Range Management and the Forest and Range Practices Act

Version 1.0

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Ministry of Forests

Forest Practices Branch

Table of Contents

Range Management and the Forest and Range Practices Act	4
Introduction — How to use this booklet	4
Part 1 — British Columbia's Forest and Range Practices Act	4
What is it?	4
Transition	5
What FRPA means for range use	5
Guiding principles of range use in British Columbia	5
Part 2 — Legislation and a framework	6
Legislation most pertinent to Crown range	6
Legislation and range use	6
How FRPA works to improve forest and range management and practices	8
FRPA: Linking plans and practices	8
Part 3 — Plans, operations and practices	9
Range use plans and range stewardship plans	9
Minister's responsibilities	9
Agreement holder's responsibilities	10
Plan amendments	11
Public review and comment	11
Range Developments	11
Limiting the spread of invasive plant species	12
Range management and wildlife	12
Range management and protection of water values	12
Range management and protection of fish and fish habitat	13
Range management in riparian areas and upland areas	13

Range management and resource features	13
Identifying livestock	13
Other rights and responsibilities	13
Part 4 — If you don't comply	14
Enforcement, fines, penalties, and appeals	14
If you disagree	14
Audits, investigations and public complaints	15
Part 5 — Where to turn	16
Resources	16
Policy and implementation	18
Copies of legislation and other government publications	18
Printed documents	18
Appeal government penalties	18
Concerns about forest operations	18
Appendix — Legislation most pertinent to Crown range	19

Note: This publication will be revised and updated from time to time; be sure you are using the most current version. In the case of a discrepancy between information provided in this publication and relevant legislation, the legislation prevails.

Range Management and the Forest and Range Practices Act

Introduction — How to use this booklet

Range Management and the Forest and Range Practices Act (FRPA) is meant to help range agreement holders gain a general understanding of how the legislation affects them and what is required of them. It is also meant for Forest Service staff who approve and who monitor plans and practices to see that they comply with requirements.

The booklet will be of interest to other government ministries as well as the general public.

It is the agreement holders' responsibility to be aware of the legislation and requirements that apply to their agreement. While this booklet does offer an explanation of some of the requirements of the code, much of the legislation is straightforward and is not covered in this booklet.

This booklet is meant to increase awareness of what information all parties should be familiar with. Some of that information must be purchased; other information is available free of charge. This booklet lists where to obtain those publications (see Part 5).

The first two parts give an overview of the FRPA and its relationship to range. Part 3 Plans — Operations and Practices looks at practical issues, and is best used side-by-side with the acts, regulations and guidebooks that apply to range management. Part 4 includes non-compliance, and Part 5 is a resource guide.

The Appendix lists the sections of legislation that apply to range use. Be aware that legislation also includes amendments; the most up-to-date versions should be used.

Do not hesitate to contact the forest district office with questions or concerns about any aspect of FRPA. Telephone numbers and addresses are included in Part 5 — Where to turn.

Part 1 — British Columbia's Forest and Range Practices Act What is it?

FRPA is a package of legislation, regulations, chief forester standards and best management practices that will greatly improve forest and range management and practices in British Columbia.

Transition

Range use plans prepared under the *Forest Practices Code of British Columbia Act* will stay in effect until December 31, 2005. Agreement holders have until this date to prepare a new plan under FRPA.

Agreement holders also have the option of replacing their current FPC range use plan with a FRPA plan at any time during the transition period.

By the start of the 2006 grazing season, agreement holders must have new plans meeting FRPA standards before turnout.

What FRPA means for range use

FRPA affects range management in British Columbia as it:

- requires approved plans before livestock graze on Crown range
- puts the force of law behind protecting certain values
- improves the government's powers of enforcement.
- introduces the concept of due diligence on the agreement holder

Under FRPA, range activity in British Columbia falls under *statutory* obligations.

Outcomes and obligations are outlined in legislation, and are spelled out in a range use plan or range stewardship plan. *Range Act* agreement holders need to be aware of these obligations.

As before, a range user must still apply for a *Range Act* agreement, which gives the right to graze or cut hay under the *Range Act*. They must also prepare and submit range use or stewardship plans for approval under FRPA. Plans are specific to agreement areas, and cover use of Crown range for livestock grazing or hay cutting.

Grazing or hay cutting may not legally begin until a user holds both an agreement and an approved plan.

