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GeoBase®

#### **REVISION HISTORY**

Date	Edition	Description			
2003-01-10	1.0	Original edition.			
2007-05-31	2.0	Updates for NRN edition 2.0			
		- Reformatting of the document and review of some definitions.			
		- Addition of classes for addressing and associated attributes:			
		Address Range;			
		Street Place Name;			
		Alternate Name Link.			
		- Addition of addressing attributes on the Road Segment feature:			
		Address Range NID;			
		Address Range Digitizing Direction Flag;			
		Official Place Name;			
		Official Street Name Concatenated;			
		First House Number;			
		Last House Number.			
		- Renaming of attributes:			
		<ul> <li>National Road Class renamed Functional Road Class;</li> </ul>			
		Acquisition Provider renamed Provider;			
		<ul> <li>Network Linear Element NID renamed Road Element NID;</li> </ul>			
		Obstruction Type renamed Blocked Passage Type.			
		- Replacement of the attribute Acquisition or Revision Date by attributes Creation Date and Revision Date.			
		Addition of an object metadata attribute: Coverage.			

The description of features and attributes provided in this catalogue is largely based on the standard *ISO* 14825 — Intelligent transport systems — Geographic Data Files (GDF) — Overall data specification resulting from technical committee ISO / TC 204.

This catalogue was adapted from the international standard *ISO 19110 — Geographic information — Methodology for feature cataloguing* prepared by technical committee ISO/TC 211.

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#### ACRONYMS AND ABBREVIATIONS

CMAS:	Circular Map Accuracy Standard
DEM:	Digital Elevation Model
GPS:	Global Positioning System
ID:	Identifier
ISO/TC:	International Organisation for Standardisation, Technical Committee
NatProvTer:	National, Provincial, or Territorial
NID:	National Identifier
NRCan:	Natural Resources Canada
NRN:	National Road Network
UUID:	Universal Unique Identifier

#### **TERMS AND DEFINITIONS**

#### Attribute:

Characteristic of a feature. For example, number of lanes or pavement status.

#### Class:

Description of a set of objects that share the same attributes, operations, methods, relationships, and semantics. A class does not always have an associated geometry (e.g., address range class).

#### Feature:

Digital representation of a real world phenomenon.

#### Ferry Connection:

The average route a ferryboat takes when transporting vehicles between two fixed locations on the Road Network. Two Junctions always bound a Ferry Connection.

#### **Network Linear Element:**

Abstract class of a Road Element and Ferry Connection.

#### **Object:**

An object is an instance of a class.

#### **Road Element:**

A road is a linear section of the earth designed for or the result of vehicular movement. A Road Element is the representation of a road between Junctions. A Road Element is always bounded by two Junctions. A Road Element is composed of one or more than one contiguous Road Segments.

#### Segment:

Portion of a Network Linear Element that has a common set of defined characteristics (attributes).

#### Universal Unique Identifier (UUID)

The definition and method used for the generation of a Universal Unique Identifier is defined in the document *National Vector Data – Identification Rules* available on the GeoBase portal (<u>www.geobase.ca</u>), under the National Road Network Data section.

# Object Metadata - ( *Métadonnées d'objet* )

The attributes described in the section object metadata apply to all feature classes (except for Alternate Name Link).

Attribute Name	Attribut	e Definition					
Acquisition Technique	The type	The type of data source or technique used to populate (create or revise) the dataset.					
	Domain	Domain:					
	Code	Code Label Definition					
	-1	Unknown	Impossible to determine.				
	0	None	No value applies.				
	1	All possible values not explicitly mentioned in the domain.					
	2	GPS	Data collected using a GPS device.				
	3	Orthoimage	Satellite imagery orthorectified.				
	4	Orthophoto	Aerial photo orthorectified.				
	5	Vector Data	Vector digital data.				
	6	Paper Map	Conventional sources of information like maps or plans.				
	7	Field Completion	Information gathered from people directly on the field.				
	8	Raster Data	Data resulting from a scanning process.				
	9	Digital Elevation Model	Data coming from a Digital Elevation Model (DEM).				
	<b>10</b> Aerial Photo Aerial photography not orthorectified.						
	11	Raw Imagery Data	Satellite imagery not orthorectified.				
	12	Computed	Geometric information that has been computed (not captured).				
Coverage		This value indicates if this set of metadata covers the full length of the Network Linear Element or only a portion of it.					
	Domain	<u>.</u>					
	Code	Label	Definition				
	-1	Unknown	Impossible to determine.				
	1	Complete	Metadata applies on the entire geometry or attribute event.				
	2	Partial	Metadata applies on a portion of the geometry or attribute event.				
Creation Date	The date	e of data creation.					
	unknow Example	<b>Domain:</b> A date in the format YYYYMMDD or "Unknown". If the month or the day is unknown, corresponding characters are left blank. Examples: 20060630, 200606, 2006. <b>Data Type:</b> Character (8)					
Dataset Name	Province	e or Territory covered by the	e dataset.				
	Domain	<u>:</u>					
	Code	Label	Definition				
	1	Newfoundland and Labrador					
	2	Nova Scotia					

