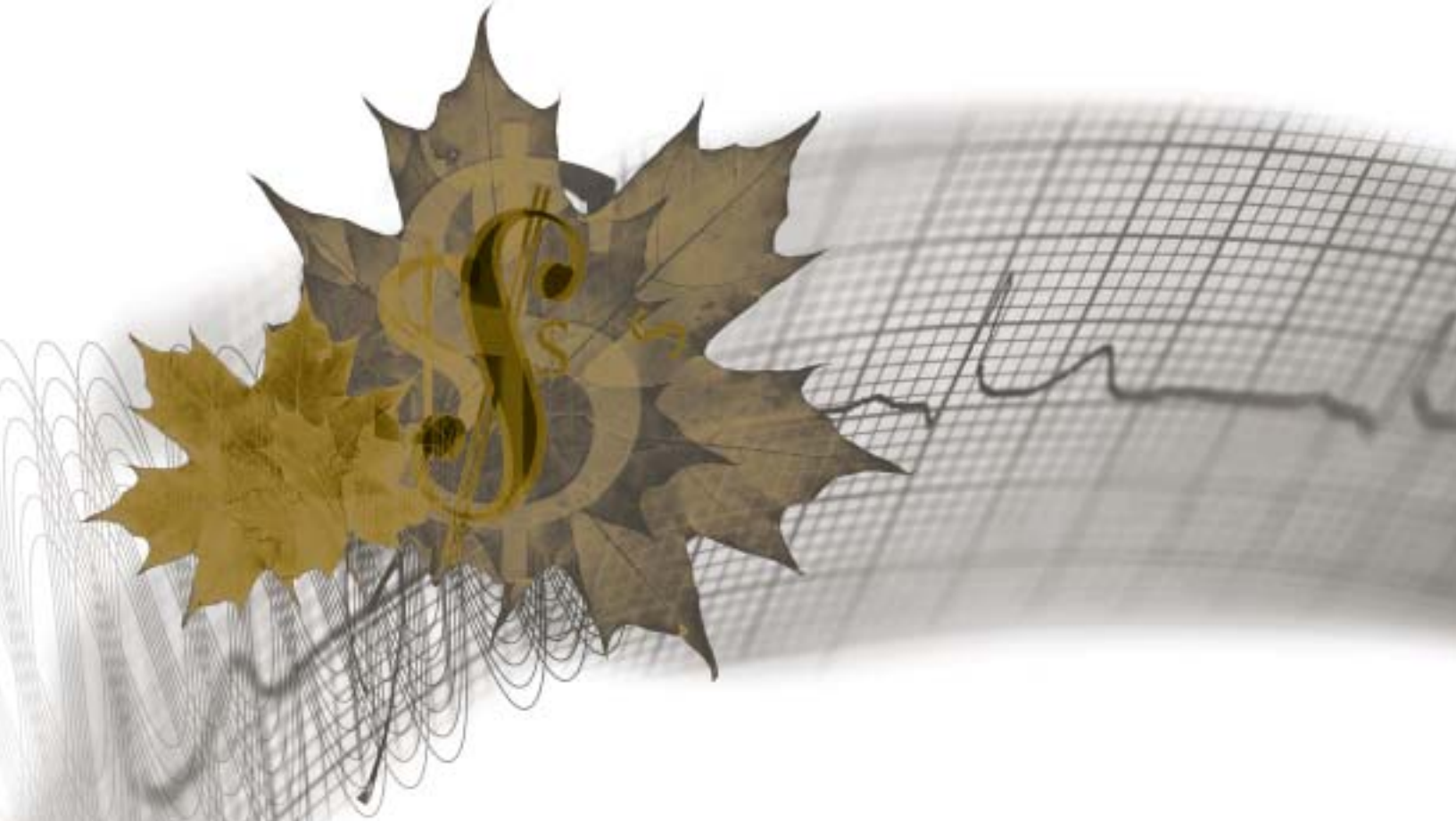


N a t i o n a l H e a l t h E x p e n d i t u r e D a t a b a s e



National Health Expenditure Trends 1975–2004



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 - Yukon Department of Health and Social Services
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Highlights

- Total health expenditure, in current dollars,¹ was estimated at \$114.0 billion in 2002, and is forecast to have reached \$123.0 billion in 2003 and \$130.3 billion in 2004.
- After adjusting for inflation, health care spending grew at an average annual rate of 3.8% between 1975 and 1991. From 1991 to 1996 total spending on health care edged up by the rate of 0.8% per year. It increased by 5.2% from 1996 to 2002. Real growth is expected to have been 5.4% in 2003 and 2.2% in 2004.
- Total health expenditure per capita was estimated at \$3,635 in 2002 and is expected to have been \$3,885 in 2003 and \$4,078 in 2004.
- Total health care spending as a percentage of Gross Domestic Product was 9.9% in 2002; the ratio is forecast to have increased to 10.1% in 2003 and is expected to have been 10.1% in 2004.
- The private sector share peaked in 2002 at 30.3%. It is expected to decrease to 30.1% in 2003 and 2004.
- The category of drugs ranks second after hospitals in terms of its share of total health expenditure. In 1997, expenditure on drugs overtook spending on physician services. The share of total spending accounted for by drugs grew from a low of 8.4% in the late 1970s to 16.1% in 2002. In 2004, drugs are expected to remain ranked second with a share of 16.7%.
- Total health expenditure per capita varies among the provinces. In 2002, Manitoba and Alberta spent more per person on health care than any other province, at \$3,938 and \$3,806, respectively. Quebec and New Brunswick had the lowest expenditure per capita at \$3,294 and \$3,447, respectively.
- Health expenditure varies considerably among different age and sex groups. After adjusting for differences in provincial age and sex distributions, Newfoundland and Labrador, Alberta and British Columbia had the highest per capita provincial government expenditure in 2002, while Nova Scotia and Quebec had the lowest.

¹ All figures are in current dollars (unadjusted for inflation) unless otherwise stated.

Introduction

Both the public and private sectors finance Canada's health system. Public sector funding includes payments by governments at the federal, provincial/territorial and municipal levels and by Workers' Compensation Boards and other social security schemes. Private sector funding consists primarily of health expenditures by households and private insurance firms.

The Canadian Institute for Health Information (CIHI) tracks health spending by each source of finance in the National Health Expenditure Database (NHEX). This database contains a historical series of macro level health expenditure statistics by province and territory beginning in 1960. The Canadian Institute for Health Information assumed responsibility for the national health accounts, including the National Health Expenditure database, in 1995.

National Health Expenditure Trends (1975–2004) is CIHI's eighth annual health expenditure trends publication and provides detailed, updated information on health expenditure in Canada. This publication includes:

- Highlights of national health expenditure;
- An overview that includes health expenditure trends from 1975 to 2004; 2002 figures which are now considered to be an estimate rather than a forecast; an outlook for 2003 and 2004;
- An update of provincial/territorial government health expenditure by age and sex including four years of expenditure data standardized for age and sex; and
- Updated data tables, which contain estimates to 2002 and forecasts to 2004; and
- International Comparisons.

Additional features of this year's publication are:

- A summary of enhancements to the National Health Expenditure database for the category of Public Health and Administration.
- Summary level data tables appear at the end of the publication. Over 300 detailed data tables in calendar and fiscal year are available in Microsoft® Excel® in the CD-ROM affixed to the inside of the back cover of this document.

In order to improve the quality of the data in the National Health Expenditure database, the historical information appearing in earlier publications has been revised. A detailed explanation of the revisions can be found in the Data Quality section under Major Changes from Previous Years.

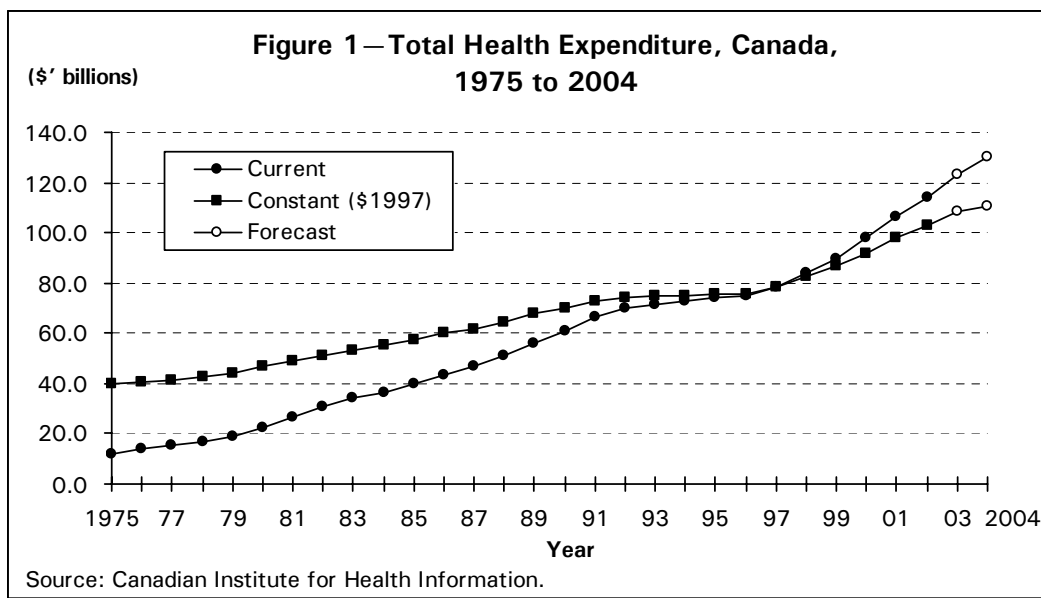
More information on health expenditures and the methods used in the preparation of this document is available by contacting the NHEX section by telephone, (613) 241-7860 or by email: nhex@cihi.ca.

Overview

TOTAL HEALTH EXPENDITURE

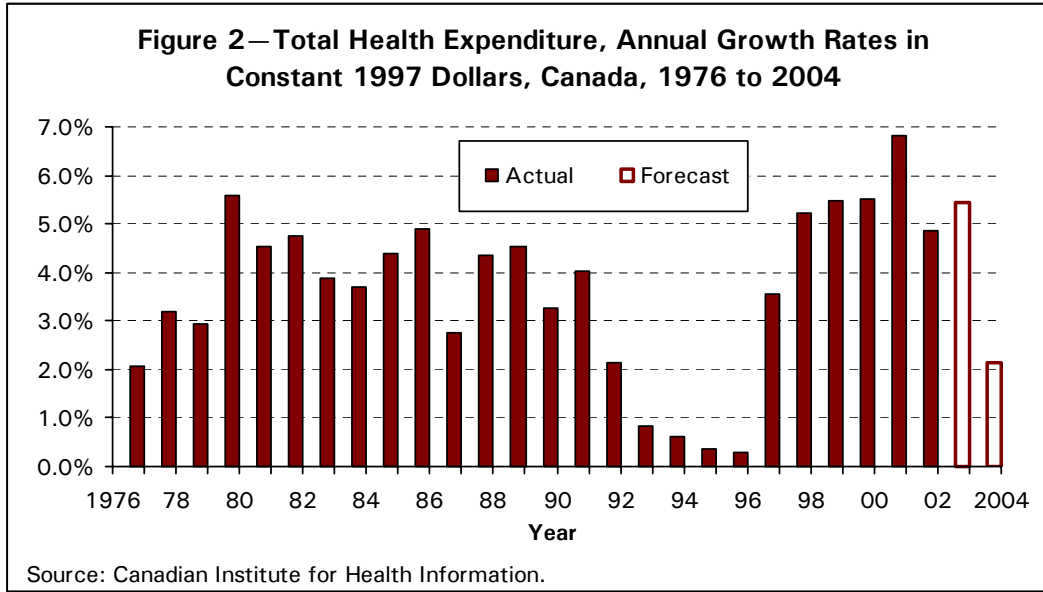
■ 2002 and Outlook for 2003 and 2004

Total health expenditures in Canada were \$114.0 billion in 2002. Expenditures are forecast to have been \$123.0 billion in 2003 and \$130.3 billion in 2004, an increase of 7.9% and 5.9%, respectively. Real rates of increase at constant (1997) prices are 5.4% in 2003 and 2.2% in 2004.



■ Trends—1975 to 2002

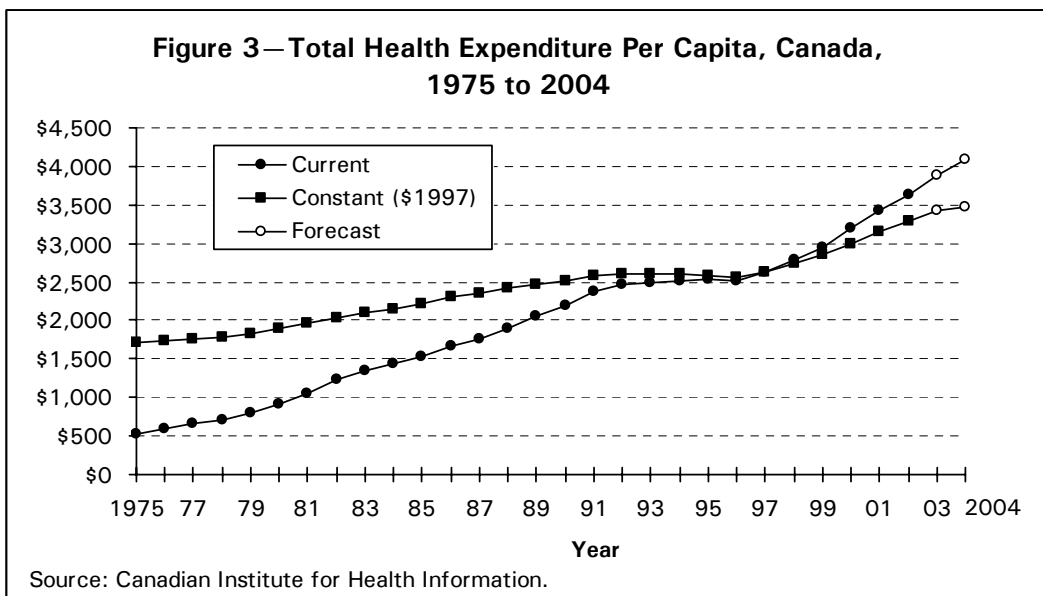
Health expenditure in 2002 continued the trend of relatively strong growth that has been observed since 1997, following six years when annual growth rates averaged 0.8% in real terms (Figure 1). The modest rates of growth during the early to mid-1990s reflected a flattening of the historic growth curve. From 1975 to 1991 the annual average rate of growth was 3.8% (Figure 2). The trend since 1997 appears to be largely due to reinvestment by federal, provincial and territorial governments after a period of fiscal restraint during the early and mid-1990s.



TOTAL HEALTH EXPENDITURE PER CAPITA

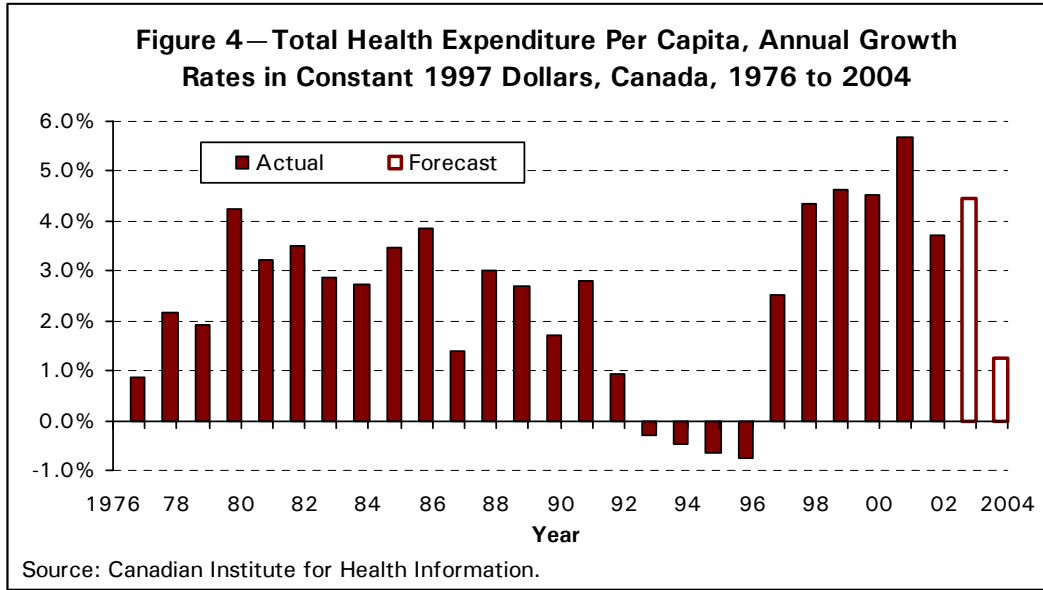
■ 2002 and Outlook for 2003 and 2004

Total health expenditure per capita was \$3,635 in 2002. Forecasts for 2003 and 2004 are expected to have been \$3,885 and \$4,078 (Figure 3). After adjusting for inflation, real rates of increase in 2003 and 2004 are expected to have been 4.5% and 1.2%, respectively.



■ **Trends—1975 to 2002**

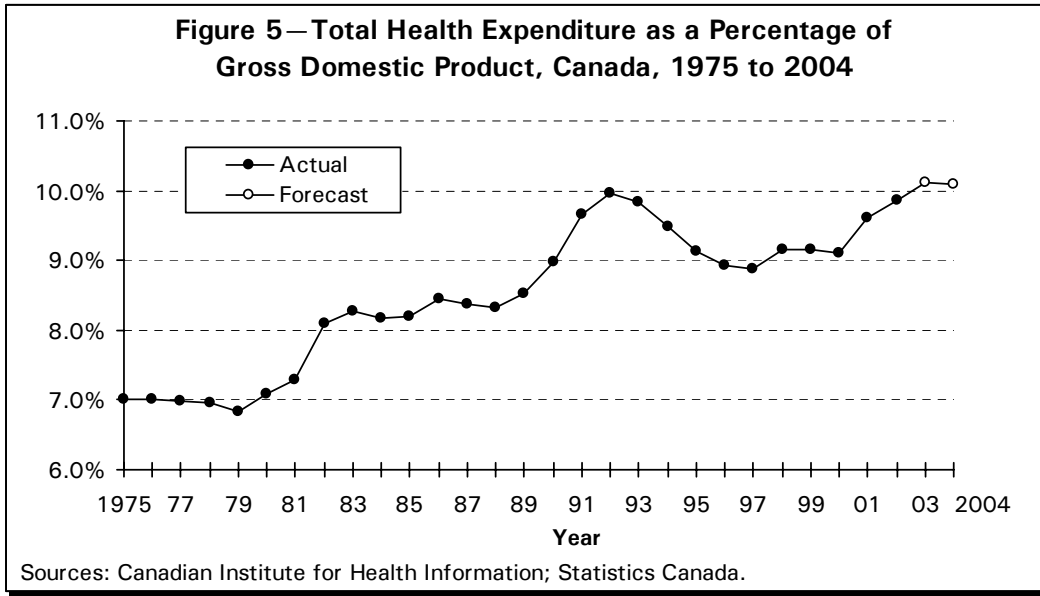
Total health expenditure per capita in constant (1997) dollars, increased by an average annual rate of 2.6% from 1975 to 1991. From 1991 to 1996 expenditure per capita declined by an annual average rate of three-tenths of one percent per year (Figure 4). During the next six years, the average increase rebounded to 4.2% per year.



TOTAL HEALTH EXPENDITURE AND ECONOMIC GROWTH

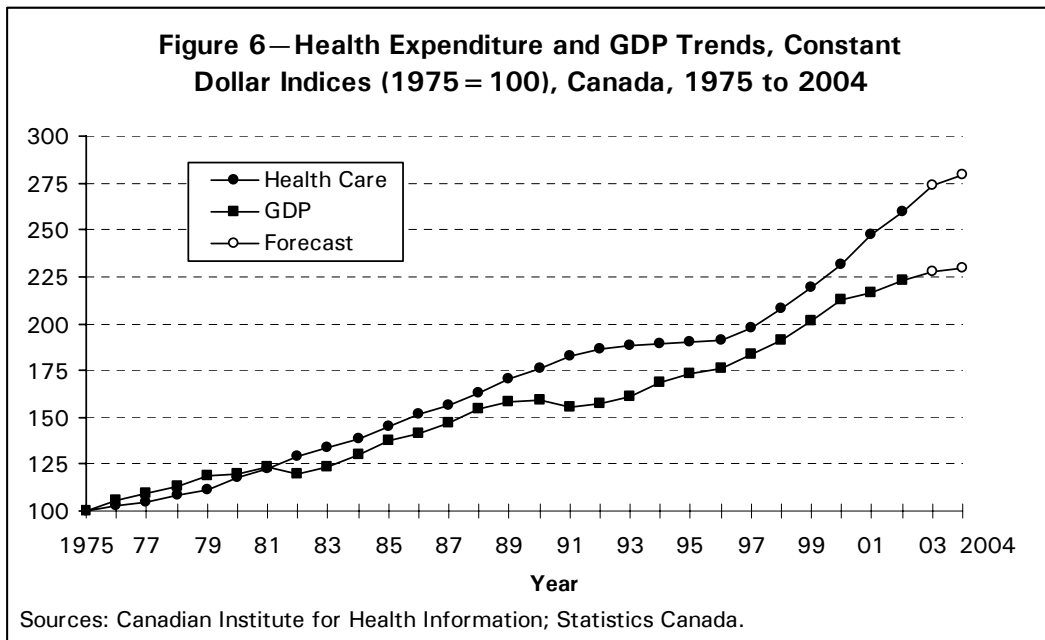
■ **2002 and Outlook for 2003 and 2004**

Total health expenditure was 9.9% of Gross Domestic Product (GDP) in 2002. It is forecast to have been 10.1% in 2003, reflecting relatively high real growth in total health expenditure (5.4%) and lower real growth in the denominator, GDP (2.0%). According to forecasts in 2004, the ratio of total health expenditure to GDP is expected to remain at 10.1% (Figure 5).



■ **Trends—1975 to 2002**

Total health expenditure, as a proportion of GDP was 7.0% in 1975. During the late 1970s, total health expenditures increased at rates that were almost identical to the rate of growth in GDP. The two rates of growth diverged during the early 1980s. Real GDP fell during the 1982 recession, and did not recover to its pre-recession level until 1984 (Figure 6). Health expenditure continued to grow during this time. Consequently, the ratio of total health expenditure to GDP increased sharply, from 6.8% in 1979 to 8.3% in 1983. Real health expenditure grew at slightly higher rates than the economy during two of the last five years of the 1980s. By the end of the decade, the total health expenditure to GDP ratio was equivalent to 8.5%.



Canada experienced another recession from 1990 until 1992. Real GDP increased in 1992 but did not recover to pre-recession levels until 1993. Real health expenditures grew at higher rates than real GDP from 1989 to 1992. The ratio of total health expenditure to GDP increased significantly during these four years reaching 10.0% for the first time in 1992. Real health expenditures then grew more slowly than GDP between 1993 and 1997; consequently, the health to GDP ratio fell each year in that period until it reached 8.9% in 1997. Real health expenditure has grown faster than GDP each year between 1998 and 2002, with the result that the health to GDP ratio reached 9.9% in 2002.

See Data Tables A.1 and B.1.3.

TOTAL HEALTH EXPENDITURE BY SOURCE OF FINANCE

■ 2002 and Outlook for 2003 and 2004

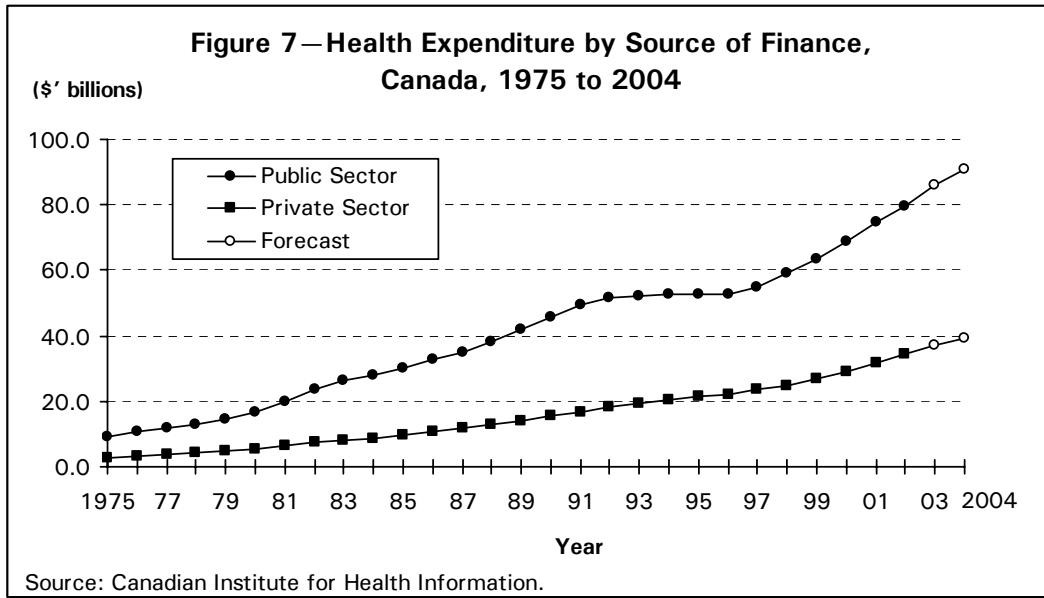
In 2002, governments and government agencies in Canada (the public sector) spent \$79.5 billion. Public sector expenditure is forecast to have been \$86.0 billion in 2003 and \$91.1 billion in 2004. The growth rates associated with these increases are 8.2% and 5.8%, respectively; reflecting increased spending by governments on health. In 2002, private health insurers and households (the private sector) spent \$34.5 billion. Private sector expenditure is forecast to have reached \$37.0 billion in 2003 and \$39.2 billion in 2004, assuming growth rates of 7.2% and 6.1%, respectively.

In terms of constant (1997) dollars, the public sector spent \$72.1 billion in 2002 and is forecast to have spent \$76.0 billion in 2003 and \$77.0 billion in 2004, with respective growth rates of 5.5% and 1.2%. Private sector expenditure was \$30.8 billion in 2002 and is forecast to have reached \$32.4 billion in 2003 and \$33.8 billion in 2004, with growth rates of 5.2% and 4.3%, respectively.

The private sector accounted for 30.3% of total expenditure in 2002. It is expected to account for 30.1% in 2003 and 2004.

■ Trends—1975 to 2002

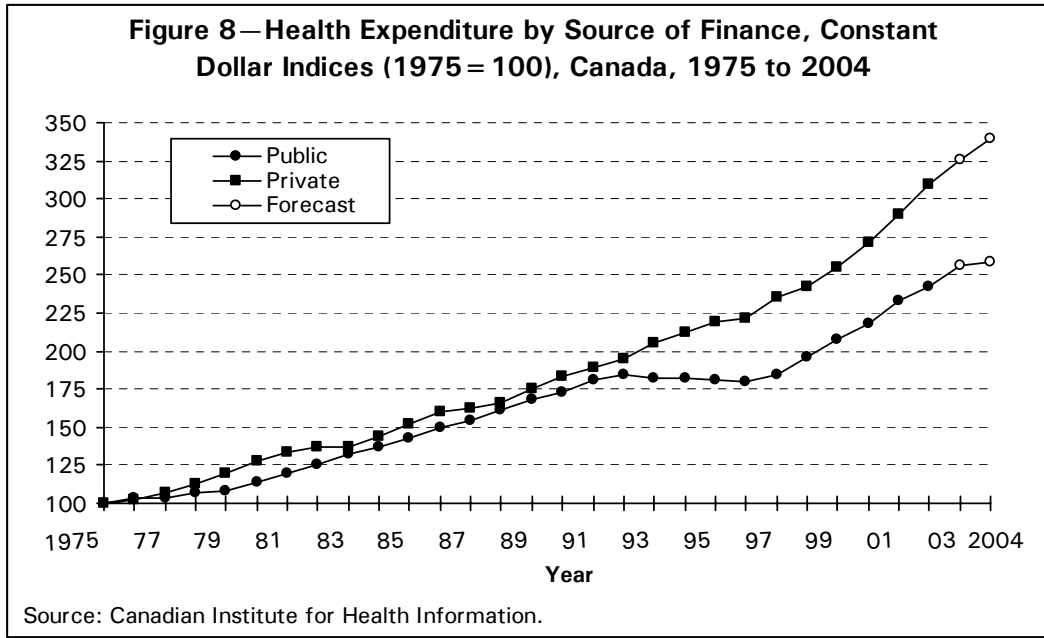
The average annual rate of growth in public sector health expenditure between 1975 and 1991 was 11.0%. There was a pronounced change in public expenditure trends following the 1990–1992 recession (Figure 7). During this period, governments introduced fiscal restraint measures, which affected spending for health and social programs. Average annual rates of growth fell to 0.6% from 1992 to 1996, lower than at any time in the past 20 years. In 1995 and 1996 there was virtually no growth and in 1997 public sector expenditure increased by 4.0%.



By comparison, the average annual rate of growth of health spending by private health insurers and households (the private sector) was 11.7% from 1975 to 1991. From 1992 to 1996, it was 4.8%. Private sector growth rates were considerably higher than the public sector rates during this period and, as a result, the private sector share of total health expenditure increased by 4.0 percentage points during the five years, reaching 29.9% by 1997.

In 1998, public sector growth was higher than growth in the private sector by more than a percentage point for the first time since 1983. In 1998, public sector health expenditure grew by 7.3% over the previous year reaching \$59.0 billion. Private sector growth in 1998 was 5.4%, adding almost \$1.3 billion to private sector expenditure to become \$24.7 billion. In 1999, public sector expenditure grew by another 7.2% to reach \$63.3 billion. The private sector expenditure grew by 7.8%, slightly more than the public sector expenditure to become \$26.6 billion. In 1999 the private sector share rose to 29.6% of total health expenditure; in 2001 it was 29.8% and in 2002 it grew to 30.3%.

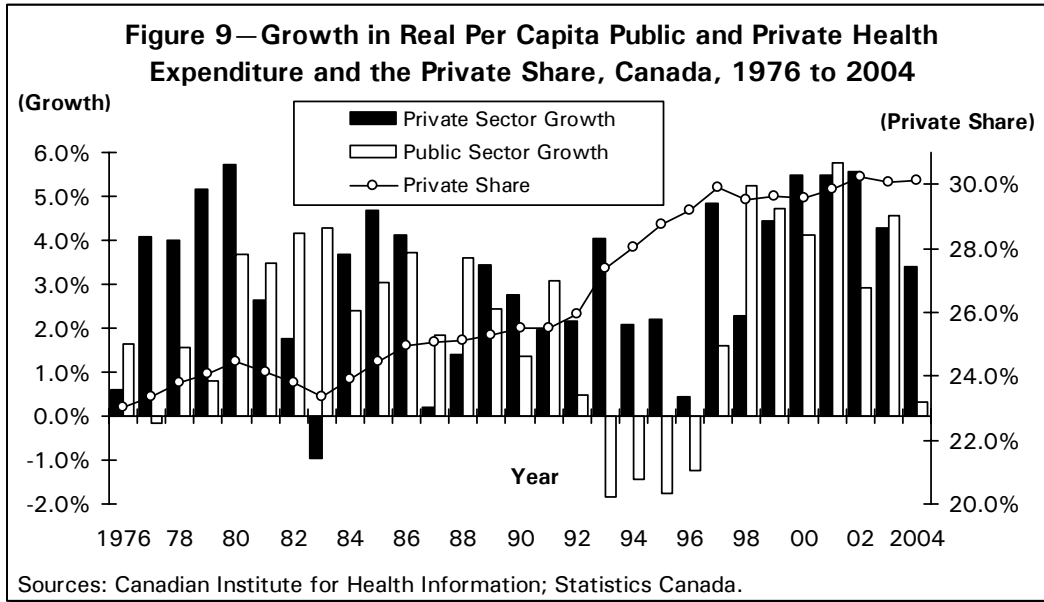
In terms of constant dollars, private sector expenditure grew more rapidly than public sector expenditure during the last half of the 1970s (Figure 8). During this time, real growth rates in the private sector averaged 5.1% annually, while public sector expenditure grew at real rates of 2.7% annually. Rates converged in the early 1980s. From 1984 to 1990, the real annual growth rates were almost identical in the two sectors, averaging 4.1% in the private sector and 4.0% in the public sector.



Public sector expenditure continued to increase during the first two years of the 1990-1992 recession, at annual real rates averaging 3.0%. In 1992, however, the real growth rate of public sector expenditure fell to 1.7%. In 1993, there was a decline in public sector expenditure of seven tenths of one percent with further declines over the next 3 years.

In 1997, expenditure increased by 2.6%. In 1998 and 1999 real growth in the public sector increased by 6.1% and 5.6% each year, respectively. In 2001, the rate was 6.9%, the highest real rate of public sector growth in the time series. This growth rate slowed in 2002, reaching 4.1%.

During the six years after 1991, private expenditure continued to have real growth rates averaging 3.8% per year. The different trends in private and public expenditures after 1991 explain in large part the rapid growth of the private sector share to 1997. By 1998, however, the situation was reversed; real growth in the private sector was lower than in the public sector at just 3.1%; and again in 1999 when it was 5.3%. In 1999, the private share was 29.6% reflecting higher nominal growth in the private sector, however, inflation was higher in the private sector that year, with the result that real growth was higher in the public sector. In 2002, growth was higher in the private sector and the private share increased to 30.3% (Figure 9).



See Data Tables A.2.1, A.2.2, A.2.4, and A.2.5.

■ **Public Sector Health Expenditure by Source of Finance**

Health expenditures by governments and government agencies (the public sector) are financed by three levels of government—provincial and territorial governments; federal government direct health care spending; municipal government and, by Workers’ Compensation Boards and other social security schemes. The distribution of public sector expenditure among these four sources of finance is shown in Table 1. Provincial/territorial government expenditure was \$8.7 billion in 1975, accounting for 93.6% of public sector expenditure and 71.4% of total expenditure that year. The other public sources together totaled \$0.6 billion, or 6.4% of the public sector and 4.9% of total expenditure in 1975. The provincial/territorial government share of public sector spending was highest in the late seventies at 94.1%. Over the next sixteen years, the proportion fell by 1.3 percentage points to reach 92.8% of public spending in 1996. The proportion declined further in 1997, when the Quebec Drug Insurance Fund was introduced and included in the Social Security Funds sector. Higher relative growth in direct health care spending by the federal government also contributed to the fall in the overall share of provincial/territorial government spending in the public sector. By 2002, provincial/territorial government expenditure was \$72.8 billion, accounting for 91.6% of public sector expenditure, a drop of 2.0 percentage points from 1975 and 2.5 percentage points from its high in 1979.

Provincial/territorial government expenditure as a proportion of total expenditure has gradually fallen from 71.4% in 1975 to 63.9% in 2002, with the largest falls during the severest period of cost containment by provincial/territorial governments from 1992 to 1996.

Table 1 – Distribution of Public Sector Health Expenditure by Source of Finance, Canada, 1975 and 2002

| | 1975 | | 2002 | |
|------------------------------------|----------------|--------------|-----------------|--------------|
| | (\$' 000,000) | (%) | (\$' 000,000) | (%) |
| Provincial/Territorial Governments | 8,709.3 | 93.6 | 72,828.3 | 91.6 |
| Federal Direct | 398.3 | 4.3 | 4,279.5 | 5.4 |
| Social Security Funds | 121.1 | 1.3 | 1,557.8 | 2.0 |
| Municipal Governments | 71.6 | 0.8 | 873.5 | 1.1 |
| Total Expense | 9,300.3 | 100.0 | 79,539.1 | 100.0 |

Source: Canadian Institute for Health Information.

Federal Transfers

National health expenditures are reported based on the principle of *responsibility for payment* rather than on the source of the funds. It is for this reason that federal health transfers to the provinces are included in the provincial government sector. There are now five major programs: the Canada Health Transfer, Canada Social Transfer, Health Reform Transfer, Equalization, and Territorial Formula Financing.

In April 1996 the Canada Health and Social Transfer (CHST) was introduced. The CHST is a block fund to the provinces in support of health care, post secondary education, social assistance and other social programs. Provinces can allocate the CHST to health and other social programs according to their specific priorities. Nevertheless, the 1999 federal government budget allocated an additional \$11.5 billion dollars in cash transfers to the provinces on an equal per capita basis over five years. The federal government designated this money specifically for health care. Most of the funds (\$8.0 billion) were to be in the form of future-year increases in the CHST, with a \$3.5 billion supplement available to the provinces and territories beginning in 1999.

An additional \$2.5 billion over four years beginning in 2000–2001 was allocated to the CHST in the February 2000 federal budget to fund both post-secondary education and health. The health accord signed by the federal and provincial governments on September 11, 2000 further supplemented the CHST adding gradual annual increases that will take the cash component of the CHST from \$15.5 billion in 2000–2001 to \$21 billion by 2005–2006.

The September 2000 health accord added an additional \$2.3 billion in transfers by the federal government to be paid out over five years that was outside of the CHST mechanism. Specifically, \$500 million was allocated in 2000–2001 for health information technology. Another \$1.0 billion was allocated over two years beginning in 2000–2001 to the Medical Equipment Fund, which was intended to help in the purchase of major medical equipment such as magnetic resonance imaging units. A further \$800 million was allocated over four years beginning in 2001–2002 to the Health Transition Fund for Primary Care which is intended to ease pressures in emergency rooms and reduce waiting times.

In addition, the 1999 federal budget allocated nearly \$1.4 billion over four years for investments in health information, research and prevention. Furthermore, the Federal Minister of Finance in his June 19, 2002 speech to the House of Commons Standing Committee on Finance, indicated that the federal government was prepared to provide greater funding to Medicare if such reforms were recommended in the final report of the Commission on the Future of Health Care in Canada, chaired by former Saskatchewan Premier Roy Romanow.

In February 2003, an agreement was reached on a new Health Accord. The 2003 federal budget provided for an increase in federal funding of \$17.3 billion over the next three years and \$34.8 billion over the next five years.

Effective on April 1, 2004, the Canada Health and Social Transfer (CHST) was replaced by the Canada Health Transfer (CHT) and the Canada Social Transfer (CST). The CHST-legislated amounts have been apportioned between the new transfers.

In September 2004, a new agreement was reached that would provide an additional \$41 billion through the CHT over the next ten years.

The increases in federal transfers will be reflected primarily in increased expenditures by the provincial and territorial governments during the next several years.

Direct Federal Health Expenditure

In 2002, nearly 30 federal government departments and agencies provided direct health care services to Canadians worth \$4.3 billion and accounting for 3.8% of total health expenditure, slightly lower than the 4.0% in the previous year. Forecasts indicate that the share of federal direct spending will decline to 3.6% of total spending in 2004.

Federal departments that had the largest shares of total federal direct health expenditure in 2002 were Health Canada, which funded 75%, the Department of Veterans Affairs (16%), the Solicitor General of Canada (3%) and the Department of National Defense (3%). The Canadian Institutes of Health Research, which is included under Health Canada, accounted for 15% of total federal direct health expenditure.

Social Security Funds

Workers' Compensation Boards, which were shown as a separate category prior to 1977 reports, are included under Social Security Funds together with the Quebec Drug Insurance Fund. Both Workers' Compensation Boards and the Quebec Drug Insurance Fund meet the conditions of Social Security Funds. Social Security Funds are financially autonomous social insurance schemes that are imposed and controlled by a government authority. They generally involve compulsory contributions by employees, employers or both, and the government authority determines the terms on which benefits are paid to recipients.

Workers' Compensation Boards operate under provincial and territorial statute and are considered agencies of the provincial/territorial governments. They are financed through compulsory contributions by employers who pay a percentage of their total payroll depending on the accident experience of each category of employer.

On January 1, 1997 the Quebec Ministry of Health and Social Services, through the Régie de l'assurance-maladie du Québec (RAMQ) introduced a universal drug program that covered residents of the province who were not otherwise covered by the provincial program or by private health insurance generally offered through employment. Drug claims for these participants are paid from the Drug Insurance Fund. This fund is self-financed through the compulsory payment of premiums generally by the self-employed and employees of organizations that do not offer private drug insurance as a benefit of employment.

This component of the Quebec drug program is considered to be a social security scheme, while the remaining portion of the program that is paid through the Quebec Ministry of Health and Social Services is included as a provincial government expenditure.

Table 2 presents estimates from 1997 to 2004 and annual percentage changes from 1998 of the Quebec Drug Insurance Fund.

Table 2 – Quebec Drug Insurance Fund, 1997 to 2004

| | 1997 | 1998 | 1999 | 2000 | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 f | 2004 f |
|------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|
| \$' 000,000 | 172.0 | 218.2 | 264.0 | 332.3 | 379.9 | 450.4 | 551.3 | 620.2 |
| Annual Percentage Change (%) | --- | 26.8 | 21.0 | 25.9 | 14.3 | 18.6 | 22.4 | 12.5 |

f-Forecast

Source: Canadian Institute for Health Information.

■ Private Sector Health Expenditure by Source of Finance

Private sector expenditure in the National Health Accounts has three distinct components: household out-of-pocket expenditure, commercial and not-for-profit insurance expenditure and non-consumption expenditure.² The distribution of private expenditure between these three sources of finance is shown in Table 3. Out-of-pocket expenditure was estimated at \$17.1 billion in 2002, an increase of \$9.7 billion over the last 14 years. In 1988, the first year for which data at this level of detail was available, out-of-pocket expenditure accounted for 58.1% of private sector expenditure. By 2002, the proportion dropped to 49.7% as expenditure by insurance firms grew more rapidly. The share of non-consumption expenditure dropped from 12.7% to 9.7% during the same period (Table 3).

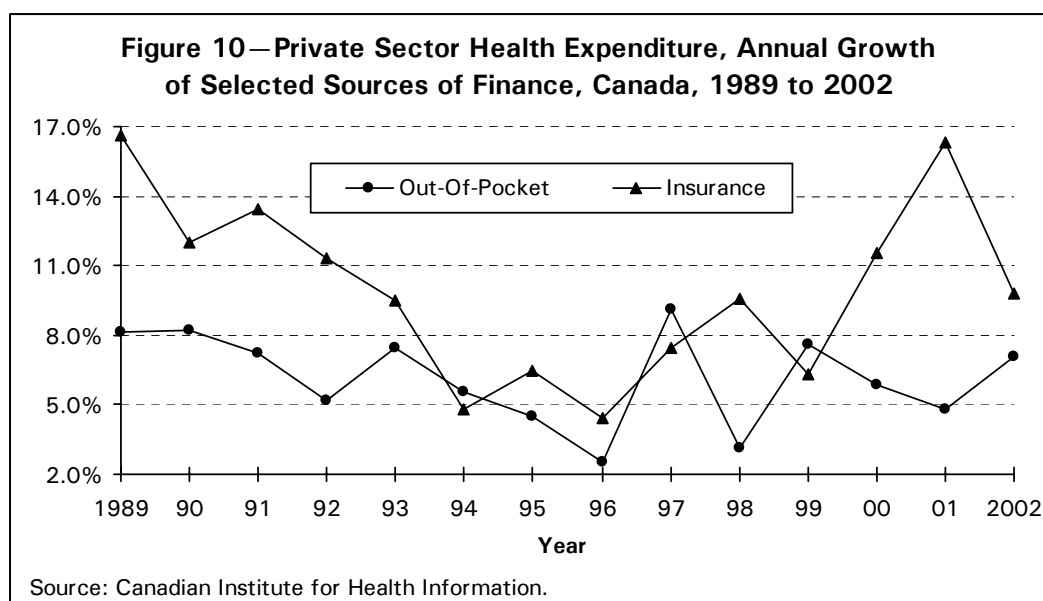
² Non-consumption expenditure includes a number of heterogeneous components, such as hospital non-patient revenue, capital expenditures for privately owned facilities and health research.

Table 3—Distribution of Private Sector Health Expenditure by Source of Finance, Canada, 1988³ and 2002

| Source of Finance | 1988 | | 2002 | |
|---------------------------|-----------------|--------------|-----------------|--------------|
| | (\$' 000,000) | (%) | (\$' 000,000) | (%) |
| Household (out-of-pocket) | 7,434.8 | 58.1 | 17,136.5 | 49.7 |
| Private Health Insurance | 3,735.7 | 29.2 | 14,015.8 | 40.6 |
| Non-Consumption | 1,625.9 | 12.7 | 3,350.2 | 9.7 |
| Total Expense | 12,796.4 | 100.0 | 34,502.5 | 100.0 |

Source: Canadian Institute for Health Information.

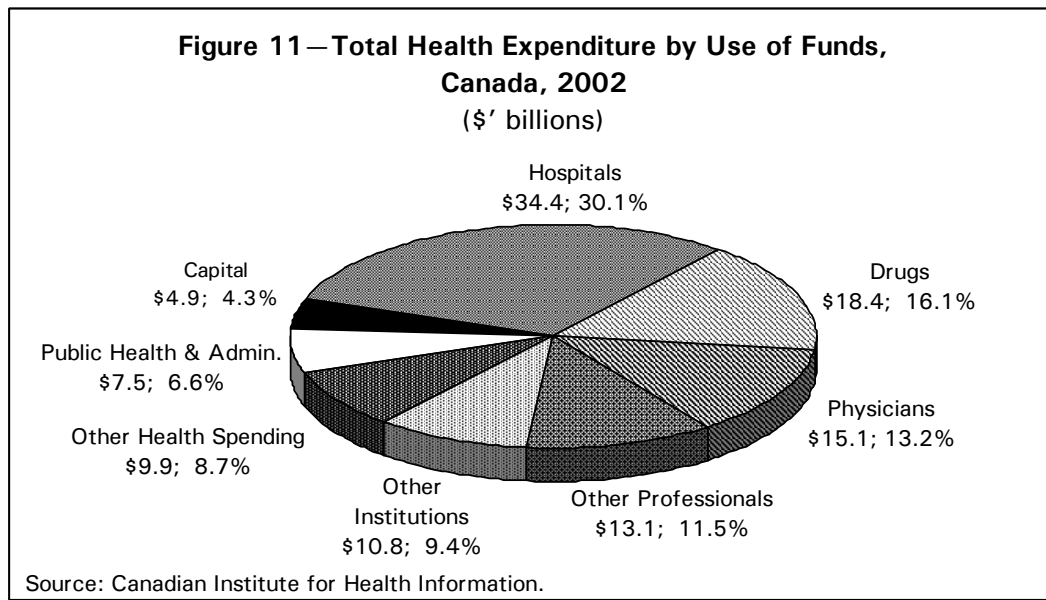
Insurance firms increased their share of private sector expenditure by over 11 percentage points during 1988 to 2002 and in 2002 were responsible for 40.6% of private sector health expenditure. Insurance expenditure grew more rapidly than out-of-pocket expenditure during the late 1980s and most of the 1990s, but rates of growth converged in the mid-1990s. By 2002, growth in health expenditure from households and health insurance firms were 7.0% and 9.8%, respectively (Figure 10). This represents an increase in growth in household expenditure from the previous year and a fall in insurance expenditure.



³ Private sector data were revised following a methodology review in the early 1990s. The revised private sector data incorporated information estimated directly from insurance, out-of-pocket and non-consumption sources for 1988 and subsequent years. See Methodological Notes for further details.

TOTAL HEALTH EXPENDITURE BY USE OF FUNDS

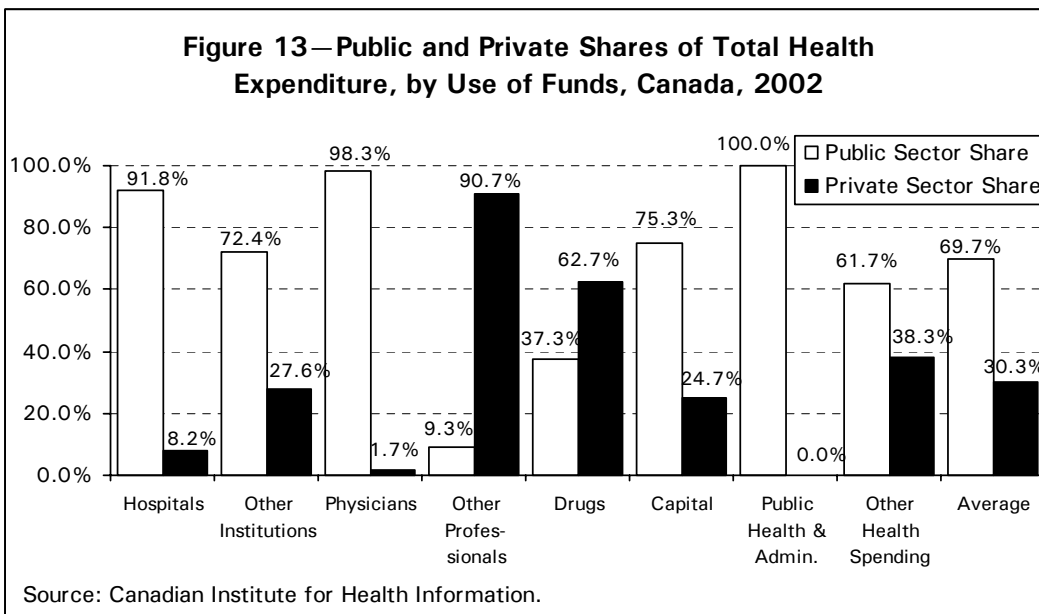
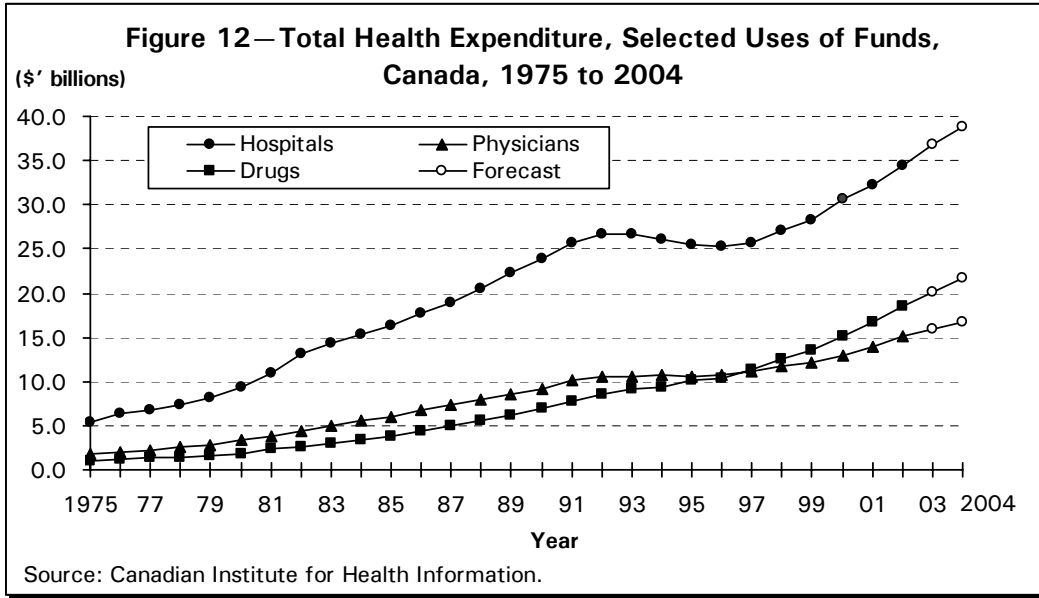
Health dollars are used to purchase health care goods and services, to provide capital investment, to administer public and private insurance plans and public health programs, and to fund research. These uses are grouped into eight major categories (uses of funds) throughout most of the National Health Expenditure data series (Figure 11). Data table series A.3.1 to A.3.3 report national estimates for thirteen categories.



This section discusses the public and private shares of total health expenditure and the shares of the major categories between the public and private sectors and refers to Figures 11 to 18.

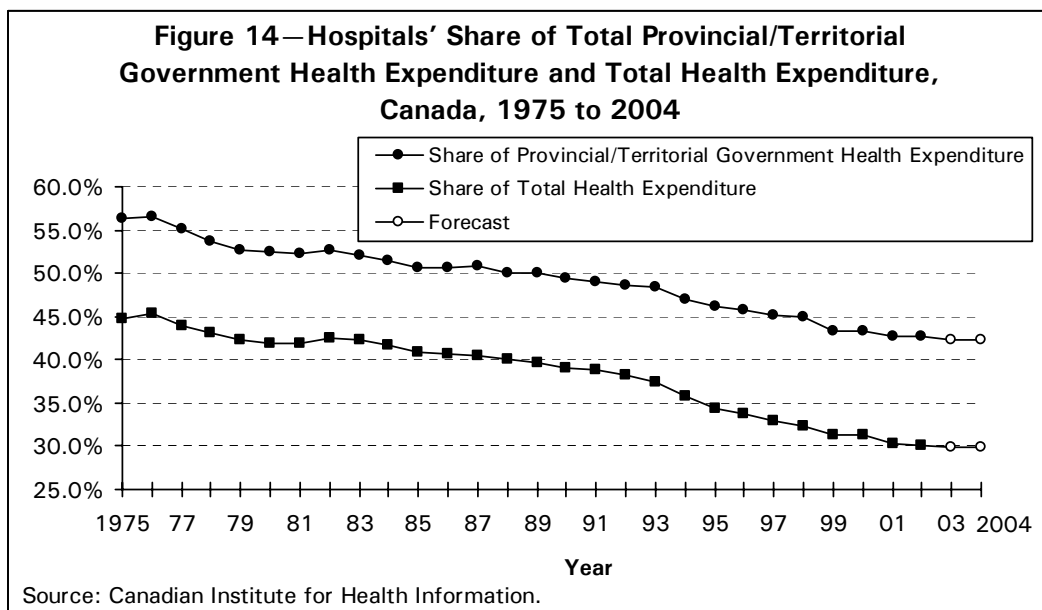
Figure 12 shows national expenditures for the three major uses of funds from 1975 to 2004 in billions of current dollars. Figure 13 presents the public and private shares at the national level of the eight major uses of funds in 2002.

See Data Tables A.3.1 to A.3.3 and C.1.1. to C.4.4.



■ Hospitals

Hospitals have traditionally occupied a prominent place in health care provision. In the mid-1970s hospitals accounted for approximately 45% of total health expenditure and for 56% of provincial government health expenditure. During the past 30 years, the share of hospitals in total health expenditure has fallen. Between 1976 and 1990, hospitals' share of total expenditure fell by 6.1 percentage points, while their share of provincial expenditure dropped 7.1 percentage points. During the 1990s hospitals' share of total and provincial expenditure declined by 7.7 percentage points and 6.1 percentage points respectively (Figure 14). In 2002, Canadians spent \$34.4 billion on hospitals, accounting for 30.1% of total expenditure.

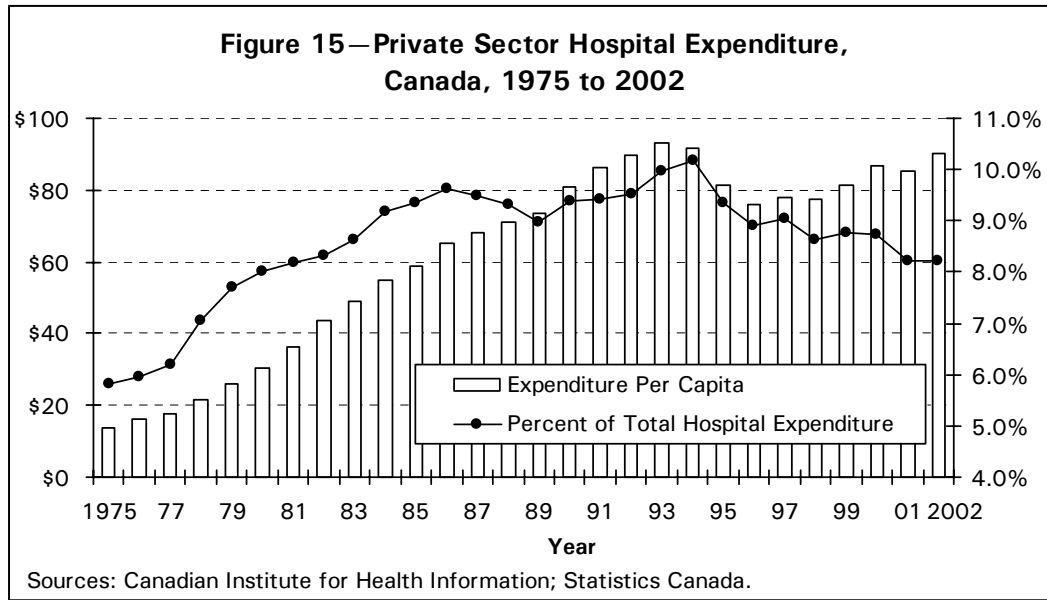


Provincial and territorial government expenditure accounts for 90% of hospital income (Table 4). The private sector is the next largest source of income, followed by other public sectors. Private sector expenditure per capita decreased in most years from 1994 to 2001. This decrease in hospital revenue from the private sector was due in large measure to reductions in the number of hospitals and beds, and the associated decline in revenue for preferred accommodation and auxiliary services. Private sector revenue fell more rapidly than overall hospital expenditure, with the result that by 2002 the private sector accounted for only 8.2% of total hospital expenditure, down from a high of 10.2% in 1994 (Figure 15).

Table 4—Hospital Expenditure Summary by Sector of Finance, Canada, 2002

| | Provincial/ Territorial | Other Public | Private | Total |
|--------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------|------------|------------|
| Total Expenditure (\$'000,000) | \$31,026.51 | \$522.06 | \$2,826.49 | \$34,375.1 |
| Expenditure Per Capita | \$988.97 | \$16.64 | \$90.09 | \$1,095.70 |
| Share of Total | 90.3% | 1.5% | 8.2% | 100.0% |

Source: Canadian Institute for Health Information.



Of the \$2.8 billion spent on hospital services by the private sector in 2002, households and insurance firms together spent about \$1.4 billion providing income to hospitals for patient services.⁴ Non-patient revenue earned from investments, food services, real estate, parking, rentals, donations and other sources provided the remaining \$1.4 billion of the private sector in 2002. The distribution of expenditure financed by insurance, households (out-of-pocket expenditure) and non-consumption in 2002 is shown in Table 5.

In 2003, it is expected that the private share of total hospital expenditure will fall slightly to 8.0%, reflecting lower expected growth in the private sector at 4.4% and reaching \$3.0 billion in expenditure on hospital services. Growth in the provincial government sector for the same year is expected to be 7.4% reaching \$33.3 billion. In 2004, hospital expenditure in the provincial government sector is expected to have grown by an additional 5.8% to reach \$35.3 billion in expenditure. Growth in the private sector in 2004 is expected to have been 4.5% to reach \$3.1 billion in spending. The relatively lower growth in the private sector than in the provincial government sector is expected to lower the private sector share of total hospital spending to 7.9%. Overall, the share that hospitals will take of total expenditure will fall from 30.1% in 2002 to 29.9% in 2003 and 2004.

⁴ Income to hospitals for patient services includes charges for preferred accommodation, care of non-residents, chronic care co-payments, uninsured services and other patient services.

Table 5—Private Sector Health Expenditure, by Source of Finance and Use of Funds, Canada, 2002
((\$' millions)

| | Households (Out-of-Pocket) | Insurance | Non- Consumption | Total |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------|-----------------|
| Hospital Accommodation | 579.3 | 867.6 | 1,379.7 | 2,826.5 |
| Other Institutions* | 2,973.4 | | | 2,973.4 |
| Physicians Care | 257.3 | 2.4 | | 259.8 |
| Other Professionals | | | | |
| Dental Care | 3,389.2 | 4,441.3 | | 7,830.5 |
| Vision Care | 1,951.5 | 607.6 | | 2,559.2 |
| Other—Other Professionals | 860.3 | 643.3 | | 1,503.5 |
| Drugs | | | | |
| Prescribed Drugs | 2,934.1 | 5,004.1 | | 7,938.2 |
| Over-the-Counter Drugs | 1,885.2 | 0.0 | | 1,885.2 |
| Personal Health Supplies | 1,710.2 | 0.0 | | 1,710.2 |
| Capital | | | 1,216.1 | 1,216.1 |
| Other Health Spending | | | | |
| Prepayment Administration | | 2,305.0 | | 2,305.0 |
| Health Research* | | | 754.4 | 754.4 |
| Other Health Care Goods | 198.9 | 74.6 | | 273.5 |
| Other Health Care Services | 397.2 | 69.9 | | 467.1 |
| Total Expense | 17,136.5 | 14,015.8 | 3,350.2 | 34,502.5 |

Source: Canadian Institute for Health Information.

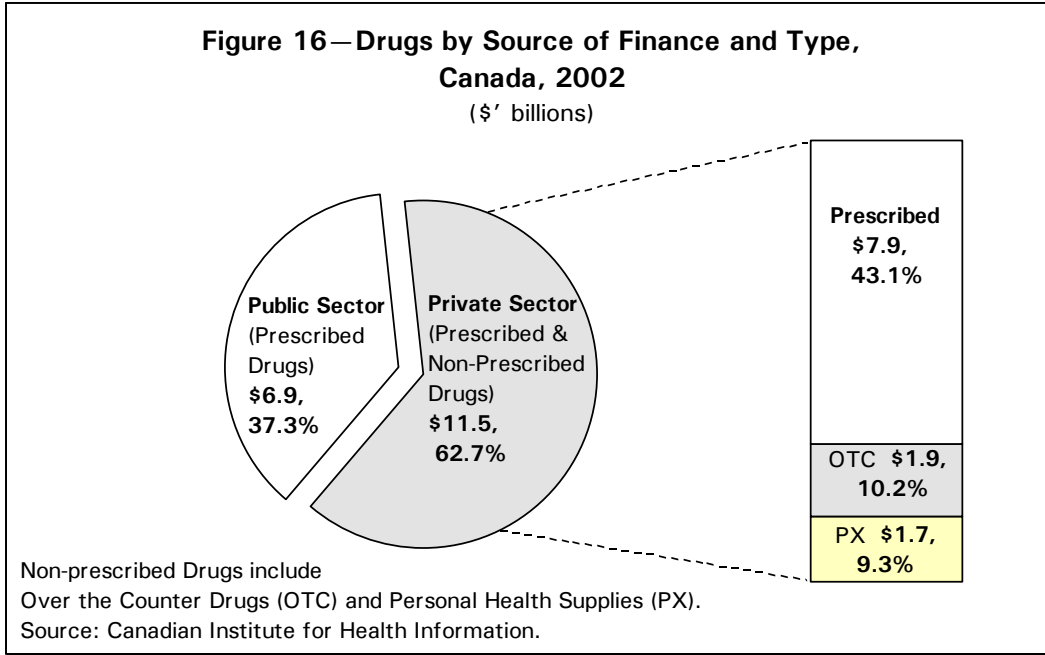
* Forecast for 2002.

■ Drugs

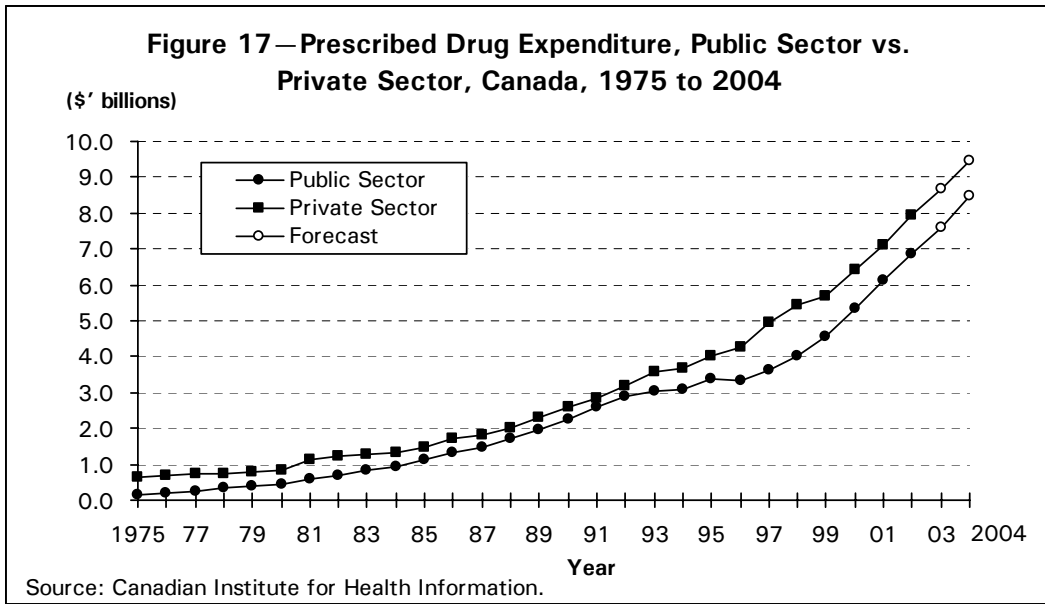
Retail sales⁵ of prescribed and non-prescribed drugs together constituted the second largest category of health expenditure in 2002 at \$18.4 billion, an increase of 10.5% over 2001. Expenditure for drugs has increased more rapidly than total expenditure, with the result that the share of total health expenditure allocated to drugs increased from (a low of) 8.4% in the late 1970s to 16.1% in 2002 (Figure 11). Spending on drugs is forecast to have increased by another 8.7% in 2003 to \$20.0 billion and by 8.8% in 2004 to \$21.8 billion, or 16.7% of total health care spending.

Non-prescribed drugs, which include over-the-counter drugs and personal health supplies, amounted to 19.5% of total expenditure on drugs in 2002 (Figure 16).

⁵ The drug category does not include drugs dispensed in hospitals and generally in other institutions. These are included in the categories of hospitals and other institutions.



In 1976, the private sector accounted for over 75.6% of expenditure for prescribed drugs; by 1992, it had decreased to 52.3%. The share of prescribed drugs financed from private sources has increased steadily from 1992 to 1998 reaching 57.5%. In 2001, the share fell to 53.7%, or \$7.1 billion; in 2002 the share fell to 53.6%, or \$7.9 billion. Forecasts indicate that in 2003 and 2004 prescribed drugs expenditure in the private sector will be \$8.7 billion and \$9.5 billion, respectively. In 2003 the private share of prescribed drugs is expected to have fallen to 53.3%. In 2004 it is expected to have decreased slightly to 52.7% of total spending, reflecting slightly higher relative growth in public sector drug programs in that year (Figure 17).



■ Physicians

Physician services constituted the third largest category of total health expenditure in 2002 at \$15.1 billion, representing 13.2% of total health expenditure. Expenditure for physician services grew at above average rates through the mid-1980s, and peaked at 15.7% of total expenditure in 1987. Expenditure grew at below average rates during the 1990s, leading to a decline in the share of total expenditure. Physician expenditure is forecast to have reached \$16.0 billion in 2003, a 6.4% increase over the previous year. In 2004, this category is forecast to have grown by 4.8% to reach \$16.8 billion and reflecting 12.9% of total expenditure.

Public sector expenditure on physicians has remained above 98% of total physician expenditure since 1975. The private share of physician expenditure was high in the decade from 1976 to 1986, when a number of provinces permitted supplementary charges to patients (sometimes referred to as “extra billing” or “balance billing”). The private share reached a low of 0.9% from 1991 to 1993; by 2002 the private share of physician services had reached 1.7%.

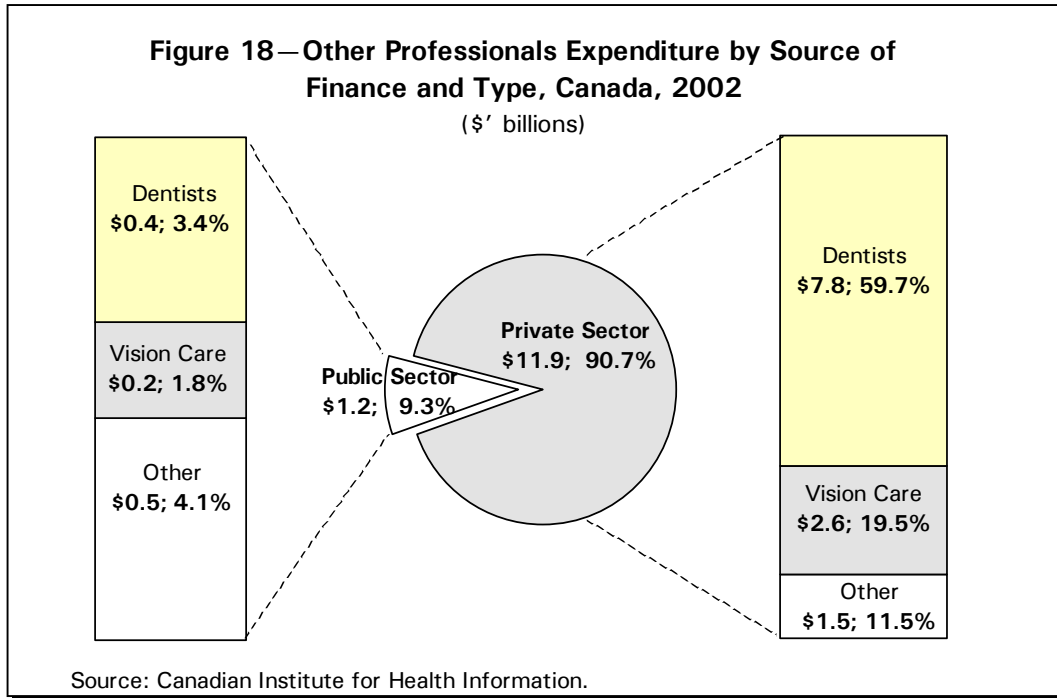
Physician services were the second largest category of public sector health expenditure in 2002 at 18.6%, the same share as in 1982.

Households account for almost all private spending for physician services. Insurance of supplementary charges to patients for medically necessary services was discouraged prior to the Canada Health Act, and such charges are not permitted under the Act. Physician charges for uninsured services and administrative fees have not been insured as explicit benefits of most insurance plans, but they may be insured under broad coverage terms that include care not covered by public plans.

■ Other Professionals

The broad category of other professionals includes primarily care provided by dentists and denturists, optometrists and opticians, chiropractors, physiotherapists and, private duty nurses. The category of other professionals accounted for \$13.1 billion or 11.5% of total expenditures in 2002 and has maintained the highest percentage of private spending of all the major categories. The private share declined until 1981 reaching a low of 81.6%, and gradually increased to 90.7% in 2002. The private sector growth rates of this category have been more consistent than in other categories, averaging 11.5% through the 1980s and 6.5% from 1990 to 1997. Public sector growth was considerably higher than the private sector from 1975 to the early 1980s, a period when the private sector share declined by over five percentage points. Overall, more than 63% of expenditure for other professionals was for dental care in 2002.

In 2004, total spending on other professionals is expected to have increased to \$14.6 billion, with a rate of growth of 5.4%.



Dental care and vision care are the major discrete categories of expenditure in both the public and private sector for other professional services (Figure 18). In the private sector, insurance firms accounted for 56.7% of the amount spent for dental care in 2002. In the same year, households accounted for 76.3% of spending on vision care in the private sector. Households also accounted for the majority of amounts spent for professionals providing services other than dental or vision care e.g. physiotherapists, chiropractors, podiatrists, massage therapists and private duty nurses. Estimates are not reported separately for these professions by private sector data sources.

■ **Other Institutions**

In 2002 the category of other institutions, which includes nursing homes and residential care facilities, accounted for 9.4% of total expenditures, or \$10.8 billion. Other institutions' share of total health expenditure is forecast to have been 9.4% of total expenditure in 2003 and 9.6% in 2004.

Public expenditure is the main source of finance for other institutions. In many provinces public responsibility is split between provincial and/or regional authorities; funding is often provided both by health and social services departments. The public sector share has varied over the last twenty years, fluctuating between 70% and 75% between 1975 and 1993, reaching the highest level in the early 1980s. In 1994, the public sector share fell below 70% for the first time in the series. In 2002 the public share of other institutions was 72.4%.

■ Other Health Spending

Other health spending in past health expenditure reports was a broad category that included several heterogeneous sub-categories including public health and administration. The sub-categories with the greatest impact on the current category of other health spending are prepayment administration (the administrative expenses of providing health insurance) and health research.⁶ The remaining categories include medical transportation, hearing aids and appliances, occupational health and voluntary health associations and explicitly identified home care.⁷ In 2002, other expenditures accounted for \$9.9 billion or 8.7% of total health expenditure.

Public sector sources accounted for 61.7% of other expenditures in 2002, most of which was home care and ambulance services.

The broad category of other expenditures has grown faster than total health expenditure since 1982. In 2002, it is estimated to have grown at 7.4%. In 2003 and 2004 it is expected that other health spending will have grown by 6.0% and 6.2%, respectively, reaching \$11.2 billion by 2004.

■ Public Health and Administration

Public health and administration includes prevention and promotion activities and infrastructure costs to operate health departments. Public health and administration expenditure is reported in the public sector only.

In 1975, public health and administration accounted for 4.5% of total expenditure and 5.9% of public sector expenditure. Growth in this category has generally been higher than in other categories throughout the series. During the period when governments practiced policies of retrenchment in health care spending, particularly from 1992 to 1996, growth in public health and administration was at least double the growth in total health expenditure. This relative difference resulted in this category's share of total expenditure increasing to 6.6% in 2002, or \$7.5 billion. The share is expected to increase to 6.8% in 2003, and is expected to fall slightly in 2004 to 6.7%.

The Database Enhancements section of this report presents the results of a project to separate the categories of Public Health and Administration and to re-combine these sub-components with Occupational Health and Prepayment Administration, respectively.

⁶ Research funded by pharmaceutical companies is funded from drug sales and included in the drugs category.

⁷ Certain services that are identified by data sources as home care are included under the broad category of "other—other health spending". Private nursing care in the home, however, would be included in the "other—other professionals" category. Home care programs provided by hospitals are included in the hospitals category. Support services such as domestic maintenance and delivery of meals are considered to be social services within the current definition of home care and are removed where identified.

PROVINCIAL AND TERRITORIAL GOVERNMENT HEALTH EXPENDITURE BY AGE AND SEX⁸

The population of Canada is aging rapidly by historical standards. The largest concentration of population is in the middle age groups and moving upward.⁹ The “baby-boomers”, who are defined as those between 37 and 56 in 2002, represented approximately 32% of the population in 2002. Population projections indicate that the cohort of persons between 35 and 55 will gradually decline over the next twenty-five years to approximately 27% in 2026.⁹ The baby-boom cohort will affect the size of the elderly population, which was estimated at 12.7% in 2002, and is projected to grow to just over 21% by 2026 (using the traditional threshold of 65 years to define elderly persons). Future health care costs for an aging population has been a topical issue for a number of years.

The conventional wisdom holds that future demands for health care by an aging population will strain governments’ ability to fund services covered under the Canada Health Act. Canadian studies suggest that the effects of population growth and aging will be manageable, however, within the context of a growing economy.

This section briefly looks at provincial and territorial government expenditures by age and sex. CIHI has collected actual utilization data from national and provincial/territorial administrative databases for major categories of service delivered by provincial and territorial governments, from 1996 to 2002. A brief discussion is provided focusing on the age and sex distributions in 2002 (for 19 age groupings), of the hospital and physician categories. In addition, the analysis also examines provincial government health expenditure by age and sex and standardizes expenditures for differences in provincial populations.

The complete set of estimates for five major categories including hospitals, physicians, drugs, other institutions and other professionals, by eight age groupings from 1996 to 2002 are presented in the Series E Data Tables of this report.

⁸ A detailed explanation of methods and sources used to distribute provincial government health expenditure by age and sex is available in the Methodological Notes section of this report.

⁹ Statistics Canada Population Projections. Medium growth estimate. CANSIM II table 052-0001.

■ Hospital and Physician Expenditure

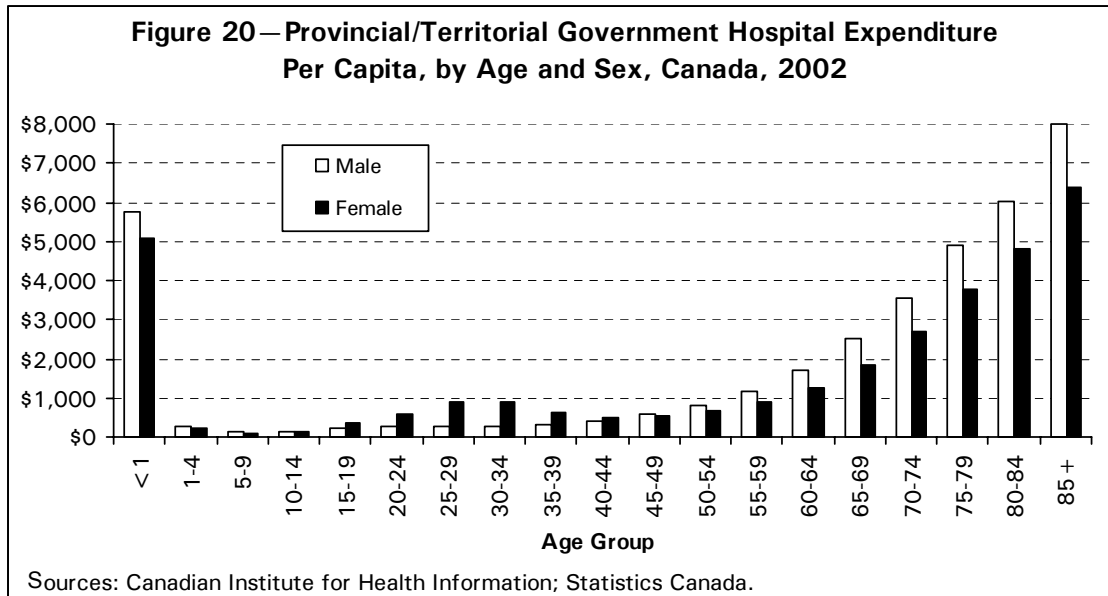
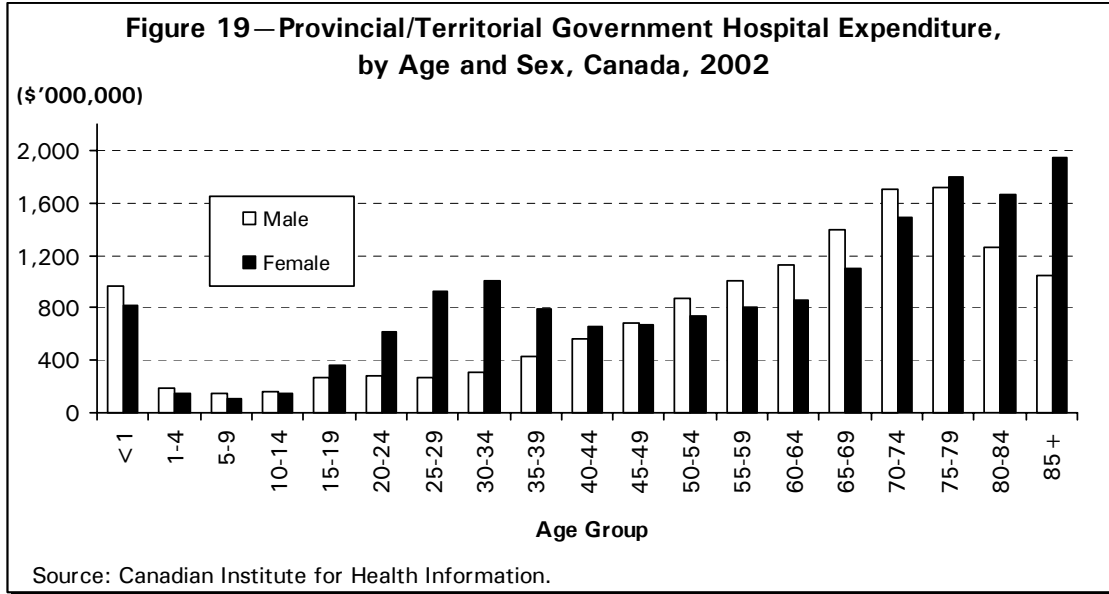
All residents are insured for hospital and physician plans under provisions of the Canada Health Act. Provincial and territorial governments account for 90% of total expenditure for hospitals and 97% for physicians services. These two categories accounted for approximately two-thirds of provincial and territorial health expenditure in 2002.

Hospital expenditure for children under one year of age was approximately \$1.78 billion in 2002, more than total expenditure for all children and teenagers from ages 1 to 19 (\$1.5 billion) (Figure 19). Hospital expenditure begins to increase steeply for females in the 15–19 age group, and continues to increase until it peaks in the 30–34 age group. Expenditure declines during the late 30s and early 40s, and then remains stable until the 60s. Expenditure for males increases slightly in the last five years of the teens, and then stays relatively stable until the 30s. Male expenditure is greater than female expenditure in the 50–54 age group, and in each subsequent five-year age group until age 75. Expenditure for males declines sharply after age 79, with expenditure for females higher than expenditure for males in each age group.