Guiding principles of range use in British Columbia

Range practices will:

- conserve soil resources by protecting soil properties, minimising erosion and compaction, and minimising undesirable soil disturbance
- promote or maintain healthy plant communities and maintain or enhance forage quality and quantity for livestock and wildlife
- maintain or improve water resources and riparian values
- conserve fish, fish habitat and aquatic ecosystems
- promote healthy, viable, productive and diverse wildlife populations and their associated habitat
- conserve biodiversity.

Part 2 — Legislation and a framework

Legislation most pertinent to Crown range

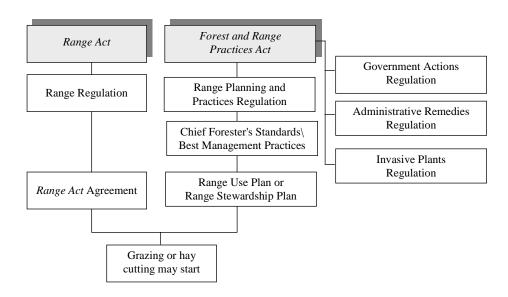
Forest and Range Practices Act
Range Planning and Practices Regulation
Government Actions Regulation
Security Regulation
Administrative Remedies Regulation
Invasive Plants Regulation

Range Act
Range Regulation

Livestock Act Trespass Act Weed Control Act

In addition to legislation, chief forester standards and best management practices provide guidance on how Crown range is to be used.

Legislation and range use



Acts: The *Range Act* and the *Forest and Range Practices Act* are the main acts that apply to range use. Long-time ranchers will be most familiar with the *Range Act*; it gives the right to use the Crown range in question. The *Forest and Range Practices Act* guides the way grazing and other practices are carried out, telling how and when Crown range may be used. Both acts require certain actions and obligations of range agreement holders and the Ministry of Forests.

The Forest and Range Practices Act:

- requires operational planning including who must prepare these plans and when, and what information the plans must contain
- covers forest and range practices for forest and range agreements
- outlines the procedures and administrative systems needed

The *Range Act* covers what is required to obtain an agreement for grazing or hay cutting on Crown range. These agreements are of three basic types:

- *licences* for grazing or hay cutting are awarded after opportunities are advertised and responses assessed, have 10-year terms, are replaceable and require a range use plan or range stewardship plan
- *permits* for grazing or hay cutting are for a maximum term of five years and require a range use plan
- temporary grazing permits and temporary hay cutting permits apply only for the year in which they are issued, are not advertised and take advantage of a short-term surplus of forage such as that from an exceptionally good growing year or an authorized non-use. A range use plan is required.

Regulations cover the fundamental practices that must be applied across the province. As with the acts, the regulations have the strength of law.

The regulations establish the specific plan contents and regulate what activities can take place or must be avoided.

There are several regulations under the act. While the Range Planning and Practices Regulation will be used most often, range agreement holders should be aware of the Government Actions Regulation, the Security Regulation and the Administrative Remedies Regulation

The *Range Act* includes the Range Regulation, which specifies advertising and application criteria for permits and licences, private land agreements, fees, and transfers.

The framework includes best management practices that are on-the-ground support for the regulations. They cover a wide variety of topics, ranging from broad planning concepts and requirements to detailed "how-to" instructions.

How FRPA works to improve forest and range management and practices

As well as specifying certain practices on Crown forest and range, FRPA is a framework that ensures that strategic goals and objectives set by government are put into action on the ground by forest industry and ranchers. Range plans will reflect and support a province-wide network of goals and objectives that encourage productive range and forest use while protecting certain resources.

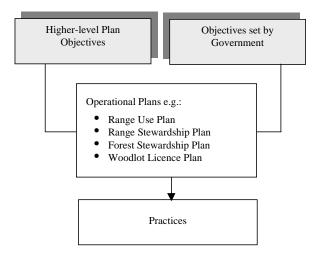
By requiring that operational plans are consistent with the objectives set out in such higher-level plans or objectives set by government, the FRPA allows those objectives to be implemented "on the ground."

Operational plans: These cover general to site-specific activities in forests and on rangeland, and are required of agreement holders. The four operational plans are range use plans (RUPs), range stewardship plans (RSPs), forest stewardship plans (FSPs) and woodlot licence plans (WLPs).

