

Province of British Columbia
Ministry of Agriculture, Fisheries and Food
Hon. Bill Barlee, Minister

Corn Silage North Cariboo 1993 Season

Agdex 111-810

Introduction

The planning process provides producers with the opportunity to look at their operation as a group of distinct enterprises. Alternative enterprises should be evaluated on the basis of **Contribution Margin**, taking into consideration resource constraints, market opportunity, risk, and uncertainty.

The Contribution Margin must provide funds for interest, overhead, and other indirect expenses as well as a return for living expenses, loan repayment, and investment. These items should be included in the overall farm plan which will include a Projected Income Statement and Projected Cash Flow Statement.

Key Factors Affecting Profit

	Target
Quantity	20 tons/acre
Price	\$30/ton
Quality	30% Dry Matter

Corn is the highest yielding crop for silage under irrigation in areas where heat is not limiting, i.e., a minimum of 1800 corn heat units. Corn silage production is restricted to warmer areas or river valleys. Dry matter content is unlikely to be higher than 30%. Average yields are 6 tons per acre of dry matter, but yields as high as 10 tons per acre have been obtained in warm areas. Corn should be planted by the first week of May and good weed control is a necessity.

Marketing Alternatives

Corn silage production is basically limited by a producer's cattle operation. The corn produced in the Cariboo is generally fed to feeder cattle because of its high energy content. A very small percentage of corn silage is marketed. However, custom feeding is an alternative marketing system for corn producers.

Cash Flow Timing

				М							
%Inc10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10		10	10
%Exp				20					10		

The above information indicates the timing of monthly flow of funds included in the Contribution Margin only. A complete **Projected Cash Flow** should include indirect expenses, capital sales and purchases, loans and personal expenses.

Rules of Thumb

Direct Expense % of Income 40 - 50%

The above indicators are provided for comparison purposes. They are set out as potential targets for corn silage production.

Contact:

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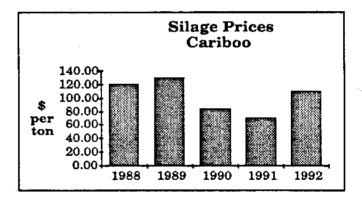
Kamloops

CORN SILAGE Target Yield - 20 Tons/Acre

Contribution Margin 1 Acre of Corn Silage								
Total Income								
	Yield	Price	Unit	Income				
Corn Silage	20	\$25.00	Ton	\$500.00				
Direct Expe	Direct Expenses							
Q	uantity	Price	Unit	Expense				
Seed	33,000	\$92.00	80,000 Seeds	\$37.95				
<u>Fertilizers</u>	٠							
11-51-0	100	0.17	lb.	16.56				
34-0-0	300	0.12	lb.	36.07				
0-0-60	200	0.09	lb.	17.70				
Herbicides								
Atrazine	1.5	4.75	litre	7.13				
Dual	1.0	2 2.00	litre	22.00				
Fuel Costs				25.47				
Machine Rep	32.10							
Irrigation				18.51				
Silage Cover	120	.04	sq.ft.	4.83				
Total Direc	\$218.31							
Contribu	\$281.69							

Buildings and Machinery Replacement Cost Total Farm Size – 600 Acres (100 Acres Corn Silage)

Buildings Bunker Silo	\$ 15,000 60,000
Power Machinery Field Machinery	119,300 36,000
Harvesting Equipment	52,000
Irrigation	34,000
Smal Tools & Other	8,000
Vehicle	<u>15,000</u>
Total	\$339,300



Contribution Margin - Sensitivity Analysis

The table below lists the changes to contribution margin as quantity of yield changes and price received varies.

Price	Yield Tons per Acre					
\$/ Ton	16			24		
20.00	101.69	141.69	181.69	261.69		
22.50	141.69	186.69	231.69	321.69		
25.00	181.69	231.69	281.69	381.69		
30.00	261.69	321.69	381.69	501.69		

This information is provided as a guideline only. Target yield indicates above average production. An individual crop plan should be developed by each producer. Planning forms may be obtained from your local office of the B. C. Ministry of Agriculture, Fisheries and Food.