Persons 65 and over accounted for approximately 50% of provincial government hospital expenditure in Canada during 2002. Within this age group most was spent by 70 to 84 years old (31% of total). Children under one year old accounted for 6%.

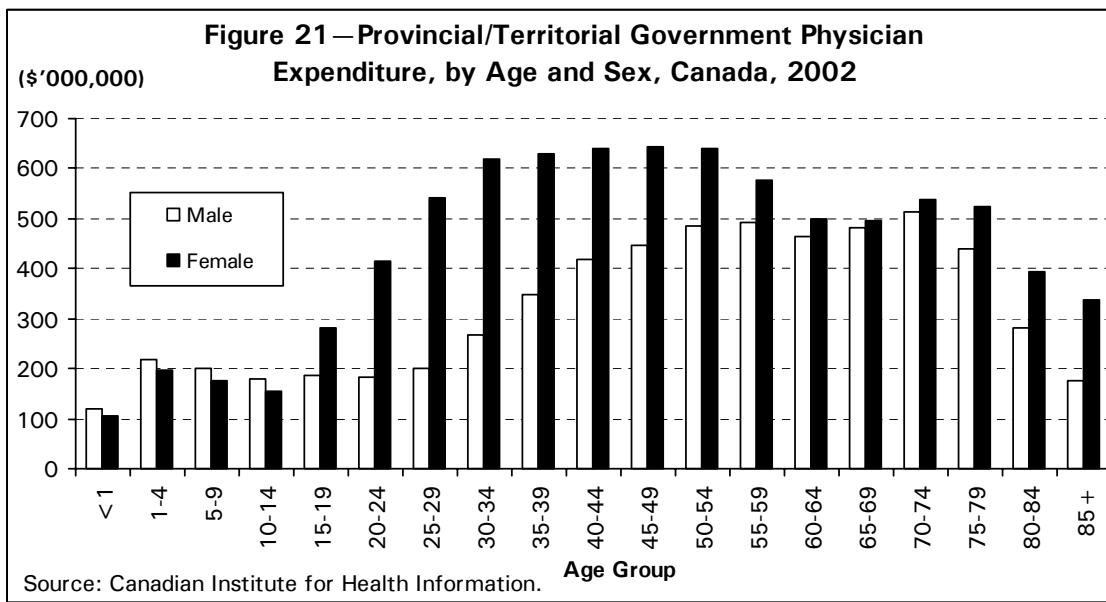
Hospital expenditure per capita exhibits a more striking age pattern than total expenditure. Expenditure per capita exceeds \$5,000 for both male and female infants under one year of age, a level not reached again until the 80–84 age group for males and the 85+ age group for females (Figure 20). Expenditure per capita drops to the range of \$100 to \$300 during the childhood and early teenage years. The temporary increase in the female expenditure curve during the 20s and 30s is also noticeable in per capita expenditure, peaking in the age groups from 25 to 35.

Expenditure per capita for both sexes remains under \$1,000 until the 55–59 age group for males and the 60–64 age group for females, when it begins to increase rapidly. Hospital expenditure per capita is higher for males than for females throughout the senior age groups. Higher total expenditure for females after age 75 results from higher female populations over 75, which in turn is due to greater longevity.

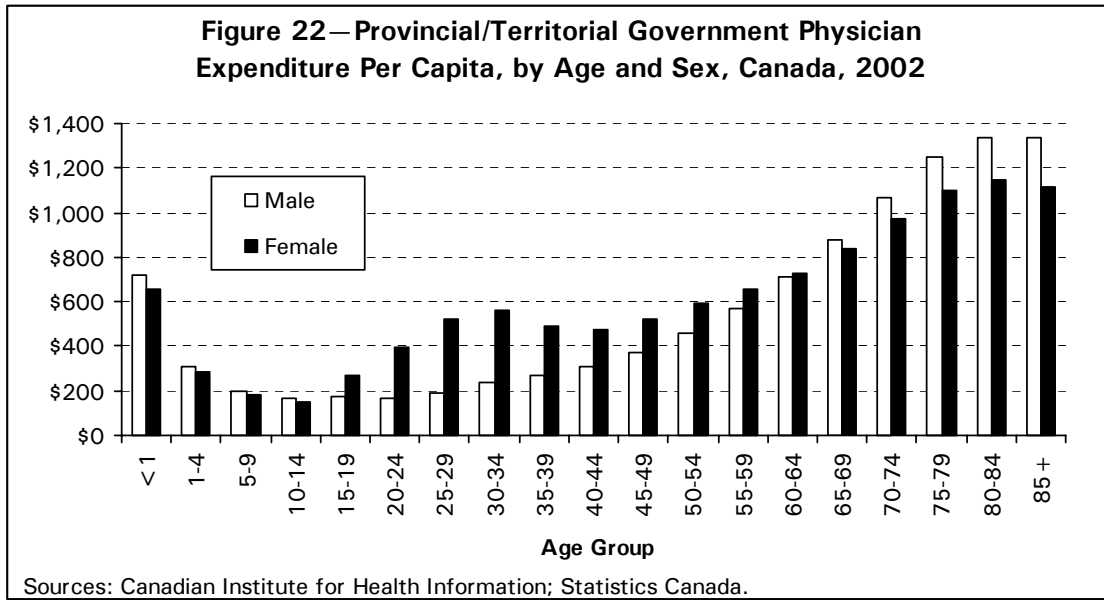


Physician services expenditure for females is slightly less than for males until age 14, and consistently higher thereafter (Figure 21). Expenditure for females is highest between the ages of 25 to 59, accounting for 51% of total expenditure for females. Expenditure for males for the same group accounts for 44% of total expenditure for males.

Expenditure per capita for physician services follows a different age group distribution than that observed for hospital services (Figure 22). Children under one exhibit relatively high expenditure per capita, but the magnitude of differences between expenditure per capita for infants and other children is much less in the case of physicians services than it is in the case of hospitals (expenditure per capita for physicians services is over 3 times as great for infants as it is for the 5–9 age group, while it is over 40 times as great for hospital services).



Expenditure per capita for females has a bimodal distribution, peaking at ages 30 to 34 and again at ages 80–84, then falling off in the oldest age group. Expenditure per capita for males has a fairly narrow range of \$145 to \$200 between the ages of 5 and 29, and then increases steadily through the middle and elderly age groups, peaking at \$1,340 for seniors aged 85 +. Expenditure per capita for males is consistently below the level for females in the same age group from age 15 to 64 and consistently higher thereafter. As in the case of hospital services, a larger population of women aged 65 and older is the main factor contributing to higher total expenditure for physicians’ services by female seniors compared to males.



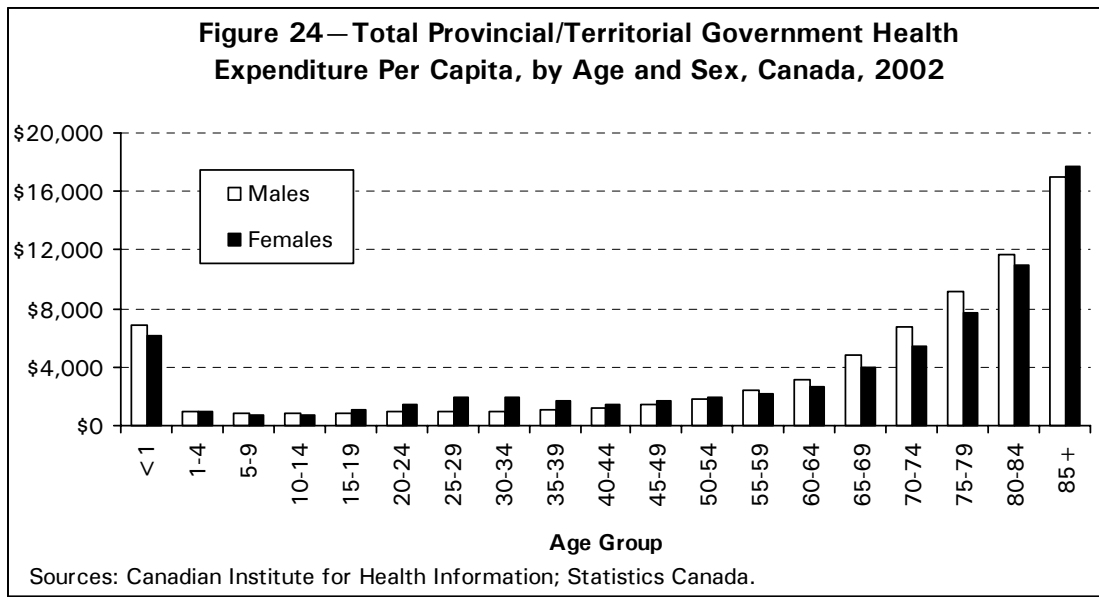
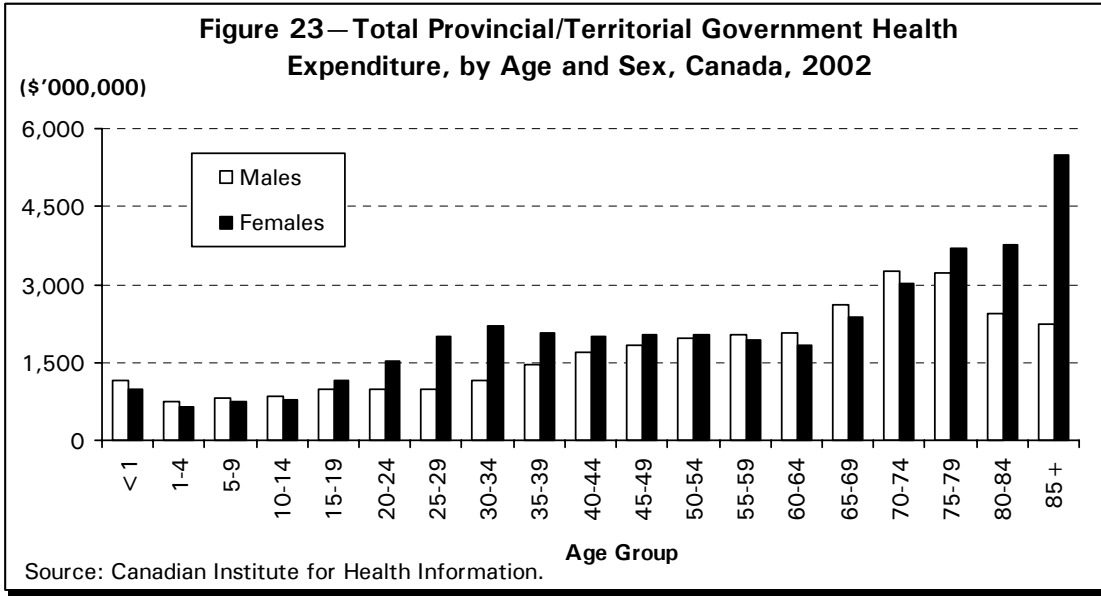
■ **Total Provincial/Territorial Government Expenditure¹⁰**

The distribution of provincial/territorial government health expenditure by age and sex, in millions of dollars and per capita dollars is shown in Figures 23 and 24. The influence of hospital and physician expenditure is obvious in the shape of the curves.

Seniors, ages 65 and older, consumed more than 44% of all provincial government health spending in 2002, while only comprising 12.7% of the population. Females accounted for an estimated 55% of all provincial government spending in 2002, with female seniors consuming the most at over 25%. Senior males accounted for approximately 20% of total expenditure. Infants accounted for less than 3% of total provincial government expenditure.

As in the case for hospital and physician services, there is high spending per capita for infant care, with costs estimated to be greater than \$6,000 per person for both sexes. From youths age 1, to adults age 49, spending per person slowly increases but does not exceed \$2,000 per person. There is a pronounced increase in per capita spending in the senior age groups. Spending per capita for females exceeds that of males from ages 15 to 54.

¹⁰ Missing data were estimated for this analysis. Refer to Age/Sex Distribution Methods in the Methodological Notes section of this report for more details.



PROVINCIAL AND TERRITORIAL GOVERNMENT HEALTH EXPENDITURE STANDARDIZED FOR AGE AND SEX

Provincial and territorial health expenditures per capita are quite similar because of universal coverage for medically necessary hospital and physicians services under the Canada Health Act. The 13 jurisdictions have different population age and sex profiles, however, which could lead to systematic differences in total expenditure, even if per capita expenditure were virtually the same for each age and sex group. Standardizing expenditure to a common population distribution provides a means to measure differences that result from utilization and prices.

Total provincial expenditure per capita, standardized for age and sex for 1998 to 2002, is compared in Table 6. Distributions that were unavailable for specific categories of expenditure were estimated for these comparisons. The data show both actual and standardized expenditures. Standardized expenditures were calculated by multiplying the male and female population of Canada in each of 19 age groups by the expenditure per capita for each age group in each province and territory, and dividing the product by the population of Canada.

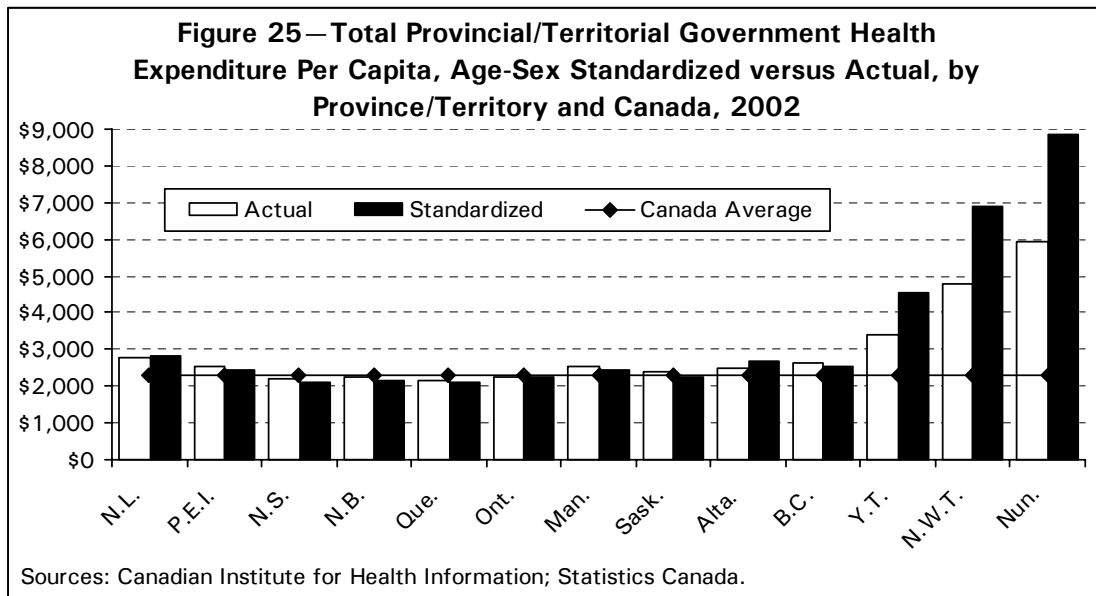
Percentage differences between actual and standardized expenditure tend to be most pronounced in Alberta, Saskatchewan, and the territories. Newfoundland and Labrador, Alberta and the territories have lower than average percentages of their populations over 65, which accounts for their increases in per capita expenditure when standardized to the national population. Quebec and Ontario show little difference between actual and standardized expenditure, due to their large shares of the total population. Other provinces show lower expenditure per capita when data are standardized, with the declines ranging from approximately two to seven percent. Saskatchewan standardized expenditure per capita is over six percent less than actual expenditure per capita for all four years presented in this analysis.

For all four years, the territories have the highest standardized expenditure per capita. In 2002, Newfoundland and Labrador, Alberta and British Columbia have the highest standardized expenditure among the provinces. Alberta per capita spending increases to second highest behind Newfoundland and Labrador in age-sex standardized comparisons, (Figure 25).

Table 6— Total Provincial/Territorial Government Health Expenditure Per Capita Standardized for Age and Sex, by Province/Territory and Canada, 1999 to 2002

| | 1999 | | | 2000 | | | 2001 | | | 2002 | | |
|--------|-------------|-------------------|----------------|-------------|-------------------|----------------|-------------|-------------------|----------------|-------------|-------------------|----------------|
| | Actual (\$) | Standardized (\$) | Percent Change | Actual (\$) | Standardized (\$) | Percent Change | Actual (\$) | Standardized (\$) | Percent Change | Actual (\$) | Standardized (\$) | Percent Change |
| N.L. | 2,240 | 2,313 | 3.2% | 2,360 | 2,418 | 2.4% | 2,575 | 2,624 | 1.9% | 2,787 | 2,823 | 1.3% |
| P.E.I. | 1,778 | 1,694 | -4.7% | 1,894 | 1,806 | -4.7% | 2,096 | 2,002 | -4.5% | 2,518 | 2,422 | -3.8% |
| N.S. | 1,880 | 1,795 | -4.5% | 1,914 | 1,822 | -4.8% | 2,022 | 1,920 | -5.0% | 2,205 | 2,096 | -4.9% |
| N.B. | 1,830 | 1,778 | -2.9% | 1,953 | 1,893 | -3.1% | 2,128 | 2,055 | -3.4% | 2,238 | 2,157 | -3.6% |
| Que. | 1,805 | 1,804 | -0.1% | 1,920 | 1,910 | -0.5% | 2,046 | 2,026 | -1.0% | 2,135 | 2,109 | -1.2% |
| Ont. | 1,886 | 1,890 | 0.2% | 2,048 | 2,059 | 0.5% | 2,114 | 2,133 | 0.9% | 2,239 | 2,264 | 1.1% |
| Man. | 2,116 | 2,020 | -4.5% | 2,292 | 2,192 | -4.4% | 2,427 | 2,323 | -4.3% | 2,540 | 2,438 | -4.0% |
| Sask. | 1,981 | 1,852 | -6.5% | 2,075 | 1,931 | -7.0% | 2,267 | 2,113 | -6.8% | 2,406 | 2,242 | -6.8% |
| Alta. | 1,928 | 2,091 | 8.5% | 2,067 | 2,245 | 8.6% | 2,300 | 2,496 | 8.5% | 2,482 | 2,687 | 8.3% |
| B.C. | 2,094 | 2,050 | -2.1% | 2,268 | 2,214 | -2.4% | 2,481 | 2,418 | -2.5% | 2,616 | 2,545 | -2.7% |
| Y.T. | 2,540 | 3,470 | 36.6% | 2,755 | 3,803 | 38.0% | 3,192 | 4,214 | 32.0% | 3,384 | 4,528 | 33.8% |
| N.W.T. | 4,363 | 6,269 | 43.7% | 3,905 | 5,670 | 45.2% | 4,777 | 6,726 | 40.8% | 4,785 | 6,913 | 44.5% |
| Nun. | 4,296 | 6,252 | 45.5% | 4,952 | 7,292 | 47.3% | 5,230 | 7,551 | 44.4% | 5,948 | 8,847 | 48.7% |
| Canada | 1,920 | 1,920 | --- | 2,062 | 2,062 | --- | 2,194 | 2,194 | --- | 2,321 | 2,321 | --- |

Sources: Canadian Institute for Health Information; Statistics Canada.



HEALTH EXPENDITURE IN THE PROVINCES AND TERRITORIES

Health expenditure per capita varies among provinces because of different age distributions.¹¹ Population density and geography also affect health expenditure, particularly in the case of the territories. Other factors that affect health expenditure include population health needs and the manner in which health care is delivered (including the balance between institutional and ambulatory care). The manner in which health care is financed is also an important consideration, including the degree of public coverage and private insurance for services not included in the Canada Health Act and the level of remuneration of health personnel.

Health expenditure per capita is highest in the territories, largely because of their large geographical areas and low population densities (Table 7). In 2002, expenditure per capita is quite evenly distributed among the provinces, with Manitoba, Alberta, and British Columbia ranking highest with expenditures of between \$3,938 and \$3,787 per person. Prince Edward Island, Newfoundland and Labrador, and Ontario occupy fourth to sixth positions with expenditures within a \$45 range, between \$3,760 and \$3,715 per capita.

Health expenditure as a percent of GDP shows greater variation than expenditure per capita, ranging from a low of 7.9% in Alberta to highs of 22.8% and 13.7% in Nunavut and Prince Edward Island, respectively.

In 2002, the public sector was responsible for 69.7% of Canadian health expenditure. The public sector share varied considerably among the provinces and territories. It exceeded 79% in the Territories, and was the lowest in Ontario (65.7%).

Public sector expenditure per capita averaged \$2,535 in 2002. After the territories, Newfoundland and Labrador, Manitoba, and British Columbia had the highest public sector expenditure; Ontario, Nova Scotia, and Quebec had the lowest.

Private sector expenditure averaged \$1,100 per capita in 2002. Ontario led the thirteen jurisdictions, followed by Nova Scotia, and Alberta.

¹¹ Provincial comparisons in this discussion are based on figures that are not adjusted for variations in age and sex. For age-sex standardized comparisons see the discussion in the previous section.

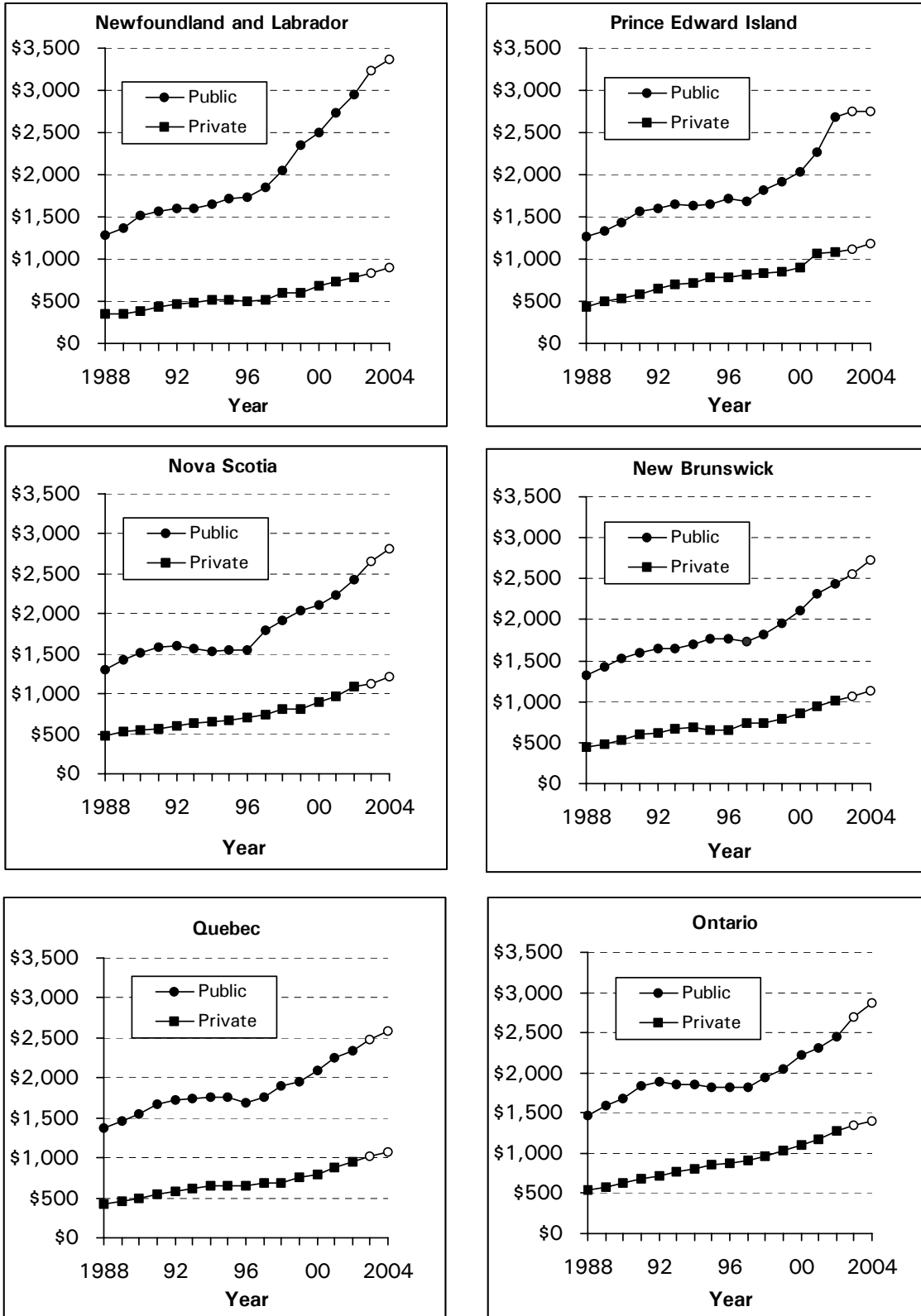
Table 7 – Health Expenditure Summary, by Province/Territory and Canada, 2002

| | Expenditure | Percent Distribution | Total Expenditure per Capita | | Total Health Exp. as Percent of GDP | Public Sector Exp. per Capita | Private Sector Exp. per Capita | Public Sector as Percent of Total |
|---------------|---------------|----------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| | (\$' 000,000) | (%) | (\$) | Change since 2001 (%) | (%) | (\$) | (\$) | (%) |
| N.L. | 1.9 | 1.7 | 3,741 | 8.1 | 11.7 | 2,954 | 787 | 79.0 |
| P.E.I. | 0.5 | 0.5 | 3,760 | 12.7 | 13.7 | 2,678 | 1,082 | 71.2 |
| N.S. | 3.3 | 2.9 | 3,521 | 9.8 | 12.1 | 2,425 | 1,097 | 68.9 |
| N.B. | 2.6 | 2.3 | 3,447 | 5.5 | 12.2 | 2,443 | 1,004 | 70.9 |
| Que. | 24.5 | 21.5 | 3,294 | 5.3 | 10.0 | 2,343 | 951 | 71.1 |
| Ont. | 45.0 | 39.4 | 3,715 | 6.2 | 9.4 | 2,442 | 1,273 | 65.7 |
| Man. | 4.6 | 4.0 | 3,938 | 5.7 | 12.3 | 2,874 | 1,064 | 73.0 |
| Sask. | 3.6 | 3.2 | 3,607 | 4.8 | 10.4 | 2,730 | 878 | 75.7 |
| Alta. | 11.9 | 10.4 | 3,806 | 6.5 | 7.9 | 2,716 | 1,090 | 71.4 |
| B.C. | 15.6 | 13.7 | 3,787 | 5.6 | 11.5 | 2,786 | 1,001 | 73.6 |
| Y.T. | 0.2 | 0.1 | 5,134 | 8.7 | 12.4 | 4,063 | 1,072 | 79.1 |
| N.W.T. | 0.3 | 0.2 | 6,494 | 0.7 | 9.1 | 5,826 | 668 | 89.7 |
| Nun. | 0.2 | 0.2 | 7,381 | 12.9 | 22.8 | 7,049 | 332 | 95.5 |
| Canada | 114.0 | 100.0 | 3,635 | 6.1 | 9.9 | 2,535 | 1,100 | 69.7 |

Source: Canadian Institute for Health Information.

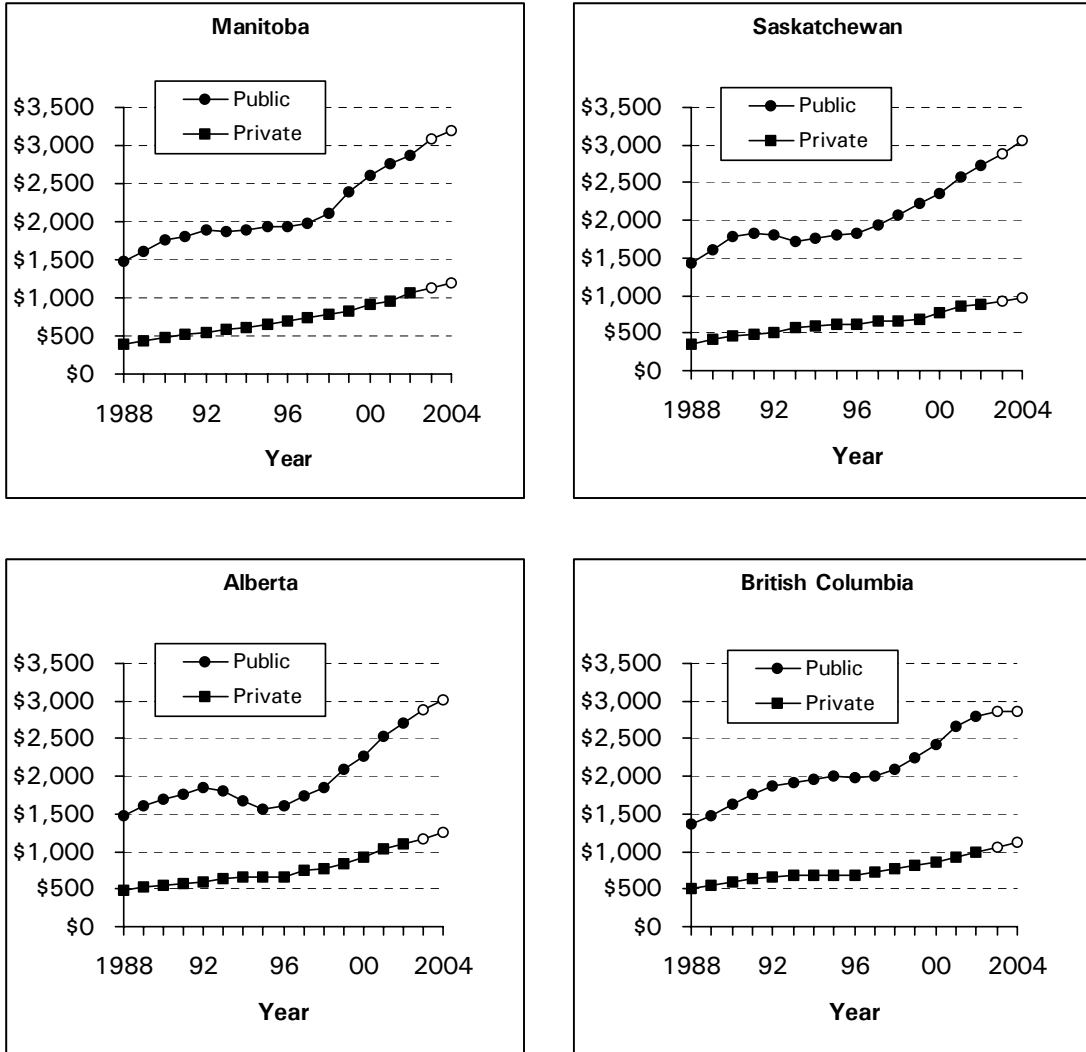
Public sector expenditure per capita declined in all twelve jurisdictions at some time during the 1990s, although the timing and duration of expenditure reductions varied. Quebec, Saskatchewan and Alberta experienced the sharpest declines, while the decline in Ontario was the most protracted with declines in each of the four years from 1993 to 1996 (Figure 26). All jurisdictions recovered from their declines during the latter half of the decade. British Columbia experienced the most stability in public sector expenditure per capita during the five years from 1993 to 1997, and stayed at or near the top of provincial rankings during that time. Current forecasts indicate that Newfoundland and Labrador and Manitoba will have the highest levels of public expenditure per capita among the provinces in 2004, while New Brunswick and Quebec are expected to have the lowest.

Figure 26—Public and Private Sector Health Expenditure Per Capita, 1988 to 2004, by Province and Territory—Current Dollars



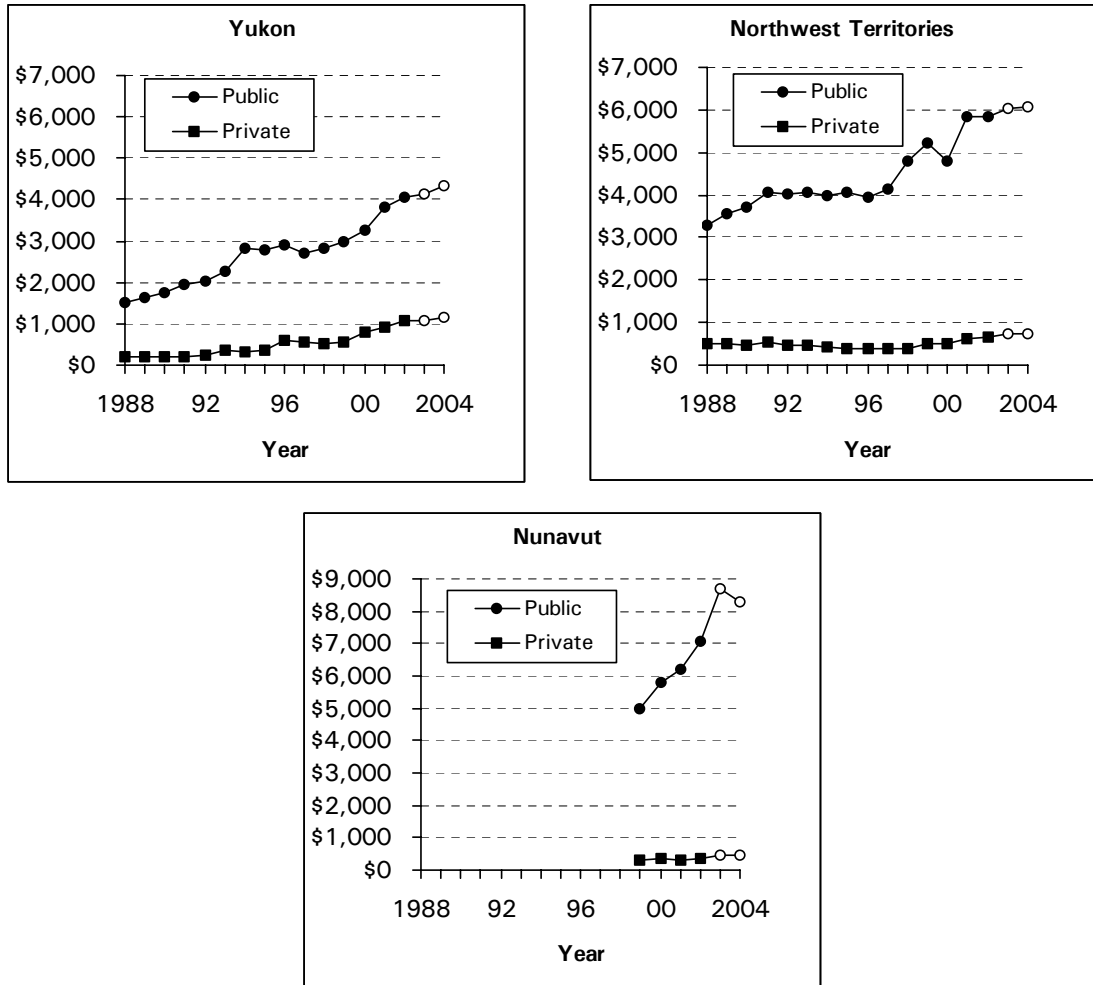
Sources: Canadian Institute for Health Information; Statistics Canada.

Figure 26 (cont'd)—Public and Private Sector Health Expenditure Per Capita, 1988 to 2004, by Province and Territory—Current Dollars



Sources: Canadian Institute for Health Information; Statistics Canada.

Figure 26 (cont'd)—Public and Private Sector Health Expenditure Per Capita, 1988 to 2004, by Province and Territory—Current Dollars

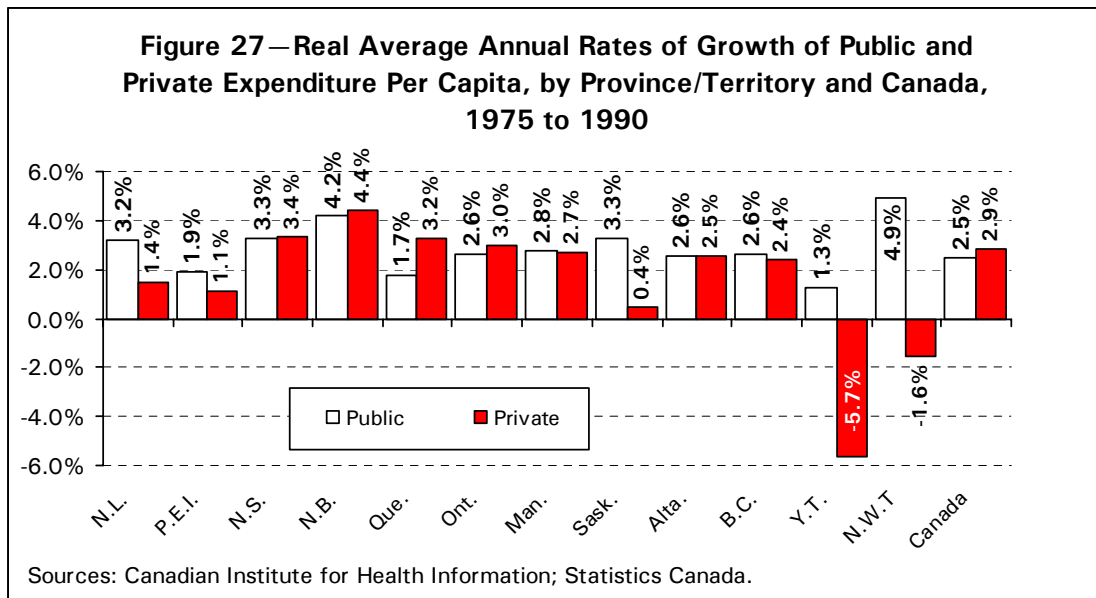


Sources: Canadian Institute for Health Information; Statistics Canada.

The provincial trends in Figure 26, which are not adjusted for inflation, show modest private sector growth in most provinces. Ontario private sector expenditure showed the steepest growth curve in the 1990s. By 2004, Ontario is expected to have the highest private sector expenditure per capita at \$1,401. Newfoundland and Labrador, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, Quebec, Saskatchewan and the Territories experienced reductions in private sector expenditure during brief periods of the 1990s. In Quebec the decline was only one year in duration but the Northwest Territories showed a slight downward trend from 1992 to 1997.

■ Provinces and Territories

Provincial rates of increase are compared in Figures 27, 28 and 29. The comparisons focus on growth of health expenditure per capita at constant prices. This is to standardize for both population growth and inflation, which have varied by province during the last two decades.¹² The graphs compare average annual growth rates in the public and private sectors during the fifteen years from 1975 to 1990 (Figure 27), the six years from 1990 to 1996 (Figure 28) and the six years from 1996 to 2002 (Figure 29). The choice of time periods has some effect on annual average growth rates. In particular, both sectors have experienced quite different rates of growth during specific periods of the 1990s, although the timing of trends has been different, both between sectors and among provinces, as discussed above. Because the early 1990s have witnessed policies of health system reform and public expenditure restraint in virtually all jurisdictions, this decade is viewed separately in comparisons of expenditure trends. This expenditure restraint relaxed over the period between 1996 and 2002, which saw significant public reinvestment in the health sector, hence this period is also viewed separately.



1975 to 1990

Public and private sector annual growth rates for Canada, and in most provinces, were close between 1975 and 1990. Growth rates between the two sectors were nearly identical in Nova Scotia, Manitoba and Alberta. Relatively large discrepancies between the two sectors were evident in Newfoundland and Labrador, Quebec, Saskatchewan and the territories.

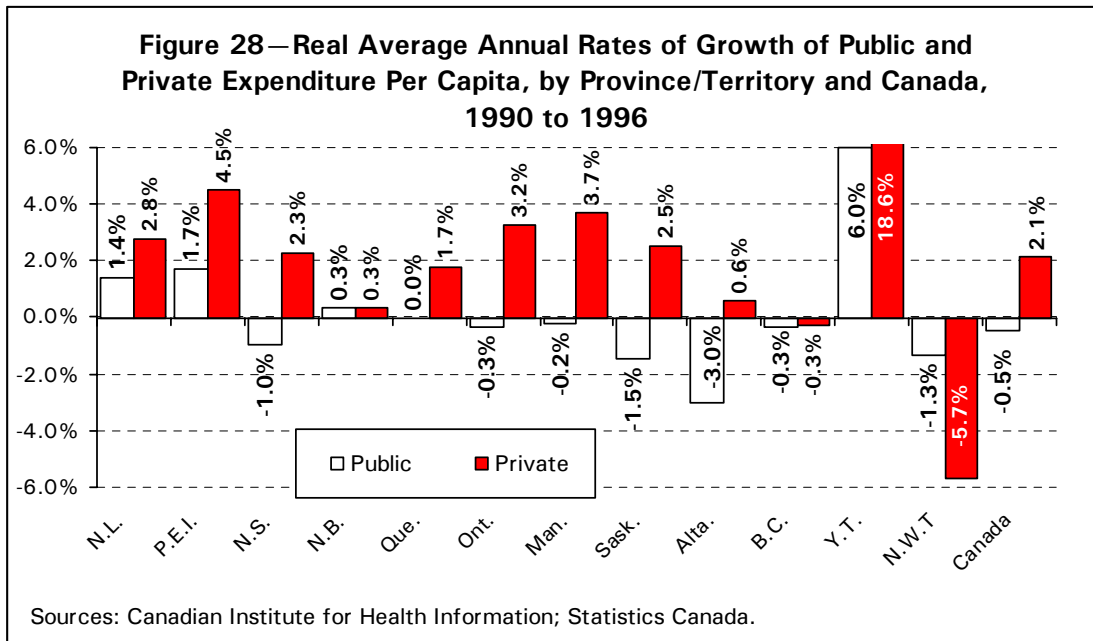
¹² The indexes used to measure inflation are the implicit price index for government current expenditure in the public sector and the Consumer Price Index health component in the private sector. Both indexes track prices separately in each province and territory (see Calculation Methods in the Methodological Notes section of this report).

Public sector growth rates tended to be higher than the Canadian average in three of the Atlantic Provinces, Ontario, Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta and British Columbia and the Northwest Territories, and lower in Prince Edward Island, Quebec and the Yukon. The Northwest Territories experienced the highest rates of public sector expenditure growth while the Yukon experienced the lowest. New Brunswick, Ontario, Nova Scotia, and Quebec experienced the highest private sector growth rates; Saskatchewan had the lowest; the Territories experienced decreases in private sector expenditure.

1990 to 1996

The trends in expenditure at constant prices between 1990 and 1996 tend to be closer to trends at market prices than they were in the earlier period, due to relatively low levels of inflation after 1992.

Public sector expenditure per capita at constant prices declined by an average of 0.5% annually from 1990 and 1996. Different trends were followed from east to west, with Newfoundland and Labrador, Prince Edward Island and New Brunswick showing small increases, and all other jurisdictions, except the Yukon, experiencing decreases. Among the provinces, Alberta experienced the largest decline, followed by Saskatchewan. Even among provinces experiencing growth during this period, public sector expenditure growth was substantially less than its average during the previous 15 years.

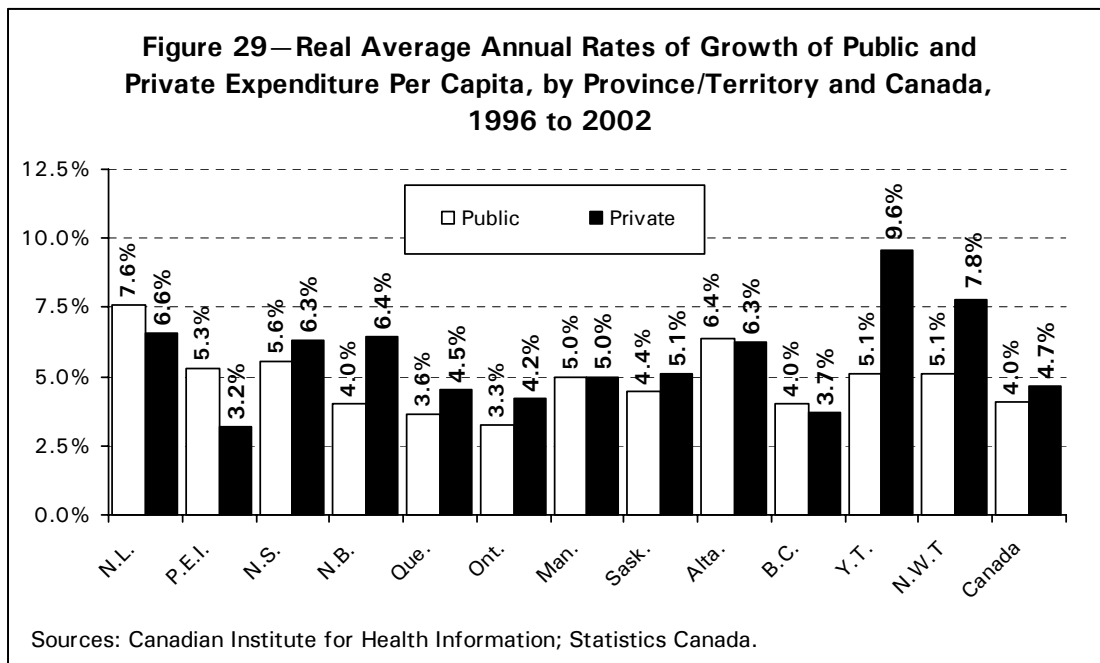


Real private sector expenditure per capita in Canada grew at similar rates during the 1990s as during the previous 15 years (2.1% and 2.9% respectively). Figure 28 shows a wave-like pattern among provinces and territories, cresting in Prince Edward Island, Manitoba and Yukon. British Columbia and the Northwest Territories experienced declines, while the private sector grew in New Brunswick and Alberta by less than 1.0%.

1996 to 2004

Public reinvestment in health care near the end of the 1990s contributed to significant increases in growth rates of public health expenditure across Canada. Public sector health expenditure per capita at constant prices grew by an average of 4.0% annually between 1996 and 2002. The highest growth rates are found in Newfoundland and Labrador, Nova Scotia, and Alberta. The lowest growth rates are found in Ontario, Quebec, and New Brunswick.

All provinces experienced an increase in real private sector expenditure per capita from 1996 to 2002. On average, real private per capita health expenditures grew by 4.7%. Alberta, Newfoundland and Labrador, New Brunswick, and Nova Scotia experienced growth rates higher than 6%. British Columbia and Prince Edward Island saw the smallest annual increase in private sector health expenditure.



In 2003 and 2004, real public sector health expenditure per capita is forecast to grow by 4.6% and 0.3%, respectively. All provinces are expected to have growth rates above 2.0% in 2003 except Prince Edward Island and British Columbia, which are expected to have rates of 0.8% and -0.1%, respectively. Nova Scotia and Newfoundland and Labrador are forecast to have a growth rates above 8.0%. In 2004, Ontario should have the growth rate at 2.7%, while British Columbia and Prince Edward Island are expected to experience declines of 5.4%.

Private sector per capita health expenditure at constant prices is forecast to have been 4.3% and 3.4% in 2003 and 2004, respectively.

INTERNATIONAL COMPARISONS

■ Comparability of Health Expenditure Across Countries

For the last four annual updates of the health database maintained by the Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD), member-countries were asked to report health expenditure according to concepts presented in the OECD manual *A System of Health Accounts* (SHA), released in May 2000. Countries are at varying stages of reporting total health expenditure according to the boundary of health care proposed in the SHA manual. This means that data presented in *OECD Health Data 2004* are at varying levels of comparability. This section shows health expenditure information for the twelve countries that most closely follow the health care boundary proposed in the OECD manual. The OECD states that the data for those countries are believed to be fairly comparable, although some deviations from SHA definitions may still exist among the sub-aggregate variables of total health expenditure.¹³ The twelve countries are Australia, Canada, Denmark, France, Germany, Hungary, Japan, Korea, the Netherlands, Switzerland, the United Kingdom and the United States.

■ Comparability of Health Expenditure Over Time

In the last few years, countries adopted the SHA to report their data for the most recent years. Many countries have yet to revise their series for earlier years. Breaks in series thus appear in most of the twelve countries in the mid to late 1990s.

The data presented in *OECD Health Data 2004* are based on the SHA starting in the following years:

Australia: 1998

Canada: 1975

Denmark: 1971

France: 1960

Germany: 1992

Hungary: 1998

Japan: 1995

Korea: 1982

Netherlands: 1998

Switzerland: 1995

United Kingdom: 1997

United States: 1999

Due to the change in reporting standards, this section on international comparisons focuses on data for 2002, the most recent year for which data are available, rather than on trends.

¹³ See **Data Comprehensiveness and Boundaries of Health Care** at the end of the International Comparisons section.

■ OECD Definition of Total Health Expenditure

Total expenditure on health is defined by the OECD as the sum of expenditure on activities that—through application of medical, paramedical, and nursing knowledge and technology—has the goals of:

- Promoting health and preventing disease;
- Curing illness and reducing premature mortality;
- Caring for persons affected by chronic illness who require nursing care;
- Caring for persons with health-related impairments and disabilities who require nursing care;
- Assisting patients to die with dignity;
- Providing and administering public health;
- Providing and administering health programmes, health insurance and other funding arrangements.

Activities such as food and hygiene control, health research and development, and training of health workers are considered health-related, but are not included in total health expenditure.

■ Health Expenditure and GDP

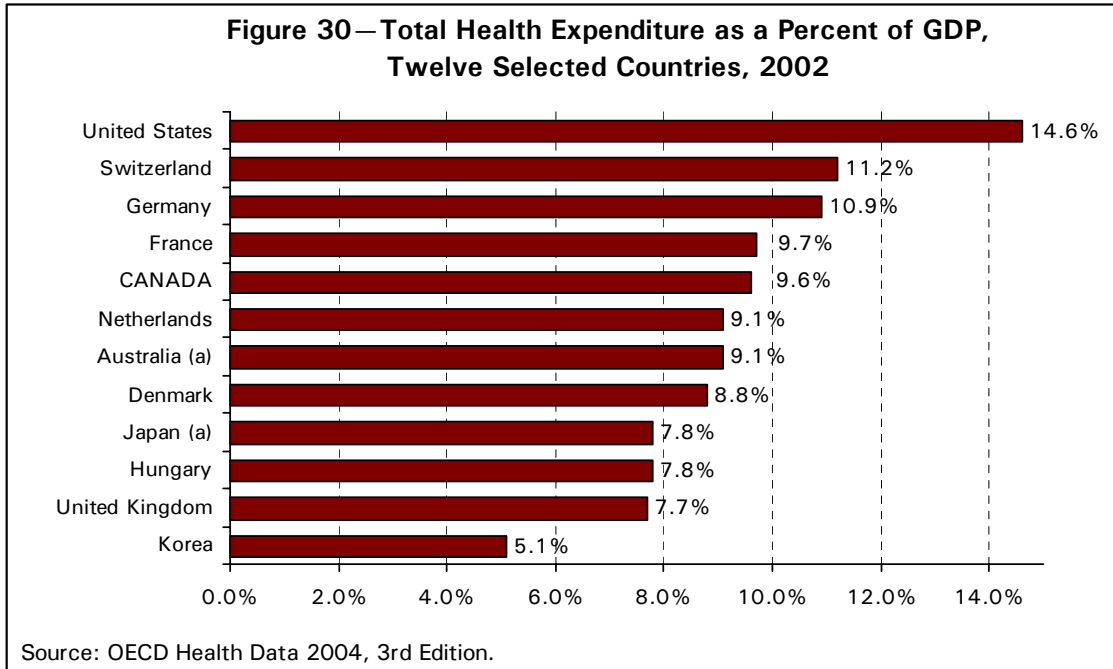
A higher level of public and private spending on health reduces the share of GDP that is left to purchase other goods and services. While there is more than a fivefold variation in health expenditure per capita between some countries, the share of GDP spent on health does not vary as widely. This reflects the fact that the level of health expenditure is driven in part by the level of GDP.

Total Health Expenditure as a Percent of GDP—2002

Canada is among the five countries with the highest ratio of total health expenditure to GDP.¹⁴ In 2002, the United States had the highest ratio of total health expenditure to GDP at 14.6%, followed by Switzerland and Germany respectively at 11.2% and 10.9%. Canada and France had comparable health expenditure to GDP ratios, at 9.6% and 9.7% respectively. Australia, the Netherlands and Denmark had similar ratios, ranging between 8.8% and 9.1%. The share of health expenditure to GDP was 7.8% in Japan¹⁵ and Hungary, 7.7% in the United Kingdom and 5.1% in Korea (Figure 30).

¹⁴ The OECD GDP figures are standardized for international comparability; consequently, the health expenditure to GDP ratios reported by the OECD may differ from those reported by the national health accounts of member countries. Specific to Canada, the GDP estimate published by Statistics Canada contains an amount for Financial Intermediation Services Indirectly Measured (FISIM). Statistics Canada removes the FISIM from the GDP estimate provided to the OECD. In addition, there is a time lag between both Statistics Canada's revision of the Canadian GDP and CIHI's revision of national health expenditure data, and their publication in OECD reports.

¹⁵ Notes provided to the OECD by Japan suggest that there may be a non-negligible under-reporting of private sector expenditure in this country. See **Data Comprehensiveness and Boundaries of Health Care** at the end of the International Comparisons section.



(a) Data for 2001.

Total Health Expenditure as a Percent of GDP—Trends 1975 to 2002

The health to GDP ratio is provided in Table 8 for ten countries starting in 1975. Data for Hungary and Korea are only available at a later date. There are some breaks in series due to the adoption of the SHA for international reporting and caution should be exercised in interpreting the data, although the impact of the break is believed to be lessened somewhat when the first and last year of a long time series are considered. All countries with available data back to 1975 experienced an increase in their health to GDP ratio over the 25 years, with the exception of Denmark that had a decrease of less than a percentage point. Health expenditure as a percent of GDP in the United States was almost seven percentage points higher in 2002 than in 1975. Switzerland followed with an increase of almost 4.5 percentage points in its health to GDP ratio. Canada, Japan, the United Kingdom, Germany, the Netherlands and Australia each increased by about 2 percentage points. During the late 1970s, Canada’s total health to GDP ratio was relatively constant, but it grew steadily during the 1980s with significant increases during the recessions of the early 1980s and 1990s. The ratio began to decline after it peaked at 10.0% in 1992. Denmark, Hungary, the Netherlands, and the United States also had peaks around 1993 to 1995, followed by declines. Since the late 1990s, the ratios have risen again.

Table 8—Total Health Expenditure as a Percent of GDP for Twelve Selected Countries, 1975 to 2002

(Caution—breaks in series: Bolded italicized figures are before the adoption of the SHA)

| Year | Australia | Canada | Denmark | France | Germany | Hungary | Japan | Korea | Netherlands | Switzerland | United Kingdom | United States |
|------|------------|--------|---------|--------|------------|------------|------------|-------|---------------|-------------|----------------|---------------|
| 1975 | 7.1 | 7.1 | 8.9 | 6.5 | 8.6 | | 5.6 | | 7.1 | 6.9 | 5.5 | 7.8 |
| 1976 | 7.2 | 7.1 | 8.8 | | 8.6 | | 5.6 | | 7.0 | 7.2 | 5.5 | 8.0 |
| 1977 | 7.4 | 7.0 | 8.6 | | 8.4 | | 5.8 | | 7.1 | 7.2 | 5.3 | 8.2 |
| 1978 | 7.2 | 7.0 | 8.7 | | 8.5 | | 6.0 | | 7.2 | 7.2 | 5.3 | 8.1 |
| 1979 | 7.0 | 6.9 | 8.8 | | 8.4 | | 6.1 | | 7.4 | 7.3 | 5.3 | 8.2 |
| 1980 | 7.0 | 7.1 | 9.1 | 7.1 | 8.7 | | 6.5 | | 7.5 | 7.3 | 5.6 | 8.7 |
| 1981 | 7.0 | 7.3 | 9.3 | | 9.0 | | 6.6 | | 7.7 | 7.4 | 5.9 | 9.0 |
| 1982 | 7.2 | 8.1 | 9.3 | | 8.9 | | 6.7 | 4.2 | 7.9 | 7.6 | 5.8 | 9.8 |
| 1983 | 7.3 | 8.3 | 9.0 | | 8.8 | | 6.8 | 4.1 | 7.8 | 8.0 | 6.0 | 9.9 |
| 1984 | 7.2 | 8.2 | 8.7 | | 8.9 | | 6.6 | 3.9 | 7.5 | 7.7 | 6.0 | 9.8 |
| 1985 | 7.4 | 8.2 | 8.7 | 8.2 | 9.0 | | 6.7 | 3.9 | 7.4 | 7.7 | 5.9 | 10.0 |
| 1986 | 7.6 | 8.5 | 8.3 | | 8.9 | | 6.6 | 3.7 | 7.5 | 8.0 | 5.9 | 10.2 |
| 1987 | 7.4 | 8.4 | 8.6 | | 9.0 | | 6.6 | 3.6 | 7.6 | 8.2 | 6.0 | 10.4 |
| 1988 | 7.3 | 8.3 | 8.8 | | 9.1 | | 6.3 | 3.8 | 7.7 | 8.3 | 5.9 | 10.8 |
| 1989 | 7.4 | 8.6 | 8.6 | | 8.6 | | 6.1 | 4.2 | 8.0(b) | 8.3 | 5.9 | 11.2 |
| 1990 | 7.8 | 9.0 | 8.5 | 8.6 | 8.5 | | 5.9 | 4.2 | 8.0 | 8.3 | 6.0 | 11.9 |
| 1991 | 8.0 | 9.7 | 8.4 | 8.8 | | 7.1 | 6.0 | 4.1 | 8.2 | 8.9 | 6.5 | 12.6 |
| 1992 | 8.1 | 10.0 | 8.5 | 9.0 | 9.9(a) | 7.7 | 6.2 | 4.2 | 8.4 | 9.3 | 6.9 | 13.0 |
| 1993 | 8.2 | 9.9 | 8.8 | 9.4 | 9.9 | 7.7 | 6.5 | 4.3 | 8.6 | 9.4 | 6.9 | 13.3 |
| 1994 | 8.2 | 9.5 | 8.5 | 9.4 | 10.2 | 8.3 | 6.7 | 4.1 | 8.4 | 9.5 | 7.0 | 13.2 |
| 1995 | 8.2 | 9.2 | 8.2 | 9.5 | 10.6 | 7.5 | 6.8 | 4.1 | 8.4 | 9.7 | 7.0 | 13.3 |
| 1996 | 8.4 | 9.0 | 8.3 | 9.5 | 10.9 | 7.2 | 7.0 | 4.2 | 8.3 | 10.1 | 7.0 | 13.2 |
| 1997 | 8.5 | 8.9 | 8.2 | 9.4 | 10.7 | 7.0 | 6.9 | 4.3 | 8.2 | 10.2 | 6.8 | 13.0 |
| 1998 | 8.6 | 9.2 | 8.4 | 9.3 | 10.6 | 7.3 | 7.2 | 4.4 | 8.1 | 10.3 | 6.9 | 13.0 |
| 1999 | 8.8 | 9.0 | 8.5 | 9.3 | 10.6 | 7.4 | 7.4 | 4.7 | 8.2 | 10.5 | 7.2 | 13.0 |
| 2000 | 9.0 | 8.9 | 8.4 | 9.3 | 10.6 | 7.1 | 7.6 | 4.6 | 8.2 | 10.4 | 7.3 | 13.1 |
| 2001 | 9.1 | 9.4 | 8.6 | 9.4 | 10.8 | 7.4 | 7.8 | 5.3 | 8.5 | 10.9 | 7.5 | 13.9 |
| 2002 | --- | 9.6 | 8.8 | 9.7 | 10.9 | 7.8 | --- | 5.1 | 9.1 | 11.2 | 7.7 | 14.6 |

-- Data not available for 2002.

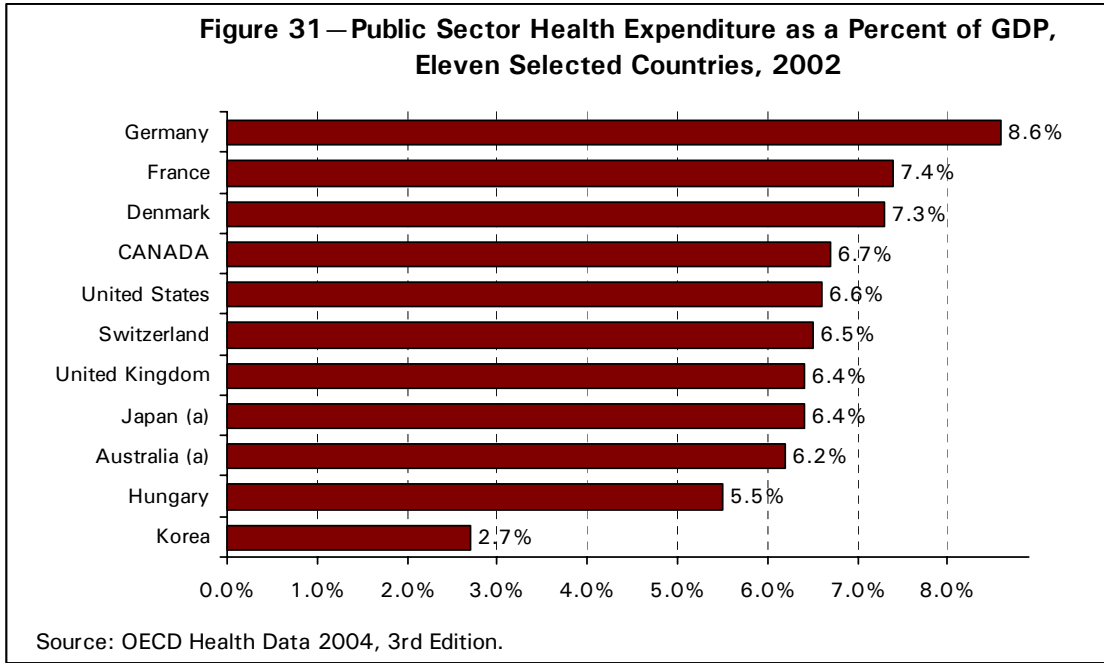
(a) Data up to 1990 refer to the former Federal Republic; data from 1992 onwards correspond to Germany after reunification.

(b) Data before and after 1989 are not comparable. Starting in 1989 integrated service organizations and maternity centres were excluded and institutions for home health and social services were included.

Source: OECD Health Data 2004, 3rd Edition.

Public Sector Health Expenditure as a Percent of GDP—2002

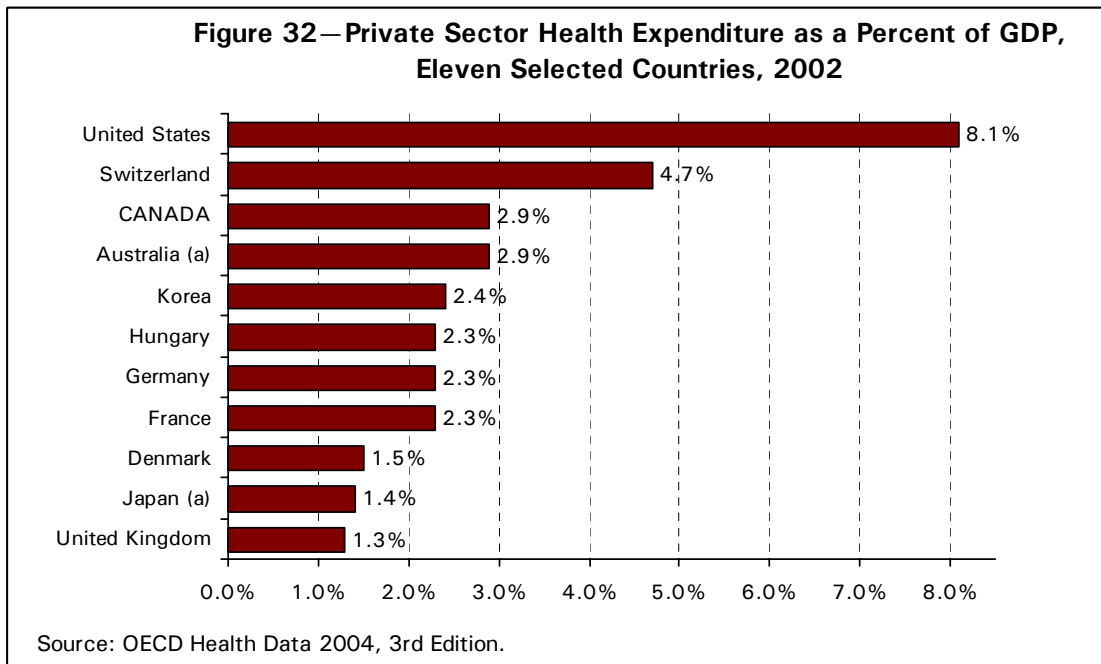
With regard to public sector spending on health as a percentage of GDP in 2002, Canada falls within the top four countries. Public sector health expenditure accounted for 8.6% of Germany's GDP, the highest proportion among the eleven countries. France, Denmark and Canada had ratios ranging between 6.7% and 7.4%. Public sector spending on health represented an almost identical proportion of GDP (between 6.2% and 6.6%) in five countries: Switzerland, Australia, Japan, the United Kingdom and the United States. The ratio in Hungary was somewhat lower than for these five countries at 5.5%. Spending on health by the public sector in Korea was only 2.7% of GDP (Figure 31).



(a) Data for 2001.

Private Sector Health Expenditure as a Percent of GDP—2002

Private sector health expenditure represented 8.1% of GDP in the United States in 2002, by far the highest percentage among the eleven countries. Switzerland followed at 4.7%. Canada is within a group of six countries with very similar private sector health expenditure to GDP ratios ranging between 2.3% and 2.9%; other countries in this group are Australia, Korea, Hungary, Germany and France. The countries with the lowest ratios, ranging between 1.3% and 1.5%, comprise Japan¹⁵, Denmark, and the United Kingdom (Figure 32).

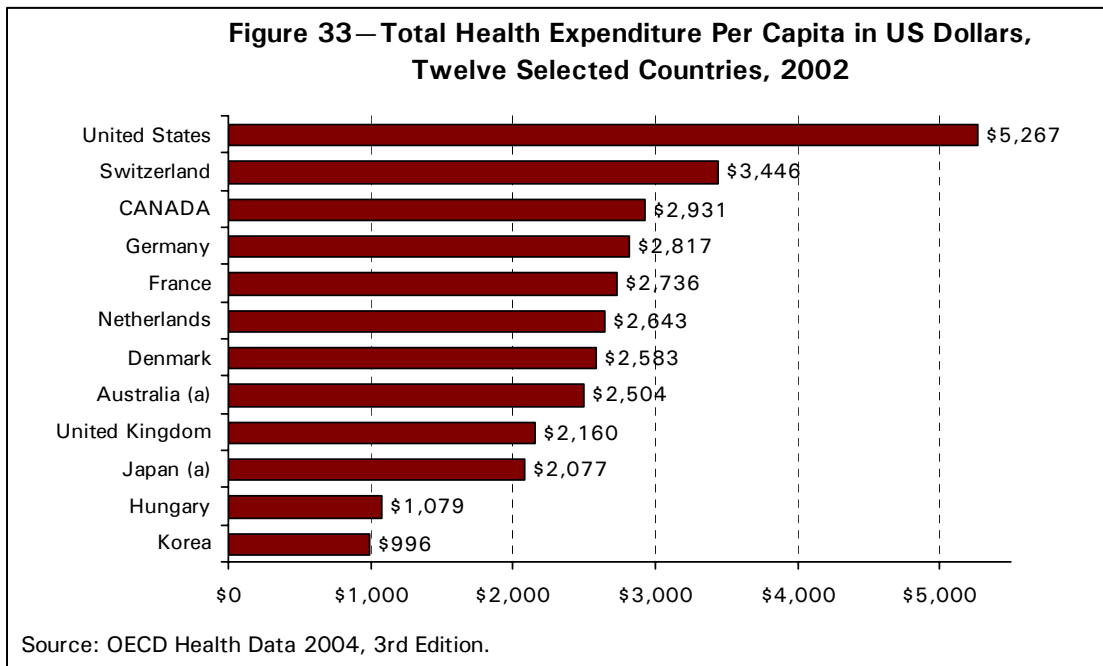


(a) Data for 2001.

■ **Health Expenditure Per Capita**¹⁶

Total Health Expenditure per Capita—2002

Canada, with a per capita spending of \$2,931, is among the three countries with the highest spending on health per capita. The United States had by far the highest health expenditure per capita (\$5,267) in 2002. Switzerland had the second highest per capita spending, but almost a third lower at \$3,446. Health expenditure per capita was rather similar in Canada, Germany, France, the Netherlands, Denmark and Australia, ranging between \$2,931 and \$2,504. The United Kingdom and Japan followed with expenditure per capita of \$2,160 and \$2,077, respectively. Hungary and Korea had the lowest health expenditure per capita at \$1,079 and \$996 respectively (Figure 33).

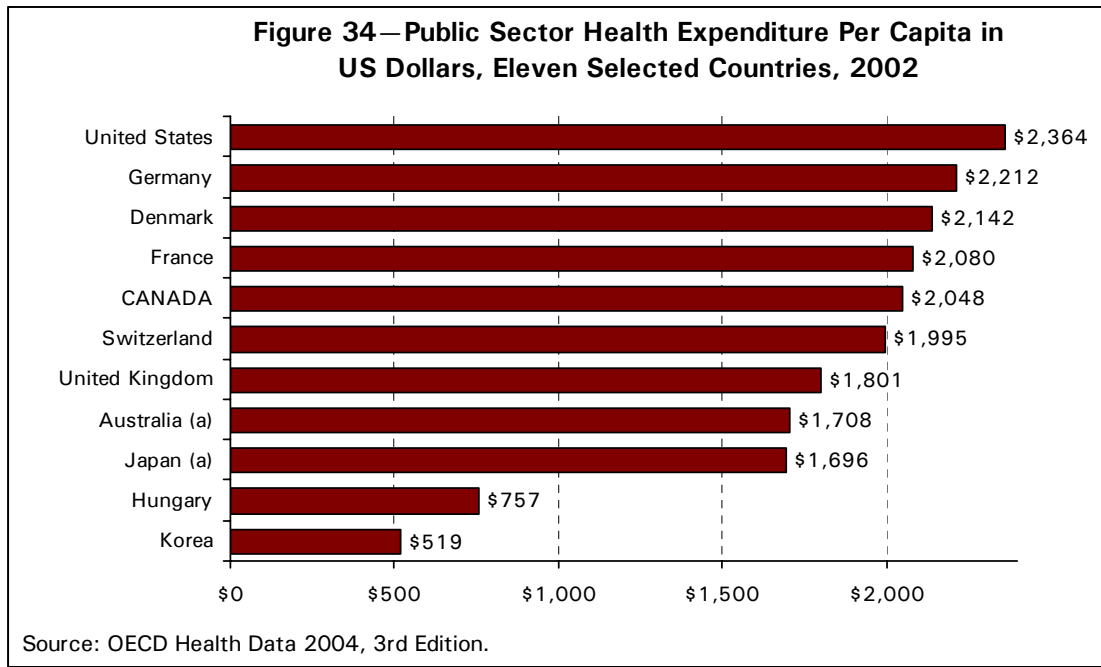


(a) Data for 2001.

¹⁶ Health expenditure per capita were converted to US dollars using purchasing power parities (PPPs) for GDP, which are designed to eliminate differences in price levels between countries—i.e. PPPs equalize the purchasing power of different currencies.

Public Sector Health Expenditure per Capita—2002

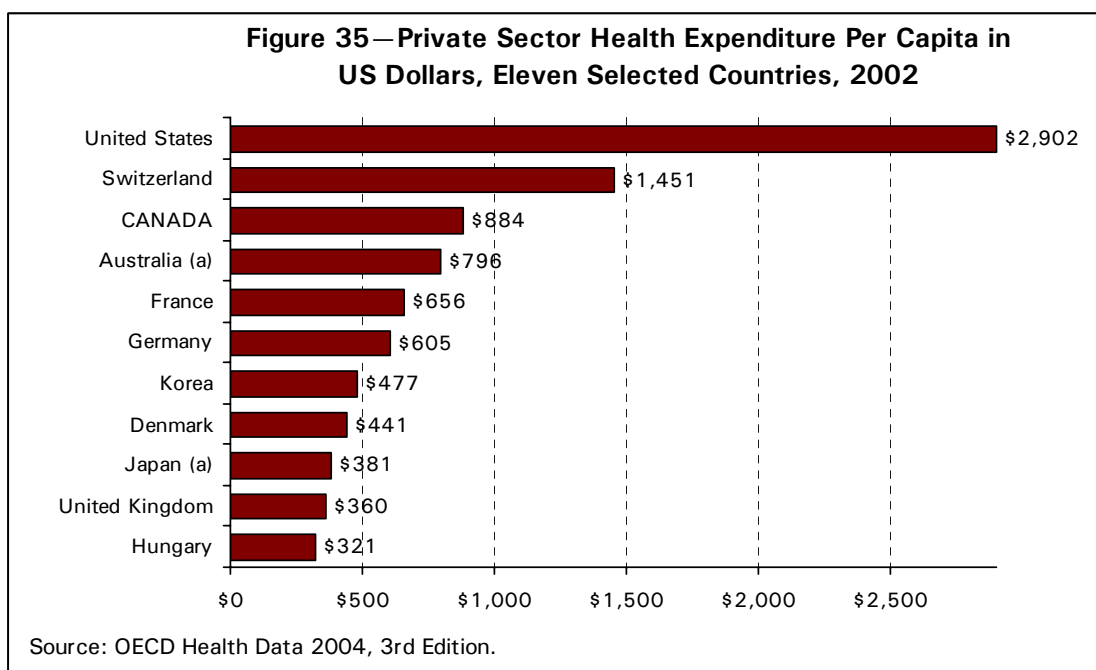
Canada falls within the top half of countries for the level of health spending by the public sector per capita. Health expenditure by the public sector per capita in 2002 was similar in the United States, Germany and Denmark, ranging between \$2,142 and \$2,364. A second group of countries that includes France, Canada and Switzerland had public sector health expenditure per capita in a narrow range around \$2,000. The per capita expenditure varied between \$1,696 and \$1,801 in Japan, Australia, and the United Kingdom. Hungary and Korea reported much lower public sector health expenditure per capita than other countries, at \$757 and \$519 respectively. Data is not available for the Netherlands (Figure 34).



(a) Data for 2001.

Private Sector Health Expenditure per Capita—2002

Canada, with a private sector spending per capita of \$884, is among the three countries with the highest health expenditure per capita funded by the private sector. Private sector spending per capita was considerably higher in the United States (\$2,902) and Switzerland (\$1,451). Private sector health expenditure per capita in Australia (\$796) was close to Canada’s level. The per capita expenditure was around \$650 in France, \$600 in Germany and between \$380 to \$480 in Korea, Denmark and Japan. The two countries with the lowest health expenditure per capita funded by the private sector were the United Kingdom (\$360) and Hungary (\$321). Data is not available for the Netherlands (Figure 35).



(a) Data for 2001.

■ Total Health Expenditure by Use of Funds—2002

Expenditure on medical services and expenditure on medical goods are two major expenditure categories. Taken together, they represent expenditure on personal health care and account for more than 85% of total health expenditure in each of the eleven countries for which the breakdown of total health expenditure is available (the breakdown is not available for the United Kingdom) (Figure 36).

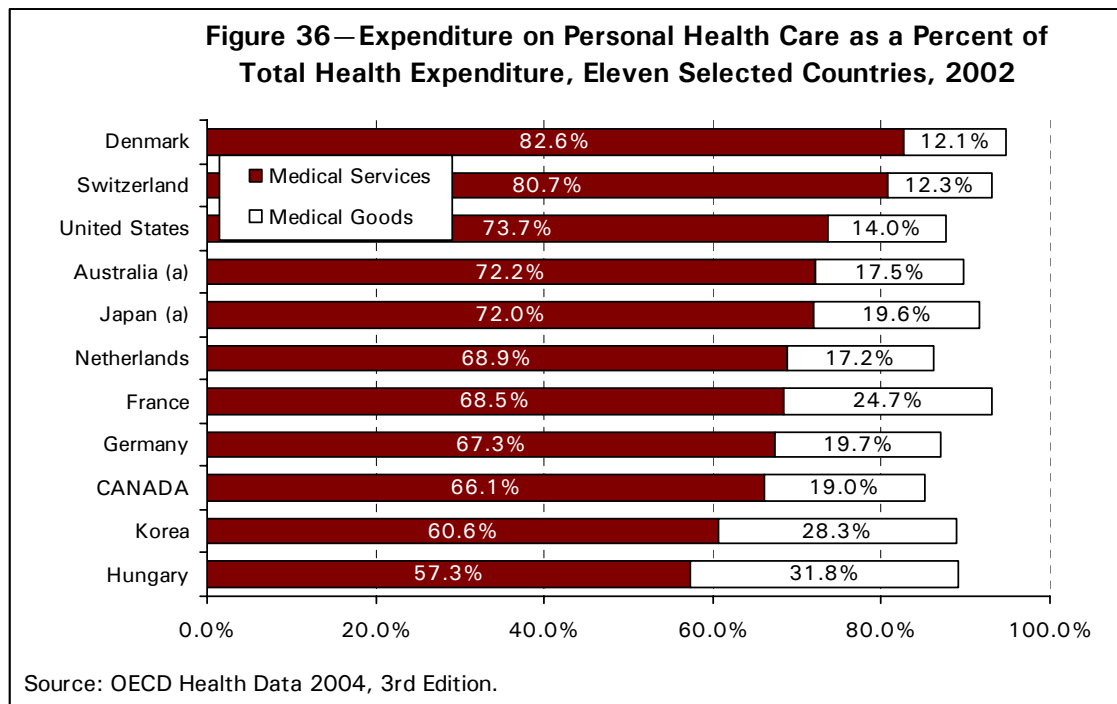
Expenditure on medical services is composed of expenditure on inpatient care and expenditure on other medical services.¹⁷ Inpatient care is mainly delivered in hospitals but also in nursing and residential care facilities. Expenditure on other medical services includes all expenditures on day care, outpatient care (in hospitals, physicians' and dentists' offices, outpatient care centres, etc.), ancillary services provided to outpatients such as laboratory services and diagnostic imaging, and home care.

Expenditure on medical goods (dispensed to outpatients) comprises mostly expenditure on pharmaceuticals and other medical non-durables, but also, to a lesser extent, expenditure on therapeutic appliances and other medical durables such as eyeglasses, hearing aids, artificial limbs, wheelchairs, etc.

¹⁷ The two components of medical services are not shown separately in Figure 36, as each component was not reported consistently among countries. Some countries included, under inpatient care, expenditures that should have been included under other medical services.

Among the eleven countries for which the breakdown of total health expenditure is available, expenditure on medical services accounted for about 60% to 75% of total expenditure, with the exceptions of Denmark (83%), Switzerland (81%) and Hungary (57%).

Expenditure on medical goods accounted for the highest percentage of total health expenditure in Hungary (32%), followed by Korea (28%), France (25%), Germany (20%), and Japan (20%). Expenditure on medical goods ranged between 17% and 19% of total health expenditure for a middle group of three countries: Canada, Australia and the Netherlands. Another group of three countries that includes the United States, Switzerland and Denmark had the lowest percentages, between 12% and 14% (Figure 36).

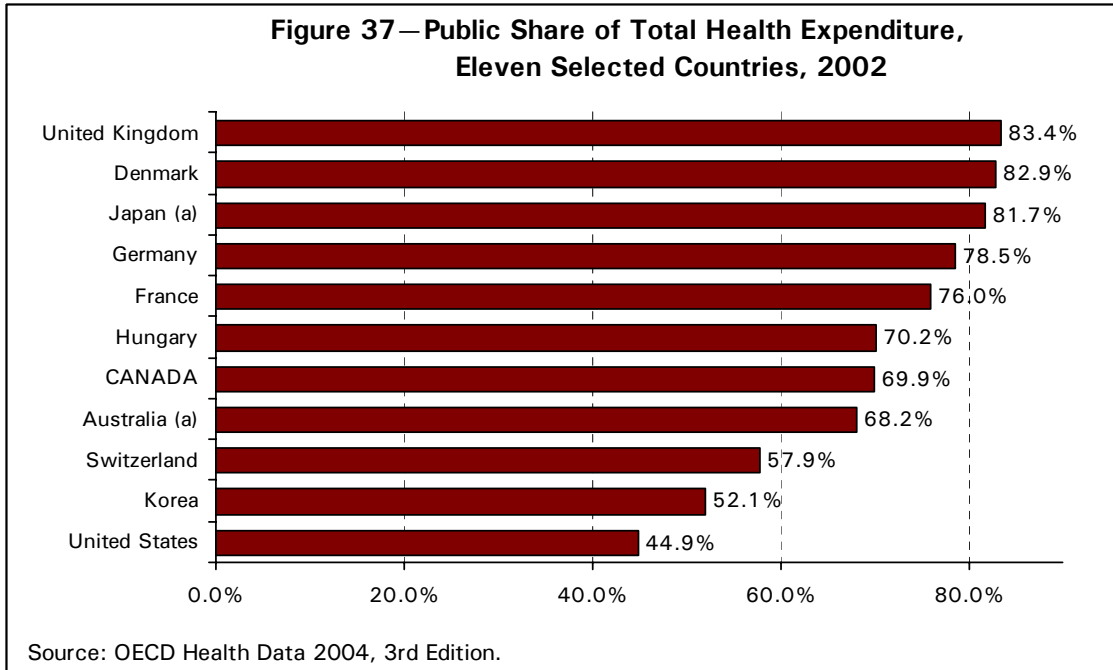


(a) Data for 2001.

