

Ministry of Finance

Corporate and Personal **Property Registries** www.fin.gov.bc.ca/registries

PO Box 9431 Stn Prov Govt Victoria BC V8W 9V3

Mailing Address:

Location: 2nd Floor - 940 Blanshard Street Victoria BC

INFORMATION ON REGISTRATION OF A PARTNERSHIP/PROPRIETORSHIP

Thank you for your request on how to register a partnership/proprietorship in British Columbia.

This information package provides information on registering a business in British Columbia. For business or legal advice you should go to a small business consultant or a lawyer.

The provincial government, in partnership with local Chambers of Commerce, operates business information centres throughout British Columbia. Each centre has a wealth of information on starting up or expanding a business. Check the following Web site for the business information centre closest to you:

www.bcbusinessregistry.ca www.governmentagents.gov.bc.ca

Your local library will also have information on establishing a business, including the pros and cons of registering a business or incorporating a company.

Introduction

A business may be formed in British Columbia in one of two basic ways: it may be either unincorporated or incorporated. The method chosen initially depends upon the personal needs of the individuals involved (often called the "principals") and the proposed goals of the organization. Each method offers its own particular advantages. You should make your decision according to the best professional advice available to you.

- Unincorporated businesses may be registered under the Partnership Act. This method is cheaper, faster and easier to accomplish, but its advantages are limited.
- Companies are incorporated under the Business Corporations Act. Incorporation is the more formal, complex and expensive of the two options, but it offers many significant advantages. For further information on how to incorporate a company, refer to the Steps to Incorporating a Company in British Columbia information package available at www.fin.gov.bc.ca/registries.

This information package explains the differences between unincorporated businesses and incorporated companies, and provides answers to the most commonly-asked questions.

The laws that govern the registration and maintenance of businesses and corporations are complex. The staff at the office of the Registrar of Companies are pleased to provide information and explain the process, but cannot give business or legal advice. Remember, there is no substitute for sound, independent and professional advice.

The Ministry of Finance and the Registrar of Companies cannot accept responsibility for any omissions or errors in this information package. This package is intended as a guide only and should be read in conjunction with the Partnership Act.

Copies of all acts and regulations are available from Crown Publications Inc. You may contact them at 250 386-4636, or fax 250 386-0221 or Web site www.crownpub.bc.ca or write to 521 Fort Street, Victoria BC V8W 1E7.

What are the different kinds of businesses?

Sole Proprietorship

The simplest form of a business organization is a proprietorship. One person performs all the functions required for the successful operation of the business. The proprietor secures the capital, establishes and operates the business, assumes all risks, accepts all profits and losses, and pays all taxes. The proprietor is said to be self-employed.

Any legal responsibilities arising out of the business activities are the proprietor's. All assets - business or personal - can be legally used to discharge the liability.

A corporation incorporated or registered in British Columbia may also operate a proprietorship if business is carried on under a name different than the corporation's.

General Partnership

In a partnership, two or more people or corporations combine their talents and resources to conduct business. Responsibility for all aspects of the business is usually shared among the partners, regardless of the amount of capital contributed by each individual.

Normally, each partner can be held personally responsible for all liabilities brought about by the partnership, regardless of the amount they invested.

General partnerships are formed by a relatively straightforward written agreement between the partners. A partnership may also be considered to be formed through the actions of the people involved.

Partnerships rely on the continued membership of the partners. In the case of a two-person partnership, if one of the partners dies or declares bankruptcy, the partnership is normally dissolved.

Limited Partnership

A limited partnership is a special type of partnership in which there may be one or more general partners and one or more limited partners. Limited partners cannot act on behalf of the partnership and usually cannot be held responsible for the liabilities of the partnership beyond the amount which they have committed to invest.

Limited partnerships are normally established by a formal agreement between all of the partners.

Limited Liability Partnership

General partnerships that adopt a status that limits the liability of the partners.