Attribute Name	Attribut	te Definition					
	3	3 Prince Edward Island					
	4	4 New Brunswick					
	5	5 Quebec					
	6	6 Ontario					
	7	7 Manitoba					
	8	8 Saskatchewan					
	9	Alberta					
	10	British Columbia					
	11	Yukon Territory					
	12	Northwest Territories					
	13	Nunavut					
Planimetric Accuracy	The planimetric accuracy expressed in meters as the circular map accuracy standard (CMAS).						
	<u>Domair</u> Data Ty	<u>1:</u> [1n] / <b>pe:</b> Integer					
Provider	The affi	liation of the organization th	nat generated (created or revised) the object.				
	Domain	<u>:</u>					
	Code	Label	Definition				
	1	Other	Other value.				
	2	Federal	Federal departments or agencies.				
	3	Provincial / Territorial	Provincial / territorial departments or agencies.				
	4	Municipal	Municipal departments or agencies.				
Revision Date	The dat	e of data revision.					
	<b>Domain:</b> A date in the format YYYYMMDD or "Unknown". If the month or the day is unknown, corresponding characters are left blank. Examples: 20060630, 200606, 2006. <b>Data Type:</b> Character (8)						
Standard Version	The sta	ndard version associated to	o the features.				
	Domain Data Ty	<u>1:</u> [2.0] <b>/pe:</b> Character (100)					

# Feature Class:

Name - ( french name )	Is Abstract	Geometry
Address Range - ( Intervalles d'adresse )	No	
Definition		

A set of attributes representing the address of the first and last building located along a side of the entire Road Element or a portion of it.

Attribute Section	n:				
Attribute Name	Attribute Definition				
Alternate Street Name NID (left, right)	The identifier used to link an address range to its alternate street name. A specific value is defined for the left and right sides of the Road Element.				
	Domain: A UUID or "None" when no value applies. Example: 69822b23d217494896014e57a2edb8ac Data Type: Character (32)				
Digitizing Direction Flag (left, right)	Indicates if the attribute event follows the same direction as the digitizing of the Road Element. A specific value is defined for the left and right sides of the Road Element.				
	Domain	<u>):</u>			
	Code	Label	Definition		
	1	Same Direction	Attribute event and Road Element geometry are in the same direction.		
	2	Opposite Direction	Attribute event and Road Element geometry are in opposite directions.		
	<b>3</b> Not Applicable Indication of the digitizing direction of the Element not needed for the attribute event.				
First House Number (left, right)	The first house number address value along a particular side (left or right) of a Road Element. A specific value is defined for the left and right sides of the Road Element.				
	when th	<u>n:</u> [-1n] The value "0" is ne value is unknown. ype: Integer	used when no value applies. The value "-1" is used		
First House Number Suffix (left, right)	A non-integer value, such as a fraction (e.g. ¼) or a character (e.g. A) that sometimes follows the house number address value. A specific value is defined for the left and right sides of the Road Element.				
	Domain: A non-integer value or "None" when no value applies. Data Type: Character (10)				
First House Number Type (left, right)	Method used to populate the address range. A specific value is defined for the left and right sides of the Road Element.				
	Domain				
	Code	Label	Definition		
	-1	Unknown	Due to the source, the house number type is not known.		
	0	None	Absence of a house along the Road Element.		

Attribute Section:

	1	Actual Located	Qualifier indicating that the house number is located at its "real world" position along a Road Element.
	2	Actual Unlocated	Qualifier indicating that the house number is located at one end of the Road Element. This may be or may not be its "real world" position.
	3	Projected	Qualifier indicating that the house number is planned, figured or estimated for the future and is located (at one end) at the beginning or the end of the Road Element.
	4	Interpolated	Qualifier indicating that the house number is calculated from two known house numbers which are located on either side. By convention, the house is positioned at one end of the Road Element.
House Number Structure (left, right)		ar Road Element. A specif	address numbering) method applied to one side of a ic value is defined for the left and right sides of the
	Domain	<u>:</u>	
	Code	Label	Definition
	-1	Unknown	Impossible to determine.
	0	None	No house numbers at all. There are no houses (or addressed dwellings) along a particular side of a Road Element.
	1	Even	The house numbers appear as even numbers in a sequentially sorted order (ascending or descending) when moving from one end of the Road Element to the other. Numeric completeness of the series is not a requirement. An even house number series that has missing numbers but is sequentially sorted is considered Even. An example is the series (2, 4, 8, 18, 22).
	2	Odd	The house numbers appear as odd numbers in a sequentially sorted order (ascending or descending) when moving from one end of the Road Element to the other. Numeric completeness of the series is not a requirement. An odd house number series that has missing numbers but is sequentially sorted is considered Odd. Examples are the series (5, 7, 9, 11, 13) and (35, 39, 43, 69, 71, 73, 85).
	3	Mixed	The house numbers are odd and even on the same side of a Road Element in a sequentially sorted order (ascending or descending) when moving from one end of the Road Element to the other. Numeric completeness of the series is not a requirement. An odd and even house number series that has missing numbers but is sequentially sorted is considered Mixed. Examples are the series (5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 13) and (24, 27, 30, 33, 34, 36).
	4	Irregular	Means the house numbers do not occur in any sorted order.
Last House Number (left, right)			value along a particular side (left or right) of a Road d for the left and right sides of the Road Element.

