# New 这Brunswick 

Department of Education
Francophone Assessment and Evaluation Branch

## PROVINCIAL EXAMINATION RESULTS

## Francophone School Districts

DECEMBER 2001

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December 2001

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# PROVINCIAL EXAMINATION RESULTS 

Francophone School Districts

Note: For the sake of conciseness, only the masculine gender has been used.

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## New 至Brunswick

## Francophone School Districts*


a Francophone school district

* This map shows the former school district boundaries, which were in effect at the time of the high school evaluations discussed in this report.


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## 1. PROVINCIAL EVALUATION PROGRAMS AT THE PRIMARY AND HIGH SCHOOL LEVELS

This report is intended to give school staff, parents, and other taxpayers a general idea of the performance of students in New Brunswick's Francophone school districts on the provincial examinations administered at the high school and primary levels. A similar document is prepared for Anglophone school districts. However, it is important to note that the results of the Francophone and Anglophone sectors cannot be compared because the teaching and evaluation programs differ.

## Why is there a provincial evaluation program in New Brunswick schools?

For a number of years, New Brunswick, like many other provinces, has been paying closer attention to the education system and its performance. Are schools preparing students to become committed, productive, effective, and responsible citizens? Will they be ready to meet the challenges of the 21st century? These are the questions being asked by parents, the other players involved in education, and New Brunswick taxpayers as a whole.

To address these concerns, a provincial evaluation program has been instituted in order to assess, at the high school level, the extent to which school program objectives are being attained and, at the primary level, the degree to which the basic skills and proficiencies essential for further learning are being mastered.

## What were the subjects tested?

All the results for the high school level come from the January and June 2001 provincial examinations in Français (Grade 12), Anglais (Grade 10), Mathématiques (Grade 11), Géographie (Grade 10), Histoire (Grade 11), Physique (Grade 10), and Chimie (Grade 11). At the primary level, the results are from the assessment of Mathématiques and Français at the start of Grade 4 and Grade 8 in September 2001.

## Are there any precautions that should be kept in mind when interpreting the results?

In reviewing the results of the provincial examinations at the high school level, it is important to note that the students enrolled in regular-level courses wrote one set of exams, while those enrolled in the modified-level courses wrote another. In schools with a high percentage of students enrolled at the regular level, it is interesting to note that the results are often better than or at least comparable to those of other schools in both the regular- and modified-level exams. Hence, it is very important to take into account the percentage of students enrolled in each level.

In addition, it should be remembered that the results of the provincial examinations and the school are only two of many factors indicating a school's overall situation. Socioeconomic conditions, demographics, and parent participation also influence student performance. This document does not take the latter items into consideration.

## Will provincial examination results be published every year?

Yes. The reports will contain information similar to that found in this document, as well as the results of the primary-level evaluation programs by school.

## How are the examinations followed up?

For the high school level, a statistical report breaking down the results by skill and content is published. It contains a description of school results and the provincial average for each subject. Every teacher has access to this information.

The school districts, in association with school administrations and teaching staff, are responsible for interpreting the results and developing an improvement plan. At the provincial level, the statistical data are reviewed, and this process serves as input for pedagogical decisions about curriculum.

At the primary level, the students' individual results and copies of the tests are given to each teacher. The parents also receive an individual report showing their child's results. They are invited to discuss these results with the teacher and collaborate closely on corrective measures and learning improvement. Moreover, the Department publishes a report containing district and provincial statistics. Consultation activities are undertaken to ensure organized follow- up by the teaching staff, school administration, school district and the Department of Education.

## 2. PROVINCIAL HIGH SCHOOL COMPLETION EXAMINATION RESULTS

### 2.1 PROVINCIAL HIGH SCHOOL COMPLETION EXAMINATION PROGRAM

## What is the purpose of these examinations?

The provincial high school completion examinations are intended to provide provincial certification of studies for 7 of the 23 compulsory courses in Grades $9,10,11$ and 12. The provincial examinations are given at the end of the final compulsory course in a specific subject. Students enrolled in regular courses write one set of exams, and those enrolled in modified courses write another.

## Who prepares the exams?

The provincial high school completion examinations are developed with the help of teaching staff on the basis as prescribed in the document "Les examens provinciaux de fin d'études secondaires - Fondement et Gestion, octobre 1990". Supervision is provided by provincial evaluation consultants in association with provincial curriculum officials.

