

OSFI AML/ATF Information Session

October 17, 2006





Agenda

- Keynote remarks
- Insurance Typologies & Issues
- AML Risk Management & Anti-Terrorist Financing
- BREAK
- Terrorist Listing
- Correspondent Banking & Trade Finance
- Upper Range and Quality Challenged Practices





Keynote Remarks

Frank Swedlove,
President, FATF (former Assistant Deputy Minister,
Department of Finance, Government of Canada)





RCMP



Money Laundering Typologies & Issues in Life Insurance

Joan Bentley, Director, Compliance
Jean Bratrud, Manager, Compliance
with
Detective Inspector John Ibbotson,

Toronto Integrated Proceeds of Crime Unit,





Topics

- High Risk for Layering
- Harder to Expose
- STR Statistics
- Past AML Reviews by OSFI
- Future AML Reviews by OSFI
- Product Vulnerabilities



Topics

- Typologies & Risk
 Management Issues
- Identifying/Monitoring
 Suspicious Transactions
- Product Profiles
- Questions & Comments



High Risk for Layering

Money launderers may have two types of intention, which may be served by life insurance:

- Launder illegal funds
- Build financial security for themselves & dependents



Harder to Expose

- Complex products
- International transactions
- Third parties
- More sophisticated buyers



STR Statistics

From FINTRAC:

- 153 STRs filed since 2002
- 32 STRs filed in 2005-2006

What does this mean?



Past AML Reviews by OSFI

- 2003-05 Pilot phase
- Small sample of insurers
- Cross-section of industry
- Risk management a work in progress



Future AML Reviews by OSFI

- 2007 fuller assessment phase
- Larger number of on-site assessments planned
- Increased focus on higher risk product areas
- Compliance with regulatory requirements & guidelines



Product Vulnerabilities

- Introduction to Detective Inspector John Ibbotson, RCMP
- Overview by Detective Inspector Ibbotson



Illegal Funds, Legitimate Purpose

Proceeds of career in crime pay 15 years of premiums for long term protection

- Understand applicants' occupations & sources of funds
- Ensure the story makes sense



Multiple Transaction Layers Obscure Source of Funds

Multiple policies & internal account transfer before early cancellation & cheque from insurer

- Understand clients' insurance needs & policy activity
- Question multiple policies/transactions does it make sense?



Multiple Relationships Exploited

Broker assists premium payment by bank draft, insurer pays full value by cheque on early surrender

- Know your broker's AML procedures including cash/money order acceptance policies
- Broker verification of income & employment



Large Cash Premium & Conflicts of Interest

Broker & company employee keep large cash premium under Compliance Officer's radar

- Know your broker's AML procedures including cash/money order acceptance policies
- Know your employees
- Sensitize employees to AML issues



Artificial Business Arrangement

Drug dealers presenting as partners arrange for one to buy insurance on the other one's life to secure repayment of debt

- Confirm existence & nature of business of entities including partnerships
- Understand & verify applicants' occupations & sources of funds



Broker Exploits Policy's Early Surrender Feature

Broker takes cash deposit for premium & uses knowledge of insurer's early surrender operations to hide origin of client's funds

- Know your brokers
- Do not accept cash in Canada
- Enforce strong controls in cash-based economies



Identifying & Monitoring Suspicious Transactions

- Broker/agent administration
- Underwriting
- Payments processing
- Policy administration
- Claims
- Business acquisition process



Product Profiles

Individual products, all of which are subject to "free look" (except segregated funds):

- Universal life
- Side accounts for prepaid premiums
- Segregated funds
- Annuities
- Whole life



Questions & Comments





A Risk-Based Approach to a Sound Anti-Money Laundering and Anti-Terrorist Financing Programme

Keith Martin, Director Christine Ring, Manager Compliance Division OSFI





Topics

AML / ATF Compliance

 Base Line Requirements and Expectations

Broader Risk Management Issues

- Risk Based Program
- Risk Based KYC
- Reputation Risk
- Corporate Governance



AML/ATF Compliance

- Why AML/ATF Compliance is different
- Misconceptions



AML/ATF - A National Imperative

June 2005:

Department of Finance
Consultation Paper Enhancing
Canada's Anti-Money Laundering and
Anti-Terrorist Financing Regime

 Financial Institutions – front line defence against ML and TF



Dispelling the Myths

- Penalties
- Onerous management controls
- Loss of reputation and loss of market share
- Opportunity to expand relationship



Base Line AML/ATF Requirements

- Enterprise-wide AML/ATF Policies and Standards
- Chief Anti-Money Laundering Officer (CAMLO)
- Board and Senior
 Management Oversight



Base Line AML/ATF Requirements (cont'd.)