Corporation

A corporation is a legal entity which is separate and distinct from its members. It is formed according to the terms of a special contract between the members (shareholders). These terms are expressed in the corporation's Incorporation Agreement and Articles. A corporation has all of the powers and capacity of an individual person. The following characteristics distinguish it from a partnership or proprietorship:

Limited liability – normally no member can be held personally liable for the debts, obligations or acts of the corporation beyond the amount of share capital the member has subscribed.

Perpetual succession – because the corporation is a separate legal entity, its existence does not depend on the continued membership of any of its members.

In addition, ownership interests in a corporation are usually easily changed. Shares may be transferred without affecting the corporation's existence or continued operation.

Companies may be incorporated provincially under the laws of British Columbia or federally under the laws of Canada. Companies incorporated under the laws of another provincial or foreign jurisdiction may be registered as extraprovincial companies if they are doing business in British Columbia.

For more information on incorporating companies in British Columbia, refer to the information package Steps to Incorporating a Company in British Columbia available at www.fin.gov.bc.ca/registries or the Business Corporations Act.

Why register an unincorporated business?

One of the primary reasons for the registration of unincorporated businesses is so that the public can identify and locate the individuals involved in the business.

Which businesses <u>must</u> register?

Under the *Partnership Act* you **must** register your unincorporated business with the Registrar of Companies if you:

- are associated in a partnership for trading, manufacturing or mining purposes;
- are engaged in business for trading, manufacturing or mining purposes and are not associated in partnership with any other person or people, but use as your business name a name other than your own, or use in your business name your own name and some words or a phrase that indicate more than one member is in the business (for example, "and Company," "and Associates").

A British Columbia limited partnership is not formed under the *Partnership Act* until a certificate has been filed with the Registrar of Companies. This certificate must be signed by each person, and state who is to be a general partner when the partnership is formed. A Notice of Registered Office must accompany the certificate. The information to be included in the certificate is described in sections 51 and 54 of the *Partnership Act*.

A limited partnership formed outside of the province may carry on business in British Columbia if registered under the *Partnership Act*.

Which businesses don't have to register?

Partnerships engaged in business other than trading, mining and manufacturing are **not** required to register.

A proprietorship can operate under the proprietor's own name **without registering** with the Registrar of Companies; however, it may have to be registered with local authorities to obtain a business license.

How do I register?

There are two steps involved in registering your unincorporated business:

- · having the business name approved; and
- · filing a Statement of Registration.

There is a separate fee for each step. The registrar will not begin the process until the fees have been paid.

How much does it cost?

The cost to approve and reserve a name is \$30. The cost to register a partnership or proprietorship is \$40.

If you wish your documents processed on a *priority basis*, an additional \$100 will be required, in addition to the regular filing fee.

Remember, the most common reason registrations are rejected is incorrect payment.

Fees are payable to the Minister of Finance. You can pay by cash, cheque, bank draft or money order, in Canadian funds or equivalent. Fees are exempt from the federal goods and services tax.

What paperwork is needed?

Two separate forms are required to register an unincorporated business:

- · Name Approval Request; and
- Statement of Registration of General Partnership or Proprietorship.

Name Approval Request

The first step in registering your business is to ensure the proposed name of your business is available. The Name Approval Request form attached allows you to make a maximum of three choices of names, in descending order of preference. Please read the Name Approval Request Instructions sheet carefully before making your three choices. The filing fee for this form is \$30.

You can apply for your name in the following ways:

BY GOVERNMENT AGENT

Visit your local Government Agent's office. Upon payment of the specified fee, they can provide you with the Name Approval Request form and will submit your request to the Name Reservation Unit for examination, at the Corporate Registry. For a location near you, go to www.governmentagents.gov.bc.ca

BY ONESTOP KIOSK

Visit your local OneStop Kiosk. Upon payment of the specified fee, they can provide you with the Name Approval Request form and will submit your request to the Name Reservation Unit for examination, at the Corporate Registry. User fees may apply. For a location near you, go to www.bcbusinessregistry.ca

BY BC ONLINE

If you have a BC OnLine account you can submit your request electronically.