■ Public Share of Health Expenditure—2002

Public Share of Total Health Expenditure—2002

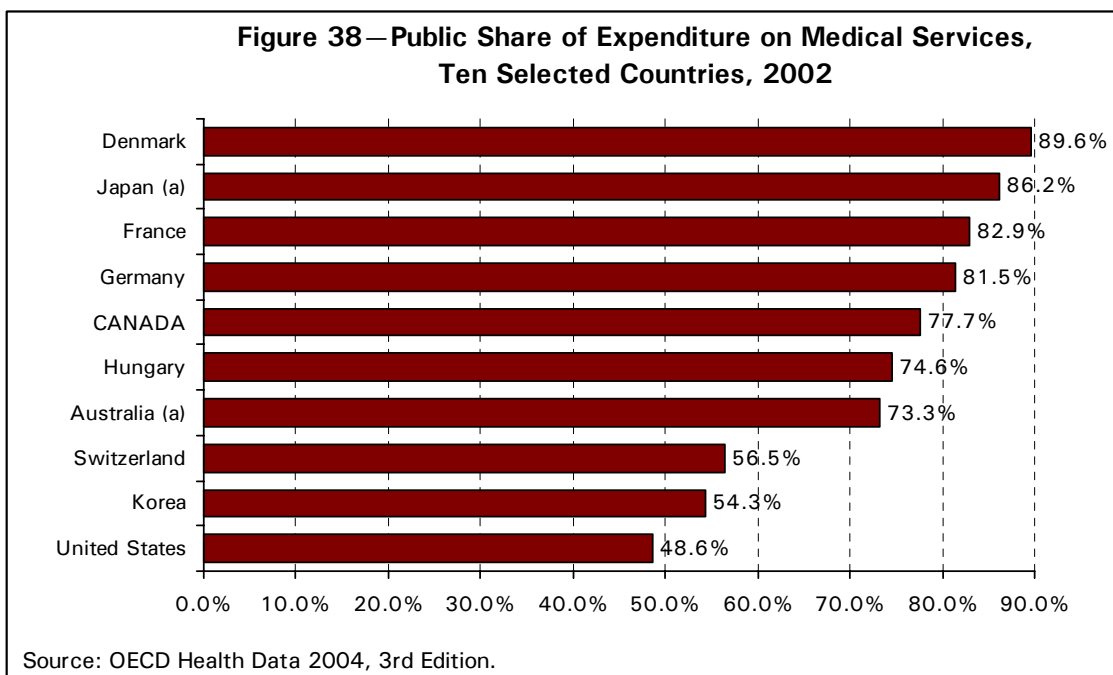
Expenditure by the public sector represented more than 80% of total health expenditure in Denmark, the United Kingdom, and Japan. Canada is within a group of five countries with a public sector share ranging between 65% and 80% of total health expenditure. The share funded by the public sector was a bit lower in Switzerland and Korea, at 57.9% and 52.1%, respectively. The country with the lowest public sector share is the United States at 44.9%. Data is not available for the Netherlands (Figure 37).



(a) Data for 2001.

Public Share of Expenditure on Medical Services—2002

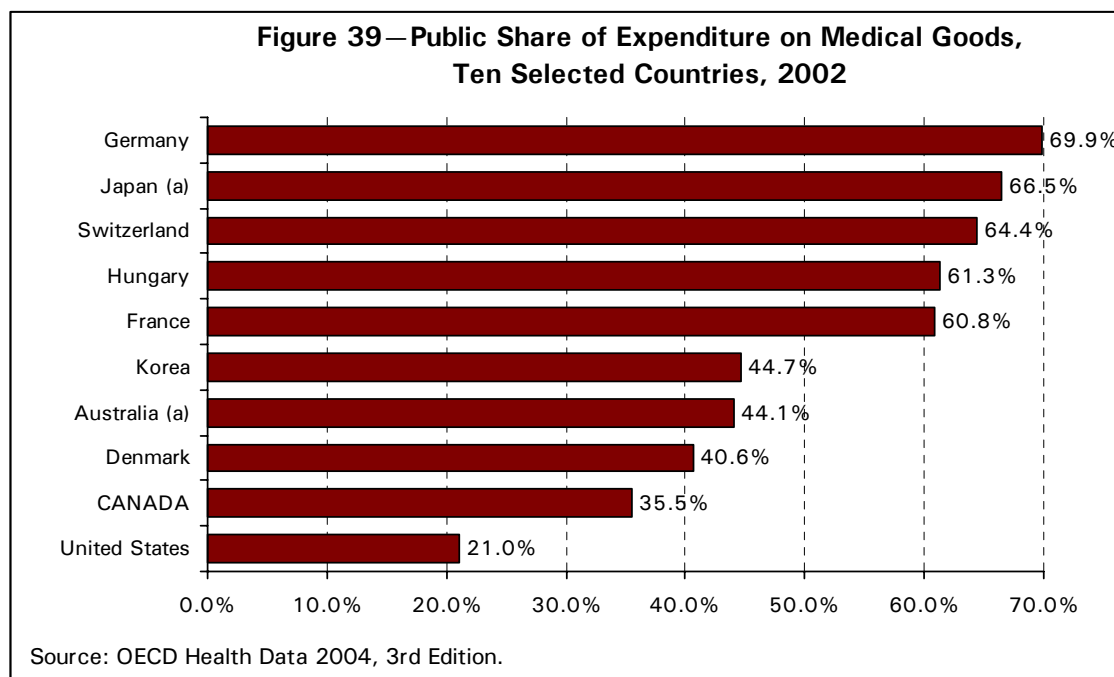
More than 80% of expenditures on medical services were financed by the public sector in Denmark, Japan, France, and Germany (data are not available for the United Kingdom and the Netherlands). The public sector share ranged between 70% and 80% for the group of three countries that includes Canada, along with Hungary, and Australia. The public sector share was about 57% in Switzerland and 54% in Korea, and just under 50% in the United States (Figure 38).



(a) Data for 2001.

Public Share of Expenditure on Medical Goods—2002

The countries of Germany (69.9%) and Japan (66.5%) had the highest share of expenditure on medical goods (dispensed to outpatients) financed by the public sector among the ten countries for which data were available (data were not available for the United Kingdom or the Netherlands). The public sector share was between 60% and 65% in three countries: Switzerland (64.4%), Hungary (61.3%) and France (60.8%); and between 40% and 45% in three others: Korea (44.7%), Australia (44.1%) and Denmark (40.6%). The public sector funded the lowest shares of expenditure on medical goods in Canada (35.5%) and the United States (21.0%) (Figure 39).



(a) Data for 2001.

■ **Total Health Expenditure by Source of Finance—2002**

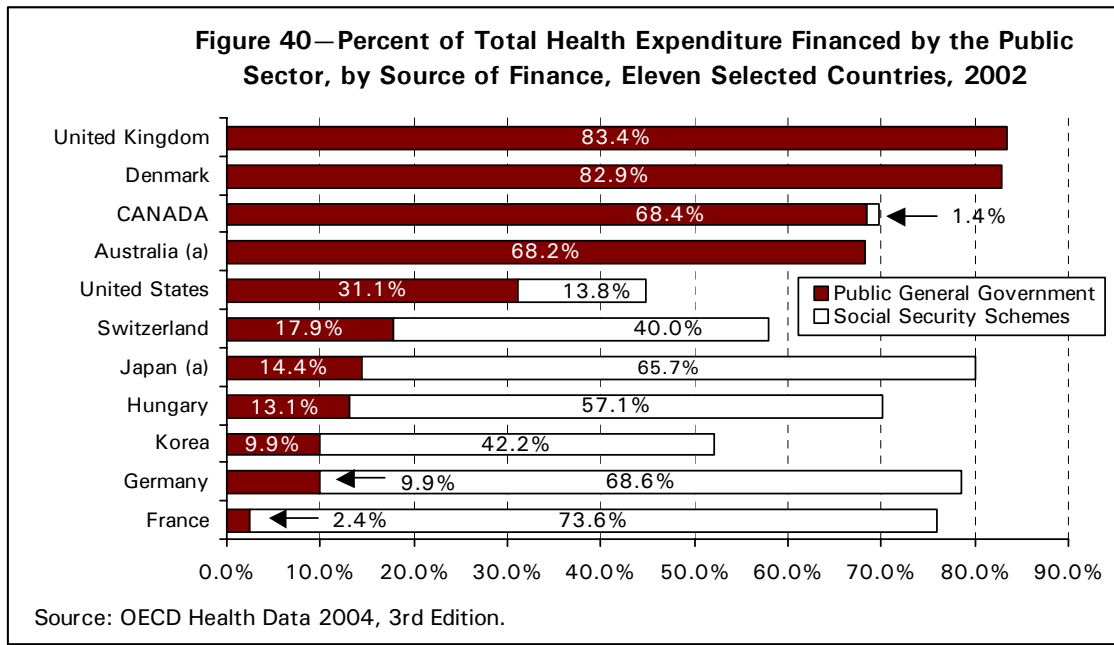
Public Sector Sources of Finance—2002

Figure 40 shows the eleven countries (Netherlands unavailable) in descending order according to the share of total health expenditure financed by the public sector, general government.

The public sector includes two sub-sectors: 1) *General governments*, including central, state/regional and local government authorities, and 2) *Social security funds*, which are social insurance schemes covering the entire community or large sections of the community and that are imposed and controlled by government units.

Generally, the level of public sector financing appears to be unrelated to the choice of sub-sectors through which the countries provide funding. Expenditures by the public sector represented more than 80% of total health expenditure in the United Kingdom, Denmark and Japan. In these first two countries and in Australia, general governments financed all of the public sector spending. Canada falls within a group of five countries with a public

sector share ranging between 65% and 80% of total health expenditure. In four of these countries (Australia, France, Germany and Hungary), social security funds were the principal source of finance, in contrast to Canada where only 1.4% of health expenditures were financed by social security funds. In Canada, social security funds include the health care spending by workers' compensation boards and the drug insurance fund components of the Quebec Ministry of Health and Social Services drug subsidy program. The three countries with the lowest public sector shares in descending order are Switzerland (57.9%), Korea (52.1%) and the United States (44.9%). Among these three countries, the social security funds sub-sector is proportionately larger in Switzerland and Korea, while general governments is the dominant public sub-sector in the United States.

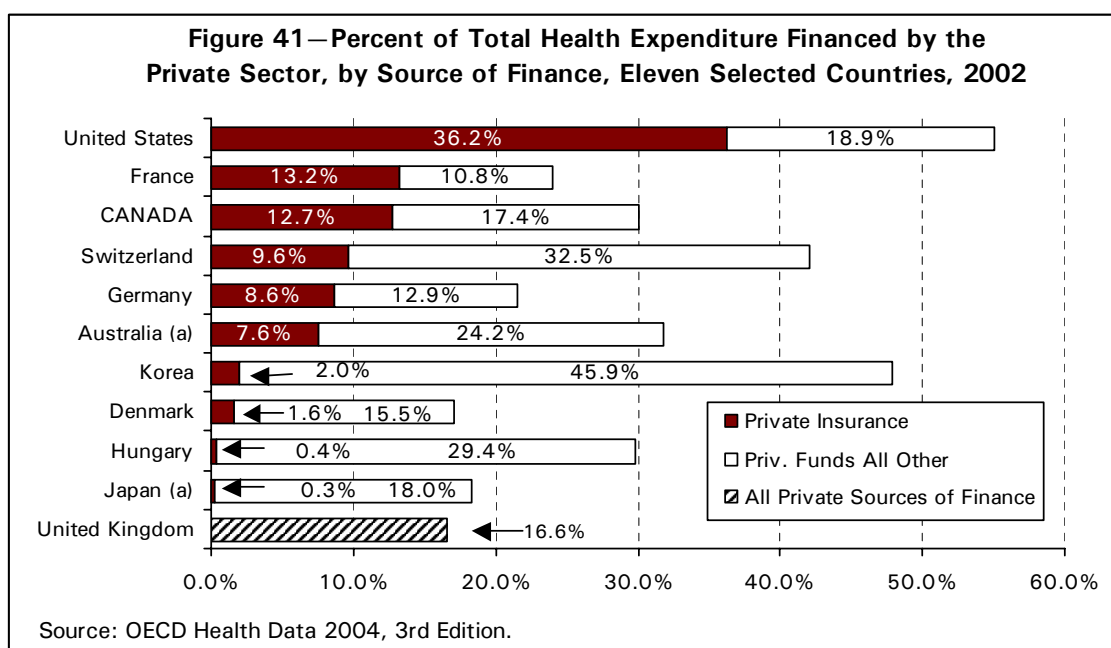


(a) Data for 2001.

Private Sector Sources of Finance—2002

Figure 41 shows the eleven countries (data were not available for the Netherlands) in descending order according to the share of total health expenditure financed by private insurance. In ten countries, private sector funding is broken down between private insurance and all other private funds. However, this breakdown is not available for the United Kingdom.

The United States had more than 50% of total health expenditure financed by the private sector, while in Korea the share approached 48%. In contrast to Korea, where private insurance funded only 2.0% of total health expenditure, private insurance in the United States accounted for more than one third of total health expenditure (36.2%), by far the largest proportion of any country. Switzerland had the third highest share at 42.1%. Canada is included in a group of 3 countries (with Australia and Hungary) where the private sector funded about 30% of total health expenditure. In Canada, private insurance accounts for 12.7% of total health expenditure. Denmark had one of the lowest proportions of health expenditure financed by the private sector (17.1%), only about one tenth of which was funded by private insurance.



(a) Data for 2001.

■ Data Comprehensiveness and Boundaries of Health Care

The OECD System of Health Accounts provides a comprehensive framework for reporting expenditures on the entire field of health care activities and proposes common functional boundaries of health care for international comparisons. However, member-countries do not yet fully report comprehensive data. Also, they may include expenditures that fall outside the boundaries of health care as defined by the OECD. For *OECD Health Data 2004*, countries were asked to provide notes on their departures from OECD/SHA boundaries. Country-notes are presented below. For each country, the list below shows, under “Excludes”, expenditures that should have been included in total health expenditure but were not. It shows, under “Includes”, expenditures that should have been excluded from total health expenditure but were included.

A U S T R A L I A

Excludes:

- Minor amounts spent on defense force and prison medical services and expenditure on school health services.

C A N A D A

Includes:

- Expenditure of Canadian hospitals for care provided to non-Canadians.
- Revenues of Canadian hospitals from ancillary operations (gift shops, parking lots, etc.). Only profit used to subsidize patient care should be included, however, while hospital revenues from ancillary operations are reported, profit cannot be determined from available data.
- Expenditure of inpatient facilities for alcohol/drug addiction.
- Expenditure by the private sector in some long-term residential care facilities providing mainly room and board and social services (e.g. facilities for mental retardation, emotionally disturbed children).

Excludes:

- Expenditure on school health made by provincial ministries of education.
- Expenditure by private insurers for out-of-country care provided to Canadians.
- Private sector expenditure on occupational health care.
- Expenditures of voluntary health associations (societies dedicated to prevention and treatment of major diseases such as arthritis, cancer, diabetes, cerebral palsy, lung, kidney, liver and heart diseases, etc.).
- Medical expenses by public and private insurance plans for motor vehicle insurance.

D E N M A R K

Excludes:

- Parts of the private health expenditures, e.g. occupational health services, expenditure by non-profit institutions serving households such as red cross, philanthropic and charitable institutions.
- Private investments on medical facilities.

F R A N C E

- Data on health expenditure are reported using a detailed analysis that allows for results that are mostly compatible with the SHA standard.

G E R M A N Y

Excludes:

- Expenditure for military health and prison health.

HUNGARY

Excludes:

- Private services provided abroad and financed by (voluntary) insurance enterprises.

JAPAN

Excludes:

- Some expenditure by central and local governments on administration of health care services.
- Expenditure made out-of-pocket or by private insurance agents on medical services not covered by national medical insurance schemes. These include:
 - Advanced or experimental medical procedures including clinical trials;
 - Acupuncture and other forms of traditional healing;
 - Some medical check-ups;
 - Upgrade in hotel services for inpatient care;
 - Voluntary dental care.
- Expenditures made by private insurance companies to supplement co-payments on health services covered by the national medical insurance schemes.
- Expenditure made on health insurance to cover medical expenses for residents of Japan while traveling abroad.
- Expenditures made by non-profit institutions to finance health care to disadvantaged citizens.

KOREA

- No information available on departures from OECD/SHA boundaries and classifications.

NETHERLANDS

- Data provided to the OECD Health Data are regrouped according to the SHA-ICHA.

SWITZERLAND

Includes:

- Figures for medical services include investments. Thus, the sum of personal and collective health expenditure is greater than the reported total current expenditure.

Excludes:

- Data for private investment in medical facilities is not available.

UNITED KINGDOM

Excludes:

- Expenditure on occupational health care and household production of health care are not included in total.

UNITED STATES

Excludes:

- Estimates of “Investment/construction” currently do not include spending for moveable equipment nor does it include building costs associated with physicians’ offices and other medical offices located in commercial buildings. The US National Health Expenditure definition for “construction” is limited to the value of new construction put in place for hospitals and nursing homes (only).

Database Enhancements

PUBLIC HEALTH AND ADMINISTRATION IN NATIONAL HEALTH EXPENDITURES

■ Introduction

National Health Expenditure Trends has included a category of Public Health and Administration in public sector expenditure estimates since 2001 (Data Tables Series A, 3.1, 3.3; Series C, 4.1). A feasibility study published in June 2002 examined the possibility of breaking out the category into separate components for public health and government administrative expenditure.¹⁸ A separate category, Prepayment Administration, is also included in the Series A tables. It includes the costs of administering programs insured under the Canada Health Act. There is no equivalent Public Health and Administration category for the private sector. The Prepayment Administration category for the private sector consists of the administrative costs and retained earnings of private health insurance firms.

This section reviews the evolution of public health and administration estimates and shows trends for each component. The data focus on the provincial and territorial government sector, which accounted for 69% of the total estimate for public health and administration in 2002. The federal government sector accounted for another 23%, but at this time federal estimates for the public health and administration sub-categories are only available for 2001 and 2002. Comparisons of provincial government expenditure per capita are included for 2002. Characteristics of the data and constraints that affect data quality are discussed.

■ Definitions and Conceptual Issues

Public Health

Public Health services are meant to improve population health, such as health promotion, disease prevention and health inspection services. In the National Health Expenditures Database (NHEX), public health also includes mental health, addiction, nursing and miscellaneous services provided in the community. Home care is not included in this definition; it is a separate category of expenditure in NHEX.

The decision to include mental and community health services with public health estimates was based largely on data availability, but it also reflects ambiguity that often results from the ways in which preventive services and health promotion are provided in Canada. Mental health, addiction services and community nursing usually include a mixture of preventive services, rehabilitation and curative services, making it difficult to separate expenditure into sub-components in most provincial venues.

¹⁸ CIHI, Ottawa, Public Health and Administration in National Health Expenditures Feasibility Study. June 2002.

The decision to broaden the definition of public health beyond the ambit of health promotion, disease prevention and health inspection is consistent with the definition of *Prevention and Public Health Services* used by the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) in its *System of Health Accounts*:

“Public health services are mainly of a preventive nature and comprise a range of publicly provided services such as epidemiological surveillance and other measures of health promotion and disease prevention and related general public health activities. These include special public health services such as blood-bank operation, public health service laboratories, and population planning services.”¹⁹

The OECD category also includes school health services and occupational health.

Government Administrative Costs

Administrative costs of a government department or branch responsible for health programs, or general administrative services such as health information systems.

Prepayment Administration

In the public sector, costs of a government unit responsible for administration and payment of services insured under the Canada Health Act. At present, prepayment administration is limited to hospitals and physicians’ services. In the private sector, prepayment administration is the difference between premiums collected and claims payments.

Separate categories for government administrative costs and prepayment administration have the advantage of separating the costs of administering services that are universally insured under the Canada Health Act (hospital care, physicians’ services and dental surgical services) from other public sector health administrative costs. In most developed countries these services are covered by programs somewhat similar to Canada’s or by social insurance programs, in which government plays a large role in mandating services and populations to be insured but does not directly administer payments to providers (many European countries have social health insurance). Private insurance is a third model that is prevalent in the United States and is evolving in a number of other countries.

The prepayment administration category facilitates comparisons of the costs of insuring health care between countries that use the three different models of finance for insured health services. In Canada, provincial coverage of insured physicians’ and dental surgical services involves a clear separation of paying agency from provider of service. Hospitals in Canada have varying degrees of autonomy, but all governments provide annual budgets for hospital care and the associated administration costs of budgeting and monitoring hospital costs are normally available in public documents.

¹⁹ Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development, Paris, *A System of Health Accounts*, pg.44, 2000.

Administrative Costs of Programs Provided Directly by Government

The administrative costs of programs provided directly by government, such as home care, are included in the program costs in NHEX estimates. Program administrative costs are analogous to the operating costs of institutions and self-employed providers, which are included in the provider category estimates in NHEX (e.g. physicians, hospitals and nursing homes).

Occupational Health

Expenditures to promote and enhance health and safety at the workplace and to provide emergency care in the event of an injury at work.

■ **Evolution of Public Health and Government Administration Estimates for Provinces and Territories**

Public health and government administration were compiled as one sub-category within the published All Other Expenditure category prior to 2001. The data were maintained internally but not published. A methodology review of the national health expenditure series in 1995 recommended that public health and administrative expenditures be separated in future in order to provide more relevant information on public health expenditure.

In 1999 CIHI, Statistics Canada and other partners undertook the Roadmap Initiative, a series of projects to improve and modernize Canada's health information systems and infrastructure. The NHEX roadmap work focused on (1) expanding the scope and level of detail of health expenditure estimates to provide more relevant information on new and emerging policy or research issues and (2) identifying and implementing changes to improve data quality. As part of this work a series of feasibility studies were prepared and reviewed by the NHEX expert group.²⁰

The Public Health and Administration costs feasibility study was completed in June 2002.²¹ The definitions described above were developed during the course of that study. A separation of public health and administration was considered important in view of public policy recognizing the importance of health promotion, lifestyle choices and disease prevention, and the desirability of being able to study trends in expenditure for these activities. Administrative costs are also important in their own right for studies of efficiency and of cost differences in public and private systems of finance.

■ **Revision of Estimates**

A complete review of provincial estimates was carried out during the feasibility study in order to create separate sub-categories for public health and government administration costs. The review identified two key factors that limit the degree of comparability of estimates from public accounts and therefore are responsible for significant variation between the estimates of some provinces. These factors are:

²⁰ The feasibility studies are summarized in the 2002 edition of *NHEX Trends*, (1975 – 2002).

²¹ The study is available at <http://secure.cihi.ca/cihiweb/dispPage.jsp?cw_page=spend_nhexenhance_e>.

The degree of provincial detail for certain items in the public health sub-category was quite variable. Some provinces showed separate estimates for community based mental health services, provincial laboratory services and blood services. In other provinces some or all of these items were aggregated into larger categories that could not be broken down into finer levels of detail. As an example, community based mental health was combined with institutional mental health in some provinces and classified as hospital care in the NHEX estimates. The review concluded that the strength of public health estimates could be increased considerably if it were possible to separate mental health expenditures into community based and institutional services in all provinces.

In the absence of a consistent reporting framework, there are limits on the ability to produce consistent inter-provincial comparisons. This problem exists throughout the expenditure categories used in NHEX. Hospital expenditures, for example, will tend to be higher in provinces that do not break out community based mental health services; but such differences are less prominent in large categories of expenditure than in relatively small categories. This circumstance places limits on the degree to which categories in NHEX can be broken down, and necessitates a trade-off in which the value of finer detail must be weighed against the decrease in provincial comparability of detailed data.

Levels of detail for administrative costs also vary from province to province in public accounts. In some jurisdictions the administrative costs of programs such as home care are broken out while in others they are combined in one overall estimate for the program. Prior to 2002, all identified administrative costs, except the costs of administering programs covered under the Canada Health Act, were reported within the public health and government administration cost category of NHEX.

The 2002 feasibility study recommended that a consistent approach be adopted in which administrative costs of specific programs would be grouped with the program costs. This approach would lead to more consistency in reporting program costs, since the administrative component would not be treated differently depending on whether or not it was identified explicitly in program estimates. This approach also tended to create greater consistency between cost estimates for publicly provided and privately provided services, since the administrative costs of private or autonomous providers would normally be part of the contractual price or fee-for-service paid to the provider.

In 2003, administrative cost estimates were revised to allocate program costs to the program in which they were incurred. This turned out to be a major revision of the administrative cost sub-category relative to estimates that had previously existed. The revision also affected the public health sub-category in some jurisdictions where the administrative costs of public health programs were transferred from the government administrative costs sub-category to the public health sub-category. In other instances items that were considered to be public health were separated from other category estimates (e.g. blood services), leading to a substantial increase in the estimate for the public health sub-category (Table 9). Changes to the sum of the public health and administrative costs categories were less than changes to the individual program components.

Table 9—Original and Revised Estimates for Provincial Public Health and Administrative Costs Expenditure per Capita, Fiscal 1999–2000

| | Current Revised Estimates | | Feasibility Study Estimates | |
|---------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------|
| | Average | Standard Deviation | Average | Standard Deviation |
| Public Health | 107 | 53 | 81 | 43 |
| Administrative Costs | 28 | 14 | 48 | 33 |
| Sub-Total | 135 | 51 | 130 | 63 |
| Prepayment Administration | 12 | 18 | 22 | 21 |

Note: Average is for all Canada. Standard deviation is for 10 provinces.

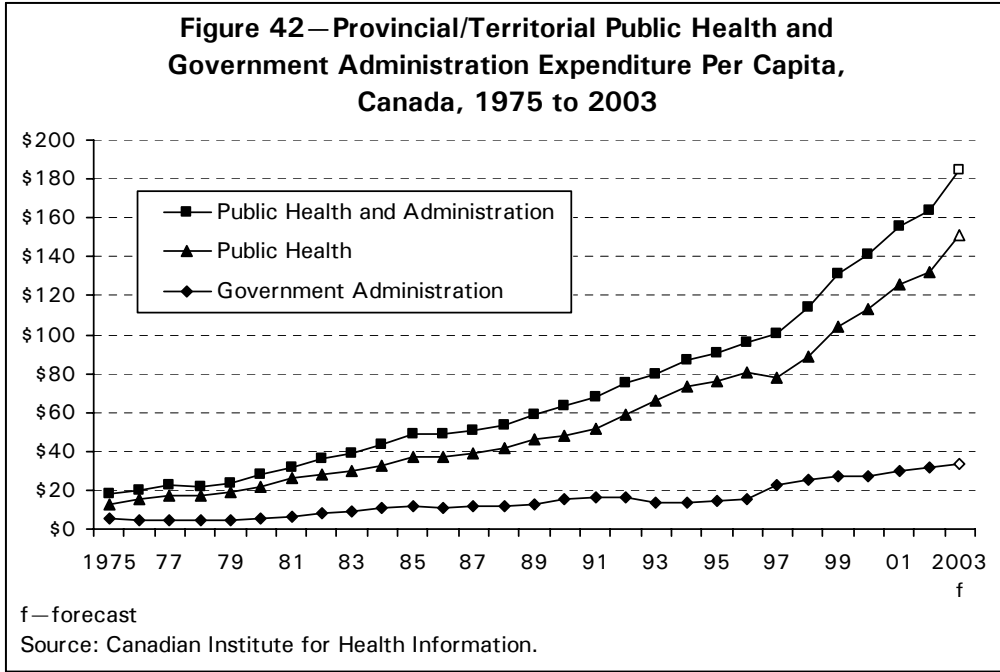
The revisions tended to decrease the variability of inter-provincial estimates for public health and administrative cost sub-categories.²²

■ Trends in Provincial and Territorial Public Health and Administration Expenditure 1975 to 2003

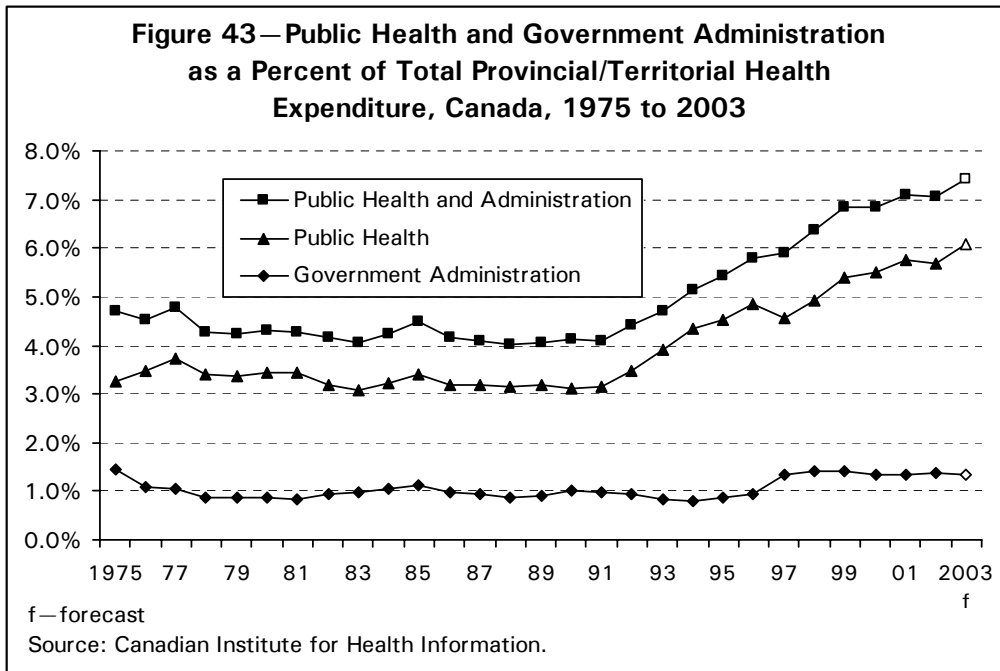
This section examines trends in the combined category of public health and administration followed by alternative classifications of public health and administrative cost estimates.

Expenditure per capita for the combined category of public health and government administrative costs has grown in most years since 1975 (Figure 42). Public health expenditures have been responsible for most of the growth, with a relatively steep growth path from 1997 to 2001, following a one time drop in 1997 (the growth rate was 63.6%, rising from \$77.74 to \$126.16 per capita). Administrative costs grew slowly until 1993, when they decreased and subsequently stayed below their 1992 level until 1997. The period from 1993 to 1996 was marked by restraint in provincial/territorial government expenditures. Administrative costs show a trend approximately similar to total provincial/territorial government health expenditures during this period, while public health expenditure continued to increase. The trend data in Figure 42 are not standardized for inflation, which was relatively high during the 1970s and 1980s but dropped to lower levels during the 1990s.

²² Standard deviation in Table 9 is for provinces only, since the territories show substantially higher variation in these and other categories. The term, “variability” in comments above refers to the standard deviation as a percent of the national average for each item.



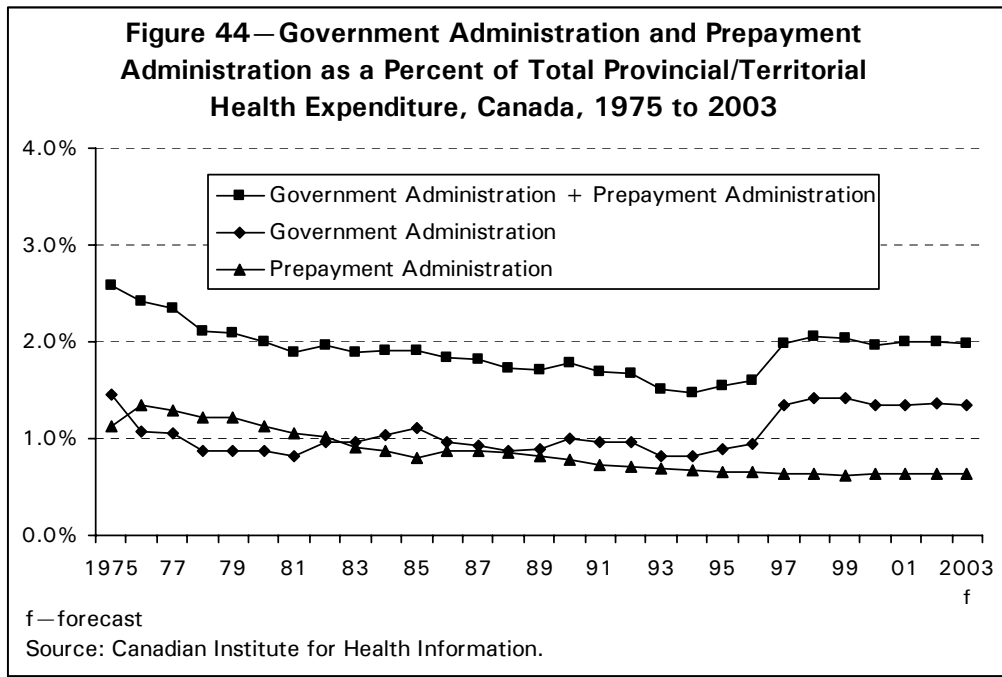
Expenditure for the combined category of public health and administrative costs as a percent of total provincial health expenditure tended to vary between 4% and 5% until 1994, after which it grew to over 7%. Government administrative costs were approximately one percent of provincial expenditure until 1997. Since then government administrative costs have been 1.3% to 1.4% of provincial/territorial health expenditures (Figure 43).



■ Government Administrative Costs and Prepayment Administration

The 2002 Public Health and Administration feasibility study also recommended considering the separation of administrative costs from public health and combining the separated administrative costs category with prepayment administration costs. In the past, Prepayment Administration was reported as a component of the broad category of “Other Health Spending”. In this scenario, expenditure for both government administrative cost and prepayment administration are collected separately, but are reported as a combined category, with public health estimates available as a stand-alone category.

Trends in the two administrative cost categories are shown in Figure 44 (the scale in Figure 44 is one-half the scale in Figure 43 to provide a clearer picture of trends in the two categories). Prepayment administration has tended to decrease as a percent of provincial/territorial expenditure, dropping from 1.3% in 1976 to 0.6% in 2003. This decrease is consistent with a declining share of programs covered by the Canada Health Act in provincial/territorial health expenditure—from 76.3% in 1976 to 61.9% in 2003.²³ The combined categories followed a downward trend until the mid 1990s, influenced mainly by the declining share of prepayment administration. Increases in the late 1990s followed the trend line of government administrative expense. Both the separate and combined categories have been stable during the last seven years, with the combined category at approximately 2% of provincial/territorial health expenditure.



■ Provincial and Territorial Comparisons

Provincial and territorial expenditures per capita for public health and administration are subject to variation resulting from levels of detail in public documents or from other provincial government sources, as discussed earlier. This sometimes leads to unusual

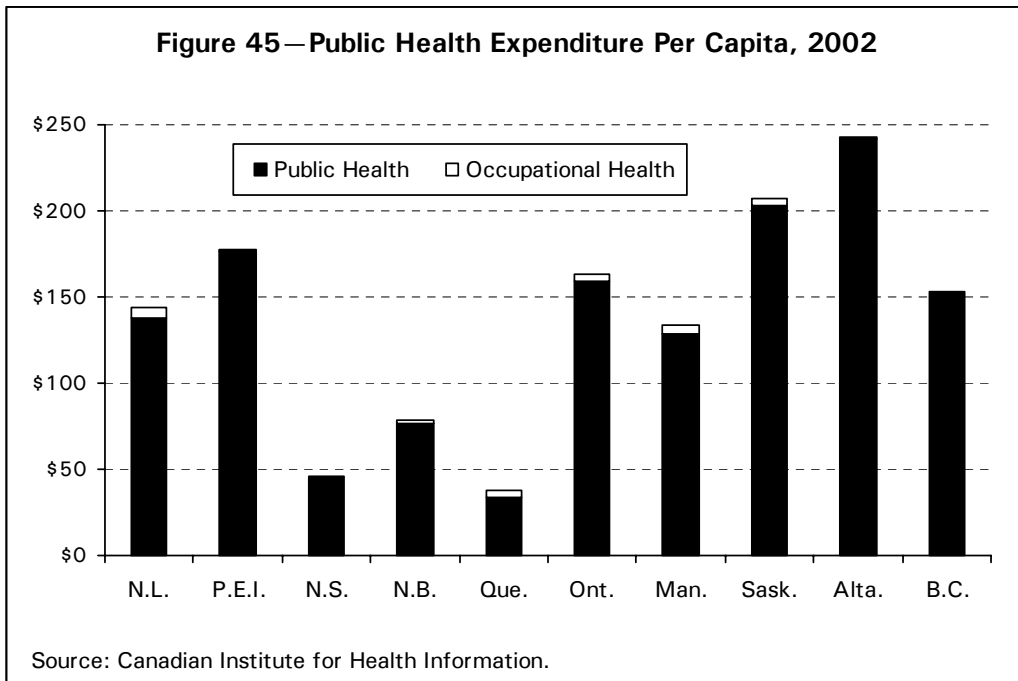
²³ Hospital expenditure decreased from 56.6% of provincial/territorial expenditure to 42.3%. Physicians expenditure as a percent of expenditure was almost identical during the two years, at 19.7% in 1976 and in 2003.

values and, in the case of public health and administration, the territorial data seem to be either unusually high or low relative to the provinces. While territorial data were included in the Canada estimates used for trend analysis, the comparisons that follow include only the 10 provinces.

■ **Public Health and Occupational Health**

As mentioned in the previous section, the 2002 feasibility study recommended considering a separation of public health from administration costs and combining the two administrative sub-categories (government administration and prepayment administration) in published series. The study also suggested combining occupational health with public health estimates. Both these measures have been implemented in the provincial comparisons that follow, although each of the four sub-categories is identified explicitly in Figures 45 and 46.

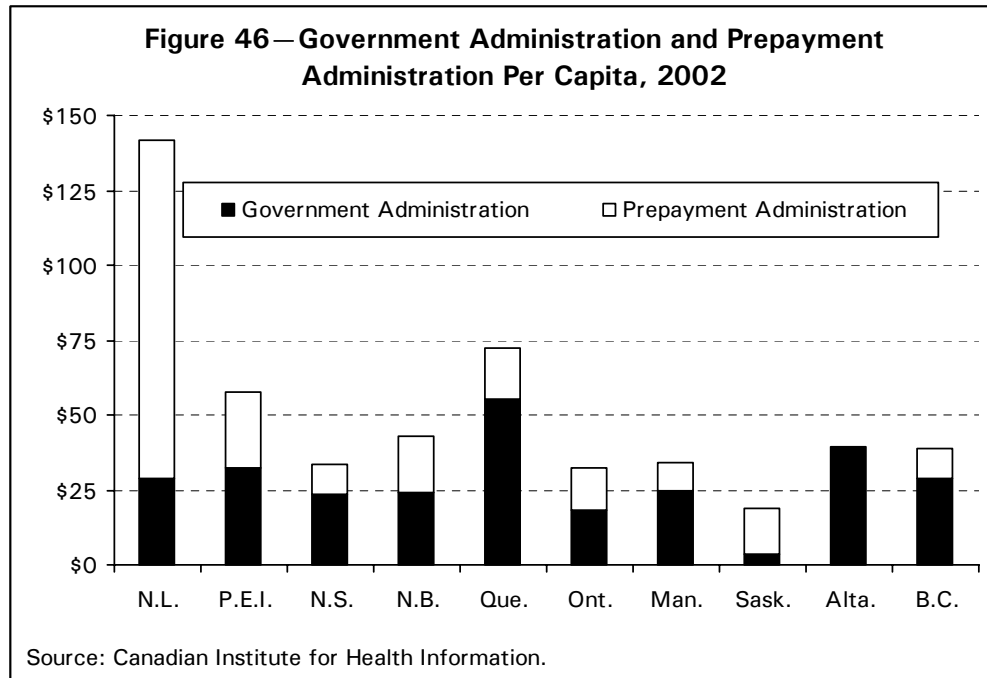
The inclusion of occupational health has little effect on estimates of public health expenditure per capita (Figure 45). The comparisons show relatively low levels of expenditure per capita in Nova Scotia, New Brunswick and Quebec. This situation is believed to result in large measure from reporting conventions. For example, an analysis of provincial public accounts found that almost all mental health expenditures in Nova Scotia were classified as hospital expenditure because it was not possible to separate institutional and community based expenditure. While distortions that result from different levels of detail in provincial documents limit comparability, there are nonetheless advantages in reporting the available data with appropriate cautions: (1) in some instances analysts may wish to study jurisdictions that seem to report similar levels of detail; and (2) provincial sources may wish to provide additional detail if comparability is a priority.²⁴



²⁴ While provincial public accounts are the main source of provincial data, complementary sources such as annual reports from program areas and advice from provincial sources are also used.

■ **Government Administrative Costs and Prepayment Administration**

Government administrative costs per capita tended to be clustered around the national average of \$32 per capita in 2002, except for Quebec and Saskatchewan, which have relatively high and low values (respectively). Prepayment administration shows much greater variation, although much of this variation results from a very high value in Newfoundland and a zero estimate in Alberta (these are both reporting issues that are being discussed with the two provinces). Seven of the provinces had estimates within the range of \$9 to \$19 per capita.



■ **Future Reporting**

Data analyses in this section are presented to inform users of issues that affect reporting of the public health and administrative cost categories. Discussions with provincial/territorial data sources are ongoing and a decision about the levels of reporting in future reports will be made during the 2005 reporting cycle.

Examples of the separated recombined categories can be viewed in the Series H tables on the CD-ROM attached to the inside back cover of this report. If readers have questions, please contact the National Health Expenditure section by telephone, (613) 241-7860 or by email: nhex@cihi.ca.

Methodological Notes

CONCEPTS AND DEFINITIONS

Mandate of the National Health Expenditure (NHEX) Database

The mandate of the National Health Expenditure database is twofold:

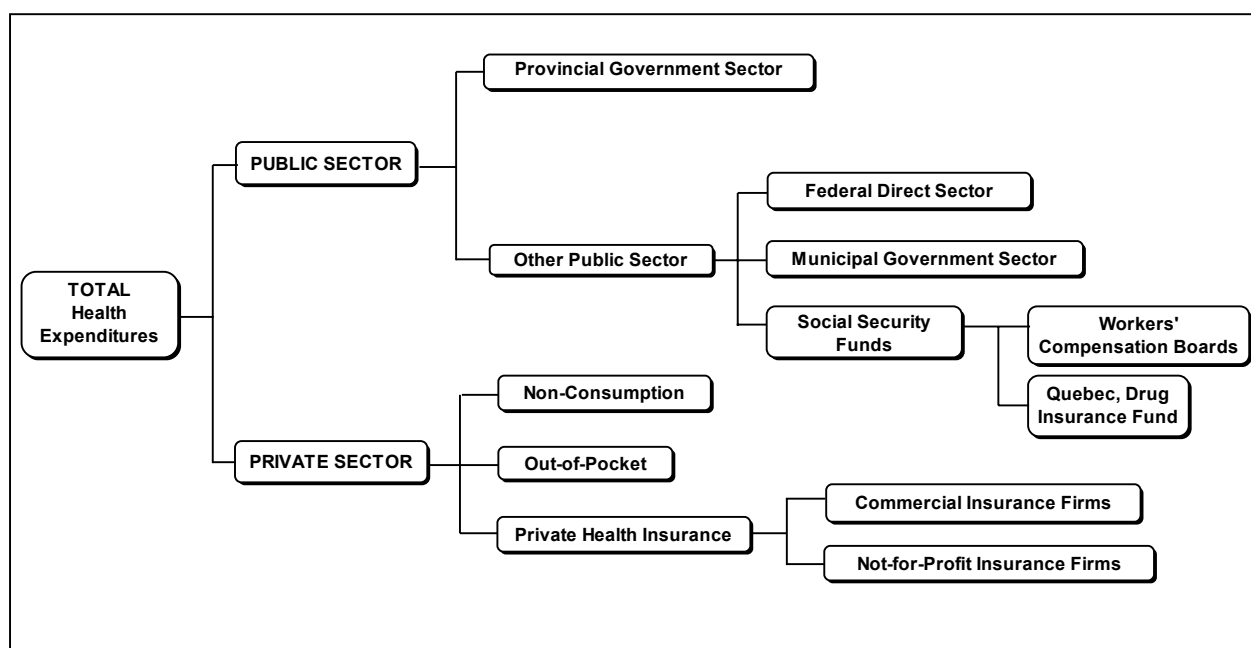
1. To support the development and evaluation of health programs in Canada by all levels of government, and within the private sector.
2. To compile information on health expenditures that will accurately portray the importance of health care as a component of national expenditure.

■ Variables and Concepts

Health Expenditure—includes any type of expenditure for which the primary objective is to improve, or prevent the deterioration of, health status.

This definition allows economic activities to be measured according to primary purpose and secondary effects. Activities that are undertaken with the direct purpose of improving or maintaining health are included. Other activities are not included, even though they may impact health. For example, funds aligning with housing and income support policies which have social welfare goals as their primary purpose are not considered to be health expenditures, yet they are recognized as powerful factors in determining population health.

Figure 47—Composition of Total Health Expenditures, by Source of Finance



■ Source of Finance (Sectors)

National health expenditures are reported based on the principle of *responsibility for payment* rather than on the source of the funds. It is for this reason, for example, that federal health transfers to the provinces are included in the provincial government sector since it is the responsibility of provincial governments to expend federal transfers on health services. The exception to this principle is that provincial government health transfers to municipal governments are included in the provincial government sector.

Public Sector—includes health care spending by governments and government agencies. It is sub-divided into four levels, as described below:

1. The *Provincial Government Sector* includes health spending from provincial/territorial government funds, federal health transfers to the provinces/territories, and provincial government health transfers to municipal governments.
2. The *Federal Direct Sector* refers to direct health care spending by the federal government in relation to health care services for special groups such as Aboriginals, the Armed Forces and veterans, as well as expenditures for health research, health promotion and health protection. Federal Direct health expenditure does not include federal health transfers to the provinces.
3. The *Municipal Government Sector* expenditure includes health care spending by municipal governments for institutional services; public health; capital construction and equipment; and, dental services provided by municipalities in the provinces of Nova Scotia, Manitoba and British Columbia. Designated funds transferred by provincial governments for health purposes are not included in the municipal sector, but are included with provincial government expenditure.
4. *Social Security Funds* are social insurance programs that are imposed and controlled by a government authority. They generally involve compulsory contributions by employees, employers or both, and the government authority determines the terms on which benefits are paid to recipients. Social security funds are distinguished from other social insurance programs, the terms of which are determined by mutual agreement between individual employers and their employees. In Canada, social security funds include the health care spending by workers' compensation boards and the drug insurance fund component of the Quebec Ministry of Health and Social Services drug subsidy program.

Health spending by Workers' Compensation Boards (WCB) includes what the provincial boards commonly refer to as medical aid. Non-health related items often reported by the Workers' Compensation Boards as medical aid expenditure such as funeral expenses, travel, clothing etc. are removed.

On January 1, 1997 the government of Quebec introduced a drug program that covered residents of the province, who were not otherwise covered by the provincial program or by private health insurance generally offered through employment. Drug claims for these participants of the new plan are paid from the Drug Insurance Fund. This component of the Quebec drug program is self-funded (i.e. it is funded through the compulsory payment of premiums and not by the provincial government of Quebec).

Private Sector—includes out-of-pocket expenditures made by individuals for health care goods and services; the health insurance claims paid by commercial and not-for-profit insurance firms, as well as the cost of administering those claims; non-patient revenues received by health care institutions such as donations and investment income; private spending on health-related capital construction and equipment; and, health research funded by private sources.

■ Use of Funds (Categories)

Hospitals—are institutions where patients are accommodated on the basis of medical need and are provided with continuing medical care and supporting diagnostic and therapeutic services. Hospitals are licensed or approved as hospitals by a provincial/territorial government, or are operated by the Government of Canada and include those providing acute care, extended and chronic care, rehabilitation and convalescent care, psychiatric care, as well as nursing stations or outpost hospitals.

Other Institutions—include residential care types of facilities (for the chronically ill or disabled, who reside at the institution more or less permanently) and which are approved, funded or licensed by provincial or territorial departments of health and/or social services. Residential care facilities include homes for the aged (including nursing homes), facilities for persons with physical disabilities, developmental delays, psychiatric disabilities, alcohol and drug problems, and facilities for emotionally disturbed children. Facilities solely of a custodial or domiciliary nature and facilities for transients or delinquents are excluded.

Physicians—expenditures include primarily professional fees paid by provincial/territorial medical care insurance plans to physicians in private practice. Fees for services rendered in hospitals are included when paid directly to physicians by the plans. Also included are other forms of professional incomes (salaries, sessional, capitation).

The physician expenditure category does not include the remuneration of physicians on the payrolls of hospitals or public sector health agencies; these are included in the appropriate category, e.g. hospitals or other health spending. Physician expenditures generally represent amounts that flow through provincial medical care plans. Provinces differ in terms of what the medical care plans cover. CIHI has not attempted to make adjustments to physician expenditures to reflect these differences because only a few provinces, to date, can net out these differences from their data.

Other Professionals—services, at the aggregate level represent expenditures for the services of privately practicing dentists, denturists, chiropractors, massage therapists, orthoptists, osteopaths, physiotherapists, podiatrists, psychologists, private duty nurses, and naturopaths. Discrete identification of many of the professions included under other professional services is often possible only when they are reported by provincial medical care insurance plans.

This category has been disaggregated at the Canada level in the Data Tables to provide information on the following sub-categories:

Dental Services—expenditures for professional fees of dentists (includes dental assistants and hygienists) and denturists, as well as the cost of dental prostheses, including false teeth and laboratory charges for crowns and other dental appliances.

Vision Care Services—expenditures for the professional services of optometrists and dispensing opticians, as well as expenditures for eyeglasses and contact lenses.

Other—expenditures for chiropractors, massage therapists, orthoptists, osteopaths, physiotherapists, podiatrists, psychologists, private duty nurses, and naturopaths.

Drugs—at the aggregate level, include expenditures on prescribed drugs and non-prescribed products purchased in retail stores. This category has been disaggregated at the Canada level in the Data Tables to provide information on the following sub-categories:

Prescribed Drugs—substances sold under the Food and Drug Act which require a prescription.

Non-prescribed Drugs—include two sub-components: Over-the-Counter drugs, and Personal Health Supplies.

Over-the-Counter Drugs—therapeutic drug products not requiring a prescription.

Personal Health Supplies—include items used primarily to promote or maintain health, e.g. oral hygiene products, diagnostic items such as diabetic test strips and medical items such as incontinence products.

The drug category does not include drugs dispensed in hospitals and generally in other institutions. These are included with the category of hospitals or other institutions.

Capital—includes expenditures on construction, machinery, equipment and some software of hospitals, clinics, first-aid stations, and residential care facilities.

Public Health and Administration—expenditures for items such as measures to prevent the spread of communicable disease, food and drug safety, health inspections, health promotion activities, community mental health programs, public health nursing and all costs for the infrastructure to operate health departments.

Other Health Spending—at the aggregate level includes expenditures on home care, medical transportation (ambulances), hearing aids, other appliances and prostheses, prepayment administration, health research and miscellaneous health care. This category has been disaggregated at the Canada level in the Data Tables to provide information on the following sub-categories:

Prepayment Administration—expenditures related to the cost of providing health insurance programs by either government or private health insurance firms.

Health Research—expenditures for research activities designed to further knowledge of the determinants of health, health status or methods of providing health care, evaluation of health care delivery or of public health programs. The category does not include research carried out by hospitals or drug companies in the course of product development. These amounts would be included with the hospital or drug categories respectively.

Other—expenditures for items such as home care, medical transportation (ambulances), hearing aids, other appliances, training of health workers, voluntary health associations, and occupational health to promote and enhance health and safety at the workplace.

The definition of home care that is currently in use in the National Health Expenditure Database is based on the definition used by the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD), under which only the health professional component of home care is intended to be included. The portion that is commonly referred to as home support is considered to be a social service expenditure rather than a health expenditure and is excluded when it can be identified. A Home Care Feasibility Study at CIHI investigated the feasibility of developing a set of estimates that identify both the health professional and the home support components of home care. The process of updating the data collected in this study is underway in order to assess the feasibility of reporting this set of estimates.

■ Other Terms

Federal Transfers—refer to the total of various federal, provincial and territorial health financing arrangements that may be used to fund the delivery of health and health related services and include at various times: the Canada Health Transfer, Canada Social Transfer, Health Reform Transfer, Canada Health and Social Transfer, Canada Assistance Plan, Established Programs Financing, Equalization, Territorial Formula Financing, and Health Resource Fund which supported provincial capital health expenditures from the mid 1970s to the early 1980s, and transfers by the Department of Indian and Northern Affairs to the territorial governments for the medical care and hospital insurance plans on behalf of Aboriginal people. More recently, several other targeted transfer mechanisms were created including the Diagnostic/Medical Equipment Fund, Public Health and Immunization Fund, and the Wait Times Reduction Fund.

In April, 2004 the federal government restructured its transfers into five major programs: the Canada Health Transfer, Canada Social Transfer, Health Reform Transfer, Equalization and Territorial Formula Financing.²⁵ Effective April 1, 2004, the Canada Health and Social Transfer (CHST) was restructured to enhance the transparency and accountability of federal support for health. The CHST was replaced by the Canada Health Transfer and the Canada Social Transfer.

Canada Health Transfer (CHT)—is provided to each province and territory in support of provincial health care. CHT funding is provided through cash payments and tax transfers and supports the Government of Canada’s commitment to the five principles of the Canada Health Act.

Canada Social Transfer (CST)—provides support to the provinces and territories for post-secondary education, social assistance and social services, including early childhood development and early learning and child care. CST funding is provided through cash payments and tax transfers and supports the five principles of the Canada Health Act.

Health Reform Transfer (HRT)—provides provinces and territories support for health care reforms targeted to primary health care, home care and catastrophic drug coverage. Subject to authorizing legislation the HRT will be integrated into the CHT starting in 2005–2006.

Equalization—ensures that less prosperous provinces have sufficient revenue to provide reasonably comparable levels of public services at reasonably comparable levels of taxation. Equalization payments are unconditional; provinces can spend them according to their respective priorities. Eligibility to receive equalization funding is determined by a formula measuring each province's revenue-raising capacity against a five-province standard. Currently, eight provinces receive equalization: Newfoundland, Prince Edward Island, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, Quebec, Manitoba, Saskatchewan and British Columbia.

Territorial Formula Financing (TFFF)—ensures that territorial governments can provide reasonably comparable levels of public services at reasonably comparable levels of taxation, taking into account the higher costs in the North. The transfers are based on a formula that fills the gap between the expenditure requirements and revenue-raising capacity of the territories.

Diagnostic/Medical Equipment Fund—improves access to publicly funded diagnostic services the Government of Canada provides provinces and territories with targeted funding that support specialized staff training and equipment.

Wait Times Reduction Fund—improves access to health care services the Government of Canada provides provinces and territories with targeted funding to assist in reducing wait times.

²⁵ Transfer Payments to Provinces, Department of Finance Canada, accessed November 15, 2004 <<http://www.fin.gc.ca/FEDPROV/FTPTE.html>>.

Public Health and Immunization Fund—to improve the public health capacities of the Government of Canada provides provinces and territories with targeted funding to support immunization programs.

Canada Health and Social Transfer (CHST)—on April 1, 1996 the CHST replaced federal transfers for social assistance under the Canada Assistance Plan (CAP), and for health and post secondary education under Established Program Financing (EPF). The CHST is a block fund provided in the form of both cash transfers and tax point transfers to all provinces/territories in support of health, post-secondary education, social assistance and social service programs. Provinces may allocate the CHST to health and other social programs according to their particular priorities while upholding the criteria and conditions of the *Canada Health Act*. In 1996–1997 CHST transfers were allocated among the provinces and territories in the same proportions as provincial entitlements under the combined EPF and CAP transfers in 1995–1996.²⁶

Canada Assistance Plan (CAP)—introduced in 1966 by the federal government to share in eligible costs incurred by the provinces and territories in providing social assistance and welfare services to persons in need or persons likely to become in need if these services were not provided. The 1994 budget limited 1995–1996 CAP transfers for all provinces/territories at 1994–1995 levels.²⁷

Established Programs Financing (EPF)—prior to the introduction of the CHST the federal government contributed to the operation of provincial/territorial health insurance plans according to the provisions of the Federal-Provincial Fiscal Arrangements and Federal Post-Secondary Education and Health Contributions Act, 1977 (EPF Act). Under the Act, provinces and territories were entitled to equal per capita federal health contribution increases according to a fixed formula (escalator). Health contributions to the provinces consisted of both cash and an equalized tax transfer. The February 26, 1991 federal budget extended a freeze at 1989–1990 levels to 1994–1995. Legislation later provided for EPF entitlements to grow in 1995–1996 in accordance with the escalator, less three percentage points.

Gross Domestic Product (GDP)²⁸—is the unduplicated value of production originating within the boundaries of Canada, regardless of the ownership of the factors of production. Gross Domestic Product can be valued either at factor cost or at market prices. In this publication GDP is valued at market prices and is expressed in terms of the prices actually paid by the purchaser. It includes all indirect taxes, such as sales and excise taxes, customs duties and property taxes and also reflects the impact of subsidy payments.

Implicit Price Indices—see Methodological Notes, Calculation of Constant Dollars.

²⁶ Health Canada, Canada Health Act Annual Report, 2000–2001, 2001, p. 315.

²⁷ Human Resources Development Canada, Cost Shared Programs, Provincial Entitlements under the Canada Assistance Plan, February, 1996, (unpublished).

²⁸ Statistics Canada, Guide to the Income and Expenditure Accounts, catalogue 13-603E, 1996, pp. 137 and 139.

Purchasing Power Parity (PPP)²⁹—Purchasing Power Parities (PPPs) are the rates of currency conversion that equalize the purchasing power of different currencies. This means that a given sum of money, when converted into different currencies at the PPPs rates, will buy the same basket of goods and services in all countries. Thus PPPs are the rates of currency conversion, which eliminate differences in price levels between countries.

MAJOR DATA LIMITATIONS

Data contained in the national health expenditure database are estimates. The data are collected from diverse sources and include varying classes of financial information. The data are collected and classified according to methods established by a Review Committee. CIHI analysts and external experts continue to improve the comprehensiveness, accuracy and currency of the data, in order to provide the most complete and objective estimates possible. A series of feasibility studies were conducted to determine the advisability and possibility of expanding estimates in the NHEX database for a number of priority issues. The research papers for these feasibility studies are available at CIHI's website www.cihi.ca. Notwithstanding, national health expenditure data are estimates and should be used accordingly.

Most private sector expenditures are estimated from survey data. Prior to 1996, the Family Expenditure Survey by Statistics Canada,³⁰ an important source of private sector data, was not carried out annually; therefore, trend data have been imputed for years between surveys. Private sector data were revised following a methodology review in the early 1990s. The revised private sector data incorporated information estimated directly from new sources for 1988 and subsequent years. Prior years were estimated using trend data. As a result, readers should use caution when using the private sector expenditure data for small provinces and for years prior to 1988.

COLLECTION AND NON-RESPONSE

The following notes briefly describe some of the major technical points associated with the compilation of the health expenditure estimates. Additional information can be obtained by contacting the National Health Expenditure section by phone (613) 241-7860, by fax (613) 241-8120, or by email nhex@cihi.ca.

■ Hierarchy of Classification

National health expenditures in Canada are based on a system of classification that is consistent with international standards developed by the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD) for reporting of health expenditures.³¹

²⁹ OECD Health Data 2004, Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development, Paris, 2004.

³⁰ Family *Expenditure in Canada*, Statistics Canada Catalogue Number 65-555. Statistics Canada, Periodical, Ottawa.

³¹ Statistics Canada (Public Institutions Division) publishes estimates of government health expenditure as part of its comprehensive reporting system of all government expenditures, the Financial Management System (FMS). The FMS public sector health spending estimates are lower than those reported by CIHI because different classification methods are applied and a narrower definition of health expenditure is used in the FMS.

National health expenditures are grouped within the broad categories of Personal Health Care or Other Expenditures:

Personal health care consists of expenditure for health goods and services used by individuals.

Other health expenses consist of expenditures on behalf of society, such as public health; expenditures made as investments for purposes of future consumption, such as capital expenditures; the administrative expenses of planning and managing the health care system; and research.

Personal health expenditures are classified within categories that describe the type of health care used. Certain categories overlap. The hierarchy of classification that is used to allocate overlapping categories of expenditure is:

Institutional setting—health care services consumed in hospitals or other institutions are allocated to the institutional category if the institution purchases the services on behalf of its patients. For example, physician services and drugs paid through hospital budgets are classified as hospital expenditures. This allocates expenditure to the supplier actually paid by patients or their agents in the form of government or insurance companies. It also reflects data availability.

Self employed provider of service—for example, all expenses of physicians' practices are considered to be expenditures for physician services, even though some of these expenses would be for employment of other health professionals, drugs or personal health supplies.

Type of good and service—drugs, personal health supplies and appliances are examples.

An exception to the hierarchy of classification is eye care, in which optometrists services, eyeglasses and contact lenses sold by optometrists are combined as one category, vision care services.

The definitions and methods used in the preparation of this report are for the most part based on those adopted in 1994 by the National Health Expenditure Methodology Review Committee. This committee included representation from Health Canada, Statistics Canada, ministère de la Santé et des Services sociaux du Québec, the Canadian Medical Association and the Canadian Healthcare Association.

■ General Methods

The following is intended as a general overview of the methods applied to calculate estimates of health expenditure in Canada. More detailed information can be obtained by contacting the National Health Expenditure section by phone (613) 241-7860, by fax (613) 241-8120, or by email nhex@cihi.ca.

Provincial Government

Data are extracted annually from provincial/territorial government Public Accounts. Programs and/or program items are classified into health expenditure categories according to accepted and standardized methods and definitions used in estimating national health expenditure. Data from the Public Accounts are supplemented with information from provincial/territorial government department annual reports and annual statistical reports when available, as well as, information provided by provincial/territorial government department officials. Total provincial government health spending figures include spending for health services reported by the provincial/territorial ministry responsible for health as well as by other departments that report spending on health according to National Health Accounts definitions.

Adjustments for regional health authority and/or hospital deficits or surpluses are not made in the National Health Expenditure Database unless the provincial government assumes them. Once assumed by the provincial government they are allocated to the years when the regional health authority and/or hospitals accumulated them.

During the preparation of this report, CIHI's estimates of provincial government health expenditure were submitted to provincial/territorial departments of health for review.

Provincial government figures identified as forecasts are based on the growth rates of major programs reported in provincial/territorial government Main Estimates and Budgets.

On April 1, 1999 Nunavut was formed from the eastern part of the Northwest Territories. The Northwest Territories expenditures for calendar year 1999 include expenditures for Nunavut for one quarter of the year ending March 31, 1999, prior to the formation of Nunavut. Consequently, expenditure data for the Northwest Territories are not comparable before and after calendar year 1999.

Private Sector

Private sector data were revised in 1995 following a methodology review that began in the early 1990s. Private sector data under the revised methodology incorporated information estimated directly from new sources for 1988 and subsequent years. Expenditure amounts

prior to 1988 were estimated using trend data. Therefore, readers should exercise caution when using the private sector expenditure data for small provinces and for years prior to 1988.

Health Insurance claims by category and premiums are collected from nine not-for-profit insurance companies and the Canadian Life and Health Insurance Association, which survey their member companies. The difference between claims and premiums is allocated to the category of prepayment administration, which relates to the cost of providing health insurance programs. Currently, health care spending data by insurance companies providing casualty insurance is not included in the estimates.

Out-of-Pocket health expenditures are based on purchased data from the Survey of Household Spending (SHS), formerly the Family Expenditure Survey, fielded by Statistics Canada. Only category data from section "P" of the survey on Direct Costs for Health Care are used; the SHS categories of "Other Medicines, Drugs and Pharmaceuticals" (i.e. not prescribed by a doctor) and, "Hospital Care" are replaced with data from other sources as described below. National health expenditure estimates are equal to the average expenditure per household for each category multiplied by the estimated number of households.

The SHS is an annual survey, which began in 1996. Prior to 1996, full surveys that included both urban and rural areas were carried out in 1986 and 1992. In 1990 a survey was conducted that included only metropolitan areas. In years when complete surveys are carried out, data are available for the ten provinces and for 17 urban centres. The urban centres include Yellowknife and Whitehorse, which are used to derive estimates of expenditure in the territories. Metropolitan expenditures per household tend to be somewhat higher than provincial estimates. All relevant categories were updated in complete survey years. In years when only urban surveys were carried out, the percentage changes in urban expenditures within each province or territory were used to update category estimates from complete survey years.

Between 1992 and 1996 when no surveys were conducted, provincial growth rates of the Statistics Canada variables of personal expenditure on medical care and dental care; drug and drug sundries; and, other health care, were used to impute missing years. Starting in 2000, the SHS is conducted in territories only every second year. For 2000, 2002 and each year thereafter, out-of-pocket estimates in the territories for physicians, dental care, eye care and other professional services, prescribed drugs, other health goods and services are estimated by CIHI. The SHS category of "Other Medicines, Drugs and Pharmaceuticals" i.e. not prescribed by a doctor, is replaced with information purchased from the research company A.C. Nielsen which tracks consumer sales of non-prescribed drugs sold in Canada at retail. Each year, A.C. Nielsen reports retail sales data for two consistent years for 48 plus non-prescribed drug categories. Data are reported by sales channel,³² total dollar sales volume; and, by regional sales distribution for five regions that includes nine provinces. Newfoundland and Labrador and the territories are not included. The data is processed by classifying the non-prescribed drug categories as either over-the-counter drugs or personal health supplies. Regional sales amounts are separated into nine provinces and estimates for

³² As a general rule Statistics Canada definitions govern the classification of stores by class of trade. Sales channels include Drug Stores; Food Stores with Pharmacies; Grocery Banners; Mass Merchandiser and Warehouse Clubs, which are estimated from A.C. Nielsen's household panel data.

Newfoundland and Labrador and the territories are calculated, using provincial distributions of Direct Costs for Health Care from the SHS. Lastly, appropriate provincial and federal sales taxes are incorporated into the estimates.

The SHS category of Hospital Care is not used; instead the out-of-pocket component of hospital care is estimated based on revenues from patient services from Statistics Canada's Annual Return of Health Care Facilities (HS-2) prior to 1994–1995 and the Canadian MIS Database (CMDB) thereafter.

Private sector estimates of other institutions are derived from data from Statistics Canada's Residential Care Facilities Survey (RCF). Data used from the survey include income to facilities from co-insurance or self-pay of residents; differential for preferred accommodation; and sundry earnings.

The **Non-Consumption** component of the private sector includes non-patient revenue to hospitals including ancillary operations, donations, investment income etc. This data is derived from Statistics Canada's HS-2 prior to 1994–1995 and CIHI's CMDB thereafter.

The non-consumption portion of the private sector also includes expenditures for biomedical and health care research by Canadian faculties of medicine derived from Medical Education Statistics published by the Association of Canadian Medical Colleges. Included are amounts for research funded by national and provincial not-for-profit foundations such as the Heart and Stroke Foundation of Canada, the National Cancer Institute of Canada, the Canadian Cancer Society, to name only a few. In addition, funding from local sources, internal university sources, university and unaffiliated hospitals, and foreign sources are also included. The sum of these amounts is provincially distributed according to the reported distribution of total amounts spent on research by the various faculties of medicine across the country.

Capital expenditure in the private sector is also included as a non-consumption component category. Additional information on the calculation of capital can be found in the Calculation Methods section under Capital Expenditure and in the Forecasting Method section.

Federal Direct

Data on Federal Direct health care spending is estimated from information provided by federal government organizations supplemented with information from the National Public Accounts. Federal government health care spending is generally provided according to the province in which the expenditure was made. Some data, however, is provided only at the national level, in these cases it is distributed by the appropriate provincial/territorial population.

Municipal Government

Municipal Government health care spending is based on information provided by the Public Institutions Division of Statistics Canada.

Social Security Funds

In Canada, social security funds include the health care spending by workers' compensation boards and the drug insurance fund component of the Quebec Ministry of Health and Social Services drug subsidy program. The Workers' Compensation Board data are derived from special tabulations from each provincial and territorial Workers' Compensation Board of their medical aid expenditures. Income replacement and occupational rehabilitation is not included. Items included as medical aid that do not meet the National Health Expenditure definition of health expenditures such as funeral expenses, clothing expenses, hotel accommodation, and non-medical transportation are excluded.

The Workers' Compensation Boards data is supplemented after 1996 with the portion of the Régie de l'assurance-maladie du Québec's drug program that is not funded by the ministry of health and social services. See the definition of Social Security Funds in the Concepts and Definitions section of this report for additional information.

■ Calculation Methods

Calculation of Average Annual Rate of Growth

The Average Annual Rate of Growth is the constant annual rate necessary for a value at the beginning of a period to grow to a value at the end of a period over the number of compounding years in the period. The formula used to calculate the average annual rate of growth is:

$$= e^{(\ln(\text{value at end of period}) - \ln(\text{value at beginning of period}))/T}$$

Where the constant e equals 2.718, which is the base of the natural logarithm, and T equals the number of years in the period.

Calculation of Calendar Year

Some information sources provide data in fiscal years. Calendar year data were calculated by adding $\frac{3}{4}$ of one fiscal year to $\frac{1}{4}$ of the previous fiscal year.

Calculation of Constant Dollars

Real health expenditure and real per capita health expenditure are presented in constant 1997 dollars. Constant dollar expenditure was calculated using price indices for public and private expenditures in each province and territory. The indices are the implicit price indices (IPI) for government current expenditure, which are used to deflate public sector health care spending, and the health component of the Consumer Price Index (CPI), which are used to deflate private sector health care spending. Statistics Canada developed both sets of indices. A more complete explanation of the methodology for calculating implicit price indices is available in Statistics Canada publications.³³

³³ For example, *Guide to the Income and Expenditure Accounts*, Statistics Canada catalogue number 13-603E, Statistics Canada, Ottawa.

In the health expenditure series, public and private expenditures are adjusted separately in each province using the appropriate index. Adjusted values are summed to obtain Canada totals at constant dollar values. Consequently, the overall implicit price index of the health expenditure series reflects the mix of public and private expenditures reported in the National Health Expenditure database.

The government current expenditure index was forecast for the latest year in this report for the provinces and territories. The forecasts are based on the Conference Board of Canada's forecasts of this index for Canada, Ontario and Quebec and CIHI's forecasts for the remaining provinces.

The CPI (health) index was forecast to December of the latest year in this report based on the average of the monthly index up to September of the same year, which was the latest information available prior to the publication of this report.

Calculation of TOTAL Health Expenditure as a Percentage of Gross Domestic Product

The Gross Domestic Product (GDP) at market prices³⁴ was used to express total health expenditure as a percentage of GDP. National GDP figures for Canada were used rather than the sum of provincial/territorial GDP to calculate the total health expenditure to GDP ratio for Canada.

The GDP figures provided by Statistics Canada were revised (upward) in 2001 as part of their overall revision to the methods for measuring the nation's economic activity. Revised GDP figures for Canada were available from 1975 to 2000. Revised provincial and territorial GDP figures were available from Statistics Canada from 1981 to 1999. No attempt was made by CIHI to estimate provincial GDP prior to 1981. Forecasts of GDP figures at both the national and provincial/territorial levels for the latest year were prepared by CIHI by applying the Conference Board of Canada's latest available forecasted growth rate of GDP to the previous year's GDP figures from Statistics Canada.

Calculation of Per Capita Dollars

Per capita health expenditures were calculated using the most recent revised population estimates from the Demography Division of Statistics Canada. This takes into account the results of the census adjustment for net census under-count, non-permanent residents and returning Canadians. Population figures for the latest year are projections from the Demography Division of Statistics Canada.

Calculation of TOTAL Health Expenditure

Total health expenditure refers to the sum of the public and the private sectors. Canada refers to the sum of the ten provinces and three territories. Total health care spending in constant 1997 dollars is the sum of public sector health care spending in constant 1997 dollars and private sector health care spending in constant 1997 dollars. Canada Average is the sum of provincial/territorial expenditures divided by the sum of provincial/territorial data of another variable, such as population.

³⁴ Source: National Accounts and Environment Division, Statistics Canada.

Capital Expenditure

Prior to a major methodology review in 1995, several categories in the private sector were estimated using a residual method, whereby public sector spending was subtracted from an estimated total. The remainder was allocated entirely to the private sector. Following a major methodology review in the early 1990s, capital expenditure remained as the only category that was estimated this way. In 1998, the method of calculating capital expenditure was reviewed and revised. Capital expenditure for the private sector, provincial and municipal government sectors, is now estimated from information obtained from the Investment and Capital Stock Division at Statistics Canada. Capital expenditure in the federal direct sector is obtained from the national public accounts and federal departments that provide health services. There are no capital expenditures in the Social Security Funds sector. The implications of this change are twofold; capital expenditure in all sectors is based on full cost or cash basis accounting principles; and, capital is the only category of expenditure in which spending is categorized as private or public based on ownership of the facility in which the investment is made. This convention has been adopted due to data limitations.

Forecasting Methods

Provincial government sector health-spending forecasts are based on the growth rates of a consistent set of major health programs of provincial health departments reported in provincial Main Estimates and Budgets. In the case of territorial government forecasts of the Northwest Territories and Nunavut, estimates were based on amounts reported in their Main Estimates. In other sectors, figures for these two territories were calculated by developing a forecast for the Northwest Territories including Nunavut. The share of Nunavut spending in the last year of actual data of the combined total of the Northwest Territories and Nunavut was used as a proxy to break out the forecasts for the Northwest Territories and Nunavut for the latest years.

The 2003 figures for capital expenditure in the provincial government sector, the municipal government sector and the private sector are based on "preliminary actual" figures from the Investment and Capital Stock Division of Statistics Canada. The 2004 capital figures are based on "intentions".

Forecasts for the remaining categories in the Federal Direct, Workers' Compensation Boards, Municipal Government and the Private sector were made entirely based on econometric analysis of time series trends. For each series, up to 40 different univariate forecasting specifications were evaluated, and the best one (based on the root mean square error of prediction) was selected. The functional forms studied included the exponential smoothing family (simple, double, Holt, Brown, Winters, damped trend, etc.); time trends; ARIMA specifications; etc. Logarithmic transformations were used when the data warranted its use. A LOESS smoother technique was used as well to help in generating better forecasts in some cases by capturing recent information in the series.

In the private sector, the actual data for other institutions (from Statistics Canada), health research (from the Association of Canadian Medical Colleges) are unavailable for 2002. Consequently these data were forecast for three instead of two years. The remaining data in the private sector were forecast for two years.

Forecasts of health expenditures are identified in the figures by special symbols and in the Data Tables by the letter "f".

Gross Domestic Product figures at both the national and provincial/territorial levels were forecast for the latest year by CIHI by applying the Conference Board of Canada's forecasted growth rate of GDP of this year to the previous year's GDP figures from Statistics Canada.

The government current expenditure price index was forecast for 2003 for the provinces and territories. The forecasts are based on the Conference Board of Canada's latest forecasts of this index for Canada, Ontario and Quebec and CIHI's forecasts of the remaining provinces.

The CPI (health) index was forecast to December of the latest year based on the average of the monthly index up to September of the same year, which was the latest information available prior to the publication of this report.

■ Age and Sex Distribution Methods

The Series E Data Tables present provincial government health expenditure for selected categories of spending by sex and eight age groupings. Total provincial/territorial government expenditure by age, sex and province/territory is available for 1998 onwards. The five categories presented are hospitals, other institutions, physicians, other professionals and drugs. The method of distributing the five categories and total is explained below. The data reported in Series E of the Data Tables are not age-sex standardized.

Hospitals

The distribution of provincial government hospital expenditure by age and sex is based on information from CIHI's Discharge Abstract Database (DAD)³⁵ and Hospital Morbidity Database (HMDB). The CIHI 2001 Case Mix grouping methodology or CMGTM was used to group patient discharge information into homogenous groups, based on clinical and resource utilization characteristics.

In the CMG methodology, patients are assigned to a group according to diagnosis and surgical procedures. Within each group patients are further classified into a complexity level³⁶ based on the number and type of co-morbid diagnoses and the age of the patient. Once the patient is grouped, a Resource Intensity Weight or RIWTM³⁷ is assigned. The assigned resource intensity weights were then aggregated to generate total weighted cases by age and sex.

³⁵ The Discharge Abstract Database receives information from participating hospitals that represent about 85% of all hospital discharges in Canada. The database contains clinical, demographic and administrative data for inpatient acute, chronic and rehabilitation care and day surgery.

³⁶ Following extensive consultation with experts in the field, at the time of printing it is believed that these data have not been substantially effected by recent concerns regarding complexity.

³⁷ RIWs are resource allocation algorithms, developed by CIHI for estimating the relative hospital resources used for a typical case. See <http://ottpr01:7778/cihiweb/dispPage.jsp?cw_page=casemix_riw_e> for more information.

The provincial government hospital expenditure estimate for each province is allocated to a given age group based on the weighted cases in that age group relative to total weighted cases. Weighted case information from the DAD and Morbidity Database is for acute inpatient care only. Weighted cases for the majority of hospital-based ambulatory care (i.e. day surgery, emergency departments and clinics) are currently only available in one province. Nevertheless, acute inpatient weighted cases is used as a proxy to distribute the National Health Expenditure estimate of hospital expenditure financed by provincial governments, which includes inpatient and ambulatory care.

CIHI investigated the reasonableness of using the acute inpatient data as a proxy to distribute comprehensive provincial government hospital expenditures by comparing 1998–1999 weighted cases calculated from Alberta’s Ambulatory Care data set with the Alberta acute inpatient weighted cases from the DAD/HMDB. The analysis showed that the distribution of ambulatory care weighted cases differs from inpatient weighted cases primarily in the senior age groups. The impact of including the ambulatory care weighted cases with the inpatient weighted cases is to lower per capita spending in the senior age groups from what it would have been based on the inpatient weighted cases only.

Data from the DAD/HMDB covers 11 jurisdictions across Canada; the territories are combined due to the small number of facilities. The Yukon, Northwest Territories and Nunavut (1999 onward) were distributed according to a combined territorial distribution and further distributed based on population. Data for Prince Edward Island and Saskatchewan from the DAD for 1995–1996 to 1997–1998 represents about 85% total acute hospitalizations within each province, however from 1998–1999 onward the DAD represents 100% coverage in these two provinces. Weighted cases for Quebec are based entirely on the Hospital Morbidity Database. Data for the year 2002 were unavailable for this province and have been estimated based on an analysis of the historical series.

Caution should be exercised when comparing age and sex expenditure estimates across provinces, particularly with respect to Manitoba. Hospital utilization data in Manitoba is reported to CIHI differently than in other provinces and territories. In addition to acute inpatient care, Manitoba’s weighted cases include chronic, rehabilitative and long-term hospital care, which results in higher weights applied to senior age groups, and ultimately higher spending in those age groups.

Physicians

The distribution of provincial government physician expenditure by age and sex is based on information from CIHI’s National Physician Database (NPDB). The NPDB contains data on the socio-demographic and billing activities of fee-for-service physicians, as well as on the age and sex of patients. NPDB data is used as a proxy to distribute all physicians’ services expenditure from the National Health Expenditure database (NHEX). NHEX includes primarily professional fees, paid by provincial medical care insurance plans to physicians in private practice but also includes alternative payment methods such as salaries, sessional and capitation payments.

Fiscal year 1996–1997 data was unavailable from the NPDB for Nova Scotia, and was estimated using growth rates in the population by age and sex applied to the 1995–1996 fee-for-service data from the NPDB. Data for 1995–1996 was also unavailable from NPDB for New Brunswick. Similar to Nova Scotia, it was estimated using growth rates in the population by age and sex applied to 1994–1995 fee-for-services data from the NPDB. Yukon fee-for-service data from 1995–1996 onward was used to estimate the Northwest Territories by applying the Yukon fee-for-service per capita spending by age and sex to the Northwest Territories population for 1995–1996 onward. Similar to the Northwest Territories, Nunavut for 1999–2000 onward was estimated using the Yukon data. Data was collected in fiscal year and converted to calendar year (see Calculation Methods).

Data provided by the NPDB for the year 2002 are preliminary estimates.