	when th	<u>n:</u> [-1n] The value "0" he value is unknown. <b>/pe:</b> Integer	' is used when no value applies. The value "-1" is used		
Last House Number Suffix (left, right)	A non-integer value, such as a fraction (e.g. ¼) or a character (e.g. A) that sometimes follows the house number address value. A specific value is defined for the left and right sides of the Road Element.				
	Domain: A non-integer value or "None" when no value applies. Data Type: Character (10)				
Last House Number Type (left, right)		used to populate the a es of the Road Elemen	address range. A specific value is defined for the left and nt.		
	Domain	<u>:</u>			
	Code	Label	Definition		
	-1	Unknown	Due to the source, the house number type is not known.		
	0	None	Absence of a house along the Road Element.		
	1	Actual Located	Qualifier indicating that the house number is located at its "real world" position along a Road Element.		
	2	Actual Unlocated	Qualifier indicating that the house number is located at one end of the Road Element. This may be or may not be its "real world" position.		
	<b>3</b> Projected Qualifier indicating that the house right planned, figured or estimated for the full located (at one end) at the beginning or the Road Element.				
	4	Interpolated	Qualifier indicating that the house number is calculated from two known house numbers which are located on either side. By convention, the house is positioned at one end of the Road Element.		
NID A national unique identifier.					
	Domain: A UUID. Example: 69822b23d217494896014e57a2edb8ac Data Type: Character (32)				
Official Street Name NID (left, right)	The identifier used to link an address range to its recognized official street name. specific value is defined for the left and right sides of the Road Element.				
	Domain: A UUID or "None" when no value applies. Example: 69822b23d217494896014e57a2edb8ac Data Type: Character (32)				
Reference System Indicator (left, right)	An indication of whether the physical address of all or a portion of a Road Element is based on a particular addressing system. A specific value is defined for the left and right sides of the Road Element.				
	Domain				
	Code	Label	Definition		
	-1	Unknown	Impossible to determine.		
	0	None	No reference system indicator.		
	1	Civic			

	2	Lot and Concession	
	3	911 Measured	
	4	911 Civic	
	5	DLS Townships	Dominion Land Survey, survey method dominant in the Prairie provinces.
Object Metadata	Refer t	o the attributes describe	in the section object metadata.

### Feature Class:

Name - ( french name )	Is Abstract	Geometry
Alternate Name Link - ( <i>Lien nom non officiel</i> )	No	
Definition		

A linkup table establishing one or many relations between address ranges and their non-official street and place names used or known by the general public.

Attribute Sectio	ribute Section:			
Attribute Name	Attribute Definition			
NID	A national unique identifier.			
	Domain: A UUID. Example: 69822b23d217494896014e57a2edb8ac Data Type: Character (32)			
Street Name NID	The NID	of the non official street	and place name.	
	Example	<u>:</u> A UUID. e: 69822b23d2174948960 <u>pe:</u> Character (32)	)14e57a2edb8ac	
Creation Date	The date	e of data creation.		
	<b>Domain:</b> A date in the format YYYYMMDD or "Unknown". If the month or the day is unknown, corresponding characters are left blank. Examples: 20060630, 200606, 2006. <b>Data Type:</b> Character (8)			
Dataset Name	Province	e or Territory covered by t	he dataset.	
	Domain	<u>.</u>		
	Code	Label	Definition	
	1	Newfoundland and Labrador		
	2	Nova Scotia		
	3	Prince Edward Island		
	4	New Brunswick		
	5	Quebec		
	6	Ontario		
	7	Manitoba		
	8	Saskatchewan		
	9	Alberta		
	10	British Columbia		
	11	Yukon Territory		
	12	Northwest Territories		
	13	Nunavut		
Revision Date	The date of data revision.			
	unknowr	A date in the format Y , corresponding characters: 20060630, 200606, 20		

#### Attribute Section:

	Data Type: Character (8)		
Standard Version	The standard version associated to the features.		
	Domain: 2.0 Data Type: Character (100)		

# Feature Class:

Name - ( french name )	Is Abstract	Geometry				
Blocked Passage - ( <i>Passage obstrué</i> )		Point				
Definition						
Indication of a physical barrier on a Road Element built to prevent or control further access.						