BY MAIL

Submit your Name Approval Request form, with fee by cheque or money order payable to the Minister of Finance, to the Corporate Registry, PO Box 9431 Stn Prov Govt, Victoria BC V8W 9V3.

Note: you should allow for an additional 5 to 7 working days for your name approval to be processed if you choose to submit by mail.

For information regarding completion of your Name Approval Request form, contact the Corporate Registry at **250 356-2893.** If calling from the Greater Vancouver area, the direct dial free line is **604 775-1044.** Corporate Registry staff **cannot** provide legal or business advice.

Why does the business name have to be approved?

The practical reason why names have to be approved is to prevent the registration of names which are identical or deceptively similar. The *Partnership Act* states that the registrar shall not register a business name that is the same as, or closely resembles, a name of a corporation registered, incorporated or continued in British Columbia.

The law prevents the use of names which are so similar as to confuse or mislead people, and provides a record which allows the public to determine which individuals are behind the name.

The act also says that a business name shall not be approved if the registrar disapproves of the name.

The registrar approving or registering a name doesn't mean that you own the name. The name approval process is intended solely to protect the public interest.

It's important to know that business names don't have the same protection as corporate names. A corporation may be registered under the same name as a business – but a business name won't be accepted if it can be confused with a corporate name.

Under the *Partnership Act*, the registrar does not have the power to order a change of a name once it has been registered.

How to register a business?

Once you have received your name approval and NR number, and have met any and all conditions required on the Name Approval results, you can **instantly** register your proprietorship or partnership online, with the use of a credit card, on the OneStop Business Registry Web site at www.bcbusinessregistry.ca

If you do not wish to register your partnership/ proprietorship online, fill in the blanks on the easy-to-use Statement of Registration included with this package. The only requirements are that all the information is given and the form is legible. If the Statement of Registration is not completed correctly, it will be returned to you for correction.

When the Statement of Registration has been accepted and registered, you'll receive registration acknowledgment showing registration number and the date.

How long does it take to register?

Currently the office of the registrar processes name requests within two working days of receipt, and all business registrations within five days. Actual turnaround times may vary depending on volume. All work is processed on a first-come, first-served basis.

Faster service is available upon request and upon payment of the priority fees. Priority service can often result in same-day processing.

Can I submit both forms at the same time?

We recommend that you get the name approved before you complete the Statement of Registration form. Don't take the approval of a specific name for granted.

The Statement of Registration form is a legal document and cannot be changed or amended by anyone in the registrar's office once it has been filed for registration.

What information does the registry have on file about registered businesses?

The registrar is required by law to maintain a firm index and an individual index of the registrations filed under the *Partnership Act*.

The firm index is an alphabetical listing of all the firms registered. It shows the names of the people who make up the firm, as well as the registration number.

The individual index is an alphabetical listing of the members of each registered firm. It shows the name of the firms of which the individuals are members, and the registration number.

For a fee, the public may search both of these indexes. Copies of a business's Statement of Registration are also available for a fee.

What if I sell my business?

If you sell your business, a new Statement of Registration must be filed by the new owners.

Is my business registration number a tax number?

No – the number under which your business is registered by the Registrar of Companies has nothing to do with provincial sales tax or the federal goods and services tax.

You must register your business with the appropriate federal or provincial tax authorities, as applicable.

Does the Registrar of Companies issue business licences?

No – business licences are only issued under municipal authority. Contact the municipal offices in the area where you intend to operate.

Where can I get help?

Staff in the office of the Registrar of Companies are happy to help you. For information regarding completion of your registration, contact the Name Reservation/Partnership Unit at **250 356-2893**. If calling from the Greater Vancouver area, the direct dial free line is **604 775-1044**. Corporate Registry staff **cannot** provide legal or business advice.

Government agents throughout the province are also available to help you register and have the required forms. For a location near you, go to www.governmentagents.gov.bc.ca.

Where do I send my documents?