Other Institutions

Statistics Canada's Residential Care Facilities Survey (RCF) was used to estimate the provincial/territorial age and sex distribution from 1995–1996 to 2001–2002 for other institutions. Facilities for Delinquents, Transients and others, were excluded from the age-sex distribution. Only facilities financed to provide a level of care for type II or higher were considered for the estimation. These levels of care require a minimum of at least one and half-hours a day of medical and/or professional nursing supervision. Patient counts by age and sex and by predominant level of care within each facility was used to create the distributions.

In order for a facility's patient count to be included it was also necessary for the facility to report both income from provincial/territorial government sources and days of care for provincial government funded clients. Within a particular facility type, patient counts by age and sex were weighted based on the predominant level of care. Weights were generated using the estimated cost per patient for a particular type of care relative to type II. That is, type II care was the basis and had a weight of one. Once patient counts by age and sex, level of care, and facility type were assigned weights, the patient counts were aggregated to create total weighted provincial or territorial patient counts. A distribution across age and sex was generated and then applied to the appropriate provincial/territorial NHEX figure for other institutions. The age groups from the RCF, (<10, 11–17, 18–44, 45–64, 65–69, 70–74, 75–79, 80–84, 85⁺), were expanded into five-year age groups by CIHI using population, as well as DAD/HMDB Weighted Cases that were also used to distribute NHEX hospital expenditure (see age-sex distribution methodology for hospitals in this section).

At the time of publication data was unavailable for Quebec for all years. The weighted patient counts for Canada (minus Quebec) from the RCF for 1996–1997 to 2001–2002 was used as a proxy for Quebec's distribution of other institutions expenditure. An Estimate for 1995–1996 was also generated using growth rates across age groups and gender in the population, applied to the 1996–1997 other institutions spending estimates by province and territory. Data was then converted into calendar year (see Calculation Methods).

Full data for 2002 were unavailable for all jurisdictions. Consequently, expenditure by age and sex for this year were estimated based on an analysis of the historical series.

Drugs

Provincial government prescribed drug expenditure primarily includes drugs that are dispensed through provincial drug subsidy programs. The level of coverage under these programs varies across the country. Universal drug plans with first dollar coverage to all residents are currently not available in any province. Most provincial government plans provide prescribed drugs to seniors, and welfare recipients. British Columbia, Saskatchewan and Manitoba provide some coverage to all residents with an assortment of substantial individual deductibles and co-payments. Similarly, Quebec instituted a universal plan in 1997 that requires Quebec residents to be covered under the provincial plan if a private group plan, usually available through an employer, is not available.

CIHI requested drug claims that were paid in a given year, by age and sex from each provincial drug subsidy program. Drug claim information by age and sex are currently unavailable from Newfoundland and Labrador, Prince Edward Island and Nunavut.

Data from Nova Scotia consists of the Seniors Pharmacare Program and prescription drug claims paid by the Department of Community Services through the Income Assistance Program and Family Benefits Program. Data from the Special Drug Program was unavailable; expenditure for this plan was distributed using data from the Department of Community Services.

Data collected from the New Brunswick Prescription Drug Program consists of ten different drug plans. Age-sex data were provided for the following plans: Seniors Plan (A), Cystic Fibrosis Plan (B), Family and Community Social Services (E), Human Resources Development (F), Organ Transplant (R), Human Growth Hormone (T), and Nursing Home Program (V), leaving only three plans with no age and sex data: Children in Care (G), HIV (U), and Special Authorization (SA) (for drugs not normally covered under the provincial formulary). Beginning in October 1996, claims under SA are included in six other plans (A, B, G, R, T, and V) if the claimant is a beneficiary of one of these plans. In September of 1997 this was expanded to include plans E and F. Minor plans for which age-sex data were not available were distributed using the overall distribution of plans for which data were available.

The Quebec Ministry of Health and Social Services supplied data on its drug subsidy program in calendar year. The plans included coverage for seniors, income security recipients, and others. Data for 1997 onward also included a general client group representing recipients whose drug claims are paid through the self financed drug insurance fund by the premiums of subscribers to the plan and not the provincial government. Consequently, the age-sex distribution of this group was not included with the rest of the provincial government program.³⁸

The Ontario Drug Benefits program (ODB) supplied age-sex data, which included combined prescription drug claims paid by the Ministry of Health and the Ministry of Community Services, as well as data for the Trillium Drug Program, which was implemented in April 1995. The Special Drug Program does not have an age-sex profile; its expenditure was therefore applied to the ODB distribution.

³⁸ See the definition of Social Security Funds in the variables and concepts section of this report for more information.

Manitoba was unable to provide data for fiscal year 1996–1997 because of the Drug Programs Information Network (DPIN) conversion from a calendar year to a fiscal year system. This resulted in a 15-month year from January 1996 to April 1997. The Department of Health’s Pharmacare plan supplied data on drug claims paid for fiscal year 1997–1998 onward. Data for the Ministry of Family Services, Employment and Income Assistance Division’s drug plan was supplied for 1997–1998 onward. The figures reported for Manitoba in 1997 are based on fiscal year data for 1997–1998. Data supplied by the Saskatchewan Drug Plan and Extended Benefits Branch was in calendar year.

Alberta Health and Wellness provided expenditure data by age and sex on their prescription drug programs from 1995–1996 onward. Data was supplied for all four of Alberta’s prescription drug plans: Seniors, Widow’s Pension, Regular and Palliative Care. Alberta Human Resources and Employment provided data for their prescription drug expenditure under the Employment and Income Assistance programs (formerly under Alberta Family and Social Services) for 1995–1996 to 1998–1999 and 2000–2001 onward. The age-sex distribution for 1999–2000 Alberta Human Resources and Employment’s drug plan is based on 1998–1999 data.

British Columbia Ministry of Health of Health Services supplied claims paid by age and sex of the client in calendar year from 1996 onward for each plan administered by their Pharmacare program. NHEX drug plan expenditures for British Columbia were converted to calendar year and then applied to the distribution of the appropriate data supplied by the province.

The Yukon Department of Health and Social Services supplied drug expenditure claims for three administered drug plans: Seniors, Child Drug Plan, and Chronic Care Drug Plan. Data from 1995–1996 to 2002–2003 was provided for each plan with the exception of the Child Drug Plan, which was implemented in 1997–1998. Northwest Territories Department of Health and Social Services supplied data by age and sex for prescription drug claims paid for Extended Health Benefits (EHB).

The provincial government drug estimate at the program level is allocated to a given age group based on the value of claims paid in that age group relative to total claims paid. In provinces with more than one program, the age-sex-distributed programs were combined to represent a total estimate for the province. Most data were collected in fiscal year and converted to calendar year (see Calculation Methods).

Other Professionals

Expenditure for the category of other professionals accounted for approximately 1% of total provincial/territorial health expenditure in recent years. Provincial/territorial governments provide a variety of health services delivered by health professionals other than physicians that includes primarily dentists, optometrists, chiropractors and physiotherapists.

All provinces provide various programs for seniors and children, as well as programs for income assistance recipients. However, the services provided vary considerably across Canada. For instance, Ontario, British Columbia, and Quebec provide physiotherapy services to residents, while other provinces do not. Chiropractic services are provided through provincial insurance plans from Ontario west to British Columbia, but nowhere else

in Canada. Target populations, co-payments and deductibles also vary from provinces to province. CIHI requested from each province data for claims that were paid for by provincial/territorial governments in a given year, by age and sex, and type of service provided by other health care professionals. Details of data availability and estimation methods are described below.

Data were unavailable from Prince Edward Island, Manitoba, New Brunswick and Nunavut. The remaining provinces and territories were able to supply data by age and sex for approximately 75% or more of other professional services. When a province or territory was unable to supply 100% of services, CIHI estimated the age and sex distribution for these services by using data from programs from other provinces with similar coverage and eligibility levels.

The provincial government expenditure estimates for other professionals at the program level is allocated to a given age group based on the value of claims paid in that age group relative to total claims paid. In provinces with more than one program, the age-sex-distributed programs were combined to represent a total estimate for the provinces' other professionals expenditure. Most data were collected in fiscal year and converted to calendar year (see Calculation Methods).

Total Provincial Government Health Expenditure by Age and Sex

To age-sex standardize total provincial government health expenditures, it is necessary that all categories of expenditure be distributed by age and sex for each province. Unfortunately age-sex distributions for all provincial/territorial government expenditures are currently not available in all provinces and territories. Consequently, CIHI estimated the missing data using the following methods. The age-sex distributions of drug subsidy programs for Newfoundland and Labrador, Prince Edward Island and Nunavut were estimated for 1998 onward using the distributions of drug subsidy programs in other provinces with similar target populations and co-payment plans. Newfoundland and Labrador age-sex distribution was based on New Brunswick's seniors and Community and Social Services drug plans (plans A, E and F). Prince Edward Island's age-sex distribution for drug expenditure was based on the Nova Scotia Seniors and Community Services drug plans. Nunavut's age-sex distribution is based on the Northwest Territories data.

The age sex distributions of the category of other professionals in Prince Edward Island, New Brunswick and Nunavut (1999 onward) were estimated for 1998 onward. The age-sex distributions of these provinces were based on the distributions in other provinces of other health care provider programs that had similar beneficiaries and co-payment plans. Dental expenditure by age and sex in Prince Edward Island was based on the Newfoundland and Labrador Dental Health Plan clients from 3 to 16 years of age. Similarly, New Brunswick's dental expenditure for the youth income assistance plan was based on clients up to 17 years of age from the Newfoundland and Labrador dental plan. New Brunswick's age and sex distribution for the income assistance optometry plan was based on Saskatchewan Health's Supplementary Health Optometry plan. As was the case with Nunavut's drug expenditure, Nunavut's other professional's category expenditure was based on the age-sex distribution for the Northwest Territories. Quebec's physiotherapy expenditure is distributed across a combined age-sex distribution of Ontario and British Columbia's fee-for-service physiotherapy plans.

Capital expenditure was estimated for all provinces and territories by using the general provincial/territorial populations by age and sex. This method was used based on two criteria: (i) capital investments in health care institutions typically last for decades and those who do not use institutional services in a given year may use them in the future; and (ii) given the uncertainty of illness the availability of facilities has a value for all who potentially would use them if the need arises.

The remaining categories of Public Health and Administration and Other Health Spending were also estimated using the general provincial/territorial populations by age and sex based on the following rationale. Public health and health research benefit the entire population and it would be difficult to attribute them in different proportions to specific age and sex groups. Prepayment administration expenditures are accounted for mainly by the universal hospital and physicians' services plans. The rationale for distributing them according to the general population rather than based on utilization is because prepayment administration expenses are made up largely of the costs of registration systems for eligible residents, which cover the total population, and claims processing costs. The convention of allocating ambulance expenditure by population distributions is not believed to result in significant error of the total provincial expenditure distributions due to its small share of the other health care spending category.

Age-Sex Standardization of Provincial Government Expenditures

For the purpose of age-sex standardization CIHI used a direct method. Standardized expenditures by category were calculated by multiplying the male and female population of Canada in each of the 19 age groups by the expenditure per capita for each age group and sex by province and territory. Male and female standardized expenditure was aggregated and then divided by the total Canada population to generate the standardized per capita spending for a particular category by province and territory.

MAJOR CHANGES FROM PREVIOUS YEARS

In the process of compiling the National Health Expenditure series from year to year new information becomes available, methods and concepts are refined, and data sources are improved. The data are revised to incorporate these enhancements.

REVISION HISTORY

■ Provincial Government Sector

Newfoundland and Labrador—Updated historical information resulted in the reallocation of some funds from Hospitals to Other Institutions between 1995 and 2001, as well as increases of \$2.4 million and \$0.8 million in 1999 and 2000 respectively.

British Columbia—The inclusion of expenditure by the Michael Smith Health Care Research Foundation resulted in an increase of \$6.4 million for the year 2001.

Yukon—A Revision to the Public Health category resulted in an increase of \$4.4 million for the year 2001.

Table 10—Differences from Previously Reported Provincial Government Sector Data by Province/Territory and Canada, 1999 to 2001 (\$ millions)

| Year | N.L. | P.E.I. | N.S. | N.B. | Que. | Ont. | Man. | Sask. | Alta. | B.C. | Y.T. | N.W.T. | Nun. | Canada |
|------|------|--------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|------|------|--------|------|--------|
| 1999 | 2.4 | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | 2.4 |
| 2000 | 0.8 | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | 0.8 |
| 2001 | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | 6.4 | 4.4 | --- | --- | 10.9 |

■ **Private Sector**

Methods for processing insurance related categories (e.g. prepayment administration) were reviewed and the data were updated when necessary which resulted in minor revisions for most provinces back to 1988. Insurance data for Quebec, Ontario and Saskatchewan in 1999 to 2001 were updated based on new information.

Hospital estimates for 2000 and/or 2001, varying from province to province, were revised due to new information from CMDB. Estimates for Newfoundland and Labrador, Nova Scotia, Manitoba, Saskatchewan and British Columbia were affected by this revision. The other revision related to hospitals is the inclusion of additional primary accounts (75 and 76) according to the advice from the CMDB group, which has minor impact on the estimates for all provinces except New Brunswick and Alberta.

Forecasted health research expenditure for all jurisdictions in 2001 presented in the last report were replaced by the actual data.

Table 11—Differences from Previously Reported Private Sector Data by Province/Territory and Canada, 1988 to 2001 (\$ millions)

| Year | Nfld. | P.E.I. | N.S. | N.B. | Que. | Ont. | Man. | Sask. | Alta. | B.C. | Y.T. | N.W.T. | Nun. | Canada |
|------|-------|--------|------|------|------|-------|------|-------|-------|------|------|--------|------|--------|
| 1988 | --- | 0.1 | 0.2 | --- | --- | --- | 0.2 | 0.2 | --- | 0.3 | --- | --- | --- | 1.0 |
| 1989 | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1990 | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1991 | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1992 | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1993 | --- | --- | --- | --- | 0.1 | 0.3 | --- | --- | 0.1 | --- | --- | --- | --- | 0.5 |
| 1994 | --- | --- | 0.1 | --- | 0.7 | 1.8 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.3 | 0.2 | --- | --- | --- | 3.3 |
| 1995 | --- | 1.0 | 1.8 | --- | 0.9 | 5.5 | --- | 0.1 | 0.4 | 0.3 | --- | --- | --- | 10.1 |
| 1996 | --- | 0.7 | 5.3 | --- | --- | 5.7 | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | 11.7 |
| 1997 | --- | 0.1 | 1.6 | --- | --- | 3.8 | --- | 0.4 | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | 5.8 |
| 1998 | --- | --- | --- | --- | -1.4 | -0.1 | --- | 2.3 | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | 0.8 |
| 1999 | --- | --- | 0.1 | --- | -0.1 | 32.0 | --- | 2.8 | -0.2 | 0.3 | --- | --- | --- | 34.9 |
| 2000 | --- | --- | -6.7 | -0.2 | -0.6 | 35.2 | 13.6 | 9.5 | -0.9 | 2.2 | --- | -0.1 | --- | 51.9 |
| 2001 | -3.8 | --- | -0.7 | --- | 35.2 | -69.8 | 22.6 | 17.4 | 25.3 | 16.0 | --- | --- | --- | 42.2 |

■ Federal Direct Sector

A methodological revision based on a reallocation of expenses as reported in the Canadian Foundation for Innovation (CFI) annual reports is responsible for changes in this sector.

Table 12—Differences from Previously Reported Federal Direct Sector Data by Province/Territory and Canada, 1997 to 2001 (\$ millions)

| Year | N.L. | P.E.I. | N.S. | N.B. | Que. | Ont. | Man. | Sask. | Alta. | B.C. | Y.T. | N.W.T. | Nun. | Canada |
|------|------|--------|------|------|-------|-------|------|-------|-------|-------|------|--------|------|--------|
| 1997 | 0.1 | --- | 0.2 | 0.1 | -20.7 | 13.9 | -0.5 | -3.7 | 5.5 | -17.6 | --- | --- | --- | -22.7 |
| 1998 | 0.1 | --- | 0.0 | --- | -11.5 | -0.4 | 0.9 | -1.4 | 0.1 | -13.5 | --- | --- | --- | -25.7 |
| 1999 | -0.1 | --- | -0.4 | -0.1 | -73.4 | -74.8 | -5.1 | -7.0 | -13.6 | -43.0 | --- | --- | --- | -217.5 |
| 2000 | 0.1 | --- | 0.4 | --- | 30.8 | 22.5 | 1.5 | 2.9 | 5.2 | 19.5 | --- | --- | --- | 83.0 |
| 2001 | 0.2 | 1.5 | 1.0 | -0.1 | 85.2 | 104.4 | 2.9 | 2.5 | 45.7 | 36.6 | -6.4 | --- | --- | 273.4 |

■ Municipal Government Sector

Municipal government data is from Statistics Canada's Financial Management System. The revisions presented in Table 13 below are primarily due to revised revenue and expenditure estimates by Statistics Canada.

Table 13—Differences from Previously Reported Municipal Government Sector Data by Province/Territory and Canada, 1999 to 2001 (\$ millions)

| Year | N.L. | P.E.I. | N.S. | N.B. | Que. | Ont. | Man. | Sask. | Alta. | B.C. | Y.T. | N.W.T. | Nun. | Canada |
|------|------|--------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|------|------|--------|------|--------|
| 1999 | --- | --- | 0.2 | --- | --- | 17.8 | 2.2 | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | 20.2 |
| 2000 | --- | --- | 0.8 | -1.1 | 1.3 | 64.0 | -1.3 | 0.1 | 2.6 | 4.5 | --- | --- | 0.2 | 71.0 |
| 2001 | --- | 0.1 | -0.2 | -0.3 | --- | 20.9 | -1.1 | 0.7 | --- | 4.2 | --- | --- | --- | 24.2 |

■ Age and Sex Expenditure Data

Changes to the age-sex distributions from the 2003 publication occurred due to methodology revisions and new information from data sources. For more detailed information please contact the NHEX section by telephone, (613) 241-7860 or by email nhex@cihi.ca.

■ Economic and Demographic Data

Statistics Canada recently revised their population estimates. The estimates in this report are now based on the latest released data of October 2004.

SOURCES OF DATA

National Health Expenditure estimates are compiled based on information from the following sources.

■ Provincial Government Sector

- Provincial Public Accounts and Main Estimates
- Provincial Departments of Health Annual Reports and Statistical Supplements where available
- Annual Reports of various foundations, agencies and commissions
- Special tabulations and specific information from various provincial departments reporting health expenditures.
- Federal Transfers as a part of Provincial Government spending:
 - EPF, CHST—Federal-Provincial Relations Division, Federal Department of Finance
 - CAP—Cost Shared Programs Division, Human Resources and Development Canada
 - Contributions to the Governments of the Northwest and Yukon Territories—Public Accounts of Canada, Department of Indian Affairs and Northern Development
 - Health Resource Fund—Health Canada

■ Federal Direct Sector

- Public Accounts of Canada
- Special tabulations/information from:
 - Health Canada
 - Department of Veterans Affairs
 - Department of National Defense
 - Solicitor General of Canada
 - Statistics Canada
 - Citizenship and Immigration Canada
 - Several organizations that are responsible for administering research funds from federal government such as Canada Foundation for Innovation, Canadian Health Services Research Foundation and the Canadian Institute for Advanced Research

■ Municipal Government Sector

- Special tabulation purchased from the Public Institutions Division of Statistics Canada.

■ Social Security Funds Sector

- Special tabulations on medical aid spending provided by the provincial/territorial Workers' Compensation Boards
- Annual Reports of provincial/territorial Workers' Compensation Boards
- Annual Report of the Régie de l'assurance-maladie du Québec

■ Private Sector

- Private Insurance Component
 - The *not-for-profit* portion is captured from special tabulations provided by the not-for-profit insurance companies.
 - The *commercial* portion is captured by a special tabulation provided by the Canadian Life and Health Insurance Association (CLHIA)
- Out-of-pocket Component
 - Survey of Household Spending (SHS), (formerly the Family Expenditures Survey (FAMEX)), Statistics Canada except for the following categories
 - **Hospitals**—(adjusted revenues from *patient services*) Annual Return of Health Care Facilities, fielded by Statistics Canada to 1994–1995, and the Canadian MIS Database (CMDB) administered by CIHI from 1995–1996 and onward
 - **Other Institutions**—Residential Care Facilities Survey fielded by Statistics Canada
 - **Over-the-Counter Drugs and Personal Health Supplies**—Market Review of Selected Drug Categories at Retail, a special tabulation purchased from AC Nielsen Canada
- Non-consumption Component
 - **Hospitals**—(adjusted revenues from *non-patient services*) Annual Return of Health Care Facilities, Part 2 fielded by Statistics Canada to 1994–1995 and the CMDB from 1995–1996 onward
 - **Capital Expenditures**—special tabulation purchased from the Investment and Capital Stock Division of Statistics Canada
 - **Health Research**—The Association of Canadian Medical Colleges, *Canadian Medical Education Statistics*, Expenditure for Biomedical and Health Care Research of Canadian Faculties of Medicine by Source of Funds

■ Age and Sex Data

- CIHI's Discharge Abstract Database (DAD) and Hospital Morbidity Database (HMDB)
- CIHI's National Physician Database (NPDB)
- Special tabulations provided by provincial/territorial government departments responsible for administering drug and other health benefit programs
- Statistic Canada's Residential Care Facility Survey (RCF)

■ **Economic and Demographic Data**

- Gross Domestic Product
 - purchased from National Accounts and Environment Division, Statistics Canada, for all years except the latest
 - purchased from the Conference Board of Canada (GDP growth rates) for the latest year
- Population: purchased from the Demography Division, Statistics Canada
- Provincial Government Expenditure—Special tabulation purchased from the Public Institutions Division of Statistics Canada
- Price Indices
 - Income and Expenditure Accounts Division and Prices Division, Statistics Canada, for all years except the latest
 - purchased from Conference Board of Canada for the latest year

Data Tables

This section provides summary level expenditure data. These data tables are organized as follows:

Series

A—Summary Data, Canada

B—Total Health Expenditure, by Source of Finance, by Province/Territory and Canada (Selected Tables)

E—Total Provincial/Territorial Government Health Expenditure, by Age and Sex, by Province/Territory and Canada (Selected Tables)

The CD-ROM affixed to the back cover of this report contains more comprehensive data tables in Microsoft® Excel®. The data tables on the CD are organized as follows:

Series available on the CD-ROM

A—Summary Data, Canada

B—Total Health Expenditure, by Source of Finance, by Province/Territory and Canada

C—Health Expenditure, by Use of Funds, by Source of Finance, Canada

D—Health Expenditure, by Use of Funds, Source of Finance, by Province/Territory

E—Provincial/Territorial Government Health Expenditure, by Selected Uses of Funds, by Age and Sex, by Province/Territory and Canada

F—Provincial/Territorial Government Health Expenditure, by Province/Territory and Canada, in Fiscal Years

G—Hospital Expenditure by Functional Center and Type of Expenses, Canada, in Fiscal Years

H—Provincial/Territorial Government Health Expenditure, by Selected Uses of Funds by Public Health and Administration, by Province/Territory and Canada

Each series generally follows the order below except as indicated. In addition, tables in A.3, Series C, Series D, Series E, Series F.2 and F.3, are not available in constant dollar values.

Current dollars

- In millions of dollars
- Percentage distribution (Use of Funds only)
- Per capita
- Sector as a proportion of:
 - GDP (B.1 and F.1 series only)
 - total health expenditure (B.2 to B.8 series only)
 - total provincial/territorial government program/expenditure (B.4 and F.4 series only)

Constant dollars

- In millions of 1997 dollars (A, B and F.1 series only)
- In 1997 dollars per capita (A, B and F.1 series only)

Most sub-series also include a table of annual percentage changes.

In all tables, forecasts are denoted with the letter "f" and the symbol "---" denotes data that is either unavailable or not applicable.

Series A
Summary Data, Canada

NATIONAL HEALTH EXPENDITURE TRENDS DATA TABLES

Table A.1

Total Health Expenditure, Canada, 1975 to 2004—Summary

| Year | Total Health Expenditure in current dollars | | Total Health Expenditure in constant 1997 dollars | | Total Health Expenditure as a % of GDP |
|----------------------------|--|--------------------|--|--------------------|---|
| | Total (\$' 000,000) | Per Capita (\$) | Total (\$' 000,000) | Per Capita (\$) | (%) |
| 1975 | 12,199.4 | 527.13 | 39,691.4 | 1,715.04 | 7.0 |
| 1976 | 14,049.8 | 599.14 | 40,773.8 | 1,738.77 | 7.0 |
| 1977 | 15,450.0 | 651.19 | 41,617.0 | 1,754.07 | 7.0 |
| 1978 | 17,106.8 | 713.87 | 42,948.7 | 1,792.27 | 7.0 |
| 1979 | 19,169.7 | 792.08 | 44,214.7 | 1,826.92 | 6.8 |
| 1980 | 22,298.4 | 909.54 | 46,682.1 | 1,904.14 | 7.1 |
| 1981 | 26,276.7 | 1,058.67 | 48,791.9 | 1,965.80 | 7.3 |
| 1982 | 30,759.1 | 1,224.61 | 51,101.7 | 2,034.51 | 8.1 |
| 1983 | 34,038.6 | 1,341.85 | 53,092.6 | 2,092.98 | 8.3 |
| 1984 | 36,743.1 | 1,434.85 | 55,050.2 | 2,149.76 | 8.2 |
| 1985 | 39,841.7 | 1,541.70 | 57,472.9 | 2,223.95 | 8.2 |
| 1986 | 43,337.3 | 1,660.36 | 60,277.0 | 2,309.36 | 8.5 |
| 1987 | 46,788.2 | 1,769.01 | 61,937.8 | 2,341.80 | 8.4 |
| 1988 | 50,959.2 | 1,901.79 | 64,637.3 | 2,412.26 | 8.3 |
| 1989 | 56,095.5 | 2,056.15 | 67,577.8 | 2,477.03 | 8.5 |
| 1990 | 61,022.6 | 2,203.18 | 69,789.6 | 2,519.70 | 9.0 |
| 1991 | 66,289.1 | 2,364.82 | 72,607.7 | 2,590.23 | 9.7 |
| 1992 | 69,805.7 | 2,460.82 | 74,161.7 | 2,614.38 | 10.0 |
| 1993 | 71,557.7 | 2,494.88 | 74,769.3 | 2,606.85 | 9.8 |
| 1994 | 73,085.4 | 2,520.26 | 75,237.6 | 2,594.48 | 9.5 |
| 1995 | 74,075.9 | 2,527.99 | 75,522.1 | 2,577.35 | 9.1 |
| 1996 | 74,696.8 | 2,522.61 | 75,737.8 | 2,557.77 | 8.9 |
| 1997 | 78,435.3 | 2,622.61 | 78,435.3 | 2,622.61 | 8.9 |
| 1998 | 83,739.6 | 2,776.74 | 82,529.9 | 2,736.63 | 9.2 |
| 1999 | 89,906.6 | 2,957.08 | 87,057.9 | 2,863.38 | 9.2 |
| 2000 | 97,903.4 | 3,190.17 | 91,847.8 | 2,992.85 | 9.1 |
| 2001 | 106,310.8 | 3,427.03 | 98,122.7 | 3,163.08 | 9.6 |
| 2002 | 114,041.6 | 3,635.07 | 102,906.5 | 3,280.14 | 9.9 |
| 2003 f | 123,003.7 | 3,885.09 | 108,489.0 | 3,426.64 | 10.1 |
| 2004 f | 130,275.2 | 4,077.94 | 110,828.9 | 3,469.22 | 10.1 |
| (annual percentage change) | | | | | |
| 1975 | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1976 | 15.2 | 13.7 | 2.7 | 1.4 | --- |
| 1977 | 10.0 | 8.7 | 2.1 | 0.9 | --- |
| 1978 | 10.7 | 9.6 | 3.2 | 2.2 | --- |
| 1979 | 12.1 | 11.0 | 2.9 | 1.9 | --- |
| 1980 | 16.3 | 14.8 | 5.6 | 4.2 | --- |
| 1981 | 17.8 | 16.4 | 4.5 | 3.2 | --- |
| 1982 | 17.1 | 15.7 | 4.7 | 3.5 | --- |
| 1983 | 10.7 | 9.6 | 3.9 | 2.9 | --- |
| 1984 | 7.9 | 6.9 | 3.7 | 2.7 | --- |
| 1985 | 8.4 | 7.4 | 4.4 | 3.5 | --- |
| 1986 | 8.8 | 7.7 | 4.9 | 3.8 | --- |
| 1987 | 8.0 | 6.5 | 2.8 | 1.4 | --- |
| 1988 | 8.9 | 7.5 | 4.4 | 3.0 | --- |
| 1989 | 10.1 | 8.1 | 4.5 | 2.7 | --- |
| 1990 | 8.8 | 7.2 | 3.3 | 1.7 | --- |
| 1991 | 8.6 | 7.3 | 4.0 | 2.8 | --- |
| 1992 | 5.3 | 4.1 | 2.1 | 0.9 | --- |
| 1993 | 2.5 | 1.4 | 0.8 | -0.3 | --- |
| 1994 | 2.1 | 1.0 | 0.6 | -0.5 | --- |
| 1995 | 1.4 | 0.3 | 0.4 | -0.7 | --- |
| 1996 | 0.8 | -0.2 | 0.3 | -0.8 | --- |
| 1997 | 5.0 | 4.0 | 3.6 | 2.5 | --- |
| 1998 | 6.8 | 5.9 | 5.2 | 4.3 | --- |
| 1999 | 7.4 | 6.5 | 5.5 | 4.6 | --- |
| 2000 | 8.9 | 7.9 | 5.5 | 4.5 | --- |
| 2001 | 8.6 | 7.4 | 6.8 | 5.7 | --- |
| 2002 | 7.3 | 6.1 | 4.9 | 3.7 | --- |
| 2003 f | 7.9 | 6.9 | 5.4 | 4.5 | --- |
| 2004 f | 5.9 | 5.0 | 2.2 | 1.2 | --- |

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NATIONAL HEALTH EXPENDITURE TRENDS DATA TABLES

Table A.2.1

Total Health Expenditure by Source of Finance, Canada, 1975 to 2004—Current Dollars

| | Provincial Government | Federal Direct | Municipal Government | Social Security Funds | Total of Public Sector | Private Sector | Total |
|--------|----------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------|-----------|
| | A | B | C | D | A+B+C+D E | F | E+F G |
| Year | (\$' 000,000) | | | | | | |
| 1975 | 8,709.3 | 398.3 | 71.6 | 121.1 | 9,300.3 | 2,899.2 | 12,199.4 |
| 1976 | 10,129.9 | 439.7 | 105.8 | 141.9 | 10,817.2 | 3,232.6 | 14,049.8 |
| 1977 | 11,102.0 | 475.2 | 114.2 | 153.1 | 11,844.6 | 3,605.4 | 15,450.0 |
| 1978 | 12,269.4 | 485.6 | 111.7 | 173.8 | 13,040.5 | 4,066.3 | 17,106.8 |
| 1979 | 13,696.6 | 512.8 | 156.0 | 186.8 | 14,552.3 | 4,617.4 | 19,169.7 |
| 1980 | 15,794.0 | 582.1 | 234.0 | 231.7 | 16,841.8 | 5,456.5 | 22,298.4 |
| 1981 | 18,655.5 | 692.7 | 275.4 | 319.0 | 19,942.6 | 6,334.1 | 26,276.7 |
| 1982 | 22,002.1 | 854.8 | 250.8 | 339.1 | 23,446.8 | 7,312.3 | 30,759.1 |
| 1983 | 24,510.1 | 994.9 | 222.2 | 352.7 | 26,080.0 | 7,958.6 | 34,038.6 |
| 1984 | 26,243.9 | 1,106.1 | 214.5 | 392.3 | 27,956.9 | 8,786.3 | 36,743.1 |
| 1985 | 28,202.8 | 1,157.7 | 273.1 | 461.3 | 30,094.9 | 9,746.9 | 39,841.7 |
| 1986 | 30,501.5 | 1,260.8 | 310.2 | 456.2 | 32,528.6 | 10,808.7 | 43,337.3 |
| 1987 | 32,821.9 | 1,349.7 | 404.6 | 478.5 | 35,054.7 | 11,733.5 | 46,788.2 |
| 1988 | 35,806.2 | 1,522.8 | 303.5 | 530.3 | 38,162.8 | 12,796.4 | 50,959.2 |
| 1989 | 39,332.1 | 1,686.6 | 326.4 | 566.0 | 41,911.1 | 14,184.3 | 56,095.5 |
| 1990 | 42,469.7 | 1,970.4 | 364.6 | 640.8 | 45,445.5 | 15,577.1 | 61,022.6 |
| 1991 | 46,176.8 | 2,110.0 | 374.7 | 720.8 | 49,382.2 | 16,906.9 | 66,289.1 |
| 1992 | 48,337.8 | 2,199.9 | 396.9 | 759.1 | 51,693.8 | 18,112.0 | 69,805.7 |
| 1993 | 48,572.6 | 2,280.9 | 383.7 | 742.5 | 51,979.7 | 19,578.1 | 71,557.7 |
| 1994 | 48,885.6 | 2,519.8 | 446.1 | 747.2 | 52,598.7 | 20,486.8 | 73,085.4 |
| 1995 | 48,936.4 | 2,667.0 | 394.9 | 792.4 | 52,790.6 | 21,285.3 | 74,075.9 |
| 1996 | 49,095.6 | 2,606.3 | 348.1 | 827.1 | 52,877.1 | 21,819.7 | 74,696.8 |
| 1997 | 50,904.3 | 2,827.2 | 318.7 | 951.4 | 55,001.5 | 23,433.8 | 78,435.3 |
| 1998 | 54,193.6 | 3,026.7 | 765.4 | 1,047.0 | 59,032.8 | 24,706.8 | 83,739.6 |
| 1999 | 58,374.6 | 3,152.8 | 582.6 | 1,174.8 | 63,284.8 | 26,621.9 | 89,906.6 |
| 2000 | 63,284.3 | 3,614.5 | 688.3 | 1,370.7 | 68,957.9 | 28,945.5 | 97,903.4 |
| 2001 | 68,047.3 | 4,258.7 | 803.1 | 1,480.5 | 74,589.7 | 31,721.1 | 106,310.8 |
| 2002 | 72,828.3 | 4,279.5 | 873.5 | 1,557.8 | 79,539.1 | 34,502.5 | 114,041.6 |
| 2003 f | 78,804.9 | 4,508.6 | 981.6 | 1,738.6 | 86,033.7 | 36,970.0 | 123,003.7 |
| 2004 f | 83,427.6 | 4,737.5 | 1,035.5 | 1,853.2 | 91,053.7 | 39,221.5 | 130,275.2 |
| | (annual percentage change) | | | | | | |
| 1975 | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1976 | 16.3 | 10.4 | 47.6 | 17.2 | 16.3 | 11.5 | 15.2 |
| 1977 | 9.6 | 8.1 | 7.9 | 8.0 | 9.5 | 11.5 | 10.0 |
| 1978 | 10.5 | 2.2 | -2.2 | 13.5 | 10.1 | 12.8 | 10.7 |
| 1979 | 11.6 | 5.6 | 39.7 | 7.5 | 11.6 | 13.6 | 12.1 |
| 1980 | 15.3 | 13.5 | 50.0 | 24.0 | 15.7 | 18.2 | 16.3 |
| 1981 | 18.1 | 19.0 | 17.7 | 37.7 | 18.4 | 16.1 | 17.8 |
| 1982 | 17.9 | 23.4 | -8.9 | 6.3 | 17.6 | 15.4 | 17.1 |
| 1983 | 11.4 | 16.4 | -11.4 | 4.0 | 11.2 | 8.8 | 10.7 |
| 1984 | 7.1 | 11.2 | -3.5 | 11.2 | 7.2 | 10.4 | 7.9 |
| 1985 | 7.5 | 4.7 | 27.3 | 17.6 | 7.6 | 10.9 | 8.4 |
| 1986 | 8.2 | 8.9 | 13.6 | -1.1 | 8.1 | 10.9 | 8.8 |
| 1987 | 7.6 | 7.1 | 30.4 | 4.9 | 7.8 | 8.6 | 8.0 |
| 1988 | 9.1 | 12.8 | -25.0 | 10.8 | 8.9 | 9.1 | 8.9 |
| 1989 | 9.8 | 10.8 | 7.6 | 6.7 | 9.8 | 10.8 | 10.1 |
| 1990 | 8.0 | 16.8 | 11.7 | 13.2 | 8.4 | 9.8 | 8.8 |
| 1991 | 8.7 | 7.1 | 2.8 | 12.5 | 8.7 | 8.5 | 8.6 |
| 1992 | 4.7 | 4.3 | 6.0 | 5.3 | 4.7 | 7.1 | 5.3 |
| 1993 | 0.5 | 3.7 | -3.3 | -2.2 | 0.6 | 8.1 | 2.5 |
| 1994 | 0.6 | 10.5 | 16.2 | 0.6 | 1.2 | 4.6 | 2.1 |
| 1995 | 0.1 | 5.8 | -11.5 | 6.0 | 0.4 | 3.9 | 1.4 |
| 1996 | 0.3 | -2.3 | -11.9 | 4.4 | 0.2 | 2.5 | 0.8 |
| 1997 | 3.7 | 8.5 | -8.4 | 15.0 | 4.0 | 7.4 | 5.0 |
| 1998 | 6.5 | 7.1 | 140.2 | 10.1 | 7.3 | 5.4 | 6.8 |
| 1999 | 7.7 | 4.2 | -23.9 | 12.2 | 7.2 | 7.8 | 7.4 |
| 2000 | 8.4 | 14.6 | 18.1 | 16.7 | 9.0 | 8.7 | 8.9 |
| 2001 | 7.5 | 17.8 | 16.7 | 8.0 | 8.2 | 9.6 | 8.6 |
| 2002 | 7.0 | 0.5 | 8.8 | 5.2 | 6.6 | 8.8 | 7.3 |
| 2003 f | 8.2 | 5.4 | 12.4 | 11.6 | 8.2 | 7.2 | 7.9 |
| 2004 f | 5.9 | 5.1 | 5.5 | 6.6 | 5.8 | 6.1 | 5.9 |

f—Forecast

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NATIONAL HEALTH EXPENDITURE TRENDS DATA TABLES

Table A.2.2

Total Health Expenditure by Source of Finance, Canada, 1975 to 2004—Current Dollars

| | Provincial Government | Federal Direct | Municipal Government | Social Security Funds | Total of Public Sector | Private Sector | Total |
|--------|--|-------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------|----------|
| | A | B | C | D | A+B+C+D E | F | E+F G |
| Year | (percentage distribution of \$' 000,000) | | | | | | |
| 1975 | 71.4 | 3.3 | 0.6 | 1.0 | 76.2 | 23.8 | 100.0 |
| 1976 | 72.1 | 3.1 | 0.8 | 1.0 | 77.0 | 23.0 | 100.0 |
| 1977 | 71.9 | 3.1 | 0.7 | 1.0 | 76.7 | 23.3 | 100.0 |
| 1978 | 71.7 | 2.8 | 0.7 | 1.0 | 76.2 | 23.8 | 100.0 |
| 1979 | 71.4 | 2.7 | 0.8 | 1.0 | 75.9 | 24.1 | 100.0 |
| 1980 | 70.8 | 2.6 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 75.5 | 24.5 | 100.0 |
| 1981 | 71.0 | 2.6 | 1.0 | 1.2 | 75.9 | 24.1 | 100.0 |
| 1982 | 71.5 | 2.8 | 0.8 | 1.1 | 76.2 | 23.8 | 100.0 |
| 1983 | 72.0 | 2.9 | 0.7 | 1.0 | 76.6 | 23.4 | 100.0 |
| 1984 | 71.4 | 3.0 | 0.6 | 1.1 | 76.1 | 23.9 | 100.0 |
| 1985 | 70.8 | 2.9 | 0.7 | 1.2 | 75.5 | 24.5 | 100.0 |
| 1986 | 70.4 | 2.9 | 0.7 | 1.1 | 75.1 | 24.9 | 100.0 |
| 1987 | 70.1 | 2.9 | 0.9 | 1.0 | 74.9 | 25.1 | 100.0 |
| 1988 | 70.3 | 3.0 | 0.6 | 1.0 | 74.9 | 25.1 | 100.0 |
| 1989 | 70.1 | 3.0 | 0.6 | 1.0 | 74.7 | 25.3 | 100.0 |
| 1990 | 69.6 | 3.2 | 0.6 | 1.1 | 74.5 | 25.5 | 100.0 |
| 1991 | 69.7 | 3.2 | 0.6 | 1.1 | 74.5 | 25.5 | 100.0 |
| 1992 | 69.2 | 3.2 | 0.6 | 1.1 | 74.1 | 25.9 | 100.0 |
| 1993 | 67.9 | 3.2 | 0.5 | 1.0 | 72.6 | 27.4 | 100.0 |
| 1994 | 66.9 | 3.4 | 0.6 | 1.0 | 72.0 | 28.0 | 100.0 |
| 1995 | 66.1 | 3.6 | 0.5 | 1.1 | 71.3 | 28.7 | 100.0 |
| 1996 | 65.7 | 3.5 | 0.5 | 1.1 | 70.8 | 29.2 | 100.0 |
| 1997 | 64.9 | 3.6 | 0.4 | 1.2 | 70.1 | 29.9 | 100.0 |
| 1998 | 64.7 | 3.6 | 0.9 | 1.3 | 70.5 | 29.5 | 100.0 |
| 1999 | 64.9 | 3.5 | 0.6 | 1.3 | 70.4 | 29.6 | 100.0 |
| 2000 | 64.6 | 3.7 | 0.7 | 1.4 | 70.4 | 29.6 | 100.0 |
| 2001 | 64.0 | 4.0 | 0.8 | 1.4 | 70.2 | 29.8 | 100.0 |
| 2002 | 63.9 | 3.8 | 0.8 | 1.4 | 69.7 | 30.3 | 100.0 |
| 2003 f | 64.1 | 3.7 | 0.8 | 1.4 | 69.9 | 30.1 | 100.0 |
| 2004 f | 64.0 | 3.6 | 0.8 | 1.4 | 69.9 | 30.1 | 100.0 |
| | (annual percentage change) | | | | | | |
| 1975 | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1976 | 1.0 | -4.1 | 28.2 | 1.7 | 1.0 | -3.2 | --- |
| 1977 | -0.3 | -1.7 | -1.9 | -1.8 | -0.4 | 1.4 | --- |
| 1978 | -0.2 | -7.7 | -11.6 | 2.5 | -0.6 | 1.9 | --- |
| 1979 | -0.4 | -5.8 | 24.7 | -4.1 | -0.4 | 1.3 | --- |
| 1980 | -0.9 | -2.4 | 28.9 | 6.6 | -0.5 | 1.6 | --- |
| 1981 | 0.2 | 1.0 | -0.1 | 16.8 | 0.5 | -1.5 | --- |
| 1982 | 0.8 | 5.4 | -22.2 | -9.2 | 0.4 | -1.4 | --- |
| 1983 | 0.7 | 5.2 | -20.0 | -6.0 | 0.5 | -1.6 | --- |
| 1984 | -0.8 | 3.0 | -10.6 | 3.0 | -0.7 | 2.3 | --- |
| 1985 | -0.9 | -3.5 | 17.4 | 8.5 | -0.7 | 2.3 | --- |
| 1986 | -0.6 | 0.1 | 4.4 | -9.1 | -0.6 | 1.9 | --- |
| 1987 | -0.3 | -0.8 | 20.8 | -2.8 | -0.2 | 0.5 | --- |
| 1988 | 0.2 | 3.6 | -31.1 | 1.8 | 0.0 | 0.1 | --- |
| 1989 | -0.2 | 0.6 | -2.3 | -3.0 | -0.2 | 0.7 | --- |
| 1990 | -0.7 | 7.4 | 2.7 | 4.1 | -0.3 | 1.0 | --- |
| 1991 | 0.1 | -1.4 | -5.4 | 3.6 | 0.0 | -0.1 | --- |
| 1992 | -0.6 | -1.0 | 0.6 | 0.0 | -0.6 | 1.7 | --- |
| 1993 | -2.0 | 1.1 | -5.7 | -4.6 | -1.9 | 5.4 | --- |
| 1994 | -1.5 | 8.2 | 13.8 | -1.5 | -0.9 | 2.5 | --- |
| 1995 | -1.2 | 4.4 | -12.7 | 4.6 | -1.0 | 2.5 | --- |
| 1996 | -0.5 | -3.1 | -12.6 | 3.5 | -0.7 | 1.7 | --- |
| 1997 | -1.3 | 3.3 | -12.8 | 9.5 | -0.9 | 2.3 | --- |
| 1998 | -0.3 | 0.3 | 125.0 | 3.1 | 0.5 | -1.2 | --- |
| 1999 | 0.3 | -3.0 | -29.1 | 4.5 | -0.2 | 0.4 | --- |
| 2000 | -0.4 | 5.3 | 8.5 | 7.1 | 0.1 | -0.2 | --- |
| 2001 | -1.0 | 8.5 | 7.5 | -0.5 | -0.4 | 0.9 | --- |
| 2002 | -0.2 | -6.3 | 1.4 | -1.9 | -0.6 | 1.4 | --- |
| 2003 f | 0.3 | -2.3 | 4.2 | 3.5 | 0.3 | -0.7 | --- |
| 2004 f | 0.0 | -0.8 | -0.4 | 0.6 | -0.1 | 0.2 | --- |

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NATIONAL HEALTH EXPENDITURE TRENDS DATA TABLES

Table A.2.3

Total Health Expenditure by Source of Finance, Canada, 1975 to 2004—Current Dollars

| | Provincial Government | Federal Direct | Municipal Government | Social Security Funds | Total of Public Sector | Private Sector | Total |
|--------|----------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------|----------|
| | A | B | C | D | A+B+C+D E | F | E+F G |
| Year | (\$' per capita) | | | | | | |
| 1975 | 376.32 | 17.21 | 3.10 | 5.23 | 401.86 | 125.27 | 527.13 |
| 1976 | 431.98 | 18.75 | 4.51 | 6.05 | 461.29 | 137.85 | 599.14 |
| 1977 | 467.93 | 20.03 | 4.81 | 6.45 | 499.22 | 151.96 | 651.19 |
| 1978 | 512.01 | 20.26 | 4.66 | 7.25 | 544.19 | 169.69 | 713.87 |
| 1979 | 565.93 | 21.19 | 6.45 | 7.72 | 601.29 | 190.79 | 792.08 |
| 1980 | 644.23 | 23.74 | 9.54 | 9.45 | 686.97 | 222.57 | 909.54 |
| 1981 | 751.62 | 27.91 | 11.10 | 12.85 | 803.48 | 255.20 | 1,058.67 |
| 1982 | 875.97 | 34.03 | 9.99 | 13.50 | 933.49 | 291.12 | 1,224.61 |
| 1983 | 966.22 | 39.22 | 8.76 | 13.90 | 1,028.11 | 313.74 | 1,341.85 |
| 1984 | 1,024.85 | 43.20 | 8.38 | 15.32 | 1,091.74 | 343.11 | 1,434.85 |
| 1985 | 1,091.32 | 44.80 | 10.57 | 17.85 | 1,164.54 | 377.16 | 1,541.70 |
| 1986 | 1,168.59 | 48.30 | 11.88 | 17.48 | 1,246.25 | 414.11 | 1,660.36 |
| 1987 | 1,240.96 | 51.03 | 15.30 | 18.09 | 1,325.38 | 443.63 | 1,769.01 |
| 1988 | 1,336.28 | 56.83 | 11.33 | 19.79 | 1,424.23 | 477.56 | 1,901.79 |
| 1989 | 1,441.70 | 61.82 | 11.97 | 20.75 | 1,536.23 | 519.92 | 2,056.15 |
| 1990 | 1,533.34 | 71.14 | 13.16 | 23.13 | 1,640.78 | 562.40 | 2,203.18 |
| 1991 | 1,647.32 | 75.27 | 13.37 | 25.71 | 1,761.68 | 603.14 | 2,364.82 |
| 1992 | 1,704.03 | 77.55 | 13.99 | 26.76 | 1,822.33 | 638.49 | 2,460.82 |
| 1993 | 1,693.50 | 79.52 | 13.38 | 25.89 | 1,812.29 | 682.59 | 2,494.88 |
| 1994 | 1,685.76 | 86.89 | 15.38 | 25.76 | 1,813.80 | 706.46 | 2,520.26 |
| 1995 | 1,670.06 | 91.02 | 13.48 | 27.04 | 1,801.59 | 726.40 | 2,527.99 |
| 1996 | 1,658.03 | 88.02 | 11.75 | 27.93 | 1,785.73 | 736.88 | 2,522.61 |
| 1997 | 1,702.06 | 94.53 | 10.66 | 31.81 | 1,839.06 | 783.55 | 2,622.61 |
| 1998 | 1,797.02 | 100.36 | 25.38 | 34.72 | 1,957.48 | 819.26 | 2,776.74 |
| 1999 | 1,919.97 | 103.70 | 19.16 | 38.64 | 2,081.47 | 875.61 | 2,957.08 |
| 2000 | 2,062.12 | 117.78 | 22.43 | 44.67 | 2,246.99 | 943.19 | 3,190.17 |
| 2001 | 2,193.57 | 137.28 | 25.89 | 47.73 | 2,404.47 | 1,022.56 | 3,427.03 |
| 2002 | 2,321.40 | 136.41 | 27.84 | 49.65 | 2,535.30 | 1,099.77 | 3,635.07 |
| 2003 f | 2,489.06 | 142.41 | 31.00 | 54.92 | 2,717.39 | 1,167.70 | 3,885.09 |
| 2004 f | 2,611.49 | 148.30 | 32.41 | 58.01 | 2,850.21 | 1,227.73 | 4,077.94 |
| | (annual percentage change) | | | | | | |
| 1975 | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1976 | 14.8 | 9.0 | 45.7 | 15.6 | 14.8 | 10.0 | 13.7 |
| 1977 | 8.3 | 6.8 | 6.7 | 6.7 | 8.2 | 10.2 | 8.7 |
| 1978 | 9.4 | 1.2 | -3.1 | 12.3 | 9.0 | 11.7 | 9.6 |
| 1979 | 10.5 | 4.6 | 38.3 | 6.5 | 10.5 | 12.4 | 11.0 |
| 1980 | 13.8 | 12.0 | 48.1 | 22.4 | 14.2 | 16.7 | 14.8 |
| 1981 | 16.7 | 17.5 | 16.2 | 36.0 | 17.0 | 14.7 | 16.4 |
| 1982 | 16.5 | 21.9 | -10.0 | 5.0 | 16.2 | 14.1 | 15.7 |
| 1983 | 10.3 | 15.2 | -12.3 | 3.0 | 10.1 | 7.8 | 9.6 |
| 1984 | 6.1 | 10.1 | -4.4 | 10.2 | 6.2 | 9.4 | 6.9 |
| 1985 | 6.5 | 3.7 | 26.1 | 16.5 | 6.7 | 9.9 | 7.4 |
| 1986 | 7.1 | 7.8 | 12.5 | -2.1 | 7.0 | 9.8 | 7.7 |
| 1987 | 6.2 | 5.6 | 28.7 | 3.5 | 6.3 | 7.1 | 6.5 |
| 1988 | 7.7 | 11.4 | -26.0 | 9.4 | 7.5 | 7.6 | 7.5 |
| 1989 | 7.9 | 8.8 | 5.6 | 4.8 | 7.9 | 8.9 | 8.1 |
| 1990 | 6.4 | 15.1 | 10.0 | 11.5 | 6.8 | 8.2 | 7.2 |
| 1991 | 7.4 | 5.8 | 1.5 | 11.1 | 7.4 | 7.2 | 7.3 |
| 1992 | 3.4 | 3.0 | 4.7 | 4.1 | 3.4 | 5.9 | 4.1 |
| 1993 | -0.6 | 2.5 | -4.4 | -3.3 | -0.6 | 6.9 | 1.4 |
| 1994 | -0.5 | 9.3 | 15.0 | -0.5 | 0.1 | 3.5 | 1.0 |
| 1995 | -0.9 | 4.7 | -12.4 | 5.0 | -0.7 | 2.8 | 0.3 |
| 1996 | -0.7 | -3.3 | -12.8 | 3.3 | -0.9 | 1.4 | -0.2 |
| 1997 | 2.7 | 7.4 | -9.4 | 13.9 | 3.0 | 6.3 | 4.0 |
| 1998 | 5.6 | 6.2 | 138.2 | 9.1 | 6.4 | 4.6 | 5.9 |
| 1999 | 6.8 | 3.3 | -24.5 | 11.3 | 6.3 | 6.9 | 6.5 |
| 2000 | 7.4 | 13.6 | 17.0 | 15.6 | 8.0 | 7.7 | 7.9 |
| 2001 | 6.4 | 16.6 | 15.4 | 6.9 | 7.0 | 8.4 | 7.4 |
| 2002 | 5.8 | -0.6 | 7.5 | 4.0 | 5.4 | 7.6 | 6.1 |
| 2003 f | 7.2 | 4.4 | 11.4 | 10.6 | 7.2 | 6.2 | 6.9 |
| 2004 f | 4.9 | 4.1 | 4.5 | 5.6 | 4.9 | 5.1 | 5.0 |

f—Forecast

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NATIONAL HEALTH EXPENDITURE TRENDS DATA TABLES

Table A.2.4

Total Health Expenditure by Source of Finance, Canada, 1975 to 2004—Constant Dollars

| | Provincial Government | Federal Direct | Municipal Government | Social Security Funds | Total of Public Sector | Private Sector | Total |
|--------|-----------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------|-----------|
| | A | B | C | D | A+B+C+D E | F | E+F G |
| Year | (in 1997 \$' 000,000) | | | | | | |
| 1975 | 27,834.3 | 1,272.1 | 230.4 | 389.4 | 29,726.3 | 9,965.1 | 39,691.4 |
| 1976 | 28,659.5 | 1,247.3 | 304.7 | 403.8 | 30,615.2 | 10,158.6 | 40,773.8 |
| 1977 | 28,970.1 | 1,243.4 | 304.7 | 402.6 | 30,920.8 | 10,696.2 | 41,617.0 |
| 1978 | 29,826.1 | 1,184.5 | 277.9 | 425.3 | 31,713.8 | 11,234.9 | 42,948.7 |
| 1979 | 30,367.9 | 1,140.9 | 354.1 | 417.5 | 32,280.4 | 11,934.4 | 44,214.7 |
| 1980 | 31,774.8 | 1,174.0 | 482.4 | 469.8 | 33,901.0 | 12,781.1 | 46,682.1 |
| 1981 | 33,201.3 | 1,236.2 | 501.6 | 572.2 | 35,511.3 | 13,280.7 | 48,791.9 |
| 1982 | 35,100.5 | 1,370.6 | 410.0 | 544.4 | 37,425.5 | 13,676.3 | 51,101.7 |
| 1983 | 37,028.7 | 1,503.6 | 342.1 | 537.8 | 39,412.2 | 13,680.3 | 53,092.6 |
| 1984 | 38,230.8 | 1,609.6 | 318.2 | 574.5 | 40,733.1 | 14,317.1 | 55,050.2 |
| 1985 | 39,681.7 | 1,629.3 | 389.1 | 650.0 | 42,350.0 | 15,122.9 | 57,472.9 |
| 1986 | 41,604.7 | 1,719.5 | 423.9 | 623.4 | 44,371.5 | 15,905.5 | 60,277.0 |
| 1987 | 42,868.1 | 1,764.7 | 526.9 | 625.8 | 45,785.5 | 16,152.3 | 61,937.8 |
| 1988 | 45,077.1 | 1,918.1 | 382.4 | 668.9 | 48,046.4 | 16,590.9 | 64,637.3 |
| 1989 | 47,023.6 | 2,017.2 | 389.3 | 676.5 | 50,106.7 | 17,471.1 | 67,577.8 |
| 1990 | 48,187.1 | 2,237.4 | 413.7 | 727.1 | 51,565.3 | 18,224.3 | 69,789.6 |
| 1991 | 50,300.9 | 2,304.4 | 409.0 | 784.7 | 53,799.0 | 18,808.8 | 72,607.7 |
| 1992 | 51,154.3 | 2,336.9 | 420.6 | 802.7 | 54,714.4 | 19,447.3 | 74,161.7 |
| 1993 | 50,743.2 | 2,393.3 | 401.3 | 775.2 | 54,313.1 | 20,456.3 | 74,769.3 |
| 1994 | 50,294.9 | 2,599.6 | 461.7 | 769.4 | 54,125.6 | 21,112.1 | 75,237.6 |
| 1995 | 49,791.4 | 2,718.3 | 403.6 | 807.1 | 53,720.3 | 21,801.8 | 75,522.1 |
| 1996 | 49,771.3 | 2,642.4 | 353.2 | 838.8 | 53,605.7 | 22,132.1 | 75,737.8 |
| 1997 | 50,904.3 | 2,827.2 | 318.7 | 951.4 | 55,001.5 | 23,433.8 | 78,435.3 |
| 1998 | 53,580.8 | 2,991.3 | 753.9 | 1,037.0 | 58,362.9 | 24,167.0 | 82,529.9 |
| 1999 | 56,835.3 | 3,065.1 | 568.6 | 1,144.2 | 61,613.2 | 25,444.7 | 87,057.9 |
| 2000 | 59,434.6 | 3,389.6 | 649.7 | 1,285.6 | 64,759.5 | 27,088.3 | 91,847.8 |
| 2001 | 63,171.6 | 3,946.9 | 748.7 | 1,372.3 | 69,239.6 | 28,883.2 | 98,122.7 |
| 2002 | 65,996.3 | 3,871.4 | 793.7 | 1,409.3 | 72,070.6 | 30,835.9 | 102,906.5 |
| 2003 f | 69,659.2 | 3,979.1 | 869.9 | 1,534.4 | 76,042.6 | 32,446.4 | 108,489.0 |
| 2004 f | 70,539.6 | 3,992.6 | 879.2 | 1,570.0 | 76,981.4 | 33,847.5 | 110,828.9 |
| | (annual percentage change) | | | | | | |
| 1975 | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1976 | 3.0 | -2.0 | 32.2 | 3.7 | 3.0 | 1.9 | 2.7 |
| 1977 | 1.1 | -0.3 | 0.0 | -0.3 | 1.0 | 5.3 | 2.1 |
| 1978 | 3.0 | -4.7 | -8.8 | 5.6 | 2.6 | 5.0 | 3.2 |
| 1979 | 1.8 | -3.7 | 27.4 | -1.8 | 1.8 | 6.2 | 2.9 |
| 1980 | 4.6 | 2.9 | 36.2 | 12.5 | 5.0 | 7.1 | 5.6 |
| 1981 | 4.5 | 5.3 | 4.0 | 21.8 | 4.7 | 3.9 | 4.5 |
| 1982 | 5.7 | 10.9 | -18.3 | -4.9 | 5.4 | 3.0 | 4.7 |
| 1983 | 5.5 | 9.7 | -16.6 | -1.2 | 5.3 | 0.0 | 3.9 |
| 1984 | 3.2 | 7.0 | -7.0 | 6.8 | 3.4 | 4.7 | 3.7 |
| 1985 | 3.8 | 1.2 | 22.3 | 13.1 | 4.0 | 5.6 | 4.4 |
| 1986 | 4.8 | 5.5 | 8.9 | -4.1 | 4.8 | 5.2 | 4.9 |
| 1987 | 3.0 | 2.6 | 24.3 | 0.4 | 3.2 | 1.6 | 2.8 |
| 1988 | 5.2 | 8.7 | -27.4 | 6.9 | 4.9 | 2.7 | 4.4 |
| 1989 | 4.3 | 5.2 | 1.8 | 1.1 | 4.3 | 5.3 | 4.5 |
| 1990 | 2.5 | 10.9 | 6.3 | 7.5 | 2.9 | 4.3 | 3.3 |
| 1991 | 4.4 | 3.0 | -1.1 | 7.9 | 4.3 | 3.2 | 4.0 |
| 1992 | 1.7 | 1.4 | 2.8 | 2.3 | 1.7 | 3.4 | 2.1 |
| 1993 | -0.8 | 2.4 | -4.6 | -3.4 | -0.7 | 5.2 | 0.8 |
| 1994 | -0.9 | 8.6 | 15.0 | -0.7 | -0.3 | 3.2 | 0.6 |
| 1995 | -1.0 | 4.6 | -12.6 | 4.9 | -0.7 | 3.3 | 0.4 |
| 1996 | 0.0 | -2.8 | -12.5 | 3.9 | -0.2 | 1.5 | 0.3 |
| 1997 | 2.3 | 7.0 | -9.8 | 13.4 | 2.6 | 5.9 | 3.6 |
| 1998 | 5.3 | 5.8 | 136.6 | 9.0 | 6.1 | 3.1 | 5.2 |
| 1999 | 6.1 | 2.5 | -24.6 | 10.3 | 5.6 | 5.3 | 5.5 |
| 2000 | 4.6 | 10.6 | 14.3 | 12.4 | 5.1 | 6.5 | 5.5 |
| 2001 | 6.3 | 16.4 | 15.2 | 6.7 | 6.9 | 6.6 | 6.8 |
| 2002 | 4.5 | -1.9 | 6.0 | 2.7 | 4.1 | 6.8 | 4.9 |
| 2003 f | 5.6 | 2.8 | 9.6 | 8.9 | 5.5 | 5.2 | 5.4 |
| 2004 f | 1.3 | 0.3 | 1.1 | 2.3 | 1.2 | 4.3 | 2.2 |

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NATIONAL HEALTH EXPENDITURE TRENDS DATA TABLES

Table A.2.5

Total Health Expenditure by Source of Finance, Canada, 1975 to 2004—Constant Dollars

| | Provincial Government | Federal Direct | Municipal Government | Social Security Funds | Total of Public Sector | Private Sector | Total |
|--------|----------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------|----------|
| | A | B | C | D | A+B+C+D E | F | E+F G |
| Year | (in 1997 \$' per capita) | | | | | | |
| 1975 | 1,202.70 | 54.97 | 9.96 | 16.82 | 1,284.45 | 430.59 | 1,715.04 |
| 1976 | 1,222.16 | 53.19 | 12.99 | 17.22 | 1,305.57 | 433.21 | 1,738.77 |
| 1977 | 1,221.03 | 52.40 | 12.84 | 16.97 | 1,303.25 | 450.83 | 1,754.07 |
| 1978 | 1,244.65 | 49.43 | 11.60 | 17.75 | 1,323.43 | 468.84 | 1,792.27 |
| 1979 | 1,254.78 | 47.14 | 14.63 | 17.25 | 1,333.80 | 493.12 | 1,826.92 |
| 1980 | 1,296.08 | 47.89 | 19.68 | 19.16 | 1,382.81 | 521.34 | 1,904.14 |
| 1981 | 1,337.66 | 49.80 | 20.21 | 23.06 | 1,430.73 | 535.07 | 1,965.80 |
| 1982 | 1,397.45 | 54.57 | 16.32 | 21.67 | 1,490.02 | 544.49 | 2,034.51 |
| 1983 | 1,459.72 | 59.28 | 13.49 | 21.20 | 1,553.68 | 539.30 | 2,092.98 |
| 1984 | 1,492.94 | 62.86 | 12.42 | 22.44 | 1,590.66 | 559.10 | 2,149.76 |
| 1985 | 1,535.51 | 63.05 | 15.06 | 25.15 | 1,638.76 | 585.19 | 2,223.95 |
| 1986 | 1,593.98 | 65.88 | 16.24 | 23.88 | 1,699.98 | 609.38 | 2,309.36 |
| 1987 | 1,620.79 | 66.72 | 19.92 | 23.66 | 1,731.10 | 610.70 | 2,341.80 |
| 1988 | 1,682.27 | 71.58 | 14.27 | 24.96 | 1,793.09 | 619.17 | 2,412.26 |
| 1989 | 1,723.63 | 73.94 | 14.27 | 24.80 | 1,836.64 | 640.39 | 2,477.03 |
| 1990 | 1,739.76 | 80.78 | 14.94 | 26.25 | 1,861.73 | 657.98 | 2,519.70 |
| 1991 | 1,794.45 | 82.21 | 14.59 | 27.99 | 1,919.24 | 670.99 | 2,590.23 |
| 1992 | 1,803.31 | 82.38 | 14.83 | 28.30 | 1,928.82 | 685.57 | 2,614.38 |
| 1993 | 1,769.18 | 83.44 | 13.99 | 27.03 | 1,893.64 | 713.21 | 2,606.85 |
| 1994 | 1,734.36 | 89.64 | 15.92 | 26.53 | 1,866.45 | 728.02 | 2,594.48 |
| 1995 | 1,699.23 | 92.77 | 13.77 | 27.54 | 1,833.32 | 744.03 | 2,577.35 |
| 1996 | 1,680.84 | 89.24 | 11.93 | 28.33 | 1,810.34 | 747.43 | 2,557.77 |
| 1997 | 1,702.06 | 94.53 | 10.66 | 31.81 | 1,839.06 | 783.55 | 2,622.61 |
| 1998 | 1,776.70 | 99.19 | 25.00 | 34.39 | 1,935.27 | 801.36 | 2,736.63 |
| 1999 | 1,869.34 | 100.81 | 18.70 | 37.63 | 2,026.49 | 836.89 | 2,863.38 |
| 2000 | 1,936.67 | 110.45 | 21.17 | 41.89 | 2,110.18 | 882.67 | 2,992.85 |
| 2001 | 2,036.40 | 127.23 | 24.14 | 44.24 | 2,232.00 | 931.08 | 3,163.08 |
| 2002 | 2,103.63 | 123.40 | 25.30 | 44.92 | 2,297.25 | 982.89 | 3,280.14 |
| 2003 f | 2,200.20 | 125.68 | 27.48 | 48.46 | 2,401.81 | 1,024.82 | 3,426.64 |
| 2004 f | 2,208.07 | 124.98 | 27.52 | 49.15 | 2,409.71 | 1,059.51 | 3,469.22 |
| | (annual percentage change) | | | | | | |
| 1975 | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1976 | 1.6 | -3.2 | 30.5 | 2.4 | 1.6 | 0.6 | 1.4 |
| 1977 | -0.1 | -1.5 | -1.1 | -1.5 | -0.2 | 4.1 | 0.9 |
| 1978 | 1.9 | -5.7 | -9.7 | 4.6 | 1.5 | 4.0 | 2.2 |
| 1979 | 0.8 | -4.6 | 26.1 | -2.8 | 0.8 | 5.2 | 1.9 |
| 1980 | 3.3 | 1.6 | 34.5 | 11.1 | 3.7 | 5.7 | 4.2 |
| 1981 | 3.2 | 4.0 | 2.7 | 20.3 | 3.5 | 2.6 | 3.2 |
| 1982 | 4.5 | 9.6 | -19.2 | -6.0 | 4.1 | 1.8 | 3.5 |
| 1983 | 4.5 | 8.6 | -17.4 | -2.2 | 4.3 | -1.0 | 2.9 |
| 1984 | 2.3 | 6.0 | -7.9 | 5.8 | 2.4 | 3.7 | 2.7 |
| 1985 | 2.9 | 0.3 | 21.2 | 12.1 | 3.0 | 4.7 | 3.5 |
| 1986 | 3.8 | 4.5 | 7.9 | -5.0 | 3.7 | 4.1 | 3.8 |
| 1987 | 1.7 | 1.3 | 22.7 | -0.9 | 1.8 | 0.2 | 1.4 |
| 1988 | 3.8 | 7.3 | -28.4 | 5.5 | 3.6 | 1.4 | 3.0 |
| 1989 | 2.5 | 3.3 | 0.0 | -0.7 | 2.4 | 3.4 | 2.7 |
| 1990 | 0.9 | 9.2 | 4.7 | 5.9 | 1.4 | 2.7 | 1.7 |
| 1991 | 3.1 | 1.8 | -2.3 | 6.6 | 3.1 | 2.0 | 2.8 |
| 1992 | 0.5 | 0.2 | 1.6 | 1.1 | 0.5 | 2.2 | 0.9 |
| 1993 | -1.9 | 1.3 | -5.6 | -4.5 | -1.8 | 4.0 | -0.3 |
| 1994 | -2.0 | 7.4 | 13.8 | -1.8 | -1.4 | 2.1 | -0.5 |
| 1995 | -2.0 | 3.5 | -13.5 | 3.8 | -1.8 | 2.2 | -0.7 |
| 1996 | -1.1 | -3.8 | -13.4 | 2.9 | -1.3 | 0.5 | -0.8 |
| 1997 | 1.3 | 5.9 | -10.7 | 12.3 | 1.6 | 4.8 | 2.5 |
| 1998 | 4.4 | 4.9 | 134.6 | 8.1 | 5.2 | 2.3 | 4.3 |
| 1999 | 5.2 | 1.6 | -25.2 | 9.4 | 4.7 | 4.4 | 4.6 |
| 2000 | 3.6 | 9.6 | 13.2 | 11.3 | 4.1 | 5.5 | 4.5 |
| 2001 | 5.1 | 15.2 | 14.0 | 5.6 | 5.8 | 5.5 | 5.7 |
| 2002 | 3.3 | -3.0 | 4.8 | 1.5 | 2.9 | 5.6 | 3.7 |
| 2003 f | 4.6 | 1.8 | 8.6 | 7.9 | 4.6 | 4.3 | 4.5 |
| 2004 f | 0.4 | -0.6 | 0.2 | 1.4 | 0.3 | 3.4 | 1.2 |

f—Forecast

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NATIONAL HEALTH EXPENDITURE TRENDS DATA TABLES

Table A.3.1.1—Part 1

Total Health Expenditure by Use of Funds, Canada, 1975 to 2004—Current Dollars

| Year | Hospitals A | Other Institutions B | Physicians C | Other Professionals | | | Sub-Total D |
|--------|----------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------|---------------------|----------------------------|---------|----------------|
| | | | | Dental Services | Vision Care Services | Other | |
| | (\$' 000,000) | | | | | | |
| 1975 | 5,454.9 | 1,125.0 | 1,839.9 | 741.7 | 226.1 | 128.4 | 1,096.2 |
| 1976 | 6,357.3 | 1,368.6 | 2,071.0 | 869.1 | 260.1 | 145.5 | 1,274.7 |
| 1977 | 6,792.8 | 1,577.0 | 2,284.4 | 1,034.6 | 295.8 | 162.6 | 1,493.0 |
| 1978 | 7,382.0 | 1,851.8 | 2,566.7 | 1,191.3 | 336.0 | 186.3 | 1,713.5 |
| 1979 | 8,114.1 | 2,171.7 | 2,857.1 | 1,374.5 | 365.8 | 219.2 | 1,959.5 |
| 1980 | 9,334.4 | 2,539.6 | 3,287.5 | 1,592.0 | 414.4 | 255.4 | 2,261.7 |
| 1981 | 11,030.7 | 2,889.9 | 3,824.8 | 1,811.8 | 513.6 | 303.7 | 2,629.1 |
| 1982 | 13,092.8 | 3,384.8 | 4,420.8 | 2,072.7 | 609.8 | 357.3 | 3,039.8 |
| 1983 | 14,417.6 | 3,741.6 | 5,052.7 | 2,225.7 | 715.0 | 411.6 | 3,352.4 |
| 1984 | 15,344.8 | 3,915.5 | 5,525.9 | 2,402.3 | 829.4 | 452.2 | 3,683.8 |
| 1985 | 16,260.3 | 4,105.9 | 6,045.7 | 2,711.3 | 925.9 | 496.4 | 4,133.6 |
| 1986 | 17,637.2 | 4,087.3 | 6,674.8 | 2,959.6 | 1,002.2 | 562.0 | 4,523.8 |
| 1987 | 18,951.1 | 4,329.2 | 7,342.8 | 3,203.6 | 1,075.6 | 634.3 | 4,913.5 |
| 1988 | 20,400.3 | 4,738.7 | 7,942.1 | 3,494.0 | 1,184.2 | 715.6 | 5,393.8 |
| 1989 | 22,270.1 | 5,141.3 | 8,506.7 | 3,820.7 | 1,302.3 | 833.8 | 5,956.7 |
| 1990 | 23,866.4 | 5,748.2 | 9,245.1 | 4,139.0 | 1,402.7 | 956.6 | 6,498.3 |
| 1991 | 25,714.9 | 6,344.9 | 10,205.5 | 4,467.5 | 1,484.8 | 1,082.7 | 7,035.0 |
| 1992 | 26,667.2 | 6,787.8 | 10,448.5 | 4,690.2 | 1,535.0 | 1,171.6 | 7,396.8 |
| 1993 | 26,739.5 | 6,796.3 | 10,498.9 | 4,926.9 | 1,587.0 | 1,220.4 | 7,734.3 |
| 1994 | 26,165.6 | 6,921.6 | 10,731.6 | 5,217.1 | 1,683.0 | 1,253.7 | 8,153.8 |
| 1995 | 25,499.8 | 7,152.8 | 10,638.0 | 5,485.2 | 1,774.4 | 1,295.7 | 8,555.3 |
| 1996 | 25,206.4 | 7,305.2 | 10,758.8 | 5,663.4 | 1,830.1 | 1,336.7 | 8,830.2 |
| 1997 | 25,759.9 | 7,591.0 | 11,176.6 | 5,895.8 | 2,188.3 | 1,543.1 | 9,627.3 |
| 1998 | 27,082.1 | 7,983.2 | 11,715.7 | 6,278.4 | 2,275.3 | 1,528.0 | 10,081.7 |
| 1999 | 28,207.9 | 8,622.9 | 12,223.5 | 6,774.6 | 2,346.3 | 1,725.3 | 10,846.1 |
| 2000 | 30,554.5 | 9,331.3 | 12,977.0 | 7,205.5 | 2,574.2 | 1,806.9 | 11,586.6 |
| 2001 | 32,199.0 | 10,104.7 | 13,978.0 | 7,803.1 | 2,751.2 | 2,022.4 | 12,576.7 |
| 2002 | 34,375.1 | 10,776.5 | 15,050.7 | 8,279.7 | 2,794.2 | 2,042.9 | 13,116.8 |
| 2003 f | 36,808.7 | 11,547.6 | 16,012.6 | 8,784.3 | 2,945.4 | 2,161.4 | 13,891.0 |
| 2004 f | 38,896.8 | 12,456.1 | 16,785.2 | 9,267.5 | 3,089.2 | 2,278.9 | 14,635.6 |
| | (annual percentage change) | | | | | | |
| 1975 | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1976 | 16.5 | 21.7 | 12.6 | 17.2 | 15.0 | 13.3 | 16.3 |
| 1977 | 6.9 | 15.2 | 10.3 | 19.0 | 13.7 | 11.7 | 17.1 |
| 1978 | 8.7 | 17.4 | 12.4 | 15.1 | 13.6 | 14.6 | 14.8 |
| 1979 | 9.9 | 17.3 | 11.3 | 15.4 | 8.9 | 17.6 | 14.4 |
| 1980 | 15.0 | 16.9 | 15.1 | 15.8 | 13.3 | 16.5 | 15.4 |
| 1981 | 18.2 | 13.8 | 16.3 | 13.8 | 24.0 | 18.9 | 16.2 |
| 1982 | 18.7 | 17.1 | 15.6 | 14.4 | 18.7 | 17.7 | 15.6 |
| 1983 | 10.1 | 10.5 | 14.3 | 7.4 | 17.3 | 15.2 | 10.3 |
| 1984 | 6.4 | 4.6 | 9.4 | 7.9 | 16.0 | 9.9 | 9.9 |
| 1985 | 6.0 | 4.9 | 9.4 | 12.9 | 11.6 | 9.8 | 12.2 |
| 1986 | 8.5 | -0.5 | 10.4 | 9.2 | 8.2 | 13.2 | 9.4 |
| 1987 | 7.4 | 5.9 | 10.0 | 8.2 | 7.3 | 12.9 | 8.6 |
| 1988 | 7.6 | 9.5 | 8.2 | 9.1 | 10.1 | 12.8 | 9.8 |
| 1989 | 9.2 | 8.5 | 7.1 | 9.3 | 10.0 | 16.5 | 10.4 |
| 1990 | 7.2 | 11.8 | 8.7 | 8.3 | 7.7 | 14.7 | 9.1 |
| 1991 | 7.7 | 10.4 | 10.4 | 7.9 | 5.8 | 13.2 | 8.3 |
| 1992 | 3.7 | 7.0 | 2.4 | 5.0 | 3.4 | 8.2 | 5.1 |
| 1993 | 0.3 | 0.1 | 0.5 | 5.0 | 3.4 | 4.2 | 4.6 |
| 1994 | -2.1 | 1.8 | 2.2 | 5.9 | 6.1 | 2.7 | 5.4 |
| 1995 | -2.5 | 3.3 | -0.9 | 5.1 | 5.4 | 3.4 | 4.9 |
| 1996 | -1.2 | 2.1 | 1.1 | 3.2 | 3.1 | 3.2 | 3.2 |
| 1997 | 2.2 | 3.9 | 3.9 | 4.1 | 19.6 | 15.4 | 9.0 |
| 1998 | 5.1 | 5.2 | 4.8 | 6.5 | 4.0 | -1.0 | 4.7 |
| 1999 | 4.2 | 8.0 | 4.3 | 7.9 | 3.1 | 12.9 | 7.6 |
| 2000 | 8.3 | 8.2 | 6.2 | 6.4 | 9.7 | 4.7 | 6.8 |
| 2001 | 5.4 | 8.3 | 7.7 | 8.3 | 6.9 | 11.9 | 8.5 |
| 2002 | 6.8 | 6.6 | 7.7 | 6.1 | 1.6 | 1.0 | 4.3 |
| 2003 f | 7.1 | 7.2 | 6.4 | 6.1 | 5.4 | 5.8 | 5.9 |
| 2004 f | 5.7 | 7.9 | 4.8 | 5.5 | 4.9 | 5.4 | 5.4 |

f—Forecast

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NATIONAL HEALTH EXPENDITURE TRENDS DATA TABLES

Table A.3.1.1—Part 2

Total Health Expenditure by Use of Funds, Canada, 1975 to 2004—Current Dollars (cont'd)

| Drugs | | | Capital | Public Health & Administration | Other Health Spending | | | Grand Total | |
|----------------------------|----------------------|-----------|---------|--------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------|---------|-------------|-----------|
| Prescribed Drugs | Non-Prescribed Drugs | Sub-Total | | | Pre-payment Administration | Health Research | Other | | Sub-Total |
| E | | | F | G | | H | A+B+C+D | | |
| (\$' 000,000) | | | | | | | | | |
| 771.7 | 305.6 | 1,077.3 | 536.1 | 551.1 | 172.1 | 93.7 | 253.2 | 519.0 | 12,199.4 |
| 883.4 | 316.0 | 1,199.4 | 544.1 | 638.2 | 200.4 | 105.4 | 290.6 | 596.4 | 14,049.8 |
| 987.9 | 324.5 | 1,312.4 | 563.7 | 727.4 | 234.3 | 129.4 | 335.4 | 699.1 | 15,450.0 |
| 1,052.7 | 392.8 | 1,445.5 | 672.2 | 726.7 | 237.0 | 150.4 | 360.9 | 748.3 | 17,106.8 |
| 1,162.9 | 495.5 | 1,658.4 | 725.1 | 817.8 | 268.0 | 173.7 | 424.2 | 865.9 | 19,169.7 |
| 1,298.4 | 586.3 | 1,884.6 | 990.7 | 963.8 | 294.7 | 202.5 | 538.7 | 1,035.9 | 22,298.4 |
| 1,677.1 | 655.0 | 2,332.1 | 1,111.2 | 1,133.8 | 383.9 | 231.2 | 710.1 | 1,325.2 | 26,276.7 |
| 1,924.1 | 715.0 | 2,639.1 | 1,394.8 | 1,333.0 | 369.1 | 258.0 | 826.9 | 1,454.0 | 30,759.1 |
| 2,107.1 | 845.9 | 2,953.0 | 1,436.6 | 1,444.7 | 396.9 | 297.3 | 945.8 | 1,640.0 | 34,038.6 |
| 2,255.6 | 1,058.6 | 3,314.2 | 1,504.1 | 1,604.6 | 482.4 | 336.9 | 1,030.8 | 1,850.1 | 36,743.1 |
| 2,566.5 | 1,235.9 | 3,802.3 | 1,651.2 | 1,788.6 | 503.6 | 381.2 | 1,169.4 | 2,054.2 | 39,841.7 |
| 3,018.0 | 1,399.0 | 4,417.1 | 1,801.4 | 1,835.6 | 570.4 | 452.8 | 1,336.8 | 2,360.1 | 43,337.3 |
| 3,293.1 | 1,621.7 | 4,914.9 | 1,871.8 | 1,942.3 | 576.5 | 452.0 | 1,494.2 | 2,522.7 | 46,788.2 |
| 3,736.8 | 1,784.9 | 5,521.7 | 1,901.7 | 2,055.3 | 738.3 | 507.1 | 1,760.2 | 3,005.6 | 50,959.2 |
| 4,262.9 | 1,975.6 | 6,238.5 | 2,092.8 | 2,258.3 | 987.7 | 588.4 | 2,055.0 | 3,631.0 | 56,095.5 |
| 4,871.8 | 2,058.7 | 6,930.5 | 2,123.7 | 2,541.4 | 1,002.5 | 667.7 | 2,398.8 | 4,069.1 | 61,022.6 |
| 5,468.7 | 2,236.6 | 7,705.3 | 2,027.5 | 2,753.4 | 1,092.5 | 698.6 | 2,711.6 | 4,502.7 | 66,289.1 |
| 6,100.7 | 2,418.1 | 8,518.8 | 2,058.0 | 3,049.7 | 1,161.2 | 806.5 | 2,911.1 | 4,878.9 | 69,805.7 |
| 6,603.5 | 2,576.0 | 9,179.6 | 2,016.9 | 3,238.0 | 1,408.9 | 793.5 | 3,151.9 | 5,354.2 | 71,557.7 |
| 6,760.9 | 2,676.6 | 9,437.5 | 2,272.8 | 3,610.8 | 1,566.3 | 804.2 | 3,421.1 | 5,791.7 | 73,085.4 |
| 7,399.0 | 2,703.6 | 10,102.6 | 2,263.1 | 3,882.7 | 1,613.0 | 808.2 | 3,560.5 | 5,981.7 | 74,075.9 |
| 7,602.1 | 2,756.0 | 10,358.1 | 2,160.0 | 4,049.1 | 1,645.4 | 819.9 | 3,563.9 | 6,029.1 | 74,696.8 |
| 8,540.8 | 2,877.5 | 11,418.3 | 2,122.0 | 4,208.1 | 1,626.1 | 1,091.7 | 3,814.3 | 6,532.2 | 78,435.3 |
| 9,469.2 | 3,067.0 | 12,536.2 | 2,298.3 | 5,217.4 | 1,471.0 | 1,194.3 | 4,159.8 | 6,825.1 | 83,739.6 |
| 10,267.3 | 3,252.3 | 13,519.5 | 3,441.5 | 5,600.1 | 1,717.3 | 1,179.1 | 4,548.6 | 7,445.0 | 89,906.6 |
| 11,764.6 | 3,321.2 | 15,085.8 | 3,888.0 | 6,264.5 | 1,924.4 | 1,433.5 | 4,857.9 | 8,215.8 | 97,903.4 |
| 13,218.1 | 3,442.7 | 16,660.8 | 4,467.8 | 7,081.4 | 2,439.4 | 1,926.4 | 4,876.7 | 9,242.6 | 106,310.8 |
| 14,813.3 | 3,595.4 | 18,408.7 | 4,913.6 | 7,471.4 | 2,786.4 | 1,953.7 | 5,188.7 | 9,928.9 | 114,041.6 |
| 16,298.7 | 3,704.2 | 20,002.9 | 5,844.8 | 8,367.8 | 3,030.8 | 2,056.9 | 5,440.7 | 10,528.4 | 123,003.7 |
| 17,955.3 | 3,803.1 | 21,758.4 | 5,873.2 | 8,693.8 | 3,349.5 | 2,236.5 | 5,590.1 | 11,176.1 | 130,275.2 |
| (annual percentage change) | | | | | | | | | |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 14.5 | 3.4 | 11.3 | 1.5 | 15.8 | 16.5 | 12.5 | 14.8 | 14.9 | 15.2 |
| 11.8 | 2.7 | 9.4 | 3.6 | 14.0 | 16.9 | 22.8 | 15.4 | 17.2 | 10.0 |
| 6.6 | 21.1 | 10.1 | 19.2 | -0.1 | 1.2 | 16.2 | 7.6 | 7.0 | 10.7 |
| 10.5 | 26.2 | 14.7 | 7.9 | 12.5 | 13.1 | 15.4 | 17.6 | 15.7 | 12.1 |
| 11.7 | 18.3 | 13.6 | 36.6 | 17.9 | 10.0 | 16.6 | 27.0 | 19.6 | 16.3 |
| 29.2 | 11.7 | 23.7 | 12.2 | 17.6 | 30.3 | 14.1 | 31.8 | 27.9 | 17.8 |
| 14.7 | 9.2 | 13.2 | 25.5 | 17.6 | -3.9 | 11.6 | 16.5 | 9.7 | 17.1 |
| 9.5 | 18.3 | 11.9 | 3.0 | 8.4 | 7.5 | 15.2 | 14.4 | 12.8 | 10.7 |
| 7.0 | 25.2 | 12.2 | 4.7 | 11.1 | 21.5 | 13.3 | 9.0 | 12.8 | 7.9 |
| 13.8 | 16.7 | 14.7 | 9.8 | 11.5 | 4.4 | 13.1 | 13.4 | 11.0 | 8.4 |
| 17.6 | 13.2 | 16.2 | 9.1 | 2.6 | 13.2 | 18.8 | 14.3 | 14.9 | 8.8 |
| 9.1 | 15.9 | 11.3 | 3.9 | 5.8 | 1.1 | -0.2 | 11.8 | 6.9 | 8.0 |
| 13.5 | 10.1 | 12.3 | 1.6 | 5.8 | 28.1 | 12.2 | 17.8 | 19.1 | 8.9 |
| 14.1 | 10.7 | 13.0 | 10.0 | 9.9 | 33.8 | 16.0 | 16.7 | 20.8 | 10.1 |
| 14.3 | 4.2 | 11.1 | 1.5 | 12.5 | 1.5 | 13.5 | 16.7 | 12.1 | 8.8 |
| 12.3 | 8.6 | 11.2 | -4.5 | 8.3 | 9.0 | 4.6 | 13.0 | 10.7 | 8.6 |
| 11.6 | 8.1 | 10.6 | 1.5 | 10.8 | 6.3 | 15.4 | 7.4 | 8.4 | 5.3 |
| 8.2 | 6.5 | 7.8 | -2.0 | 6.2 | 21.3 | -1.6 | 8.3 | 9.7 | 2.5 |
| 2.4 | 3.9 | 2.8 | 12.7 | 11.5 | 11.2 | 1.4 | 8.5 | 8.2 | 2.1 |
| 9.4 | 1.0 | 7.0 | -0.4 | 7.5 | 3.0 | 0.5 | 4.1 | 3.3 | 1.4 |
| 2.7 | 1.9 | 2.5 | -4.6 | 4.3 | 2.0 | 1.4 | 0.1 | 0.8 | 0.8 |
| 12.3 | 4.4 | 10.2 | -1.8 | 3.9 | -1.2 | 33.2 | 7.0 | 8.3 | 5.0 |
| 10.9 | 6.6 | 9.8 | 8.3 | 24.0 | -9.5 | 9.4 | 9.1 | 4.5 | 6.8 |
| 8.4 | 6.0 | 7.8 | 49.7 | 7.3 | 16.7 | -1.3 | 9.3 | 9.1 | 7.4 |
| 14.6 | 2.1 | 11.6 | 13.0 | 11.9 | 12.1 | 21.6 | 6.8 | 10.4 | 8.9 |
| 12.4 | 3.7 | 10.4 | 14.9 | 13.0 | 26.8 | 34.4 | 0.4 | 12.5 | 8.6 |
| 12.1 | 4.4 | 10.5 | 10.0 | 5.5 | 14.2 | 1.4 | 6.4 | 7.4 | 7.3 |
| 10.0 | 3.0 | 8.7 | 18.9 | 12.0 | 8.8 | 5.3 | 4.9 | 6.0 | 7.9 |
| 10.2 | 2.7 | 8.8 | 0.5 | 3.9 | 10.5 | 8.7 | 2.7 | 6.2 | 5.9 |