Attribute Section:				
Attribute Name	Attribute Definition			
Blocked Passage Type	The type of blocked passage as an indication of the fact whether it is removable.			
	Domain	<u>:</u>		
	Code	Label	Definition	
	-1	Unknown	A blocked passage for which the specific type is unknown.	
	1	Permanently Fixed	The barrier cannot be removed without destroying it. Heavy equipment needed in order to allow further access. Examples of permanently fixed blocked passage are concrete blocks or a mound of earth.	
	2	Removable	The barrier is designed to free the entrance to the (other side of the) Road Element that it is blocking. Further access easily allowed when so desired.	
NID	A natior	nal unique identifier.		
	<u>Domain:</u> A UUID. Example: 69822b23d217494896014e57a2edb8ac <u>Data Type:</u> Character (32)			
Road Element NID	The NID of the Road Element on which the point geometry is located.			
	Domain: A UUID. Example: 69822b23d217494896014e57a2edb8ac Data Type: Character (32)			
Object Metadata	Refer to	the attributes describe	in the section object metadata.	

### Feature Class:

Name - ( french name )	Is Abstract	Geometry
Ferry Connection Segment - ( Segment de liaison par transbordeur )	Νο	Line
Definition		

The average route a ferryboat takes when transporting vehicles between two fixed locations on the road network.

Attribute Sectio					
Attribute Name		Attribute Definition			
Ferry Segment ID	A uniqu	e identifier within a datase	et assigned to each Ferry Connection Segment.		
		<u>n:</u> [1n] <b>ype:</b> Integer			
Functional Road Class			portance of the role that the Road Element or Ferry activity of the total road network.		
	Domain	<u>::</u>			
	Code	Label	Definition		
	1	Freeway	An unimpeded, high-speed controlled access thoroughfare for through traffic with typically no at- grade intersections, usually with no property access or direct access, and which is accessed by a ramp. Pedestrians are prohibited.		
	2	Expressway / Highway	A high-speed thoroughfare with a combination of controlled access intersections at any grade.		
	3	Arterial	A major thoroughfare with medium to large traffic capacity.		
	4	Collector	A minor thoroughfare mainly used to access properties and to feed traffic with right of way.		
	5	Local / Street	A low-speed thoroughfare dedicated to provide full access to the front of properties.		
	6	Local / Strata	A low-speed thoroughfare dedicated to provide access to properties with potential public restriction such as: trailer parks, First Nations, strata, private estates, seasonal residences.		
	7	Local / Unknown	A low-speed thoroughfare dedicated to provide access to the front of properties but for which the access regulations are unknown.		
	8	Alleyway / Lane	A low-speed thoroughfare dedicated to provide access to the rear of properties.		
	9	Ramp	A system of interconnecting roadways providing for the controlled movement between two or more roadways.		
	10	Resource / Recreation	A narrow passage whose primary function is to provide access for resource extraction and may also have serve in providing public access to the backcountry.		
	11	Rapid Transit	A thoroughfare restricted to public transit buses.		

	12	Service Lane	A stretch of road permitting vehicles to come to a stop along a freeway or highway. Scale, service lane, emergency lane, lookout, and rest area. A road that is only useable during the winter when
			conditions allow for passage over lakes, rivers, and wetlands.
NID	A natio	nal unique identifier.	
	Examp	<u>n:</u> A UUID. le: 69822b23d2174948960 <b>ype:</b> Character (32)	14e57a2edb8ac
Route Name English (1, 2, 3, 4)	by a na Segme	ational or sub national age	a particular route in a given road network as attributed ncy. A particular Road Segment or Ferry Connection one named route. In such cases, it has multiple route
	<b>Domain:</b> A complete English route name value such as "TransCanada Highway" or "None" when no value applies or "Unknown" when the value is not known. <b>Data Type:</b> Character (100)		
Route Name French (1, 2, 3, 4)	The French version of a name of a particular route in a given road network as attributed by a national or sub national agency. A particular Road Segment or Ferry Connection Segment can belong to more than one named route. In such cases, it has multiple route name attributes.		
	<b>Domain:</b> A complete French route name value such as "Autoroute transcanadienne" or "None" when no value applies or "Unknown" when the value is not known. <b>Data Type:</b> Character (100)		
Route Number (1, 2, 3, 4, 5)	The ID number of a particular route in a given road network as attributed by a national or sub-national agency. A particular Road Segment or Ferry Connection Segment can belong to more than one numbered route. In such cases, it has multiple route number attributes.		
	<b>Domain:</b> A route number including possible associated non-integer characters such as "A" or "None" when no value applies. Examples: 1, 1A, 230-A, 430-28. <b>Data Type:</b> Character (100)		
Object Metadata	Refer to the attributes describe in the section object metadata.		