The minister may require that plans be advertised and available for public review and comments. No activity may begin unless and until the minister approves the required plans. Major amendments to a plan must be approved as well.

Practices: Practices are the activities carried out on Crown range.

FRPA: Linking plans and practices



Part 3 — Plans, operations and practices

This section covers many general requirements, but also gives expanded information about some sections of the various acts and regulations that apply to range management.

It is NOT a complete listing of all obligations under FRPA.

The name of the legislation and the number of the applicable sections are marked in the margins beside the information.

Range use plans and range stewardship plans

Minister's responsibilities

Range Planning and Practices Regulation Sections 5-12	The minister will specify objectives set by government and expected results for the area under the plan.
FRPA sections 33, 34, 35 Range Planning and Practices Regulation Section 13, 14	The minister will identify any areas of special concern and will where necessary provide plant community descriptions, range readiness criteria and stubble heights
FRPA Section 32	The minister must approve all range plans before grazing or hay cutting begins, even if a rancher already holds a valid licence or permit.
FRPA Section 36(1)	The minister will specify the term of the plan at the time of approval. It cannot exceed 5 years. The minister may extend a plan for an additional period not exceeding 5 years.
FRPA Section 37(1)	The minister must approve a range plan if it is consistent with the agreement under the <i>Range Act</i> that pertains to the plan and conforms to the act, regulations and standards.
FRPA Section 37(3) and Range Planning and Practices Regulation Section 19	The minister may refer a plan to an advisory committee for its recommendations.
FRPA Section 85	The minister must publish a record of enforcement activities and must keep and make available to the public a performance record for holders of

agreements under the Range Act and the Forest Act.

Agreement holder's responsibilities

FRPA Section 32 A range use plan or range stewardship plan is required before livestock grazing or hay cutting may occur on Crown range.

FRPA Section 32(2) and (3)

An agreement holder may qualify for a stewardship plan that differs in content from a range use plan if they have demonstrated competency in management of Crown range (including performance record and the condition of Crown range).

The range use plan must:

FRPA Sections 33 and 34 and Range Planning and Practices Regulation Sections 13 and

- include a map that has the location of *Range Act* agreement boundaries, range developments, pastures and where applicable, areas of hay cutting
- include a grazing schedule that includes, for each pasture to be used, the livestock class, number and period of use
- include actions to be carried out in the area under the plan to deal with issues identified by the minister
- include measures to prevent the introduction and spread of invasive plants species
- conform to any prescribed requirements
- be consistent with objectives set by government
- for hay cutting include average stubble heights and timing
- include the signature of the person required to prepare the plan or authorized to sign for a corporation.

The range stewardship plan must:

FRPA Section 35 .and Range Planning and Practices Regulation Sections 14 and

- include a map that has the *Range Act* agreement boundaries, developments
- specify actions to be carried out in the area under the plan to deal with issues identified by the minister
- include measures to prevent the introduction and spread of invasive plants species
- specify intended results, strategies or actions to achieve prescribed requirement
- be consistent with objectives set by government
- include the signature of the person required to prepare the plan or authorized to sign for a company.

FRPA Section 38. The holder of a range stewardship plan must include plan content requirements and must ensure that strategies and actions specified in the plan continue and be sufficient to achieve intended results.

Plan amendments

FRPA Section
38 and Range
Planning and
Practices
Regulation
Section 22

A range use plan must be amended if it is not achieving intended results or if new information relevant to the plan area comes into effect.

Range Planning and Practices
Regulation
Sections 17, 18

Major changes may need to be submitted for public review.

Range Planning and Practices Regulation Sections 17, 18

Where a new range development is proposed that is likely to materially affect others, the plan must be amended, and the Minister may require review and comment.

Public review and comment

Range Planning and Practices Regulation	The minister may give notice requiring a plan proponent to advertise a plan and make it available for review and comment.
Section 17	
Range Planning and Practices	Where review and comment is required, the public has 30 days to respond.
Regulation Section 18	

Range Developments

Regulation Section 17, 18

FRPA Section 51	Construction or removal of a range development requires the written authorisation of the minister.
Range Planning	Existing developments must be maintained

Range Planning and Practices
Regulation
Section 40

Existing developments must be maintained.