## What is the passing grade?

The passing grade for final marks is $55 \%$. Sixty percent ( $60 \%$ ) of the final mark is based on the school mark, and $40 \%$ on the provincial examination. The results contained in this report indicate the situation for the full 2000-2001 school year by combining the results of both semesters ${ }^{1}$.

[^0]
### 2.2 WHAT THE GRAPHS REVEAL

## Is there a difference between male and female enrolment rates in regular courses?

A priori, it is important to note that the numbers of boys and girls enrolled in the Grade 10, 11 and 12 courses in which the examinations were administered are about the same ( 10,592 boys and 10,933 girls, or $49,2 \%$ boys and $50,8 \%$ girls). The slightly higher number of girls should not make any significant difference in enrolment rates in the regular and modified courses, no more than a few percentage points.

The following graph shows the breakdown of enrolment rates by subject and sex. It should be noted that each subject comprises all students (boys and girls) in the same grade, i.e., Grade 10, 11 , or 12 .

Graph 1 Enrolment Rates by Subject and Sex


For example, the total Grade 12 student population enrolled in the regular and modified Français $12^{\mathrm{e}}$ courses combined consists of $48.9 \%$ boys and $51.1 \%$ girls. For most subjects, female enrolment rates are slightly higher, by up to 2,8 percentage points.

## Graphs Showing Enrolment Rates by Sex and Course

To provide an example taken from Graphs 2 and 3, 79,6\% of boys are enrolled in regular Français courses and $20,4 \%$ in modified courses, whereas $89,7 \%$ of girls are enrolled in regular courses and only $10,3 \%$ in modified courses.

## Graph 2 Male Enrolment Rates by Course



Graph 3 Female Enrolment Rates by Course


## Graph Showing Enrolment Rates by Course and Sex

Graph 4 shows clearly that boys ha ve a stronger tendency to enroll in modified courses. The female enrolment rates are higher in all the regular courses except Anglais voie A. This tendency can be observed, for instance, in the Français, Mathématiques, Histoire, and Chimie courses, and it is particularly obvious in the modified Français course, where boys account for $65 \%$ of enrolments and girls $35 \%$, a difference of $30 \%$. Looking at the regular courses, the female enrolment rates are 4 percentage points higher in Anglais voie B, Géographie, and Physique; 6 percentage points higher in Mathématiques and Histoire; and 8 percentage points higher in Français and Chimie. Only in Anglais voie A are the male enrolment rates higher, by a 6-point margin (53\% versus 47\%).

For example, in the regular Français $12^{\mathrm{e}}$ course, $46 \%$ of the students are boys and $54 \%$ are girls, whereas in the modified Français $12^{\mathrm{e}}$ course, $65 \%$ of the students are boys and only $35 \%$ are girls.

Graph 4 Provincial Examination Enrolment Rates by Course and Sex


## Do the examination results differ according to sex?

In analyzing these statistics, we should keep in mind that the male enrolment rates are lower in the regular courses. The result should be better performance, owing to a select clientele.

The provincial results (Graphs 5 and 6) show that in the regular courses, girls performed better than boys in Français by six points on the average; in Anglais voie A, by one point; in Anglais voie B, by four points; and in Histoire, by two points. In Mathématiques and Chimie, girls and boys performed equally well. Only in Géographie and Physique did boys perform better than girls, by three points and one point respectively. In the modified courses, girls did better than boys in Français and Mathématiques, whereas boys did better in Géographie, Histoire, Physique, and Chimie.

More detailed statistics on the Department examination administered in the regular Français courses were compiled, but do not appear in this report. Those statistics show that girls performed significantly better than boys, with a pass rate of $83,7 \%$, compared with $68,9 \%$ for boys. This poor performance by boys is a source of concern because it may have a considerable impact on their performance in other subjects.

## Graph 5

Regular level
\% of provincial students enrolled in the regular level::

Français 85 \%
Anglais voie A 41\%
Anglais voie B 59\%
Mathématiques 79\%
Géographie 88 \%
Histoire $84 \%$
Physique $80 \%$
Chimie 81 \%

## Graph 6

Modified level
\% of provincial students enrolled in the modified level:

Français 15 \%
Mathématiques 21\%
Géographie 12 \%
Histoire 16 \%
Physique 20 \%
Chimie 19 \%


The provincial averages (boys and girls combined) are $64 \%$ for Français, $64 \%$ for Anglais voie A, $69 \%$ for Anglais voie B, $61 \%$ for Mathématiques, $66 \%$ for Géographie, $66 \%$ for Histoire, $59 \%$ for Physique, and $60 \%$ for Chimie.