### Feature Class:

Name - ( french name )	Is Abstract	Geometry
Junction - ( <i>Jonction</i> )	No	Point
Definition		

A feature that bounds a Road Element or a Ferry Connection. A Road Element or Ferry Connection always forms a connection between two Junctions and, a Road Element or Ferry Connection is always bounded by exactly two Junctions. A Junction Feature represents the physical connection between its adjoining Road Elements or Ferry Connections. A Junction is defined at the intersection of three or more roads, at the junction of a road and a ferry, at the end of a dead end road and at the junction of a road or ferry with a National, Provincial or Territorial Boundary.

Attribute Section:				
Attribute Name	Attribute Definition			
Exit Number		The ID number of an exit on a controlled access thoroughfare that has been assigned by an administrating body.		
	"A" or " Exampl	<u>n:</u> An ID number including None" when no value appl les: 11, 11A, 11-A, 80-EST <b>/pe:</b> Character (10)		
Junction Type	The cla	ssification of a Junction.		
	Domain	<u>::</u>		
	Code	Label	Definition	
	1	Intersection	An intersection between three or more Road Elements intersecting at same grade level.	
	2	Dead End	A specific Junction that indicates that a Road Element ends and is not connected to any other Road Element or Ferry Connection.	
	3	Ferry	A specific Junction that indicates that a Road Element connects to a Ferry Connection.	
	4	NatProvTer	A specific Junction at the limit of a dataset indicating that a Road Element or Ferry Connection continues into the adjacent dataset.	
NID	A national unique identifier.			
	Domain: A UUID. Example: 69822b23d217494896014e57a2edb8ac Data Type: Character (32)			
Object Metadata	Refer to the attributes describe in the section object metadata.			

# Feature Class:

Name - ( french name )	Is Abstract	Geometry
Road Segment - ( Segment routier )	No	Line
Definition		

#### Definition

A road is a linear section of the earth designed for or the result of vehicular movement. A Road Segment is the specific representation of a portion of a road with uniform characteristics.

	Section:			
Attribute Name	Attribut	Attribute Definition		
Address Range Digitizing Direction Flag (left, right)	Indicates if the attribute event follows the same direction as the digitizing of the Road Element. A specific value is defined for the left and right sides of the Road Element.			
	Domain	<u>:</u>		
	Code	Label	Definition	
	1	Same Direction	Attribute event and Road Element geometry are in the same direction.	
	2	Opposite Direction	Attribute event and Road Element geometry are in opposite directions.	
	3	Not Applicable	Indication of the digitizing direction of the Road Element not needed for the attribute event.	
Address Range NID	A UUID	assigned to each particula	r block face address ranges.	
	<u>Domain:</u> A UUID or "None" when no value applies. Example: 69822b23d217494896014e57a2edb8ac <u>Data Type:</u> Character (32)			
Exit Number		The ID number of an exit on a controlled access thoroughfare that has been assigned by an administrating body.		
	<b>Domain:</b> An ID number including possible associated non-integer characters such as "A" or "None" when no value applies. Examples: 11, 11A, 11-A, 80-EST, 80-E, 80E. <b>Data Type:</b> Character (10)			
First House Number (left, right)	The first house number address value along a particular side (left or right) of a Road Element. A specific value is defined for the left and right sides of the Road Element.			
	<b>Domain:</b> [-1n] The value "0" is used when no value applies. The value "-1" is used when the value is unknown. <b>Data Type:</b> Integer			
Functional Road Class	A classification based on the importance of the role that the Road Element or Ferry Connection performs in the connectivity of the total road network.			
	Domain	<u>:</u>		
	Code	Label	Definition	
	1	Freeway	An unimpeded, high-speed controlled access thoroughfare for through traffic with typically no at- grade intersections, usually with no property access or direct access, and which is accessed by a ramp. Pedestrians are prohibited.	

### Attribute Section:

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
	2	Expressway / Highway	A high-speed thoroughfare with a combination of controlled access intersections at any grade.	
	3	Arterial	A major thoroughfare with medium to large traffic capacity.	
	4	Collector	A minor thoroughfare mainly used to access properties and to feed traffic with right of way.	
	5	Local / Street	A low-speed thoroughfare dedicated to provide full access to the front of properties.	
	6	Local / Strata	A low-speed thoroughfare dedicated to provide access to properties with potential public restriction such as: trailer parks, First Nations, strata, private estates, seasonal residences.	
	7	Local / Unknown	A low-speed thoroughfare dedicated to provide access to the front of properties but for which the access regulations are unknown.	
	8	Alleyway / Lane	A low-speed thoroughfare dedicated to provide access to the rear of properties.	
	9	Ramp	A system of interconnecting roadways providing for the controlled movement between two or more roadways.	
	10	Resource / Recreation	A narrow passage whose primary function is to provide access for resource extraction and may also have served in providing public access to the backcountry.	
	11	Rapid Transit	A thoroughfare restricted to public transit buses.	
	12	Service Lane	A stretch of road permitting vehicles to come to a stop along a freeway or highway. Scale, service lane, emergency lane, lookout, and rest area.	
	13	Winter	A road that is only useable during the winter when conditions allow for passage over lakes, rivers, and wetlands.	
Last House Number (left, right)	The last house number address value along a particular side (left or right) of a Road Element. A specific value is defined for the left and right sides of the Road Element.			
5 ,	when th	<u>n:</u> [-1n] The value "0" is ne value is unknown. y <u>pe:</u> Integer	used when no value applies. The value "-1" is used	
NID	A natio	nal unique identifier.		
	Examp	Domain: A UUID. Example: 69822b23d217494896014e57a2edb8ac Data Type: Character (32)		
Number Of Lanes	The nu	mber of lanes existing on a	a Road Element.	
		Domain: [18] Data Type: Integer		
Official Place Name (left, right)		name of an administrative ueness of the street name	e area, district or other named area which is required .	
	the left	<b>Domain:</b> Derived from the Street and place names table. A specific value is defined for the left and right sides of the Road Element. <b>Data Type:</b> Character (100)		
Official Street	A conca	atenation of the officially re	ecognized Directional prefix, Street type prefix, Street	