The minister may ask for a performance bond or some other security before a range agreement holder builds a development on rangeland. That security will be returned once the conditions are met. This is meant to protect other values and to ensure that the task is performed to a prescribed standard.

FRPA Section
51 and Range
Planning and
Practices

If a proposed range development might affect others in a material way the minister may require the proponent to publish a notice.

Limiting the spread of invasive plant species

Invasive plants are listed under the authority of the chief forester. Activities should not encourage the establishment or spread of invasive plants.

Range Planning
and Practices
Regulation
Section 15

Range plans must specify measures to prevent the introduction and spread of invasive plants relative to range practices.

Range Planning and Practices
Regulation

Soil exposed during construction of a range development must be revegetated with suitable plant species.

Range management and wildlife

Section 41

Range Planning The agreement holder must ensure that range practices conform with any and Practices general wildlife measures established for the area under the plan. Regulation Section 36 Government Actions Regulation Sections 7 & 8 Range Planning Range practices, including grazing, must not damage wildlife habitat and Practices features. Wildlife habitat features are defined in the Government Actions Regulation Regulation and may include fisheries sensitive features, significant mineral Section 37 licks, eagle, osprey or great blue heron nests and any localized feature Government designated by the Minister of Water, Land and Air Protection. Actions Regulation

Section 9

Range Planning
and Practices
Regulation
Section 12

The agreement holder must ensure that range practices conform to ungulate winter range objectives and wildlife habitat area objectives for the area under the plan.

Government Actions Regulation Section 10

Range management and protection of water values

Range Planning The agreement holder must ensure that range practices do not cause materials and Practices harmful to human health to be deposited, or transported, to that is diverted for Regulation human consumption by a licences waterworks. ...Section 33 Range Planning If livestock contaminate the water supply in a designated watershed, they and Practices must be removed from that watershed. They can return only if the problem is Regulation remedied. Section 34 Range Planning Dead stock belonging to an agreement holder must be removed from within and Practices 100 m of stream in a community watershed. Regulation Section 35

Range management and protection of fish and fish habitat

Range Planning	Range practices must be conducted so as not to harm fish, impede their
and Practices Regulation	passage, destroy, damage or harmfully alter fish habitat, or deposit or
Section 32	transport harmful materials.

Range management in riparian areas and upland areas

Range Planning and Practices Regulation	Range practices, including grazing, must not adversely affect the function of riparian areas.
Sections 30 Range Planning and Practices Regulation Sections 31	Range practices, including grazing, must not adversely affect the function of upland areas.

Range management and resource features

Government Actions Regulation Sections 3	The Minister may by order identify any resource features requiring protection. Resource features are defined in regulation and may include range developments, permanent sample plots, cultural heritage resources, recreation sites or trails.
Range Planning and Practices Regulation Sections 38	Range practices, including grazing, must not damage resource features.

Identifying livestock

10011011 / 1115 11 /	e stock
FRPA Section 45(2)	The requirement that livestock be branded is a carry-over from the <i>Range Act</i> . Branding is required for identifying livestock ownership.
Range Planning and Practices Regulation Section 42	In some cases the minister may also require ear tags on livestock. In these cases the minister will provide the tags.

Other rights and responsibilities

FRPA Section 46	A person must not carry out a practice or activity that damages the environment.
FRPA Section 48	Anyone who removes a natural range barrier may be required to replace it.
RPPR Section 44	A range agreement holder must insure that livestock do not cause significant interference with the establishment of a free growing stand.
FRPA Section 101	Due diligence, mistake of fact and officially induced error are defences to a prosecution under FRPA.

Part 4 — If you don't comply

Enforcement, fines, penalties, and appeals

Many agreement holders are nervous about liability and penalties under the FRPA. Good planning and good communication with district managers will dramatically reduce problems.

FRPA maintains the enforcement powers of the government to deal with trespass livestock, inadequate range practices and unauthorized range developments. The Ministry's options include but are not restricted to:

FRPA Section

Fines.

FRPA Section

The minister, after giving an opportunity to be heard to a person who is alleged to have contravened a provision of the act, may determine whether the person has contravened the act, and may levy an administrative penalty.

FRPA Section

Forfeitures/seizures of livestock, hay, etc.

FRPA Section

Remediation orders.

FRPA Section

Intervention orders.

FRPA Section

Restitution.

FRPA Section

Continuing offences.