- Customer Due Diligence Policies and Procedures
- Annual Self-Assessment Program
- Independent Procedures Testing and Reporting
- Continual Terrorist Name Searches



Base Line AML/ATF Requirements (cont'd.)

- Identification and Reporting of Suspicious Transactions and Freezing of Terrorist Property
- Identification and Reporting of LCTs/ International EFTs
- Records Retention
- Ongoing Staff Training



Beyond the Basics

- A risk based approach

- Board and Senior Management
- Internal Audit
- Customer Due Diligence



Upper Range Practices – Board and Senior Management

CAMLO:

- Senior level position
- Direct access to Board and Senior Management
- Fully engaged in all aspects of AML Program



CAMLO – Upper Range Practices

- Ensures AML policies are enterprise wide
- Self-assessment
- Reports directly to the Board
- Specialized AML/ATF knowledge



Upper Range Practices-CAMLO's role in business units

- Fully engaged
- Product and service specific policies reflect enterprise-wide standards
- Ensures product/LOB training
- Ultimate approval
- Ultimate responsibility



Internal Audit

- Summarizes AML results for all LOBs
- Single report to the Board
- Provides a conclusion on the effectiveness of the Program



Upper Range Practices – Self-Assessment

- Self-assessments prepared by business units
- CAMLO participation in design of self-assessment
- IA reviews self-assessments
 - results included in report to Board



Customer Due Diligence

- Enterprise-wide policies and procedures
- Enterprise-wide standards for acceptable documentation
- Enterprise-wide standards for enhanced due diligence
- CAMLO approval of exceptions



Enhanced due diligence in business units

- Risk assessment from an AML perspective
- Identify higher risks:
 - Customers
 - Countries
 - Products
- Increased monitoring & surveillance



EDD – Business Units

- Correspondent Banking & Trade Finance
- Private Banking
- Credit cards and stored value cards
- White label programs



General Observations

- Looking at AML/ATF as only a compliance exercise to satisfy regulator instead of protecting the FRFI's reputation and franchise
- Lack of "buy-in" by lines of business



Governance

- Inadequate LCM systems
- Lack of independence of internal audit
- Lack of understanding of AML/ATF legislative compliance
- Board disinterest or lack of awareness



A Risk based approach involves:

- Base line due diligence
- Enhanced due diligence commensurate with AML/ATF Risk
- Board, Senior Management and Business Lines fully engaged



Questions & Comments





BREAK

...back in 20 minutes

PAUSE

...nous reprendrons dans 20 minutes.







Terrorist Listing, Reporting and Related Issues

Presented by Keith Martin
Director, Compliance, Compliance Division
OSFI





Agenda

- Composition of OSFI Consolidated List
- Apparent "Matches"
- Filing of Terrorist Property Reports
- OSFI Form 525



Agenda

- Other Advisories sanctions,
 FATF
- Ongoing Management of Terrorist Property
- Other
- Contact Information



Canadian Legislation and Regulations

- Criminal Code
- Regulations Implementing the United Nations Resolutions on the Suppression of Terrorism (RIUNRST)
- United Nations Al-Qaida and Taliban Regulations (UNAQTR)



How the names get on the OSFI List

- 1) Criminal Code Listing
 - Minister of Public Safety and Emergency Preparedness Canada (PSEPC)
- 2) United Nations Regulations (RIUNRST and UNAQTR)
 - Minister of Foreign Affairs Canada
 - United Nations Security Council Resolutions.



Partial or Full Matches

- What information do you already have in your records?
- Verify information against source lists
- Contact individual for more information



Contact with RCMP

IMPORTANT!

Before reporting to, or seeking further assistance from, the RCMP, the FI must:

- Do its own internal analysis
- Must be able to provide at <u>a</u> minimum, the name and date of birth



Reporting and Freezing

 File with FINTRAC, RCMP and CSIS

Please...do not contact OSFI to ask if the name is a match or if filing should be made



OSFI Form 525

- Must be completed and filed by 15th of month
- Short and long form
- Fax or courier
- Aggregate information only
- No personal, account or policy information
- All amounts in Canadian dollars



OSFI Form 525 (continued)

- Constant exchange rates for foreign currency denominated property
- All FRFIs file.
- Joint report may be filed
- All provinces file aggregate reports
- "Reported but not frozen"?