Send your documents, with cheque or money order payable to the Minister of Finance, to:

Mailing Address: Corporate Registry PO Box 9431 Stn Prov Govt Victoria BC V8W 9V3

NAME APPROVAL REQUEST INSTRUCTIONS

IMPORTANT - READ CAREFULLY

GENERAL

This form is used for the approval of all corporate and business names in British Columbia.

The first step in incorporation (company, society, cooperative association, financial institution) or registration of firms (partnership, proprietorship) or extraprovincial companies, is the approval of the name through the Names Unit of the Registrar of Companies.

Once your name is approved, it is reserved for you for a period of 56 calendar days. Any renewals of the reservation period will require payment of another reservation fee.

If you need assistance call our help telephone number at 250 356-2893.

Once your name is reserved, the next step is to submit the necessary information to incorporate a company or society, register a proprietorship, partnership or limited partnership or register a foreign entity as an extraprovincial company.

Please go to the Corporate Registry's Web site for information on how to incorporate or register, as well as information on other services provided by the Corporate Registry.

The Web site address is: www.fin.gov.bc.ca/registries.

Approval of a name by the Registrar for either a corporation or a firm does not provide a proprietary right or interest in the name under any circumstances. It is intended solely to protect the public interest by:

- preventing names of corporations which are so similar as to confuse or mislead; and
- providing a record which allows the public to determine which individuals are associated with a corporation or firm name.

A corporation or a firm name may be registered under the same name as another firm. As a result there are many duplications of firms names, however, a firm or a corporation name will **not** be accepted if it can be confused with another corporate name.

FIRM NAMES

(partnership, proprietorship, limited partnership)

Registration of a firm does not provide any protection for that name and does not mean that the name will be available if you decide to incorporate a company using this name.

RESEARCH YOUR CHOICES

The Names Examiner searches the Corporate Register only. This register includes the names of corporations incorporated or registered extraprovincially in British Columbia. It does not include names of British Columbia firms, trademarks or corporations registered outside British Columbia. If you want to ensure your name is protected, you may wish to search other jurisdictions in Canada. Most public business and trademark registers in Canada are reflected in the NUANS database, which may be searched for a fee through private search firms.

The approval of any name is at the discretion of the Registrar. You are paying for three choices. **Do not commit to any name before it is approved.** Provide three choices for each company you wish to name, in descending order of preference. Check them out for potential conflicts through telephone listings, business directories and other publications.

Occasionally this office will reject all three of your choices. If that happens, it will be necessary for you to complete another Name Approval form with three more choices and submit it to this office with another reservation fee.

FEES

The payment of fees in advance is a mandatory requirement of doing all business with the Registrar of Companies office.

Applicants are urged to consult the current Fee Schedule.

Payment of the wrong amount is a common cause for the rejection of name requests. Cheques and money orders are to be made payable to the Minister of Finance.

PRIORITY SERVICE

Names are processed in the order of time of receipt. Upon request and on payment of an additional fee, an application will be processed in priority to others, normally within 24 hours of receipt.

PROCESS

This form allows you to make a maximum of three choices, **in order of preference**, for each name approval. If you wish to have more than one name approved, you must complete an additional form and pay another fee. Your first choice for a name may be approved, if available, and held for a period of <u>56 calendar days</u>. Any renewals of the reservation period will require payment of another reservation fee. Your 2nd and 3rd choices are not examined unless the initial choice of name is not available. Regardless of whether your three choices are all examined or not, the full fee is charged.

A name approval request may be made on this form, or in writing with the same information as is required on this form.

You can apply for your name in the following ways:

BY GOVERNMENT AGENT: Visit any Government Agent who will transmit the request to the Registrar. For locations go to **www.governmentagents.gov.bc.ca**

BY ONESTOP KIOSK: Visit your local OneStop kiosk location. They will transmit the request to the Registries. User fees may apply. For locations go to **www.bcbusinessregistry.ca**

BY MAIL: Names Unit, Registrar of Companies PO Box 9431 Stn Prov Govt

Victoria BC V8W 9V3

You can also apply for your name by visiting the Names Unit in Victoria, located on the 2nd Floor of 940 Blanshard Street.