NATIONAL HEALTH EXPENDITURE TRENDS DATA TABLES

Table A.3.1.2—Part 1

Total Health Expenditure by Use of Funds, Canada, 1975 to 2004—Current Dollars

| Year | Hospitals <i>A</i> | Other Institutions <i>B</i> | Physicians <i>C</i> | Other Professionals | | | Sub-Total <i>D</i> |
|--------|--|-----------------------------------|------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------|-------|-----------------------|
| | | | | Dental Services | Vision Care Services | Other | |
| | (percentage distribution of \$' 000,000) | | | | | | |
| 1975 | 44.7 | 9.2 | 15.1 | 6.1 | 1.9 | 1.1 | 9.0 |
| 1976 | 45.2 | 9.7 | 14.7 | 6.2 | 1.9 | 1.0 | 9.1 |
| 1977 | 44.0 | 10.2 | 14.8 | 6.7 | 1.9 | 1.1 | 9.7 |
| 1978 | 43.2 | 10.8 | 15.0 | 7.0 | 2.0 | 1.1 | 10.0 |
| 1979 | 42.3 | 11.3 | 14.9 | 7.2 | 1.9 | 1.1 | 10.2 |
| 1980 | 41.9 | 11.4 | 14.7 | 7.1 | 1.9 | 1.1 | 10.1 |
| 1981 | 42.0 | 11.0 | 14.6 | 6.9 | 2.0 | 1.2 | 10.0 |
| 1982 | 42.6 | 11.0 | 14.4 | 6.7 | 2.0 | 1.2 | 9.9 |
| 1983 | 42.4 | 11.0 | 14.8 | 6.5 | 2.1 | 1.2 | 9.8 |
| 1984 | 41.8 | 10.7 | 15.0 | 6.5 | 2.3 | 1.2 | 10.0 |
| 1985 | 40.8 | 10.3 | 15.2 | 6.8 | 2.3 | 1.2 | 10.4 |
| 1986 | 40.7 | 9.4 | 15.4 | 6.8 | 2.3 | 1.3 | 10.4 |
| 1987 | 40.5 | 9.3 | 15.7 | 6.8 | 2.3 | 1.4 | 10.5 |
| 1988 | 40.0 | 9.3 | 15.6 | 6.9 | 2.3 | 1.4 | 10.6 |
| 1989 | 39.7 | 9.2 | 15.2 | 6.8 | 2.3 | 1.5 | 10.6 |
| 1990 | 39.1 | 9.4 | 15.2 | 6.8 | 2.3 | 1.6 | 10.6 |
| 1991 | 38.8 | 9.6 | 15.4 | 6.7 | 2.2 | 1.6 | 10.6 |
| 1992 | 38.2 | 9.7 | 15.0 | 6.7 | 2.2 | 1.7 | 10.6 |
| 1993 | 37.4 | 9.5 | 14.7 | 6.9 | 2.2 | 1.7 | 10.8 |
| 1994 | 35.8 | 9.5 | 14.7 | 7.1 | 2.3 | 1.7 | 11.2 |
| 1995 | 34.4 | 9.7 | 14.4 | 7.4 | 2.4 | 1.7 | 11.5 |
| 1996 | 33.7 | 9.8 | 14.4 | 7.6 | 2.5 | 1.8 | 11.8 |
| 1997 | 32.8 | 9.7 | 14.2 | 7.5 | 2.8 | 2.0 | 12.3 |
| 1998 | 32.3 | 9.5 | 14.0 | 7.5 | 2.7 | 1.8 | 12.0 |
| 1999 | 31.4 | 9.6 | 13.6 | 7.5 | 2.6 | 1.9 | 12.1 |
| 2000 | 31.2 | 9.5 | 13.3 | 7.4 | 2.6 | 1.8 | 11.8 |
| 2001 | 30.3 | 9.5 | 13.1 | 7.3 | 2.6 | 1.9 | 11.8 |
| 2002 | 30.1 | 9.4 | 13.2 | 7.3 | 2.5 | 1.8 | 11.5 |
| 2003 f | 29.9 | 9.4 | 13.0 | 7.1 | 2.4 | 1.8 | 11.3 |
| 2004 f | 29.9 | 9.6 | 12.9 | 7.1 | 2.4 | 1.7 | 11.2 |
| | (annual percentage change) | | | | | | |
| 1975 | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1976 | 1.2 | 5.6 | -2.3 | 1.8 | -0.1 | -1.6 | 1.0 |
| 1977 | -2.8 | 4.8 | 0.3 | 8.3 | 3.4 | 1.6 | 6.5 |
| 1978 | -1.9 | 6.1 | 1.5 | 4.0 | 2.6 | 3.5 | 3.7 |
| 1979 | -1.9 | 4.7 | -0.7 | 3.0 | -2.8 | 5.0 | 2.0 |
| 1980 | -1.1 | 0.5 | -1.1 | -0.4 | -2.6 | 0.2 | -0.8 |
| 1981 | 0.3 | -3.4 | -1.3 | -3.4 | 5.2 | 0.9 | -1.4 |
| 1982 | 1.4 | 0.1 | -1.3 | -2.3 | 1.4 | 0.5 | -1.2 |
| 1983 | -0.5 | -0.1 | 3.3 | -3.0 | 6.0 | 4.1 | -0.3 |
| 1984 | -1.4 | -3.1 | 1.3 | 0.0 | 7.5 | 1.8 | 1.8 |
| 1985 | -2.3 | -3.3 | 0.9 | 4.1 | 3.0 | 1.2 | 3.5 |
| 1986 | -0.3 | -8.5 | 1.5 | 0.4 | -0.5 | 4.1 | 0.6 |
| 1987 | -0.5 | -1.9 | 1.9 | 0.3 | -0.6 | 4.6 | 0.6 |
| 1988 | -1.2 | 0.5 | -0.7 | 0.1 | 1.1 | 3.6 | 0.8 |
| 1989 | -0.8 | -1.4 | -2.7 | -0.7 | -0.1 | 5.8 | 0.3 |
| 1990 | -1.5 | 2.8 | -0.1 | -0.4 | -1.0 | 5.5 | 0.3 |
| 1991 | -0.8 | 1.6 | 1.6 | -0.6 | -2.6 | 4.2 | -0.3 |
| 1992 | -1.5 | 1.6 | -2.8 | -0.3 | -1.8 | 2.8 | -0.2 |
| 1993 | -2.2 | -2.3 | -2.0 | 2.5 | 0.9 | 1.6 | 2.0 |
| 1994 | -4.2 | -0.3 | 0.1 | 3.7 | 3.8 | 0.6 | 3.2 |
| 1995 | -3.8 | 2.0 | -2.2 | 3.7 | 4.0 | 2.0 | 3.5 |
| 1996 | -2.0 | 1.3 | 0.3 | 2.4 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 2.4 |
| 1997 | -2.7 | -1.0 | -1.1 | -0.9 | 13.9 | 9.9 | 3.8 |
| 1998 | -1.5 | -1.5 | -1.8 | -0.3 | -2.6 | -7.3 | -1.9 |
| 1999 | -3.0 | 0.6 | -2.8 | 0.5 | -4.0 | 5.2 | 0.2 |
| 2000 | -0.5 | -0.6 | -2.5 | -2.3 | 0.8 | -3.8 | -1.9 |
| 2001 | -3.0 | -0.3 | -0.8 | -0.3 | -1.6 | 3.1 | 0.0 |
| 2002 | -0.5 | -0.6 | 0.4 | -1.1 | -5.3 | -5.8 | -2.8 |
| 2003 f | -0.7 | -0.7 | -1.4 | -1.6 | -2.3 | -1.9 | -1.8 |
| 2004 f | -0.2 | 1.8 | -1.0 | -0.4 | -1.0 | -0.4 | -0.5 |

f—Forecast

CIHI 2004.

NATIONAL HEALTH EXPENDITURE TRENDS DATA TABLES

Table A.3.1.2—Part 2

Total Health Expenditure by Use of Funds, Canada, 1975 to 2004—Current Dollars (cont'd)

| Prescribed Drugs | Drugs | | Capital Administration | Public Health & Administration | Pre-payment Administration | Other Health Spending | | | Grand Total |
|----------------------------|----------------------|-----------|------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------|-------|-----------|--|
| | Non-Prescribed Drugs | Sub-Total | | | | Health Research | Other | Sub-Total | |
| | | | | | | | | | <i>A+B+C+D</i> |
| | | | | | | | | | <i>+E+F+G+H</i> |
| | | | | | | | | | (percentage distribution of \$' 000,000) |
| 6.3 | 2.5 | 8.8 | 4.4 | 4.5 | 1.4 | 0.8 | 2.1 | 4.3 | 100.0 |
| 6.3 | 2.2 | 8.5 | 3.9 | 4.5 | 1.4 | 0.8 | 2.1 | 4.2 | 100.0 |
| 6.4 | 2.1 | 8.5 | 3.6 | 4.7 | 1.5 | 0.8 | 2.2 | 4.5 | 100.0 |
| 6.2 | 2.3 | 8.4 | 3.9 | 4.2 | 1.4 | 0.9 | 2.1 | 4.4 | 100.0 |
| 6.1 | 2.6 | 8.7 | 3.8 | 4.3 | 1.4 | 0.9 | 2.2 | 4.5 | 100.0 |
| 5.8 | 2.6 | 8.5 | 4.4 | 4.3 | 1.3 | 0.9 | 2.4 | 4.6 | 100.0 |
| 6.4 | 2.5 | 8.9 | 4.2 | 4.3 | 1.5 | 0.9 | 2.7 | 5.0 | 100.0 |
| 6.3 | 2.3 | 8.6 | 4.5 | 4.3 | 1.2 | 0.8 | 2.7 | 4.7 | 100.0 |
| 6.2 | 2.5 | 8.7 | 4.2 | 4.2 | 1.2 | 0.9 | 2.8 | 4.8 | 100.0 |
| 6.1 | 2.9 | 9.0 | 4.1 | 4.4 | 1.3 | 0.9 | 2.8 | 5.0 | 100.0 |
| 6.4 | 3.1 | 9.5 | 4.1 | 4.5 | 1.3 | 1.0 | 2.9 | 5.2 | 100.0 |
| 7.0 | 3.2 | 10.2 | 4.2 | 4.2 | 1.3 | 1.0 | 3.1 | 5.4 | 100.0 |
| 7.0 | 3.5 | 10.5 | 4.0 | 4.2 | 1.2 | 1.0 | 3.2 | 5.4 | 100.0 |
| 7.3 | 3.5 | 10.8 | 3.7 | 4.0 | 1.4 | 1.0 | 3.5 | 5.9 | 100.0 |
| 7.6 | 3.5 | 11.1 | 3.7 | 4.0 | 1.8 | 1.0 | 3.7 | 6.5 | 100.0 |
| 8.0 | 3.4 | 11.4 | 3.5 | 4.2 | 1.6 | 1.1 | 3.9 | 6.7 | 100.0 |
| 8.2 | 3.4 | 11.6 | 3.1 | 4.2 | 1.6 | 1.1 | 4.1 | 6.8 | 100.0 |
| 8.7 | 3.5 | 12.2 | 2.9 | 4.4 | 1.7 | 1.2 | 4.2 | 7.0 | 100.0 |
| 9.2 | 3.6 | 12.8 | 2.8 | 4.5 | 2.0 | 1.1 | 4.4 | 7.5 | 100.0 |
| 9.3 | 3.7 | 12.9 | 3.1 | 4.9 | 2.1 | 1.1 | 4.7 | 7.9 | 100.0 |
| 10.0 | 3.6 | 13.6 | 3.1 | 5.2 | 2.2 | 1.1 | 4.8 | 8.1 | 100.0 |
| 10.2 | 3.7 | 13.9 | 2.9 | 5.4 | 2.2 | 1.1 | 4.8 | 8.1 | 100.0 |
| 10.9 | 3.7 | 14.6 | 2.7 | 5.4 | 2.1 | 1.4 | 4.9 | 8.3 | 100.0 |
| 11.3 | 3.7 | 15.0 | 2.7 | 6.2 | 1.8 | 1.4 | 5.0 | 8.2 | 100.0 |
| 11.4 | 3.6 | 15.0 | 3.8 | 6.2 | 1.9 | 1.3 | 5.1 | 8.3 | 100.0 |
| 12.0 | 3.4 | 15.4 | 4.0 | 6.4 | 2.0 | 1.5 | 5.0 | 8.4 | 100.0 |
| 12.4 | 3.2 | 15.7 | 4.2 | 6.7 | 2.3 | 1.8 | 4.6 | 8.7 | 100.0 |
| 13.0 | 3.2 | 16.1 | 4.3 | 6.6 | 2.4 | 1.7 | 4.5 | 8.7 | 100.0 |
| 13.3 | 3.0 | 16.3 | 4.8 | 6.8 | 2.5 | 1.7 | 4.4 | 8.6 | 100.0 |
| 13.8 | 2.9 | 16.7 | 4.5 | 6.7 | 2.6 | 1.7 | 4.3 | 8.6 | 100.0 |
| (annual percentage change) | | | | | | | | | |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| -0.6 | -10.2 | -3.3 | -11.9 | 0.5 | 1.1 | -2.3 | -0.3 | -0.2 | --- |
| 1.7 | -6.6 | -0.5 | -5.8 | 3.6 | 6.3 | 11.7 | 5.0 | 6.6 | --- |
| -3.8 | 9.3 | -0.5 | 7.7 | -9.8 | -8.6 | 5.0 | -2.8 | -3.3 | --- |
| -1.4 | 12.6 | 2.4 | -3.7 | 0.4 | 0.9 | 3.0 | 4.9 | 3.3 | --- |
| -4.0 | 1.7 | -2.3 | 17.5 | 1.3 | -5.5 | 0.3 | 9.2 | 2.9 | --- |
| 9.6 | -5.2 | 5.0 | -4.8 | -0.2 | 10.6 | -3.1 | 11.9 | 8.6 | --- |
| -2.0 | -6.7 | -3.3 | 7.2 | 0.4 | -17.9 | -4.7 | -0.5 | -6.3 | --- |
| -1.0 | 6.9 | 1.1 | -6.9 | -2.1 | -2.8 | 4.1 | 3.4 | 1.9 | --- |
| -0.8 | 15.9 | 4.0 | -3.0 | 2.9 | 12.6 | 5.0 | 1.0 | 4.5 | --- |
| 4.9 | 7.7 | 5.8 | 1.2 | 2.8 | -3.7 | 4.3 | 4.6 | 2.4 | --- |
| 8.1 | 4.1 | 6.8 | 0.3 | -5.6 | 4.1 | 9.2 | 5.1 | 5.6 | --- |
| 1.1 | 7.4 | 3.1 | -3.8 | -2.0 | -6.4 | -7.6 | 3.5 | -1.0 | --- |
| 4.2 | 1.1 | 3.2 | -6.7 | -2.8 | 17.6 | 3.0 | 8.2 | 9.4 | --- |
| 3.6 | 0.5 | 2.6 | 0.0 | -0.2 | 21.5 | 5.4 | 6.1 | 9.7 | --- |
| 5.1 | -4.2 | 2.1 | -6.7 | 3.4 | -6.7 | 4.3 | 7.3 | 3.0 | --- |
| 3.3 | 0.0 | 2.3 | -12.1 | -0.3 | 0.3 | -3.7 | 4.1 | 1.9 | --- |
| 5.9 | 2.7 | 5.0 | -3.6 | 5.2 | 0.9 | 9.6 | 2.0 | 2.9 | --- |
| 5.6 | 3.9 | 5.1 | -4.4 | 3.6 | 18.4 | -4.0 | 5.6 | 7.1 | --- |
| 0.2 | 1.7 | 0.7 | 10.3 | 9.2 | 8.9 | -0.8 | 6.3 | 5.9 | --- |
| 8.0 | -0.3 | 5.6 | -1.8 | 6.1 | 1.6 | -0.9 | 2.7 | 1.9 | --- |
| 1.9 | 1.1 | 1.7 | -5.4 | 3.4 | 1.2 | 0.6 | -0.7 | 0.0 | --- |
| 7.0 | -0.6 | 5.0 | -6.4 | -1.0 | -5.9 | 26.8 | 1.9 | 3.2 | --- |
| 3.8 | -0.2 | 2.8 | 1.4 | 16.1 | -15.3 | 2.5 | 2.1 | -2.1 | --- |
| 1.0 | -1.2 | 0.4 | 39.5 | 0.0 | 8.7 | -8.0 | 1.8 | 1.6 | --- |
| 5.2 | -6.2 | 2.5 | 3.7 | 2.7 | 2.9 | 11.6 | -1.9 | 1.3 | --- |
| 3.5 | -4.5 | 1.7 | 5.8 | 4.1 | 16.7 | 23.8 | -7.6 | 3.6 | --- |
| 4.5 | -2.6 | 3.0 | 2.5 | -1.6 | 6.5 | -5.5 | -0.8 | 0.1 | --- |
| 2.0 | -4.5 | 0.7 | 10.3 | 3.8 | 0.8 | -2.4 | -2.8 | -1.7 | --- |
| 4.0 | -3.1 | 2.7 | -5.1 | -1.9 | 4.3 | 2.7 | -3.0 | 0.2 | --- |

NATIONAL HEALTH EXPENDITURE TRENDS DATA TABLES

Table A.3.1.3—Part 1

Total Health Expenditure by Use of Funds, Canada, 1975 to 2004—Current Dollars

| Year | Hospitals | Other Institutions | Physicians | Other Professionals | | | Sub-Total |
|----------------------------|-----------|--------------------|------------|---------------------|----------------------|-------|-----------|
| | | | | Dental Services | Vision Care Services | Other | |
| | A | B | C | (\$' per capita) | | | D |
| 1975 | 235.70 | 48.61 | 79.50 | 32.05 | 9.77 | 5.55 | 47.37 |
| 1976 | 271.10 | 58.36 | 88.32 | 37.06 | 11.09 | 6.20 | 54.36 |
| 1977 | 286.30 | 66.47 | 96.28 | 43.61 | 12.47 | 6.85 | 62.93 |
| 1978 | 308.05 | 77.28 | 107.11 | 49.71 | 14.02 | 7.78 | 71.51 |
| 1979 | 335.27 | 89.73 | 118.05 | 56.79 | 15.11 | 9.06 | 80.96 |
| 1980 | 380.75 | 103.59 | 134.10 | 64.94 | 16.90 | 10.42 | 92.25 |
| 1981 | 444.42 | 116.43 | 154.10 | 73.00 | 20.69 | 12.24 | 105.93 |
| 1982 | 521.26 | 134.76 | 176.01 | 82.52 | 24.28 | 14.23 | 121.03 |
| 1983 | 568.36 | 147.50 | 199.18 | 87.74 | 28.19 | 16.23 | 132.16 |
| 1984 | 599.23 | 152.91 | 215.79 | 93.81 | 32.39 | 17.66 | 143.86 |
| 1985 | 629.20 | 158.88 | 233.94 | 104.92 | 35.83 | 19.21 | 159.95 |
| 1986 | 675.72 | 156.60 | 255.73 | 113.39 | 38.40 | 21.53 | 173.32 |
| 1987 | 716.52 | 163.68 | 277.62 | 121.12 | 40.67 | 23.98 | 185.77 |
| 1988 | 761.34 | 176.85 | 296.40 | 130.40 | 44.19 | 26.71 | 201.30 |
| 1989 | 816.30 | 188.45 | 311.81 | 140.04 | 47.74 | 30.56 | 218.34 |
| 1990 | 861.68 | 207.53 | 333.79 | 149.43 | 50.64 | 34.54 | 234.62 |
| 1991 | 917.36 | 226.35 | 364.07 | 159.37 | 52.97 | 38.63 | 250.97 |
| 1992 | 940.09 | 239.29 | 368.34 | 165.34 | 54.11 | 41.30 | 260.76 |
| 1993 | 932.28 | 236.96 | 366.05 | 171.78 | 55.33 | 42.55 | 269.66 |
| 1994 | 902.29 | 238.68 | 370.07 | 179.91 | 58.04 | 43.23 | 281.17 |
| 1995 | 870.23 | 244.10 | 363.04 | 187.20 | 60.56 | 44.22 | 291.97 |
| 1996 | 851.25 | 246.71 | 363.34 | 191.26 | 61.81 | 45.14 | 298.21 |
| 1997 | 861.32 | 253.82 | 373.71 | 197.14 | 73.17 | 51.60 | 321.90 |
| 1998 | 898.02 | 264.72 | 388.48 | 208.19 | 75.45 | 50.67 | 334.30 |
| 1999 | 927.77 | 283.61 | 402.04 | 222.82 | 77.17 | 56.74 | 356.73 |
| 2000 | 995.62 | 304.06 | 422.85 | 234.79 | 83.88 | 58.88 | 377.55 |
| 2001 | 1,037.96 | 325.73 | 450.59 | 251.54 | 88.69 | 65.19 | 405.42 |
| 2002 | 1,095.70 | 343.50 | 479.74 | 263.91 | 89.07 | 65.12 | 418.10 |
| 2003 f | 1,162.61 | 364.73 | 505.76 | 277.45 | 93.03 | 68.27 | 438.75 |
| 2004 f | 1,217.57 | 389.91 | 525.42 | 290.10 | 96.70 | 71.33 | 458.13 |
| (annual percentage change) | | | | | | | |
| 1975 | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1976 | 15.0 | 20.1 | 11.1 | 15.7 | 13.5 | 11.8 | 14.8 |
| 1977 | 5.6 | 13.9 | 9.0 | 17.7 | 12.4 | 10.4 | 15.8 |
| 1978 | 7.6 | 16.3 | 11.2 | 14.0 | 12.4 | 13.5 | 13.6 |
| 1979 | 8.8 | 16.1 | 10.2 | 14.2 | 7.8 | 16.5 | 13.2 |
| 1980 | 13.6 | 15.4 | 13.6 | 14.3 | 11.8 | 15.0 | 13.9 |
| 1981 | 16.7 | 12.4 | 14.9 | 12.4 | 22.4 | 17.5 | 14.8 |
| 1982 | 17.3 | 15.7 | 14.2 | 13.0 | 17.3 | 16.3 | 14.3 |
| 1983 | 9.0 | 9.5 | 13.2 | 6.3 | 16.1 | 14.1 | 9.2 |
| 1984 | 5.4 | 3.7 | 8.3 | 6.9 | 14.9 | 8.8 | 8.9 |
| 1985 | 5.0 | 3.9 | 8.4 | 11.8 | 10.6 | 8.8 | 11.2 |
| 1986 | 7.4 | -1.4 | 9.3 | 8.1 | 7.2 | 12.1 | 8.4 |
| 1987 | 6.0 | 4.5 | 8.6 | 6.8 | 5.9 | 11.4 | 7.2 |
| 1988 | 6.3 | 8.0 | 6.8 | 7.7 | 8.7 | 11.4 | 8.4 |
| 1989 | 7.2 | 6.6 | 5.2 | 7.4 | 8.0 | 14.4 | 8.5 |
| 1990 | 5.6 | 10.1 | 7.0 | 6.7 | 6.1 | 13.0 | 7.5 |
| 1991 | 6.5 | 9.1 | 9.1 | 6.7 | 4.6 | 11.8 | 7.0 |
| 1992 | 2.5 | 5.7 | 1.2 | 3.7 | 2.2 | 6.9 | 3.9 |
| 1993 | -0.8 | -1.0 | -0.6 | 3.9 | 2.3 | 3.0 | 3.4 |
| 1994 | -3.2 | 0.7 | 1.1 | 4.7 | 4.9 | 1.6 | 4.3 |
| 1995 | -3.6 | 2.3 | -1.9 | 4.1 | 4.3 | 2.3 | 3.8 |
| 1996 | -2.2 | 1.1 | 0.1 | 2.2 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 2.1 |
| 1997 | 1.2 | 2.9 | 2.9 | 3.1 | 18.4 | 14.3 | 7.9 |
| 1998 | 4.3 | 4.3 | 4.0 | 5.6 | 3.1 | -1.8 | 3.9 |
| 1999 | 3.3 | 7.1 | 3.5 | 7.0 | 2.3 | 12.0 | 6.7 |
| 2000 | 7.3 | 7.2 | 5.2 | 5.4 | 8.7 | 3.8 | 5.8 |
| 2001 | 4.3 | 7.1 | 6.6 | 7.1 | 5.7 | 10.7 | 7.4 |
| 2002 | 5.6 | 5.5 | 6.5 | 4.9 | 0.4 | -0.1 | 3.1 |
| 2003 f | 6.1 | 6.2 | 5.4 | 5.1 | 4.5 | 4.8 | 4.9 |
| 2004 f | 4.7 | 6.9 | 3.9 | 4.6 | 3.9 | 4.5 | 4.4 |

f—Forecast

CIHI 2004.

NATIONAL HEALTH EXPENDITURE TRENDS DATA TABLES

Table A.3.1.3—Part 2

Total Health Expenditure by Use of Funds, Canada, 1975 to 2004—Current Dollars (cont'd)

| Drugs | | | Capital | Public Health & Administration | Other Health Spending | | | Sub-Total | Grand Total |
|----------------------------|----------------------|-----------|---------|--------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------|--------|---------------------|-------------|
| Prescribed Drugs | Non-Prescribed Drugs | Sub-Total | | | Pre-payment Administration | Health Research | Other | | |
| | | | E | F | G (\$' per capita) | | H | A+B+C+D +E+F+G+H | |
| 33.34 | 13.21 | 46.55 | 23.16 | 23.81 | 7.43 | 4.05 | 10.94 | 22.42 | 527.13 |
| 37.67 | 13.48 | 51.15 | 23.20 | 27.22 | 8.55 | 4.50 | 12.39 | 25.43 | 599.14 |
| 41.64 | 13.68 | 55.32 | 23.76 | 30.66 | 9.87 | 5.46 | 14.14 | 29.47 | 651.19 |
| 43.93 | 16.39 | 60.32 | 28.05 | 30.33 | 9.89 | 6.28 | 15.06 | 31.23 | 713.87 |
| 48.05 | 20.48 | 68.52 | 29.96 | 33.79 | 11.07 | 7.18 | 17.53 | 35.78 | 792.08 |
| 52.96 | 23.91 | 76.87 | 40.41 | 39.31 | 12.02 | 8.26 | 21.97 | 42.25 | 909.54 |
| 67.57 | 26.39 | 93.96 | 44.77 | 45.68 | 15.47 | 9.31 | 28.61 | 53.39 | 1,058.67 |
| 76.60 | 28.47 | 105.07 | 55.53 | 53.07 | 14.69 | 10.27 | 32.92 | 57.89 | 1,224.61 |
| 83.07 | 33.34 | 116.41 | 56.63 | 56.95 | 15.65 | 11.72 | 37.29 | 64.65 | 1,341.85 |
| 88.08 | 41.34 | 129.42 | 58.74 | 62.66 | 18.84 | 13.16 | 40.25 | 72.25 | 1,434.85 |
| 99.31 | 47.82 | 147.13 | 63.90 | 69.21 | 19.49 | 14.75 | 45.25 | 79.49 | 1,541.70 |
| 115.63 | 53.60 | 169.23 | 69.02 | 70.33 | 21.85 | 17.35 | 51.22 | 90.42 | 1,660.36 |
| 124.51 | 61.32 | 185.82 | 70.77 | 73.43 | 21.80 | 17.09 | 56.49 | 95.38 | 1,769.01 |
| 139.46 | 66.61 | 206.07 | 70.97 | 76.70 | 27.55 | 18.93 | 65.69 | 112.17 | 1,901.79 |
| 156.25 | 72.42 | 228.67 | 76.71 | 82.78 | 36.20 | 21.57 | 75.32 | 133.09 | 2,056.15 |
| 175.89 | 74.33 | 250.22 | 76.67 | 91.76 | 36.20 | 24.11 | 86.61 | 146.91 | 2,203.18 |
| 195.09 | 79.79 | 274.88 | 72.33 | 98.22 | 38.97 | 24.92 | 96.73 | 160.63 | 2,364.82 |
| 215.07 | 85.24 | 300.31 | 72.55 | 107.51 | 40.94 | 28.43 | 102.62 | 171.99 | 2,460.82 |
| 230.23 | 89.81 | 320.05 | 70.32 | 112.89 | 49.12 | 27.66 | 109.89 | 186.68 | 2,494.88 |
| 233.14 | 92.30 | 325.44 | 78.38 | 124.51 | 54.01 | 27.73 | 117.97 | 199.72 | 2,520.26 |
| 252.51 | 92.26 | 344.77 | 77.23 | 132.50 | 55.05 | 27.58 | 121.51 | 204.14 | 2,527.99 |
| 256.73 | 93.07 | 349.81 | 72.95 | 136.74 | 55.57 | 27.69 | 120.36 | 203.61 | 2,522.61 |
| 285.57 | 96.21 | 381.79 | 70.95 | 140.70 | 54.37 | 36.50 | 127.54 | 218.41 | 2,622.61 |
| 313.99 | 101.70 | 415.69 | 76.21 | 173.01 | 48.78 | 39.60 | 137.93 | 226.31 | 2,776.74 |
| 337.70 | 106.97 | 444.66 | 113.19 | 184.19 | 56.48 | 38.78 | 149.61 | 244.87 | 2,957.08 |
| 383.35 | 108.22 | 491.57 | 126.69 | 204.13 | 62.71 | 46.71 | 158.29 | 267.71 | 3,190.17 |
| 426.10 | 110.98 | 537.08 | 144.02 | 228.27 | 78.64 | 62.10 | 157.21 | 297.94 | 3,427.03 |
| 472.17 | 114.60 | 586.78 | 156.62 | 238.15 | 88.82 | 62.28 | 165.39 | 316.48 | 3,635.07 |
| 514.80 | 117.00 | 631.79 | 184.61 | 264.30 | 95.73 | 64.97 | 171.84 | 332.54 | 3,885.09 |
| 562.05 | 119.05 | 681.09 | 183.85 | 272.14 | 104.85 | 70.01 | 174.98 | 349.84 | 4,077.94 |
| (annual percentage change) | | | | | | | | | |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 13.0 | 2.1 | 9.9 | 0.2 | 14.3 | 14.9 | 11.0 | 13.3 | 13.4 | 13.7 |
| 10.5 | 1.5 | 8.1 | 2.4 | 12.7 | 15.6 | 21.3 | 14.1 | 15.9 | 8.7 |
| 5.5 | 19.9 | 9.0 | 18.1 | -1.1 | 0.2 | 15.1 | 6.5 | 6.0 | 9.6 |
| 9.4 | 24.9 | 13.6 | 6.8 | 11.4 | 12.0 | 14.3 | 16.4 | 14.6 | 11.0 |
| 10.2 | 16.8 | 12.2 | 34.9 | 16.3 | 8.6 | 15.1 | 25.4 | 18.1 | 14.8 |
| 27.6 | 10.3 | 22.2 | 10.8 | 16.2 | 28.7 | 12.7 | 30.2 | 26.4 | 16.4 |
| 13.4 | 7.9 | 11.8 | 24.0 | 16.2 | -5.0 | 10.3 | 15.1 | 8.4 | 15.7 |
| 8.4 | 17.1 | 10.8 | 2.0 | 7.3 | 6.5 | 14.1 | 13.3 | 11.7 | 9.6 |
| 6.0 | 24.0 | 11.2 | 3.7 | 10.0 | 20.4 | 12.3 | 8.0 | 11.7 | 6.9 |
| 12.7 | 15.7 | 13.7 | 8.8 | 10.4 | 3.5 | 12.1 | 12.4 | 10.0 | 7.4 |
| 16.4 | 12.1 | 15.0 | 8.0 | 1.6 | 12.1 | 17.6 | 13.2 | 13.8 | 7.7 |
| 7.7 | 14.4 | 9.8 | 2.5 | 4.4 | -0.2 | -1.5 | 10.3 | 5.5 | 6.5 |
| 12.0 | 8.6 | 10.9 | 0.3 | 4.5 | 26.4 | 10.7 | 16.3 | 17.6 | 7.5 |
| 12.0 | 8.7 | 11.0 | 8.1 | 7.9 | 31.4 | 14.0 | 14.7 | 18.7 | 8.1 |
| 12.6 | 2.6 | 9.4 | 0.0 | 10.8 | 0.0 | 11.8 | 15.0 | 10.4 | 7.2 |
| 10.9 | 7.3 | 9.9 | -5.7 | 7.1 | 7.7 | 3.4 | 11.7 | 9.3 | 7.3 |
| 10.2 | 6.8 | 9.3 | 0.3 | 9.5 | 5.0 | 14.1 | 6.1 | 7.1 | 4.1 |
| 7.1 | 5.4 | 6.6 | -3.1 | 5.0 | 20.0 | -2.7 | 7.1 | 8.5 | 1.4 |
| 1.3 | 2.8 | 1.7 | 11.5 | 10.3 | 10.0 | 0.2 | 7.4 | 7.0 | 1.0 |
| 8.3 | 0.0 | 5.9 | -1.5 | 6.4 | 1.9 | -0.5 | 3.0 | 2.2 | 0.3 |
| 1.7 | 0.9 | 1.5 | -5.6 | 3.2 | 0.9 | 0.4 | -0.9 | -0.3 | -0.2 |
| 11.2 | 3.4 | 9.1 | -2.7 | 2.9 | -2.1 | 31.8 | 6.0 | 7.3 | 4.0 |
| 10.0 | 5.7 | 8.9 | 7.4 | 23.0 | -10.3 | 8.5 | 8.2 | 3.6 | 5.9 |
| 7.5 | 5.2 | 7.0 | 48.5 | 6.5 | 15.8 | -2.1 | 8.5 | 8.2 | 6.5 |
| 13.5 | 1.2 | 10.5 | 11.9 | 10.8 | 11.0 | 20.4 | 5.8 | 9.3 | 7.9 |
| 11.2 | 2.5 | 9.3 | 13.7 | 11.8 | 25.4 | 32.9 | -0.7 | 11.3 | 7.4 |
| 10.8 | 3.3 | 9.3 | 8.7 | 4.3 | 12.9 | 0.3 | 5.2 | 6.2 | 6.1 |
| 9.0 | 2.1 | 7.7 | 17.9 | 11.0 | 7.8 | 4.3 | 3.9 | 5.1 | 6.9 |
| 9.2 | 1.8 | 7.8 | -0.4 | 3.0 | 9.5 | 7.8 | 1.8 | 5.2 | 5.0 |

CIHI 2004.

NATIONAL HEALTH EXPENDITURE TRENDS DATA TABLES

Table A.3.2.1—Part 1

Private Sector Health Expenditure by Use of Funds, Canada, 1975 to 2004—Current Dollars

| Year | Hospitals A | Other Institutions B | Physicians C | Other Professionals | | | Sub-Total D |
|--------|----------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------|---------------------|----------------------------|---------|----------------|
| | | | | Dental Services | Vision Care Services | Other | |
| | (\$' 000,000) | | | | | | |
| 1975 | 318.1 | 328.4 | 26.8 | 685.3 | 190.3 | 81.7 | 957.2 |
| 1976 | 379.6 | 369.5 | 29.5 | 799.3 | 219.4 | 91.6 | 1,110.3 |
| 1977 | 420.1 | 401.8 | 32.3 | 950.9 | 251.0 | 102.0 | 1,303.9 |
| 1978 | 520.1 | 484.3 | 38.3 | 1,087.3 | 284.0 | 110.8 | 1,482.1 |
| 1979 | 626.5 | 590.3 | 52.6 | 1,230.7 | 307.8 | 130.3 | 1,668.8 |
| 1980 | 749.2 | 718.2 | 51.5 | 1,397.0 | 347.1 | 150.5 | 1,894.6 |
| 1981 | 903.4 | 743.2 | 49.7 | 1,533.4 | 434.9 | 177.0 | 2,145.2 |
| 1982 | 1,090.8 | 853.4 | 67.7 | 1,802.7 | 518.6 | 214.3 | 2,535.7 |
| 1983 | 1,243.1 | 947.2 | 79.4 | 1,965.1 | 609.3 | 247.7 | 2,822.1 |
| 1984 | 1,408.5 | 992.3 | 81.3 | 2,135.5 | 711.7 | 271.2 | 3,118.4 |
| 1985 | 1,522.6 | 1,039.4 | 83.6 | 2,435.8 | 795.5 | 281.8 | 3,513.0 |
| 1986 | 1,700.1 | 1,104.9 | 76.9 | 2,672.5 | 856.2 | 301.3 | 3,829.9 |
| 1987 | 1,796.9 | 1,197.1 | 76.6 | 2,917.3 | 918.3 | 358.0 | 4,193.6 |
| 1988 | 1,903.1 | 1,270.4 | 79.6 | 3,182.6 | 1,003.4 | 419.6 | 4,605.6 |
| 1989 | 2,001.1 | 1,312.8 | 84.0 | 3,470.4 | 1,096.7 | 492.2 | 5,059.3 |
| 1990 | 2,240.3 | 1,581.4 | 87.9 | 3,756.8 | 1,177.3 | 562.1 | 5,496.2 |
| 1991 | 2,421.4 | 1,768.3 | 90.9 | 4,061.8 | 1,237.1 | 619.7 | 5,918.6 |
| 1992 | 2,537.8 | 1,889.9 | 93.8 | 4,272.8 | 1,295.4 | 679.0 | 6,247.2 |
| 1993 | 2,670.0 | 2,012.9 | 97.3 | 4,500.9 | 1,376.0 | 732.6 | 6,609.5 |
| 1994 | 2,660.6 | 2,092.0 | 102.2 | 4,781.2 | 1,479.0 | 797.4 | 7,057.6 |
| 1995 | 2,382.0 | 2,112.6 | 109.1 | 5,060.2 | 1,581.3 | 838.9 | 7,480.5 |
| 1996 | 2,248.1 | 2,105.4 | 119.5 | 5,274.1 | 1,634.9 | 884.0 | 7,793.0 |
| 1997 | 2,327.8 | 2,132.1 | 121.3 | 5,514.8 | 1,974.7 | 1,068.8 | 8,558.2 |
| 1998 | 2,335.7 | 2,261.9 | 143.3 | 5,909.1 | 2,073.5 | 1,028.1 | 9,010.7 |
| 1999 | 2,476.9 | 2,422.1 | 153.0 | 6,378.9 | 2,130.0 | 1,184.1 | 9,692.9 |
| 2000 | 2,664.6 | 2,574.0 | 175.3 | 6,783.6 | 2,346.1 | 1,217.2 | 10,346.9 |
| 2001 | 2,643.0 | 2,793.5 | 148.5 | 7,361.2 | 2,513.3 | 1,450.8 | 11,325.2 |
| 2002 | 2,826.5 | 2,973.4 | 259.8 | 7,830.5 | 2,559.2 | 1,503.5 | 11,893.2 |
| 2003 f | 2,950.5 | 3,156.4 | 234.6 | 8,351.0 | 2,703.3 | 1,619.1 | 12,673.4 |
| 2004 f | 3,082.7 | 3,323.1 | 255.5 | 8,843.2 | 2,840.9 | 1,727.0 | 13,411.1 |
| | (annual percentage change) | | | | | | |
| 1975 | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1976 | 19.3 | 12.5 | 10.3 | 16.6 | 15.3 | 12.1 | 16.0 |
| 1977 | 10.7 | 8.7 | 9.4 | 19.0 | 14.4 | 11.4 | 17.4 |
| 1978 | 23.8 | 20.5 | 18.7 | 14.3 | 13.2 | 8.6 | 13.7 |
| 1979 | 20.5 | 21.9 | 37.1 | 13.2 | 8.3 | 17.6 | 12.6 |
| 1980 | 19.6 | 21.7 | -2.0 | 13.5 | 12.8 | 15.5 | 13.5 |
| 1981 | 20.6 | 3.5 | -3.5 | 9.8 | 25.3 | 17.6 | 13.2 |
| 1982 | 20.8 | 14.8 | 36.1 | 17.6 | 19.3 | 21.1 | 18.2 |
| 1983 | 14.0 | 11.0 | 17.3 | 9.0 | 17.5 | 15.6 | 11.3 |
| 1984 | 13.3 | 4.8 | 2.4 | 8.7 | 16.8 | 9.5 | 10.5 |
| 1985 | 8.1 | 4.8 | 2.9 | 14.1 | 11.8 | 3.9 | 12.7 |
| 1986 | 11.7 | 6.3 | -8.0 | 9.7 | 7.6 | 6.9 | 9.0 |
| 1987 | 5.7 | 8.3 | -0.4 | 9.2 | 7.3 | 18.8 | 9.5 |
| 1988 | 5.9 | 6.1 | 3.9 | 9.1 | 9.3 | 17.2 | 9.8 |
| 1989 | 5.2 | 3.3 | 5.5 | 9.0 | 9.3 | 17.3 | 9.9 |
| 1990 | 12.0 | 20.5 | 4.6 | 8.3 | 7.4 | 14.2 | 8.6 |
| 1991 | 8.1 | 11.8 | 3.5 | 8.1 | 5.1 | 10.3 | 7.7 |
| 1992 | 4.8 | 6.9 | 3.2 | 5.2 | 4.7 | 9.6 | 5.6 |
| 1993 | 5.2 | 6.5 | 3.7 | 5.3 | 6.2 | 7.9 | 5.8 |
| 1994 | -0.4 | 3.9 | 5.1 | 6.2 | 7.5 | 8.8 | 6.8 |
| 1995 | -10.5 | 1.0 | 6.7 | 5.8 | 6.9 | 5.2 | 6.0 |
| 1996 | -5.6 | -0.3 | 9.5 | 4.2 | 3.4 | 5.4 | 4.2 |
| 1997 | 3.5 | 1.3 | 1.6 | 4.6 | 20.8 | 20.9 | 9.8 |
| 1998 | 0.3 | 6.1 | 18.1 | 7.2 | 5.0 | -3.8 | 5.3 |
| 1999 | 6.0 | 7.1 | 6.7 | 7.9 | 2.7 | 15.2 | 7.6 |
| 2000 | 7.6 | 6.3 | 14.6 | 6.3 | 10.1 | 2.8 | 6.7 |
| 2001 | -0.8 | 8.5 | -15.3 | 8.5 | 7.1 | 19.2 | 9.5 |
| 2002 | 6.9 | 6.4 | 75.0 | 6.4 | 1.8 | 3.6 | 5.0 |
| 2003 f | 4.4 | 6.2 | -9.7 | 6.6 | 5.6 | 7.7 | 6.6 |
| 2004 f | 4.5 | 5.3 | 8.9 | 5.9 | 5.1 | 6.7 | 5.8 |

f—Forecast

CIHI 2004.

NATIONAL HEALTH EXPENDITURE TRENDS DATA TABLES

Table A.3.2.1—Part 2

Private Sector Health Expenditure by Use of Funds, Canada, 1975 to 2004—Current Dollars (cont'd)

| Drugs | | | Capital | Public Health & Administration | Other Health Spending | | | Sub-Total | Grand Total |
|----------------------------|----------------------|-----------|---------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------|-------|-----------|---------------------|
| Prescribed Drugs | Non-Prescribed Drugs | Sub-Total | | | Pre-payment Administration | Health Research | Other | | |
| | | | E | F | G | H | | | A+B+C+D +E+F+G+H |
| | | | (\$' 000,000) | | | | | | |
| 613.1 | 305.6 | 918.7 | 159.6 | --- | 72.2 | 23.4 | 94.7 | 190.4 | 2,899.2 |
| 667.6 | 316.0 | 983.6 | 177.1 | --- | 62.0 | 29.5 | 91.4 | 182.9 | 3,232.6 |
| 721.4 | 324.5 | 1,045.9 | 178.3 | --- | 90.2 | 36.4 | 96.6 | 223.1 | 3,605.4 |
| 724.7 | 392.8 | 1,117.6 | 217.4 | --- | 86.2 | 43.2 | 77.1 | 206.4 | 4,066.3 |
| 776.5 | 495.5 | 1,272.0 | 177.3 | --- | 100.1 | 50.3 | 79.5 | 229.9 | 4,617.4 |
| 833.3 | 586.3 | 1,419.6 | 355.4 | --- | 117.1 | 63.0 | 87.8 | 267.9 | 5,456.5 |
| 1,110.2 | 655.0 | 1,765.2 | 379.3 | --- | 186.5 | 66.4 | 95.2 | 348.1 | 6,334.1 |
| 1,240.5 | 715.0 | 1,955.5 | 489.1 | --- | 146.6 | 73.8 | 99.7 | 320.1 | 7,312.3 |
| 1,289.8 | 845.9 | 2,135.6 | 371.4 | --- | 172.7 | 82.1 | 105.0 | 359.9 | 7,958.6 |
| 1,312.7 | 1,058.6 | 2,371.3 | 364.3 | --- | 250.3 | 91.2 | 108.6 | 450.2 | 8,786.3 |
| 1,447.7 | 1,235.9 | 2,683.6 | 414.4 | --- | 269.2 | 102.8 | 118.2 | 490.3 | 9,746.9 |
| 1,698.8 | 1,399.0 | 3,097.9 | 449.9 | --- | 296.4 | 119.7 | 133.0 | 549.1 | 10,808.7 |
| 1,800.4 | 1,621.7 | 3,422.2 | 480.7 | --- | 280.4 | 136.1 | 149.9 | 566.5 | 11,733.5 |
| 2,034.0 | 1,784.9 | 3,818.9 | 351.0 | --- | 426.3 | 164.1 | 177.4 | 767.8 | 12,796.4 |
| 2,292.0 | 1,975.6 | 4,267.7 | 390.4 | --- | 660.2 | 196.1 | 212.9 | 1,069.1 | 14,184.3 |
| 2,593.9 | 2,058.7 | 4,652.5 | 383.4 | --- | 665.4 | 226.2 | 243.8 | 1,135.4 | 15,577.1 |
| 2,861.9 | 2,236.6 | 5,098.5 | 341.7 | --- | 746.8 | 249.8 | 270.9 | 1,267.5 | 16,906.9 |
| 3,192.3 | 2,418.1 | 5,610.4 | 363.1 | --- | 805.0 | 265.5 | 299.3 | 1,369.8 | 18,112.0 |
| 3,558.7 | 2,576.0 | 6,134.7 | 366.7 | --- | 1,060.0 | 275.6 | 351.4 | 1,687.0 | 19,578.1 |
| 3,673.3 | 2,676.6 | 6,349.9 | 329.6 | --- | 1,226.4 | 293.2 | 375.3 | 1,894.8 | 20,486.8 |
| 4,033.8 | 2,703.6 | 6,737.3 | 439.1 | --- | 1,274.1 | 319.4 | 431.2 | 2,024.7 | 21,285.3 |
| 4,273.3 | 2,756.0 | 7,029.3 | 474.0 | --- | 1,309.1 | 332.1 | 409.4 | 2,050.5 | 21,819.7 |
| 4,933.2 | 2,877.5 | 7,810.7 | 364.3 | --- | 1,291.4 | 358.9 | 469.0 | 2,119.3 | 23,433.8 |
| 5,443.5 | 3,067.0 | 8,510.5 | 418.8 | --- | 1,110.3 | 427.8 | 487.8 | 2,025.9 | 24,706.8 |
| 5,689.0 | 3,252.3 | 8,941.3 | 585.6 | --- | 1,333.2 | 449.2 | 567.6 | 2,350.0 | 26,621.9 |
| 6,429.3 | 3,321.2 | 9,750.5 | 790.6 | --- | 1,514.4 | 532.0 | 597.0 | 2,643.4 | 28,945.5 |
| 7,102.5 | 3,442.7 | 10,545.2 | 1,051.7 | --- | 1,990.1 | 650.7 | 573.2 | 3,214.0 | 31,721.1 |
| 7,938.2 | 3,595.4 | 11,533.6 | 1,216.1 | --- | 2,305.0 | 754.4 | 740.6 | 3,800.0 | 34,502.5 |
| 8,683.3 | 3,704.2 | 12,387.5 | 1,532.7 | --- | 2,510.6 | 810.2 | 713.9 | 4,034.8 | 36,970.0 |
| 9,466.0 | 3,803.1 | 13,269.0 | 1,356.9 | --- | 2,837.3 | 909.4 | 776.4 | 4,523.1 | 39,221.5 |
| (annual percentage change) | | | | | | | | | |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 8.9 | 3.4 | 7.1 | 11.0 | --- | -14.1 | 26.0 | -3.6 | -3.9 | 11.5 |
| 8.1 | 2.7 | 6.3 | 0.7 | --- | 45.4 | 23.3 | 5.7 | 22.0 | 11.5 |
| 0.5 | 21.1 | 6.9 | 21.9 | --- | -4.4 | 18.8 | -20.2 | -7.5 | 12.8 |
| 7.1 | 26.2 | 13.8 | -18.4 | --- | 16.2 | 16.4 | 3.1 | 11.3 | 13.6 |
| 7.3 | 18.3 | 11.6 | 100.4 | --- | 17.0 | 25.4 | 10.4 | 16.5 | 18.2 |
| 33.2 | 11.7 | 24.3 | 6.7 | --- | 59.2 | 5.4 | 8.5 | 29.9 | 16.1 |
| 11.7 | 9.2 | 10.8 | 29.0 | --- | -21.4 | 11.1 | 4.7 | -8.1 | 15.4 |
| 4.0 | 18.3 | 9.2 | -24.1 | --- | 17.8 | 11.4 | 5.4 | 12.4 | 8.8 |
| 1.8 | 25.2 | 11.0 | -1.9 | --- | 44.9 | 11.1 | 3.4 | 25.1 | 10.4 |
| 10.3 | 16.7 | 13.2 | 13.8 | --- | 7.6 | 12.7 | 8.8 | 8.9 | 10.9 |
| 17.3 | 13.2 | 15.4 | 8.6 | --- | 10.1 | 16.4 | 12.5 | 12.0 | 10.9 |
| 6.0 | 15.9 | 10.5 | 6.9 | --- | -5.4 | 13.7 | 12.7 | 3.2 | 8.6 |
| 13.0 | 10.1 | 11.6 | -27.0 | --- | 52.0 | 20.6 | 18.3 | 35.5 | 9.1 |
| 12.7 | 10.7 | 11.8 | 11.2 | --- | 54.9 | 19.5 | 20.0 | 39.2 | 10.8 |
| 13.2 | 4.2 | 9.0 | -1.8 | --- | 0.8 | 15.4 | 14.5 | 6.2 | 9.8 |
| 10.3 | 8.6 | 9.6 | -10.9 | --- | 12.2 | 10.4 | 11.1 | 11.6 | 8.5 |
| 11.5 | 8.1 | 10.0 | 6.3 | --- | 7.8 | 6.3 | 10.5 | 8.1 | 7.1 |
| 11.5 | 6.5 | 9.3 | 1.0 | --- | 31.7 | 3.8 | 17.4 | 23.2 | 8.1 |
| 3.2 | 3.9 | 3.5 | -10.1 | --- | 15.7 | 6.4 | 6.8 | 12.3 | 4.6 |
| 9.8 | 1.0 | 6.1 | 33.2 | --- | 3.9 | 9.0 | 14.9 | 6.9 | 3.9 |
| 5.9 | 1.9 | 4.3 | 7.9 | --- | 2.7 | 4.0 | -5.1 | 1.3 | 2.5 |
| 15.4 | 4.4 | 11.1 | -23.1 | --- | -1.3 | 8.1 | 14.6 | 3.4 | 7.4 |
| 10.3 | 6.6 | 9.0 | 15.0 | --- | -14.0 | 19.2 | 4.0 | -4.4 | 5.4 |
| 4.5 | 6.0 | 5.1 | 39.8 | --- | 20.1 | 5.0 | 16.4 | 16.0 | 7.8 |
| 13.0 | 2.1 | 9.1 | 35.0 | --- | 13.6 | 18.4 | 5.2 | 12.5 | 8.7 |
| 10.5 | 3.7 | 8.2 | 33.0 | --- | 31.4 | 22.3 | -4.0 | 21.6 | 9.6 |
| 11.8 | 4.4 | 9.4 | 15.6 | --- | 15.8 | 15.9 | 29.2 | 18.2 | 8.8 |
| 9.4 | 3.0 | 7.4 | 26.0 | --- | 8.9 | 7.4 | -3.6 | 6.2 | 7.2 |
| 9.0 | 2.7 | 7.1 | -11.5 | --- | 13.0 | 12.2 | 8.8 | 12.1 | 6.1 |

NATIONAL HEALTH EXPENDITURE TRENDS DATA TABLES

Table A.3.2.2—Part 1

Private Sector Health Expenditure by Use of Funds, Canada, 1975 to 2004—Current Dollars

| Year | Hospitals A | Other Institutions B | Physicians C | Other Professionals | | | Sub-Total D |
|--|----------------|----------------------------|-----------------|---------------------|----------------------------|-------|----------------|
| | | | | Dental Services | Vision Care Services | Other | |
| (percentage distribution of \$' 000,000) | | | | | | | |
| 1975 | 11.0 | 11.3 | 0.9 | 23.6 | 6.6 | 2.8 | 33.0 |
| 1976 | 11.7 | 11.4 | 0.9 | 24.7 | 6.8 | 2.8 | 34.3 |
| 1977 | 11.7 | 11.1 | 0.9 | 26.4 | 7.0 | 2.8 | 36.2 |
| 1978 | 12.8 | 11.9 | 0.9 | 26.7 | 7.0 | 2.7 | 36.4 |
| 1979 | 13.6 | 12.8 | 1.1 | 26.7 | 6.7 | 2.8 | 36.1 |
| 1980 | 13.7 | 13.2 | 0.9 | 25.6 | 6.4 | 2.8 | 34.7 |
| 1981 | 14.3 | 11.7 | 0.8 | 24.2 | 6.9 | 2.8 | 33.9 |
| 1982 | 14.9 | 11.7 | 0.9 | 24.7 | 7.1 | 2.9 | 34.7 |
| 1983 | 15.6 | 11.9 | 1.0 | 24.7 | 7.7 | 3.1 | 35.5 |
| 1984 | 16.0 | 11.3 | 0.9 | 24.3 | 8.1 | 3.1 | 35.5 |
| 1985 | 15.6 | 10.7 | 0.9 | 25.0 | 8.2 | 2.9 | 36.0 |
| 1986 | 15.7 | 10.2 | 0.7 | 24.7 | 7.9 | 2.8 | 35.4 |
| 1987 | 15.3 | 10.2 | 0.7 | 24.9 | 7.8 | 3.1 | 35.7 |
| 1988 | 14.9 | 9.9 | 0.6 | 24.9 | 7.8 | 3.3 | 36.0 |
| 1989 | 14.1 | 9.3 | 0.6 | 24.5 | 7.7 | 3.5 | 35.7 |
| 1990 | 14.4 | 10.2 | 0.6 | 24.1 | 7.6 | 3.6 | 35.3 |
| 1991 | 14.3 | 10.5 | 0.5 | 24.0 | 7.3 | 3.7 | 35.0 |
| 1992 | 14.0 | 10.4 | 0.5 | 23.6 | 7.2 | 3.7 | 34.5 |
| 1993 | 13.6 | 10.3 | 0.5 | 23.0 | 7.0 | 3.7 | 33.8 |
| 1994 | 13.0 | 10.2 | 0.5 | 23.3 | 7.2 | 3.9 | 34.4 |
| 1995 | 11.2 | 9.9 | 0.5 | 23.8 | 7.4 | 3.9 | 35.1 |
| 1996 | 10.3 | 9.6 | 0.5 | 24.2 | 7.5 | 4.1 | 35.7 |
| 1997 | 9.9 | 9.1 | 0.5 | 23.5 | 8.4 | 4.6 | 36.5 |
| 1998 | 9.5 | 9.2 | 0.6 | 23.9 | 8.4 | 4.2 | 36.5 |
| 1999 | 9.3 | 9.1 | 0.6 | 24.0 | 8.0 | 4.4 | 36.4 |
| 2000 | 9.2 | 8.9 | 0.6 | 23.4 | 8.1 | 4.2 | 35.7 |
| 2001 | 8.3 | 8.8 | 0.5 | 23.2 | 7.9 | 4.6 | 35.7 |
| 2002 | 8.2 | 8.6 | 0.8 | 22.7 | 7.4 | 4.4 | 34.5 |
| 2003 f | 8.0 | 8.5 | 0.6 | 22.6 | 7.3 | 4.4 | 34.3 |
| 2004 f | 7.9 | 8.5 | 0.7 | 22.5 | 7.2 | 4.4 | 34.2 |
| (annual percentage change) | | | | | | | |
| 1975 | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1976 | 7.0 | 0.9 | -1.1 | 4.6 | 3.4 | 0.5 | 4.0 |
| 1977 | -0.8 | -2.5 | -1.9 | 6.7 | 2.5 | -0.1 | 5.3 |
| 1978 | 9.8 | 6.9 | 5.3 | 1.4 | 0.4 | -3.7 | 0.8 |
| 1979 | 6.1 | 7.3 | 20.7 | -0.3 | -4.6 | 3.6 | -0.8 |
| 1980 | 1.2 | 2.9 | -17.0 | -3.9 | -4.6 | -2.3 | -3.9 |
| 1981 | 3.9 | -10.9 | -16.9 | -5.4 | 7.9 | 1.3 | -2.5 |
| 1982 | 4.6 | -0.5 | 17.9 | 1.8 | 3.3 | 4.9 | 2.4 |
| 1983 | 4.7 | 2.0 | 7.8 | 0.2 | 7.9 | 6.2 | 2.3 |
| 1984 | 2.6 | -5.1 | -7.3 | -1.6 | 5.8 | -0.8 | 0.1 |
| 1985 | -2.6 | -5.6 | -7.3 | 2.8 | 0.8 | -6.3 | 1.6 |
| 1986 | 0.7 | -4.1 | -17.0 | -1.1 | -2.9 | -3.6 | -1.7 |
| 1987 | -2.6 | -0.2 | -8.2 | 0.6 | -1.2 | 9.4 | 0.9 |
| 1988 | -2.9 | -2.7 | -4.8 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 7.5 | 0.7 |
| 1989 | -5.1 | -6.8 | -4.8 | -1.6 | -1.4 | 5.8 | -0.9 |
| 1990 | 1.9 | 9.7 | -4.7 | -1.4 | -2.2 | 4.0 | -1.1 |
| 1991 | -0.4 | 3.0 | -4.7 | -0.4 | -3.2 | 1.6 | -0.8 |
| 1992 | -2.2 | -0.2 | -3.7 | -1.8 | -2.2 | 2.3 | -1.5 |
| 1993 | -2.7 | -1.5 | -4.1 | -2.6 | -1.7 | -0.2 | -2.1 |
| 1994 | -4.8 | -0.7 | 0.4 | 1.5 | 2.7 | 4.0 | 2.0 |
| 1995 | -13.8 | -2.8 | 2.7 | 1.9 | 2.9 | 1.3 | 2.0 |
| 1996 | -7.9 | -2.8 | 6.8 | 1.7 | 0.9 | 2.8 | 1.6 |
| 1997 | -3.6 | -5.7 | -5.4 | -2.6 | 12.5 | 12.6 | 2.3 |
| 1998 | -4.8 | 0.6 | 12.0 | 1.6 | -0.4 | -8.8 | -0.1 |
| 1999 | -1.6 | -0.6 | -0.9 | 0.2 | -4.7 | 6.9 | -0.2 |
| 2000 | -1.1 | -2.3 | 5.4 | -2.2 | 1.3 | -5.5 | -1.8 |
| 2001 | -9.5 | -1.0 | -22.7 | -1.0 | -2.2 | 8.8 | -0.1 |
| 2002 | -1.7 | -2.1 | 60.9 | -2.2 | -6.4 | -4.7 | -3.5 |
| 2003 f | -2.6 | -0.9 | -15.7 | -0.5 | -1.4 | 0.5 | -0.6 |
| 2004 f | -1.5 | -0.8 | 2.6 | -0.2 | -0.9 | 0.5 | -0.3 |

f—Forecast

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NATIONAL HEALTH EXPENDITURE TRENDS DATA TABLES

Table A.3.2.2—Part 2

Private Sector Health Expenditure by Use of Funds, Canada, 1975 to 2004—Current Dollars (cont'd)

| Prescribed Drugs | Drugs | | Capital | Public Health & Administration | Other Health Spending | | | Sub-Total | Grand Total |
|--|----------------------|-----------|---------|--------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------|-------|---------------------|-------------|
| | Non-Prescribed Drugs | Sub-Total | | | Pre-payment Administration | Health Research | Other | | |
| | | E | F | G | | | H | A+B+C+D +E+F+G+H | |
| (percentage distribution of \$' 000,000) | | | | | | | | | |
| 21.1 | 10.5 | 31.7 | 5.5 | --- | 2.5 | 0.8 | 3.3 | 6.6 | 100.0 |
| 20.7 | 9.8 | 30.4 | 5.5 | --- | 1.9 | 0.9 | 2.8 | 5.7 | 100.0 |
| 20.0 | 9.0 | 29.0 | 4.9 | --- | 2.5 | 1.0 | 2.7 | 6.2 | 100.0 |
| 17.8 | 9.7 | 27.5 | 5.3 | --- | 2.1 | 1.1 | 1.9 | 5.1 | 100.0 |
| 16.8 | 10.7 | 27.5 | 3.8 | --- | 2.2 | 1.1 | 1.7 | 5.0 | 100.0 |
| 15.3 | 10.7 | 26.0 | 6.5 | --- | 2.1 | 1.2 | 1.6 | 4.9 | 100.0 |
| 17.5 | 10.3 | 27.9 | 6.0 | --- | 2.9 | 1.0 | 1.5 | 5.5 | 100.0 |
| 17.0 | 9.8 | 26.7 | 6.7 | --- | 2.0 | 1.0 | 1.4 | 4.4 | 100.0 |
| 16.2 | 10.6 | 26.8 | 4.7 | --- | 2.2 | 1.0 | 1.3 | 4.5 | 100.0 |
| 14.9 | 12.0 | 27.0 | 4.1 | --- | 2.8 | 1.0 | 1.2 | 5.1 | 100.0 |
| 14.9 | 12.7 | 27.5 | 4.3 | --- | 2.8 | 1.1 | 1.2 | 5.0 | 100.0 |
| 15.7 | 12.9 | 28.7 | 4.2 | --- | 2.7 | 1.1 | 1.2 | 5.1 | 100.0 |
| 15.3 | 13.8 | 29.2 | 4.1 | --- | 2.4 | 1.2 | 1.3 | 4.8 | 100.0 |
| 15.9 | 13.9 | 29.8 | 2.7 | --- | 3.3 | 1.3 | 1.4 | 6.0 | 100.0 |
| 16.2 | 13.9 | 30.1 | 2.8 | --- | 4.7 | 1.4 | 1.5 | 7.5 | 100.0 |
| 16.7 | 13.2 | 29.9 | 2.5 | --- | 4.3 | 1.5 | 1.6 | 7.3 | 100.0 |
| 16.9 | 13.2 | 30.2 | 2.0 | --- | 4.4 | 1.5 | 1.6 | 7.5 | 100.0 |
| 17.6 | 13.4 | 31.0 | 2.0 | --- | 4.4 | 1.5 | 1.7 | 7.6 | 100.0 |
| 18.2 | 13.2 | 31.3 | 1.9 | --- | 5.4 | 1.4 | 1.8 | 8.6 | 100.0 |
| 17.9 | 13.1 | 31.0 | 1.6 | --- | 6.0 | 1.4 | 1.8 | 9.2 | 100.0 |
| 19.0 | 12.7 | 31.7 | 2.1 | --- | 6.0 | 1.5 | 2.0 | 9.5 | 100.0 |
| 19.6 | 12.6 | 32.2 | 2.2 | --- | 6.0 | 1.5 | 1.9 | 9.4 | 100.0 |
| 21.1 | 12.3 | 33.3 | 1.6 | --- | 5.5 | 1.5 | 2.0 | 9.0 | 100.0 |
| 22.0 | 12.4 | 34.4 | 1.7 | --- | 4.5 | 1.7 | 2.0 | 8.2 | 100.0 |
| 21.4 | 12.2 | 33.6 | 2.2 | --- | 5.0 | 1.7 | 2.1 | 8.8 | 100.0 |
| 22.2 | 11.5 | 33.7 | 2.7 | --- | 5.2 | 1.8 | 2.1 | 9.1 | 100.0 |
| 22.4 | 10.9 | 33.2 | 3.3 | --- | 6.3 | 2.1 | 1.8 | 10.1 | 100.0 |
| 23.0 | 10.4 | 33.4 | 3.5 | --- | 6.7 | 2.2 | 2.1 | 11.0 | 100.0 |
| 23.5 | 10.0 | 33.5 | 4.1 | --- | 6.8 | 2.2 | 1.9 | 10.9 | 100.0 |
| 24.1 | 9.7 | 33.8 | 3.5 | --- | 7.2 | 2.3 | 2.0 | 11.5 | 100.0 |
| (annual percentage change) | | | | | | | | | |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| -2.4 | -7.3 | -4.0 | -0.5 | --- | -23.0 | 13.0 | -13.5 | -13.8 | --- |
| -3.1 | -7.9 | -4.7 | -9.8 | --- | 30.4 | 10.5 | -5.2 | 9.4 | --- |
| -10.9 | 7.3 | -5.3 | 8.1 | --- | -15.3 | 5.3 | -29.2 | -18.0 | --- |
| -5.7 | 11.1 | 0.2 | -28.2 | --- | 2.3 | 2.5 | -9.2 | -1.9 | --- |
| -9.2 | 0.1 | -5.6 | 69.6 | --- | -1.0 | 6.1 | -6.6 | -1.4 | --- |
| 14.8 | -3.8 | 7.1 | -8.1 | --- | 37.2 | -9.2 | -6.5 | 11.9 | --- |
| -3.2 | -5.4 | -4.0 | 11.7 | --- | -31.9 | -3.8 | -9.3 | -20.4 | --- |
| -4.5 | 8.7 | 0.3 | -30.2 | --- | 8.2 | 2.3 | -3.2 | 3.3 | --- |
| -7.8 | 13.4 | 0.6 | -11.2 | --- | 31.3 | 0.6 | -6.3 | 13.3 | --- |
| -0.6 | 5.2 | 2.0 | 2.5 | --- | -3.0 | 1.6 | -1.9 | -1.8 | --- |
| 5.8 | 2.1 | 4.1 | -2.1 | --- | -0.7 | 4.9 | 1.5 | 1.0 | --- |
| -2.4 | 6.8 | 1.8 | -1.6 | --- | -12.8 | 4.8 | 3.8 | -5.0 | --- |
| 3.6 | 0.9 | 2.3 | -33.0 | --- | 39.4 | 10.6 | 8.5 | 24.3 | --- |
| 1.7 | -0.1 | 0.8 | 0.3 | --- | 39.7 | 7.8 | 8.3 | 25.6 | --- |
| 3.0 | -5.1 | -0.7 | -10.6 | --- | -8.2 | 5.1 | 4.3 | -3.3 | --- |
| 1.7 | 0.1 | 1.0 | -17.9 | --- | 3.4 | 1.7 | 2.4 | 2.9 | --- |
| 4.1 | 0.9 | 2.7 | -0.8 | --- | 0.6 | -0.8 | 3.2 | 0.9 | --- |
| 3.1 | -1.4 | 1.2 | -6.6 | --- | 21.8 | -4.0 | 8.6 | 13.9 | --- |
| -1.4 | -0.7 | -1.1 | -14.1 | --- | 10.6 | 1.7 | 2.1 | 7.3 | --- |
| 5.7 | -2.8 | 2.1 | 28.2 | --- | 0.0 | 4.9 | 10.6 | 2.8 | --- |
| 3.3 | -0.6 | 1.8 | 5.3 | --- | 0.2 | 1.4 | -7.4 | -1.2 | --- |
| 7.5 | -2.8 | 3.5 | -28.4 | --- | -8.1 | 0.6 | 6.7 | -3.8 | --- |
| 4.7 | 1.1 | 3.3 | 9.0 | --- | -18.5 | 13.1 | -1.4 | -9.3 | --- |
| -3.0 | -1.6 | -2.5 | 29.7 | --- | 11.4 | -2.6 | 8.0 | 7.7 | --- |
| 3.9 | -6.1 | 0.3 | 24.2 | --- | 4.5 | 8.9 | -3.3 | 3.5 | --- |
| 0.8 | -5.4 | -1.3 | 21.4 | --- | 19.9 | 11.6 | -12.4 | 10.9 | --- |
| 2.8 | -4.0 | 0.6 | 6.3 | --- | 6.5 | 6.6 | 18.8 | 8.7 | --- |
| 2.1 | -3.8 | 0.2 | 17.6 | --- | 1.7 | 0.2 | -10.0 | -0.9 | --- |
| 2.8 | -3.2 | 1.0 | -16.6 | --- | 6.5 | 5.8 | 2.5 | 5.7 | --- |

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NATIONAL HEALTH EXPENDITURE TRENDS DATA TABLES

Table A.3.2.3—Part 1

Private Sector Health Expenditure by Use of Funds, Canada, 1975 to 2004—Current Dollars

| Year | Hospitals <i>A</i> | Other Institutions <i>B</i> | Physicians <i>C</i> | Other Professionals | | | Sub-Total <i>D</i> |
|----------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------|-------|-----------------------|
| | | | | Dental Services | Vision Care Services | Other | |
| (\$' per capita) | | | | | | | |
| 1975 | 13.74 | 14.19 | 1.16 | 29.61 | 8.22 | 3.53 | 41.36 |
| 1976 | 16.19 | 15.76 | 1.26 | 34.09 | 9.36 | 3.90 | 47.35 |
| 1977 | 17.71 | 16.93 | 1.36 | 40.08 | 10.58 | 4.30 | 54.96 |
| 1978 | 21.70 | 20.21 | 1.60 | 45.37 | 11.85 | 4.62 | 61.85 |
| 1979 | 25.89 | 24.39 | 2.17 | 50.85 | 12.72 | 5.39 | 68.95 |
| 1980 | 30.56 | 29.29 | 2.10 | 56.98 | 14.16 | 6.14 | 77.28 |
| 1981 | 36.40 | 29.94 | 2.00 | 61.78 | 17.52 | 7.13 | 86.43 |
| 1982 | 43.43 | 33.98 | 2.69 | 71.77 | 20.65 | 8.53 | 100.95 |
| 1983 | 49.00 | 37.34 | 3.13 | 77.47 | 24.02 | 9.76 | 111.25 |
| 1984 | 55.00 | 38.75 | 3.17 | 83.39 | 27.79 | 10.59 | 121.78 |
| 1985 | 58.92 | 40.22 | 3.24 | 94.26 | 30.78 | 10.90 | 135.94 |
| 1986 | 65.14 | 42.33 | 2.95 | 102.39 | 32.80 | 11.54 | 146.73 |
| 1987 | 67.94 | 45.26 | 2.90 | 110.30 | 34.72 | 13.54 | 158.55 |
| 1988 | 71.02 | 47.41 | 2.97 | 118.78 | 37.45 | 15.66 | 171.88 |
| 1989 | 73.35 | 48.12 | 3.08 | 127.21 | 40.20 | 18.04 | 185.45 |
| 1990 | 80.88 | 57.09 | 3.17 | 135.64 | 42.51 | 20.29 | 198.44 |
| 1991 | 86.38 | 63.08 | 3.24 | 144.90 | 44.13 | 22.11 | 211.14 |
| 1992 | 89.46 | 66.62 | 3.31 | 150.63 | 45.67 | 23.94 | 220.23 |
| 1993 | 93.09 | 70.18 | 3.39 | 156.92 | 47.97 | 25.54 | 230.44 |
| 1994 | 91.75 | 72.14 | 3.52 | 164.88 | 51.00 | 27.50 | 243.37 |
| 1995 | 81.29 | 72.10 | 3.72 | 172.69 | 53.96 | 28.63 | 255.29 |
| 1996 | 75.92 | 71.10 | 4.03 | 178.11 | 55.21 | 29.85 | 263.18 |
| 1997 | 77.83 | 71.29 | 4.06 | 184.40 | 66.03 | 35.74 | 286.16 |
| 1998 | 77.45 | 75.00 | 4.75 | 195.94 | 68.75 | 34.09 | 298.79 |
| 1999 | 81.47 | 79.66 | 5.03 | 209.80 | 70.06 | 38.95 | 318.81 |
| 2000 | 86.83 | 83.87 | 5.71 | 221.04 | 76.45 | 39.66 | 337.15 |
| 2001 | 85.20 | 90.05 | 4.79 | 237.29 | 81.02 | 46.77 | 365.08 |
| 2002 | 90.09 | 94.78 | 6.28 | 249.60 | 81.57 | 47.93 | 379.10 |
| 2003 f | 93.19 | 99.70 | 7.41 | 263.77 | 85.38 | 51.14 | 400.29 |
| 2004 f | 96.50 | 104.02 | 8.00 | 276.81 | 88.93 | 54.06 | 419.80 |
| (annual percentage change) | | | | | | | |
| 1975 | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1976 | 17.8 | 11.1 | 8.8 | 15.1 | 13.8 | 10.6 | 14.5 |
| 1977 | 9.4 | 7.5 | 8.2 | 17.6 | 13.0 | 10.1 | 16.1 |
| 1978 | 22.6 | 19.3 | 17.5 | 13.2 | 12.1 | 7.5 | 12.5 |
| 1979 | 19.3 | 20.7 | 35.8 | 12.1 | 7.3 | 16.5 | 11.5 |
| 1980 | 18.0 | 20.1 | -3.2 | 12.1 | 11.3 | 14.0 | 12.1 |
| 1981 | 19.1 | 2.2 | -4.7 | 8.4 | 23.7 | 16.2 | 11.8 |
| 1982 | 19.3 | 13.5 | 34.5 | 16.2 | 17.9 | 19.6 | 16.8 |
| 1983 | 12.8 | 9.9 | 16.2 | 7.9 | 16.3 | 14.4 | 10.2 |
| 1984 | 12.2 | 3.8 | 1.4 | 7.7 | 15.7 | 8.5 | 9.5 |
| 1985 | 7.1 | 3.8 | 1.9 | 13.0 | 10.8 | 3.0 | 11.6 |
| 1986 | 10.6 | 5.2 | -8.9 | 8.6 | 6.6 | 5.9 | 7.9 |
| 1987 | 4.3 | 6.9 | -1.7 | 7.7 | 5.8 | 17.2 | 8.1 |
| 1988 | 4.5 | 4.8 | 2.5 | 7.7 | 7.9 | 15.7 | 8.4 |
| 1989 | 3.3 | 1.5 | 3.6 | 7.1 | 7.4 | 15.2 | 7.9 |
| 1990 | 10.3 | 18.7 | 3.1 | 6.6 | 5.7 | 12.5 | 7.0 |
| 1991 | 6.8 | 10.5 | 2.3 | 6.8 | 3.8 | 8.9 | 6.4 |
| 1992 | 3.6 | 5.6 | 2.0 | 4.0 | 3.5 | 8.3 | 4.3 |
| 1993 | 4.1 | 5.3 | 2.5 | 4.2 | 5.1 | 6.7 | 4.6 |
| 1994 | -1.4 | 2.8 | 3.9 | 5.1 | 6.3 | 7.7 | 5.6 |
| 1995 | -11.4 | -0.1 | 5.6 | 4.7 | 5.8 | 4.1 | 4.9 |
| 1996 | -6.6 | -1.4 | 8.4 | 3.1 | 2.3 | 4.3 | 3.1 |
| 1997 | 2.5 | 0.3 | 0.6 | 3.5 | 19.6 | 19.7 | 8.7 |
| 1998 | -0.5 | 5.2 | 17.1 | 6.3 | 4.1 | -4.6 | 4.4 |
| 1999 | 5.2 | 6.2 | 5.9 | 7.1 | 1.9 | 14.2 | 6.7 |
| 2000 | 6.6 | 5.3 | 13.6 | 5.4 | 9.1 | 1.8 | 5.8 |
| 2001 | -1.9 | 7.4 | -16.2 | 7.4 | 6.0 | 17.9 | 8.3 |
| 2002 | 5.7 | 5.2 | 73.0 | 5.2 | 0.7 | 2.5 | 3.8 |
| 2003 f | 3.4 | 5.2 | -10.5 | 5.7 | 4.7 | 6.7 | 5.6 |
| 2004 f | 3.5 | 4.3 | 7.9 | 4.9 | 4.2 | 5.7 | 4.9 |

f—Forecast

CIHI 2004.

