



Fish Products Standards and Methods Manual

**APPENDIX 3
CANADIAN GUIDELINES FOR CHEMICAL CONTAMINANTS AND
TOXINS IN FISH AND FISH PRODUCTS**

CONTAMINANTS	PRODUCT TYPE	ACTION LEVEL*
Mercury	All fish products (swordfish, shark, fresh & frozen tuna excepted)	0.5 ppm
Arsenic	Fish protein concentrate	3.5 ppm
Lead	Fish protein concentrate	0.5 ppm
Fluoride	Fish protein concentrate	150 ppm
2,3,7,8 TCDD (Dioxin)	All fish products	20 ppt *UNDER REVIEW*
DDT and Metabolites (DDD and DDE)	All fish products	5.0 ppm
PCB	All fish products	2.0 ppm
Piperonyl butoxide	Dried Cod	1.0 ppm
Other agricultural chemicals or their derivatives	All fish products	0.1 ppm

SAMPLING: Samples to consist of a minimum of 5 units representative of the lot. Analysis may be carried out on a composite of all sample units.

CRITERIA FOR ACTION: A lot of fish will be considered reject if the sample value exceeds the action level. Fish or fish products exceeding these guidelines may be permitted for export if they do not violate regulations of the importing country.

***Based on contaminants level of edible weight**

TOXINS	PRODUCT TYPE	ACTION LEVEL
Histamine*	Enzyme ripened products (e.g., anchovies, anchovy paste, fish sauce)	20 mg/100 g
	All other scombroid fish products (e.g., canned or fresh or frozen tuna, mackerel, mahi-mahi)	10 mg/100 g
PSP**	Molluscan shellfish	80 µg/100 g
ASP***	Molluscan shellfish	20 µg/g
DSP****	Molluscan shellfish	1 µg/g



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ADDITIONAL COMMENTS:

***Histamine**

- Samples are collected according to Sampling Plan 1 (AQL 6.5) for Initial Inspection and Sampling Plan 2 (AQL 6.5) for Reinspection.
- Any sample exceeding 50 mg/100 g will result in the lot being rejected with no right to reinspection.
- The acceptance number is that corresponding to the number for decomposition.

**** PSP and *** ASP (Paralytic Shellfish Poisoning and Amnesic Shellfish Poisoning - Domoic Acid)**

- PSP toxin levels equal to or greater than 80 µg/100 g and/or ASP levels equal to or greater than 20 µg/g will result in closure of the shellfish area.
- Where shellfish samples collected from a plant are equal to or greater than the above levels, the production lot is detained. If the lot has already been distributed, possible product recall will be considered.
- The minimum acceptable sample is that which when shucked will produce 100 g of drained meats from 5 pooled sub-samples. Depending on the size of animals, the total number of shellfish required varies from 1 (geoduck) to 25 (pink scallops).

****** DSP (Okadaic acid and/or DTX-1)**

- DSP testing will be conducted only in suspect harvesting areas or as a result of reported illness. Okadaic acid and/or DTX-1 levels in digestive tissue equal to or greater than 1 µg/g, singly or in combination, will result in closure of the shellfish area.

BACKGROUND LEVELS FOR NON-PERMITTED ADDITIVES

ADDITIVE ¹	PRODUCT TYPE	BACKGROUND LEVEL ²
Nitrites	All fish and fish products (except marine mammal meat ³)	15 ppm (see note 2)
Nitrates	All fish and fish products	15 ppm (see note 2)
Sulphites ⁴	Clams (raw and canned)	10 ppm
Phosphates ⁵	Shrimp (raw, cooked and canned)	1.60 %
	Scallops (raw)	1.47 %
	Fish fillets	1.37 %



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	Crab (raw and cooked)	1.70 %
	Lobster (raw and cooked)	1.47 %
	Surf clams (raw and cooked)	1.00 %

¹ The compounds listed in this table are food additives; however some background levels may occur naturally in some foods.

² When the additive **is not** permitted, then the action level is the background level or detection limit; when the additive **is** permitted, then the action level is the background level or detection limit **plus** the permitted amount.

³ Marine mammals, including seals are included in the definition of "fish" as per the Canadian Food and Drug Regulations. Sodium nitrite is permitted in marine mammal meats at the maximum level of 200 ppm.

⁴ Calculated as sulphur dioxide.

⁵ Calculated as sodium phosphate, dibasic.

Note:

1. If a processor can provide reliable data for naturally occurring background levels that are higher than those shown above, this may be considered before product action is taken.
2. Some herbs, including parsley, contain high levels of naturally occurring nitrates. This has to be considered when nitrates are detected in fish products containing herbs as an ingredient.