Results will be confirmed in the same manner as the application was made.

NAME COMPONENTS

In assessing names, the Registrar's staff analyze them according to their constituent components. The form of name acceptable in principle consists of a distinctive element, followed by a descriptive element and ending with a corporate designation (if applicable).

e.g. ABC Manufacturing Ltd.

Distinctive Element
Descriptive Element
Corporate Designation

DISTINCTIVE ELEMENT

The distinctive element serves to differentiate names having identical or similar descriptive elements, and for that reason, is the **most important** element to be examined in the name.

Names such as "Tire Shop Ltd." and "Shoe Store Ltd." lack an appropriate distinctive element and would be rejected for that reason.

They would be acceptable, if prefixed with an additional distinctive element (e.g. coined word, geographical location or personal name) that would distinguish them from all the other tire shops and shoe stores.

e.g. Vancouver Tire Shop Ltd. Sandell's Shoe Store Ltd.

Coined and made-up words are acceptable distinctive elements, provided they do not conflict with others already registered.

e.g. Intertex Enterprises Ltd. Fabuform Diet Centre Ltd.

A coined word, used in addition to a geographical location (e.g. Altrex Canada Ltd.), is normally considered sufficiently distinctive by itself that a descriptive element is not usually required.

DESCRIPTIVE ELEMENT

The descriptive element is useful in describing the nature of the business as well as expanding the options available. It allows for use of identical or similar distinctive elements, which might be desirable in developing a particular presence in the marketplace.

e.g. Victoria Brake Shop Ltd. Victoria Stationery Ltd.

CORPORATE DESIGNATION

Incorporating companies **must have as the last word in the name**, the corporate designation, "Limited", "Limitee", "Incorporated", "Incorporee" or "Corporation".

For all purposes, using the abbreviations of these words (e.g. "Ltd.", "Ltee.", "Inc." or "Corp.") is acceptable.

The corporate designation is *not* applicable to a firm name, society or cooperative name.

Firm names for partnerships and proprietorships *cannot* use "Ltd.", "Inc." or "Corp." in their names, but they may use "Company" or "Co."

Societies should have the designation "Society" or "Association" as the last word in their name. Companies are precluded from the use of these words in their names.

Cooperatives should use the word "Cooperative" in their name and may also use "Association", "Society", "Union" and "Exchange".

A specially limited company must use the bracketed words "(Non-Personal Liability)" or "(N.P.L.)", following the corporate designation.

SINGLE WORD NAMES

Single word names (such as International Limited) are normally not sufficiently distinct from other names containing the same word and generally will not be approved.

An exception may be allowed if the proposed, single-word name contains a coined word that has been trademarked and evidence of the trademark is presented with the name request. Each case will be determined on its merits.

Obvious contractions of common words (e.g. Petrochem, being a contraction of petroleum and chemical) are not considered to be coined words for the purposes of single-word names.

NUMBER NAMES

Numerals may be used in company names as the distinctive element. A year may be used in a name provided that it is the year of incorporation, amalgamation or registration.

e.g. 123456 Enterprises Ltd. Pacific Enterprises (1997) Ltd.

The incorporation number may be used as the name of a British Columbia company. The accepted format is "345678 B.C. Ltd.".

A name reservation or fee is not required for B.C. companies using just their incorporation number. The name will be given according to the next available number at the time of incorporation.

Numbered companies from other jurisdictions, continuing into British Columbia and wishing to retain their numbered names, will be required to conform with the name requirements of this province.

PERSONAL NAMES

In most cases, a natural person's full name will be considered to be sufficiently distinctive and therefore acceptable.

e.g. Bill Brown Ltd. John Smith Inc.

Two surnames, or initials with a surname, are normally accepted.

e.g. Brown, Green Inc. J.R. Black Corp.

