Importing a Firearm or Weapon Into Canada





RC4227







This brochure replaces the brochures called *Importing a Firearm or Weapon Into Canada*, C-092 and C-092A.

La version française de cette publication s'intitule Importation d'une arme ou d'une arme à feu au Canada.

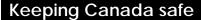




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Canada's new firearms laws will help make Canada safer for both residents and visitors. These new laws will result in changes to the procedures residents and visitors have to follow.

You have to declare all firearms and weapons at customs when you enter Canada. If you do not declare all firearms or weapons, we will seize them and you could face criminal charges. You may need documents to prove that you are entitled to possess a firearm in Canada, and you will have to transport it safely.

If you need more information about the changes to Canada's firearms laws, a specific firearm, weapon, device, or any fees that may apply, contact the Canadian Firearms Centre at 1-800-731-4000.

You may want to speak to a chief firearms officer of the province you are planning to visit. They can be reached through the Canadian Firearms Centre at 1-800-731-4000. You can also contact your nearest customs office for information. Addresses and telephone numbers are listed in the government section of the telephone book. You can also get help from any of the customs regional offices listed in Appendix B.

Classifying firearms, weapons, and devices

All firearms are classified as non-restricted, restricted, or prohibited. There are also categories for weapons and devices.

Non-restricted firearms include:

 semi-automatic rifles and shotguns that have barrels that are at least 470 mm (approx. 18.33 inches) long, and do not otherwise fall into a restricted or prohibited category; and



single shot or manual repeating rifles and shotguns of any length, as long as they are not designed or adapted to be fired when reduced to a length of less than 660 mm (approx. 25.74 inches) by folding, telescoping, or other means.

Restricted firearms include:

- handguns that do not fall in the prohibited category;
- semi-automatic rifles and shotguns that are capable of discharging centre-fire ammunition, have barrels less than 470 mm (approx. 18.33 inches) long, and are not otherwise prohibited;
- firearms designed or adapted to be fired when reduced to a length of less than 660 mm (approx. 25.74 inches) by folding, telescoping, or other means; and
- firearms restricted by regulations.

Prohibited firearms include:

- handguns with barrels less than or equal to 105 mm (approx. 4.1 inches) long;
- handguns designed or adapted to discharge a 25 or 32 calibre cartridge;
- firearms adapted from rifles or shotguns by sawing, cutting, or any other alteration, that when adapted in this way are less than 660 mm (approx. 25.74 inches) long or have a barrel less than 457 mm (approx. 17.82 inches) long;
- automatic firearms, whether or not altered to fire in the manner of a semi-automatic firearm; and
- firearms prohibited by regulations.

Prohibited weapons include:

- switchblade knives or other knives that open automatically by gravity or by centrifugal force, or by hand pressure applied to a button, spring, or other device;
- some martial arts weapons, such as nunchaku sticks or shuriken ("shooting stars");
- Mace or pepper spray;







- blowguns;
- hand-held "compact" crossbows; and
- weapons prohibited by regulations.

Prohibited devices include:

- devices designed to muffle or stop the sound of a firearm, like silencers;
- certain cartridge magazines above a given capacity. Generally, cartridge magazines are limited to 5 rounds for centre-fire semi-automatic rifles or shotguns and 10 rounds for semi-automatic handguns, with certain exemptions for rare and valuable magazines;
- replica firearms; and
- devices prohibited by regulations.

Unless you have a specific licence, you **cannot** import prohibited firearms, weapons, or devices.

If you are a Canadian resident, you can **re-import** prohibited firearms (not prohibited weapons, or devices) as long as you meet **all** of the following conditions:

- you previously exported the firearms from Canada; and
- you have an authorization to transport from a chief firearms officer when you re-import.

Replica firearms

Replica firearms are not classified as firearms but are designed or intended to exactly resemble a firearm with near precision. We do not consider a reproduction of an antique firearm to be a replica firearm.

Replica firearms are classified as prohibited devices and **cannot** be imported into Canada.

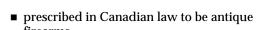
Antique firearms

Antique firearms are firearms:

 manufactured before 1898 that were not designed to discharge rim-fire or centre-fire ammunition and that have not been redesigned to discharge such ammunition; or







If you are a Canadian resident or a visitor to Canada, you can import firearms that are considered to be antiques under the *Firearms Act* and regulations. You do not need to register antique firearms, nor do owners of antique firearms need licences.