NATIONAL HEALTH EXPENDITURE TRENDS DATA TABLES

Table A.3.2.3—Part 2

Private Sector Health Expenditure by Use of Funds, Canada, 1975 to 2004—Current Dollars (cont'd)

| Drugs | | | Capital | Public Health & Administration | Other Health Spending | | | Sub-Total | Grand Total |
|----------------------------|----------------------|-----------|---------|--------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------|-------|-----------|---------------------|
| Prescribed Drugs | Non-Prescribed Drugs | Sub-Total | | | Pre-payment Administration | Health Research | Other | | |
| | | | E | F | G | H | | | A+B+C+D +E+F+G+H |
| (\$' per capita) | | | | | | | | | |
| 26.49 | 13.21 | 39.70 | 6.90 | --- | 3.12 | 1.01 | 4.09 | 8.23 | 125.27 |
| 28.47 | 13.48 | 41.95 | 7.55 | --- | 2.64 | 1.26 | 3.90 | 7.80 | 137.85 |
| 30.40 | 13.68 | 44.08 | 7.51 | --- | 3.80 | 1.53 | 4.07 | 9.40 | 151.96 |
| 30.24 | 16.39 | 46.64 | 9.07 | --- | 3.60 | 1.80 | 3.22 | 8.61 | 169.69 |
| 32.08 | 20.48 | 52.56 | 7.33 | --- | 4.14 | 2.08 | 3.28 | 9.50 | 190.79 |
| 33.99 | 23.91 | 57.91 | 14.50 | --- | 4.78 | 2.57 | 3.58 | 10.93 | 222.57 |
| 44.73 | 26.39 | 71.12 | 15.28 | --- | 7.51 | 2.68 | 3.84 | 14.03 | 255.20 |
| 49.39 | 28.47 | 77.85 | 19.47 | --- | 5.84 | 2.94 | 3.97 | 12.74 | 291.12 |
| 50.84 | 33.34 | 84.19 | 14.64 | --- | 6.81 | 3.24 | 4.14 | 14.19 | 313.74 |
| 51.26 | 41.34 | 92.60 | 14.22 | --- | 9.77 | 3.56 | 4.24 | 17.58 | 343.11 |
| 56.02 | 47.82 | 103.84 | 16.03 | --- | 10.42 | 3.98 | 4.57 | 18.97 | 377.16 |
| 65.09 | 53.60 | 118.69 | 17.24 | --- | 11.36 | 4.58 | 5.10 | 21.04 | 414.11 |
| 68.07 | 61.32 | 129.39 | 18.18 | --- | 10.60 | 5.15 | 5.67 | 21.42 | 443.63 |
| 75.91 | 66.61 | 142.52 | 13.10 | --- | 15.91 | 6.12 | 6.62 | 28.65 | 477.56 |
| 84.01 | 72.42 | 156.43 | 14.31 | --- | 24.20 | 7.19 | 7.80 | 39.19 | 519.92 |
| 93.65 | 74.33 | 167.98 | 13.84 | --- | 24.02 | 8.17 | 8.80 | 40.99 | 562.40 |
| 102.10 | 79.79 | 181.89 | 12.19 | --- | 26.64 | 8.91 | 9.66 | 45.22 | 603.14 |
| 112.53 | 85.24 | 197.78 | 12.80 | --- | 28.38 | 9.36 | 10.55 | 48.29 | 638.49 |
| 124.07 | 89.81 | 213.89 | 12.79 | --- | 36.96 | 9.61 | 12.25 | 58.82 | 682.59 |
| 126.67 | 92.30 | 218.97 | 11.37 | --- | 42.29 | 10.11 | 12.94 | 65.34 | 706.46 |
| 137.66 | 92.26 | 229.93 | 14.99 | --- | 43.48 | 10.90 | 14.72 | 69.10 | 726.40 |
| 144.32 | 93.07 | 237.39 | 16.01 | --- | 44.21 | 11.22 | 13.82 | 69.25 | 736.88 |
| 164.95 | 96.21 | 261.16 | 12.18 | --- | 43.18 | 12.00 | 15.68 | 70.86 | 783.55 |
| 180.50 | 101.70 | 282.20 | 13.89 | --- | 36.82 | 14.19 | 16.17 | 67.18 | 819.26 |
| 187.12 | 106.97 | 294.08 | 19.26 | --- | 43.85 | 14.78 | 18.67 | 77.29 | 875.61 |
| 209.50 | 108.22 | 317.72 | 25.76 | --- | 49.35 | 17.34 | 19.45 | 86.14 | 943.19 |
| 228.96 | 110.98 | 339.94 | 33.90 | --- | 64.15 | 20.98 | 18.48 | 103.61 | 1,022.56 |
| 253.03 | 114.60 | 367.63 | 38.76 | --- | 73.47 | 24.05 | 23.61 | 121.12 | 1,099.77 |
| 274.26 | 117.00 | 391.26 | 48.41 | --- | 79.30 | 25.59 | 22.55 | 127.44 | 1,167.70 |
| 296.31 | 119.05 | 415.35 | 42.47 | --- | 88.82 | 28.47 | 24.30 | 141.59 | 1,227.73 |
| (annual percentage change) | | | | | | | | | |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 7.5 | 2.1 | 5.7 | 9.5 | --- | -15.2 | 24.3 | -4.8 | -5.2 | 10.0 |
| 6.8 | 1.5 | 5.1 | -0.5 | --- | 43.7 | 21.9 | 4.4 | 20.6 | 10.2 |
| -0.5 | 19.9 | 5.8 | 20.7 | --- | -5.4 | 17.6 | -21.0 | -8.4 | 11.7 |
| 6.1 | 24.9 | 12.7 | -19.2 | --- | 15.0 | 15.2 | 2.1 | 10.2 | 12.4 |
| 5.9 | 16.8 | 10.2 | 97.9 | --- | 15.5 | 23.7 | 9.0 | 15.1 | 16.7 |
| 31.6 | 10.3 | 22.8 | 5.4 | --- | 57.3 | 4.1 | 7.2 | 28.4 | 14.7 |
| 10.4 | 7.9 | 9.5 | 27.4 | --- | -22.3 | 9.8 | 3.4 | -9.1 | 14.1 |
| 2.9 | 17.1 | 8.1 | -24.8 | --- | 16.6 | 10.3 | 4.4 | 11.3 | 7.8 |
| 0.8 | 24.0 | 10.0 | -2.8 | --- | 43.5 | 10.0 | 2.5 | 23.9 | 9.4 |
| 9.3 | 15.7 | 12.1 | 12.7 | --- | 6.6 | 11.7 | 7.8 | 7.9 | 9.9 |
| 16.2 | 12.1 | 14.3 | 7.5 | --- | 9.0 | 15.2 | 11.4 | 10.9 | 9.8 |
| 4.6 | 14.4 | 9.0 | 5.4 | --- | -6.6 | 12.2 | 11.2 | 1.8 | 7.1 |
| 11.5 | 8.6 | 10.2 | -27.9 | --- | 50.0 | 19.0 | 16.8 | 33.8 | 7.6 |
| 10.7 | 8.7 | 9.8 | 9.2 | --- | 52.1 | 17.3 | 17.9 | 36.8 | 8.9 |
| 11.5 | 2.6 | 7.4 | -3.3 | --- | -0.7 | 13.7 | 12.8 | 4.6 | 8.2 |
| 9.0 | 7.3 | 8.3 | -11.9 | --- | 10.9 | 9.1 | 9.8 | 10.3 | 7.2 |
| 10.2 | 6.8 | 8.7 | 5.0 | --- | 6.5 | 5.0 | 9.2 | 6.8 | 5.9 |
| 10.3 | 5.4 | 8.1 | -0.1 | --- | 30.2 | 2.7 | 16.1 | 21.8 | 6.9 |
| 2.1 | 2.8 | 2.4 | -11.1 | --- | 14.4 | 5.2 | 5.6 | 11.1 | 3.5 |
| 8.7 | 0.0 | 5.0 | 31.8 | --- | 2.8 | 7.8 | 13.7 | 5.8 | 2.8 |
| 4.8 | 0.9 | 3.2 | 6.8 | --- | 1.7 | 2.9 | -6.1 | 0.2 | 1.4 |
| 14.3 | 3.4 | 10.0 | -23.9 | --- | -2.3 | 7.0 | 13.4 | 2.3 | 6.3 |
| 9.4 | 5.7 | 8.1 | 14.0 | --- | -14.7 | 18.2 | 3.1 | -5.2 | 4.6 |
| 3.7 | 5.2 | 4.2 | 38.7 | --- | 19.1 | 4.1 | 15.4 | 15.1 | 6.9 |
| 12.0 | 1.2 | 8.0 | 33.8 | --- | 12.5 | 17.3 | 4.2 | 11.4 | 7.7 |
| 9.3 | 2.5 | 7.0 | 31.6 | --- | 30.0 | 21.0 | -5.0 | 20.3 | 8.4 |
| 10.5 | 3.3 | 8.1 | 14.3 | --- | 14.5 | 14.6 | 27.8 | 16.9 | 7.6 |
| 8.4 | 2.1 | 6.4 | 24.9 | --- | 7.9 | 6.4 | -4.5 | 5.2 | 6.2 |
| 8.0 | 1.8 | 6.2 | -12.3 | --- | 12.0 | 11.2 | 7.8 | 11.1 | 5.1 |

CIHI 2004.

NATIONAL HEALTH EXPENDITURE TRENDS DATA TABLES

Table A.3.3.1—Part 1

Public Sector Health Expenditure by Use of Funds, Canada, 1975 to 2004—Current Dollars

| Year | Hospitals | Other Institutions | Physicians | Other Professionals | | | Sub-Total |
|----------------------------|-----------|-----------------------|------------|---------------------|----------------------------|-------|-----------|
| | | | | Dental Services | Vision Care Services | Other | |
| | A | B | C | (\$' 000,000) | | | D |
| 1975 | 5,136.8 | 796.6 | 1,813.2 | 56.4 | 35.9 | 46.7 | 139.0 |
| 1976 | 5,977.7 | 999.1 | 2,041.5 | 69.8 | 40.6 | 53.9 | 164.4 |
| 1977 | 6,372.7 | 1,175.2 | 2,252.1 | 83.7 | 44.9 | 60.5 | 189.1 |
| 1978 | 6,861.9 | 1,367.5 | 2,528.3 | 104.0 | 51.9 | 75.5 | 231.4 |
| 1979 | 7,487.6 | 1,581.4 | 2,804.5 | 143.8 | 58.0 | 88.9 | 290.7 |
| 1980 | 8,585.2 | 1,821.5 | 3,236.0 | 194.9 | 67.2 | 104.9 | 367.1 |
| 1981 | 10,127.4 | 2,146.7 | 3,775.1 | 278.4 | 78.7 | 126.7 | 483.9 |
| 1982 | 12,001.9 | 2,531.4 | 4,353.1 | 270.0 | 91.1 | 143.0 | 504.2 |
| 1983 | 13,174.5 | 2,794.4 | 4,973.3 | 260.7 | 105.7 | 164.0 | 530.3 |
| 1984 | 13,936.3 | 2,923.3 | 5,444.6 | 266.7 | 117.7 | 181.0 | 565.4 |
| 1985 | 14,737.7 | 3,066.5 | 5,962.1 | 275.5 | 130.4 | 214.6 | 620.5 |
| 1986 | 15,937.1 | 2,982.4 | 6,597.9 | 287.2 | 146.1 | 260.7 | 693.9 |
| 1987 | 17,154.2 | 3,132.1 | 7,266.2 | 286.3 | 157.3 | 276.4 | 719.9 |
| 1988 | 18,497.2 | 3,468.3 | 7,862.5 | 311.3 | 180.8 | 296.0 | 788.2 |
| 1989 | 20,269.0 | 3,828.5 | 8,422.7 | 350.3 | 205.6 | 341.5 | 897.4 |
| 1990 | 21,626.1 | 4,166.8 | 9,157.3 | 382.2 | 225.4 | 394.5 | 1,002.1 |
| 1991 | 23,293.5 | 4,576.6 | 10,114.5 | 405.7 | 247.7 | 463.0 | 1,116.4 |
| 1992 | 24,129.5 | 4,897.9 | 10,354.7 | 417.4 | 239.6 | 492.6 | 1,149.6 |
| 1993 | 24,069.5 | 4,783.5 | 10,401.6 | 426.1 | 211.0 | 487.7 | 1,124.8 |
| 1994 | 23,505.0 | 4,829.6 | 10,629.4 | 435.9 | 204.1 | 456.2 | 1,096.2 |
| 1995 | 23,117.8 | 5,040.2 | 10,528.9 | 425.0 | 193.1 | 456.7 | 1,074.9 |
| 1996 | 22,958.3 | 5,199.8 | 10,639.3 | 389.3 | 195.3 | 452.7 | 1,037.2 |
| 1997 | 23,432.2 | 5,458.8 | 11,055.3 | 381.0 | 213.6 | 474.4 | 1,069.0 |
| 1998 | 24,746.4 | 5,721.2 | 11,572.4 | 369.3 | 201.8 | 499.9 | 1,071.0 |
| 1999 | 25,731.0 | 6,200.8 | 12,070.6 | 395.7 | 216.3 | 541.1 | 1,153.1 |
| 2000 | 27,889.8 | 6,757.3 | 12,801.7 | 421.9 | 228.1 | 589.7 | 1,239.6 |
| 2001 | 29,556.0 | 7,311.1 | 13,829.5 | 441.9 | 237.9 | 571.6 | 1,251.5 |
| 2002 | 31,548.6 | 7,803.1 | 14,790.9 | 449.2 | 235.1 | 539.3 | 1,223.6 |
| 2003 f | 33,858.2 | 8,391.2 | 15,778.0 | 433.3 | 242.1 | 542.2 | 1,217.6 |
| 2004 f | 35,814.0 | 9,133.1 | 16,529.7 | 424.3 | 248.3 | 551.9 | 1,224.5 |
| (annual percentage change) | | | | | | | |
| 1975 | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1976 | 16.4 | 25.4 | 12.6 | 23.8 | 13.3 | 15.4 | 18.3 |
| 1977 | 6.6 | 17.6 | 10.3 | 19.9 | 10.4 | 12.3 | 15.0 |
| 1978 | 7.7 | 16.4 | 12.3 | 24.2 | 15.7 | 24.8 | 22.4 |
| 1979 | 9.1 | 15.6 | 10.9 | 38.4 | 11.7 | 17.7 | 25.6 |
| 1980 | 14.7 | 15.2 | 15.4 | 35.5 | 15.9 | 18.0 | 26.3 |
| 1981 | 18.0 | 17.9 | 16.7 | 42.8 | 17.1 | 20.8 | 31.8 |
| 1982 | 18.5 | 17.9 | 15.3 | -3.0 | 15.7 | 12.9 | 4.2 |
| 1983 | 9.8 | 10.4 | 14.2 | -3.5 | 16.0 | 14.7 | 5.2 |
| 1984 | 5.8 | 4.6 | 9.5 | 2.3 | 11.3 | 10.4 | 6.6 |
| 1985 | 5.8 | 4.9 | 9.5 | 3.3 | 10.8 | 18.5 | 9.7 |
| 1986 | 8.1 | -2.7 | 10.7 | 4.2 | 12.0 | 21.5 | 11.8 |
| 1987 | 7.6 | 5.0 | 10.1 | -0.3 | 7.7 | 6.0 | 3.8 |
| 1988 | 7.8 | 10.7 | 8.2 | 8.8 | 14.9 | 7.1 | 9.5 |
| 1989 | 9.6 | 10.4 | 7.1 | 12.5 | 13.7 | 15.4 | 13.9 |
| 1990 | 6.7 | 8.8 | 8.7 | 9.1 | 9.6 | 15.5 | 11.7 |
| 1991 | 7.7 | 9.8 | 10.5 | 6.1 | 9.9 | 17.4 | 11.4 |
| 1992 | 3.6 | 7.0 | 2.4 | 2.9 | -3.3 | 6.4 | 3.0 |
| 1993 | -0.2 | -2.3 | 0.5 | 2.1 | -11.9 | -1.0 | -2.2 |
| 1994 | -2.3 | 1.0 | 2.2 | 2.3 | -3.3 | -6.5 | -2.5 |
| 1995 | -1.6 | 4.4 | -0.9 | -2.5 | -5.4 | 0.1 | -1.9 |
| 1996 | -0.7 | 3.2 | 1.0 | -8.4 | 1.1 | -0.9 | -3.5 |
| 1997 | 2.1 | 5.0 | 3.9 | -2.1 | 9.4 | 4.8 | 3.1 |
| 1998 | 5.6 | 4.8 | 4.7 | -3.1 | -5.5 | 5.4 | 0.2 |
| 1999 | 4.0 | 8.4 | 4.3 | 7.2 | 7.2 | 8.3 | 7.7 |
| 2000 | 8.4 | 9.0 | 6.1 | 6.6 | 5.4 | 9.0 | 7.5 |
| 2001 | 6.0 | 8.2 | 8.0 | 4.7 | 4.3 | -3.1 | 1.0 |
| 2002 | 6.7 | 6.7 | 7.0 | 1.6 | -1.2 | -5.6 | -2.2 |
| 2003 f | 7.3 | 7.5 | 6.7 | -3.5 | 3.0 | 0.5 | -0.5 |
| 2004 f | 5.8 | 8.8 | 4.8 | -2.1 | 2.6 | 1.8 | 0.6 |

f—Forecast

CIHI 2004.

NATIONAL HEALTH EXPENDITURE TRENDS DATA TABLES

Table A.3.3.1—Part 2

Public Sector Health Expenditure by Use of Funds, Canada, 1975 to 2004—Current Dollars (cont'd)

| Drugs | | | Capital | Public Health & Administration | Other Health Spending | | | Sub-Total | Grand Total | |
|----------------------------|----------------------|-----------|---------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------|---------|-----------|---------------------|--|
| Prescribed Drugs | Non-Prescribed Drugs | Sub-Total | | | Pre-payment Administration | Health Research | Other | | | |
| | | | E | F | G | | | H | A+B+C+D +E+F+G+H | |
| | | | (\$' 000,000) | | | | | | | |
| 158.6 | --- | 158.6 | 376.4 | 551.1 | 99.9 | 70.3 | 158.4 | 328.6 | 9,300.3 | |
| 215.8 | --- | 215.8 | 367.0 | 638.2 | 138.4 | 75.9 | 199.2 | 413.5 | 10,817.2 | |
| 266.6 | --- | 266.6 | 385.4 | 727.4 | 144.1 | 93.1 | 238.8 | 476.0 | 11,844.6 | |
| 327.9 | --- | 327.9 | 454.8 | 726.7 | 150.8 | 107.2 | 283.8 | 541.9 | 13,040.5 | |
| 386.4 | --- | 386.4 | 547.8 | 817.8 | 167.9 | 123.4 | 344.7 | 636.0 | 14,552.3 | |
| 465.0 | --- | 465.0 | 635.3 | 963.8 | 177.6 | 139.5 | 450.9 | 768.0 | 16,841.8 | |
| 566.9 | --- | 566.9 | 731.9 | 1,133.8 | 197.5 | 164.7 | 614.9 | 977.1 | 19,942.6 | |
| 683.6 | --- | 683.6 | 905.7 | 1,333.0 | 222.4 | 184.2 | 727.3 | 1,133.9 | 23,446.8 | |
| 817.4 | --- | 817.4 | 1,065.2 | 1,444.7 | 224.2 | 215.1 | 840.8 | 1,280.1 | 26,080.0 | |
| 942.8 | --- | 942.8 | 1,139.9 | 1,604.6 | 232.1 | 245.7 | 922.2 | 1,400.0 | 27,956.9 | |
| 1,118.7 | --- | 1,118.7 | 1,236.9 | 1,788.6 | 234.4 | 278.4 | 1,051.2 | 1,563.9 | 30,094.9 | |
| 1,319.2 | --- | 1,319.2 | 1,351.5 | 1,835.6 | 274.0 | 333.2 | 1,203.8 | 1,811.0 | 32,528.6 | |
| 1,492.7 | --- | 1,492.7 | 1,391.1 | 1,942.3 | 296.1 | 315.9 | 1,344.2 | 1,956.2 | 35,054.7 | |
| 1,702.8 | --- | 1,702.8 | 1,550.7 | 2,055.3 | 312.1 | 343.0 | 1,582.8 | 2,237.9 | 38,162.8 | |
| 1,970.9 | --- | 1,970.9 | 1,702.4 | 2,258.3 | 327.5 | 392.3 | 1,842.1 | 2,561.9 | 41,911.1 | |
| 2,278.0 | --- | 2,278.0 | 1,740.3 | 2,541.4 | 337.2 | 441.5 | 2,155.0 | 2,933.6 | 45,445.5 | |
| 2,606.7 | --- | 2,606.7 | 1,685.8 | 2,753.4 | 345.7 | 448.9 | 2,440.7 | 3,235.3 | 49,382.2 | |
| 2,908.5 | --- | 2,908.5 | 1,694.9 | 3,049.7 | 356.2 | 541.0 | 2,611.8 | 3,509.1 | 51,693.8 | |
| 3,044.9 | --- | 3,044.9 | 1,650.2 | 3,238.0 | 348.8 | 517.9 | 2,800.5 | 3,667.2 | 51,979.7 | |
| 3,087.6 | --- | 3,087.6 | 1,943.2 | 3,610.8 | 340.0 | 511.1 | 3,045.8 | 3,896.9 | 52,598.7 | |
| 3,365.3 | --- | 3,365.3 | 1,824.0 | 3,882.7 | 338.9 | 488.8 | 3,129.3 | 3,957.0 | 52,790.6 | |
| 3,328.8 | --- | 3,328.8 | 1,685.9 | 4,049.1 | 336.3 | 487.7 | 3,154.6 | 3,978.6 | 52,877.1 | |
| 3,607.6 | --- | 3,607.6 | 1,757.6 | 4,208.1 | 334.7 | 732.8 | 3,345.4 | 4,412.9 | 55,001.5 | |
| 4,025.7 | --- | 4,025.7 | 1,879.5 | 5,217.4 | 360.8 | 766.4 | 3,672.0 | 4,799.2 | 59,032.8 | |
| 4,578.2 | --- | 4,578.2 | 2,855.9 | 5,600.1 | 384.1 | 729.9 | 3,981.0 | 5,095.0 | 63,284.8 | |
| 5,335.3 | --- | 5,335.3 | 3,097.4 | 6,264.5 | 410.0 | 901.5 | 4,260.9 | 5,572.4 | 68,957.9 | |
| 6,115.6 | --- | 6,115.6 | 3,416.1 | 7,081.4 | 449.3 | 1,275.7 | 4,303.6 | 6,028.6 | 74,589.7 | |
| 6,875.1 | --- | 6,875.1 | 3,697.5 | 7,471.4 | 481.5 | 1,199.3 | 4,448.1 | 6,128.9 | 79,539.1 | |
| 7,615.3 | --- | 7,615.3 | 4,312.1 | 8,367.8 | 520.2 | 1,246.7 | 4,726.8 | 6,493.6 | 86,033.7 | |
| 8,489.3 | --- | 8,489.3 | 4,516.3 | 8,693.8 | 512.2 | 1,327.1 | 4,813.7 | 6,653.0 | 91,053.7 | |
| (annual percentage change) | | | | | | | | | | |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | |
| 36.1 | --- | 36.1 | -2.5 | 15.8 | 38.6 | 8.0 | 25.7 | 25.8 | 16.3 | |
| 23.5 | --- | 23.5 | 5.0 | 14.0 | 4.2 | 22.6 | 19.9 | 15.1 | 9.5 | |
| 23.0 | --- | 23.0 | 18.0 | -0.1 | 4.7 | 15.2 | 18.8 | 13.8 | 10.1 | |
| 17.8 | --- | 17.8 | 20.4 | 12.5 | 11.3 | 15.1 | 21.5 | 17.4 | 11.6 | |
| 20.3 | --- | 20.3 | 16.0 | 17.9 | 5.8 | 13.1 | 30.8 | 20.8 | 15.7 | |
| 21.9 | --- | 21.9 | 15.2 | 17.6 | 11.2 | 18.1 | 36.4 | 27.2 | 18.4 | |
| 20.6 | --- | 20.6 | 23.7 | 17.6 | 12.6 | 11.8 | 18.3 | 16.1 | 17.6 | |
| 19.6 | --- | 19.6 | 17.6 | 8.4 | 0.8 | 16.8 | 15.6 | 12.9 | 11.2 | |
| 15.4 | --- | 15.4 | 7.0 | 11.1 | 3.5 | 14.2 | 9.7 | 9.4 | 7.2 | |
| 18.7 | --- | 18.7 | 8.5 | 11.5 | 1.0 | 13.3 | 14.0 | 11.7 | 7.6 | |
| 17.9 | --- | 17.9 | 9.3 | 2.6 | 16.9 | 19.7 | 14.5 | 15.8 | 8.1 | |
| 13.2 | --- | 13.2 | 2.9 | 5.8 | 8.1 | -5.2 | 11.7 | 8.0 | 7.8 | |
| 14.1 | --- | 14.1 | 11.5 | 5.8 | 5.4 | 8.6 | 17.7 | 14.4 | 8.9 | |
| 15.7 | --- | 15.7 | 9.8 | 9.9 | 4.9 | 14.4 | 16.4 | 14.5 | 9.8 | |
| 15.6 | --- | 15.6 | 2.2 | 12.5 | 3.0 | 12.5 | 17.0 | 14.5 | 8.4 | |
| 14.4 | --- | 14.4 | -3.1 | 8.3 | 2.5 | 1.7 | 13.3 | 10.3 | 8.7 | |
| 11.6 | --- | 11.6 | 0.5 | 10.8 | 3.1 | 20.5 | 7.0 | 8.5 | 4.7 | |
| 4.7 | --- | 4.7 | -2.6 | 6.2 | -2.1 | -4.3 | 7.2 | 4.5 | 0.6 | |
| 1.4 | --- | 1.4 | 17.8 | 11.5 | -2.5 | -1.3 | 8.8 | 6.3 | 1.2 | |
| 9.0 | --- | 9.0 | -6.1 | 7.5 | -0.3 | -4.4 | 2.7 | 1.5 | 0.4 | |
| -1.1 | --- | -1.1 | -7.6 | 4.3 | -0.8 | -0.2 | 0.8 | 0.5 | 0.2 | |
| 8.4 | --- | 8.4 | 4.3 | 3.9 | -0.5 | 50.2 | 6.0 | 10.9 | 4.0 | |
| 11.6 | --- | 11.6 | 6.9 | 24.0 | 7.8 | 4.6 | 9.8 | 8.8 | 7.3 | |
| 13.7 | --- | 13.7 | 52.0 | 7.3 | 6.5 | -4.8 | 8.4 | 6.2 | 7.2 | |
| 16.5 | --- | 16.5 | 8.5 | 11.9 | 6.8 | 23.5 | 7.0 | 9.4 | 9.0 | |
| 14.6 | --- | 14.6 | 10.3 | 13.0 | 9.6 | 41.5 | 1.0 | 8.2 | 8.2 | |
| 12.4 | --- | 12.4 | 8.2 | 5.5 | 7.2 | -6.0 | 3.4 | 1.7 | 6.6 | |
| 10.8 | --- | 10.8 | 16.6 | 12.0 | 8.0 | 4.0 | 6.3 | 6.0 | 8.2 | |
| 11.5 | --- | 11.5 | 4.7 | 3.9 | -1.5 | 6.5 | 1.8 | 2.5 | 5.8 | |

CIHI 2004.

NATIONAL HEALTH EXPENDITURE TRENDS DATA TABLES

Table A.3.3.2—Part 1

Public Sector Health Expenditure by Use of Funds, Canada, 1975 to 2004—Current Dollars

| Year | Hospitals <i>A</i> | Other Institutions <i>B</i> | Physicians <i>C</i> | Other Professionals | | | Sub-Total <i>D</i> |
|--|-----------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------|-------|-----------------------|
| | | | | Dental Services | Vision Care Services | Other | |
| (percentage distribution of \$' 000,000) | | | | | | | |
| 1975 | 55.2 | 8.6 | 19.5 | 0.6 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 1.5 |
| 1976 | 55.3 | 9.2 | 18.9 | 0.6 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 1.5 |
| 1977 | 53.8 | 9.9 | 19.0 | 0.7 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 1.6 |
| 1978 | 52.6 | 10.5 | 19.4 | 0.8 | 0.4 | 0.6 | 1.8 |
| 1979 | 51.5 | 10.9 | 19.3 | 1.0 | 0.4 | 0.6 | 2.0 |
| 1980 | 51.0 | 10.8 | 19.2 | 1.2 | 0.4 | 0.6 | 2.2 |
| 1981 | 50.8 | 10.8 | 18.9 | 1.4 | 0.4 | 0.6 | 2.4 |
| 1982 | 51.2 | 10.8 | 18.6 | 1.2 | 0.4 | 0.6 | 2.2 |
| 1983 | 50.5 | 10.7 | 19.1 | 1.0 | 0.4 | 0.6 | 2.0 |
| 1984 | 49.8 | 10.5 | 19.5 | 1.0 | 0.4 | 0.6 | 2.0 |
| 1985 | 49.0 | 10.2 | 19.8 | 0.9 | 0.4 | 0.7 | 2.1 |
| 1986 | 49.0 | 9.2 | 20.3 | 0.9 | 0.4 | 0.8 | 2.1 |
| 1987 | 48.9 | 8.9 | 20.7 | 0.8 | 0.4 | 0.8 | 2.1 |
| 1988 | 48.5 | 9.1 | 20.6 | 0.8 | 0.5 | 0.8 | 2.1 |
| 1989 | 48.4 | 9.1 | 20.1 | 0.8 | 0.5 | 0.8 | 2.1 |
| 1990 | 47.6 | 9.2 | 20.1 | 0.8 | 0.5 | 0.9 | 2.2 |
| 1991 | 47.2 | 9.3 | 20.5 | 0.8 | 0.5 | 0.9 | 2.3 |
| 1992 | 46.7 | 9.5 | 20.0 | 0.8 | 0.5 | 1.0 | 2.2 |
| 1993 | 46.3 | 9.2 | 20.0 | 0.8 | 0.4 | 0.9 | 2.2 |
| 1994 | 44.7 | 9.2 | 20.2 | 0.8 | 0.4 | 0.9 | 2.1 |
| 1995 | 43.8 | 9.5 | 19.9 | 0.8 | 0.4 | 0.9 | 2.0 |
| 1996 | 43.4 | 9.8 | 20.1 | 0.7 | 0.4 | 0.9 | 2.0 |
| 1997 | 42.6 | 9.9 | 20.1 | 0.7 | 0.4 | 0.9 | 1.9 |
| 1998 | 41.9 | 9.7 | 19.6 | 0.6 | 0.3 | 0.8 | 1.8 |
| 1999 | 40.7 | 9.8 | 19.1 | 0.6 | 0.3 | 0.9 | 1.8 |
| 2000 | 40.4 | 9.8 | 18.6 | 0.6 | 0.3 | 0.9 | 1.8 |
| 2001 | 39.6 | 9.8 | 18.5 | 0.6 | 0.3 | 0.8 | 1.7 |
| 2002 | 39.7 | 9.8 | 18.6 | 0.6 | 0.3 | 0.7 | 1.5 |
| 2003 f | 39.4 | 9.8 | 18.3 | 0.5 | 0.3 | 0.6 | 1.4 |
| 2004 f | 39.3 | 10.0 | 18.2 | 0.5 | 0.3 | 0.6 | 1.3 |
| (annual percentage change) | | | | | | | |
| 1975 | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1976 | 0.1 | 7.8 | -3.2 | 6.4 | -2.5 | -0.8 | 1.7 |
| 1977 | -2.6 | 7.4 | 0.7 | 9.5 | 0.8 | 2.5 | 5.1 |
| 1978 | -2.2 | 5.7 | 2.0 | 12.8 | 5.1 | 13.3 | 11.1 |
| 1979 | -2.2 | 3.6 | -0.6 | 24.0 | 0.1 | 5.5 | 12.6 |
| 1980 | -0.9 | -0.5 | -0.3 | 17.1 | 0.2 | 2.0 | 9.1 |
| 1981 | -0.4 | -0.5 | -1.5 | 20.6 | -1.1 | 2.0 | 11.3 |
| 1982 | 0.8 | 0.3 | -1.9 | -17.5 | -1.6 | -4.0 | -11.4 |
| 1983 | -1.3 | -0.8 | 2.7 | -13.2 | 4.3 | 3.1 | -5.4 |
| 1984 | -1.3 | -2.4 | 2.1 | -4.5 | 3.9 | 3.0 | -0.5 |
| 1985 | -1.8 | -2.6 | 1.7 | -4.0 | 3.0 | 10.1 | 1.9 |
| 1986 | 0.0 | -10.0 | 2.4 | -3.6 | 3.6 | 12.4 | 3.5 |
| 1987 | -0.1 | -2.6 | 2.2 | -7.5 | -0.1 | -1.6 | -3.7 |
| 1988 | -1.0 | 1.7 | -0.6 | -0.1 | 5.6 | -1.6 | 0.6 |
| 1989 | -0.2 | 0.5 | -2.5 | 2.4 | 3.6 | 5.1 | 3.7 |
| 1990 | -1.6 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 0.6 | 1.1 | 6.5 | 3.0 |
| 1991 | -0.9 | 1.1 | 1.6 | -2.3 | 1.1 | 8.0 | 2.5 |
| 1992 | -1.0 | 2.2 | -2.2 | -1.7 | -7.6 | 1.6 | -1.6 |
| 1993 | -0.8 | -2.9 | -0.1 | 1.5 | -12.4 | -1.5 | -2.7 |
| 1994 | -3.5 | -0.2 | 1.0 | 1.1 | -4.4 | -7.6 | -3.7 |
| 1995 | -2.0 | 4.0 | -1.3 | -2.9 | -5.7 | -0.3 | -2.3 |
| 1996 | -0.9 | 3.0 | 0.9 | -8.6 | 0.9 | -1.1 | -3.7 |
| 1997 | -1.9 | 0.9 | -0.1 | -5.9 | 5.2 | 0.7 | -0.9 |
| 1998 | -1.6 | -2.4 | -2.5 | -9.7 | -12.0 | -1.8 | -6.7 |
| 1999 | -3.0 | 1.1 | -2.7 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.0 | 0.4 |
| 2000 | -0.5 | 0.0 | -2.7 | -2.2 | -3.2 | 0.0 | -1.3 |
| 2001 | -2.0 | 0.0 | -0.1 | -3.2 | -3.6 | -10.4 | -6.7 |
| 2002 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.3 | -4.7 | -7.4 | -11.5 | -8.3 |
| 2003 f | -0.8 | -0.6 | -1.4 | -10.8 | -4.8 | -7.1 | -8.0 |
| 2004 f | -0.1 | 2.8 | -1.0 | -7.5 | -3.1 | -3.8 | -5.0 |

f—Forecast

CIHI 2004.

NATIONAL HEALTH EXPENDITURE TRENDS DATA TABLES

Table A.3.3.2—Part 2

Public Sector Health Expenditure by Use of Funds, Canada, 1975 to 2004—Current Dollars (cont'd)

| Prescribed Drugs | Drugs | | Capital | Public Health & Administration | Other Health Spending | | | Sub-Total | Grand Total | |
|------------------|----------------------|-----------|--|--------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------|----------|-----------------------------------|-------------|--|
| | Non-Prescribed Drugs | Sub-Total | | | Pre-payment Administration | Health Research | Other | | | |
| | | <i>E</i> | <i>F</i> | <i>G</i> | | | <i>H</i> | <i>A+B+C+D</i> <i>+E+F+G+H</i> | | |
| | | | (percentage distribution of \$' 000,000) | | | | | | | |
| 1.7 | --- | 1.7 | 4.0 | 5.9 | 1.1 | 0.8 | 1.7 | 3.5 | 100.0 | |
| 2.0 | --- | 2.0 | 3.4 | 5.9 | 1.3 | 0.7 | 1.8 | 3.8 | 100.0 | |
| 2.3 | --- | 2.3 | 3.3 | 6.1 | 1.2 | 0.8 | 2.0 | 4.0 | 100.0 | |
| 2.5 | --- | 2.5 | 3.5 | 5.6 | 1.2 | 0.8 | 2.2 | 4.2 | 100.0 | |
| 2.7 | --- | 2.7 | 3.8 | 5.6 | 1.2 | 0.8 | 2.4 | 4.4 | 100.0 | |
| 2.8 | --- | 2.8 | 3.8 | 5.7 | 1.1 | 0.8 | 2.7 | 4.6 | 100.0 | |
| 2.8 | --- | 2.8 | 3.7 | 5.7 | 1.0 | 0.8 | 3.1 | 4.9 | 100.0 | |
| 2.9 | --- | 2.9 | 3.9 | 5.7 | 0.9 | 0.8 | 3.1 | 4.8 | 100.0 | |
| 3.1 | --- | 3.1 | 4.1 | 5.5 | 0.9 | 0.8 | 3.2 | 4.9 | 100.0 | |
| 3.4 | --- | 3.4 | 4.1 | 5.7 | 0.8 | 0.9 | 3.3 | 5.0 | 100.0 | |
| 3.7 | --- | 3.7 | 4.1 | 5.9 | 0.8 | 0.9 | 3.5 | 5.2 | 100.0 | |
| 4.1 | --- | 4.1 | 4.2 | 5.6 | 0.8 | 1.0 | 3.7 | 5.6 | 100.0 | |
| 4.3 | --- | 4.3 | 4.0 | 5.5 | 0.8 | 0.9 | 3.8 | 5.6 | 100.0 | |
| 4.5 | --- | 4.5 | 4.1 | 5.4 | 0.8 | 0.9 | 4.1 | 5.9 | 100.0 | |
| 4.7 | --- | 4.7 | 4.1 | 5.4 | 0.8 | 0.9 | 4.4 | 6.1 | 100.0 | |
| 5.0 | --- | 5.0 | 3.8 | 5.6 | 0.7 | 1.0 | 4.7 | 6.5 | 100.0 | |
| 5.3 | --- | 5.3 | 3.4 | 5.6 | 0.7 | 0.9 | 4.9 | 6.6 | 100.0 | |
| 5.6 | --- | 5.6 | 3.3 | 5.9 | 0.7 | 1.0 | 5.1 | 6.8 | 100.0 | |
| 5.9 | --- | 5.9 | 3.2 | 6.2 | 0.7 | 1.0 | 5.4 | 7.1 | 100.0 | |
| 5.9 | --- | 5.9 | 3.7 | 6.9 | 0.6 | 1.0 | 5.8 | 7.4 | 100.0 | |
| 6.4 | --- | 6.4 | 3.5 | 7.4 | 0.6 | 0.9 | 5.9 | 7.5 | 100.0 | |
| 6.3 | --- | 6.3 | 3.2 | 7.7 | 0.6 | 0.9 | 6.0 | 7.5 | 100.0 | |
| 6.6 | --- | 6.6 | 3.2 | 7.7 | 0.6 | 1.3 | 6.1 | 8.0 | 100.0 | |
| 6.8 | --- | 6.8 | 3.2 | 8.8 | 0.6 | 1.3 | 6.2 | 8.1 | 100.0 | |
| 7.2 | --- | 7.2 | 4.5 | 8.8 | 0.6 | 1.2 | 6.3 | 8.1 | 100.0 | |
| 7.7 | --- | 7.7 | 4.5 | 9.1 | 0.6 | 1.3 | 6.2 | 8.1 | 100.0 | |
| 8.2 | --- | 8.2 | 4.6 | 9.5 | 0.6 | 1.7 | 5.8 | 8.1 | 100.0 | |
| 8.6 | --- | 8.6 | 4.6 | 9.4 | 0.6 | 1.5 | 5.6 | 7.7 | 100.0 | |
| 8.9 | --- | 8.9 | 5.0 | 9.7 | 0.6 | 1.4 | 5.5 | 7.5 | 100.0 | |
| 9.3 | --- | 9.3 | 5.0 | 9.5 | 0.6 | 1.5 | 5.3 | 7.3 | 100.0 | |
| | | | (annual percentage change) | | | | | | | |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | |
| 17.0 | --- | 17.0 | -16.2 | -0.4 | 19.1 | -7.2 | 8.1 | 8.2 | --- | |
| 12.8 | --- | 12.8 | -4.1 | 4.1 | -4.9 | 11.9 | 9.5 | 5.1 | --- | |
| 11.7 | --- | 11.7 | 7.2 | -9.3 | -4.9 | 4.6 | 7.9 | 3.4 | --- | |
| 5.6 | --- | 5.6 | 7.9 | 0.9 | -0.3 | 3.1 | 8.9 | 5.2 | --- | |
| 4.0 | --- | 4.0 | 0.2 | 1.8 | -8.6 | -2.3 | 13.0 | 4.3 | --- | |
| 2.9 | --- | 2.9 | -2.7 | -0.7 | -6.1 | -0.3 | 15.2 | 7.4 | --- | |
| 2.6 | --- | 2.6 | 5.2 | 0.0 | -4.2 | -4.9 | 0.6 | -1.3 | --- | |
| 7.5 | --- | 7.5 | 5.7 | -2.6 | -9.4 | 5.0 | 3.9 | 1.5 | --- | |
| 7.6 | --- | 7.6 | -0.2 | 3.6 | -3.4 | 6.5 | 2.3 | 2.0 | --- | |
| 10.2 | --- | 10.2 | 0.8 | 3.5 | -6.2 | 5.3 | 5.9 | 3.8 | --- | |
| 9.1 | --- | 9.1 | 1.1 | -5.0 | 8.1 | 10.7 | 6.0 | 7.1 | --- | |
| 5.0 | --- | 5.0 | -4.5 | -1.8 | 0.3 | -12.0 | 3.6 | 0.2 | --- | |
| 4.8 | --- | 4.8 | 2.4 | -2.8 | -3.2 | -0.3 | 8.2 | 5.1 | --- | |
| 5.4 | --- | 5.4 | 0.0 | 0.1 | -4.4 | 4.2 | 6.0 | 4.2 | --- | |
| 6.6 | --- | 6.6 | -5.7 | 3.8 | -5.1 | 3.8 | 7.9 | 5.6 | --- | |
| 5.3 | --- | 5.3 | -10.9 | -0.3 | -5.6 | -6.4 | 4.2 | 1.5 | --- | |
| 6.6 | --- | 6.6 | -4.0 | 5.8 | -1.6 | 15.1 | 2.2 | 3.6 | --- | |
| 4.1 | --- | 4.1 | -3.2 | 5.6 | -2.6 | -4.8 | 6.6 | 3.9 | --- | |
| 0.2 | --- | 0.2 | 16.4 | 10.2 | -3.7 | -2.5 | 7.5 | 5.0 | --- | |
| 8.6 | --- | 8.6 | -6.5 | 7.1 | -0.7 | -4.7 | 2.4 | 1.2 | --- | |
| -1.2 | --- | -1.2 | -7.7 | 4.1 | -0.9 | -0.4 | 0.6 | 0.4 | --- | |
| 4.2 | --- | 4.2 | 0.2 | -0.1 | -4.3 | 44.4 | 2.0 | 6.6 | --- | |
| 4.0 | --- | 4.0 | -0.4 | 15.5 | 0.4 | -2.5 | 2.3 | 1.3 | --- | |
| 6.1 | --- | 6.1 | 41.7 | 0.1 | -0.7 | -11.2 | 1.1 | -1.0 | --- | |
| 6.9 | --- | 6.9 | -0.5 | 2.7 | -2.0 | 13.4 | -1.8 | 0.4 | --- | |
| 6.0 | --- | 6.0 | 2.0 | 4.5 | 1.3 | 30.8 | -6.6 | 0.0 | --- | |
| 5.4 | --- | 5.4 | 1.5 | -1.1 | 0.5 | -11.8 | -3.1 | -4.7 | --- | |
| 2.4 | --- | 2.4 | 7.8 | 3.5 | -0.1 | -3.9 | -1.8 | -2.0 | --- | |
| 5.3 | --- | 5.3 | -1.0 | -1.8 | -7.0 | 0.6 | -3.8 | -3.2 | --- | |

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NATIONAL HEALTH EXPENDITURE TRENDS DATA TABLES

Table A.3.3.3—Part 1

Public Sector Health Expenditure by Use of Funds, Canada, 1975 to 2004—Current Dollars

| Year | Hospitals <i>A</i> | Other Institutions <i>B</i> | Physicians <i>C</i> | Other Professionals | | | Sub-Total <i>D</i> |
|--------|----------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------|-------|-----------------------|
| | | | | Dental Services | Vision Care Services | Other | |
| | (\$' per capita) | | | | | | |
| 1975 | 221.96 | 34.42 | 78.34 | 2.44 | 1.55 | 2.02 | 6.00 |
| 1976 | 254.91 | 42.61 | 87.06 | 2.98 | 1.73 | 2.30 | 7.01 |
| 1977 | 268.60 | 49.53 | 94.92 | 3.53 | 1.89 | 2.55 | 7.97 |
| 1978 | 286.35 | 57.07 | 105.51 | 4.34 | 2.17 | 3.15 | 9.66 |
| 1979 | 309.38 | 65.34 | 115.88 | 5.94 | 2.40 | 3.67 | 12.01 |
| 1980 | 350.19 | 74.30 | 131.99 | 7.95 | 2.74 | 4.28 | 14.97 |
| 1981 | 408.03 | 86.49 | 152.10 | 11.22 | 3.17 | 5.10 | 19.49 |
| 1982 | 477.83 | 100.78 | 173.31 | 10.75 | 3.63 | 5.69 | 20.07 |
| 1983 | 519.36 | 110.16 | 196.05 | 10.28 | 4.17 | 6.46 | 20.91 |
| 1984 | 544.22 | 114.16 | 212.62 | 10.42 | 4.59 | 7.07 | 22.08 |
| 1985 | 570.29 | 118.66 | 230.71 | 10.66 | 5.05 | 8.30 | 24.01 |
| 1986 | 610.59 | 114.26 | 252.78 | 11.00 | 5.60 | 9.99 | 26.58 |
| 1987 | 648.58 | 118.42 | 274.73 | 10.82 | 5.95 | 10.45 | 27.22 |
| 1988 | 690.31 | 129.44 | 293.43 | 11.62 | 6.75 | 11.05 | 29.41 |
| 1989 | 742.95 | 140.33 | 308.73 | 12.84 | 7.54 | 12.52 | 32.89 |
| 1990 | 780.79 | 150.44 | 330.62 | 13.80 | 8.14 | 14.24 | 36.18 |
| 1991 | 830.98 | 163.27 | 360.83 | 14.47 | 8.84 | 16.52 | 39.83 |
| 1992 | 850.62 | 172.66 | 365.03 | 14.71 | 8.45 | 17.37 | 40.53 |
| 1993 | 839.19 | 166.78 | 362.65 | 14.85 | 7.36 | 17.01 | 39.22 |
| 1994 | 810.54 | 166.54 | 366.54 | 15.03 | 7.04 | 15.73 | 37.80 |
| 1995 | 788.94 | 172.01 | 359.32 | 14.50 | 6.59 | 15.59 | 36.68 |
| 1996 | 775.33 | 175.61 | 359.30 | 13.15 | 6.59 | 15.29 | 35.03 |
| 1997 | 783.49 | 182.52 | 369.65 | 12.74 | 7.14 | 15.86 | 35.74 |
| 1998 | 820.57 | 189.71 | 383.73 | 12.24 | 6.69 | 16.58 | 35.51 |
| 1999 | 846.31 | 203.95 | 397.01 | 13.01 | 7.11 | 17.80 | 37.93 |
| 2000 | 908.79 | 220.18 | 417.14 | 13.75 | 7.43 | 19.21 | 40.39 |
| 2001 | 952.77 | 235.68 | 445.81 | 14.25 | 7.67 | 18.43 | 40.34 |
| 2002 | 1,005.61 | 248.72 | 471.46 | 14.32 | 7.49 | 17.19 | 39.00 |
| 2003 f | 1,069.42 | 265.04 | 498.35 | 13.68 | 7.65 | 17.13 | 38.46 |
| 2004 f | 1,121.07 | 285.89 | 517.42 | 13.28 | 7.77 | 17.28 | 38.33 |
| | (annual percentage change) | | | | | | |
| 1975 | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1976 | 14.8 | 23.8 | 11.1 | 22.2 | 11.9 | 13.9 | 16.7 |
| 1977 | 5.4 | 16.3 | 9.0 | 18.5 | 9.1 | 11.0 | 13.7 |
| 1978 | 6.6 | 15.2 | 11.2 | 23.0 | 14.6 | 23.5 | 21.2 |
| 1979 | 8.0 | 14.5 | 9.8 | 37.0 | 10.6 | 16.5 | 24.4 |
| 1980 | 13.2 | 13.7 | 13.9 | 33.8 | 14.4 | 16.5 | 24.7 |
| 1981 | 16.5 | 16.4 | 15.2 | 41.1 | 15.7 | 19.3 | 30.2 |
| 1982 | 17.1 | 16.5 | 13.9 | -4.2 | 14.4 | 11.6 | 3.0 |
| 1983 | 8.7 | 9.3 | 13.1 | -4.4 | 14.8 | 13.5 | 4.2 |
| 1984 | 4.8 | 3.6 | 8.4 | 1.4 | 10.3 | 9.3 | 5.6 |
| 1985 | 4.8 | 3.9 | 8.5 | 2.3 | 9.8 | 17.5 | 8.7 |
| 1986 | 7.1 | -3.7 | 9.6 | 3.2 | 10.9 | 20.3 | 10.7 |
| 1987 | 6.2 | 3.6 | 8.7 | -1.6 | 6.3 | 4.6 | 2.4 |
| 1988 | 6.4 | 9.3 | 6.8 | 7.4 | 13.4 | 5.7 | 8.1 |
| 1989 | 7.6 | 8.4 | 5.2 | 10.5 | 11.7 | 13.3 | 11.8 |
| 1990 | 5.1 | 7.2 | 7.1 | 7.5 | 8.0 | 13.8 | 10.0 |
| 1991 | 6.4 | 8.5 | 9.1 | 4.9 | 8.6 | 16.0 | 10.1 |
| 1992 | 2.4 | 5.8 | 1.2 | 1.7 | -4.4 | 5.1 | 1.8 |
| 1993 | -1.3 | -3.4 | -0.7 | 1.0 | -12.9 | -2.1 | -3.2 |
| 1994 | -3.4 | -0.1 | 1.1 | 1.2 | -4.3 | -7.5 | -3.6 |
| 1995 | -2.7 | 3.3 | -2.0 | -3.5 | -6.3 | -0.9 | -3.0 |
| 1996 | -1.7 | 2.1 | 0.0 | -9.4 | 0.0 | -1.9 | -4.5 |
| 1997 | 1.1 | 3.9 | 2.9 | -3.1 | 8.3 | 3.7 | 2.0 |
| 1998 | 4.7 | 3.9 | 3.8 | -3.9 | -6.3 | 4.5 | -0.7 |
| 1999 | 3.1 | 7.5 | 3.5 | 6.3 | 6.3 | 7.4 | 6.8 |
| 2000 | 7.4 | 8.0 | 5.1 | 5.6 | 4.5 | 8.0 | 6.5 |
| 2001 | 4.8 | 7.0 | 6.9 | 3.6 | 3.2 | -4.1 | -0.1 |
| 2002 | 5.5 | 5.5 | 5.8 | 0.5 | -2.3 | -6.7 | -3.3 |
| 2003 f | 6.3 | 6.6 | 5.7 | -4.4 | 2.1 | -0.4 | -1.4 |
| 2004 f | 4.8 | 7.9 | 3.8 | -2.9 | 1.6 | 0.9 | -0.3 |

f—Forecast

CIHI 2004.

NATIONAL HEALTH EXPENDITURE TRENDS DATA TABLES

Table A.3.3.3—Part 2

Public Sector Health Expenditure by Use of Funds, Canada, 1975 to 2004—Current Dollars (cont'd)

| Prescribed Drugs | Drugs | | Capital | Public Health & Administration | Other Health Spending | | | Sub-Total | Grand Total |
|----------------------------|----------------------|-----------|----------|--------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------|----------|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| | Non-Prescribed Drugs | Sub-Total | | | Pre-payment Administration | Health Research | Other | | |
| | | <i>E</i> | <i>F</i> | <i>G</i> (\$' per capita) | | | <i>H</i> | <i>A+B+C+D</i> <i>+E+F+G+H</i> | |
| 6.85 | --- | 6.85 | 16.27 | 23.81 | 4.31 | 3.04 | 6.85 | 14.20 | 401.86 |
| 9.20 | --- | 9.20 | 15.65 | 27.22 | 5.90 | 3.24 | 8.50 | 17.63 | 461.29 |
| 11.23 | --- | 11.23 | 16.25 | 30.66 | 6.07 | 3.92 | 10.07 | 20.06 | 499.22 |
| 13.69 | --- | 13.69 | 18.98 | 30.33 | 6.30 | 4.47 | 11.84 | 22.61 | 544.19 |
| 15.97 | --- | 15.97 | 22.64 | 33.79 | 6.94 | 5.10 | 14.24 | 26.28 | 601.29 |
| 18.97 | --- | 18.97 | 25.91 | 39.31 | 7.24 | 5.69 | 18.39 | 31.33 | 686.97 |
| 22.84 | --- | 22.84 | 29.49 | 45.68 | 7.96 | 6.64 | 24.77 | 39.37 | 803.48 |
| 27.22 | --- | 27.22 | 36.06 | 53.07 | 8.86 | 7.33 | 28.96 | 45.15 | 933.49 |
| 32.22 | --- | 32.22 | 41.99 | 56.95 | 8.84 | 8.48 | 33.15 | 50.46 | 1,028.11 |
| 36.82 | --- | 36.82 | 44.51 | 62.66 | 9.06 | 9.59 | 36.01 | 54.67 | 1,091.74 |
| 43.29 | --- | 43.29 | 47.86 | 69.21 | 9.07 | 10.77 | 40.68 | 60.52 | 1,164.54 |
| 50.54 | --- | 50.54 | 51.78 | 70.33 | 10.50 | 12.76 | 46.12 | 69.38 | 1,246.25 |
| 56.44 | --- | 56.44 | 52.59 | 73.43 | 11.20 | 11.94 | 50.82 | 73.96 | 1,325.38 |
| 63.55 | --- | 63.55 | 57.87 | 76.70 | 11.65 | 12.80 | 59.07 | 83.52 | 1,424.23 |
| 72.24 | --- | 72.24 | 62.40 | 82.78 | 12.00 | 14.38 | 67.52 | 93.91 | 1,536.23 |
| 82.24 | --- | 82.24 | 62.83 | 91.76 | 12.17 | 15.94 | 77.80 | 105.92 | 1,640.78 |
| 92.99 | --- | 92.99 | 60.14 | 98.22 | 12.33 | 16.01 | 87.07 | 115.42 | 1,761.68 |
| 102.53 | --- | 102.53 | 59.75 | 107.51 | 12.56 | 19.07 | 92.07 | 123.70 | 1,822.33 |
| 106.16 | --- | 106.16 | 57.54 | 112.89 | 12.16 | 18.06 | 97.64 | 127.86 | 1,812.29 |
| 106.47 | --- | 106.47 | 67.01 | 124.51 | 11.72 | 17.62 | 105.03 | 134.38 | 1,813.80 |
| 114.85 | --- | 114.85 | 62.25 | 132.50 | 11.57 | 16.68 | 106.79 | 135.04 | 1,801.59 |
| 112.42 | --- | 112.42 | 56.94 | 136.74 | 11.36 | 16.47 | 106.53 | 134.36 | 1,785.73 |
| 120.63 | --- | 120.63 | 58.77 | 140.70 | 11.19 | 24.50 | 111.86 | 147.55 | 1,839.06 |
| 133.49 | --- | 133.49 | 62.32 | 173.01 | 11.96 | 25.41 | 121.76 | 159.14 | 1,957.48 |
| 150.58 | --- | 150.58 | 93.93 | 184.19 | 12.63 | 24.01 | 130.94 | 167.58 | 2,081.47 |
| 173.85 | --- | 173.85 | 100.93 | 204.13 | 13.36 | 29.37 | 138.84 | 181.58 | 2,246.99 |
| 197.14 | --- | 197.14 | 110.12 | 228.27 | 14.48 | 41.12 | 138.73 | 194.34 | 2,404.47 |
| 219.14 | --- | 219.14 | 117.86 | 238.15 | 15.35 | 38.23 | 141.78 | 195.36 | 2,535.30 |
| 240.53 | --- | 240.53 | 136.20 | 264.30 | 16.43 | 39.38 | 149.30 | 205.10 | 2,717.39 |
| 265.74 | --- | 265.74 | 141.37 | 272.14 | 16.03 | 41.54 | 150.68 | 208.26 | 2,850.21 |
| (annual percentage change) | | | | | | | | | |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 34.3 | --- | 34.3 | -3.8 | 14.3 | 36.8 | 6.6 | 24.1 | 24.2 | 14.8 |
| 22.1 | --- | 22.1 | 3.8 | 12.7 | 2.9 | 21.2 | 18.5 | 13.8 | 8.2 |
| 21.8 | --- | 21.8 | 16.8 | -1.1 | 3.6 | 14.1 | 17.6 | 12.7 | 9.0 |
| 16.7 | --- | 16.7 | 19.3 | 11.4 | 10.2 | 13.9 | 20.3 | 16.2 | 10.5 |
| 18.8 | --- | 18.8 | 14.5 | 16.3 | 4.4 | 11.6 | 29.1 | 19.2 | 14.2 |
| 20.4 | --- | 20.4 | 13.8 | 16.2 | 9.8 | 16.6 | 34.7 | 25.7 | 17.0 |
| 19.2 | --- | 19.2 | 22.3 | 16.2 | 11.3 | 10.5 | 16.9 | 14.7 | 16.2 |
| 18.4 | --- | 18.4 | 16.5 | 7.3 | -0.2 | 15.6 | 14.5 | 11.8 | 10.1 |
| 14.3 | --- | 14.3 | 6.0 | 10.0 | 2.6 | 13.1 | 8.6 | 8.3 | 6.2 |
| 17.6 | --- | 17.6 | 7.5 | 10.4 | 0.1 | 12.3 | 13.0 | 10.7 | 6.7 |
| 16.8 | --- | 16.8 | 8.2 | 1.6 | 15.7 | 18.5 | 13.4 | 14.7 | 7.0 |
| 11.7 | --- | 11.7 | 1.6 | 4.4 | 6.7 | -6.4 | 10.2 | 6.6 | 6.3 |
| 12.6 | --- | 12.6 | 10.0 | 4.5 | 4.0 | 7.2 | 16.2 | 12.9 | 7.5 |
| 13.7 | --- | 13.7 | 7.8 | 7.9 | 3.1 | 12.3 | 14.3 | 12.4 | 7.9 |
| 13.8 | --- | 13.8 | 0.7 | 10.8 | 1.4 | 10.8 | 15.2 | 12.8 | 6.8 |
| 13.1 | --- | 13.1 | -4.3 | 7.1 | 1.3 | 0.5 | 11.9 | 9.0 | 7.4 |
| 10.3 | --- | 10.3 | -0.7 | 9.5 | 1.8 | 19.1 | 5.7 | 7.2 | 3.4 |
| 3.5 | --- | 3.5 | -3.7 | 5.0 | -3.2 | -5.3 | 6.0 | 3.4 | -0.6 |
| 0.3 | --- | 0.3 | 16.5 | 10.3 | -3.6 | -2.4 | 7.6 | 5.1 | 0.1 |
| 7.9 | --- | 7.9 | -7.1 | 6.4 | -1.3 | -5.4 | 1.7 | 0.5 | -0.7 |
| -2.1 | --- | -2.1 | -8.5 | 3.2 | -1.8 | -1.3 | -0.2 | -0.5 | -0.9 |
| 7.3 | --- | 7.3 | 3.2 | 2.9 | -1.5 | 48.8 | 5.0 | 9.8 | 3.0 |
| 10.7 | --- | 10.7 | 6.0 | 23.0 | 6.9 | 3.7 | 8.9 | 7.9 | 6.4 |
| 12.8 | --- | 12.8 | 50.7 | 6.5 | 5.6 | -5.5 | 7.5 | 5.3 | 6.3 |
| 15.5 | --- | 15.5 | 7.4 | 10.8 | 5.8 | 22.4 | 6.0 | 8.4 | 8.0 |
| 13.4 | --- | 13.4 | 9.1 | 11.8 | 8.4 | 40.0 | -0.1 | 7.0 | 7.0 |
| 11.2 | --- | 11.2 | 7.0 | 4.3 | 6.0 | -7.0 | 2.2 | 0.5 | 5.4 |
| 9.8 | --- | 9.8 | 15.6 | 11.0 | 7.1 | 3.0 | 5.3 | 5.0 | 7.2 |
| 10.5 | --- | 10.5 | 3.8 | 3.0 | -2.4 | 5.5 | 0.9 | 1.5 | 4.9 |

CIHI 2004.

Series B
**Total Health Expenditure by Source of
Finance, by Province/Territory and
Canada (Selected Tables)**

NATIONAL HEALTH EXPENDITURE TRENDS DATA TABLES

Table B.1.1

Total Health Expenditure, by Province/Territory and Canada
1975 to 2004—Current Dollars

| | N.L. | P.E.I. | N.S. | N.B. | Que. | Ont. | Man. | Sask. | Alta. | B.C. | Y.T. | N.W.T. | Nun. | Canada |
|--------|----------------------------|--------|---------|---------|----------|----------|---------|---------|----------|----------|-------|--------|-------|-----------|
| Year | (\$' 000,000) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1975 | 264.5 | 59.2 | 382.5 | 277.5 | 3,378.8 | 4,422.8 | 546.3 | 441.2 | 992.3 | 1,383.4 | 15.9 | 35.1 | --- | 12,199.4 |
| 1976 | 312.8 | 62.9 | 442.2 | 321.9 | 3,875.2 | 5,040.8 | 629.4 | 520.3 | 1,158.9 | 1,628.3 | 18.1 | 39.0 | --- | 14,049.8 |
| 1977 | 362.9 | 68.7 | 469.1 | 358.9 | 4,200.7 | 5,524.6 | 706.0 | 587.4 | 1,272.1 | 1,831.8 | 18.5 | 49.3 | --- | 15,450.0 |
| 1978 | 412.7 | 79.5 | 512.5 | 404.7 | 4,666.6 | 6,071.9 | 749.0 | 622.4 | 1,465.4 | 2,044.4 | 21.3 | 56.5 | --- | 17,106.8 |
| 1979 | 473.3 | 96.6 | 573.0 | 470.0 | 5,149.6 | 6,728.0 | 823.3 | 703.5 | 1,781.0 | 2,288.6 | 23.9 | 59.0 | --- | 19,169.7 |
| 1980 | 528.4 | 122.3 | 657.2 | 562.5 | 5,886.5 | 7,634.1 | 971.4 | 815.7 | 2,153.1 | 2,880.0 | 26.1 | 61.1 | --- | 22,298.4 |
| 1981 | 621.3 | 136.4 | 788.8 | 681.2 | 6,887.8 | 8,903.0 | 1,153.2 | 949.0 | 2,623.7 | 3,430.4 | 28.2 | 73.8 | --- | 26,276.7 |
| 1982 | 701.2 | 152.4 | 919.1 | 819.3 | 7,890.5 | 10,445.2 | 1,332.1 | 1,130.0 | 3,351.7 | 3,870.2 | 37.1 | 110.4 | --- | 30,759.1 |
| 1983 | 773.7 | 164.5 | 1,004.8 | 894.6 | 8,675.3 | 11,850.0 | 1,478.6 | 1,257.6 | 3,622.1 | 4,155.7 | 38.0 | 123.5 | --- | 34,038.6 |
| 1984 | 751.7 | 171.0 | 1,125.3 | 975.1 | 9,313.7 | 13,086.0 | 1,592.0 | 1,371.3 | 3,764.2 | 4,428.9 | 37.9 | 125.8 | --- | 36,743.1 |
| 1985 | 785.8 | 181.2 | 1,232.5 | 1,026.2 | 10,031.9 | 14,442.8 | 1,726.5 | 1,528.8 | 4,070.4 | 4,637.3 | 39.7 | 138.5 | --- | 39,841.7 |
| 1986 | 812.5 | 187.6 | 1,376.9 | 1,091.1 | 10,537.4 | 16,097.2 | 1,889.7 | 1,703.6 | 4,448.5 | 4,983.3 | 42.6 | 166.9 | --- | 43,337.3 |
| 1987 | 881.6 | 202.9 | 1,560.6 | 1,194.0 | 11,268.6 | 17,866.4 | 1,980.2 | 1,767.8 | 4,499.9 | 5,340.3 | 44.7 | 181.3 | --- | 46,788.2 |
| 1988 | 930.9 | 219.5 | 1,585.2 | 1,291.5 | 12,279.2 | 19,819.8 | 2,069.6 | 1,837.6 | 4,830.6 | 5,838.3 | 45.8 | 211.2 | --- | 50,959.2 |
| 1989 | 991.6 | 239.3 | 1,751.8 | 1,400.1 | 13,290.3 | 21,970.8 | 2,257.4 | 2,052.9 | 5,349.8 | 6,509.0 | 49.5 | 232.9 | --- | 56,095.5 |
| 1990 | 1,096.4 | 256.2 | 1,866.9 | 1,533.5 | 14,311.5 | 23,799.1 | 2,484.3 | 2,252.2 | 5,749.4 | 7,372.6 | 53.6 | 246.8 | --- | 61,022.6 |
| 1991 | 1,153.2 | 280.6 | 1,970.0 | 1,629.3 | 15,634.6 | 26,194.3 | 2,576.0 | 2,319.8 | 6,062.5 | 8,126.7 | 62.6 | 279.5 | --- | 66,289.1 |
| 1992 | 1,197.4 | 295.0 | 2,031.6 | 1,699.8 | 16,376.1 | 27,631.7 | 2,701.9 | 2,325.4 | 6,430.7 | 8,769.1 | 67.5 | 279.6 | --- | 69,805.7 |
| 1993 | 1,209.1 | 311.7 | 2,025.0 | 1,739.1 | 16,904.2 | 28,133.7 | 2,749.1 | 2,301.9 | 6,520.4 | 9,296.8 | 79.6 | 287.1 | --- | 71,557.7 |
| 1994 | 1,247.9 | 313.3 | 2,021.4 | 1,791.6 | 17,311.6 | 28,773.5 | 2,802.0 | 2,382.4 | 6,305.7 | 9,756.5 | 93.2 | 286.2 | --- | 73,085.4 |
| 1995 | 1,268.2 | 327.1 | 2,059.4 | 1,818.0 | 17,356.7 | 29,320.6 | 2,912.7 | 2,439.5 | 6,085.0 | 10,099.0 | 94.8 | 294.8 | --- | 74,075.9 |
| 1996 | 1,251.9 | 338.8 | 2,086.9 | 1,812.4 | 16,966.6 | 29,705.7 | 2,968.9 | 2,487.3 | 6,312.9 | 10,364.2 | 109.4 | 291.9 | --- | 74,696.8 |
| 1997 | 1,303.8 | 340.0 | 2,361.6 | 1,854.8 | 17,744.1 | 30,780.0 | 3,097.4 | 2,653.1 | 7,073.1 | 10,817.8 | 102.6 | 307.1 | --- | 78,435.3 |
| 1998 | 1,433.5 | 358.4 | 2,541.5 | 1,917.6 | 18,894.1 | 33,097.0 | 3,288.5 | 2,774.1 | 7,592.9 | 11,386.7 | 103.5 | 351.6 | --- | 83,739.6 |
| 1999 | 1,578.7 | 377.4 | 2,661.5 | 2,072.3 | 19,814.7 | 35,352.2 | 3,686.1 | 2,967.2 | 8,659.3 | 12,253.7 | 108.4 | 233.5 | 141.7 | 89,906.6 |
| 2000 | 1,682.6 | 401.3 | 2,810.6 | 2,217.5 | 21,262.6 | 38,903.7 | 4,050.9 | 3,145.7 | 9,589.9 | 13,331.4 | 123.5 | 215.4 | 168.2 | 97,903.4 |
| 2001 | 1,806.6 | 455.9 | 2,991.3 | 2,449.5 | 23,136.9 | 41,600.3 | 4,290.9 | 3,442.6 | 10,927.5 | 14,620.0 | 142.3 | 263.3 | 183.8 | 106,310.8 |
| 2002 | 1,943.2 | 514.8 | 3,290.8 | 2,586.3 | 24,525.0 | 44,955.7 | 4,550.7 | 3,592.5 | 11,860.5 | 15,585.7 | 154.7 | 269.4 | 212.1 | 114,041.6 |
| 2003 f | 2,110.1 | 531.5 | 3,548.4 | 2,720.0 | 26,210.7 | 49,425.5 | 4,890.7 | 3,780.0 | 12,789.3 | 16,287.9 | 159.0 | 284.1 | 266.5 | 123,003.7 |
| 2004 f | 2,199.0 | 541.2 | 3,767.7 | 2,904.2 | 27,657.0 | 52,963.2 | 5,156.7 | 4,016.5 | 13,686.8 | 16,660.4 | 170.7 | 292.5 | 259.4 | 130,275.2 |
| | (annual percentage change) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1975 | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1976 | 18.3 | 6.2 | 15.6 | 16.0 | 14.7 | 14.0 | 15.2 | 17.9 | 16.8 | 17.7 | 13.6 | 11.3 | --- | 15.2 |
| 1977 | 16.0 | 9.3 | 6.1 | 11.5 | 8.4 | 9.6 | 12.2 | 12.9 | 9.8 | 12.5 | 2.4 | 26.3 | --- | 10.0 |
| 1978 | 13.7 | 15.7 | 9.2 | 12.8 | 11.1 | 9.9 | 6.1 | 6.0 | 15.2 | 11.6 | 15.4 | 14.6 | --- | 10.7 |
| 1979 | 14.7 | 21.5 | 11.8 | 16.2 | 10.4 | 10.8 | 9.9 | 13.0 | 21.5 | 11.9 | 12.2 | 4.3 | --- | 12.1 |
| 1980 | 11.6 | 26.6 | 14.7 | 19.7 | 14.3 | 13.5 | 18.0 | 16.0 | 20.9 | 25.8 | 9.0 | 3.6 | --- | 16.3 |
| 1981 | 17.6 | 11.5 | 20.0 | 21.1 | 17.0 | 16.6 | 18.7 | 16.3 | 21.9 | 19.1 | 7.9 | 20.9 | --- | 17.8 |
| 1982 | 12.9 | 11.7 | 16.5 | 20.3 | 14.6 | 17.3 | 15.5 | 19.1 | 27.7 | 12.8 | 31.9 | 49.5 | --- | 17.1 |
| 1983 | 10.3 | 8.0 | 9.3 | 9.2 | 9.9 | 13.4 | 11.0 | 11.3 | 8.1 | 7.4 | 2.4 | 11.9 | --- | 10.7 |
| 1984 | -2.8 | 4.0 | 12.0 | 9.0 | 7.4 | 10.4 | 7.7 | 9.0 | 3.9 | 6.6 | -0.4 | 1.8 | --- | 7.9 |
| 1985 | 4.5 | 5.9 | 9.5 | 5.2 | 7.7 | 10.4 | 8.4 | 11.5 | 8.1 | 4.7 | 4.8 | 10.2 | --- | 8.4 |
| 1986 | 3.4 | 3.5 | 11.7 | 6.3 | 5.0 | 11.5 | 9.5 | 11.4 | 9.3 | 7.5 | 7.2 | 20.5 | --- | 8.8 |
| 1987 | 8.5 | 8.2 | 13.3 | 9.4 | 6.9 | 11.0 | 4.8 | 3.8 | 1.2 | 7.2 | 5.1 | 8.6 | --- | 8.0 |
| 1988 | 5.6 | 8.2 | 1.6 | 8.2 | 9.0 | 10.9 | 4.5 | 4.0 | 7.3 | 9.3 | 2.3 | 16.5 | --- | 8.9 |
| 1989 | 6.5 | 9.0 | 10.5 | 8.4 | 8.2 | 10.9 | 9.1 | 11.7 | 10.7 | 11.5 | 8.2 | 10.3 | --- | 10.1 |
| 1990 | 10.6 | 7.0 | 6.6 | 9.5 | 7.7 | 8.3 | 10.1 | 9.7 | 7.5 | 13.3 | 8.2 | 6.0 | --- | 8.8 |
| 1991 | 5.2 | 9.5 | 5.5 | 6.2 | 9.2 | 10.1 | 3.7 | 3.0 | 5.4 | 10.2 | 16.8 | 13.2 | --- | 8.6 |
| 1992 | 3.8 | 5.1 | 3.1 | 4.3 | 4.7 | 5.5 | 4.9 | 0.2 | 6.1 | 7.9 | 7.9 | 0.1 | --- | 5.3 |
| 1993 | 1.0 | 5.7 | -0.3 | 2.3 | 3.2 | 1.8 | 1.7 | -1.0 | 1.4 | 6.0 | 17.9 | 2.7 | --- | 2.5 |
| 1994 | 3.2 | 0.5 | -0.2 | 3.0 | 2.4 | 2.3 | 1.9 | 3.5 | -3.3 | 4.9 | 17.0 | -0.3 | --- | 2.1 |
| 1995 | 1.6 | 4.4 | 1.9 | 1.5 | 0.3 | 1.9 | 3.9 | 2.4 | -3.5 | 3.5 | 1.8 | 3.0 | --- | 1.4 |
| 1996 | -1.3 | 3.6 | 1.3 | -0.3 | -2.2 | 1.3 | 1.9 | 2.0 | 3.7 | 2.6 | 15.4 | -1.0 | --- | 0.8 |
| 1997 | 4.1 | 0.4 | 13.2 | 2.3 | 4.6 | 3.6 | 4.3 | 6.7 | 12.0 | 4.4 | -6.2 | 5.2 | --- | 5.0 |
| 1998 | 10.0 | 5.4 | 7.6 | 3.4 | 6.5 | 7.5 | 6.2 | 4.6 | 7.4 | 5.3 | 0.9 | 14.5 | --- | 6.8 |
| 1999 | 10.1 | 5.3 | 4.7 | 8.1 | 4.9 | 6.8 | 12.1 | 7.0 | 14.0 | 7.6 | 4.8 | -33.6 | --- | 7.4 |
| 2000 | 6.6 | 6.3 | 5.6 | 7.0 | 7.3 | 10.0 | 9.9 | 6.0 | 10.7 | 8.8 | 13.9 | -7.8 | 18.7 | 8.9 |
| 2001 | 7.4 | 13.6 | 6.4 | 10.5 | 8.8 | 6.9 | 5.9 | 9.4 | 13.9 | 9.7 | 15.2 | 22.2 | 9.3 | 8.6 |
| 2002 | 7.6 | 12.9 | 10.0 | 5.6 | 6.0 | 8.1 | 6.1 | 4.4 | 8.5 | 6.6 | 8.8 | 2.3 | 15.4 | 7.3 |
| 2003 f | 8.6 | 3.2 | 7.8 | 5.2 | 6.9 | 9.9 | 7.5 | 5.2 | 7.8 | 4.5 | 2.7 | 5.5 | 25.6 | 7.9 |
| 2004 f | 4.2 | 1.8 | 6.2 | 6.8 | 5.5 | 7.2 | 5.4 | 6.3 | 7.0 | 2.3 | 7.4 | 3.0 | -2.6 | 5.9 |

f—Forecast

CIHI 2004.