The provincial averages (boys and girls combined) are $58 \%$ for Français, $58 \%$ for Mathématiques, $57 \%$ for Géographie, $57 \%$ for Histoire, 58\% for Physique, and 57\% for Chimie.

## On the whole, do the examination results differ from last year's?

In the regular courses, the examination averages range from $59 \%$ to $69 \%$, with a strong concentration around $63 \%$. Overall, the difference in averages between the examinations administered in 2001 and in 2000 varies within a five-point range, as follows: no difference in Français and Chimie, a one-point drop in Physique, a three-point drop in Mathématiques and Anglais voie B, and a five-point drop in Anglais voie A, whereas in Histoire and Géographie, the averages increased by three and five points respectively. In the modified courses, the provincial examination average is basically stable, i.e., $57 \%$ or $58 \%$. The difference in averages between the examinations administered in 2001 and in 2000 is negligible: no change in Français, Mathématiques, Géographie, and Chimie, a one-point drop in Histoire, and a onepoint increase in Physique.

## Is there a big difference between school marks and examination marks?

Graphs 7 to 20 show that there is a considerable difference between the provincial examination marks and the school marks. In the regular courses, the difference is particularly significant, with school marks being as much as 16 percentage points higher for a district as a whole, with a strong concentration around 8 percentage points for all subjects. In the modified courses, there is less difference between school marks and provincial examination marks, with the former being around 3 points higher for all courses, but as much as 16 points higher in individual courses.

## Français 12 $^{\mathrm{e}}$

## Graph 7

Regular level
Number of students
who wrote the exam:

District 01: $78 \%(\mathrm{~N}=489)$
District 03:83 \% ( $\mathrm{N}=459$ )
District 05:89\% ( $\mathrm{N}=281$ )
District 07: $92 \%(\mathrm{~N}=280)$
District 09:87\% ( $\mathrm{N}=586$ )
District 11: $86 \%(\mathrm{~N}=269)$
Province $=85 \%$
$\mathrm{N}=2364$ students

## Graph 8

## Modified level

Number of students who wrote the exam:

District 01: $22 \%(\mathrm{~N}=135)$
District 03: 17 \% ( $\mathrm{N}=93$ )
District 05: 11\% ( $\mathrm{N}=33$ )
District 07: $8 \%(\mathrm{~N}=24)$
District 09 : $13 \%(\mathrm{~N}=90)$
District 11: $14 \%(\mathrm{~N}=42)$
Province $=15 \%$
$\mathrm{N}=417$ students

The French curricula are based on a communicative approach and favor the development of language skills through practice.
Consequently, the more writing the students do, the greater their chances of becoming proficient in language. This approach is reflected in the exams in that $70 \%$ of the mark for written work (which accounts for $50 \%$ of the French exam) is based on language criteria. The evaluation of reading skills (text analysis and comprehension) accounts for $50 \%$ of the provincial French exam.



## Anglais 10 ${ }^{\text {e }}$

## Graph 9

Voie A
Number of students who wrote the exam:

District 01: $4 \%(\mathrm{~N}=29)$
District 03:55\% (N = 317)
District 05:53\% ( $\mathrm{N}=165$ )
District 07 : $62 \%(\mathrm{~N}=185)$
District 09: 71 \% ( $\mathrm{N}=432$ )
District 11: $5 \%(\mathrm{~N}=19)$

Province $=40 \%$
$\mathrm{N}=1147$ students

## Graph 10

Voie B
Number of students who wrote the exam:

District 01: $96 \%(\mathrm{~N}=675)$
District 03 : $45 \%(\mathrm{~N}=264)$
District 05: $47 \%(\mathrm{~N}=148)$
District 07:38\% ( $\mathrm{N}=115$ )
District 09: $29 \%(\mathrm{~N}=179)$
District 11: $95 \%(\mathrm{~N}=342)$
Province $=60 \%$
$\mathrm{N}=1723$ students

The English as a Second Language curricula are designed to develop the ability to communicate fluently in English. In Voie A, where students are acquiring language skills, the focus is on oral and written communication skills. For Voie B, where students are developing and refining language skills, the focus is on the use of the language in formal situations, on written English correction and on text analysis and comprehension. This philosophy is reflected in the examinations in that oral and written text comprehension tests account for $80 \%$ of a Voie A student's provincial exam marks. For Voie B students, tests for written text comprehension and composition account for $82 \%$ of the student's mark.