Range agreement holders found to be in offence must act quickly. Every day they do not act may be considered to be a new offence. This is called a continuing offence.

If you disagree

FRPA Section

If a range agreement holder does not agree with a determination of an offence made by a government official, an independent administrative review may be requested. The range agreement holder must do this within three weeks, and specific steps must be followed.

FRPA Section

If the range agreement holder is not satisfied with the results of the administrative review, an appeal may be made to the Forest Appeals Commission. The range agreement holder cannot go directly to the commission; an administrative review is required first. The range agreement holder must appeal within three weeks of the review decision, or the commission need not hear the appeal.

The final resort is an appeal to the courts through judicial review.

Audits, investigations and public complaints

The Forest Practices Board is an independent watchdog body that carries out independent audits and special investigations to determine:

Whether plans and activities are carried out as

required by FRPA

whether the government is enforcing the act

appropriately.

FRPA Section

The Forest Practices Board may, with the consent of the person subject to the

determination, require a review of a determination.

FRPA Section

123

As well, the independent Forest Practices Board investigates complaints from the public (third-parties) about how FRPA is being upheld. However, the Forest Practices Board does not have to investigate every third-party complaint. It can dismiss complaints that it deems trivial, frivolous, or vexatious, or if the investigation would not benefit the complainant.

FRPA Section

83

The Forest Practices Board may appeal to the Forest Appeals Commission

under certain circumstance.

FRPA Act Section 122 The Board may conduct audits and special investigations.

Part 5 — Where to turn

Resources

COAST FOREST REGION

2100 Labieux Road Nanaimo BC V9T 6E9

Tel: (250) 751-7001 Fax: (250)751-7190

Forest Districts:

Campbell River Chilliwack 370 South Dogwood Street 46360 Airport Rd Campbell River BC V9W 6Y7 Chilliwack BC V2P 1A5 Tel: (250) 286-9300 Tel: (250) 702-5700 Fax: (250) 286-9490 Fax: (250) 702-5711

South Island

North Island - Central Coast Box 7000 4885 Cherry Creek Rd Port Alberni, BC V9Y 8E9 Port McNeill BC V0N 2R0 Tel: (250) 731-3000 Tel: (250) 956-5000 Fax: (250) 731-3010 Fax: (250) 956-5005

North Island-Central Coast (FO)

PO Box 1000 Bella Coola Suite 101 42000 Loggers Lane Hagensborg BC V0T 1H0 Squamish, BC V0N 3G0 Tel: (250) 982-2000 Tel: (604) 898-2100 Fax: (250) 982-2090 Fax: (604) 898-2191

NORTHERN INTERIOR FOREST REGION

Squamish

1011 4th Avenue Prince George, BC V2L 3H9 Tel: (250) 565-6100 Fax: (250) 565-6671

Forests Districts:

Fort Nelson Fort St. James RR 1 Mile 301 Alaska Highway P.O. Box 100 Stonesbay Road Fort Nelson, BC V0C 1R0 Fort St. James BC V0J 1P0 Tel: (250) 774-5511 Tel: (250) 996-5200 Fax: (250) 774-3704 Fax: (250)996-5290

Mackenzie

Bag 5000 1 Cicada Road Box 3500 185 Yellowhead Highway Mackenzie BC V0J 2C0 Burns Lake BC V0J 1E0 Tel: (250) 997-2200 Tel: (250) 692-2200 Fax: (250) 997-2236 Fax: (250)692-7461

Peace

9000 17th Street Dawson Creek BC V1G 4A4

Tel: (250) 784-1200

Fax: (250) 784-0143

Prince George

Nadina

2000 South Ospika Blvd. Prince George BC V2N 4W5

Tel: (250) 614-7400 Fax: (250) 6147435

Skeena Stikine

3Bag 6000 3333 Tatlow Rd Smithers BC V0J 2N0

Tel: (250)847-6300 Fax: (250) 847-6353 Vanderhoof

P.O. Box 190 1522 Highway 16 East

Vanderhoof BC V0J 3A0

Tel: (250) 567-6363 Fax: (250) 567-6370

SOUTHERN INTERIOR FOREST REGION

515 Columbia Street Kamloops BC V2C 2T7

Tel: (250) 828-4131 Fax: (250) 828-4154

Forest Districts:

Arrow Boundary Grand Forks Field Office

7290- 2nd St. 845 Columbia Avenue

Grand Forks, BC V0H 1H0 Castlegar BC V1N 1H3 or Tel: (250) 442-4317

Tel: (250) 365-8600

Fax: (250) 365-8568

Cascades

Chilcotin

Central Cariboo

925 North 2nd Avenue P.O. Box 4400 Stn. Main

Highway 54 and Airport Road Williams Lake BC V2G 4P7

Merritt BC V1K 1B8 Tel: (250) 305-2001 Tel: (250) 378-8400 Fax: (250) 305-2034

Fax: (250) 378-8481

Lillooet Field Office Tel: (250) 256-1431

Headwaters

P.O. Box 65 P.O. Box 4501

Stum Lake Road R.R. #2 687Yellowhead Highway 5 Alexis Creek BC V0L 1A0 Clearwater, BC V0E 1N0

Tel: (250) 394-4700 Tel: (250) 587-6700 Fax: (250) 394-4515 Fax: (250) 587-6790

Kamloops

1265 Dalhousie Drive Kamloops BC V2C 5Z5 Tel: (250) 371-6500

Fax: (250) 828-4627

Kootenay Lakes

R.R. #1, S-22, C-27 1907 Ridgewood Road Nelson BC V1L 6K1 Tel: (250) 825-1100

Fax: (250) 825-9657 100 Mile House

Okanagan Shuswap

2501 14th Avenue Vernon BC V1T 8Z1 Tel: (250) 558-1700

Fax: (250) 549-5485

P.O. Box 129 300 S. Cariboo Highway

100 Mile House BC V0K 2E0

Tel: (250) 395-7800 Fax: (250) 395-7810

Ouesnel

322 Johnston Avenue Quesnel BC V2J 3M5 Tel: (250) 992-4400

Fax: (250) 992-4403

Rocky Mountain

1902 Theatre Road Cranbrook BC V1C 7G1 Tel: (250) 426-1700

Fax: (250) 426-1777

Policy and implementation

(see also district and regional offices, above)
Forest Practices Branch
Ministry of Forests
8th Floor, 727 Fisgard Street
P.O. Box 9513 Stn Prov Govt
Victoria, BC V8W 9C2
Telephone (250) 387-6653 Fax (250) 387-1467

Copies of legislation and other government publications

Crown Publications 521 Fort Street Victoria, BC V8W 1E7 Telephone (250) 386-4636 Fax (250) 386-0221

Printed documents

The Rangeland Health Series provides information on best range management practices. Brochures are available in PDF format from the following link:

http://www.for.gov.bc.ca/hfd/pubs/Bro.htm

Appeal government penalties

Forest Appeals Commission Fourth Floor, 836 Yates Street Victoria, BC V82 1L8 Telephone (250) 387-3464 Fax (250) 356-9923

Concerns about forest operations

Forest Practices Board
Third floor, 1675 Douglas Street
P.O. Box 9905, Stn Prov Govt
Victoria, BC V8W 9R1
Toll-free 1-800-994-5899
Telephone (250) 387-7964 Fax (250) 387-7009

Appendix — Legislation most pertinent to Crown range

Forest and Range Practices Act

Section No.	Topic	Section No.	Topic
1	Definitions	66	Stop work order
2	Interpretations	67	Seizure of hay and livestock
32	Range use plans and ranges	68	Forfeiture of livestock
	stewardship plans required	71	Administrative penalties
33	Content of range use plan for	72	Defences in relation to
	grazing		administrative proceedings
34	Content of range use plan for	74	Remediation orders
	haycutting	77	Powers of intervention
35	Content of range stewardship	80	Review of a determination
	plan	85	Requirement to publish
36	Term of range use plan and		records
	range stewardship plan	87	Fines
37	Approval of a range use plan	88	Remedies
	or range stewardship plan	90	Order of compliance
38	Mandatory amendment	91	Court order to comply
40	Minor changes	92	Restitution
41	Review and comment	93	Continuing offence
43	Grazing schedule	95	Prosecution for unauthorized
44	Grazing schedule available to		cutting or storage of hay
	the public	98	Court orders
45	General requirements	100	Employer liability
46	Protection of environment	101	Defences to a prosecution
47	Invasive plants	106	Liability of persons to
48	Natural range barriers		government
50	Unauthorized range activities	121-14	0 Forest Practices Board
51	Range developments	141-17	4 Regulation making power
60	Inspection of vehicles	175	Annual reports
64	Warrant to search and seize		
	evidence	177-21	6 Transition