Name Concatenated (left, right)	name a values.	rticle, Street name body, S	treet type suffix, Directional suffix and Muni quadrant
	the left	<ol> <li>Derived from the Street a and right sides of the Road (pe: Character (100)</li> </ol>	and place names table. A specific value is defined for Element.
Paved Road Surface Type	The type	e of surface a paved Road	Element has.
	Domain	<u>:</u>	
	Code	Label	Definition
	-1	Unknown	A paved road with an unknown surface type.
	0	None	No value applies.
	1	Rigid	A paved road with a rigid surface such as concrete or steel decks.
	2	Flexible	A paved road with a flexible surface such as asphalt or tar gravel.
	3	Blocks	A paved road with a surface made of blocks such as cobblestones.
Pavement Status	An indic	ation of improvement appli	ed to a Road surface.
	Domain	<u>:</u>	
	Code	Label	Definition
	1	Paved	A road with a surface made of hardened material such as concrete, asphalt, tar gravel, or steel decks.
	2	Unpaved	A road with a surface made of loose material such as gravel or dirt.
Road Segment ID	A uniqu	e identifier within a dataset	assigned to each instance of Road Segment.
	<u>Domair</u> Data Ty	<u>1:</u> [1n] / <b>pe:</b> Integer	
Route Name English (1, 2, 3, 4)	The English version of a name of a particular route in a given road network as assigned by a national or sub national agency. A particular Road Segment or Ferry Connectior Segment can belong to more than one named route. In such cases, it has multiple route name attributes.		
	<b>Domain:</b> A complete English route name value such as "TransCanada Highway"or "None" when no value applies or "Unknown" when the value is not known. <b>Data Type:</b> Character (100)		
Route Name French (1, 2, 3, 4)	The French version of a name of a particular route in a given road network as assigned by a national or sub national agency. A particular Road Segment or Ferry Connectior Segment can belong to more than one named route. In such cases, it has multiple route name attributes.		ncy. A particular Road Segment or Ferry Connection
	or "Non		e Name value such as "Autoroute transcanadienne" r "Unknown" when the value is not known.
Route Number (1, 2, 3, 4, 5)	or sub-r	national agency. A particula to more than one numbere	e in a given road network as assigned by a national ar Road Segment or Ferry Connection Segment can ad route. In such cases, it has multiple route number
	"A" or "I	<u>1:</u> A route number including None" when no value applie es: 1, 1A, 230-A, 430-28.	possible associated non-integer characters such as es.

	Data T	<b>ype:</b> Character (100)	
Structure ID	A national unique identifier assigned to the Road Segment or the set of adjoining Road Segments forming a structure. This identifier allows for the reconstitution of a structure that is fragmented by Junctions.		
	Exampl	<u>n:</u> A UUID or "None" wher le: 69822b23d217494896 <b>ype:</b> Character (32)	
Structure Name English	subnati	onal agency.	ne of a road structure as assigned by a national or name or "None" when no value applies or "Unknown"
	when th	ne structure name is not k ype: Character (100)	
Structure Name French		ench version of the nam onal agency.	e of a road structure as assigned by a national or
	when th	<u>n:</u> A complete structure n ne structure name is not k <u>ype:</u> Character (100)	name or "None" when no value applies or "Unknown" nown.
Structure Type	The cla	ssification of a structure.	
	Domain		
	Code	Label	Definition
	0	None	No value applies.
	1	Bridge	A manmade construction that supports a road on a raised structure and spans an obstacle, river, another road, or railway.
	2	Bridge covered	A manmade construction that supports a road on a covered raised structure and spans an obstacle, river, another road, or railway.
	3	Bridge moveable	A manmade construction that supports a road on a moveable raised structure and spans an obstacle, river, another road, or railway.
	4	Bridge unknown	A bridge for which it is currently impossible to determine whether its structure is covered, moveable or other.
	5	Tunnel	An enclosed manmade construction built to carry a road through or below a natural feature or other obstructions.
	6	Snowshed	A manmade roofed structure built over a road in mountainous areas to prevent snow slides from blocking the road.
	7	Dam	A manmade linear structure built across a waterway or floodway to control the flow of water and supporting a road for motor vehicles.
Unpaved Road Surface Type		e of surface an unpaved F	Road Element has.
	Domain October		Definition
		Label	Definition
	-1	Unknown	An unpaved road for which the characteristics of the material used is not known.
	0	None	No value applies.
	1	Gravel	A dirt road whose surface has been improved by

