

# WHM Quiz

- 1) **What is the percentage of Canadian women (aged 15 and more) who participate in formal volunteer activities?**  
 a) 20 %                                      b) 33 %                                      c) 54 %                                      d) 75 %
  
- 2) **In 1639, which religious organization led the first medical mission in New France which was the forerunner for the first hospital in the country, the *Hôtel-Dieu de Québec*?**  
 a) Women's Missionary Aid Society      b) Female Compassionate Society      c) Sisters of Charity also known as Grey Nuns      d) Hospitaller Sisters
  
- 3) **When did the first *Young Women's Christian Association (YWCA)* open in Canada?**  
 a) 1870                                      b) 1893                                      c) 1945                                      d) 1967
  
- 4) **When was the *Girl Guide* movement introduced in Canada?**  
 a) 1900                                      b) 1910                                      c) 1950                                      d) 1970
  
- 5) **When was the first *Big Sisters* program initiated in Canada?**  
 a) 1912                                      b) 1932                                      c) 1952                                      d) 1972
  
- 6) **Which of these organizations were involved in the suffrage movement (battle for women to gain the right to vote)?**  
 a) Woman's Christian Temperance Union      d) Manitoba Political Equality League  
 b) United Farm Women of Alberta      e) Ligue des droits de la femme [League for Women's Rights]  
 c) Toronto Women's Literary Club      f) Committee for the Equality of Women in Canada
  
- 7) **Which of these women were involved in the suffrage movement (battle for women to gain the right to vote)?**  
 a) Helen Gregory MacGill                      c) Elizabeth Catherine Bagshaw                      e) Nellie McClung  
 b) Thérèse Casgrain                      d) Emily Howard Stowe                      f) Armine Nutting Gusling
  
- 8) **How many women were actively volunteering in the paramilitary groups of women in early 1941?**  
 a) 250                                      c) 1 000                                      e) 7 000  
 b) 750                                      d) 2 500                                      f) 10 000

**9) Match the date women won the right to vote in provincial elections with the corresponding province.**

- |   |                         |
|---|-------------------------|
| a) 1916 (may be matched with three provinces) | 1) Alberta              |
| b) 1917 (may be matched with two provinces)   | 2) British-Columbia     |
| c) 1918                                       | 3) Prince Edward Island |
| d) 1919                                       | 4) Manitoba             |
| e) 1922                                       | 5) New Brunswick        |
| f) 1925                                       | 6) Nova Scotia          |
| g) 1940                                       | 7) Ontario              |
|   | 8) Québec               |
|   | 9) Saskatchewan         |
|   | 10) Newfoundland        |

**10) Match the early women's organization (First wave of feminism) with the date corresponding to its creation.**

- |   |   |
|---|---|
| a) Coloured Women's Club of Montreal                        | 1) 1874   |
| b) Fédération [nationale] des femmes canadiennes-françaises | 2) 1893 (may be matched with two organizations) |
| c) National Council of Jewish Women                         | 3) 1897   |
| d) National Council of Women of Canada                      | 4) 1902   |
| e) Woman's Christian Temperance Union                       | 5) 1914   |
| f) First Women's Institute                                  |   |

**11) Match the Second wave of feminism women's organization with the date corresponding to its creation.**

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|--|---------|
| a) Canadian Council of Muslim Women  | 1) 1966 |
| b) Congress of Black Women of Canada                                       | 2) 1972 |
| c) DAWN – Disabled Women's Network Canada                                  | 3) 1973 |
| d) Fédération des femmes du Québec   | 4) 1974 |
| e) National Action Committee on the Status of Women                        | 5) 1982 |
| f) National Organization of Immigrant and Visible Minority Women of Canada | 6) 1984 |
| g) Native Women's Association of Canada                                    | 7) 1985 |
| h) Pauktuutit – the Inuit Women's Association                              | 8) 1986 |

**12) Match the event with the appropriate date.**

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|--|-----------------------------------|
| a) Establishment of the <i>Royal Commission on the Status of Women in Canada</i>   | 1) 1916                           |
| b) International Women's Year  | 2) 1918                           |
| c) The federal government designated officially the month of October as <i>Women's History Month</i> in Canada   | 3) 1929                           |
| d) <i>Persons Case</i> decision – Women became eligible for appointment to the Senate of Canada  | 4) 1967                           |
| e) <i>Section 15</i> of the <i>Canadian Charter of Rights and Freedoms</i> came into effect guaranteeing equality for all Canadians before and under the law and equal protection and benefit of the law | 5) 1975                           |
| f) The <i>Governor General's Awards in Commemoration of the "Persons Case"</i> were initiated to recognize the outstanding contributions of individuals towards improving the status of women in Canada  | 6) 1979                           |
| g) The <i>Indian Act</i> was amended to restore status and band membership rights to Aboriginal women who had lost those rights through marriage to non-Aboriginals.                                     | 7) 1985 (may apply to two events) |
| h) Women first won the right to vote in a provincial election (Alberta)  | 8) 1992                           |
| i) Women won the right to vote in federal elections*   |                                   |