## Graph 11

## Regular level

Number of students who wrote the exam:

District 01: $83 \%(\mathrm{~N}=585)$
District 03: $76 \%(\mathrm{~N}=412)$
District 05: 80 \% ( $\mathrm{N}=246$ )
District 07: 81\% ( $\mathrm{N}=239$ )
District 09: 75 \% ( $\mathrm{N}=534$ )
District 11: $86 \%(\mathrm{~N}=270)$
Province : $80 \%$
$\mathrm{N}=2286$ students

## Graph 12

Modified level
Number of students who wrote the exam:

District 01: $17 \%(\mathrm{~N}=117)$
District 03: $24 \%(\mathrm{~N}=133)$
District $05: 20 \%(\mathrm{~N}=63)$
District 07: $19 \%(\mathrm{~N}=55)$
District 09:25 \% ( $\mathrm{N}=174$ )
District 11: $14 \%(\mathrm{~N}=45)$
Province : 20 \%
$\mathrm{N}=587$ students

In general, students do better in tests on understanding mathematical concepts and applying procedures than they do on tests on problem solving. The Department has started preparing a renewed curriculum for high school mathematics, which will be supported by new instructional material. Learning math will mainly be a conceptually constructive activity for students in a socio-constructivist context.



## Géographie $\mathbf{1 0}^{\text {e }}$

## Graph 13

## Regular level

Number of students who wrote the exam:

District 01: $91 \%(\mathrm{~N}=682)$
District 03: $88 \%(\mathrm{~N}=540)$
District 05: 89 \% ( $\mathrm{N}=281$ )
District 07: $87 \%(\mathrm{~N}=287)$
District 09: $87 \%(\mathrm{~N}=581)$
District 11: $90 \%(\mathrm{~N}=360)$
Province : $89 \%$
$\mathrm{N}=2731$ students

## Graph 14

Modified level
Number of students who wrote the exam:

District 01: $9 \%(\mathrm{~N}=69)$
District 03: $12 \%(\mathrm{~N}=77)$
District 05: 11\% ( $\mathrm{N}=33$ )
District 07: $13 \%(\mathrm{~N}=43)$
District 09: $13 \%(\mathrm{~N}=86)$
District 11: $10 \%(\mathrm{~N}=39)$
Province: 11 \%
$\mathrm{N}=347$ students

The provincial high school completion examinations in geography focus mainly on higher- level skills such as analysis, synthesis, and application of the geographic technique, in which students have to provide solutions of a geographic nature for concrete problems. Students appear to be having less and less difficulty in applying this technique. In all the exams, students are given situations that call more for analysis or reasoning than simple recall. A "current events" component is included on the Géographie exam. This component generally meets with success.



## Histoire $11^{e}$

## Graph 15

## Regular level

Number of students who wrote the exam:

District 01: $86 \%(\mathrm{~N}=601)$
District 03: 82 \% ( $\mathrm{N}=467$ )
District 05:88\% ( $\mathrm{N}=272$ )
District 07:84\% ( $\mathrm{N}=278$ )
District 09 : $85 \%(\mathrm{~N}=559)$
District 11: $88 \%(\mathrm{~N}=310)$

Province : $85 \%$
$\mathrm{N}=2487$ students

## Graph 16

## Modified level

Number of students who wrote the exam:

District 01: $14 \%(\mathrm{~N}=96)$
District 03: $18 \%(\mathrm{~N}=106)$
District 05: 12 \% ( $\mathrm{N}=38$ )
District 07: $16 \%(\mathrm{~N}=54)$
District 09 : $15 \%(\mathrm{~N}=96)$
District 11: $12 \%(\mathrm{~N}=43)$
Province: $15 \%$
$\mathrm{N}=433$ students

The Canadian history examinations focus on higher-order skills such as analysis and synthesis, as well as application of the historical method, which requires students to apply a so-called scientific approach to a problem relating to history. Overall, the students displayed a good ability to describe the basic elements in history. The situations calling for synthesis are the most demanding. In these situations, students must draw conclusions, place several events (three or more) in chronological order, or paint the picture of a period using social, economic, political, or territorial aspects. A "current events" component is included on the Histoire exam. This component generally meets with success.