WELL KNOWN NAMES

Names, which include well known trade names and trademarks, will not be allowed without the advance written consent of the holder.

e.g. Exxon, Xerox, Coke

EXTRAPROVINCIAL NAMES

Special consideration will be given to established extraprovincial companies applying for registration in the province, provided there is not a direct conflict in names.

SPECIAL CHARACTERS

The use of special characters (such as % or *) should be avoided in corporate and business names.

Some special characters may not be recognized by computer, will not print accurately and may not be allowed.

The "¢" symbol will not be approved in a name under any circumstances.

NO SUGGESTION OF GOVERNMENT CONNECTION

The word "government" (in either its English or French form) will not be allowed. Other words which might imply connection with, or endorsement by, any government require written consent of that government. Examples of other words which imply government connection are "ministry", "bureau", "secretariat", "commission" and "certified".

The use of "British Columbia" or "BC" as the distinctive element in any name is considered to imply connection with the Government of the Province of British Columbia. Use will be accepted only on the written consent of that government, usually obtained from the Protocol Office, Intergovernmental Relations Secratariat, after the name has been approved by the Registrar.

Use of the words "British Columbia" and "BC" will be accepted without consent, if they are placed at the end of a name and before the corporate designation.

e.g. Pacific Warehouse Storage BC Ltd.

NO SUGGESTION OF CONNECTION WITH CROWN OR ROYAL FAMILY

A name which suggests or implies a connection with the Crown, any living member of the Royal family, or endorsement by the Crown or Royal family will not be accepted without the written consent from the appropriate authority after the name has been approved by the Registrar.

e.g. Prince Charles Tea Room Ltd.

This does not apply to references in a name to geographical locations such as Prince George, Prince Rupert and references to New Westminster as the Royal City.

The use of the words "Crown" or "Royal" in combination with another word(s) that does not imply connection with the Crown or Royal family may be allowed.

e.g. Triple Crown Painting Ltd. Royal Star Holdings Ltd.

OBJECTIONABLE NAMES

Names that are considered to be objectionable on public grounds will not be accepted.

A name will not be approved if it includes a vulgar expression, obscene word or connotation, racial, physical or sexual slur.

The use of names of public figures will not be accepted without the advance written consent of the person named.

GUIDELINES

This abbreviated information is provided for convenience only. Corporate and business law is complicated, and there can be no substitute for sound professional advice. Neither the Registrar of Companies nor the Ministry of Finance can accept responsibility for any errors or omissions in this information.

HELP IS AVAILABLE

For assistance or further information, please call 250 356-2893.



Ministry of Finance

Corporate and Personal Property Registries www.fin.gov.bc.ca/registries Mailing Address: PO Box 9431 Stn Prov Govt Victoria BC V8W 9V3 Location: 2nd Floor – 940 Blanshard Street Victoria BC

NAME REQUEST

NAME APPROVAL NUMBER

NR

Important: Use this number on all documents and in the electronic submission of documents.

PRIORITY REQUEST — Additional fee required YES — This is a priority request and I have enclosed an additional fee for this service. ROUTING SLIP NO. DEBIT BCOL ACCOUNT NO. FOLIO NO. DEPOSIT ACCOUNT TRANSACTION NO. GOVT. AGENT TRANSACTION DATE YYYY MM DD GOVT. AGENT TRANSACTION NO. GOVT. AGENT TRANSACTION NO. GOVT. AGENT TRANSACTION NO.

Phone: 250 356-2893 or

604 775-1044 (Greater Vancouver only)

Freedom of Information and Protection of PrivacyAct (FIPPA)
The personal information requested on this form is made
available to the public under the authority of the Company Act.
Questions about how the FIPPA applies to this personal
information can be directed to the Administrative Assistant of
the Corporate and Personal Property Registries at 250 356-1198,
PO Box 9431 Stn Prov Govt, Victoria BC V8W 9V3.

