PEAR PSYLLA (Psylla pyricola)

Adults are green to brown and overwinter on trees or on the ground, laying eggs in budscales before they open in spring. Soft, slug-like nymphs feed on sap from developing leaves and flowers, excreting honeydew on the leaves, and causing sooty mould to grow. Leaves eventually blacken and fall off. Summer eggs are laid on leaves; three to five generations occur per season.



Pear Psylla and Hard Shell Stage