## Physique 10 $^{\text {e }}$

## Graph 17

Regular level
Number of students who wrote the exam:

District 01: $89 \%(\mathrm{~N}=646)$
District 03: 77 \% ( $\mathrm{N}=488$ )
District 05: 78 \% ( $\mathrm{N}=257$ )
District 07:84\% ( $\mathrm{N}=283$ )
District 09 : $76 \%(\mathrm{~N}=528)$
District 11: $87 \%(\mathrm{~N}=321)$

Province : $81 \%$
$\mathrm{N}=2523$ students

The high school completion exams in physics group together elements of the curriculum and the scientific method on the basis of skills in describing, analyzing, and evaluating various problem situations. In all of the exams, these situations make use of a variety of contexts so that the student's skills and thought process can be tested.



## Chimie 11 ${ }^{\text {e }}$

## Graph 19

Regular level
Number of students
who wrote the exam:

District 01: 86 \% ( $\mathrm{N}=602$ )
District 03 : $74 \%(\mathrm{~N}=416)$
District 05: $84 \%(\mathrm{~N}=247)$
District 07 : $84 \%(\mathrm{~N}=258)$
District 09: $82 \%(\mathrm{~N}=557)$
District 11:85\% ( $\mathrm{N}=283$ )
Province: $82 \%$
$\mathrm{N}=2363$ students

## Graph 20

## Modified level

Number of students
who wrote the exam:

District 01: 14 \% ( $\mathrm{N}=102$ )
District 03: 26 \% ( $\mathrm{N}=143$ )
District $05: 16 \%(\mathrm{~N}=47)$
District 07: 16 \% ( $\mathrm{N}=49$ )
District 09: $18 \%(\mathrm{~N}=125)$
District 11: $15 \%(\mathrm{~N}=50)$
Province : 18 \%
$\mathrm{N}=516$ students

Ever since science exams were first officially administered (January 1991), the statistics have shown progress in the results for problems related to the scientific method. The latter procedure encompasses all the scientific processes used to analyse and solve a problem situation. It does not constitute an element of the content but rather is integrated into the curriculum objectives. Moreover, there has been steady progress in the style of questions asked on the exams; the result is a corresponding improvement in the validity of the evaluation.



