

## VETERINARY HEALTH CERTIFICATE EXPORT OF EQUINE SEMEN TO SWEDEN

1.	CONSIGNOR (NAME AND FULL ADDRESS)	ANIMAL HEALTH CERTIFICATE			
		NO.		ORIGINAL	
		2.	THIRD COUNTRY OF COLLECTION		
			CANADA		
3.	CONSIGNEE (NAME AND FULL ADDRESS)	4.	COMPETENT AUTHORITY		
			CANADIAN FOOD INSPECTION AGENCY GOVERNMENT OF CANADA	,	
5.	COMPETENT LOCAL AUTHORITY	6.	PLACE OF LOADING		
	REGION:				
	DISTRICT:				
7.	NAME AND ADDRESS OF THE COLLECTION CENTRE	8.	MEANS OF TRANSPORT		
		9.	PLACE AND MEMBER STATE OF DESTINATION		
10.	REGISTRATION NUMBER OF THE COLLECTION CENTRE	11.	NUMBER AND CODE-MARK OF CONTAINERS		
12.	IDENTIFICATION OF CONSIGNMENT: FRESH/CHILLED/FROZEN	I <sup>(1)</sup> EQ	JINE SEMEN		
12.1	NUMBER OF CONTAINERS	12.2	DATE(S) OF COLLECTION		
12.3	SPECIES	12.4	BREED		
	EQUINE				
12.5	12.5 DONORS IDENTITY				
NOT	NOTE: A SEPARATE CERTIFICATE MUST BE ISSUED FOR EACH CONSIGNMENT OF SEMEN.				

## **HEALTH CERTIFICATION:**

I, the undersigned Official Veterinarian of Canada have read and am familiar with Council Directive 92/65/EEC as amended and certify that:

- 1. the semen collection center in which the semen described above was collected, processed and stored for export to the European Union:
  - i) is approved and supervised by the competent authority according to the conditions of Chapter I, Annex D of Directive 92/65/EEC;
  - ii) is situated on the territory or in the case of regionalization according to Article 13 of Directive 90/426/EEC in a part of the territory<sup>(1)</sup> of the country of export which was on the day the semen was collected until the date of despatch free of:



- African horse sickness, in accordance with EC legislation,
- Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis for two (2) years,
- glanders for six (6) months
- dourine for six (6) months
- iii) was during the period commencing thirty (30) days prior to the date of collection of the semen until the date of its despatch not subject to a prohibition order for animal health reasons which laid down one of the following conditions:
  - a) if not all the animals of species susceptible to the disease located on the holding were slaughtered, the prohibition lasted for:
    - in the case of equine encephalomyelitis, six (6) months, beginning on the day on which the equidae suffering from the disease are slaughtered,
    - in the case of infectious equine anemia, a period required to carry out with negative results, two (2) Coggins tests three (3) months apart on the animals remaining after the infected animals have been slaughtered,
    - in the case of vesicular stomatitis, six (6) months,
    - in the case of rabies, one (1) month from the last recorded case.
    - in the case of anthrax, fifteen (15) days from the last recorded case,
  - b) if all the animals of species susceptible to the disease located on the holding have been slaughtered and the premises disinfected, the prohibition lasted for thirty (30) days, or fifteen (15) days in the case of anthrax, beginning on the day on which following the destruction of the animals, the disinfection of the premises was satisfactorily completed;
- iv) contained during the period commencing thirty (30) days prior to semen collection and lasting until the date of its dispatch only equidae which were free of clinical signs of equine viral arteritis and contagious equine metritis;
- 2. prior to entering the semen collection center, the donor stallions and any other equidae located in the center:
  - i) were continuously resident for three (3) months (or since entry if they were directly imported from a Member State of the European Union during the three (3) month period) on the territory or in the case of regionalization in a part of the territory<sup>(1)</sup> of the country of export which was during that period free of:
    - African horse sickness, in accordance with EC legislation,
    - Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis for two (2) years,
    - glanders for six (6) months
    - dourine for six (6) months;
  - ii) either

originated from the territory of the country of export which was on the day of admission into the center free of vesicular stomatitis for six (6) months