INSTRUCTIONS:

 Please retain the yellow copy for your records. The Name Reservation Office will notify you by letter once your request is completed.

request is completed.		2015 10515 110115 00115055
Please type or print clearly.	GOVT. AGENT TRANSACTION NO.	GOVT. AGENT AMOUNT COLLECTED
• SHADED AREAS ARE FOR OFFICE USE ONLY.		\$
APPLICANT SURNAME	FIRST NAME AND INITIALS	, ·
ADDRESS		
ADDRESS		
CITY	PROVINCE	POSTAL CODE
ADDUONITE VALO	LOOVITAGE PERSONNING	
APPLICANT PHONE NO. APPLICANT FAX NO.	CONTACT PERSON NAME	
Indicate what the name request is for: (In order for this request to be co	ompleted, one box must be (🗸) ticked)	
	CIETY FINANCIAL INSTITUTION	COOPERATIVE ASSOCIATION
Is this request for an extra provincial registration in B.C.?	SDICTION NATURE OF BUSINESS	
ADDITIONAL INFORMATION		
Name Request (first choice) PLEASE TYPE OR PRINT CLEARLY		
Name Request (second choice) PLEASE TYPE OR PRINT CLEAR	LY	
Name Request (third choice) PLEASE TYPE OR PRINT CLEARLY		



Ministry of Finance Corporate and Personal Property Registries www.fin.gov.bc.ca/registries

STATEMENT OF REGISTRATION OF GENERAL PARTNERSHIP OR SOLE PROPRIETORSHIP

PLEASE NOTE:

The registration of a business name under the Partnership Act:

- · does not provide any protection for that name, and
- does not mean that the name will be available if you decide to incorporate a company using this name.

One of the primary reasons for registration of a Partnership or Proprietorship is so the public can identify and locate the individuals involved in the business. A proprietor or partner can be one of the following: an individual, corporation or other corporate entity such as a society, cooperative, etc.

Please have your name reservation approved before submitting this statement of registration. Name Approval Request forms are available from your nearest Government Agents Office or our Web site at: www.fin.gov.bc.ca/registries or by contacting this office. To register online go to www.onestopbc.ca

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

A. Name and Return Mailing Address:

All correspondence and documents will be mailed to this address.

B. Business Information:

Business Name: Enter the approved business name, not the owner(s) name.

Business Address: The location where the business is to be conducted in British Columbia. Enter the complete physical address. You may include general delivery, post office box, rural route, site or comp. number as part of the address, but the Registry cannot accept this information as a complete address. You must also include a postal code. If an area does not have street names or numbers, provide a description that would readily allow a person to locate your business (e.g., the 2nd house on the left side, 4 miles west on Central County Road, Creston, BC).

Mailing Address: Complete only if this address is different from the business address. A post office box or rural route number is acceptable as the mailing address.

Start Date of Business in British Columbia: A date must be entered. The date may be in the past, present or future.

Nature of Business: Provide a brief description of the nature of business (e.g., corner grocery store, automotive repair service, landscaping, etc.).

C. Proprietorship: Enter the full name of the proprietor. If a proprietor is a corporate entity, the corporation must have a registered address in British Columbia.

Residential or Registered Address: The address must be a physical location. You may include general delivery, post office box, rural route, site or comp. number as part of the address, but the Registry cannot accept this information as a complete address. You must also include a postal code. If an area does not have street names or numbers, provide a description that would readily allow a person to locate you (e.g., the 2nd house on the left side, 4 miles west on Central County Road, Creston, BC). If a corporation, the registered office must be in British Columbia.

D. Partnership: Enter the full name of all the partners. If there are more than three partners, you may attach an additional statement or a sheet of paper listing the partners' name and address. If a partner is a corporate entity, the corporation must have a registered address in British Columbia.

Residential or Registered Address: The address must be a physical location. You may include general delivery, post office box, rural route, site or comp. number as part of the address, but the Registry cannot accept this information as a complete address. You must also include a postal code. If an area does not have street names or numbers, provide a description that would readily allow a person to locate you (e.g., the 2nd house on the left side, 4 miles west on Central County Road, Creston, BC). If a corporation, the registered office must be in British Columbia.