### 2.3 TABLES BY SUBJECT, LEVEL AND SCHOOL AT THE SECONDARY LEVEL

FRANÇAIS 12e (Regular Level)
2000-2001
FRANÇAIS 12e (Regular Level)
1999-2000

| School | No. of students | \% of students in this level | School mak | Prov. exam | $\begin{gathered} \% \\ \text { pass } \end{gathered}$ | Final mark* | $\begin{aligned} & \% \\ & \text { \%ass } \end{aligned}$ | No. of students | $\%$ of students in this level | School mark | Prov. exam | $\begin{gathered} \% \\ \text { pass } \end{gathered}$ | Final mark* | $\begin{gathered} \% \\ \text { pass } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| L-J.-Robichaud | 147 | 7 | 67 | 61 | 76 | 65 | 88 | 147 | 81 | 64 | 60 | 67 | 凸 | 80 |
| Mathieu-Martin | 281 | 77 | 68 | 65 | 80 | 67 | 89 | 277 | 75 | 67 | 67 | 83 | 67 | 88 |
| Saint-Anne | 51 | 91 | 74 | 68 | 86 | 71 | 96 | 41 | 89 | 75 | 67 | 88 | 72 | 95 |
| S.-de-Champlain | 10 | 83 | 67 | 67 | 90 | 67 | 100 | 18 | 75 | 70 | 75 | 100 | 72 | 100 |
| District 01 | 489 | 78 | 69 | 64 | 79 | 67 | 90 | 483 | 78 | 67 | 65 | 79 | 66 | 86 |
| Grande-Rivière | 20 | 80 | 71 | 61 | 70 | 67 | 90 | 33 | 77 | 72 | 61 | 67 | 68 | 88 |
| Thomas-Albert | 99 | 81 | 66 | 57 | 52 | 62 | 79 | 128 | 85 | 68 | 56 | 52 | $\mathfrak{6}^{6}$ | 77 |
| Cité-des-Jeunes | 340 | 84 | 74 | 65 | 80 | 70 | 94 | 294 | 83 | 72 | 67 | 80 | 70 | 93 |
| District 03 | 459 | 83 | 72 | 63 | 73 | 68 | 91 | 455 | 83 | 71 | 63 | 71 | 68 | 88 |
| Marie-Gaétane | 21 | 78 | 69 | 61 | 86 | 66 | 91 | 28 | 80 | 71 | 67 | 82 | 69 | 96 |
| A.-J.Savoie | 51 | 91 | 77 | 69 | 92 | 74 | 100 | 43 | 91 | 75 | ๘ | 67 | 70 | 93 |
| Aux-Quatre-Vents | 105 | 98 | 70 | 63 | 78 | 67 | 91 | 88 | 82 | 69 | 61 | 65 | 65 | 91 |
| Roland-Pépin | 104 | 88 | 74 | 63 | 71 | 70 | 96 | 96 | 94 | 72 | 65 | 79 | 69 | 92 |
| District 05 | 281 | 89 | 73 | 64 | 79 | 69 | 94 | 255 | 88 | 71 | 63 | 73 | 68 | 92 |
| Népisiguit | 280 | 92 | 70 | 66 | 83 | 68 | 93 | 283 | 85 | 71 | 66 | 79 | 69 | 88 |
| District 07 | 280 | 92 | 70 | 66 | 83 | 68 | 93 | 283 | 85 | 71 | 66 | 79 | 69 | 88 |
| Louis-Mailloux | 151 | 89 | 76 | 66 | 80 | 72 | 94 | 185 | 86 | 74 | 64 | 72 | 70 | 94 |
| Marie-Esther | 144 | 86 | 69 | 68 | 85 | 69 | 94 | 158 | 88 | 74 | 70 | 82 | 72 | 96 |
| W.-A.-Losier | 243 | 89 | 72 | 64 | 75 | 69 | 93 | 218 | 87 | 73 | 64 | 76 | 70 | 93 |
| La Fontaine | 48 | 75 | 77 | 67 | 94 | 73 | 100 | 43 | 66 | 70 | 60 | 70 | 66 | 88 |
| District 09 | 586 | 87 | 73 | 66 | 80 | 70 | 94 | 604 | 85 | 74 | 65 | 76 | 70 | 94 |
| Clément-Cormier | 138 | 95 | 69 | 58 | 58 | 64 | 78 | 151 | 86 | 69 | 60 | 62 | 66 | 90 |
| Baie-Ste-Anne | 12 | 86 | 76 | 58 | 50 | 69 | 92 | 15 | 83 | 69 | 61 | 73 | 66 | 80 |
| Assomption | 29 | 69 | 63 | 58 | 66 | 61 | 79 | 26 | 76 | 59 | 59 | 62 | 59 | 62 |
| Mgr-F--Richard | 83 | 81 | 66 | 62 | 74 | 64 | 88 | 83 | 73 | 64 | 60 | 68 | ๘ | 74 |
| C.-Beausoleil | 7 | 100 | 80 | 58 | 57 | 71 | 100 | 18 | 86 | 75 | 58 | 61 | 68 | 83 |
| District 11 | 269 | 86 | 68 | 59 | 63 | 64 | 83 | 293 | 81 | 67 | 60 | 64 | 64 | 82 |
| Province | 2364 | 85 | 71 | 64 | 77 | 68 | 91 | 2373 | 83 | 70 | 64 | 74 | 68 | 89 |

