## REAL ESTATE DEVELOPMENT MARKETING ACT POLICY STATEMENT 5 EARLY MARKETING - DEVELOPMENT APPROVAL

## Effective January 1, 2005

1. Interpretation

In this Policy Statement:

- (a) "Act" means the Real Estate Development Marketing Act; and
- (b) unless the context otherwise requires, other words and expressions have the meanings given to them in the Act.
- 2. Under Part 2, Division 2 of the Act, a developer must not market a development unit unless in relation to the development units the developer has met certain preliminary requirements or approvals. The form of preliminary requirement or approval required depends on the type of development unit being marketed. For example, section 5 of the Act provides that a developer must not market a strata lot unless, in relation to the strata lot, a strata plan has been deposited in a land title office or the appropriate municipal or other government authority has issued a building permit. Developers offering other types of development units should review Part 2, Division 2 of the Act to determine what form of preliminary requirement or approval applies to the type of development unit they intend to market.
- 3. Under section 10 of the Act, a developer may market a development unit before meeting the preliminary requirements or approvals set out in Part 2, Division 2 of the Act, if the developer has obtained both:
  - (a) approval in principle to construct or otherwise create the development unit from the appropriate municipal or other government authority; and
  - (b) the superintendent's permission to begin marketing.
- 4. This Policy Statement sets out the circumstances, including the applicable terms and conditions, in which the superintendent's permission to begin marketing is deemed to be granted.
- The superintendent considers the issuance of a development permit, or written confirmation from the appropriate municipal or other government authority that a development permit will be issued if certain conditions within the control of the developer are met, to be satisfactory evidence that the creation of the proposed development units has been approved in principle. Not all development units are subject to a development permit process, either due to the type of development unit or the type of development approval process used by the relevant municipal or other government authority, or both. In circumstances where a development permit process does not apply, the superintendent considers a developer to have obtained approval in principle to construct or otherwise create the development units from the appropriate municipal or other government authority, if the authority has confirmed to the developer that based upon the drawings and other documents submitted by the developer to the authority, the proposed development units conform with the applicable zoning and development bylaws and official community plan.
- 6. If the developer has obtained approval in principle, as described in paragraph 5 of this Policy Statement, to construct or otherwise create the development units from the appropriate municipal or other government authority, the superintendent will permit a developer to begin marketing on

complying with the following terms and conditions:

- (a) The estimated date, as disclosed in the disclosure statement, for the issuance of a building permit, is 9 months or less from the date the developer filed the disclosure statement with the superintendent;
- (b) The developer markets the proposed development units under the disclosure statement for a period of no more than 9 months from the date the disclosure statement was filed with the superintendent, unless an amendment to the disclosure statement that sets out particulars of the issued building permit is filed with the superintendent during that period;
- (c) Any purchase agreement used by the developer, with respect to any development unit offered for sale or lease before the purchaser's receipt of an amendment to the disclosure statement that sets out particulars of the issued building permit, contains the following provisions:
  - (i) The purchaser may cancel the purchase agreement for a period of seven days after receipt of an amendment to the disclosure statement that sets out particulars of the issued building permit if the layout or size of the applicable development unit, the construction of a major common facility, including a recreation centre or clubhouse, or the general layout of the development, is materially changed by the issuance of the building permit;
  - (ii) If an amendment to the disclosure statement that sets out particulars of an issued building permit is not received by the purchaser within 12 months after the initial disclosure statement was filed, the purchaser may at his or her option cancel the purchase agreement at any time after the end of that 12 month period until the required amendment is received by the purchaser, at which time the purchaser may cancel the purchase agreement for a period of seven days after receipt of that amendment only if the layout or size of the applicable development unit, the construction of a major common facility, including a recreation centre or clubhouse, or the general layout of the development, is materially changed by the issuance of the building permit;
  - (iii) The amount of the deposit to be paid by a purchaser who has not yet received an amendment to the disclosure statement that sets out particulars of an issued building permit is no more than 10% of the purchase price; and
  - (iv) All deposits paid by a purchaser, including interest earned if applicable, will be returned promptly to the purchaser upon notice of cancellation from the purchaser;
- (d) The disclosure statement includes, as an exhibit, a copy of the developer's purchase agreement used under this Policy Statement; and
- (e) Provisions (a), (b) and (c) above, must be set out **in bold print** in the disclosure statement immediately after the statutory right of rescission.
- 7. If a developer proposes to market a development unit that requires the developer to obtain a form of approval other than a building permit from the appropriate municipal or other government authority, the developer may market the development unit if the developer has obtained approval in principle, as described in paragraph 5 of this Policy Statement, and the developer complies with the terms and conditions set out in paragraph 6 of this Policy Statement. In this case, the developer must modify the terms and conditions set out in paragraph 6 by deleting the references to building permit and substituting preliminary layout approval or development approval, as applicable to the type of development unit under Part 2, Division 2 of the Act.