DISCOVER YOUR ESTUARY INVESTIGATION SHEETS: JUST PHOTOCOPY AND GO!

In this section, we have provided a number of ready-to-use Activity Sheets that allow you to just photocopy the quantities you need—one per person or one per group—and go! We recommend that you take a copy of the "Discover Your Estuary" Book with you for reference. Usually there is helpful background information in the Book to supplement the Activity Sheets.

Every scientist has a field form or book for measurements and observations.

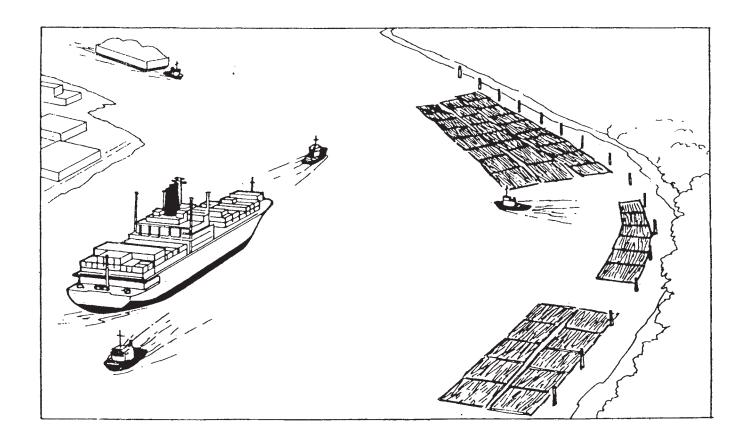


The "Safari" sheets (#'s 2, 4, 5, 6, 7, and 10) are like "treasure hunts": kids of all ages can use them to practise their observation skills and record their observations.

The "Micro-habitat Observation" sheets (#'s 1, 3, and 8) suggest in depth studies that will require patience and perhaps some demonstration and practice. The most elaborate study is found on Investigation Sheet #3, "Tideflat micro-habitat study". You can read more detailed instructions in the Book and in the Salt marsh and Tideflat chapter. There are two "general" observation sheets that can be used for many purposes, and in any area of the estuary, #9 AND #11.

Investigation Sheet #9 encourages free-form exploration; and it is designed to fold into a small square that fits into a kid's pocket easily. On this rainy day each of the students can use a small square of corrugated cardboard as a "clipboard", and keep the sheet dry inside a ziplock baggie.

Investigation Sheet #11 encourages kids to think about how humans are changing the estuary. There are three chapters in the Book that give background information on human effects on the estuary; you may want to use some of this material in preparation for the field trip, and there is a wealth of information in these chapters for students to do their own research, before or after the field trip.





LIFE IN A BACK-YARD Micro-habitat Observation Sheet

Locate a micro-habitat in a back-yard, school-yard or park. This could be a log, a flower-bed, a bush, under a rock, a stump, even a concrete surface.



Book pp. 62-63

Where is your micro-habitat? Record the location.	
Describe or draw the animals and plants you see here:	,
	_
Why do they want to live here?	
	_



...AND draw pictures of, or describe, other organisms you find:

NOTES FOR PARENT AND TEACHER on Investigation Sheet #3

Quadrate are used to sample a known surface area. Digging out the top 2" of the quadrat reveals a living "mud carpet", since Invertebrates are found under the surface of the mud. Illustrations and further instructions can be found on pages 45 and 46 of the Book; and see Suggested Readings, pp. 118-120.

Unless it is a piece of human waste (eg., styrofoam) or nonliving matter (eg., pebbles) everything the treasure hunters find can be categorized as follows:

ANIMAL PLANT Molluscs are either algae mats • bivalves (pair of hinged shells; looks like a clam) (described on page 46 of the Book) gastropods (single shell, usually spiral) Crustaceans (insect-like animals with exterior shell and legs) Marine Worms (small, usually have bristles) dead creatures plant detritus (e.g., leaves, sticks, stems, pieces of shell decayed matter) fecal casts animal body parts footprints droppings other evidence of the presence of animals

Classification is an important science skill!

LIFE BENEATH THE TIDEFLAT Observation Sheet for a Tideflat Quadrat





Book pp. 45-46

As described on pages 45 and 46 of the Book, dig up a "square core" of mud and record your observations here:

	tion of quadrat: nsions of mud dug u	p: x (length)	× (width)	(depth)	·
Reco	rd what you find in t	·			
	:	ANIMAL	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		PLANT
LIVING THINGS					
ARTIFACTS					
ANI	MAL DENSITY C	ALCULATION:			
Na	ame of invertebrate:	Number of individuals	Density po	er square	Estimated density:

Did you see any plants or animals or artifacts you could not identify? If so, make drawings on the back of this sheet, including measurements, and plan to do further research.

TIDEFLAT SAFARI





Book pp. 42-53

Keep track of what you find while you're investigating (circle each picture when you find it) ...





Lugworm



Fecal Casts



Ghost Shrimp



Long-billed Dowitcher



Great Blue Heron



Dunlin



Screw Shell Snail



Algae Mats



Edible Blue Mussel.



Western Sandpiper



Heron Tracks



Northern Pintail

...AND draw pictures of, or describe, other organisms you find:

BRACKISH & FRESHWATER MARSH SAFARI





Book pp. 35-41

Keep track of what you find while you're investigating (circle each picture when you find it) ...









Red-winged Blackbird



Lyngbei's Sedge



Northern Harrier



Long-billed Marsh Wren



Cat-tails



Pacific Silverweed



Yarrow



Snow Geese



American Widgeon



American Bulrush



Mallard

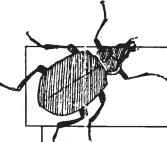
...AND draw pictures of, or describe, other organisms you find:



...AND draw pictures of, or describe, other organisms you find.



...AND draw pictures of, or describe, other organisms you find.



FOREST FLOOR Micro-habitat Observation Sheet

Locate a micro-habitat in the floodplain forest-



Book, pp.

	a log, or a shrub, or perhaps do a quadrat (investigate a square area of known dimensions
	Where is your micro-habitat? Record the location.
<u> </u>	
	Pescribe the animals and plants you see here:
	Vhy do they want to live here?
L	



MINIBEAST SAFARI

Locate a minibeast—a creature small enough for you to capture, examine and release without hurting it. You might want to capture it in a glass jar.

	Name of minibeast:
	· · ·
	Minibeast #:
	Location:
	Date:
Describe how it moves :	
Describe now it moves :	· ·
	·
How does it eat?	



HUMAN ACTIVITY IN THE ESTUARY Observation Sheet



Book, pp. 80-89: Settlement by Europeans, Present-Day Use

What are some of the indications of humans in t	the area you are visiting toda	ау?
(Write or draw your observations.)		

How do you think this affects the estuary?