NATIONAL HEALTH EXPENDITURE TRENDS DATA TABLES

Table B.1.3

Total Health Expenditure as a Percent of (Provincial/Territorial) G.D.P., by Province/Territory and Canada
1975 to 2004—Current Dollars

| | N.L. | P.E.I. | N.S. | N.B. | Que. | Ont. | Man. | Sask. | Alta. | B.C. | Y.T. | N.W.T | Nun. | Canada Average |
|-------------|-----------------------------------|--------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|------|-------|-------|------|-------------------|
| Year | (percentage) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1975 | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | 7.0 |
| 1976 | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | 7.0 |
| 1977 | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | 7.0 |
| 1978 | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | 7.0 |
| 1979 | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | 6.8 |
| 1980 | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | 7.1 |
| 1981 | 12.1 | 12.8 | 9.9 | 10.7 | 8.6 | 6.8 | 8.5 | 6.4 | 4.9 | 7.6 | 5.9 | 7.4 | --- | 7.3 |
| 1982 | 12.5 | 13.2 | 10.0 | 11.6 | 9.3 | 7.5 | 9.5 | 7.5 | 5.9 | 8.6 | 7.9 | 8.6 | --- | 8.1 |
| 1983 | 12.9 | 12.1 | 9.7 | 11.1 | 9.4 | 7.7 | 9.8 | 7.9 | 6.2 | 8.8 | 8.6 | 8.6 | --- | 8.3 |
| 1984 | 11.8 | 12.3 | 9.8 | 11.1 | 9.3 | 7.6 | 9.4 | 8.1 | 6.0 | 8.9 | 8.3 | 8.5 | --- | 8.2 |
| 1985 | 11.8 | 12.5 | 9.9 | 10.9 | 9.3 | 7.6 | 9.3 | 8.5 | 6.1 | 8.7 | 8.2 | 8.4 | --- | 8.2 |
| 1986 | 11.2 | 11.5 | 10.3 | 10.4 | 9.0 | 7.7 | 9.8 | 9.6 | 7.7 | 8.8 | 6.8 | 10.8 | --- | 8.5 |
| 1987 | 11.4 | 11.7 | 10.8 | 10.3 | 8.8 | 7.7 | 9.7 | 9.7 | 7.5 | 8.5 | 5.1 | 10.8 | --- | 8.4 |
| 1988 | 11.0 | 11.5 | 10.4 | 10.4 | 8.7 | 7.7 | 9.4 | 9.7 | 7.6 | 8.4 | 4.8 | 10.6 | --- | 8.3 |
| 1989 | 11.0 | 11.6 | 10.7 | 10.7 | 9.0 | 7.9 | 9.7 | 10.3 | 7.9 | 8.6 | 4.9 | 10.9 | --- | 8.5 |
| 1990 | 11.9 | 11.8 | 11.0 | 11.4 | 9.3 | 8.4 | 10.3 | 10.6 | 7.8 | 9.3 | 5.1 | 11.3 | --- | 9.0 |
| 1991 | 12.0 | 12.4 | 11.2 | 11.9 | 10.1 | 9.3 | 10.7 | 10.8 | 8.3 | 9.9 | 6.6 | 12.8 | --- | 9.7 |
| 1992 | 12.5 | 12.6 | 11.2 | 12.1 | 10.3 | 9.6 | 11.1 | 11.0 | 8.6 | 10.1 | 6.2 | 12.9 | --- | 10.0 |
| 1993 | 12.4 | 12.6 | 11.0 | 11.8 | 10.4 | 9.6 | 11.2 | 10.0 | 8.0 | 9.9 | 9.0 | 12.7 | --- | 9.8 |
| 1994 | 12.2 | 12.4 | 10.8 | 11.7 | 10.2 | 9.2 | 10.8 | 9.7 | 7.2 | 9.7 | 10.2 | 12.0 | --- | 9.5 |
| 1995 | 11.9 | 12.3 | 10.7 | 11.1 | 9.8 | 8.9 | 10.8 | 9.2 | 6.6 | 9.6 | 9.1 | 12.3 | --- | 9.1 |
| 1996 | 12.0 | 12.0 | 10.7 | 10.9 | 9.4 | 8.8 | 10.4 | 8.6 | 6.4 | 9.5 | 9.7 | 11.6 | --- | 8.9 |
| 1997 | 12.4 | 12.1 | 11.6 | 11.0 | 9.4 | 8.6 | 10.4 | 9.1 | 6.6 | 9.5 | 9.3 | 11.4 | --- | 8.9 |
| 1998 | 12.8 | 12.0 | 11.9 | 10.9 | 9.6 | 8.8 | 10.6 | 9.4 | 7.1 | 9.8 | 9.5 | 13.3 | --- | 9.2 |
| 1999 | 13.0 | 11.9 | 11.5 | 10.9 | 9.4 | 8.6 | 11.5 | 9.6 | 7.4 | 10.1 | 10.0 | 10.2 | 19.0 | 9.2 |
| 2000 | 12.1 | 12.0 | 11.3 | 11.0 | 9.4 | 8.8 | 11.9 | 9.3 | 6.7 | 10.2 | 10.4 | 8.6 | 20.2 | 9.1 |
| 2001 | 12.7 | 13.1 | 11.5 | 11.8 | 9.9 | 9.2 | 12.2 | 10.3 | 7.2 | 11.1 | 11.5 | 9.1 | 21.1 | 9.6 |
| 2002 | 11.7 | 13.7 | 12.1 | 12.2 | 10.0 | 9.4 | 12.3 | 10.4 | 7.9 | 11.5 | 12.4 | 9.1 | 22.8 | 9.9 |
| 2003 f | 11.7 | 13.7 | 12.3 | 12.2 | 10.3 | 10.0 | 12.8 | 10.3 | 7.5 | 11.4 | 12.1 | 8.5 | 29.1 | 10.1 |
| 2004 f | 11.6 | 13.4 | 12.6 | 12.5 | 10.3 | 10.2 | 12.9 | 10.3 | 7.2 | 10.9 | 12.2 | 8.3 | 26.6 | 10.1 |
| | (annual percentage change) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1975 | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1976 | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | 0.0 |
| 1977 | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | -0.5 |
| 1978 | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | -0.2 |
| 1979 | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | -1.8 |
| 1980 | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | 3.4 |
| 1981 | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | 3.1 |
| 1982 | 3.7 | 3.4 | 1.1 | 8.2 | 8.2 | 10.8 | 12.0 | 17.2 | 20.1 | 12.4 | 33.1 | 16.8 | --- | 11.1 |
| 1983 | 3.4 | -8.2 | -3.1 | -4.3 | 2.0 | 1.8 | 3.3 | 4.6 | 5.1 | 1.8 | 9.6 | 0.2 | --- | 2.2 |
| 1984 | -8.7 | 1.5 | 1.5 | -0.5 | -1.7 | -1.2 | -4.3 | 2.2 | -2.6 | 1.5 | -3.7 | -1.7 | --- | -1.2 |
| 1985 | 0.2 | 1.8 | 1.1 | -1.0 | 0.6 | 0.9 | -0.6 | 5.9 | 0.8 | -2.5 | -1.3 | -1.6 | --- | 0.4 |
| 1986 | -5.1 | -8.2 | 3.3 | -4.7 | -3.7 | 1.1 | 5.3 | 12.4 | 25.9 | 1.7 | -17.0 | 28.8 | --- | 3.1 |
| 1987 | 1.3 | 1.5 | 5.3 | -1.1 | -2.5 | 0.3 | -1.0 | 1.4 | -2.4 | -3.1 | -25.4 | 0.6 | --- | -1.0 |
| 1988 | -3.2 | -1.7 | -4.1 | 0.6 | -0.6 | -0.2 | -3.2 | 0.3 | 0.9 | -1.5 | -6.2 | -1.7 | --- | -0.7 |
| 1989 | 0.3 | 1.2 | 3.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.0 | 2.8 | 5.4 | 5.1 | 2.4 | 1.6 | 2.5 | --- | 2.6 |
| 1990 | 7.9 | 1.6 | 2.3 | 6.8 | 4.2 | 6.8 | 6.3 | 3.2 | -1.2 | 7.9 | 4.6 | 3.8 | --- | 5.2 |
| 1991 | 1.1 | 5.3 | 1.6 | 4.8 | 8.0 | 10.0 | 4.4 | 2.2 | 6.0 | 6.9 | 29.2 | 13.1 | --- | 7.8 |
| 1992 | 4.2 | 1.1 | 0.6 | 1.4 | 2.6 | 4.2 | 3.1 | 1.1 | 3.2 | 1.2 | -5.1 | 0.6 | --- | 3.0 |
| 1993 | -1.3 | 0.3 | -1.7 | -2.3 | 0.8 | -0.6 | 1.1 | -8.4 | -6.4 | -1.7 | 45.2 | -1.6 | --- | -1.3 |
| 1994 | -1.7 | -1.5 | -1.9 | -1.0 | -2.5 | -3.5 | -3.4 | -3.1 | -10.8 | -1.8 | 13.4 | -5.3 | --- | -3.7 |
| 1995 | -2.1 | -1.1 | -1.4 | -5.3 | -3.6 | -3.7 | 0.1 | -5.1 | -7.7 | -1.5 | -11.5 | 2.5 | --- | -3.6 |
| 1996 | 0.9 | -2.3 | 0.2 | -1.8 | -4.0 | -1.3 | -3.3 | -6.9 | -3.2 | -0.4 | 7.1 | -5.9 | --- | -2.3 |
| 1997 | 3.0 | 1.2 | 8.4 | 1.0 | 0.2 | -2.5 | -0.3 | 5.9 | 3.2 | -0.7 | -4.4 | -1.3 | --- | -0.5 |
| 1998 | 3.6 | -1.0 | 2.4 | -1.2 | 2.2 | 2.3 | 2.0 | 3.2 | 7.0 | 4.1 | 2.7 | 16.2 | --- | 3.0 |
| 1999 | 1.0 | -0.6 | -2.8 | 0.1 | -2.4 | -1.3 | 8.6 | 2.7 | 4.7 | 2.9 | 5.0 | -23.2 | --- | 0.0 |
| 2000 | -6.3 | 0.3 | -1.7 | 1.0 | 0.4 | 2.1 | 2.9 | -3.2 | -9.8 | 0.4 | 4.0 | -15.8 | 6.6 | -0.5 |
| 2001 | 4.8 | 9.5 | 1.1 | 7.3 | 5.4 | 4.0 | 2.5 | 9.8 | 8.3 | 8.9 | 11.0 | 6.2 | 4.4 | 5.5 |
| 2002 | -7.8 | 4.7 | 5.8 | 3.6 | 0.4 | 2.4 | 1.0 | 1.3 | 9.4 | 3.9 | 7.6 | 0.3 | 8.0 | 2.9 |
| 2003 f | -0.2 | -0.3 | 1.4 | -0.5 | 3.2 | 6.5 | 4.6 | -1.0 | -5.2 | -0.5 | -2.3 | -6.7 | 27.7 | 2.6 |
| 2004 f | -1.2 | -2.1 | 2.2 | 2.9 | 0.2 | 1.9 | 0.2 | 0.0 | -3.9 | -4.5 | 0.9 | -3.2 | -8.5 | -0.3 |

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NATIONAL HEALTH EXPENDITURE TRENDS DATA TABLES

Table B.2.1

**Private Sector Health Expenditure, by Province/Territory and Canada
1975 to 2004—Current Dollars**

| | N.L. | P.E.I. | N.S. | N.B. | Que. | Ont. | Man. | Sask. | Alta. | B.C. | Y.T. | N.W.T. | Nun. | Canada |
|-------------|-----------------------------------|--------|---------|-------|---------|----------|---------|-------|---------|---------|-------|--------|------|----------|
| Year | (\$' 000,000) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1975 | 59.4 | 16.0 | 81.1 | 62.7 | 715.5 | 1,094.3 | 122.0 | 112.6 | 234.6 | 388.8 | 3.5 | 8.7 | --- | 2,899.2 |
| 1976 | 86.9 | 15.6 | 100.8 | 67.5 | 755.0 | 1,205.4 | 129.7 | 126.5 | 260.4 | 471.2 | 4.3 | 9.3 | --- | 3,232.6 |
| 1977 | 121.8 | 16.1 | 99.6 | 74.5 | 772.8 | 1,360.0 | 151.9 | 143.7 | 293.3 | 556.8 | 4.5 | 10.5 | --- | 3,605.4 |
| 1978 | 146.3 | 20.9 | 109.5 | 91.1 | 843.2 | 1,596.7 | 160.0 | 144.6 | 337.7 | 599.9 | 4.8 | 11.7 | --- | 4,066.3 |
| 1979 | 164.4 | 31.8 | 127.8 | 118.7 | 901.6 | 1,874.6 | 189.0 | 159.2 | 389.1 | 643.4 | 5.5 | 12.4 | --- | 4,617.4 |
| 1980 | 178.6 | 47.1 | 147.8 | 147.2 | 1,089.0 | 2,126.9 | 232.3 | 167.2 | 493.1 | 807.9 | 6.1 | 13.2 | --- | 5,456.5 |
| 1981 | 210.8 | 49.3 | 166.8 | 177.7 | 1,397.1 | 2,377.6 | 287.6 | 185.9 | 581.5 | 879.1 | 6.2 | 14.6 | --- | 6,334.1 |
| 1982 | 218.4 | 50.4 | 199.2 | 210.1 | 1,528.6 | 2,834.2 | 315.1 | 204.1 | 786.9 | 943.1 | 6.8 | 15.4 | --- | 7,312.3 |
| 1983 | 234.7 | 51.1 | 215.9 | 232.6 | 1,643.1 | 3,253.5 | 337.6 | 219.1 | 720.5 | 1,026.9 | 6.7 | 16.9 | --- | 7,958.6 |
| 1984 | 191.8 | 49.9 | 248.5 | 265.6 | 1,827.6 | 3,624.8 | 367.8 | 258.6 | 767.5 | 1,159.2 | 6.9 | 18.1 | --- | 8,786.3 |
| 1985 | 197.1 | 52.9 | 285.3 | 274.1 | 2,104.4 | 3,999.5 | 415.6 | 333.2 | 831.3 | 1,227.1 | 6.8 | 19.6 | --- | 9,746.9 |
| 1986 | 169.6 | 49.6 | 353.7 | 285.9 | 2,486.1 | 4,367.1 | 463.9 | 377.7 | 910.6 | 1,317.2 | 5.6 | 21.7 | --- | 10,808.7 |
| 1987 | 188.0 | 53.3 | 395.0 | 305.1 | 2,632.2 | 4,854.5 | 449.9 | 395.5 | 985.5 | 1,444.9 | 5.6 | 23.9 | --- | 11,733.5 |
| 1988 | 197.1 | 56.5 | 420.3 | 330.5 | 2,850.8 | 5,321.9 | 435.4 | 369.3 | 1,184.9 | 1,597.1 | 5.2 | 27.3 | --- | 12,796.4 |
| 1989 | 203.9 | 64.9 | 470.3 | 352.4 | 3,181.7 | 5,876.9 | 484.2 | 423.7 | 1,318.8 | 1,773.0 | 5.3 | 29.3 | --- | 14,184.3 |
| 1990 | 220.6 | 70.0 | 490.4 | 397.4 | 3,497.4 | 6,466.2 | 533.2 | 460.1 | 1,422.5 | 1,986.0 | 5.0 | 28.4 | --- | 15,577.1 |
| 1991 | 247.5 | 76.8 | 518.8 | 442.4 | 3,819.3 | 7,038.2 | 570.0 | 490.9 | 1,505.1 | 2,159.5 | 6.1 | 32.3 | --- | 16,906.9 |
| 1992 | 269.1 | 85.8 | 554.5 | 466.7 | 4,141.5 | 7,573.7 | 602.6 | 505.8 | 1,584.2 | 2,291.2 | 6.9 | 29.7 | --- | 18,112.0 |
| 1993 | 284.2 | 93.5 | 579.5 | 503.0 | 4,444.6 | 8,253.2 | 660.2 | 574.1 | 1,719.9 | 2,427.0 | 10.6 | 28.3 | --- | 19,578.1 |
| 1994 | 299.8 | 96.3 | 608.3 | 519.4 | 4,637.2 | 8,702.3 | 686.4 | 603.6 | 1,778.0 | 2,519.1 | 9.9 | 26.6 | --- | 20,486.8 |
| 1995 | 295.1 | 104.3 | 619.4 | 495.0 | 4,647.8 | 9,374.4 | 733.3 | 618.8 | 1,801.6 | 2,560.6 | 10.5 | 24.5 | --- | 21,285.3 |
| 1996 | 277.5 | 105.8 | 648.6 | 487.1 | 4,711.9 | 9,613.7 | 783.6 | 625.0 | 1,846.4 | 2,675.5 | 18.1 | 26.6 | --- | 21,819.7 |
| 1997 | 282.9 | 110.1 | 692.3 | 549.1 | 4,960.8 | 10,266.5 | 845.5 | 677.0 | 2,131.0 | 2,875.2 | 17.2 | 26.2 | --- | 23,433.8 |
| 1998 | 326.4 | 112.6 | 755.0 | 547.4 | 4,982.1 | 11,034.8 | 900.2 | 669.7 | 2,251.7 | 3,084.1 | 16.0 | 26.8 | --- | 24,706.8 |
| 1999 | 323.3 | 116.9 | 756.0 | 598.8 | 5,533.5 | 11,855.2 | 946.3 | 702.4 | 2,467.7 | 3,275.5 | 16.9 | 20.9 | 8.3 | 26,621.9 |
| 2000 | 364.4 | 123.3 | 842.7 | 638.2 | 5,880.5 | 12,918.3 | 1,046.3 | 765.9 | 2,801.5 | 3,510.1 | 24.6 | 20.5 | 9.2 | 28,945.5 |
| 2001 | 380.8 | 146.1 | 908.4 | 708.6 | 6,542.2 | 14,020.4 | 1,110.4 | 858.3 | 3,185.5 | 3,799.0 | 27.0 | 25.4 | 9.0 | 31,721.1 |
| 2002 | 408.7 | 148.1 | 1,024.7 | 753.5 | 7,078.1 | 15,400.9 | 1,229.1 | 874.0 | 3,396.2 | 4,119.5 | 32.3 | 27.7 | 9.6 | 34,502.5 |
| 2003 f | 433.7 | 154.1 | 1,060.3 | 803.3 | 7,625.0 | 16,477.5 | 1,313.5 | 920.2 | 3,712.1 | 4,394.4 | 32.6 | 30.3 | 13.0 | 36,970.0 |
| 2004 f | 462.4 | 162.7 | 1,134.5 | 852.6 | 8,116.0 | 17,367.3 | 1,405.3 | 965.8 | 3,998.9 | 4,674.7 | 35.8 | 32.2 | 13.3 | 39,221.5 |
| | (annual percentage change) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1975 | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1976 | 46.4 | -2.5 | 24.3 | 7.8 | 5.5 | 10.2 | 6.3 | 12.3 | 11.0 | 21.2 | 23.1 | 7.0 | --- | 11.5 |
| 1977 | 40.2 | 3.3 | -1.2 | 10.3 | 2.3 | 12.8 | 17.1 | 13.6 | 12.6 | 18.2 | 4.1 | 13.4 | --- | 11.5 |
| 1978 | 20.1 | 29.6 | 9.9 | 22.3 | 9.1 | 17.4 | 5.4 | 0.6 | 15.2 | 7.7 | 5.7 | 11.1 | --- | 12.8 |
| 1979 | 12.4 | 52.1 | 16.8 | 30.3 | 6.9 | 17.4 | 18.1 | 10.1 | 15.2 | 7.2 | 15.4 | 5.9 | --- | 13.6 |
| 1980 | 8.6 | 48.2 | 15.6 | 24.0 | 20.8 | 13.5 | 22.9 | 5.0 | 26.7 | 25.6 | 11.5 | 6.4 | --- | 18.2 |
| 1981 | 18.0 | 4.8 | 12.9 | 20.7 | 28.3 | 11.8 | 23.8 | 11.2 | 17.9 | 8.8 | 0.7 | 10.5 | --- | 16.1 |
| 1982 | 3.6 | 2.2 | 19.4 | 18.2 | 9.4 | 19.2 | 9.6 | 9.8 | 35.3 | 7.3 | 9.7 | 5.7 | --- | 15.4 |
| 1983 | 7.5 | 1.3 | 8.4 | 10.7 | 7.5 | 14.8 | 7.1 | 7.3 | -8.4 | 8.9 | -1.3 | 9.8 | --- | 8.8 |
| 1984 | -18.3 | -2.3 | 15.1 | 14.2 | 11.2 | 11.4 | 8.9 | 18.1 | 6.5 | 12.9 | 3.1 | 7.2 | --- | 10.4 |
| 1985 | 2.7 | 6.1 | 14.8 | 3.2 | 15.1 | 10.3 | 13.0 | 28.8 | 8.3 | 5.9 | -1.2 | 8.3 | --- | 10.9 |
| 1986 | -13.9 | -6.3 | 24.0 | 4.3 | 18.1 | 9.2 | 11.6 | 13.4 | 9.5 | 7.3 | -17.3 | 10.5 | --- | 10.9 |
| 1987 | 10.9 | 7.4 | 11.7 | 6.7 | 5.9 | 11.2 | -3.0 | 4.7 | 8.2 | 9.7 | 0.4 | 10.0 | --- | 8.6 |
| 1988 | 4.8 | 6.2 | 6.4 | 8.3 | 8.3 | 9.6 | -3.2 | -6.6 | 20.2 | 10.5 | -7.5 | 14.4 | --- | 9.1 |
| 1989 | 3.4 | 14.8 | 11.9 | 6.6 | 11.6 | 10.4 | 11.2 | 14.7 | 11.3 | 11.0 | 1.2 | 7.5 | --- | 10.8 |
| 1990 | 8.2 | 7.7 | 4.3 | 12.8 | 9.9 | 10.0 | 10.1 | 8.6 | 7.9 | 12.0 | -4.8 | -3.3 | --- | 9.8 |
| 1991 | 12.2 | 9.8 | 5.8 | 11.3 | 9.2 | 8.8 | 6.9 | 6.7 | 5.8 | 8.7 | 20.9 | 13.7 | --- | 8.5 |
| 1992 | 8.7 | 11.6 | 6.9 | 5.5 | 8.4 | 7.6 | 5.7 | 3.0 | 5.3 | 6.1 | 14.1 | -7.9 | --- | 7.1 |
| 1993 | 5.6 | 9.0 | 4.5 | 7.8 | 7.3 | 9.0 | 9.6 | 13.5 | 8.6 | 5.9 | 52.5 | -4.7 | --- | 8.1 |
| 1994 | 5.5 | 3.0 | 5.0 | 3.3 | 4.3 | 5.4 | 4.0 | 5.1 | 3.4 | 3.8 | -6.7 | -6.1 | --- | 4.6 |
| 1995 | -1.6 | 8.3 | 1.8 | -4.7 | 0.2 | 7.7 | 6.8 | 2.5 | 1.3 | 1.6 | 6.1 | -7.8 | --- | 3.9 |
| 1996 | -6.0 | 1.4 | 4.7 | -1.6 | 1.4 | 2.6 | 6.9 | 1.0 | 2.5 | 4.5 | 73.4 | 8.4 | --- | 2.5 |
| 1997 | 2.0 | 4.1 | 6.7 | 12.7 | 5.3 | 6.8 | 7.9 | 8.3 | 15.4 | 7.5 | -5.3 | -1.5 | --- | 7.4 |
| 1998 | 15.4 | 2.3 | 9.1 | -0.3 | 0.4 | 7.5 | 6.5 | -1.1 | 5.7 | 7.3 | -6.9 | 2.4 | --- | 5.4 |
| 1999 | -0.9 | 3.8 | 0.1 | 9.4 | 11.1 | 7.4 | 5.1 | 4.9 | 9.6 | 6.2 | 5.8 | -21.9 | --- | 7.8 |
| 2000 | 12.7 | 5.4 | 11.5 | 6.6 | 6.3 | 9.0 | 10.6 | 9.0 | 13.5 | 7.2 | 45.6 | -2.3 | 10.6 | 8.7 |
| 2001 | 4.5 | 18.5 | 7.8 | 11.0 | 11.3 | 8.5 | 6.1 | 12.1 | 13.7 | 8.2 | 9.8 | 24.1 | -2.7 | 9.6 |
| 2002 | 7.3 | 1.4 | 12.8 | 6.3 | 8.2 | 9.8 | 10.7 | 1.8 | 6.6 | 8.4 | 19.4 | 9.1 | 6.7 | 8.8 |
| 2003 f | 6.1 | 4.0 | 3.5 | 6.6 | 7.7 | 7.0 | 6.9 | 5.3 | 9.3 | 6.7 | 1.0 | 9.3 | 36.6 | 7.2 |
| 2004 f | 6.6 | 5.6 | 7.0 | 6.1 | 6.4 | 5.4 | 7.0 | 5.0 | 7.7 | 6.4 | 9.7 | 6.3 | 2.0 | 6.1 |

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NATIONAL HEALTH EXPENDITURE TRENDS DATA TABLES

Table B.2.2

Private Sector Health Expenditure, by Province/Territory and Canada
1975 to 2004—Current Dollars

| Year | N.L. | P.E.I. | N.S. | N.B. | Que. | Ont. | Man. | Sask. | Alta. | B.C. | Y.T. | N.W.T. | Nun. | Canada Average |
|--------|----------------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|--------|----------|----------|----------|--------|--------|----------------|
| | (\$' per capita) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1975 | 106.65 | 135.81 | 98.13 | 92.57 | 113.03 | 131.53 | 118.99 | 122.75 | 129.69 | 155.56 | 160.46 | 202.70 | --- | 125.27 |
| 1976 | 154.40 | 131.42 | 120.69 | 97.96 | 118.03 | 143.27 | 125.66 | 135.75 | 139.32 | 185.95 | 192.59 | 209.75 | --- | 137.85 |
| 1977 | 215.42 | 134.19 | 118.59 | 107.02 | 120.15 | 159.90 | 146.30 | 152.08 | 150.57 | 216.69 | 197.19 | 236.08 | --- | 151.96 |
| 1978 | 257.68 | 171.57 | 129.63 | 130.17 | 130.92 | 185.85 | 153.65 | 151.90 | 167.03 | 229.50 | 200.49 | 258.67 | --- | 169.69 |
| 1979 | 288.40 | 258.31 | 150.52 | 168.79 | 139.42 | 216.40 | 182.19 | 165.93 | 185.49 | 241.59 | 229.00 | 271.21 | --- | 190.79 |
| 1980 | 311.79 | 380.69 | 173.28 | 208.52 | 167.36 | 243.21 | 224.54 | 172.83 | 224.89 | 294.53 | 251.86 | 284.92 | --- | 222.57 |
| 1981 | 366.78 | 398.78 | 195.17 | 251.61 | 213.37 | 269.83 | 277.48 | 190.48 | 253.47 | 311.30 | 257.98 | 306.50 | --- | 255.20 |
| 1982 | 380.15 | 407.15 | 231.63 | 296.65 | 232.33 | 317.65 | 301.03 | 206.74 | 332.28 | 328.28 | 276.32 | 311.09 | --- | 291.12 |
| 1983 | 405.01 | 407.23 | 248.37 | 325.09 | 248.87 | 359.84 | 318.16 | 218.66 | 301.41 | 353.45 | 282.66 | 331.49 | --- | 313.74 |
| 1984 | 330.61 | 394.19 | 283.28 | 368.32 | 275.61 | 395.21 | 343.13 | 254.68 | 321.10 | 393.53 | 287.69 | 344.96 | --- | 343.11 |
| 1985 | 340.16 | 414.66 | 322.36 | 378.68 | 315.70 | 430.17 | 383.98 | 324.93 | 345.94 | 412.58 | 278.89 | 361.05 | --- | 377.16 |
| 1986 | 294.15 | 386.13 | 397.71 | 394.24 | 370.59 | 462.71 | 424.97 | 366.97 | 374.58 | 438.48 | 229.51 | 396.69 | --- | 414.11 |
| 1987 | 326.89 | 414.24 | 442.14 | 419.14 | 388.08 | 503.36 | 409.78 | 383.01 | 404.68 | 473.72 | 219.52 | 433.59 | --- | 443.63 |
| 1988 | 342.81 | 437.42 | 468.32 | 452.46 | 416.85 | 540.72 | 395.06 | 359.28 | 482.78 | 512.66 | 196.03 | 490.09 | --- | 477.56 |
| 1989 | 353.75 | 499.18 | 520.32 | 479.28 | 459.21 | 581.43 | 438.77 | 415.71 | 528.50 | 554.42 | 194.61 | 514.33 | --- | 519.92 |
| 1990 | 381.55 | 535.91 | 539.08 | 536.96 | 499.35 | 627.92 | 482.25 | 456.84 | 558.47 | 603.48 | 180.81 | 481.64 | --- | 562.40 |
| 1991 | 427.13 | 589.69 | 566.94 | 593.38 | 540.63 | 674.92 | 513.71 | 489.59 | 580.52 | 640.15 | 210.04 | 529.44 | --- | 603.14 |
| 1992 | 463.99 | 655.88 | 603.05 | 623.91 | 582.66 | 716.54 | 541.56 | 503.84 | 601.71 | 660.58 | 230.03 | 476.22 | --- | 638.49 |
| 1993 | 489.99 | 707.51 | 627.19 | 671.67 | 621.16 | 772.16 | 590.76 | 570.20 | 644.78 | 680.33 | 347.90 | 445.89 | --- | 682.59 |
| 1994 | 521.82 | 722.12 | 656.25 | 692.35 | 644.78 | 804.41 | 611.07 | 597.86 | 658.34 | 685.34 | 331.74 | 408.36 | --- | 706.46 |
| 1995 | 519.99 | 775.94 | 667.35 | 659.17 | 643.79 | 856.11 | 649.44 | 610.14 | 658.82 | 677.94 | 343.47 | 368.48 | --- | 726.40 |
| 1996 | 495.64 | 779.25 | 696.40 | 647.44 | 650.19 | 867.42 | 690.93 | 613.28 | 665.33 | 690.57 | 577.74 | 393.42 | --- | 736.88 |
| 1997 | 513.46 | 808.82 | 742.46 | 729.66 | 681.93 | 914.34 | 744.21 | 664.98 | 753.00 | 728.17 | 540.01 | 386.49 | --- | 783.55 |
| 1998 | 604.55 | 829.29 | 810.18 | 729.30 | 682.86 | 970.78 | 791.40 | 658.15 | 776.58 | 774.29 | 513.18 | 396.65 | --- | 819.26 |
| 1999 | 606.16 | 857.97 | 809.57 | 797.71 | 755.60 | 1,030.32 | 828.24 | 692.23 | 835.59 | 816.57 | 549.56 | 515.19 | 310.31 | 875.61 |
| 2000 | 690.18 | 903.26 | 902.41 | 850.32 | 799.30 | 1,105.51 | 911.87 | 759.96 | 932.28 | 869.02 | 809.49 | 505.20 | 334.66 | 943.19 |
| 2001 | 729.58 | 1,068.94 | 974.22 | 944.95 | 884.44 | 1,178.42 | 964.47 | 858.23 | 1,042.14 | 931.49 | 897.79 | 622.01 | 318.49 | 1,022.56 |
| 2002 | 786.79 | 1,081.87 | 1,096.52 | 1,004.26 | 950.63 | 1,272.59 | 1,063.61 | 877.64 | 1,089.81 | 1,000.99 | 1,071.83 | 667.82 | 332.41 | 1,099.77 |
| 2003 f | 836.70 | 1,122.67 | 1,132.60 | 1,069.75 | 1,017.71 | 1,344.37 | 1,130.79 | 925.34 | 1,175.21 | 1,058.32 | 1,067.96 | 717.43 | 447.78 | 1,167.70 |
| 2004 f | 894.42 | 1,180.00 | 1,210.85 | 1,134.75 | 1,075.99 | 1,401.41 | 1,200.84 | 970.29 | 1,248.91 | 1,113.98 | 1,147.47 | 751.52 | 449.10 | 1,227.73 |
| | (annual percentage change) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1975 | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1976 | 44.8 | -3.2 | 23.0 | 5.8 | 4.4 | 8.9 | 5.6 | 10.6 | 7.4 | 19.5 | 20.0 | 3.5 | --- | 10.0 |
| 1977 | 39.5 | 2.1 | -1.7 | 9.3 | 1.8 | 11.6 | 16.4 | 12.0 | 8.1 | 16.5 | 2.4 | 12.6 | --- | 10.2 |
| 1978 | 19.6 | 27.9 | 9.3 | 21.6 | 9.0 | 16.2 | 5.0 | -0.1 | 10.9 | 5.9 | 1.7 | 9.6 | --- | 11.7 |
| 1979 | 11.9 | 50.6 | 16.1 | 29.7 | 6.5 | 16.4 | 18.6 | 9.2 | 11.1 | 5.3 | 14.2 | 4.8 | --- | 12.4 |
| 1980 | 8.1 | 47.4 | 15.1 | 23.5 | 20.0 | 12.4 | 23.2 | 4.2 | 21.2 | 21.9 | 10.0 | 5.1 | --- | 16.7 |
| 1981 | 17.6 | 4.8 | 12.6 | 20.7 | 27.5 | 10.9 | 23.6 | 10.2 | 12.7 | 5.7 | 2.4 | 7.6 | --- | 14.7 |
| 1982 | 3.6 | 2.1 | 18.7 | 17.9 | 8.9 | 17.7 | 8.5 | 8.5 | 31.1 | 5.5 | 7.1 | 1.5 | --- | 14.1 |
| 1983 | 6.5 | 0.0 | 7.2 | 9.6 | 7.1 | 13.3 | 5.7 | 5.8 | -9.3 | 7.7 | 2.3 | 6.6 | --- | 7.8 |
| 1984 | -18.4 | -3.2 | 14.1 | 13.3 | 10.7 | 9.8 | 7.8 | 16.5 | 6.5 | 11.3 | 1.8 | 4.1 | --- | 9.4 |
| 1985 | 2.9 | 5.2 | 13.8 | 2.8 | 14.5 | 8.8 | 11.9 | 27.6 | 7.7 | 4.8 | -3.1 | 4.7 | --- | 9.9 |
| 1986 | -13.5 | -6.9 | 23.4 | 4.1 | 17.4 | 7.6 | 10.7 | 12.9 | 8.3 | 6.3 | -17.7 | 9.9 | --- | 9.8 |
| 1987 | 11.1 | 7.3 | 11.2 | 6.3 | 4.7 | 8.8 | -3.6 | 4.4 | 8.0 | 8.0 | -4.4 | 9.3 | --- | 7.1 |
| 1988 | 4.9 | 5.6 | 5.9 | 7.9 | 7.4 | 7.4 | -3.6 | -6.2 | 19.3 | 8.2 | -10.7 | 13.0 | --- | 7.6 |
| 1989 | 3.2 | 14.1 | 11.1 | 5.9 | 10.2 | 7.5 | 11.1 | 15.7 | 9.5 | 8.1 | -0.7 | 4.9 | --- | 8.9 |
| 1990 | 7.9 | 7.4 | 3.6 | 12.0 | 8.7 | 8.0 | 9.9 | 9.9 | 5.7 | 8.8 | -7.1 | -6.4 | --- | 8.2 |
| 1991 | 11.9 | 10.0 | 5.2 | 10.5 | 8.3 | 7.5 | 6.5 | 7.2 | 3.9 | 6.1 | 16.2 | 9.9 | --- | 7.2 |
| 1992 | 8.6 | 11.2 | 6.4 | 5.1 | 7.8 | 6.2 | 5.4 | 2.9 | 3.7 | 3.2 | 9.5 | -10.1 | --- | 5.9 |
| 1993 | 5.6 | 7.9 | 4.0 | 7.7 | 6.6 | 7.8 | 9.1 | 13.2 | 7.2 | 3.0 | 51.2 | -6.4 | --- | 6.9 |
| 1994 | 6.5 | 2.1 | 4.6 | 3.1 | 3.8 | 4.2 | 3.4 | 4.9 | 2.1 | 0.7 | -4.6 | -8.4 | --- | 3.5 |
| 1995 | -0.4 | 7.5 | 1.7 | -4.8 | -0.2 | 6.4 | 6.3 | 2.1 | 0.1 | -1.1 | 3.5 | -9.8 | --- | 2.8 |
| 1996 | -4.7 | 0.4 | 4.4 | -1.8 | 1.0 | 1.3 | 6.4 | 0.5 | 1.0 | 1.9 | 68.2 | 6.8 | --- | 1.4 |
| 1997 | 3.6 | 3.8 | 6.6 | 12.7 | 4.9 | 5.4 | 7.7 | 8.4 | 13.2 | 5.4 | -6.5 | -1.8 | --- | 6.3 |
| 1998 | 17.7 | 2.5 | 9.1 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 6.2 | 6.3 | -1.0 | 3.1 | 6.3 | -5.0 | 2.6 | --- | 4.6 |
| 1999 | 0.3 | 3.5 | -0.1 | 9.4 | 10.7 | 6.1 | 4.7 | 5.2 | 7.6 | 5.5 | 7.1 | 29.9 | --- | 6.9 |
| 2000 | 13.9 | 5.3 | 11.5 | 6.6 | 5.8 | 7.3 | 10.1 | 9.8 | 11.6 | 6.4 | 47.3 | -1.9 | 7.8 | 7.7 |
| 2001 | 5.7 | 18.3 | 8.0 | 11.1 | 10.7 | 6.6 | 5.8 | 12.9 | 11.8 | 7.2 | 10.9 | 23.1 | -4.8 | 8.4 |
| 2002 | 7.8 | 1.2 | 12.6 | 6.3 | 7.5 | 8.0 | 10.3 | 2.3 | 4.6 | 7.5 | 19.4 | 7.4 | 4.4 | 7.6 |
| 2003 f | 6.3 | 3.8 | 3.3 | 6.5 | 7.1 | 5.6 | 6.3 | 5.4 | 7.8 | 5.7 | -0.4 | 7.4 | 34.7 | 6.2 |
| 2004 f | 6.9 | 5.1 | 6.9 | 6.1 | 5.7 | 4.2 | 6.2 | 4.9 | 6.3 | 5.3 | 7.4 | 4.8 | 0.3 | 5.1 |

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NATIONAL HEALTH EXPENDITURE TRENDS DATA TABLES

Table B.2.3

**Private Sector Health Expenditure as a Proportion of Total Health Expenditure,
by Province/Territory and Canada, 1975 to 2004—Current Dollars**

| | N.L. | P.E.I. | N.S. | N.B. | Que. | Ont. | Man. | Sask. | Alta. | B.C. | Y.T. | N.W.T. | Nun. | Canada Average |
|-------------|-----------------------------------|--------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|------|-------|--------|-------|----------------|
| Year | (percentage) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1975 | 22.4 | 27.0 | 21.2 | 22.6 | 21.2 | 24.7 | 22.3 | 25.5 | 23.6 | 28.1 | 22.1 | 24.8 | --- | 23.8 |
| 1976 | 27.8 | 24.8 | 22.8 | 21.0 | 19.5 | 23.9 | 20.6 | 24.3 | 22.5 | 28.9 | 23.9 | 23.8 | --- | 23.0 |
| 1977 | 33.6 | 23.4 | 21.2 | 20.7 | 18.4 | 24.6 | 21.5 | 24.5 | 23.1 | 30.4 | 24.3 | 21.4 | --- | 23.3 |
| 1978 | 35.4 | 26.3 | 21.4 | 22.5 | 18.1 | 26.3 | 21.4 | 23.2 | 23.0 | 29.3 | 22.3 | 20.7 | --- | 23.8 |
| 1979 | 34.7 | 32.9 | 22.3 | 25.3 | 17.5 | 27.9 | 23.0 | 22.6 | 21.8 | 28.1 | 22.9 | 21.0 | --- | 24.1 |
| 1980 | 33.8 | 38.5 | 22.5 | 26.2 | 18.5 | 27.9 | 23.9 | 20.5 | 22.9 | 28.1 | 23.5 | 21.6 | --- | 24.5 |
| 1981 | 33.9 | 36.2 | 21.1 | 26.1 | 20.3 | 26.7 | 24.9 | 19.6 | 22.2 | 25.6 | 21.9 | 19.7 | --- | 24.1 |
| 1982 | 31.1 | 33.1 | 21.7 | 25.6 | 19.4 | 27.1 | 23.7 | 18.1 | 23.5 | 24.4 | 18.2 | 14.0 | --- | 23.8 |
| 1983 | 30.3 | 31.1 | 21.5 | 26.0 | 18.9 | 27.5 | 22.8 | 17.4 | 19.9 | 24.7 | 17.5 | 13.7 | --- | 23.4 |
| 1984 | 25.5 | 29.2 | 22.1 | 27.2 | 19.6 | 27.7 | 23.1 | 18.9 | 20.4 | 26.2 | 18.1 | 14.4 | --- | 23.9 |
| 1985 | 25.1 | 29.2 | 23.1 | 26.7 | 21.0 | 27.7 | 24.1 | 21.8 | 20.4 | 26.5 | 17.1 | 14.2 | --- | 24.5 |
| 1986 | 20.9 | 26.4 | 25.7 | 26.2 | 23.6 | 27.1 | 24.6 | 22.2 | 20.5 | 26.4 | 13.2 | 13.0 | --- | 24.9 |
| 1987 | 21.3 | 26.2 | 25.3 | 25.6 | 23.4 | 27.2 | 22.7 | 22.4 | 21.9 | 27.1 | 12.6 | 13.2 | --- | 25.1 |
| 1988 | 21.2 | 25.8 | 26.5 | 25.6 | 23.2 | 26.9 | 21.0 | 20.1 | 24.5 | 27.4 | 11.4 | 12.9 | --- | 25.1 |
| 1989 | 20.6 | 27.1 | 26.8 | 25.2 | 23.9 | 26.7 | 21.4 | 20.6 | 24.7 | 27.2 | 10.7 | 12.6 | --- | 25.3 |
| 1990 | 20.1 | 27.3 | 26.3 | 25.9 | 24.4 | 27.2 | 21.5 | 20.4 | 24.7 | 26.9 | 9.4 | 11.5 | --- | 25.5 |
| 1991 | 21.5 | 27.4 | 26.3 | 27.2 | 24.4 | 26.9 | 22.1 | 21.2 | 24.8 | 26.6 | 9.7 | 11.5 | --- | 25.5 |
| 1992 | 22.5 | 29.1 | 27.3 | 27.5 | 25.3 | 27.4 | 22.3 | 21.8 | 24.6 | 26.1 | 10.3 | 10.6 | --- | 25.9 |
| 1993 | 23.5 | 30.0 | 28.6 | 28.9 | 26.3 | 29.3 | 24.0 | 24.9 | 26.4 | 26.1 | 13.3 | 9.9 | --- | 27.4 |
| 1994 | 24.0 | 30.7 | 30.1 | 29.0 | 26.8 | 30.2 | 24.5 | 25.3 | 28.2 | 25.8 | 10.6 | 9.3 | --- | 28.0 |
| 1995 | 23.3 | 31.9 | 30.1 | 27.2 | 26.8 | 32.0 | 25.2 | 25.4 | 29.6 | 25.4 | 11.0 | 8.3 | --- | 28.7 |
| 1996 | 22.2 | 31.2 | 31.1 | 26.9 | 27.8 | 32.4 | 26.4 | 25.1 | 29.2 | 25.8 | 16.6 | 9.1 | --- | 29.2 |
| 1997 | 21.7 | 32.4 | 29.3 | 29.6 | 28.0 | 33.4 | 27.3 | 25.5 | 30.1 | 26.6 | 16.7 | 8.5 | --- | 29.9 |
| 1998 | 22.8 | 31.4 | 29.7 | 28.5 | 26.4 | 33.3 | 27.4 | 24.1 | 29.7 | 27.1 | 15.4 | 7.6 | --- | 29.5 |
| 1999 | 20.5 | 31.0 | 28.4 | 28.9 | 27.9 | 33.5 | 25.7 | 23.7 | 28.5 | 26.7 | 15.6 | 9.0 | 5.9 | 29.6 |
| 2000 | 21.7 | 30.7 | 30.0 | 28.8 | 27.7 | 33.2 | 25.8 | 24.3 | 29.2 | 26.3 | 19.9 | 9.5 | 5.5 | 29.6 |
| 2001 | 21.1 | 32.0 | 30.4 | 28.9 | 28.3 | 33.7 | 25.9 | 24.9 | 29.2 | 26.0 | 19.0 | 9.6 | 4.9 | 29.8 |
| 2002 | 21.0 | 28.8 | 31.1 | 29.1 | 28.9 | 34.3 | 27.0 | 24.3 | 28.6 | 26.4 | 20.9 | 10.3 | 4.5 | 30.3 |
| 2003 f | 20.6 | 29.0 | 29.9 | 29.5 | 29.1 | 33.3 | 26.9 | 24.3 | 29.0 | 27.0 | 20.5 | 10.7 | 4.9 | 30.1 |
| 2004 f | 21.0 | 30.1 | 30.1 | 29.4 | 29.3 | 32.8 | 27.3 | 24.0 | 29.2 | 28.1 | 21.0 | 11.0 | 5.1 | 30.1 |
| | (annual percentage change) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1975 | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1976 | 23.8 | -8.2 | 7.5 | -7.1 | -8.0 | -3.4 | -7.7 | -4.8 | -4.9 | 2.9 | 8.4 | -3.8 | --- | -3.2 |
| 1977 | 20.8 | -5.5 | -6.9 | -1.1 | -5.6 | 2.9 | 4.4 | 0.7 | 2.6 | 5.1 | 1.7 | -10.2 | --- | 1.4 |
| 1978 | 5.6 | 12.1 | 0.6 | 8.5 | -1.8 | 6.8 | -0.7 | -5.0 | 0.0 | -3.5 | -8.4 | -3.1 | --- | 1.9 |
| 1979 | -2.0 | 25.2 | 4.4 | 12.2 | -3.1 | 6.0 | 7.5 | -2.6 | -5.2 | -4.2 | 2.9 | 1.5 | --- | 1.3 |
| 1980 | -2.7 | 17.1 | 0.8 | 3.7 | 5.7 | 0.0 | 4.2 | -9.4 | 4.8 | -0.2 | 2.3 | 2.7 | --- | 1.6 |
| 1981 | 0.4 | -6.0 | -6.0 | -0.3 | 9.6 | -4.1 | 4.3 | -4.4 | -3.2 | -8.7 | -6.7 | -8.6 | --- | -1.5 |
| 1982 | -8.2 | -8.5 | 2.5 | -1.7 | -4.5 | 1.6 | -5.1 | -7.8 | 5.9 | -4.9 | -16.9 | -29.3 | --- | -1.4 |
| 1983 | -2.6 | -6.2 | -0.9 | 1.4 | -2.2 | 1.2 | -3.5 | -3.6 | -15.3 | 1.4 | -3.6 | -1.9 | --- | -1.6 |
| 1984 | -15.9 | -6.0 | 2.8 | 4.8 | 3.6 | 0.9 | 1.2 | 8.3 | 2.5 | 5.9 | 3.4 | 5.3 | --- | 2.3 |
| 1985 | -1.7 | 0.1 | 4.8 | -1.9 | 6.9 | 0.0 | 4.2 | 15.6 | 0.2 | 1.1 | -5.7 | -1.7 | --- | 2.3 |
| 1986 | -16.8 | -9.5 | 11.0 | -1.9 | 12.5 | -2.0 | 2.0 | 1.7 | 0.2 | -0.1 | -22.9 | -8.3 | --- | 1.9 |
| 1987 | 2.2 | -0.7 | -1.5 | -2.5 | -1.0 | 0.2 | -7.4 | 0.9 | 7.0 | 2.4 | -4.4 | 1.3 | --- | 0.5 |
| 1988 | -0.7 | -1.9 | 4.7 | 0.1 | -0.6 | -1.2 | -7.4 | -10.2 | 12.0 | 1.1 | -9.7 | -1.8 | --- | 0.1 |
| 1989 | -2.9 | 5.3 | 1.3 | -1.6 | 3.1 | -0.4 | 2.0 | 2.7 | 0.5 | -0.4 | -6.5 | -2.6 | --- | 0.7 |
| 1990 | -2.2 | 0.6 | -2.2 | 3.0 | 2.1 | 1.6 | 0.1 | -1.0 | 0.4 | -1.1 | -12.0 | -8.7 | --- | 1.0 |
| 1991 | 6.7 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 4.8 | 0.0 | -1.1 | 3.1 | 3.6 | 0.3 | -1.3 | 3.5 | 0.4 | --- | -0.1 |
| 1992 | 4.7 | 6.2 | 3.6 | 1.1 | 3.5 | 2.0 | 0.8 | 2.8 | -0.8 | -1.7 | 5.7 | -7.9 | --- | 1.7 |
| 1993 | 4.6 | 3.1 | 4.8 | 5.3 | 4.0 | 7.0 | 7.7 | 14.7 | 7.1 | -0.1 | 29.3 | -7.1 | --- | 5.4 |
| 1994 | 2.2 | 2.5 | 5.2 | 0.2 | 1.9 | 3.1 | 2.0 | 1.6 | 6.9 | -1.1 | -20.3 | -5.8 | --- | 2.5 |
| 1995 | -3.1 | 3.7 | -0.1 | -6.1 | 0.0 | 5.7 | 2.8 | 0.1 | 5.0 | -1.8 | 4.3 | -10.5 | --- | 2.5 |
| 1996 | -4.7 | -2.1 | 3.3 | -1.3 | 3.7 | 1.2 | 4.8 | -0.9 | -1.2 | 1.8 | 50.3 | 9.4 | --- | 1.7 |
| 1997 | -2.1 | 3.7 | -5.7 | 10.2 | 0.7 | 3.1 | 3.4 | 1.6 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 1.0 | -6.4 | --- | 2.3 |
| 1998 | 4.9 | -3.0 | 1.3 | -3.6 | -5.7 | 0.0 | 0.3 | -5.4 | -1.6 | 1.9 | -7.7 | -10.6 | --- | -1.2 |
| 1999 | -10.1 | -1.4 | -4.4 | 1.2 | 5.9 | 0.6 | -6.2 | -1.9 | -3.9 | -1.3 | 1.0 | 17.7 | --- | 0.4 |
| 2000 | 5.8 | -0.8 | 5.6 | -0.4 | -1.0 | -1.0 | 0.6 | 2.8 | 2.5 | -1.5 | 27.8 | 5.9 | -6.9 | -0.2 |
| 2001 | -2.7 | 4.3 | 1.3 | 0.5 | 2.2 | 1.5 | 0.2 | 2.4 | -0.2 | -1.3 | -4.7 | 1.5 | -10.9 | 0.9 |
| 2002 | -0.2 | -10.2 | 2.5 | 0.7 | 2.1 | 1.6 | 4.4 | -2.4 | -1.8 | 1.7 | 9.8 | 6.6 | -7.6 | 1.4 |
| 2003 f | -2.3 | 0.8 | -4.0 | 1.4 | 0.8 | -2.7 | -0.6 | 0.1 | 1.4 | 2.1 | -1.7 | 3.6 | 8.7 | -0.7 |
| 2004 f | 2.3 | 3.7 | 0.8 | -0.6 | 0.9 | -1.6 | 1.5 | -1.2 | 0.7 | 4.0 | 2.2 | 3.2 | 4.8 | 0.2 |

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NATIONAL HEALTH EXPENDITURE TRENDS DATA TABLES

Table B.3.3

Public Sector Health Expenditure as a Proportion of Total Health Expenditure, by Province/Territory and Canada, 1975 to 2004—Current Dollars

| | N.L. | P.E.I. | N.S. | N.B. | Que. | Ont. | Man. | Sask. | Alta. | B.C. | Y.T. | N.W.T | Nun. | Canada Average |
|-------------|-----------------------------------|--------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|------|------|-------|------|----------------|
| Year | (percentage) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1975 | 77.6 | 73.0 | 78.8 | 77.4 | 78.8 | 75.3 | 77.7 | 74.5 | 76.4 | 71.9 | 77.9 | 75.2 | --- | 76.2 |
| 1976 | 72.2 | 75.2 | 77.2 | 79.0 | 80.5 | 76.1 | 79.4 | 75.7 | 77.5 | 71.1 | 76.1 | 76.2 | --- | 77.0 |
| 1977 | 66.4 | 76.6 | 78.8 | 79.3 | 81.6 | 75.4 | 78.5 | 75.5 | 76.9 | 69.6 | 75.7 | 78.6 | --- | 76.7 |
| 1978 | 64.6 | 73.7 | 78.6 | 77.5 | 81.9 | 73.7 | 78.6 | 76.8 | 77.0 | 70.7 | 77.7 | 79.3 | --- | 76.2 |
| 1979 | 65.3 | 67.1 | 77.7 | 74.7 | 82.5 | 72.1 | 77.0 | 77.4 | 78.2 | 71.9 | 77.1 | 79.0 | --- | 75.9 |
| 1980 | 66.2 | 61.5 | 77.5 | 73.8 | 81.5 | 72.1 | 76.1 | 79.5 | 77.1 | 71.9 | 76.5 | 78.4 | --- | 75.5 |
| 1981 | 66.1 | 63.8 | 78.9 | 73.9 | 79.7 | 73.3 | 75.1 | 80.4 | 77.8 | 74.4 | 78.1 | 80.3 | --- | 75.9 |
| 1982 | 68.9 | 66.9 | 78.3 | 74.4 | 80.6 | 72.9 | 76.3 | 81.9 | 76.5 | 75.6 | 81.8 | 86.0 | --- | 76.2 |
| 1983 | 69.7 | 68.9 | 78.5 | 74.0 | 81.1 | 72.5 | 77.2 | 82.6 | 80.1 | 75.3 | 82.5 | 86.3 | --- | 76.6 |
| 1984 | 74.5 | 70.8 | 77.9 | 72.8 | 80.4 | 72.3 | 76.9 | 81.1 | 79.6 | 73.8 | 81.9 | 85.6 | --- | 76.1 |
| 1985 | 74.9 | 70.8 | 76.9 | 73.3 | 79.0 | 72.3 | 75.9 | 78.2 | 79.6 | 73.5 | 82.9 | 85.8 | --- | 75.5 |
| 1986 | 79.1 | 73.6 | 74.3 | 73.8 | 76.4 | 72.9 | 75.4 | 77.8 | 79.5 | 73.6 | 86.8 | 87.0 | --- | 75.1 |
| 1987 | 78.7 | 73.8 | 74.7 | 74.4 | 76.6 | 72.8 | 77.3 | 77.6 | 78.1 | 72.9 | 87.4 | 86.8 | --- | 74.9 |
| 1988 | 78.8 | 74.2 | 73.5 | 74.4 | 76.8 | 73.1 | 79.0 | 79.9 | 75.5 | 72.6 | 88.6 | 87.1 | --- | 74.9 |
| 1989 | 79.4 | 72.9 | 73.2 | 74.8 | 76.1 | 73.3 | 78.6 | 79.4 | 75.3 | 72.8 | 89.3 | 87.4 | --- | 74.7 |
| 1990 | 79.9 | 72.7 | 73.7 | 74.1 | 75.6 | 72.8 | 78.5 | 79.6 | 75.3 | 73.1 | 90.6 | 88.5 | --- | 74.5 |
| 1991 | 78.5 | 72.6 | 73.7 | 72.8 | 75.6 | 73.1 | 77.9 | 78.8 | 75.2 | 73.4 | 90.3 | 88.5 | --- | 74.5 |
| 1992 | 77.5 | 70.9 | 72.7 | 72.5 | 74.7 | 72.6 | 77.7 | 78.2 | 75.4 | 73.9 | 89.7 | 89.4 | --- | 74.1 |
| 1993 | 76.5 | 70.0 | 71.4 | 71.1 | 73.7 | 70.7 | 76.0 | 75.1 | 73.6 | 73.9 | 86.7 | 90.1 | --- | 72.6 |
| 1994 | 76.0 | 69.3 | 69.9 | 71.0 | 73.2 | 69.8 | 75.5 | 74.7 | 71.8 | 74.2 | 89.4 | 90.7 | --- | 72.0 |
| 1995 | 76.7 | 68.1 | 69.9 | 72.8 | 73.2 | 68.0 | 74.8 | 74.6 | 70.4 | 74.6 | 89.0 | 91.7 | --- | 71.3 |
| 1996 | 77.8 | 68.8 | 68.9 | 73.1 | 72.2 | 67.6 | 73.6 | 74.9 | 70.8 | 74.2 | 83.4 | 90.9 | --- | 70.8 |
| 1997 | 78.3 | 67.6 | 70.7 | 70.4 | 72.0 | 66.6 | 72.7 | 74.5 | 69.9 | 73.4 | 83.3 | 91.5 | --- | 70.1 |
| 1998 | 77.2 | 68.6 | 70.3 | 71.5 | 73.6 | 66.7 | 72.6 | 75.9 | 70.3 | 72.9 | 84.6 | 92.4 | --- | 70.5 |
| 1999 | 79.5 | 69.0 | 71.6 | 71.1 | 72.1 | 66.5 | 74.3 | 76.3 | 71.5 | 73.3 | 84.4 | 91.0 | 94.1 | 70.4 |
| 2000 | 78.3 | 69.3 | 70.0 | 71.2 | 72.3 | 66.8 | 74.2 | 75.7 | 70.8 | 73.7 | 80.1 | 90.5 | 94.5 | 70.4 |
| 2001 | 78.9 | 68.0 | 69.6 | 71.1 | 71.7 | 66.3 | 74.1 | 75.1 | 70.8 | 74.0 | 81.0 | 90.4 | 95.1 | 70.2 |
| 2002 | 79.0 | 71.2 | 68.9 | 70.9 | 71.1 | 65.7 | 73.0 | 75.7 | 71.4 | 73.6 | 79.1 | 89.7 | 95.5 | 69.7 |
| 2003 f | 79.4 | 71.0 | 70.1 | 70.5 | 70.9 | 66.7 | 73.1 | 75.7 | 71.0 | 73.0 | 79.5 | 89.3 | 95.1 | 69.9 |
| 2004 f | 79.0 | 69.9 | 69.9 | 70.6 | 70.7 | 67.2 | 72.7 | 76.0 | 70.8 | 71.9 | 79.0 | 89.0 | 94.9 | 69.9 |
| | (annual percentage change) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1975 | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1976 | -6.9 | 3.0 | -2.0 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 1.1 | 2.2 | 1.6 | 1.5 | -1.1 | -2.4 | 1.3 | --- | 1.0 |
| 1977 | -8.0 | 1.8 | 2.0 | 0.3 | 1.4 | -0.9 | -1.1 | -0.2 | -0.7 | -2.1 | -0.5 | 3.2 | --- | -0.4 |
| 1978 | -2.8 | -3.7 | -0.2 | -2.2 | 0.4 | -2.2 | 0.2 | 1.6 | 0.0 | 1.5 | 2.7 | 0.8 | --- | -0.6 |
| 1979 | 1.1 | -9.0 | -1.2 | -3.5 | 0.7 | -2.1 | -2.0 | 0.8 | 1.6 | 1.7 | -0.8 | -0.4 | --- | -0.4 |
| 1980 | 1.4 | -8.4 | -0.2 | -1.2 | -1.2 | 0.0 | -1.2 | 2.8 | -1.3 | 0.1 | -0.7 | -0.7 | --- | -0.5 |
| 1981 | -0.2 | 3.8 | 1.7 | 0.1 | -2.2 | 1.6 | -1.3 | 1.1 | 1.0 | 3.4 | 2.0 | 2.4 | --- | 0.5 |
| 1982 | 4.2 | 4.8 | -0.7 | 0.6 | 1.1 | -0.6 | 1.7 | 1.9 | -1.7 | 1.7 | 4.7 | 7.2 | --- | 0.4 |
| 1983 | 1.2 | 3.1 | 0.2 | -0.5 | 0.5 | -0.4 | 1.1 | 0.8 | 4.7 | -0.5 | 0.8 | 0.3 | --- | 0.5 |
| 1984 | 6.9 | 2.7 | -0.8 | -1.7 | -0.8 | -0.3 | -0.3 | -1.7 | -0.6 | -1.9 | -0.7 | -0.8 | --- | -0.7 |
| 1985 | 0.6 | 0.0 | -1.4 | 0.7 | -1.7 | 0.0 | -1.3 | -3.6 | 0.0 | -0.4 | 1.3 | 0.3 | --- | -0.7 |
| 1986 | 5.6 | 3.9 | -3.3 | 0.7 | -3.3 | 0.8 | -0.6 | -0.5 | -0.1 | 0.0 | 4.7 | 1.4 | --- | -0.6 |
| 1987 | -0.6 | 0.3 | 0.5 | 0.9 | 0.3 | -0.1 | 2.4 | -0.3 | -1.8 | -0.8 | 0.7 | -0.2 | --- | -0.2 |
| 1988 | 0.2 | 0.7 | -1.6 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 0.4 | 2.2 | 2.9 | -3.4 | -0.4 | 1.4 | 0.3 | --- | 0.0 |
| 1989 | 0.8 | -1.8 | -0.5 | 0.6 | -0.9 | 0.1 | -0.5 | -0.7 | -0.2 | 0.2 | 0.8 | 0.4 | --- | -0.2 |
| 1990 | 0.6 | -0.2 | 0.8 | -1.0 | -0.7 | -0.6 | 0.0 | 0.3 | -0.1 | 0.4 | 1.4 | 1.3 | --- | -0.3 |
| 1991 | -1.7 | -0.1 | -0.1 | -1.7 | 0.0 | 0.4 | -0.8 | -0.9 | -0.1 | 0.5 | -0.4 | -0.1 | --- | 0.0 |
| 1992 | -1.3 | -2.3 | -1.3 | -0.4 | -1.1 | -0.7 | -0.2 | -0.7 | 0.3 | 0.6 | -0.6 | 1.0 | --- | -0.6 |
| 1993 | -1.3 | -1.3 | -1.8 | -2.0 | -1.3 | -2.7 | -2.2 | -4.1 | -2.3 | 0.0 | -3.4 | 0.8 | --- | -1.9 |
| 1994 | -0.7 | -1.1 | -2.1 | -0.1 | -0.7 | -1.3 | -0.6 | -0.5 | -2.5 | 0.4 | 3.1 | 0.6 | --- | -0.9 |
| 1995 | 1.0 | -1.6 | 0.0 | 2.5 | 0.0 | -2.5 | -0.9 | 0.0 | -2.0 | 0.6 | -0.5 | 1.1 | --- | -1.0 |
| 1996 | 1.4 | 1.0 | -1.4 | 0.5 | -1.4 | -0.6 | -1.6 | 0.3 | 0.5 | -0.6 | -6.2 | -0.9 | --- | -0.7 |
| 1997 | 0.6 | -1.7 | 2.6 | -3.7 | -0.7 | -1.5 | -1.2 | -0.5 | -1.2 | -1.0 | -0.2 | 0.6 | --- | -0.9 |
| 1998 | -1.4 | 1.4 | -0.6 | 1.5 | 2.2 | 0.0 | -0.1 | 1.8 | 0.7 | -0.7 | 1.5 | 1.0 | --- | 0.5 |
| 1999 | 3.0 | 0.6 | 1.9 | -0.5 | -2.1 | -0.3 | 2.3 | 0.6 | 1.6 | 0.5 | -0.2 | -1.5 | --- | -0.2 |
| 2000 | -1.5 | 0.4 | -2.2 | 0.2 | 0.4 | 0.5 | -0.2 | -0.9 | -1.0 | 0.5 | -5.1 | -0.6 | 0.4 | 0.1 |
| 2001 | 0.7 | -1.9 | -0.5 | -0.2 | -0.9 | -0.7 | -0.1 | -0.8 | 0.1 | 0.5 | 1.2 | -0.2 | 0.6 | -0.4 |
| 2002 | 0.1 | 4.8 | -1.1 | -0.3 | -0.8 | -0.8 | -1.5 | 0.8 | 0.7 | -0.6 | -2.3 | -0.7 | 0.4 | -0.6 |
| 2003 f | 0.6 | -0.3 | 1.8 | -0.6 | -0.3 | 1.4 | 0.2 | 0.0 | -0.5 | -0.7 | 0.4 | -0.4 | -0.4 | 0.3 |
| 2004 f | -0.6 | -1.5 | -0.3 | 0.2 | -0.4 | 0.8 | -0.5 | 0.4 | -0.3 | -1.5 | -0.6 | -0.4 | -0.2 | -0.1 |

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NATIONAL HEALTH EXPENDITURE TRENDS DATA TABLES

Table B.4.1

**Provincial/Territorial Government Sector Health Expenditure, by Province/Territory and Canada
1975 to 2004—Current Dollars**

| | N.L. | P.E.I. | N.S. | N.B. | Que. | Ont. | Man. | Sask. | Alta. | B.C. | Y.T. | N.W.T | Nun. | Canada |
|----------------------------|---------------|--------|---------|---------|----------|----------|---------|---------|---------|----------|-------|-------|-------|----------|
| Year | (\$' 000,000) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1975 | 199.2 | 41.5 | 266.9 | 203.7 | 2,531.2 | 3,143.5 | 376.7 | 302.1 | 694.9 | 928.2 | 6.2 | 15.2 | --- | 8,709.3 |
| 1976 | 219.0 | 45.4 | 302.7 | 242.4 | 2,972.5 | 3,612.5 | 449.3 | 364.1 | 811.6 | 1,082.7 | 8.8 | 19.0 | --- | 10,129.9 |
| 1977 | 233.5 | 50.3 | 334.6 | 271.7 | 3,269.2 | 3,929.1 | 497.3 | 410.8 | 879.1 | 1,193.1 | 10.0 | 23.4 | --- | 11,102.0 |
| 1978 | 258.3 | 56.4 | 370.0 | 299.1 | 3,661.8 | 4,229.4 | 524.9 | 445.8 | 1,020.5 | 1,363.8 | 11.4 | 28.1 | --- | 12,269.4 |
| 1979 | 297.3 | 62.5 | 413.1 | 336.7 | 4,088.1 | 4,565.8 | 569.7 | 508.5 | 1,258.2 | 1,556.5 | 12.4 | 27.9 | --- | 13,696.6 |
| 1980 | 336.8 | 72.6 | 474.5 | 395.1 | 4,607.8 | 5,164.6 | 652.8 | 604.5 | 1,510.2 | 1,932.3 | 13.6 | 29.3 | --- | 15,794.0 |
| 1981 | 393.4 | 84.1 | 572.4 | 478.2 | 5,268.2 | 6,069.9 | 782.9 | 709.8 | 1,871.3 | 2,374.8 | 15.0 | 35.5 | --- | 18,655.5 |
| 1982 | 461.9 | 98.5 | 662.7 | 579.6 | 6,101.1 | 7,104.3 | 915.1 | 859.0 | 2,426.3 | 2,720.3 | 22.4 | 51.0 | --- | 22,002.1 |
| 1983 | 515.7 | 109.5 | 728.6 | 627.2 | 6,740.9 | 8,019.2 | 1,021.3 | 965.6 | 2,769.4 | 2,932.2 | 22.8 | 57.8 | --- | 24,510.1 |
| 1984 | 534.6 | 116.5 | 800.3 | 671.5 | 7,165.5 | 8,826.6 | 1,102.1 | 1,022.9 | 2,843.5 | 3,074.8 | 23.5 | 62.0 | --- | 26,243.9 |
| 1985 | 561.4 | 123.0 | 867.5 | 710.7 | 7,577.2 | 9,746.8 | 1,182.6 | 1,101.3 | 3,035.1 | 3,200.6 | 24.9 | 71.9 | --- | 28,202.8 |
| 1986 | 611.2 | 131.7 | 917.0 | 759.2 | 7,715.3 | 10,995.1 | 1,269.6 | 1,223.4 | 3,316.8 | 3,443.3 | 27.6 | 91.2 | --- | 30,501.5 |
| 1987 | 660.0 | 142.5 | 987.4 | 837.9 | 8,257.9 | 12,203.4 | 1,364.8 | 1,264.5 | 3,308.1 | 3,660.8 | 29.4 | 105.4 | --- | 32,821.9 |
| 1988 | 699.4 | 153.7 | 1,071.6 | 900.8 | 8,996.9 | 13,583.0 | 1,464.7 | 1,349.3 | 3,427.8 | 3,978.3 | 33.4 | 147.1 | --- | 35,806.2 |
| 1989 | 751.1 | 163.1 | 1,178.9 | 981.2 | 9,631.6 | 15,079.3 | 1,587.0 | 1,500.2 | 3,792.9 | 4,455.9 | 36.3 | 174.6 | --- | 39,332.1 |
| 1990 | 836.0 | 173.7 | 1,263.6 | 1,057.2 | 10,250.4 | 16,195.9 | 1,742.8 | 1,636.4 | 4,043.8 | 5,043.6 | 38.6 | 187.9 | --- | 42,469.7 |
| 1991 | 861.0 | 189.6 | 1,333.8 | 1,102.1 | 11,213.3 | 17,951.3 | 1,788.7 | 1,658.2 | 4,241.0 | 5,578.3 | 45.6 | 213.9 | --- | 46,176.8 |
| 1992 | 881.0 | 196.2 | 1,356.8 | 1,142.4 | 11,617.6 | 18,810.3 | 1,867.8 | 1,635.9 | 4,506.3 | 6,060.7 | 49.1 | 213.6 | --- | 48,337.8 |
| 1993 | 880.9 | 205.2 | 1,322.9 | 1,154.7 | 11,841.5 | 18,618.2 | 1,856.8 | 1,539.4 | 4,452.2 | 6,424.1 | 58.1 | 218.4 | --- | 48,572.6 |
| 1994 | 902.6 | 200.4 | 1,280.1 | 1,189.3 | 12,007.4 | 18,753.5 | 1,861.9 | 1,560.5 | 4,103.5 | 6,740.9 | 71.5 | 214.0 | --- | 48,885.6 |
| 1995 | 925.5 | 203.2 | 1,302.6 | 1,235.2 | 12,020.3 | 18,549.6 | 1,903.4 | 1,595.6 | 3,904.8 | 7,007.1 | 68.7 | 220.6 | --- | 48,936.4 |
| 1996 | 926.0 | 213.2 | 1,317.7 | 1,234.4 | 11,587.3 | 18,696.5 | 1,922.8 | 1,637.4 | 4,091.3 | 7,186.1 | 67.6 | 215.3 | --- | 49,095.6 |
| 1997 | 968.2 | 213.9 | 1,552.0 | 1,213.9 | 11,901.7 | 19,065.6 | 1,976.6 | 1,749.2 | 4,527.6 | 7,434.9 | 69.6 | 231.1 | --- | 50,904.3 |
| 1998 | 1,049.6 | 229.1 | 1,656.2 | 1,269.1 | 12,925.1 | 20,118.5 | 2,102.5 | 1,856.1 | 4,883.3 | 7,756.6 | 74.3 | 273.2 | --- | 54,193.6 |
| 1999 | 1,195.1 | 242.3 | 1,755.3 | 1,373.9 | 13,220.8 | 21,696.8 | 2,418.1 | 2,009.7 | 5,692.5 | 8,399.4 | 78.2 | 177.4 | 115.2 | 58,374.6 |
| 2000 | 1,246.3 | 258.6 | 1,787.6 | 1,466.0 | 14,127.8 | 23,927.6 | 2,630.2 | 2,091.5 | 6,210.4 | 9,160.2 | 83.8 | 158.1 | 136.2 | 63,284.3 |
| 2001 | 1,343.9 | 286.4 | 1,885.7 | 1,595.5 | 15,131.9 | 25,154.2 | 2,793.9 | 2,267.7 | 7,030.4 | 10,119.4 | 96.2 | 195.0 | 147.1 | 68,047.3 |
| 2002 | 1,447.9 | 344.8 | 2,060.4 | 1,679.2 | 15,896.5 | 27,095.7 | 2,935.1 | 2,395.7 | 7,734.9 | 10,766.7 | 102.0 | 198.5 | 170.9 | 72,828.3 |
| 2003 f | 1,582.9 | 354.1 | 2,271.4 | 1,751.8 | 16,900.1 | 30,271.3 | 3,170.7 | 2,530.2 | 8,288.7 | 11,154.4 | 104.3 | 206.7 | 218.2 | 78,804.9 |
| 2004 f | 1,639.2 | 354.8 | 2,405.2 | 1,874.0 | 17,727.3 | 32,771.0 | 3,347.1 | 2,711.6 | 8,854.4 | 11,217.3 | 109.8 | 209.9 | 206.0 | 83,427.6 |
| (annual percentage change) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1975 | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1976 | 9.9 | 9.4 | 13.4 | 19.0 | 17.4 | 14.9 | 19.3 | 20.5 | 16.8 | 16.6 | 42.9 | 24.3 | --- | 16.3 |
| 1977 | 6.6 | 10.8 | 10.5 | 12.1 | 10.0 | 8.8 | 10.7 | 12.8 | 8.3 | 10.2 | 13.3 | 23.4 | --- | 9.6 |
| 1978 | 10.6 | 12.1 | 10.6 | 10.1 | 12.0 | 7.6 | 5.6 | 8.5 | 16.1 | 14.3 | 14.1 | 19.9 | --- | 10.5 |
| 1979 | 15.1 | 10.9 | 11.7 | 12.6 | 11.6 | 8.0 | 8.5 | 14.0 | 23.3 | 14.1 | 8.5 | -0.5 | --- | 11.6 |
| 1980 | 13.3 | 16.1 | 14.9 | 17.3 | 12.7 | 13.1 | 14.6 | 18.9 | 20.0 | 24.1 | 10.0 | 4.9 | --- | 15.3 |
| 1981 | 16.8 | 15.8 | 20.6 | 21.0 | 14.3 | 17.5 | 19.9 | 17.4 | 23.9 | 22.9 | 10.4 | 21.2 | --- | 18.1 |
| 1982 | 17.4 | 17.1 | 15.8 | 21.2 | 15.8 | 17.0 | 16.9 | 21.0 | 29.7 | 14.5 | 49.2 | 43.8 | --- | 17.9 |
| 1983 | 11.7 | 11.2 | 10.0 | 8.2 | 10.5 | 12.9 | 11.6 | 12.4 | 14.1 | 7.8 | 1.8 | 13.2 | --- | 11.4 |
| 1984 | 3.7 | 6.4 | 9.8 | 7.1 | 6.3 | 10.1 | 7.9 | 5.9 | 2.7 | 4.9 | 3.1 | 7.3 | --- | 7.1 |
| 1985 | 5.0 | 5.5 | 8.4 | 5.8 | 5.7 | 10.4 | 7.3 | 7.7 | 6.7 | 4.1 | 5.7 | 16.0 | --- | 7.5 |
| 1986 | 8.9 | 7.1 | 5.7 | 6.8 | 1.8 | 12.8 | 7.4 | 11.1 | 9.3 | 7.6 | 10.9 | 26.9 | --- | 8.2 |
| 1987 | 8.0 | 8.2 | 7.7 | 10.4 | 7.0 | 11.0 | 7.5 | 3.4 | -0.3 | 6.3 | 6.6 | 15.7 | --- | 7.6 |
| 1988 | 6.0 | 7.9 | 8.5 | 7.5 | 8.9 | 11.3 | 7.3 | 6.7 | 3.6 | 8.7 | 13.8 | 39.5 | --- | 9.1 |
| 1989 | 7.4 | 6.1 | 10.0 | 8.9 | 7.1 | 11.0 | 8.3 | 11.2 | 10.7 | 12.0 | 8.5 | 18.7 | --- | 9.8 |
| 1990 | 11.3 | 6.5 | 7.2 | 7.7 | 6.4 | 7.4 | 9.8 | 9.1 | 6.6 | 13.2 | 6.6 | 7.6 | --- | 8.0 |
| 1991 | 3.0 | 9.2 | 5.6 | 4.2 | 9.4 | 10.8 | 2.6 | 1.3 | 4.9 | 10.6 | 18.1 | 13.8 | --- | 8.7 |
| 1992 | 2.3 | 3.5 | 1.7 | 3.7 | 3.6 | 4.8 | 4.4 | -1.3 | 6.3 | 8.6 | 7.6 | -0.1 | --- | 4.7 |
| 1993 | 0.0 | 4.6 | -2.5 | 1.1 | 1.9 | -1.0 | -0.6 | -5.9 | -1.2 | 6.0 | 18.3 | 2.2 | --- | 0.5 |
| 1994 | 2.5 | -2.3 | -3.2 | 3.0 | 1.4 | 0.7 | 0.3 | 1.4 | -7.8 | 4.9 | 23.0 | -2.0 | --- | 0.6 |
| 1995 | 2.5 | 1.4 | 1.8 | 3.9 | 0.1 | -1.1 | 2.2 | 2.2 | -4.8 | 3.9 | -3.8 | 3.1 | --- | 0.1 |
| 1996 | 0.1 | 4.9 | 1.2 | -0.1 | -3.6 | 0.8 | 1.0 | 2.6 | 4.8 | 2.6 | -1.7 | -2.4 | --- | 0.3 |
| 1997 | 4.6 | 0.3 | 17.8 | -1.7 | 2.7 | 2.0 | 2.8 | 6.8 | 10.7 | 3.5 | 2.9 | 7.4 | --- | 3.7 |
| 1998 | 8.4 | 7.1 | 6.7 | 4.5 | 8.6 | 5.5 | 6.4 | 6.1 | 7.9 | 4.3 | 6.9 | 18.2 | --- | 6.5 |
| 1999 | 13.9 | 5.8 | 6.0 | 8.3 | 2.3 | 7.8 | 15.0 | 8.3 | 16.6 | 8.3 | 5.2 | -35.1 | --- | 7.7 |
| 2000 | 4.3 | 6.7 | 1.8 | 6.7 | 6.9 | 10.3 | 8.8 | 4.1 | 9.1 | 9.1 | 7.2 | -10.8 | 18.2 | 8.4 |
| 2001 | 7.8 | 10.8 | 5.5 | 8.8 | 7.1 | 5.1 | 6.2 | 8.4 | 13.2 | 10.5 | 14.8 | 23.3 | 8.0 | 7.5 |
| 2002 | 7.7 | 20.4 | 9.3 | 5.2 | 5.1 | 7.7 | 5.1 | 5.6 | 10.0 | 6.4 | 6.0 | 1.8 | 16.2 | 7.0 |
| 2003 f | 9.3 | 2.7 | 10.2 | 4.3 | 6.3 | 11.7 | 8.0 | 5.6 | 7.2 | 3.6 | 2.3 | 4.1 | 27.7 | 8.2 |
| 2004 f | 3.6 | 0.2 | 5.9 | 7.0 | 4.9 | 8.3 | 5.6 | 7.2 | 6.8 | 0.6 | 5.2 | 1.5 | -5.6 | 5.9 |

