

Province of British Columbia

Ministry of Agriculture, Fisheries and Food

Grassing Yearlings - Dryland Cariboo Spring 1992 Agdex 423 - 810

Introduction

The planning process provides producers with the opportunity to look at their operation as a group of distinct enterprises. Alternative enterprises should be evaluated on the basis of **Contribution Margin.** This must provide funds for interest, overhead and other indirect expenses as well as a return for living expenses, loan repayment and investment. These items should be included in the overall farm plan which will include a **Projected Income Statement** and **Projected Cash Flow Statement**.

The **Market Margin** is the sale price less the purchase price and actual marketing costs. It must provide funds for both direct and indirect expenses.

Key Factors Affecting Profit

	Target
Quantity	850 lbs. (Mid-Sept.)
Market Shrink	3%
Death Loss	2%

The condition of the yearlings in May is vital to how they will gain on grazing land. Their winter feeding program must consist of high quality forage and grain.

Yearlings must be about 650 lbs. by May in order to reach a market weight of 850 lbs. in 120 days.

Handlingpractices affect profit through weight loss and shrinkage, therefore it is important to reduce animal stress levels through proper handling.

Marketing Alternatives

The market for yearlings tends to remain fairly high from July to mid-September. Any time after this prices drop quickly and thus profits will be lower. The size of lot for sale and the market timing are the most critical variables to consider when marketing yearlings.

Cash Flow Timing

J											
%Inc							20	80			
%Inc %Exp8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8

The above information indicates the timing of monthly flow of funds included in the Contribution Margin only. A complete **Projected Cash Flow** should include indirect expenses, capital sales and purchases, loans and personal expenses.

Rules of Thumb

The above indicators are provided for comparison purposes. They are set out as potential targets for yearling production.

Contact: KEN McARA, P. Ag.

District Agriculturist

Prince George

ROGER KEAY, P. Ag.

Farm Management Specialist

Kamloops

Prepared By: TAMARA LEWIS, A.I.T.

YEARLINGS ON DRYLAND Target - 1.7 lbs. daily gain

Contribution Margin Per 100 Yearlings

-					
•	n	•	•	m	10
_		•	u		ш

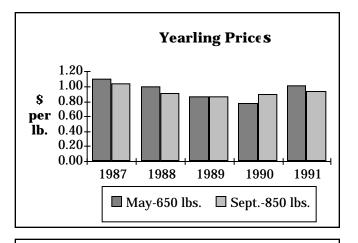
Income			
	Market Weight		Income
	Weight	/OIIIC	meome
Feeder Sale 9	8 850	\$.95	\$79,135
Less Market Shrink	3.0%		(2,374)
Net Feeder Sales			\$76,761
Less: Cost of Selling			
Trucking to marke	et 7.00	686	
Marketing Charge		-,	
Brand Inspec/CIDE		274	
Less: Cost of Feeder		01.00	(00,000)
Feeder Purchase*10	00 650	\$1.02	(66,300)
Market Margin	l		\$8,384
Direct Expenses	. .	.	Total
		Price	Intal
	Unit		
Grazing	Unit	/Unit	Expense
Grazing Pasture Rental* (4X	5	/Unit	
) a.u.m.	/Unit	Expense
Pasture Rental* (4X) a.u.m.	/Unit	Expense
Pasture Rental* (4X Feed Sup. & Vet Ser) a.u.m. vices	/Unit \$10.50 0.05	Expense \$4,200
Pasture Rental* (4X Feed Sup. & Vet Ser Min & Salt	a.u.m. rvices 120days 100	/Unit \$10.50 0.05	Expense \$4,200

Contribution Margin

Market Margin - SensitivityAnalysis

The table below lists the changes to market margin as feeder cost changes and sale price varies.

Yearli	ng Cost	Sale Price \$/lb.				
\$/lb.	0.85	0.90	0.95	1.00		
0.95	4,854	8,894	12,934	16,974		
1.00	1,604	5,644	9,684	13,724		
1.02	304	4,344	8,384	12,424		
1.10	(4,897)	1,393	3,184	7,224		
	=					



Contribution Margin -Sensitivity Analysis

The table below lists the changes to contribution margin as quantity of yield changes and price received varies.

PRICE A		.U.M to		
\$/A.U.I	M. 3.0	3.5	4.0	4.5
8.0	4,996	4,596	4,196	3,796
9.0	4,696	4,246	3,796	3,346
10.5	4,246	3,721	3,196	2,671
12.0	3,796	3,196	2,596	1,996

This information is provided as a guideline only. Target yield indicates above average production. An individual crop plan should be developed by each producer. Planning forms may be obtained from your local office of the B. C. Ministry of Agriculture, Fisheries and Food.

\$3,196

^{*}Assuming calves purchased in May. If calves are utilized and returned to own herd, shrink and marketing costs will not be incurred.