We consider reproductions of flintlock, wheel-lock, or matchlock firearms, other than handguns, that were manufactured after 1897, to be antiques even though they may have been manufactured very recently. However, we treat reproductions of more up-to-date firearms, beginning with percussion cap, muzzle-loading rifles such as the Springfield rifles (the originals of which would have been used in the American Civil War), as firearms. These reproductions have to be registered if they will be staying in Canada, and owners of these non-exempt reproductions need firearms licences. Visitors to Canada importing reproductions that are not flintlocks, wheel-locks, or matchlocks should be prepared to have these reproductions dealt with as firearms.

We consider some pre-1898 handguns, rifles, and shotguns that fire rim-fire or centre-fire ammunition to be antiques if they are known to use ammunition that is no longer commonly available.

Firearms specifications

Barrel length

Canadian law specifies how the barrel of a firearm has to be measured to determine if the firearm is classified as prohibited or restricted.

Barrel lengths are measured as follows:

- a revolver is measured from the muzzle of the barrel to the breech, immediately in front of the cylinder; and
- all other firearms are measured from the muzzle of the barrel up to and including the chamber, but not including the length of any part or accessory added to the barrel, including those designed or intended to suppress the muzzle flash or reduce the recoil, such as a flash suppressor (eliminator) or muzzle brake.





We may consider other barrelled weapons, such as pellet guns, as non-restricted or restricted firearms if they meet the legal definition of a firearm, and if they have a muzzle velocity of more than 152.4 metres (500 ft.) per second. Owners of such weapons have to meet all import, licence, registration, and authorization requirements for non-restricted or restricted firearms.

If the muzzle velocity of a weapon is 152.4 metres (500 ft.) per second or less, the weapon may still, technically, be a firearm. However owners of such weapons do not need a firearms licence, the weapons do not have to be registered, and owners do not need an "authorization to transport" to import such a weapon.

Import procedures

When you arrive at the border, declare the firearm to the customs officer, provide any documents required, and answer all questions truthfully. The customs officer has to be satisfied that you have a valid reason for importing the firearm, and may check to ensure that you have transported your firearm properly. The officer will also review your documents and ensure that the firearm you have matches the one described on the documents.

Note

As of January 1, 2001, visitors will have to declare their firearms in writing.

If you have declared a non-restricted or restricted firearm but you cannot meet the import requirements, or you do not have the proper documents, the customs officer may allow you to remove the firearm from Canada. In some cases, we may hold the firearm, give you a receipt and allow you time to give us the correct documents.

It is customs policy that prohibited firearms, weapons, and devices will be detained and will not be returned for subsequent export from Canada.



If you have not been truthful, or if the officer believes that you should not bring the firearm into Canada, we can hold it. If you did not declare the firearm, we will seize it, and you may face criminal charges.

If you need information about importing a specific firearm or weapon, contact the nearest Canada Customs office.

Import regulations

Different regulations apply depending on whether you are importing firearms as a visitor or as a Canadian resident. However, the following basic requirements apply to anyone importing a firearm into Canada.

■ You must be at least 18 years of age.

Note

Canadian residents under 18 years of age cannot acquire firearms, but they can get a Minor's Possession Licence, which allows them to re-import a non-restricted firearm.

- You are allowed to import non-restricted and restricted firearms with the proper documents.
- You are not allowed to import prohibited firearms, weapons, or devices, including silencers and replica firearms.

Visitors to Canada

If you are a visitor to Canada, as of January 1, 2001, you will have to declare your firearms in writing.

Visitors may only import non-restricted firearms for legitimate purposes such as:

- sporting or hunting use during hunting season;
- use in competitions;
- in-transit movement (i.e., moving in the most direct route possible from Point A to Point B) through Canada; or
- personal protection against wildlife in remote areas of Canada, as long as the customs officer is satisfied that the circumstances warrant the firearm being imported.





If you are importing restricted firearms you need an authorization to transport. You can get an application for an authorization to transport by calling the Canadian Firearms Centre at 1-800-731-4000.

Visitors **cannot**, under any circumstances, import prohibited firearms.

Visitors who plan to leave firearms in Canada will have to pay duties and taxes. If the firearm is sold or otherwise transferred to a Canadian resident, the parties must meet all the legal requirements associated with transferring firearms.

Canadian residents

If you are a Canadian resident, depending on the circumstances and the firearm you are importing, you may need the following documents:

- a valid Firearms Acquisition Certificate (FAC), possession licence, or possession and acquisition licence; and
- an authorization to transport.

You can apply for these documents through the Canadian Firearms Office or a chief firearms officer. To get an authorization to transport, you have to apply directly to a chief firearms officer.