		grading with gravel.
	2 Dirt	Roads whose surface is formed by the removal of vegetation and/or by the transportation movements over that road which inhibit further growth of any vegetation.
Object Metadata	Refer to the attributes	describe in the section object metadata.

### Feature Class:

Name - ( french name )	Is Abstract	Geometry	
Street and Place Names - ( <i>Noms de rue et de lieu</i> )	No		
Definition			
A street name recognized by the municipality or naming authority and a name of an administrative area.			

A street name recognized by the municipality or naming authority and a name of an administrative area, district or other named area which is required for uniqueness of the street name.

Attribute Section:			
Attribute Name	Attribute Definition		
Directional Prefix	A geographic direction that is part of the street name and precedes the street name body or, if appropriate, the street type prefix.		
	Domain	<u>:</u>	
	Code	Label	Definition
	0	None	No value applies.
	1	North	
	2	Nord	
	3	South	
	4	Sud	
	5	East	
	6	Est	
	7	West	
	8	Ouest	
	9	Northwest	
	10	Nord-ouest	
	11	Northeast	
	12	Nord-est	
	13	Southwest	
	14	Sud-ouest	
	15	Southeast	
	16	Sud-est	
Directional Suffix	A geographic direction that is part of the street name and succeeds the street name body or, if appropriate, the street type suffix.		
	Domain	<u>:</u>	
	Code	Label	Definition
	0	None	No value applies.
	1	North	
	2	Nord	
	3	South	
	4	Sud	
	5	East	

	6	Est	
	7	West	
	8	Ouest	
	9	Northwest	
	10	Nord-ouest	
	11	Northeast	
	12	Nord-est	
	13	Southwest	
	14	Sud-ouest	
	15	Southeast	
	16	Sud-est	
Muni Quadrant	attribute	es where the town is divi	s used in some addresses much like the directional ded into sections based on major east-west and north- f multiple directional were used.
	Domair		
	Code	Label	Definition
	0	None	No value applies.
	1	South-West	
	2	South-East	
	3	North-East	
	4	North-West	
NID	A natio	nal unique identifier.	
	Domain: A UUID. Example: 69822b23d217494896014e57a2edb8ac Data Type: Character (32)		
Place Name	Name of an administrative area, district or other named area which is required for uniqueness of the street name.		
	<b>Domain:</b> The complete name of the place. Examples: Arnold's Cove, Saint-Jean-Baptiste-de-l'Îsle-Verte, Sault Ste. Marie, Grand-Sault, Grand Falls. <b>Data Type:</b> Character (100)		
Place Type	Expres	sion specifying the type of	<sup>i</sup> place.
		n: Listed values may be in	complete.
		pe: Character (100)	Definition
	Code	Label	Definition
		None	No value applies.
		Borough / Borough	
		Chartered Community	
		City / Cité	
		City / Ville	
		Community / Communauté	
		County (Municipality) / Comté (Municipalité)	
		Cree Village / Village Cr	i
		Crown Colony / Colonie	
	I		

de la couronne
District (Municipality) / District (Municipalité)
Hamlet / Hameau
Improvement District
Indian Government District
Indian Reserve / Réserve indienne
Indian Settlement / Établissement indien
Island Municipality
Local Government District
Lot / Lot
Municipal District / District municipal
Municipality / Municipalité
Naskapi Village / Village Naskapi
Nisga'a land / Terre Nisga'a
Nisga'a Village / Village Nisga'a
Northern Hamlet / Hameau nordique
Northern Town / Ville nordique
Northern Village / Village nordique
Parish (Municipality) / Paroisse (Municipalité)
Parish / Paroisse
Region / Région
Regional District Electoral Area
Regional Municipality / Municipalité régionale
Resort Village / Centre de villégiature
Rural Community
Rural Municipality / Municipalité rurale
Settlement / Établissement
Special Area
Specialized Municipality / Municipalité spécialisée
Subdivision of County