If you need assistance to complete this form, please phone **250 356-2893** or **604 775-1044** (Greater Vancouver only).

Mail white and canary copies of this form to:

Ministry of Finance Corporate and Personal Property Registries PO Box 9431 Stn Prov Govt Victoria BC V8W 9V3

To register a proprietorship or general partnership:

Name Approval \$30.00
Registration \$40.00
Total \$70.00

The above fees include one certified copy. Additional certified copies are \$25.00 each.

Make cheque payable to the Minister of Finance.

Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Act (FIPPA)

The personal information requested on this form is made available to the public under the authority of the *Partnership Act*. Questions about how the *FIPPA* applies to this personal information can be directed to the Administrative Assistant of the Corporate and Personal Property Registries at 250 356-1198, PO Box 9431 Stn Prov Govt, Victoria BC V8W 9V3.

BRITISH COLUMBIA	Ministry of Finance Corporate and Personal Property Registries	Mailing Address: PO Box 9431 Stn Prov Govt Victoria BC V8W 9V3 Location:	STATEMENT OF RE OF GENERAL PAF OR SOLE PROPRI	RTNERSHIP
	www.fin.gov.bc.ca/registrie	2nd Floor – 940 Blanshard Street Victoria BC PROVAL NO. – If known	O R P O R	E G I S
Phone: 250 356-2893 or 604 775-1044 (Greater Vanco	ouver only)		A T E	T R A
A. Name and Return Maili	ng Address of person su	bmitting this form	E G I S T	T I O N
NAME			R Y G	N O
ADDRESS CITY/			0 V E R	О.
PROVINCE/ POSTAL CODE			R N M E N T	
Note: The registration of a b provide any protection for the	at name.	·	T A G E N T	
B. Business Information	RLY. Press firmly – you are – This section must be cor		N T	
BUSINESS NAME	- This section must be con	inpleted by everyone.		
STREET	ne physical location of the bu	CITY	elivery, post office box, rural route, sit PROVINCE	POSTAL CODE
			British Columbia	
MAILING ADDRESS - Complete or STREET	nly if different from Business Ac	ddress CITY	PROVINCE	POSTAL CODE
011.221		Ç., .		. 661/12 6652
START DATE OF BUSINESS IN	DESCRIBE NATURE OF BUSINESS (e.g., grocery store, manufacturing)		
BRITISH COLUMBIA YYYY / MM / DD				
C. Proprietorship – This is		son is associated with me in this	s proprietorship.	
RESIDENTIAL OR REGISTERED ADD	DRESS - Must be a physical I	location, CANNOT be just a genera	l delivery, post office box, rural route	, site, or comp. number
D -				
 D. Partnership - This is to certify that the persons named in Section D are the only members of this partnership. 1. PARTNER NAME - State name in full 				
DECIDENTIAL OF RECICTERED AND				
RESIDENTIAL OR REGISTERED ADDRESS – Must be a physical location , CANNOT be just a general delivery, post office box, rural route, site, or comp. number				
HESIDENTIAL ON HEGISTERED ADE	DRESS – <i>Must be a physical l</i>	ocation, CANNOT be just a general	delivery, post office box, rural route, si	te, or comp. number
2. PARTNER NAME – State name		ocation, CANNOT be just a general	delivery, post office box, rural route, si	te, or comp. number

RESIDENTIAL OR REGISTERED ADDRESS - Must be a physical location, CANNOT be just a general delivery, post office box, rural route, site, or comp. number

RESIDENTIAL OR REGISTERED ADDRESS - Must be a physical location, CANNOT be just a general delivery, post office box, rural route, site, or comp. number

It is an offence to make or assist in making a false or misleading statement in a record filed under the Partnership Act. A person who commits this offence is subject to a maximum fine of \$5,000.

3. PARTNER NAME - State name in full