice to tell you how much you will get, if any, and how we calculated the amount.

 Information about you (the person apply Date of birth 	ying for the GST/HST credit)
	ay Home telephone number Work telephone number
	()
First name and initial	Last name
Mailing address Apt. No. – Street no. Street name	Home address (if different from mailing address) Apt. No. – Street no. Street name
P.O. Box R.R.	City Prov./Terr. Postal code
City Prov./Terr. Postal code	
Marital status (Spouse, common-law partner, and sep Indicate your marital status on the date you became a resid	
1 Married 2 Living common law 3	Widowed Year Month Day
4 Divorced 5 Separated 6	Single I I I I I
If your marital status has changed since you became a resid	lent of Canada, give the following information:
your new status	Year Month Day and • the date of the change
Information about your spouse or comm Date of birth Social insurance number Year Month Date First name and initial If your spouse or common-law partner's address is different from	ay Home telephone number Work telephone number Last name
Residency status	rmation shoot Your spouse or
For information about residency status, see the attached infor	rmation sheet. You common-law partner
New residents of Canada: Enter the date you became a resident of Canada	Year Month Day Year Month Day 2 0
Returning residents of Canada: Enter the Canadian or territory in which you resided before you left Canada	year Month Day Year Month Day
Enter the date you became a non-resident of Canada	Year Month Day Year Month Day
Enter the date you became a resident of Canada again	

- Statement of					
 Statement of Enter all income in C 		only from all sources inside a	and outside Canada. Do not in	clude income that you, yo	ur
spouse or common-la	aw partner have r	eported on a Canadian tax re	turn. If you had no income, ent	er "0".	
If you had	a spouse or comn	non-law partner, enter his or h	our income from January 1 to her income from January 1 to the ie if he or she did not become a	he date he or she becam e	a resident.
Do not ente		·			is year.
	Year	You	Your spouse or cor	nmon-law partner	
		\$	 \$		
partner, en		me for this year. Do not ente	income for that year. If you had your spouse or common-law p Your spouse or cor	artner's income if he or sh	
		\$	\$		
Go to Step 3 only if one of you is applyin			came a resident of Canada bef	ore April 1 and	
Note: The one who a	applies has to be a	a resident of Canada before A	April 1 of that year.	Your sp	nuse or
		s applying for the April GST/lee a resident of Canada			
common-la	ıw partner, enter h	•	er your income for that year. It . Do not enter your spouse or o ar.	•	ome if
	Year	You	Your spouse or cor	nmon-law partner	
		\$	\$		
Cortification					
 Certification If you are married or 	living common-lav	v, your spouse or common-la	aw partner also needs to sign the	nis form.	
•	_		knowledge, correct and comple		
Applicant's signatu	re			Date	
		It is a serious offence to ma	ake a false statement.		
Spouse or common	ı-law partner's si	gnature	us offence to make a false statement.	Date	
If you cannot get you	ır spouse or comn	non-law partner's signature, p	olease explain:		
Direct de	eposit – Secu	rity, convenience, and re	eliability —		
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attach a blank chequ			deposit slip, or cheque, or cont	•	
find these numbers,	•	our GST/HST credit, we will o	deposit your future income tax		count.
find these numbers, Note: If you choose of Branch no.	direct deposit for y Institution no.	Account no.			count.
find these numbers, Note: If you choose	direct deposit for y			inancial institution	count.
find these numbers, Note: If you choose of Branch no. (5 digits)	Institution no. (3 digits)	Account no. (maximum 12 digits)	Name of	inancial institution	
find these numbers, Note: If you choose of Branch no. (5 digits)	Institution no. (3 digits) request will stay	Account no. (maximum 12 digits) in effect until you change to		inancial institution	

account. If we cannot deposit a payment into your account, we will mail a cheque to you at the address we have on file.