Other Advisories

- UN Sanctions (e.g. Sudan, Liberia)
- Sanctions not included in OSFI consolidated list
- FATF Actions



Ongoing Management of Frozen Property

- No service charges
- No interest
- Securities entitlements etc. cannot be credited to an account in the name of the designated person or entity



Who to Contact

Issues relating to:

- OSFI Consolidated List
- 525 Reporting
- Application of B-8
- Guidance in "special situations"

Keith Martin (416) 952-0577 keith.martin@osfi-bsif.gc.ca



RCMP Anti-Terrorist Team Contacts

- Sergeant Christian Gauthier (613) 993-9527
- Sergeant Reg Labonté (613) 993-9453
- Sergeant Brian Kelly (613) 949-4595

IMPORTANT!

Before reporting to, or seeking further assistance from, the RCMP, the FI must have done its own internal analysis AND

Must be able to provide at <u>a minimum</u>, the name and date of birth of the individual who is being reported or for whom you are seeking further assistance



More contacts

 Property & Casualty Companies – including title insurance

Christine Ring, Manager Compliance

(416) 973-0608

christine.ring@osfi-bsif.gc.ca

With copy to Keith Martin



OSFI Consolidated List

http://www.osfi-bsif.gc.ca/osfi/index_e.aspx?DetailID=525

For download: (most recent version, as of August 25, 2006)

- Names of entities (other than individuals) (<u>Excel</u> <u>format</u> or .txt format)
- Names of individuals (<u>Excel format</u> or <u>.txt</u> format)
- For print: (most recent version, as of April 26, 2006)
- Names of entities (other than individuals) (<u>Excel</u> <u>format</u>)
- Names of individuals (<u>Excel format</u>)



Other websites

PSEPC List under Criminal Code

http://www.psepc-sppcc.gc.ca/prg/ns/le/cle-en.asp

UNSTR

http://www.un.org/Docs/sc/committees/1267/1267/1267ListEng.htm

UN Press releases

http://www.un.org/News/Press/



More sites

Foreign Affairs

http://www.dfaitmaeci.gc.ca/internationalcrime/financing_te rrorism-en.asp

- Phonebusters
- http://www.phonebusters.com/english/recognizeit_identitythe.html



Some sample questions

- When is OSFI going to add the names of the alleged terrorists arrested in Toronto?
- Why doesn't OSFI show more information?
- Is "ABC" on the terrorist list?
- Why aren't the names of people designated under the Sudan (and other sanction lists) on the OSFI web site?



More questions...

- I know a situation where I'm sure he/she is laundering money – who do I tell?
- I'm told I can't ask for personal information (date of birth, employment, etc.) under privacy legislation
- We're a P&C company and don't collect dates of birth etc., so how can we provide information to the RCMP?



Questions & Comments





Money Laundering and Terrorist Financing Programmes in Correspondent Banking & Trade Finance

Presented by Jean Bratrud, Manager Compliance and Keith Martin, Director, Compliance, Compliance Division OSFI



Correspondent Banking

- Traditional services
 - Letters of credit
 - International Payments
 - Vostro accounts
 - Nostro accounts
 - PUPIDs



High Risk Activities

- FATF and Basel Committee:
 - Shell banks
 - ``Payable through`` accounts

White label products and services



High Risk Activities

- White label lock boxes
- Bank note programmes
- Drafts
- PUPIDs



Recommended Due Diligence

- Country AML risk assessment
- Ownership and control
- Directors
- Clients
- Services
- Regulatory regime



Recommended Due Diligence

- Correspondent's KYC practices
- Screening against terrorist lists
- Transaction monitoring systems



Proposed Regulatory Requirements for Correspondent Banks

Obtain all relevant information on the activities and operations of the respondent bank, including:

- Regulation
- Anti-money laundering and anti- terrorist financing controls and policies



Proposed Regulatory Requirements for Correspondent Banks

- Prior senior management approval
- Document responsibilities
- Correspondent bank's due diligence
- Customer identification information for clients using "payable-through accounts."