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NATIONAL HEALTH EXPENDITURE TRENDS DATA TABLES

Table B.4.3

Provincial/Territorial Government Sector Health Expenditure as a Proportion of Total Health Expenditure, by Province/Territory and Canada, 1975 to 2004—Current Dollars

| Year | N.L. | P.E.I. | N.S. | N.B. | Que. | Ont. | Man. | Sask. | Alta. | B.C. | Y.T. | N.W.T | Nun. | Canada Average |
|--------|----------------------------|--------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|------|-------|-------|------|----------------|
| | (percentage) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1975 | 75.3 | 70.2 | 69.8 | 73.4 | 74.9 | 71.1 | 69.0 | 68.5 | 70.0 | 67.1 | 38.8 | 43.5 | --- | 71.4 |
| 1976 | 70.0 | 72.2 | 68.4 | 75.3 | 76.7 | 71.7 | 71.4 | 70.0 | 70.0 | 66.5 | 48.8 | 48.5 | --- | 72.1 |
| 1977 | 64.3 | 73.2 | 71.3 | 75.7 | 77.8 | 71.1 | 70.4 | 69.9 | 69.1 | 65.1 | 54.0 | 47.4 | --- | 71.9 |
| 1978 | 62.6 | 70.9 | 72.2 | 73.9 | 78.5 | 69.7 | 70.1 | 71.6 | 69.6 | 66.7 | 53.4 | 49.7 | --- | 71.7 |
| 1979 | 62.8 | 64.7 | 72.1 | 71.6 | 79.4 | 67.9 | 69.2 | 72.3 | 70.6 | 68.0 | 51.7 | 47.4 | --- | 71.4 |
| 1980 | 63.7 | 59.4 | 72.2 | 70.2 | 78.3 | 67.7 | 67.2 | 74.1 | 70.1 | 67.1 | 52.1 | 48.0 | --- | 70.8 |
| 1981 | 63.3 | 61.7 | 72.6 | 70.2 | 76.5 | 68.2 | 67.9 | 74.8 | 71.3 | 69.2 | 53.3 | 48.1 | --- | 71.0 |
| 1982 | 65.9 | 64.6 | 72.1 | 70.7 | 77.3 | 68.0 | 68.7 | 76.0 | 72.4 | 70.3 | 60.3 | 46.2 | --- | 71.5 |
| 1983 | 66.7 | 66.6 | 72.5 | 70.1 | 77.7 | 67.7 | 69.1 | 76.8 | 76.5 | 70.6 | 59.9 | 46.8 | --- | 72.0 |
| 1984 | 71.1 | 68.1 | 71.1 | 68.9 | 76.9 | 67.5 | 69.2 | 74.6 | 75.5 | 69.4 | 62.0 | 49.3 | --- | 71.4 |
| 1985 | 71.4 | 67.9 | 70.4 | 69.3 | 75.5 | 67.5 | 68.5 | 72.0 | 74.6 | 69.0 | 62.6 | 51.9 | --- | 70.8 |
| 1986 | 75.2 | 70.2 | 66.6 | 69.6 | 73.2 | 68.3 | 67.2 | 71.8 | 74.6 | 69.1 | 64.7 | 54.6 | --- | 70.4 |
| 1987 | 74.9 | 70.2 | 63.3 | 70.2 | 73.3 | 68.3 | 68.9 | 71.5 | 73.5 | 68.6 | 65.6 | 58.2 | --- | 70.1 |
| 1988 | 75.1 | 70.0 | 67.6 | 69.8 | 73.3 | 68.5 | 70.8 | 73.4 | 71.0 | 68.1 | 73.0 | 69.7 | --- | 70.3 |
| 1989 | 75.7 | 68.2 | 67.3 | 70.1 | 72.5 | 68.6 | 70.3 | 73.1 | 70.9 | 68.5 | 73.2 | 75.0 | --- | 70.1 |
| 1990 | 76.2 | 67.8 | 67.7 | 68.9 | 71.6 | 68.1 | 70.1 | 72.7 | 70.3 | 68.4 | 72.1 | 76.1 | --- | 69.6 |
| 1991 | 74.7 | 67.6 | 67.7 | 67.6 | 71.7 | 68.5 | 69.4 | 71.5 | 70.0 | 68.6 | 72.9 | 76.5 | --- | 69.7 |
| 1992 | 73.6 | 66.5 | 66.8 | 67.2 | 70.9 | 68.1 | 69.1 | 70.4 | 70.1 | 69.1 | 72.7 | 76.4 | --- | 69.2 |
| 1993 | 72.9 | 65.8 | 65.3 | 66.4 | 70.1 | 66.2 | 67.5 | 66.9 | 68.3 | 69.1 | 73.0 | 76.1 | --- | 67.9 |
| 1994 | 72.3 | 64.0 | 63.3 | 66.4 | 69.4 | 65.2 | 66.4 | 65.5 | 65.1 | 69.1 | 76.7 | 74.8 | --- | 66.9 |
| 1995 | 73.0 | 62.1 | 63.2 | 67.9 | 69.3 | 63.3 | 65.3 | 65.4 | 64.2 | 69.4 | 72.5 | 74.8 | --- | 66.1 |
| 1996 | 74.0 | 62.9 | 63.1 | 68.1 | 68.3 | 62.9 | 64.8 | 65.8 | 64.8 | 69.3 | 61.8 | 73.7 | --- | 65.7 |
| 1997 | 74.3 | 62.9 | 65.7 | 65.4 | 67.1 | 61.9 | 63.8 | 65.9 | 64.0 | 68.7 | 67.8 | 75.3 | --- | 64.9 |
| 1998 | 73.2 | 63.9 | 65.2 | 66.2 | 68.4 | 60.8 | 63.9 | 66.9 | 64.3 | 68.1 | 71.8 | 77.7 | --- | 64.7 |
| 1999 | 75.7 | 64.2 | 66.0 | 66.3 | 66.7 | 61.4 | 65.6 | 67.7 | 65.7 | 68.5 | 72.1 | 76.0 | 81.3 | 64.9 |
| 2000 | 74.1 | 64.4 | 63.6 | 66.1 | 66.4 | 61.5 | 64.9 | 66.5 | 64.8 | 68.7 | 67.9 | 73.4 | 81.0 | 64.6 |
| 2001 | 74.4 | 62.8 | 63.0 | 65.1 | 65.4 | 60.5 | 65.1 | 65.9 | 64.3 | 69.2 | 67.6 | 74.1 | 80.0 | 64.0 |
| 2002 | 74.5 | 67.0 | 62.6 | 64.9 | 64.8 | 60.3 | 64.5 | 66.7 | 65.2 | 69.1 | 65.9 | 73.7 | 80.6 | 63.9 |
| 2003 f | 75.0 | 66.6 | 64.0 | 64.4 | 64.5 | 61.2 | 64.8 | 66.9 | 64.8 | 68.5 | 65.6 | 72.7 | 81.9 | 64.1 |
| 2004 f | 74.5 | 65.6 | 63.8 | 64.5 | 64.1 | 61.9 | 64.9 | 67.5 | 64.7 | 67.3 | 64.3 | 71.7 | 79.4 | 64.0 |
| | (annual percentage change) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1975 | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1976 | -7.0 | 3.0 | -1.9 | 2.6 | 2.4 | 0.8 | 3.5 | 2.2 | 0.0 | -0.9 | 25.9 | 11.7 | --- | 1.0 |
| 1977 | -8.1 | 1.3 | 4.2 | 0.5 | 1.5 | -0.8 | -1.3 | -0.1 | -1.3 | -2.0 | 10.6 | -2.3 | --- | -0.3 |
| 1978 | -2.7 | -3.1 | 1.2 | -2.4 | 0.8 | -2.1 | -0.5 | 2.4 | 0.8 | 2.4 | -1.1 | 4.7 | --- | -0.2 |
| 1979 | 0.3 | -8.7 | -0.1 | -3.1 | 1.2 | -2.6 | -1.3 | 0.9 | 1.4 | 1.9 | -3.3 | -4.6 | --- | -0.4 |
| 1980 | 1.5 | -8.3 | 0.1 | -1.9 | -1.4 | -0.3 | -2.9 | 2.5 | -0.7 | -1.3 | 0.9 | 1.3 | --- | -0.9 |
| 1981 | -0.7 | 3.9 | 0.5 | -0.1 | -2.3 | 0.8 | 1.0 | 0.9 | 1.7 | 3.2 | 2.4 | 0.3 | --- | 0.2 |
| 1982 | 4.0 | 4.8 | -0.6 | 0.8 | 1.1 | -0.2 | 1.2 | 1.6 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 13.0 | -3.8 | --- | 0.8 |
| 1983 | 1.2 | 3.0 | 0.6 | -0.9 | 0.5 | -0.5 | 0.5 | 1.0 | 5.6 | 0.4 | -0.6 | 1.2 | --- | 0.7 |
| 1984 | 6.7 | 2.3 | -1.9 | -1.8 | -1.0 | -0.3 | 0.2 | -2.8 | -1.2 | -1.6 | 3.5 | 5.3 | --- | -0.8 |
| 1985 | 0.5 | -0.4 | -1.0 | 0.6 | -1.8 | 0.1 | -1.1 | -3.4 | -1.3 | -0.6 | 0.9 | 5.3 | --- | -0.9 |
| 1986 | 5.3 | 3.5 | -5.4 | 0.5 | -3.1 | 1.2 | -1.9 | -0.3 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 3.4 | 5.3 | --- | -0.6 |
| 1987 | -0.5 | 0.0 | -5.0 | 0.9 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 2.6 | -0.4 | -1.4 | -0.8 | 1.4 | 6.5 | --- | -0.3 |
| 1988 | 0.4 | -0.2 | 6.8 | -0.6 | 0.0 | 0.3 | 2.7 | 2.7 | -3.5 | -0.6 | 11.2 | 19.8 | --- | 0.2 |
| 1989 | 0.8 | -2.7 | -0.5 | 0.5 | -1.1 | 0.1 | -0.7 | -0.5 | -0.1 | 0.5 | 0.3 | 7.6 | --- | -0.2 |
| 1990 | 0.7 | -0.5 | 0.6 | -1.6 | -1.2 | -0.8 | -0.2 | -0.6 | -0.8 | -0.1 | -1.5 | 1.6 | --- | -0.7 |
| 1991 | -2.1 | -0.3 | 0.0 | -1.9 | 0.1 | 0.7 | -1.0 | -1.6 | -0.5 | 0.3 | 1.1 | 0.5 | --- | 0.1 |
| 1992 | -1.5 | -1.5 | -1.4 | -0.6 | -1.1 | -0.7 | -0.4 | -1.6 | 0.2 | 0.7 | -0.3 | -0.2 | --- | -0.6 |
| 1993 | -1.0 | -1.0 | -2.2 | -1.2 | -1.3 | -2.8 | -2.3 | -4.9 | -2.6 | 0.0 | 0.3 | -0.4 | --- | -2.0 |
| 1994 | -0.7 | -2.8 | -3.1 | 0.0 | -1.0 | -1.5 | -1.6 | -2.0 | -4.7 | 0.0 | 5.1 | -1.7 | --- | -1.5 |
| 1995 | 0.9 | -2.9 | -0.1 | 2.4 | -0.2 | -2.9 | -1.7 | -0.1 | -1.4 | 0.4 | -5.5 | 0.1 | --- | -1.2 |
| 1996 | 1.4 | 1.3 | -0.2 | 0.2 | -1.4 | -0.5 | -0.9 | 0.7 | 1.0 | -0.1 | -14.7 | -1.4 | --- | -0.5 |
| 1997 | 0.4 | 0.0 | 4.1 | -3.9 | -1.8 | -1.6 | -1.5 | 0.1 | -1.2 | -0.9 | 9.7 | 2.1 | --- | -1.3 |
| 1998 | -1.4 | 1.6 | -0.8 | 1.1 | 2.0 | -1.9 | 0.2 | 1.5 | 0.5 | -0.9 | 5.9 | 3.2 | --- | -0.3 |
| 1999 | 3.4 | 0.4 | 1.2 | 0.2 | -2.5 | 1.0 | 2.6 | 1.2 | 2.2 | 0.6 | 0.4 | -2.2 | --- | 0.3 |
| 2000 | -2.2 | 0.4 | -3.6 | -0.3 | -0.4 | 0.2 | -1.0 | -1.8 | -1.5 | 0.2 | -5.9 | -3.3 | -0.5 | -0.4 |
| 2001 | 0.4 | -2.5 | -0.9 | -1.5 | -1.6 | -1.7 | 0.3 | -0.9 | -0.7 | 0.7 | -0.4 | 0.9 | -1.1 | -1.0 |
| 2002 | 0.2 | 6.6 | -0.7 | -0.3 | -0.9 | -0.3 | -0.9 | 1.2 | 1.4 | -0.2 | -2.5 | -0.5 | 0.7 | -0.2 |
| 2003 f | 0.7 | -0.5 | 2.2 | -0.8 | -0.5 | 1.6 | 0.5 | 0.4 | -0.6 | -0.9 | -0.4 | -1.3 | 1.6 | 0.3 |
| 2004 f | -0.6 | -1.6 | -0.3 | 0.2 | -0.6 | 1.0 | 0.1 | 0.9 | -0.2 | -1.7 | -2.0 | -1.4 | -3.1 | 0.0 |

f—Forecast

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Series E
Provincial/Territorial Government Health
Expenditure, by Age and Sex, by
Province/Territory and Canada
(Selected Tables)

NATIONAL HEALTH EXPENDITURE TRENDS DATA TABLES

Table E.1.1

Estimate of Total Provincial and Territorial Government Health Expenditures, by Age and Sex, by Province/Territory and Canada, 1998—Current Dollars

| | N.L. | P.E.I. | N.S. | N.B. | Que. | Ont. | Man. | Sask. | Alta. | B.C. | Y.T. | N.W.T. | Nun. | Canada |
|-------------------|-------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|------------|-----------------|
| Age Groups | (\$' 000,000) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Both Sexes | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <1 | 21.6 | 6.3 | 54.7 | 35.8 | 448.8 | 686.7 | 71.9 | 53.0 | 193.8 | 207.6 | 3.3 | 18.2 | --- | 1,801.8 |
| 1-4 | 17.9 | 5.0 | 30.1 | 27.3 | 254.3 | 471.2 | 43.7 | 53.5 | 127.8 | 160.5 | 3.1 | 16.2 | --- | 1,210.5 |
| 5-14 | 47.3 | 12.2 | 66.3 | 55.1 | 541.7 | 881.4 | 95.2 | 116.1 | 288.9 | 361.9 | 7.1 | 30.1 | --- | 2,503.6 |
| 15-44 | 250.9 | 59.5 | 392.1 | 315.6 | 3,028.7 | 5,481.2 | 536.6 | 511.2 | 1,531.3 | 2,202.9 | 30.6 | 121.4 | --- | 14,462.0 |
| 45-64 | 220.2 | 45.5 | 339.8 | 265.5 | 2,799.4 | 4,166.2 | 404.3 | 331.2 | 960.4 | 1,530.6 | 14.7 | 45.6 | --- | 11,123.5 |
| 65-74 | 154.9 | 33.8 | 277.8 | 206.9 | 2,369.6 | 3,327.5 | 295.3 | 249.4 | 668.8 | 1,120.5 | 6.9 | 19.9 | --- | 8,731.2 |
| 75-84 | 197.7 | 41.5 | 309.6 | 225.1 | 2,273.0 | 3,235.7 | 384.5 | 309.3 | 710.9 | 1,317.2 | 5.0 | 14.7 | --- | 9,024.3 |
| 85+ | 139.1 | 25.3 | 185.7 | 137.7 | 1,209.5 | 1,868.7 | 271.1 | 232.3 | 401.3 | 855.6 | 3.6 | 7.1 | --- | 5,336.8 |
| Total | 1,049.6 | 229.1 | 1,656.2 | 1,269.1 | 12,925.1 | 20,118.5 | 2,102.5 | 1,856.1 | 4,883.3 | 7,756.6 | 74.3 | 273.2 | --- | 54,193.6 |
| | Female | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <1 | 10.1 | 3.0 | 23.7 | 15.5 | 205.6 | 317.9 | 32.0 | 24.4 | 87.7 | 95.1 | 1.5 | 8.5 | --- | 825.1 |
| 1-4 | 8.1 | 2.2 | 13.6 | 12.2 | 118.7 | 231.0 | 20.5 | 24.8 | 59.4 | 71.8 | 1.4 | 7.5 | --- | 571.5 |
| 5-14 | 22.6 | 6.0 | 31.2 | 26.1 | 259.1 | 418.6 | 45.6 | 55.9 | 138.2 | 169.9 | 3.4 | 14.7 | --- | 1,191.2 |
| 15-44 | 155.4 | 37.7 | 250.7 | 198.6 | 1,789.6 | 3,459.9 | 324.1 | 304.2 | 931.6 | 1,338.6 | 18.7 | 75.1 | --- | 8,884.2 |
| 45-64 | 109.8 | 23.0 | 168.5 | 133.3 | 1,375.5 | 2,124.9 | 204.6 | 166.6 | 490.7 | 762.6 | 7.4 | 23.2 | --- | 5,590.0 |
| 65-74 | 73.7 | 17.2 | 137.4 | 103.5 | 1,179.3 | 1,654.0 | 146.6 | 123.4 | 324.5 | 540.0 | 2.6 | 8.8 | --- | 4,311.1 |
| 75-84 | 116.3 | 23.8 | 182.9 | 129.8 | 1,338.7 | 1,870.0 | 226.8 | 176.4 | 413.1 | 759.7 | 3.1 | 8.8 | --- | 5,249.4 |
| 85+ | 102.6 | 17.9 | 133.7 | 98.6 | 876.1 | 1,359.4 | 195.2 | 159.1 | 280.8 | 608.2 | 2.8 | 4.3 | --- | 3,838.6 |
| Total | 598.5 | 130.8 | 941.7 | 717.6 | 7,142.7 | 11,435.6 | 1,195.4 | 1,034.8 | 2,726.1 | 4,346.0 | 41.1 | 150.8 | --- | 30,461.0 |
| | Male | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <1 | 11.6 | 3.2 | 31.0 | 20.2 | 243.2 | 368.9 | 39.9 | 28.6 | 106.1 | 112.4 | 1.8 | 9.7 | --- | 976.8 |
| 1-4 | 9.8 | 2.8 | 16.5 | 15.1 | 135.5 | 240.1 | 23.2 | 28.7 | 68.3 | 88.6 | 1.7 | 8.6 | --- | 639.1 |
| 5-14 | 24.8 | 6.2 | 35.1 | 29.0 | 282.6 | 462.8 | 49.6 | 60.2 | 150.8 | 192.0 | 3.7 | 15.5 | --- | 1,312.3 |
| 15-44 | 95.5 | 21.7 | 141.5 | 117.0 | 1,239.1 | 2,021.3 | 212.5 | 207.0 | 599.7 | 864.3 | 11.9 | 46.3 | --- | 5,577.8 |
| 45-64 | 110.5 | 22.5 | 171.3 | 132.3 | 1,423.9 | 2,041.3 | 199.7 | 164.6 | 469.8 | 768.0 | 7.3 | 22.4 | --- | 5,533.5 |
| 65-74 | 81.1 | 16.6 | 140.4 | 103.4 | 1,190.3 | 1,673.5 | 148.6 | 126.1 | 344.3 | 580.4 | 4.3 | 11.1 | --- | 4,420.1 |
| 75-84 | 81.4 | 17.8 | 126.7 | 95.3 | 934.3 | 1,365.7 | 157.7 | 132.8 | 297.8 | 557.4 | 1.9 | 6.0 | --- | 3,774.8 |
| 85+ | 36.5 | 7.4 | 52.0 | 39.1 | 333.4 | 509.3 | 75.9 | 73.2 | 120.4 | 247.4 | 0.8 | 2.8 | --- | 1,498.2 |
| Total | 451.1 | 98.3 | 714.5 | 551.5 | 5,782.4 | 8,682.9 | 907.2 | 821.3 | 2,157.2 | 3,410.6 | 33.3 | 122.4 | --- | 23,732.7 |
| | (\$' per capita) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Both Sexes | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <1 | 4,151.41 | 4,144.87 | 5,576.59 | 4,518.49 | 5,829.83 | 5,114.21 | 4,988.50 | 4,166.83 | 5,147.69 | 4,804.88 | 8,368.63 | 13,273.94 | --- | 5,215.33 |
| 1-4 | 785.76 | 738.40 | 695.03 | 801.97 | 727.26 | 791.98 | 690.21 | 964.87 | 803.94 | 842.64 | 1,785.84 | 2,737.73 | --- | 792.59 |
| 5-14 | 655.18 | 615.13 | 536.83 | 562.67 | 585.74 | 568.05 | 575.00 | 735.92 | 664.07 | 698.29 | 1,444.11 | 2,146.24 | --- | 612.74 |
| 15-44 | 993.93 | 1,003.95 | 938.99 | 922.66 | 916.35 | 1,059.04 | 1,070.87 | 1,155.04 | 1,093.97 | 1,211.08 | 1,958.89 | 3,558.47 | --- | 1,050.69 |
| 45-64 | 1,746.37 | 1,495.31 | 1,584.39 | 1,546.45 | 1,618.21 | 1,667.59 | 1,700.59 | 1,652.18 | 1,652.13 | 1,695.40 | 2,125.82 | 4,576.29 | --- | 1,657.70 |
| 65-74 | 4,467.59 | 3,609.60 | 4,213.48 | 3,942.10 | 4,400.06 | 4,068.23 | 3,641.14 | 3,294.81 | 4,049.59 | 3,950.69 | 6,598.64 | 13,682.48 | --- | 4,105.02 |
| 75-84 | 9,485.28 | 6,572.55 | 7,143.20 | 6,708.94 | 7,919.99 | 7,062.54 | 6,960.99 | 5,792.62 | 7,640.39 | 7,559.54 | 12,871.80 | 26,351.80 | --- | 7,360.31 |
| 85+ | 24,432.91 | 11,196.28 | 13,362.23 | 12,816.21 | 14,436.36 | 13,723.70 | 14,180.90 | 11,990.66 | 14,109.93 | 16,582.72 | 34,820.71 | 39,762.39 | --- | 14,371.73 |
| Total | 1,943.93 | 1,686.84 | 1,777.22 | 1,690.88 | 1,771.54 | 1,769.90 | 1,848.36 | 1,824.16 | 1,684.21 | 1,947.39 | 2,386.47 | 4,042.11 | --- | 1,797.02 |
| | Female | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <1 | 3,981.81 | 3,988.04 | 4,966.25 | 4,067.36 | 5,495.62 | 4,840.24 | 4,565.36 | 3,882.65 | 4,729.54 | 4,500.16 | 7,942.18 | 12,497.13 | --- | 4,887.46 |
| 1-4 | 729.86 | 687.97 | 644.57 | 748.41 | 695.35 | 794.76 | 663.22 | 916.50 | 771.09 | 778.64 | 1,726.40 | 2,639.41 | --- | 767.88 |
| 5-14 | 640.41 | 614.46 | 517.51 | 547.90 | 574.07 | 553.62 | 564.24 | 727.38 | 652.74 | 673.79 | 1,448.00 | 2,135.45 | --- | 598.28 |
| 15-44 | 1,227.54 | 1,267.67 | 1,198.77 | 1,175.32 | 1,099.99 | 1,343.78 | 1,319.62 | 1,397.01 | 1,363.81 | 1,484.16 | 2,396.38 | 4,588.42 | --- | 1,304.84 |
| 45-64 | 1,748.90 | 1,500.77 | 1,560.81 | 1,549.25 | 1,565.93 | 1,680.11 | 1,713.92 | 1,670.80 | 1,709.41 | 1,694.68 | 2,342.86 | 5,095.48 | --- | 1,654.32 |
| 65-74 | 4,088.31 | 3,472.22 | 3,859.41 | 3,660.34 | 3,986.85 | 3,779.03 | 3,370.35 | 3,105.54 | 3,784.29 | 3,661.51 | 5,769.62 | 13,096.21 | --- | 3,788.52 |
| 75-84 | 9,635.88 | 6,189.96 | 6,933.00 | 6,442.86 | 7,450.74 | 6,785.67 | 6,808.42 | 5,649.45 | 7,501.03 | 7,408.71 | 14,212.85 | 33,856.74 | --- | 7,090.61 |
| 85+ | 26,406.40 | 11,498.69 | 13,544.33 | 13,172.66 | 14,356.76 | 14,151.15 | 14,868.66 | 12,439.93 | 14,493.52 | 17,538.83 | 43,858.58 | 43,810.64 | --- | 14,763.12 |
| Total | 2,199.03 | 1,891.43 | 1,982.05 | 1,894.77 | 1,929.72 | 1,984.94 | 2,084.11 | 2,023.47 | 1,896.18 | 2,170.60 | 2,715.21 | 4,661.99 | --- | 2,000.06 |
| | Male | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <1 | 4,311.33 | 4,303.17 | 6,153.52 | 4,939.23 | 6,145.83 | 5,376.46 | 5,388.52 | 4,443.61 | 5,553.43 | 5,096.97 | 8,780.22 | 14,036.07 | --- | 5,528.60 |
| 1-4 | 838.33 | 784.71 | 743.07 | 851.31 | 757.73 | 789.32 | 715.94 | 1,010.91 | 834.88 | 902.80 | 1,841.19 | 2,829.65 | --- | 816.07 |
| 5-14 | 669.24 | 615.77 | 555.25 | 576.68 | 596.86 | 581.77 | 585.25 | 744.02 | 674.81 | 721.51 | 1,440.47 | 2,156.56 | --- | 626.49 |
| 15-44 | 758.84 | 737.79 | 678.46 | 675.98 | 738.33 | 777.16 | 831.79 | 920.68 | 836.77 | 942.51 | 1,520.39 | 2,609.09 | --- | 801.91 |
| 45-64 | 1,743.86 | 1,489.78 | 1,608.30 | 1,543.64 | 1,672.15 | 1,654.76 | 1,687.15 | 1,633.74 | 1,596.26 | 1,696.11 | 1,944.56 | 4,139.07 | --- | 1,661.14 |
| 65-74 | 4,878.75 | 3,764.30 | 4,629.31 | 4,270.87 | 4,903.62 | 4,401.10 | 3,954.58 | 3,503.75 | 4,336.14 | 4,264.00 | 7,245.48 | 14,185.21 | --- | 4,469.17 |
| 75-84 | 9,278.09 | 7,165.19 | 7,470.04 | 7,108.98 | 8,705.55 | 7,480.47 | 7,192.86 | 5,994.41 | 7,842.49 | 7,775.28 | 11,152.10 | 19,879.41 | --- | 7,771.38 |
| 85+ | 20,189.95 | 10,522.77 | 12,916.10 | 11,998.01 | 14,649.77 | 12,699.69 | 12,673.30 | 11,118.45 | 13,289.76 | 14,622.75 | 20,586.06 | 34,853.88 | --- | 13,457.63 |
| Total | 1,684.67 | 1,474.46 | 1,564.18 | 1,483.19 | 1,608.65 | 1,548.90 | 1,608.60 | 1,622.78 | 1,475.75 | 1,721.78 | 2,076.17 | 3,473.23 | --- | 1,589.87 |

Note: See methodology for age-sex distribution in Methodological Notes section of this report.

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NATIONAL HEALTH EXPENDITURE TRENDS DATA TABLES

Table E.1.2

Estimate of Total Provincial and Territorial Government Health Expenditures, by Age and Sex, by Province/Territory and Canada, 1999—Current Dollars

| | N.L. | P.E.I. | N.S. | N.B. | Que. | Ont. | Man. | Sask. | Alta. | B.C. | Y.T. | N.W.T. | Nun. | Canada |
|-------------------|-------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Age Groups | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (\$' 000,000) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Both Sexes | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <1 | 24.6 | 6.0 | 52.3 | 37.1 | 429.3 | 700.4 | 74.6 | 58.0 | 209.9 | 207.9 | 2.3 | 9.9 | 8.8 | 1,821.3 |
| 1-4 | 22.7 | 4.9 | 30.6 | 28.2 | 239.8 | 501.1 | 53.9 | 54.9 | 149.1 | 160.6 | 2.8 | 8.3 | 8.9 | 1,265.7 |
| 5-14 | 62.0 | 12.3 | 66.3 | 59.5 | 539.5 | 993.1 | 125.2 | 128.4 | 355.4 | 381.4 | 7.0 | 15.5 | 16.6 | 2,762.3 |
| 15-44 | 302.2 | 59.6 | 414.4 | 339.4 | 3,041.8 | 5,946.4 | 646.0 | 553.2 | 1,804.2 | 2,330.0 | 30.7 | 77.7 | 52.9 | 15,598.4 |
| 45-64 | 252.8 | 48.0 | 357.8 | 299.5 | 2,906.7 | 4,560.0 | 485.0 | 364.9 | 1,150.7 | 1,691.1 | 17.3 | 32.0 | 17.9 | 12,183.7 |
| 65-74 | 162.5 | 36.0 | 290.8 | 219.0 | 2,416.4 | 3,500.7 | 325.0 | 264.5 | 761.3 | 1,198.7 | 7.9 | 16.0 | 6.5 | 9,205.2 |
| 75-84 | 208.6 | 45.4 | 332.2 | 243.4 | 2,366.5 | 3,483.5 | 408.1 | 335.6 | 783.6 | 1,440.5 | 6.3 | 11.2 | 3.0 | 9,668.1 |
| 85+ | 159.7 | 30.0 | 210.9 | 147.6 | 1,280.7 | 2,011.6 | 300.2 | 250.3 | 478.3 | 989.2 | 3.9 | 6.8 | 0.7 | 5,869.8 |
| Total | 1,195.1 | 242.3 | 1,755.3 | 1,373.9 | 13,220.8 | 21,696.8 | 2,418.1 | 2,009.7 | 5,692.5 | 8,399.4 | 78.2 | 177.4 | 115.2 | 58,374.6 |
| | Female | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <1 | 11.4 | 2.8 | 24.6 | 16.4 | 200.4 | 322.4 | 33.1 | 28.3 | 96.5 | 95.4 | 1.0 | 4.3 | 3.8 | 840.5 |
| 1-4 | 10.6 | 2.1 | 14.6 | 12.7 | 111.5 | 245.9 | 25.0 | 25.5 | 70.0 | 73.9 | 1.3 | 3.9 | 4.2 | 601.3 |
| 5-14 | 30.0 | 5.9 | 31.2 | 28.2 | 256.2 | 470.9 | 60.7 | 61.5 | 168.8 | 182.1 | 3.4 | 7.6 | 8.0 | 1,314.5 |
| 15-44 | 182.4 | 37.5 | 258.2 | 212.4 | 1,776.5 | 3,675.4 | 383.1 | 328.6 | 1,076.6 | 1,434.2 | 18.8 | 49.4 | 32.2 | 9,465.2 |
| 45-64 | 124.8 | 24.4 | 178.8 | 149.3 | 1,426.6 | 2,326.5 | 244.7 | 183.9 | 580.8 | 871.8 | 8.4 | 16.0 | 8.8 | 6,144.8 |
| 65-74 | 77.0 | 17.7 | 143.0 | 109.1 | 1,196.9 | 1,729.7 | 159.9 | 129.1 | 368.3 | 587.5 | 3.3 | 8.0 | 2.8 | 4,532.2 |
| 75-84 | 120.7 | 26.9 | 197.1 | 140.2 | 1,402.4 | 2,020.7 | 243.4 | 190.6 | 443.2 | 849.3 | 3.8 | 6.6 | 1.3 | 5,646.1 |
| 85+ | 109.5 | 21.4 | 156.0 | 104.3 | 930.1 | 1,466.2 | 218.3 | 171.5 | 330.0 | 709.9 | 3.1 | 4.7 | 0.4 | 4,225.3 |
| Total | 666.4 | 138.7 | 1,003.4 | 772.6 | 7,300.6 | 12,257.5 | 1,368.3 | 1,119.0 | 3,134.3 | 4,804.2 | 43.0 | 100.4 | 61.4 | 32,769.8 |
| | Male | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <1 | 13.1 | 3.2 | 27.7 | 20.7 | 228.9 | 378.0 | 41.6 | 29.7 | 113.4 | 112.5 | 1.3 | 5.6 | 5.1 | 980.8 |
| 1-4 | 12.1 | 2.8 | 16.0 | 15.5 | 128.3 | 255.2 | 28.9 | 29.3 | 79.1 | 86.7 | 1.5 | 4.4 | 4.7 | 664.4 |
| 5-14 | 32.1 | 6.4 | 35.1 | 31.3 | 283.2 | 522.3 | 64.5 | 67.0 | 186.6 | 199.3 | 3.6 | 7.9 | 8.6 | 1,447.8 |
| 15-44 | 119.8 | 22.1 | 156.3 | 127.0 | 1,265.3 | 2,271.0 | 262.9 | 224.6 | 727.6 | 895.8 | 11.9 | 28.3 | 20.7 | 6,133.2 |
| 45-64 | 128.0 | 23.6 | 179.0 | 150.3 | 1,480.1 | 2,233.5 | 240.3 | 180.9 | 570.0 | 819.3 | 8.9 | 16.0 | 9.1 | 6,038.9 |
| 65-74 | 85.5 | 18.3 | 147.7 | 109.9 | 1,219.5 | 1,771.1 | 165.0 | 135.4 | 393.0 | 611.2 | 4.6 | 8.0 | 3.6 | 4,673.1 |
| 75-84 | 88.0 | 18.6 | 135.1 | 103.2 | 964.2 | 1,462.8 | 164.7 | 145.0 | 340.4 | 591.2 | 2.6 | 4.6 | 1.7 | 4,022.0 |
| 85+ | 50.2 | 8.7 | 54.9 | 43.3 | 350.6 | 545.4 | 82.0 | 78.8 | 148.2 | 279.3 | 0.8 | 2.1 | 0.3 | 1,644.6 |
| Total | 528.7 | 103.6 | 751.9 | 601.3 | 5,920.2 | 9,439.3 | 1,049.8 | 890.8 | 2,558.2 | 3,595.3 | 35.1 | 77.0 | 53.8 | 25,604.8 |
| | (\$' per capita) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Both Sexes | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <1 | 4,954.78 | 3,913.46 | 5,485.91 | 4,859.58 | 5,813.55 | 5,281.39 | 5,163.09 | 4,607.22 | 5,517.96 | 4,910.25 | 5,893.13 | 15,053.30 | 13,570.01 | 5,368.16 |
| 1-4 | 1,030.50 | 738.17 | 729.33 | 852.52 | 713.25 | 856.50 | 874.14 | 1,023.69 | 948.42 | 867.94 | 1,700.89 | 2,862.94 | 3,210.41 | 849.64 |
| 5-14 | 894.98 | 625.79 | 542.89 | 616.05 | 583.48 | 633.83 | 755.31 | 828.23 | 815.86 | 739.57 | 1,473.98 | 2,056.59 | 2,512.28 | 675.33 |
| 15-44 | 1,232.42 | 1,012.87 | 1,000.96 | 1,003.60 | 927.23 | 1,141.87 | 1,291.54 | 1,260.83 | 1,271.78 | 1,284.22 | 2,027.16 | 3,706.89 | 4,090.48 | 1,133.17 |
| 45-64 | 1,943.68 | 1,524.10 | 1,614.45 | 1,686.83 | 1,631.43 | 1,768.99 | 1,982.23 | 1,770.24 | 1,888.37 | 1,808.82 | 2,390.35 | 4,564.62 | 5,439.51 | 1,757.41 |
| 65-74 | 4,634.29 | 3,801.47 | 4,387.92 | 4,183.18 | 4,459.49 | 4,268.99 | 4,059.80 | 3,536.21 | 4,527.64 | 4,208.11 | 7,296.50 | 15,364.41 | 15,004.49 | 4,310.68 |
| 75-84 | 10,001.79 | 7,223.43 | 7,582.53 | 7,150.05 | 7,963.31 | 7,336.09 | 7,302.51 | 6,247.99 | 8,149.62 | 8,032.66 | 15,323.01 | 26,373.61 | 21,771.00 | 7,654.31 |
| 85+ | 26,841.05 | 12,659.90 | 14,540.25 | 13,305.52 | 14,654.49 | 14,200.56 | 15,152.10 | 12,469.49 | 15,911.24 | 18,048.53 | 33,632.39 | 48,207.20 | 25,148.67 | 15,128.39 |
| Total | 2,240.44 | 1,777.62 | 1,879.66 | 1,830.31 | 1,805.30 | 1,885.64 | 2,116.48 | 1,980.62 | 1,927.53 | 2,093.92 | 2,539.61 | 4,362.90 | 4,295.87 | 1,919.97 |
| | Female | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <1 | 4,713.63 | 3,791.71 | 5,300.52 | 4,436.63 | 5,574.25 | 4,960.62 | 4,727.84 | 4,627.68 | 5,214.48 | 4,644.11 | 5,240.23 | 13,454.02 | 12,200.02 | 5,079.98 |
| 1-4 | 990.38 | 668.53 | 712.20 | 800.80 | 679.37 | 858.26 | 830.50 | 976.14 | 915.78 | 823.09 | 1,676.76 | 2,787.01 | 3,133.64 | 827.25 |
| 5-14 | 886.93 | 615.56 | 522.03 | 600.46 | 567.74 | 616.46 | 749.71 | 814.47 | 796.90 | 726.53 | 1,471.45 | 2,041.72 | 2,509.65 | 659.40 |
| 15-44 | 1,480.31 | 1,263.26 | 1,245.04 | 1,269.70 | 1,101.74 | 1,420.95 | 1,565.10 | 1,522.93 | 1,558.19 | 1,591.98 | 2,460.10 | 4,842.83 | 5,222.83 | 1,391.34 |
| 45-64 | 1,921.83 | 1,537.95 | 1,602.30 | 1,678.08 | 1,577.20 | 1,781.85 | 1,988.30 | 1,793.77 | 1,928.36 | 1,867.45 | 2,535.63 | 5,024.76 | 5,762.85 | 1,759.08 |
| 65-74 | 4,226.91 | 3,551.66 | 4,013.47 | 3,873.99 | 4,036.54 | 3,963.73 | 3,747.22 | 3,290.13 | 4,236.55 | 3,999.34 | 7,048.52 | 16,297.28 | 16,341.61 | 3,986.99 |
| 75-84 | 9,986.78 | 7,012.29 | 7,405.72 | 6,866.64 | 7,550.52 | 7,089.05 | 7,218.54 | 6,073.86 | 7,810.10 | 8,064.18 | 16,104.16 | 32,665.25 | 24,216.54 | 7,415.58 |
| 85+ | 27,117.61 | 13,061.80 | 15,115.11 | 13,419.04 | 14,610.20 | 14,734.41 | 15,977.05 | 12,863.93 | 16,053.96 | 19,293.33 | 42,583.95 | 56,618.27 | 39,164.26 | 15,565.91 |
| Total | 2,473.27 | 1,994.48 | 2,106.48 | 2,038.18 | 1,965.56 | 2,103.07 | 2,375.30 | 2,194.11 | 2,142.07 | 2,380.92 | 2,866.76 | 5,124.63 | 4,814.48 | 2,134.64 |
| | Male | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <1 | 5,186.02 | 4,028.17 | 5,661.49 | 5,255.93 | 6,040.67 | 5,589.67 | 5,571.49 | 4,587.89 | 5,805.67 | 5,160.95 | 6,559.69 | 16,544.39 | 14,804.20 | 5,642.48 |
| 1-4 | 1,068.56 | 802.73 | 745.64 | 899.97 | 745.55 | 854.82 | 915.85 | 1,069.00 | 979.35 | 910.24 | 1,723.41 | 2,933.25 | 3,283.02 | 870.98 |
| 5-14 | 902.63 | 635.57 | 562.84 | 630.77 | 598.50 | 650.35 | 760.67 | 841.28 | 833.82 | 751.90 | 1,476.36 | 2,071.15 | 2,514.75 | 690.47 |
| 15-44 | 981.92 | 758.00 | 756.10 | 743.13 | 758.55 | 866.46 | 1,029.33 | 1,007.22 | 999.84 | 980.67 | 1,586.71 | 2,630.62 | 3,059.68 | 880.91 |
| 45-64 | 1,965.47 | 1,510.05 | 1,626.77 | 1,695.61 | 1,687.36 | 1,755.80 | 1,976.09 | 1,746.94 | 1,849.29 | 1,750.35 | 2,268.05 | 4,181.24 | 5,159.77 | 1,755.71 |
| 65-74 | 5,074.62 | 4,078.30 | 4,823.64 | 4,543.07 | 4,970.65 | 4,616.18 | 4,416.78 | 3,807.59 | 4,839.22 | 4,430.42 | 7,483.39 | 14,541.20 | 14,113.08 | 4,679.10 |
| 75-84 | 10,022.45 | 7,553.13 | 7,856.05 | 7,574.81 | 8,651.24 | 7,707.12 | 7,430.26 | 6,492.70 | 8,638.51 | 7,987.82 | 14,301.84 | 20,648.79 | 20,263.87 | 8,016.62 |
| 85+ | 26,256.68 | 11,767.07 | 13,123.13 | 13,039.64 | 14,773.30 | 12,940.23 | 13,320.54 | 11,689.62 | 15,602.42 | 15,505.65 | 18,643.73 | 36,374.68 | 16,904.21 | 14,109.49 |
| Total | 2,002.77 | 1,551.70 | 1,643.51 | 1,618.25 | 1,640.37 | 1,662.45 | 1,853.28 | 1,764.89 | 1,716.86 | 1,803.44 | 2,228.33 | 3,654.62 | 3,825.19 | 1,701.04 |

Note: See methodology for age-sex distribution in Methodological Notes section of this report.

NATIONAL HEALTH EXPENDITURE TRENDS DATA TABLES

Table E.1.3

Estimate of Total Provincial and Territorial Government Health Expenditures, by Age and Sex,
by Province/Territory and Canada, 2000—Current Dollars

| | N.L. | P.E.I. | N.S. | N.B. | Que. | Ont. | Man. | Sask. | Alta. | B.C. | Y.T. | N.W.T. | Nun. | Canada |
|-------------------|-------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Age Groups | (\$' 000,000) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Both Sexes | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <1 | 24.8 | 5.9 | 49.2 | 38.6 | 427.8 | 753.2 | 83.1 | 59.6 | 233.0 | 214.9 | 2.1 | 8.6 | 13.4 | 1,914.1 |
| 1-4 | 21.5 | 5.2 | 28.0 | 27.4 | 232.2 | 517.1 | 65.9 | 52.0 | 157.3 | 167.5 | 2.7 | 6.6 | 9.4 | 1,292.6 |
| 5-14 | 59.8 | 13.1 | 65.4 | 59.9 | 546.1 | 1,090.6 | 133.7 | 122.0 | 372.7 | 412.4 | 7.3 | 12.9 | 17.2 | 2,913.1 |
| 15-44 | 303.4 | 62.5 | 409.9 | 353.0 | 3,111.2 | 6,421.5 | 694.3 | 551.7 | 1,923.1 | 2,473.9 | 31.4 | 68.5 | 62.9 | 16,467.2 |
| 45-64 | 272.4 | 52.4 | 385.1 | 327.1 | 3,141.0 | 5,117.7 | 535.8 | 384.8 | 1,295.3 | 1,880.7 | 19.0 | 29.4 | 21.1 | 13,461.9 |
| 65-74 | 180.6 | 38.4 | 289.0 | 234.0 | 2,620.2 | 3,850.9 | 344.2 | 273.8 | 837.3 | 1,288.9 | 9.1 | 14.2 | 7.5 | 9,988.1 |
| 75-84 | 222.0 | 48.2 | 336.3 | 266.1 | 2,626.6 | 3,942.2 | 437.1 | 358.9 | 864.2 | 1,586.3 | 7.3 | 10.1 | 3.6 | 10,708.9 |
| 85+ | 161.9 | 32.8 | 224.7 | 160.0 | 1,422.8 | 2,234.4 | 336.1 | 288.8 | 527.6 | 1,135.6 | 4.9 | 7.9 | 1.1 | 6,538.5 |
| Total | 1,246.3 | 258.6 | 1,787.6 | 1,466.0 | 14,127.8 | 23,927.6 | 2,630.2 | 2,091.5 | 6,210.4 | 9,160.2 | 83.8 | 158.1 | 136.2 | 63,284.3 |
| | Female | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <1 | 11.7 | 2.7 | 23.4 | 17.5 | 198.1 | 342.1 | 37.9 | 27.1 | 109.5 | 99.5 | 0.9 | 3.8 | 5.8 | 879.9 |
| 1-4 | 9.9 | 2.3 | 13.4 | 12.3 | 107.6 | 246.6 | 35.8 | 24.2 | 73.2 | 76.4 | 1.3 | 3.2 | 4.4 | 610.6 |
| 5-14 | 28.7 | 6.3 | 31.3 | 28.6 | 262.3 | 518.5 | 65.0 | 57.4 | 177.1 | 192.9 | 3.5 | 6.3 | 8.1 | 1,386.0 |
| 15-44 | 182.7 | 38.7 | 256.4 | 220.2 | 1,804.5 | 3,964.1 | 409.6 | 326.4 | 1,147.8 | 1,468.6 | 19.1 | 43.5 | 39.2 | 9,920.9 |
| 45-64 | 132.0 | 26.5 | 190.9 | 162.1 | 1,542.5 | 2,609.5 | 271.4 | 194.4 | 653.6 | 919.3 | 9.3 | 14.2 | 10.2 | 6,736.1 |
| 65-74 | 84.6 | 19.2 | 142.3 | 118.3 | 1,299.8 | 1,895.4 | 169.7 | 132.1 | 403.2 | 607.5 | 4.4 | 7.0 | 3.2 | 4,886.9 |
| 75-84 | 130.7 | 28.6 | 204.9 | 154.6 | 1,555.9 | 2,294.9 | 262.1 | 201.8 | 483.6 | 907.3 | 4.4 | 5.4 | 1.5 | 6,235.8 |
| 85+ | 116.0 | 23.0 | 164.2 | 113.3 | 1,034.0 | 1,617.6 | 247.0 | 201.2 | 364.5 | 814.2 | 3.7 | 5.0 | 0.5 | 4,704.2 |
| Total | 696.3 | 147.3 | 1,026.8 | 826.9 | 7,804.8 | 13,488.8 | 1,498.4 | 1,164.7 | 3,412.5 | 5,085.9 | 46.7 | 88.3 | 72.9 | 35,360.4 |
| | Male | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <1 | 13.1 | 3.2 | 25.8 | 21.0 | 229.6 | 411.1 | 45.3 | 32.5 | 123.5 | 115.4 | 1.1 | 4.8 | 7.7 | 1,034.2 |
| 1-4 | 11.5 | 3.0 | 14.7 | 15.1 | 124.5 | 270.5 | 30.2 | 27.7 | 84.1 | 91.0 | 1.4 | 3.4 | 4.9 | 682.0 |
| 5-14 | 31.1 | 6.9 | 34.1 | 31.3 | 283.9 | 572.1 | 68.8 | 64.5 | 195.6 | 219.4 | 3.8 | 6.7 | 9.0 | 1,527.1 |
| 15-44 | 120.7 | 23.7 | 153.5 | 132.8 | 1,306.7 | 2,457.3 | 284.7 | 225.3 | 775.3 | 1,005.3 | 12.3 | 25.0 | 23.7 | 6,546.3 |
| 45-64 | 140.4 | 25.9 | 194.3 | 165.0 | 1,598.4 | 2,508.1 | 264.4 | 190.4 | 641.7 | 961.4 | 9.7 | 15.2 | 10.9 | 6,725.8 |
| 65-74 | 96.0 | 19.2 | 146.7 | 115.7 | 1,320.4 | 1,955.5 | 174.4 | 141.7 | 434.0 | 681.4 | 4.6 | 7.2 | 4.3 | 5,101.2 |
| 75-84 | 91.3 | 19.5 | 131.3 | 111.5 | 1,070.7 | 1,647.3 | 174.9 | 157.0 | 380.6 | 679.0 | 2.9 | 4.6 | 2.1 | 4,473.1 |
| 85+ | 45.9 | 9.8 | 60.5 | 46.6 | 388.8 | 616.8 | 89.1 | 87.6 | 163.1 | 321.4 | 1.2 | 2.9 | 0.6 | 1,834.3 |
| Total | 550.1 | 111.3 | 760.8 | 639.0 | 6,323.0 | 10,438.8 | 1,131.8 | 926.8 | 2,797.9 | 4,074.3 | 37.1 | 69.8 | 63.3 | 27,924.0 |
| | (\$' per capita) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Both Sexes | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <1 | 4,897.58 | 3,940.26 | 5,154.30 | 5,042.98 | 5,824.44 | 5,618.14 | 5,766.00 | 4,809.12 | 6,183.46 | 5,179.08 | 5,765.46 | 12,859.17 | 17,763.86 | 5,645.82 |
| 1-4 | 1,012.99 | 811.33 | 689.47 | 853.04 | 720.93 | 898.19 | 1,095.59 | 1,003.00 | 1,009.82 | 934.08 | 1,743.86 | 2,359.61 | 3,410.27 | 890.11 |
| 5-14 | 897.99 | 676.52 | 543.54 | 631.69 | 591.02 | 688.89 | 806.97 | 804.98 | 854.89 | 805.04 | 1,593.50 | 1,731.92 | 2,572.74 | 711.83 |
| 15-44 | 1,270.28 | 1,070.94 | 1,001.58 | 1,056.61 | 955.64 | 1,219.52 | 1,392.77 | 1,277.58 | 1,341.29 | 1,367.05 | 2,131.79 | 3,317.81 | 4,761.35 | 1,194.66 |
| 45-64 | 2,036.49 | 1,612.99 | 1,688.87 | 1,782.31 | 1,710.76 | 1,920.34 | 2,125.80 | 1,816.17 | 2,025.60 | 1,942.93 | 2,535.32 | 4,050.60 | 6,026.26 | 1,877.93 |
| 65-74 | 5,083.06 | 4,010.85 | 4,333.13 | 4,480.17 | 4,802.92 | 4,679.99 | 4,338.33 | 3,718.59 | 4,887.78 | 4,492.72 | 8,093.41 | 13,181.71 | 17,013.88 | 4,653.81 |
| 75-84 | 10,629.29 | 7,633.35 | 7,597.35 | 7,682.76 | 8,511.21 | 8,019.07 | 7,743.03 | 6,662.09 | 8,698.67 | 8,648.32 | 16,960.81 | 22,691.86 | 26,693.74 | 8,234.98 |
| 85+ | 26,105.52 | 13,409.14 | 14,832.94 | 13,873.02 | 15,513.90 | 15,154.09 | 16,210.24 | 13,870.35 | 16,627.05 | 19,492.62 | 38,099.79 | 54,999.47 | 37,934.47 | 16,091.66 |
| Total | 2,360.28 | 1,894.47 | 1,914.21 | 1,953.26 | 1,920.32 | 2,047.65 | 2,292.36 | 2,075.43 | 2,066.72 | 2,267.82 | 2,755.07 | 3,904.77 | 4,951.77 | 2,062.12 |
| | Female | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <1 | 4,728.46 | 3,599.07 | 4,963.00 | 4,780.53 | 5,572.95 | 5,221.95 | 5,373.38 | 4,448.80 | 5,932.61 | 4,936.94 | 5,196.87 | 11,415.56 | 15,910.04 | 5,323.85 |
| 1-4 | 961.05 | 726.00 | 676.11 | 799.89 | 686.32 | 871.21 | 1,222.02 | 962.93 | 967.15 | 876.92 | 1,711.70 | 2,324.03 | 3,348.67 | 861.02 |
| 5-14 | 883.53 | 657.45 | 532.01 | 621.30 | 580.99 | 671.37 | 801.99 | 779.19 | 835.49 | 774.57 | 1,575.63 | 1,698.54 | 2,529.20 | 694.53 |
| 15-44 | 1,519.19 | 1,315.75 | 1,250.77 | 1,332.62 | 1,129.21 | 1,518.17 | 1,679.49 | 1,537.39 | 1,645.77 | 1,633.81 | 2,565.55 | 4,329.07 | 6,177.20 | 1,457.79 |
| 45-64 | 1,971.34 | 1,619.06 | 1,658.59 | 1,761.02 | 1,654.98 | 1,932.55 | 2,139.33 | 1,842.95 | 2,069.60 | 1,898.18 | 2,671.32 | 4,283.46 | 6,273.34 | 1,864.00 |
| 65-74 | 4,589.84 | 3,808.17 | 3,998.61 | 4,210.88 | 4,365.72 | 4,348.76 | 4,025.65 | 3,431.67 | 4,572.77 | 4,128.72 | 8,947.99 | 14,131.20 | 18,123.91 | 4,294.67 |
| 75-84 | 10,759.06 | 7,471.07 | 7,648.48 | 7,434.40 | 8,110.47 | 7,800.60 | 7,731.69 | 6,421.27 | 8,273.88 | 8,453.48 | 18,730.80 | 24,789.81 | 27,489.51 | 7,982.12 |
| 85+ | 27,540.10 | 13,433.83 | 15,289.14 | 14,074.40 | 15,457.51 | 15,663.32 | 17,226.79 | 14,530.12 | 16,815.06 | 20,821.80 | 50,122.68 | 60,859.47 | 45,677.91 | 16,563.25 |
| Total | 2,604.69 | 2,111.54 | 2,154.65 | 2,180.22 | 2,092.23 | 2,280.18 | 2,590.31 | 2,299.40 | 2,293.90 | 2,501.44 | 3,135.91 | 4,521.12 | 5,556.56 | 2,282.44 |
| | Male | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <1 | 5,058.55 | 4,278.29 | 5,340.97 | 5,284.86 | 6,060.42 | 5,996.81 | 6,141.36 | 5,157.21 | 6,424.22 | 5,407.73 | 6,327.77 | 14,277.00 | 19,471.45 | 5,952.10 |
| 1-4 | 1,062.48 | 891.09 | 702.15 | 901.88 | 753.80 | 924.29 | 975.81 | 1,040.84 | 1,050.14 | 988.14 | 1,775.44 | 2,393.85 | 3,467.87 | 917.88 |
| 5-14 | 911.75 | 694.88 | 554.59 | 641.51 | 600.60 | 705.59 | 811.73 | 829.39 | 873.24 | 833.88 | 1,610.22 | 1,764.36 | 2,613.17 | 728.29 |
| 15-44 | 1,017.74 | 821.72 | 751.51 | 786.46 | 788.30 | 925.74 | 1,118.16 | 1,026.31 | 1,052.91 | 1,103.76 | 1,688.33 | 2,358.26 | 3,453.55 | 938.05 |
| 45-64 | 2,101.82 | 1,606.81 | 1,719.73 | 1,803.72 | 1,768.29 | 1,907.81 | 2,112.08 | 1,789.61 | 1,982.66 | 1,987.73 | 2,418.19 | 3,855.59 | 5,811.47 | 1,892.10 |
| 65-74 | 5,614.33 | 4,236.35 | 4,715.89 | 4,793.75 | 5,328.17 | 5,053.03 | 4,692.98 | 4,032.87 | 5,222.00 | 4,876.01 | 7,416.02 | 12,368.09 | 16,279.42 | 5,059.10 |
| 75-84 | 10,448.99 | 7,884.37 | 7,518.93 | 8,055.85 | 9,169.57 | 8,344.64 | 7,760.08 | 6,999.52 | 9,305.69 | 8,923.14 | 14,818.67 | 20,649.85 | 26,173.05 | 8,615.46 |
| 85+ | 23,071.34 | 13,351.57 | 13,721.31 | 13,406.88 | 15,665.88 | 13,963.52 | 13,932.46 | 12,560.18 | 16,221.76 | 16,779.24 | 21,623.98 | 47,122.10 | 33,202.36 | 14,996.63 |
| Total | 2,109.70 | 1,667.52 | 1,663.64 | 1,721.38 | 1,743.49 | 1,809.23 | 1,989.40 | 1,849.08 | 1,843.99 | 2,031.04 | 2,389.76 | 3,330.16 | 4,400.13 | 1,837.50 |

Note: See methodology for age-sex distribution in Methodological Notes section of this report.

NATIONAL HEALTH EXPENDITURE TRENDS DATA TABLES

Table E.1.4

Estimate of Total Provincial and Territorial Government Health Expenditures, by Age and Sex, by Province/Territory and Canada, 2001 – Current Dollars

| | N.L. | P.E.I. | N.S. | N.B. | Que. | Ont. | Man. | Sask. | Alta. | B.C. | Y.T. | N.W.T. | Nun. | Canada |
|-------------------|-------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Age Groups | (\$' 000,000) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Both Sexes | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <1 | 27.1 | 6.3 | 49.5 | 38.6 | 436.5 | 768.2 | 82.9 | 60.8 | 259.0 | 236.4 | 2.2 | 10.1 | 13.0 | 1,990.4 |
| 1-4 | 21.1 | 6.6 | 29.6 | 28.8 | 228.3 | 506.8 | 69.0 | 54.0 | 172.1 | 174.4 | 3.2 | 8.7 | 11.1 | 1,313.7 |
| 5-14 | 57.1 | 15.2 | 70.6 | 63.3 | 521.0 | 1,121.6 | 130.3 | 129.5 | 412.1 | 473.2 | 8.7 | 18.1 | 19.1 | 3,039.7 |
| 15-44 | 307.8 | 68.7 | 420.4 | 378.3 | 3,289.8 | 6,584.1 | 699.7 | 593.5 | 2,152.7 | 2,714.9 | 35.7 | 85.4 | 69.3 | 17,400.4 |
| 45-64 | 300.2 | 59.6 | 411.2 | 363.6 | 3,400.2 | 5,447.2 | 585.7 | 429.8 | 1,504.7 | 2,052.0 | 23.0 | 36.6 | 22.4 | 14,636.3 |
| 65-74 | 196.7 | 40.5 | 301.8 | 248.7 | 2,789.7 | 4,052.5 | 372.8 | 298.2 | 985.4 | 1,414.2 | 10.2 | 15.6 | 7.3 | 10,733.6 |
| 75-84 | 240.9 | 54.6 | 354.9 | 290.4 | 2,906.1 | 4,265.3 | 484.5 | 392.6 | 968.2 | 1,773.5 | 7.7 | 12.4 | 3.7 | 11,754.6 |
| 85+ | 193.0 | 35.0 | 247.5 | 183.8 | 1,560.3 | 2,408.6 | 369.0 | 309.3 | 576.1 | 1,280.9 | 5.5 | 8.1 | 1.3 | 7,178.5 |
| Total | 1,343.9 | 286.4 | 1,885.7 | 1,595.5 | 15,131.9 | 25,154.2 | 2,793.9 | 2,267.7 | 7,030.4 | 10,119.4 | 96.2 | 195.0 | 147.1 | 68,047.3 |
| | Female | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <1 | 11.4 | 2.8 | 23.3 | 17.1 | 199.5 | 353.7 | 37.8 | 27.9 | 122.5 | 109.2 | 1.0 | 4.7 | 5.6 | 916.5 |
| 1-4 | 9.3 | 2.3 | 13.8 | 13.0 | 106.0 | 235.3 | 38.5 | 25.1 | 79.9 | 81.2 | 1.6 | 4.0 | 5.0 | 615.2 |
| 5-14 | 27.3 | 7.4 | 34.1 | 30.4 | 248.8 | 538.3 | 62.8 | 61.0 | 197.0 | 220.7 | 4.2 | 8.9 | 9.3 | 1,450.1 |
| 15-44 | 186.3 | 42.9 | 265.5 | 235.1 | 1,909.1 | 4,060.7 | 417.9 | 351.1 | 1,277.2 | 1,600.5 | 21.2 | 51.7 | 41.8 | 10,460.9 |
| 45-64 | 146.8 | 28.8 | 202.2 | 182.3 | 1,667.2 | 2,770.3 | 300.3 | 216.2 | 760.0 | 1,019.9 | 11.1 | 17.1 | 10.6 | 7,332.9 |
| 65-74 | 91.3 | 19.5 | 147.1 | 124.0 | 1,394.3 | 2,000.1 | 185.2 | 142.5 | 477.1 | 680.0 | 4.9 | 7.5 | 3.0 | 5,276.4 |
| 75-84 | 137.9 | 32.9 | 214.4 | 168.9 | 1,711.9 | 2,482.0 | 288.8 | 220.2 | 547.3 | 1,030.7 | 4.7 | 6.9 | 1.6 | 6,848.2 |
| 85+ | 142.5 | 25.3 | 182.8 | 129.6 | 1,129.4 | 1,739.9 | 271.3 | 215.1 | 401.2 | 930.4 | 3.4 | 5.1 | 0.5 | 5,176.6 |
| Total | 752.9 | 161.9 | 1,083.3 | 900.3 | 8,366.2 | 14,180.2 | 1,602.6 | 1,259.1 | 3,862.2 | 5,672.7 | 52.1 | 106.0 | 77.4 | 38,077.0 |
| | Male | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <1 | 15.7 | 3.4 | 26.2 | 21.5 | 237.0 | 414.5 | 45.1 | 32.9 | 136.5 | 127.2 | 1.2 | 5.4 | 7.3 | 1,073.9 |
| 1-4 | 11.7 | 4.3 | 15.8 | 15.9 | 122.2 | 271.5 | 30.5 | 28.8 | 92.2 | 93.2 | 1.7 | 4.7 | 6.1 | 698.5 |
| 5-14 | 29.8 | 7.8 | 36.5 | 32.9 | 272.2 | 583.3 | 67.5 | 68.5 | 215.1 | 252.5 | 4.4 | 9.2 | 9.8 | 1,589.5 |
| 15-44 | 121.6 | 25.8 | 154.9 | 143.2 | 1,380.7 | 2,523.5 | 281.8 | 242.4 | 875.6 | 1,114.4 | 14.5 | 33.7 | 27.5 | 6,939.5 |
| 45-64 | 153.3 | 30.8 | 209.0 | 181.3 | 1,733.1 | 2,676.9 | 285.4 | 213.7 | 744.7 | 1,032.1 | 11.9 | 19.5 | 11.8 | 7,303.3 |
| 65-74 | 105.5 | 21.0 | 154.7 | 124.7 | 1,395.4 | 2,052.4 | 187.6 | 155.7 | 508.3 | 734.2 | 5.3 | 8.1 | 4.3 | 5,457.2 |
| 75-84 | 103.0 | 21.7 | 140.5 | 121.5 | 1,194.2 | 1,783.2 | 195.7 | 172.3 | 420.9 | 742.8 | 3.0 | 5.5 | 2.0 | 4,906.5 |
| 85+ | 50.4 | 9.7 | 64.7 | 54.2 | 430.9 | 668.7 | 97.7 | 94.2 | 174.9 | 350.5 | 2.1 | 3.0 | 0.8 | 2,001.9 |
| Total | 591.1 | 124.5 | 802.4 | 695.2 | 6,765.7 | 10,974.0 | 1,191.3 | 1,008.5 | 3,168.2 | 4,446.7 | 44.1 | 89.0 | 69.7 | 29,970.4 |
| | (\$' per capita) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Both Sexes | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <1 | 5,793.88 | 4,514.42 | 5,556.71 | 5,351.10 | 6,083.79 | 5,764.32 | 5,941.66 | 5,138.23 | 6,986.84 | 5,809.77 | 6,789.54 | 15,231.02 | 20,696.89 | 5,989.09 |
| 1-4 | 1,028.67 | 1,064.27 | 752.02 | 921.80 | 736.82 | 881.57 | 1,168.82 | 1,069.64 | 1,118.44 | 1,000.24 | 2,207.36 | 3,229.10 | 3,823.81 | 920.73 |
| 5-14 | 891.25 | 796.67 | 597.07 | 680.48 | 564.10 | 700.62 | 788.75 | 878.46 | 945.98 | 928.59 | 1,949.36 | 2,419.20 | 2,831.25 | 742.23 |
| 15-44 | 1,325.93 | 1,188.59 | 1,041.54 | 1,146.50 | 1,016.35 | 1,232.67 | 1,408.72 | 1,397.30 | 1,485.88 | 1,498.48 | 2,493.49 | 4,120.26 | 5,106.46 | 1,257.94 |
| 45-64 | 2,187.88 | 1,774.93 | 1,752.91 | 1,925.52 | 1,799.22 | 1,975.04 | 2,259.51 | 1,975.14 | 2,243.33 | 2,046.99 | 2,936.11 | 4,825.46 | 6,078.70 | 1,974.89 |
| 65-74 | 5,531.67 | 4,155.87 | 4,488.96 | 4,747.07 | 5,077.69 | 4,895.98 | 4,725.25 | 4,098.00 | 5,655.09 | 4,870.58 | 8,680.28 | 14,312.39 | 16,673.01 | 4,966.92 |
| 75-84 | 11,245.90 | 8,500.99 | 7,947.46 | 8,233.45 | 9,069.68 | 8,364.82 | 8,478.16 | 7,265.33 | 9,390.03 | 9,409.62 | 17,000.36 | 27,540.71 | 27,248.43 | 8,759.76 |
| 85+ | 30,317.03 | 14,171.70 | 15,806.65 | 15,398.01 | 16,366.64 | 15,879.96 | 17,450.33 | 14,546.75 | 17,360.72 | 21,064.91 | 40,438.82 | 57,264.01 | 40,820.00 | 17,085.39 |
| Total | 2,574.65 | 2,095.54 | 2,022.39 | 2,127.69 | 2,045.68 | 2,114.22 | 2,426.76 | 2,267.39 | 2,299.98 | 2,481.20 | 3,192.21 | 4,777.23 | 5,230.23 | 2,193.57 |
| | Female | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <1 | 5,011.80 | 4,350.25 | 5,356.76 | 4,798.14 | 5,747.72 | 5,421.26 | 5,503.44 | 4,853.52 | 6,738.56 | 5,541.56 | 6,419.92 | 14,340.06 | 19,542.84 | 5,655.59 |
| 1-4 | 933.90 | 770.04 | 721.81 | 866.00 | 705.57 | 830.27 | 1,344.63 | 1,028.50 | 1,070.58 | 957.41 | 2,098.58 | 3,005.80 | 3,517.22 | 882.74 |
| 5-14 | 876.14 | 785.95 | 587.44 | 674.13 | 551.11 | 688.37 | 776.03 | 851.50 | 930.28 | 890.05 | 1,974.69 | 2,436.47 | 2,844.49 | 725.64 |
| 15-44 | 1,588.67 | 1,466.39 | 1,313.52 | 1,439.41 | 1,202.81 | 1,535.10 | 1,720.40 | 1,681.34 | 1,816.10 | 1,777.42 | 2,901.07 | 5,115.28 | 6,404.34 | 1,533.01 |
| 45-64 | 2,130.29 | 1,701.90 | 1,703.25 | 1,922.55 | 1,737.88 | 1,982.66 | 2,301.83 | 1,993.14 | 2,293.00 | 2,029.51 | 3,070.78 | 4,915.42 | 6,166.43 | 1,961.87 |
| 65-74 | 4,960.52 | 3,791.86 | 4,132.19 | 4,420.62 | 4,663.78 | 4,578.48 | 4,433.01 | 3,757.35 | 5,319.26 | 4,590.07 | 9,386.18 | 15,072.59 | 17,483.69 | 4,621.47 |
| 75-84 | 11,063.76 | 8,484.63 | 7,947.26 | 8,000.01 | 8,636.05 | 8,170.58 | 8,431.98 | 6,995.56 | 9,065.85 | 9,388.10 | 19,266.33 | 31,922.46 | 30,765.49 | 8,530.06 |
| 85+ | 32,920.40 | 14,560.56 | 16,559.59 | 15,547.14 | 16,251.01 | 16,422.11 | 18,553.33 | 15,166.27 | 17,691.12 | 22,795.12 | 42,760.70 | 56,766.60 | 35,009.25 | 17,645.01 |
| Total | 2,843.04 | 2,313.81 | 2,275.64 | 2,373.91 | 2,231.20 | 2,355.67 | 2,761.15 | 2,504.61 | 2,554.25 | 2,761.37 | 3,518.73 | 5,374.03 | 5,753.79 | 2,431.97 |
| | Male | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <1 | 6,532.47 | 4,659.43 | 5,747.90 | 5,891.03 | 6,398.77 | 6,093.33 | 6,366.21 | 5,407.22 | 7,225.76 | 6,061.63 | 7,145.73 | 16,100.78 | 21,680.22 | 6,306.47 |
| 1-4 | 1,118.81 | 1,347.50 | 780.64 | 973.02 | 766.26 | 931.43 | 1,002.98 | 1,108.31 | 1,163.53 | 1,040.83 | 2,319.31 | 3,449.60 | 4,118.36 | 956.99 |
| 5-14 | 905.55 | 806.98 | 606.35 | 686.46 | 576.52 | 712.31 | 800.95 | 903.98 | 960.83 | 965.13 | 1,925.87 | 2,402.62 | 2,818.89 | 758.03 |
| 15-44 | 1,057.88 | 904.11 | 768.75 | 859.41 | 836.95 | 935.96 | 1,110.42 | 1,122.60 | 1,174.40 | 1,222.85 | 2,068.44 | 3,172.60 | 3,904.18 | 990.13 |
| 45-64 | 2,246.02 | 1,849.26 | 1,803.80 | 1,928.52 | 1,862.46 | 1,967.22 | 2,216.62 | 1,957.26 | 2,194.80 | 2,064.57 | 2,820.10 | 4,749.11 | 6,001.49 | 1,988.14 |
| 65-74 | 6,143.92 | 4,561.45 | 4,890.21 | 5,123.18 | 5,571.82 | 5,250.82 | 5,054.32 | 4,468.70 | 6,011.27 | 5,162.82 | 8,112.10 | 13,669.45 | 16,157.67 | 5,353.87 |
| 75-84 | 11,499.40 | 8,525.93 | 7,947.76 | 8,581.59 | 9,773.15 | 8,651.09 | 8,547.22 | 7,641.87 | 9,847.90 | 9,439.64 | 14,389.10 | 23,513.23 | 24,975.21 | 9,101.84 |
| 85+ | 24,777.69 | 13,243.55 | 14,007.58 | 15,052.88 | 16,677.66 | 14,623.82 | 14,976.57 | 13,306.05 | 16,647.38 | 17,532.49 | 37,180.05 | 58,124.91 | 45,016.66 | 15,790.38 |
| Total | 2,298.29 | 1,866.50 | 1,758.22 | 1,875.75 | 1,854.96 | 1,866.95 | 2,086.77 | 2,027.62 | 2,051.07 | 2,196.85 | 2,876.50 | 4,219.36 | 4,750.39 | 1,950.64 |

Note: See methodology for age-sex distribution in Methodological Notes section of this report.

NATIONAL HEALTH EXPENDITURE TRENDS DATA TABLES

Table E.1.5

Estimate of Total Provincial and Territorial Government Health Expenditures, by Age and Sex, by Province/Territory and Canada, 2002—Current Dollars

| | N.L. | P.E.I. | N.S. | N.B. | Que. | Ont. | Man. | Sask. | Alta. | B.C. | Y.T. | N.W.T. | Nun. | Canada |
|-------------------|-------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Age Groups | (\$' 000,000) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Both Sexes | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <1 | 27.3 | 7.1 | 56.7 | 40.7 | 453.0 | 832.9 | 83.6 | 66.7 | 286.6 | 258.4 | 2.7 | 10.9 | 17.2 | 2,143.9 |
| 1-4 | 21.0 | 8.9 | 33.7 | 29.1 | 232.6 | 533.6 | 68.8 | 57.3 | 191.2 | 175.3 | 3.2 | 8.3 | 11.7 | 1,374.7 |
| 5-14 | 60.2 | 22.0 | 77.4 | 64.0 | 541.2 | 1,187.9 | 131.2 | 130.2 | 455.6 | 479.1 | 8.6 | 17.3 | 20.9 | 3,195.5 |
| 15-44 | 324.7 | 86.7 | 464.7 | 385.5 | 3,301.4 | 6,923.9 | 717.2 | 610.3 | 2,381.7 | 2,834.1 | 36.0 | 84.3 | 79.5 | 18,230.1 |
| 45-64 | 327.8 | 72.6 | 452.2 | 389.9 | 3,479.6 | 5,876.9 | 634.3 | 465.8 | 1,694.1 | 2,253.2 | 24.8 | 37.9 | 26.6 | 15,735.7 |
| 65-74 | 209.1 | 46.2 | 323.8 | 263.0 | 2,828.9 | 4,340.0 | 389.1 | 319.3 | 1,041.1 | 1,495.6 | 11.4 | 15.9 | 8.4 | 11,291.6 |
| 75-84 | 266.6 | 62.0 | 383.1 | 308.5 | 3,467.2 | 4,725.2 | 516.1 | 417.2 | 1,060.4 | 1,896.2 | 9.1 | 14.3 | 4.8 | 13,130.7 |
| 85+ | 211.1 | 39.1 | 268.8 | 198.6 | 1,592.7 | 2,675.3 | 394.7 | 329.0 | 624.2 | 1,374.8 | 6.2 | 9.6 | 1.9 | 7,726.1 |
| Total | 1,447.9 | 344.8 | 2,060.4 | 1,679.2 | 15,896.5 | 27,095.7 | 2,935.1 | 2,395.7 | 7,734.9 | 10,766.7 | 102.0 | 198.5 | 170.9 | 72,828.3 |
| | Female | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <1 | 12.2 | 3.5 | 26.5 | 18.2 | 206.7 | 387.4 | 37.3 | 31.6 | 133.1 | 116.9 | 1.5 | 5.7 | 8.7 | 989.2 |
| 1-4 | 9.5 | 3.1 | 15.7 | 13.1 | 108.3 | 246.5 | 38.8 | 27.9 | 90.1 | 81.7 | 1.7 | 4.0 | 5.4 | 645.8 |
| 5-14 | 28.6 | 9.3 | 36.8 | 30.5 | 258.4 | 571.4 | 64.0 | 61.7 | 216.8 | 223.4 | 4.3 | 8.7 | 10.4 | 1,524.5 |
| 15-44 | 196.8 | 52.1 | 288.3 | 240.6 | 1,917.9 | 4,251.1 | 430.7 | 365.6 | 1,409.8 | 1,683.7 | 21.4 | 51.2 | 48.3 | 10,957.6 |
| 45-64 | 160.2 | 36.7 | 225.6 | 192.9 | 1,692.3 | 2,932.6 | 324.6 | 234.8 | 849.3 | 1,136.2 | 12.2 | 18.3 | 13.0 | 7,828.7 |
| 65-74 | 99.9 | 22.6 | 157.1 | 130.4 | 1,306.8 | 2,102.1 | 194.0 | 151.6 | 502.5 | 721.3 | 5.6 | 7.8 | 3.4 | 5,405.1 |
| 75-84 | 156.4 | 36.8 | 228.6 | 178.6 | 1,991.8 | 2,633.4 | 304.6 | 235.0 | 593.2 | 1,102.5 | 5.3 | 7.9 | 2.0 | 7,476.3 |
| 85+ | 155.6 | 27.8 | 198.9 | 139.6 | 1,152.6 | 1,853.7 | 290.4 | 229.2 | 432.1 | 996.2 | 3.9 | 6.0 | 0.7 | 5,486.6 |
| Total | 819.2 | 192.0 | 1,177.5 | 944.0 | 8,634.8 | 14,978.2 | 1,684.5 | 1,337.4 | 4,226.9 | 6,062.0 | 56.0 | 109.7 | 91.9 | 40,314.0 |
| | Male | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <1 | 15.1 | 3.6 | 30.2 | 22.5 | 246.3 | 445.6 | 46.3 | 35.1 | 153.6 | 141.5 | 1.3 | 5.2 | 8.5 | 1,154.7 |
| 1-4 | 11.5 | 5.9 | 18.0 | 16.0 | 124.3 | 287.2 | 30.0 | 29.4 | 101.1 | 93.6 | 1.5 | 4.2 | 6.2 | 728.9 |
| 5-14 | 31.6 | 12.7 | 40.6 | 33.5 | 282.7 | 616.5 | 67.2 | 68.4 | 238.8 | 255.6 | 4.3 | 8.6 | 10.5 | 1,671.0 |
| 15-44 | 128.0 | 34.6 | 176.4 | 145.0 | 1,383.4 | 2,672.8 | 286.5 | 244.7 | 971.8 | 1,150.4 | 14.6 | 33.1 | 31.2 | 7,272.4 |
| 45-64 | 167.6 | 35.9 | 226.6 | 196.9 | 1,787.2 | 2,944.3 | 309.7 | 231.0 | 844.8 | 1,117.0 | 12.7 | 19.6 | 13.6 | 7,907.0 |
| 65-74 | 109.2 | 23.6 | 166.7 | 132.5 | 1,522.1 | 2,237.9 | 195.1 | 167.7 | 538.6 | 774.3 | 5.8 | 8.1 | 5.0 | 5,886.6 |
| 75-84 | 110.2 | 25.2 | 154.5 | 129.9 | 1,475.4 | 2,091.8 | 211.6 | 182.2 | 467.2 | 793.7 | 3.7 | 6.4 | 2.7 | 5,654.4 |
| 85+ | 55.6 | 11.3 | 69.9 | 59.0 | 440.2 | 821.6 | 104.3 | 99.8 | 192.1 | 378.6 | 2.2 | 3.6 | 1.3 | 2,239.5 |
| Total | 628.6 | 152.8 | 883.0 | 735.2 | 7,261.6 | 12,117.5 | 1,250.6 | 1,058.3 | 3,508.0 | 4,704.7 | 46.0 | 88.8 | 79.1 | 32,514.4 |
| | (\$' per capita) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Both Sexes | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <1 | 5,798.78 | 5,401.45 | 6,539.02 | 5,805.83 | 6,249.81 | 6,472.23 | 6,113.40 | 5,580.75 | 7,586.13 | 6,534.13 | 8,372.26 | 17,200.86 | 25,175.12 | 6,546.52 |
| 1-4 | 1,059.95 | 1,496.74 | 885.88 | 951.55 | 773.03 | 936.46 | 1,189.57 | 1,168.39 | 1,240.74 | 1,030.94 | 2,294.66 | 3,128.72 | 4,206.72 | 979.87 |
| 5-14 | 968.66 | 1,174.07 | 666.32 | 699.72 | 586.59 | 735.21 | 797.78 | 900.34 | 1,047.62 | 947.69 | 1,982.47 | 2,304.64 | 3,038.30 | 780.35 |
| 15-44 | 1,426.77 | 1,508.79 | 1,159.40 | 1,183.39 | 1,026.03 | 1,280.34 | 1,448.47 | 1,456.44 | 1,623.31 | 1,564.89 | 2,550.13 | 4,014.33 | 5,711.99 | 1,313.53 |
| 45-64 | 2,328.04 | 2,100.32 | 1,868.75 | 2,000.48 | 1,784.23 | 2,055.02 | 2,377.02 | 2,085.63 | 2,406.07 | 2,168.80 | 3,054.57 | 4,767.46 | 6,874.14 | 2,050.16 |
| 65-74 | 5,829.84 | 4,675.99 | 4,773.80 | 4,986.47 | 5,128.86 | 5,203.38 | 4,977.23 | 4,433.25 | 5,884.31 | 5,102.92 | 9,293.83 | 14,315.12 | 18,753.29 | 5,191.74 |
| 75-84 | 12,150.99 | 9,541.06 | 8,540.47 | 8,672.66 | 10,459.74 | 8,929.79 | 8,936.78 | 7,724.58 | 9,932.69 | 9,774.58 | 18,900.69 | 29,552.95 | 35,919.36 | 9,493.61 |
| 85+ | 32,203.33 | 15,998.70 | 16,581.11 | 16,105.28 | 16,097.97 | 17,052.25 | 18,273.93 | 14,987.36 | 18,040.79 | 21,725.05 | 46,615.40 | 66,231.08 | 51,536.43 | 17,756.18 |
| Total | 2,787.37 | 2,518.06 | 2,204.82 | 2,237.96 | 2,134.97 | 2,238.94 | 2,539.94 | 2,405.61 | 2,482.05 | 2,616.18 | 3,383.97 | 4,784.63 | 5,947.60 | 2,321.40 |
| | Female | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <1 | 5,196.62 | 5,200.90 | 6,189.78 | 5,429.75 | 5,851.92 | 6,170.19 | 5,613.39 | 5,411.99 | 7,169.42 | 6,098.54 | 9,915.06 | 17,862.15 | 25,858.73 | 6,191.08 |
| 1-4 | 984.87 | 1,056.29 | 841.60 | 883.49 | 741.69 | 878.69 | 1,375.24 | 1,171.93 | 1,200.66 | 987.06 | 2,301.18 | 3,037.32 | 4,065.60 | 941.71 |
| 5-14 | 947.35 | 1,014.87 | 647.18 | 688.91 | 573.67 | 723.51 | 795.83 | 879.58 | 1,026.55 | 909.55 | 2,053.70 | 2,376.73 | 3,128.06 | 763.26 |
| 15-44 | 1,710.88 | 1,791.01 | 1,438.69 | 1,492.30 | 1,216.27 | 1,587.37 | 1,778.16 | 1,773.07 | 1,981.05 | 1,868.58 | 2,966.86 | 5,016.10 | 7,178.52 | 1,600.58 |
| 45-64 | 2,260.51 | 2,095.93 | 1,843.34 | 1,968.84 | 1,710.31 | 2,022.88 | 2,418.83 | 2,112.43 | 2,442.42 | 2,176.82 | 3,212.87 | 4,975.89 | 7,107.99 | 2,021.73 |
| 65-74 | 5,390.97 | 4,366.83 | 4,408.32 | 4,650.53 | 4,369.72 | 4,786.32 | 4,700.14 | 4,027.67 | 5,518.93 | 4,833.52 | 10,236.39 | 15,443.10 | 20,065.77 | 4,716.33 |
| 75-84 | 12,335.74 | 9,341.13 | 8,443.75 | 8,357.64 | 9,771.45 | 8,399.77 | 8,822.21 | 7,500.39 | 9,552.99 | 9,828.40 | 20,794.48 | 32,910.98 | 39,195.57 | 9,083.11 |
| 85+ | 34,631.27 | 16,210.36 | 17,433.06 | 16,263.08 | 15,979.48 | 16,977.88 | 19,367.77 | 15,565.56 | 18,262.90 | 23,437.10 | 52,296.31 | 64,795.82 | 50,422.69 | 18,073.34 |
| Total | 3,105.20 | 2,734.27 | 2,470.26 | 2,486.15 | 2,288.44 | 2,446.32 | 2,891.53 | 2,670.19 | 2,742.97 | 2,922.10 | 3,764.54 | 5,470.81 | 6,663.54 | 2,546.04 |
| | Male | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <1 | 6,397.38 | 5,611.66 | 6,879.37 | 6,151.22 | 6,627.94 | 6,759.94 | 6,586.87 | 5,741.82 | 7,988.38 | 6,943.80 | 7,064.80 | 16,529.00 | 24,515.15 | 6,885.15 |
| 1-4 | 1,131.54 | 1,915.75 | 928.43 | 1,015.60 | 802.57 | 992.46 | 1,012.69 | 1,165.04 | 1,278.80 | 1,072.58 | 2,287.63 | 3,220.80 | 4,337.64 | 1,016.37 |
| 5-14 | 988.82 | 1,326.38 | 684.66 | 709.89 | 598.93 | 746.40 | 799.64 | 919.93 | 1,067.50 | 983.75 | 1,915.64 | 2,235.63 | 2,953.98 | 796.63 |
| 15-44 | 1,136.50 | 1,219.27 | 880.16 | 880.85 | 843.19 | 979.12 | 1,132.71 | 1,149.65 | 1,286.33 | 1,264.18 | 2,113.02 | 3,066.51 | 4,340.90 | 1,034.10 |
| 45-64 | 2,396.49 | 2,104.83 | 1,894.77 | 2,032.49 | 1,860.36 | 2,088.06 | 2,334.73 | 2,059.08 | 2,370.60 | 2,160.70 | 2,916.57 | 4,587.99 | 6,665.21 | 2,079.11 |
| 65-74 | 6,298.80 | 5,016.29 | 5,178.31 | 5,368.11 | 6,027.97 | 5,667.23 | 5,287.17 | 4,877.06 | 6,271.74 | 5,382.34 | 8,528.08 | 13,375.13 | 17,950.69 | 5,721.27 |
| 75-84 | 11,897.98 | 9,849.48 | 8,687.73 | 9,146.84 | 11,558.96 | 9,700.39 | 9,107.03 | 8,034.38 | 10,460.59 | 9,700.78 | 16,718.16 | 26,263.46 | 33,816.12 | 10,096.96 |
| 85+ | 26,919.28 | 15,502.79 | 14,558.15 | 15,743.88 | 16,416.71 | 17,222.48 | 15,790.80 | 13,809.14 | 17,560.50 | 18,222.26 | 39,140.51 | 68,797.98 | 52,139.70 | 17,024.25 |
| Total | 2,459.32 | 2,290.55 | 1,928.47 | 1,983.70 | 1,977.29 | 2,026.58 | 2,182.50 | 2,137.89 | 2,226.83 | 2,305.23 | 3,013.55 | 4,142.90 | 5,287.45 | 2,092.49 |

Note: See methodology for age-sex distribution in Methodological Notes section of this report.

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taking health information further
à l'avant-garde de l'information sur la santé