Range Planning and Practices Regulation

Part 1 — Interpretation

- Section 1 definitions
- Section 2 power to impose conditions

Part 2 — Plans

Division 1 – Exemptions and qualifications for preparing a range stewardship plan

- Section 3 exemptions from plan requirements
- Section 4 qualifications for preparing a range stewardship plan

Division 2 -- Objectives

- Section 5 objectives set by government generally
- Section 6 objectives set by government for soils
- Section 7 -- objectives set by government for forage
- Section 8 -- objectives set by government for water
- Section 9 -- objectives set by government for fish
- Section 10 -- objectives set by government for wildlife
- Section 11 -- objectives set by government for biodiversity
- Section 12 other objectives

Division 3 – Plan content

- Section 13 content of range use plans and range stewardship plans
- Section 14 content of range stewardship plans
- Section 15 invasive plants
- Section 16 grazing schedules in respect of range stewardship plans

Division 4 – Review and comment

- Section 17 -- notice
- Section 18 -- review and comment

Division 5 – Approvals and amendments

- Section 19 advisory committee
- Section 20 minor amendments not requiring approval
- Section 21 minor amendments wrongly made
- Section 22 mandatory amendments
- Section 23 balancing objectives
- Section 24 extending the term

Part 3 — Transfer of plans and schedules

- Section 25 transfer -- range use plan
- Section 26 transfer -- a range stewardship plan
- Section 27 transfer of grazing schedule

Part 4 — Practice requirements

Division 1 – Forage

- Section 28 range readiness
- Section 29 removal from grazing

Division 2 – Riparian and upland areas

- Section 30 riparian areas
- Section 31 upland areas
- Section 32 -- protection of fish

Division 3 – Watersheds

- Section 33 protection of water quality
- Section 34 -- water quality objectives
- Section 35 removal of dead livestock

Division 4 – General wildlife measures, wildlife habitat features and Resource Features

- Section 36 general wildlife measures
- Section 37 wildlife habitat features
- Section 38 resource features

Division 5 – Range developments

- Section 39 restrictions on developments
- Section 40 maintenance of range developments
- Section 41 -- revegetation

Part 5 — Miscellaneous

- Section 42 tagging
- Section 43 authorization to cut Crown timber
- Section 44 removal of livestock
- Section 45 intervention order and payment of expenses
- Section 46 annual reporting for holders of range stewardship plans

Part 6 — Compliance and enforcement

- Section 47 sale of seized livestock
- Section 48 offences

Schedule A—Range Readiness Criteria

Government Actions Regulation

Part 1 – Government Actions

Division 1 – Interpretation and Limitation on Actions

- Section 1 definitions and application
- Section 2 limitations on actions

Division 2 – Authorization to take an actions

- Section 3 resource feature
- Section 4 lakeshore management zones and objectives
- Section 5 scenic areas and visual quality objectives
- Section 6 community watershed and water quality objectives
- Section 7 general wildlife measures
- Section 8 wildlife habitat area objectives
- Section 9 wildlife habitat features
- Section 10 ungulate winter ranges and objectives
- Section 11 species at risk, regionally important wildlife and ungulate species
- Section 12 fisheries sensitive watersheds and objectives
- Section 13 temperature sensitive streams

Part 2 - Procedure

- Section 14 review and comment
- Section 15 taking an action
- Section 16 when actions take effect
- Section 17 Minister of Forests' delegation
- Section 18 Other minister's delegation

Administrative Remedies Regulation

• A schedule of penalties that may be imposed for breaking the law.

Range Act

The *Range Act* grants the right to use Crown range/forage through the form of an agreement. The *Forest and Range Practices Act* regulates how Crown range will be used (i.e., requirement to have a *Range Act* agreement and to have and abide by a range use plan).

General content:

- regional or district manager may grant licences and permits
- grazing licences
- grazing permits
- temporary grazing permits
- hay cutting licences
- hay cutting permits
- transfers
- suspensions
- cancellations

Range Regulation

General content:

- advertisement of licences and permits
- applications for grazing permits and licences
- applications for hay cutting permits and licences
- competition
- private land agreements
- fees
- transfers