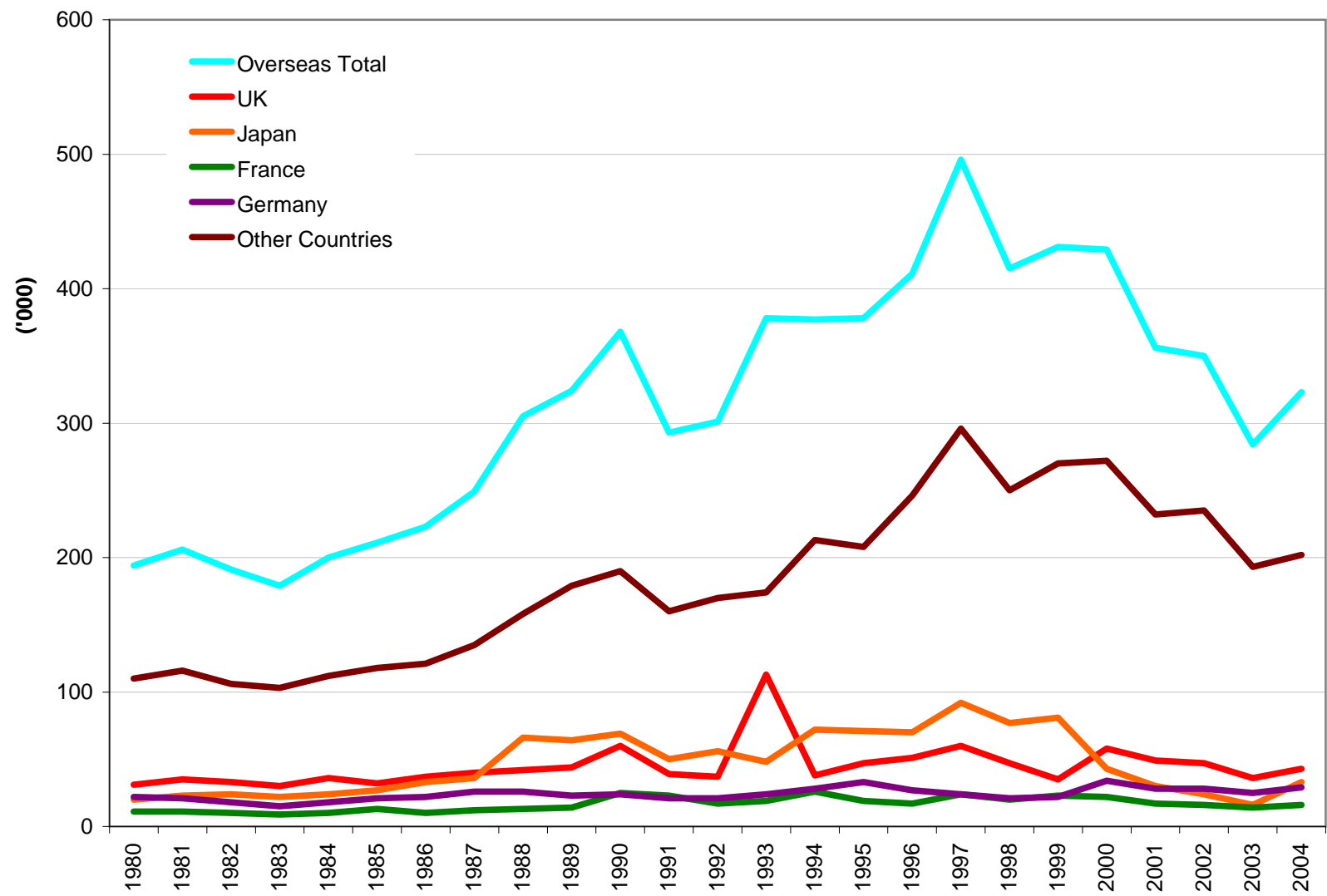


**Person Visits in Ontario by Overseas Business Visitors,  
 1980-2004 ('000), by origin**

	<b>Overseas Total</b>	<b>UK</b>	<b>Japan</b>	<b>France</b>	<b>Germany</b>	<b>Other Countries</b>
1980	194	31	20	11	22	110
1981	206	35	23	11	21	116
1982	191	33	24	10	18	106
1983	179	30	22	9	15	103
1984	200	36	24	10	18	112
1985	211	32	27	13	21	118
1986	223	37	33	10	22	121
1987	249	40	36	12	26	135
1988	305	42	66	13	26	158
1989	324	44	64	14	23	179
1990	368	60	69	25	24	190
1991	293	39	50	23	21	160
1992	301	37	56	17	21	170
1993	378	113	48	19	24	174
1994	377	38	72	26	28	213
1995	378	47	71	19	33	208
1996	411	51	70	17	27	246
1997	496	60	92	24	24	296
1998	415	47	77	20	21	250
1999	431	35	81	23	22	270
2000	429	58	43	22	34	272
2001	356	49	30	17	28	232
2002	350	47	24	16	28	235
2003	284	36	16	14	25	193
2004	323	43	33	16	29	202

Source: Statistics Canada, International Travel Survey  
 Ontario Ministry of Tourism

**Person Visits in Ontario by Overseas Business Visitors, by origin, 1980-2004**



**Notes:**

## 1. Person-visit

Same-day or overnight visit made by a foreign traveller taking a trip.

All the travel data released by the Ontario Ministry of Tourism adopt a different definition of "trip" than that used by Statistics Canada for international trips to Ontario.

An international trip is defined by Statistics Canada as travel for less than 12 months for any reason by anybody except: immigrants, former residents, military personnel, diplomats and dependants and crews, arriving Canada who is cleared through Customs and Immigration point of entry.

In addition to the restrictions imposed in the above definition, the Ontario Ministry of Tourism also excludes commuters to work and to schools.

2. The methodology of the International Travel Survey has changed in 2000. Therefore, data prior to 2000 are not comparable to those after 2000.

3. Discrepancies are due to roundings.