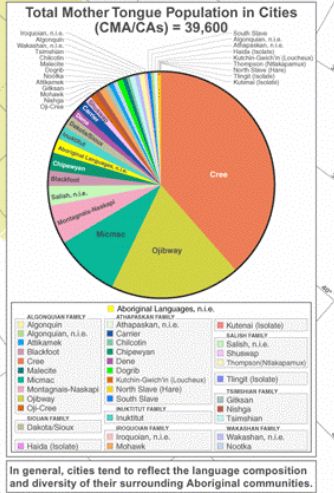
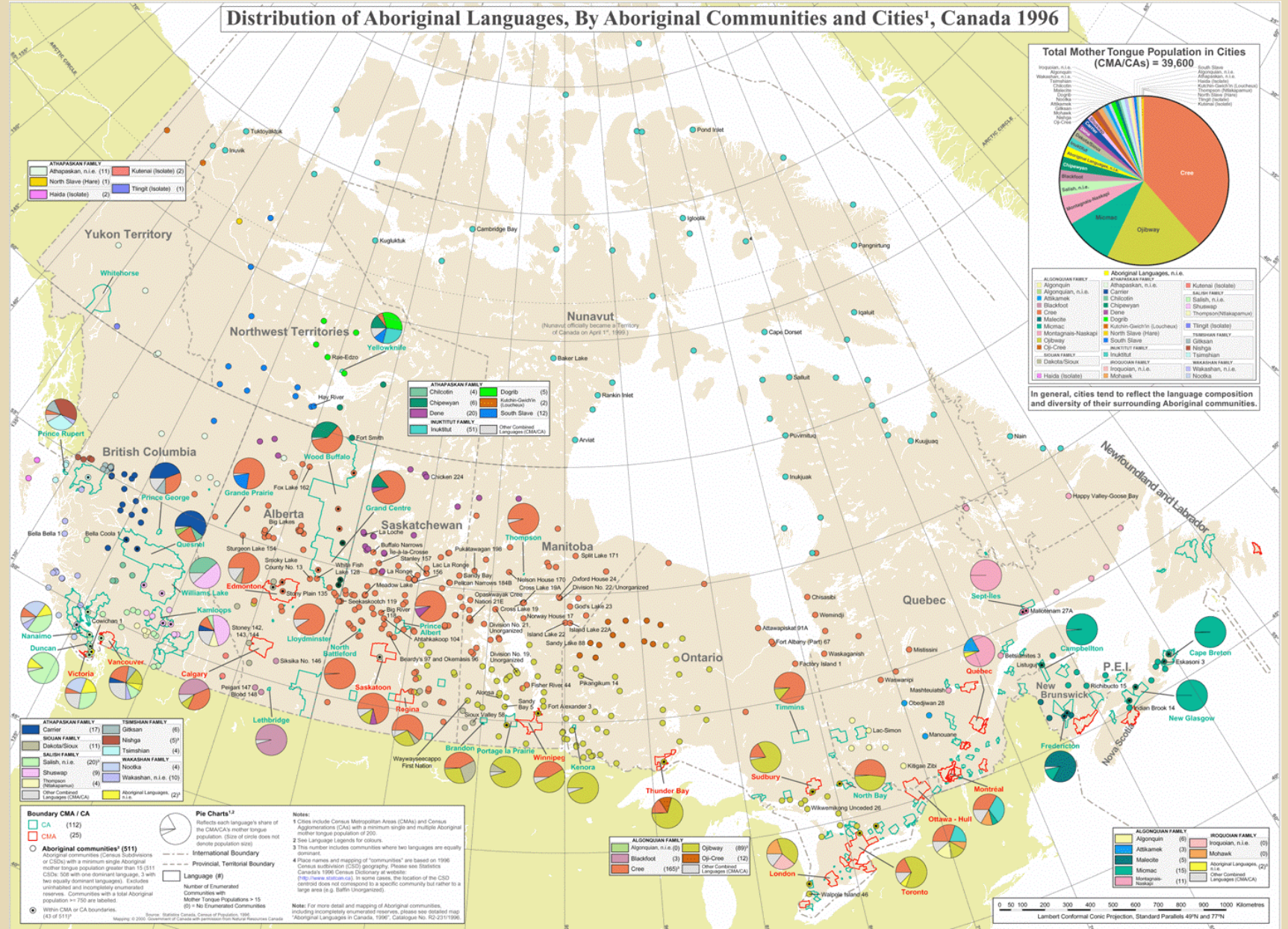


# MAPS from Poster

## Distribution of Aboriginal Languages, By Aboriginal Communities and Cities<sup>1</sup>, Canada 1996



In general, cities tend to reflect the language composition and diversity of their surrounding Aboriginal communities.

**Notes:**

- Cities include Census Metropolitan Areas (CMAs) and Census Agglomerations (CAs) with a minimum single and multiple Aboriginal mother tongue population of 200.
- See Language Legends for colours.
- This number includes communities where two languages are equally dominant.
- Place names and mapping of "communities" are based on 1996 Census and/or Indian CSDs geography. Please see Statistics Canada's 1996 Census Dictionary at <http://www150.statcan.gc.ca/n1/pub/92-629-x/1996001/article/00001.htm>. In some cases, the location of the CSD centroid does not correspond to a specific community but rather to a large area (e.g. Inuvik Unorganized).

**Note:** For more detail and mapping of Aboriginal communities, including inappropriately enumerated reserves, please see Statistics Canada's 1996 Census Dictionary at <http://www150.statcan.gc.ca/n1/pub/92-629-x/1996001/article/00001.htm>.