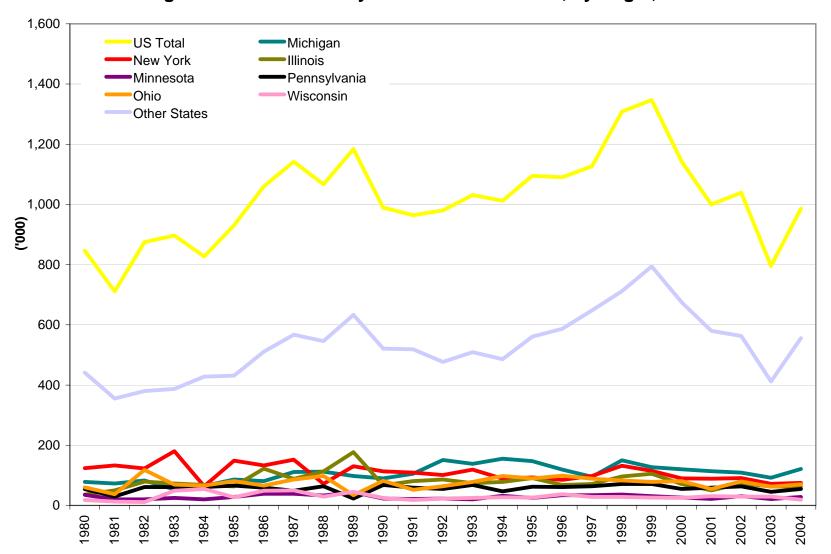


	US Total	Michigan	New York	Illinois	Minnesota	Pennsylvania	Ohio	Wisconsin	Other States
1980	846	78	124	36	35	54	60	18	441
1981	711	73	133	50	20	30	37	13	355
1982	875	83	123	79	20	61	118	11	380
1983	897	53	180	73	25	61	69	49	387
1984	827	65	64	68	20	61	66	55	428
1985	931	86	149	63	28	66	81	27	431
1986	1,060	81	133	122	39	59	66	49	511
1987	1,142	111	152	88	39	49	86	50	567
1988	1,067	112	72	113	33	64	98	29	546
1989	1,184	98	130	177	44	23	34	45	633
1990	989	90	113	67	23	68	82	25	52 ⁻
1991	964	105	109	81	21	59	52	18	519
1992	980	151	101	86	23	55	64	23	477
1993	1,031	138	119	74	20	68	78	25	509
1994	1,012	155	89	78	32	47	98	27	486
1995	1,095	147	93	91	25	62	90	26	56´
1996	1,090	119	85	68	34	61	99	37	587
1997	1,127	95	98	71	34	64	89	28	648
1998	1,308	150	132	96	36	71	83	28	712
1999	1,347	127	115	105	31	71	78	26	794
2000	1,143	120	90	71	26	55	81	25	675
2001	1,000	114	89	50	22	59	55	31	580
2002	1,039	109	91	73	31	63	80	29	563
2003	796	92	72	63	21	45	62	29	412
2004	986	121	75	62	28	55	70	19	556

Overnight Visits in Ontario by US Business Visitors, 1980-2004 ('000) by origin

Source: Statistics Canada, International Travel Survey Ontario Ministry of Tourism



Overnight Visits in Ontario by US Business Visitors, by origin, 1980-2004

Notes:

1. Person-visit

Same-day or overnight visit made by a foreign traveller taking a trip.

All the travel data released by the Ontario Ministry of Tourism adopt a different definition of "trip" than that used by Statistics Canada for international trips to Ontario.

An **international trip** is defined by **Statistics Canada** as travel for less than 12 months for any reason by anybody except: immigrants, former residents, military personnel, diplomats and dependants and crews, arriving Canada who iscleared through Customs and Immigration point of entry.

In addition to the restrictions imposed in the above definition, the Ontario Ministry of Tourism also excludes commuters to work and to schools.

2. The methodology of the International Travel Survey has changed in 2000. Therefore, data prior to 2000 are not comparable to

those after 2000.

3. Discrependies are due to roundings.