To import **non-restricted** firearms newly acquired outside Canada, you have to:

- provide customs with a possession and acquisition licence for that kind of firearm, or a valid FAC; and
- pay any duty and taxes that apply.

If you are importing **non-restricted** firearms that you previously exported from Canada, you do not have to produce any documents to meet the requirements of the firearms legislation but, it is a good idea to carry proof that you purchased the firearm in Canada, or that duty was paid when you imported it. You can ask customs staff to document your firearm on Form Y38, *Identification of Articles for Temporary Exportation*, before you leave the country.





To import **restricted** firearms newly acquired outside Canada you have to:

- provide customs with a possession and acquisition licence for that kind or firearm, or a valid FAC;
- have an authorization to transport; and
- pay any duty and taxes that apply.

If you are re-importing **restricted** firearms that you previously exported from Canada, you have to provide customs with a valid authorization to transport.

You **cannot**, under any circumstances, import **prohibited** firearms newly acquired outside Canada.

If you are importing grandfathered **prohibited** firearms that you previously exported from Canada, you have to provide customs with a valid authorization to transport. Grandfathered means that you have owned and registered the firearms under the former *Act*.

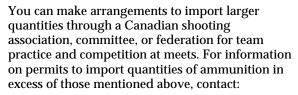
Ammunition

Both Canadians and non-residents may import sporting and competitive ammunition for their personal use, but if they want to import hollow-point ammunition labelled for use in handguns, they need written authorization from Natural Resources Canada.

Canadian residents do not need a permit from Natural Resources Canada to import:

- small arms sporting ammunition up to a maximum of 5,000 rounds;
- percussion primers, up to a quantity of 5,000;
- empty primed cartridge cases, up to a quantity of 5,000; and
- propellants (smokeless and black powder), up to a maximum of 8 kilograms, (17.66 pounds).

Within these limits, non-residents can import 200 rounds duty free for hunting purposes, or up to 1,500 rounds duty free for use at a recognized competition.



Explosives Regulatory Division Natural Resources Canada 15th floor 580 Booth Street Ottawa ON K1A 0E4

Telephone: (613) 943-0206 Fax: (613) 995-0480

Export procedures

Currently, if you are exporting non-restricted or restricted firearms from Canada to the United States, you do not have to stop at customs when you leave Canada. However, this will change when the relevant sections of the *Firearms Act* come into force.

If you are exporting non-restricted or restricted firearms to countries other than the United States, you need export permits from the Department of Foreign Affairs and International Trade. For more information on these permits, contact:

Export Controls Division
Export and Import Permits Bureau
Department of Foreign Affairs and
International Trade
Lester B. Pearson Building
125 Sussex Drive
Ottawa ON K1A 0G2

Telephone: (613) 996-2387

You need an export permit to export prohibited firearms, weapons, and devices from Canada. Check with customs officials of the country you intend to enter before exporting these goods.

It is customs policy that prohibited firearms, weapons, and devices will be detained and will not be returned for subsequent export from Canada.



If you are flying out of Canada, you have to follow Transport Canada regulations by keeping your firearm in a gun case and storing the ammunition separately.

Hunting requirements

Firearms are forbidden in many of Canada's national and provincial parks, game reserves, and adjacent areas. Hunting in Canada is governed by federal, provincial, and territorial laws. If you hunt in Canada, you have to get a hunting licence from each province or territory you plan to hunt in. If you need more information about parks and hunting regulations, contact the appropriate provincial or territorial tourism information office listed in Appendix C.

Transporting firearms

Canadian law states that you have to transport all firearms unloaded. If you are transporting them in a vehicle, they must be kept out of sight in a part of a vehicle that is kept locked (the trunk, if there is one), unless the vehicle is supervised by an adult. You have to transport restricted firearms in a locked case and equip them with locked safety devices to prevent firing.





Canadian Firearms Centre 284 Wellington Street Ottawa ON K1A 0H8

Telephone: 1-800-731-4000 (Canada and the U.S.)

(506) 624-5380 (outside Canada

and the U.S.)