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v	•

were tested by a virus neutralization test for vesicular stomatitis on a blood sample taken

on  $\underline{\hspace{1cm}}^{(2)}$ , this being within fourteen (14) days prior to entering the center, with negative results at a serum dilution of 1 in  $12^{(1)}$ ;

- iii) originated from holdings which on the day of admission onto the center fulfilled the requirements of paragraph 1(iii) above;
- 3. the semen described above was collected from donor stallions which:
  - i) on the day the semen was collected, have not shown clinical signs of an infectious or contagious disease;
  - ii) during at least thirty (30) days prior to collection of the semen, have not been used for natural service;
  - iii) during the last thirty (30) days prior to collection of the semen, have been kept on holdings where no equine animal showed clinical signs of equine viral arteritis;
  - iv) during the last sixty (60) days prior to collection of the semen, have been kept on holdings where no equine animal showed clinical signs of contagious equine metritis;



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- v) to the best of my knowledge and as far as I could ascertain, have not been in contact with equidae suffering from an infectious or contagious disease during the fifteen (15) days immediately preceding the collection of the semen;
- vi) have undergone the following animal health tests carried out in a laboratory recognized by the competent authority in accordance with a test program as specified in 3(vii) below:
  - an agar-gel immunodiffusion test (Coggins test) for equine infectious anemia with negative results,
  - either

a serum neutralization test for equine viral arteritis with negative results at a serum dilution of 1 in 4,

or

b)

a virus isolation test for equine viral arteritis carried out with negative results on an aliquot of the entire semen<sup>(1)</sup>,

- a test for contagious equine metritis carried out on two (2) occasions with an interval of seven (7) days by isolation of Taylorella equigenitalis from pre-ejaculatory fluid or a semen sample and from genital swabs taken at least from the penile sheath, urethra and from the urethral fossa with negative results in each case;
- vii) have been subjected to one of the following test programs<sup>(3)</sup>:
  - the donor stallion was continuously resident on the collection center for at least thirty (30) days prior to the semen collection, and during the collection period, and no equidae on the collection center came during that time into direct contact with equidae of lower health status than the donor stallions

the tests required in paragraph 3(vi) above have been carried out on samples taken

	on	<sup>(2)</sup> and on	_(2) at least				
	fourteen (14) days after the commencement of the above residence period and at least at the beginning of the breeding season,						
the donor stallion was not continuously resident on the collection center or other equidae on the collection center came into direct contact with equidae of lower health status than the donor stallions							
-	the tests required in paragraph 3(vi) above have been carried out on a samples taken						
	on	rteen (14) day period before the first collection and at least at the beginning o	_ <sup>(2)</sup> within				
	the fourteen (14) day period before the first collection and at least at the beginning of the breeding season,						
-	an agar-gel immunodiffusion test (Coggins test) for equine infectious anemia with negative results was carried out on a sample of blood taken not more than one hundred and twenty						
	(120) d	lays before the semen was collected on	(2)				
-	the test required for equine viral arteritis as noted in paragraph 3(vi) above						
	either was last carried out not more than thirty (30) days before the semen was collected						
		on(2)(1)					
	or the non-shedder state of the seropositive stallion for equine viral arteritis was confirm by a virus isolation test which was carried out not more than one (1)						
		year before the semen was collected on	(2)(1)				
the tests required in paragraph 3(vi) above have been carried out during the thirty (30) days mandatory							



storage period of frozen semen and not less than fourteen (14) days after the

collection of the semen on samples taken on \_\_\_\_\_\_(2) and on

4.	the semen described above was collected, processed, the requirements of Chapter II and III of Annex D of Co	stored, and transported under conditions which comply with uncil Directive 92/65/EEC.				
Not	otes:					
(1) (2) (3) (4)	Insert date. Cross out the programs that do not apply to this consignment.					
(5)	) Official Seal Number					
Dat	ate Official Export Stamp	Official Veterinarian Canadian Food Inspection Agency Government of Canada				

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