	Municipality	
	Subdivision of Regional	
	District	
	Subdivision of Unorganized	
	Summer Village / Village estival	
	Terre inuite	
	Terres réservées	
	Teslin land / Terre Teslin	
	Town / Ville	
	Township (Municipality) / Canton (Municipalité)	
	Township / Canton	
	United Township (Municipality) / Cantons- unis (Municipalité)	
	Unorganized / Non- organisé	
	Village / Village	
	Without Designation (Municipality) / Sans désignation (Municipalité)	
Province	Province or Territory where the place is located.	
	Domain:	
	Code Label Definition	
	1 Newfoundland and Labrador	
	2 Nova Scotia	
	3 Prince Edward Island	
	4 New Brunswick	
	5 Quebec	
	6 Ontario	
	7 Manitoba	
	8 Saskatchewan	
	9 Alberta	
	10 British Columbia	
	11 Yukon Territory	
	12 Northwest Territories	
	13 Nunavut	
Street Name Article	Article(s) that is (are) part of the street name and located at the beginning.	
	Domain: Listed values may be incomplete. Data Type: Character (20)	
	Code Label Definition	
	None No value applies.	

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	the	
Street Name Body		the street name (either official or alternate) that has the most identifying g street type and directional prefixes or suffixes and street name articles.
		complete street name body or "None" when no value applies. pitale, Trésor, Golf, Abbott, Abbott's, Main, Church, Park, Bread and aracter (100)
Street Type Prefix	A part of the str	reet name of a Road Element identifying the street type. A prefix precedes body of a Road Element.
	Domain: Listed Data Type: Cha	values may be incomplete. aracter (30)
	Code Label	Definition
	None	No value applies.
	Abbey	
	Access	6
	Acres	
	Aire	
	Allée	
	Alley	
	Autoro	ute
	Avenue	e
	Barrag	
	Bay	
	Beach	
	Bend	
	Bloc	
	DIOO	

Block
Boulevard
Bourg
Brook
By-pass
Byway
Campus
Cape
Carre
Carrefour
Centre
Cercle
Chase
Chemin
Circle
Circuit
Close
Common
Concession
Corners
Côte
Cour
Court
Cove
Crescent
Croft
Croissant
Crossing
Crossroads
Cul-de-sac
Dale
Dell
Desserte
Diversion
Downs
Drive
Droit de passage
Échangeur
End
Esplanade
Estates
Expressway
Extension

Farm
Field
Forest
Front
Gardens
Gate
Glade
Glen
Green
Grounds
Grove
Harbour
Haven
Heath
Heights
Highlands
Highway
Hill
Hollow
Île
Impasse
Island
Кеу
Knoll
Landing
Lane
Laneway
Limits
Line
Link
Lookout
Loop
Mall
Manor
Maze
Meadow
Mews
Montée
Moor
Mount
Mountain
Orchard
Parade

Parc
Park
Parkway
Passage
Path
Pathway
Peak
Pines
Place
Plateau
Plaza
Point
Port
Private
Promenade
Quay
Rang
Range
Reach
Ridge
Right of Way
Rise
Road
Rond Point
Route
Row
Rue
Ruelle
Ruisseau
Run
Section
Sentier
Sideroad
Square
Street
Stroll
Subdivision
Terrace
Terrasse
Thicket
Towers
Townline
Trace

	Trail			
	Trunk			
	Turnabout			
	Vale			
	Via			
	View			
	Village			
	Vista			
	Voie			
	Walk			
	Way			
	Wharf			
	Wood			
	Woods			
	Wynd			
Street Type Suffix	A part of the street name of a Road Element identifying the street type. A suffix follows the street name body of a Road Element.			
	Domain: Same domain as the attribute street type prefix. Data Type: Character (30)			
<b>Object Metadata</b>	Refer to the attributes describe in the section object metadata.			

# Feature Class:

Name - ( french name )	Is Abstract	Geometry			
Toll Point - ( <i>Poste de péage</i> )	Νο	Point			
Definition					
Place where a right-of-way is charged to gain access to a motorway, a bridge, etc.					

Attribute Section:						
Attribute Name	Attribute Definition					
NID	A national unique identifier.					
	<u>Domain:</u> A UUID. Example: 69822b23d217494896014e57a2edb8ac <u>Data Type:</u> Character (32)					
Road Element NID	The NID of the Road Element on which the point geometry is located.					
	<u>Domain:</u> A UUID. Example: 69822b23d217494896014e57a2edb8ac <u>Data Type:</u> Character (32)					
Toll Point Type	The type of toll point.					
	Domair	Domain:				
	Code	Label	Definition			
	-1	Unknown	A toll point for which it is currently impossible to determine the specific type.			
	1	Physical Toll Booth	A toll booth is a construction along or across the road where toll can be paid to employees of the organization in charge of collecting the toll, to machines capable of automatically recognizing coins or bills or to machines involving electronic methods of payment like credit cards or bank cards.			
	2	Virtual Toll Booth	At a virtual point of toll payment, toll will be charged via automatic registration of the passing vehicle by subscription or invoice.			
	3	Hybrid	Hybrid signifies a toll booth which is both physical and virtual.			
Object Metadata	Refer to	Refer to the attributes describe in the section object metadata.				