Fax: (613) 941-1991 Web Site: www.cfc-ccaf.gc.ca

Email: canadian.firearms@justice.gc.ca

Appendix B - Customs regional offices

If you are calling from outside Canada please call the Automated Customs Information Service (ACIS) at:

Winnipeg, Manitoba (204) 983-3500 or St. John, New Brunswick (506)636-5064

Atlantic Region

5th floor, CIBC Building 1809 Barrington Street Halifax NS B3J 3K8

Telephone: 1-800-461-9999

Quebec Region

Québec

130 Dalhousie Street

P.O. Box 2267

Québec QC G1K 7P6

Telephone: 1-800-461-9999

Montréal

8th floor

400 Place d'Youville Montréal QC H2Y 2C2

Telephone: 1-800-461-9999



Northern Ontario Region

3rd floor 2265 St. Laurent Boulevard Ottawa ON K1G 4K3

Telephone: 1-800-461-9999

Southern Ontario Region

Toronto

Inland Operations 303-6725 Airport Road Mississauga ON L4V 1V2

Telephone: 1-800-461-9999

Hamilton

400 Grays Road North Hamilton ON L8E 3J6

Telephone: 1-800-461-9999

Windsor

Ambassador Bridge 780 Huron Church Road Windsor ON N9C 2K2

Telephone: 1-800-461-9999

Prairie Region

Winnipeg

530-266 Graham Avenue Winnipeg MB R3C 0J8

Telephone: 1-800-461-9999

Calgary

Bay 32

3033-34th Avenue N.E. Calgary AB T1Y 6X2

Telephone: 1-800-461-9999

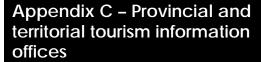
Pacific Region

Main Floor

607-333 Dunsmuir Street Vancouver BC V6B 5R4

Telephone: 1-800-461-9999





Note

These toll-free numbers are valid in North America only.

Newfoundland and Labrador

Tourism, Culture and Recreation P.O. Box 8730 St. John's NF A1B 4K2 CANADA

Telephone: 1-800-563-NFLD (6353)

(709) 729-2830

Fax: (709) 729-1965

Web site: www.public.gov.nf.ca/tourism/

Email: info@tourism.gov.nf.ca

Prince Edward Island

Visitor Services P.O. Box 940 Charlottetown PE C1A 7M5 CANADA

Telephone: 1-888-PEI-PLAY (734-7529)

(902) 629-2400

Fax: (902) 629-2428 Web site: www.peiplay.com Email: tourpei@gov.pe.ca

Nova Scotia

P.O. Box 519 Halifax NS B3J 2M7 CANADA

Telephone: 1-800-565-0000, Operator 998

(902) 425-5781

Fax: (902) 420-1286

Web site: www.xplore.gov.ns.ca/virtualns/



P.O. Box 12345 Woodstock NB E7M 6C3 CANADA

Telephone: 1-800-561-0123

(506) 789-4982

Fax: (506) 789-2044

Web site: www.tourismnbcanada.com

Quebec

P.O. Box 979

Montréal QC H3C 2W3

CANADA

Telephone: 1-800-363-7777

(514) 873-2015

Web site: www.bonjour-quebec.com Email: info@tourisme.gouv.qc.ca

Ontario

Queen's Park Toronto ON M7A 2R9 CANADA

Telephone: 1-800-ONTARIO (668-2746)

(416) 314-0944

Fax: (416) 314-6557 Web site: www.travelinx.com

Manitoba

7-155 Carlton Street Winnipeg MB R3C 3H8 CANADA

Telephone: 1-800-665-0040

(204) 945-3777

Fax: (204) 945-2302

Web site: www.travelmanitoba.com





Suite 500 1900 Albert Street Regina SK S4P 4L9 CANADA

Telephone: 1-877-237-2273

(306) 787-2300

Fax: (306) 787-5744

Web site: www.sasktourism.com

Alberta

P.O. Box 2500

Edmonton AB T5J 2G8

CANADA

Telephone: 1-800-661-8888

(780) 427-4321

Fax: (780) 427-0867 Web site: www.atp.ab.ca

British Columbia

3rd floor

1803 Douglas Street

Station Provincial Government

Victoria BC V8W 9W5

CANADA

Telephone: 1-800-663-6000

(250) 387-1642

Web site: www.travel.bc.ca or

www.tbc.gov.bc.ca

Northwest Territories

NWT Arctic Tourism P.O. Box 610 Yellowknife NT X1A 2N5

CANADA

CANADA

Telephone: 1-800-661-0788

(867) 873-4059

Web site: www.nwttravel.nt.ca Email: arctic@nwttravel.nt.ca



Nunavut

P.O. Box 1450 Iqualuit NU X0A 0H0 CANADA

Telephone: 1-800-491-7910

(867) 979-1261

Web site: www.nunatour.nt.ca Email: nunatour@nunanet.com

Yukon

P.O. Box 2703 Whitehorse YK Y1A 2C6 CANADA

Telephone: (867) 667-5340 Fax: (867) 667-3546

Web site: www.touryukon.com Email: info@touryukon.com