Current Practices

Reliance on:

- 3rd party information sources i.e. Banker's Almanac, Bankscope, etc.
- Regulator's web sites as evidence of good standing
- SWIFT BKE instead of signatures



Upper Range Practices

Business line specific:

- Policies
- Procedures
- Training



Upper Range Practices (cont'd)

- AML/ATF Country Risk Rating
- Preliminary on site visits
- Greater scrutiny of smaller Fl's
- Senior management approval
- Ongoing call programme
- Annual Reviews



Upper Range Practices (cont'd)

- Key KYC processes documented
- Retrospective due diligence on all relationships
- Screening against OSFI list
- Transaction monitoring and surveillance
- Enhanced monitoring and surveillance



Questions & Comments





Trade Finance AML and ATF Programme





Trade Finance Letters of Credit

Sources of Potential AML/ATF Exposure:

- Applicant (Importer)
- Beneficiary (Exporter)
- Correspondent Bank
- Pay through Bank
- Advising Bank
- Shipper



Outsourcing of L/Cs to 3rd Party

- Due diligence on provider's policies and practices
- Regular on site review of procedures
- Right to audit



L/Cs - Potential Red Flags

- -Transaction's complexity
- Geographic location
- Business environment of countries involved including
 - Trans-shipping
 - Documentation
 - Type of goods



Trade Finance Risks

- Co-mingling of legitimate and illegal transactions
- Discrepancies on documentation
- Under/over pricing on documentation
- Goods being shipped not as identified
- Over and under invoicing
- "Double invoicing"



Apparently legitimate transactions linked to criminal activities

- Black Market Peso Exchange
- \$11 billion* in undervalued exports from Canada
- \$7 billion* in overvalued
 Canadian imports

* (Source: moneylaundering.com)

OSFI

Trade Finance not a stand alone business

Correspondent Banking

- Correspondent's AML/ATF processes
- Customer profiles

Commercial Banking

- AML/ATF risks
- Know the business
- On site visits
- Monitoring of transactions
- Detecting of changing business patterns



Trade Finance - L/C Processing

Upper Range Practices

- Spot checking of prices
- Inspection of containers
- Monitoring of transaction activity
- Monitoring of routing of shipment
- Review payment routing



- Trade finance presents high vulnerability to money laundering and terrorist financing
- Highly unlikely that it can be classified as "low risk"



Questions & Comments





OSFI's Top 10 List of Upper Range & Quality Challenged Practices

(It's actually more than 10.....)



Christine Ring, Nick Burbidge, Keith Martin, Jean Bratrud, OSFI



-you ask OSFI what the PCMLTFA is
-you realize your principle risk control is refusing to accept cash from clients
-you overhear someone tell staff it's OK to accept Ontario health cards as ID
-you know what your high risk accounts are, but have no extra information about them



-your boss tells you to stop worrying about all that compliance stuff and get the business in the door
-the CEO asks you how much revenue your proposed transaction monitoring system is going to generate
-an account manager in your Caribbean office opens an account for her cousin who is the exminister of defence in a South American country



the RCMP presents you with a production order on residential properties on which you hold the mortgage, only to discover that you never did get the details of the document used to ID the borrower and who claimed income of \$200,000 from doing handy-man repairs.



-you discover that you have no documented background information on a high net worth client and the relationship manager has just quit
-the internal auditor wrote the AML policy, audited it and reported to the Board that the institution was fully compliant with all legislative requirements!



- ...FINTRAC tells you that your reports have missing or erroneous information
- ...your foreign branch tells you that local AML standards are lower and you need to adopt those to be competitive.
- ...you've several accounts opened using documents in a foreign language which nobody in your organization speaks
- ...you MAY have a problem if for a high percentage of your residential mortgages, the borrower is at the lawyers on the closing date



You know you're on the right track when.....

-you discover a problem in your AML systems yourself and work out how to fix it
-you realize it's better to focus on whether there's a risk of ML than ask a lawyer if the product is defined as an "account" in the PCMLTFA
-as CAMLO, the Chair of the Audit Committee requests you provide regular AML reports to the Committee



You know you're on the right track when.....

-the head of your Card anti- fraud group suggests regular get-togethers to discuss how his group can add to AML intelligence
-you hear that a mortgage loan application you turned away last month was from a biker gang member in the BC Bud business
- you make KYC, including face to face identification of customers, your primary objective



You know you're on the right track when.....

-your Board asks you to provide an annual assessment of the money laundering and terrorist financing exposures across all business lines
-your Board asks what your enhanced due diligence policies are for correspondent banking and high net worth clients



Questions & Comments



Thank You