[^1]FRANÇAIS 12e (Modified Level) 2000-2001 FRANÇAIS 12e (Modified Level) 1999-2000

| School | No. of students | $\%$ of students <br> in this level | School mark | Prov. <br> exam | $\begin{gathered} \% \\ \text { pass } \end{gathered}$ | Final <br> mark* | \% <br> pass | No. of students | $\%$ of students <br> in this level | School mark | Prov. <br> exam | $\begin{gathered} \% \\ \text { pass } \end{gathered}$ | Final <br> mark* | $\begin{gathered} \% \\ \text { pass } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| L.-J.-Robichaud | 43 | 23 | 54 | 57 | 61 | 55 | 61 | 34 | 19 | 55 | 53 | 38 | 55 | 44 |
| Mathieu-Martin | 85 | 23 | 62 | 58 | 67 | 60 | 85 | 92 | 25 | 62 | 59 | 70 | 61 | 86 |
| Sainte-Anne | 5 | 9 | 58 | 52 | 40 | 55 | 80 | 5 | 11 | 61 | 58 | 60 | 60 | 80 |
| S.-de-Champlain | 2 | 17 | 53 | 55 | 50 | 55 | 50 | 6 | 25 | 56 | 61 | 50 | 58 | 83 |
| District 01 | 135 | 22 | 59 | 57 | 64 | 58 | 76 | 137 | 22 | 60 | 58 | 61 | 59 | 75 |
| Grande-Rivière | 5 | 20 | 64 | 58 | 60 | 61 | 60 | 10 | 23 | 67 | 59 | 60 | 64 | 90 |
| Thomas-Albert | 23 | 19 | 60 | 55 | 52 | 58 | 74 | 22 | 15 | 58 | 54 | 41 | 57 | 59 |
| Cité-des-Jeunes | 65 | 16 | 65 | 58 | 71 | 63 | 89 | 61 | 17 | 63 | 58 | 67 | 61 | 89 |
| District 03 | 93 | 17 | 64 | 57 | 66 | 61 | 84 | 93 | 17 | 62 | 57 | 60 | 60 | 82 |
| Marie-Gaétane | 6 | 22 | 59 | 70 | 100 | 64 | 100 | 7 | 20 | 60 | 63 | 86 | 61 | 86 |
| A.-J.-Savoie | 5 | 9 | 55 | 65 | 100 | 59 | 100 | 4 | 9 | 54 | 58 | 75 | 56 | 50 |
| Aux-Quatre-Vents | 8 | 7 | 66 | 64 | 88 | 65 | 100 | 19 | 18 | 67 | 59 | 68 | 63 | 90 |
| Roland-Pépin | 14 | 12 | 58 | 62 | 79 | 60 | 86 | 6 | 6 | 60 | 59 | 83 | 59 | 83 |
| District 05 | 33 | 11 | 60 | 64 | 88 | 62 | 94 | 36 | 12 | 63 | 60 | 75 | 61 | 83 |
| Népisiguit | 24 | 8 | 64 | 61 | 75 | 63 | 92 | 48 | 15 | 63 | 59 | 67 | 61 | 90 |
| District 07 | 24 | 8 | 64 | 61 | 75 | 63 | 92 | 48 | 15 | 63 | 59 | 67 | 61 | 90 |
| Louis-Mailloux | 19 | 11 | 64 | 56 | 42 | 61 | 79 | 29 | 14 | 63 | 61 | 83 | 62 | 83 |
| Marie-Esther | 24 | 14 | 58 | 63 | 83 | 60 | 88 | 21 | 12 | 62 | 63 | 95 | 62 | 100 |
| W.-A.-Losier | 31 | 11 | 61 | 55 | 55 | 58 | 74 | 33 | 13 | 64 | 56 | 55 | 61 | 94 |
| La Fontaine | 16 | 25 | 62 | 65 | 100 | 63 | 94 | 22 | 34 | 60 | 61 | 82 | 61 | 82 |
| District 09 | 90 | 13 | 61 | 59 | 68 | 60 | 82 | 105 | 15 | 62 | 60 | 76 | 61 | 90 |
| Clément-Cormier | 7 | 5 | 50 | 44 | 29 | 49 | 33 | 25 | 14 | 61 | 48 | 20 | 56 | 64 |
| Baie-Ste-Anne | 2 | 14 | 55 | 47 | 0 | 52 | 0 | 3 | 17 | 61 | 54 | 33 | 58 | 67 |
| Assomption | 13 | 31 | 55 | 62 | 69 | 59 | 75 | 8 | 24 | 57 | 63 | 75 | 61 | 67 |
| Mgr-F.-Richard | 20 | 19 | 58 | 58 | 70 | 58 | 85 | 31 | 27 | 56 | 58 | 71 | 57 | 81 |
| C.-Beausoleil | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  | 3 | 14 | 64 | 47 | 0 | 57 | 67 |
| District 11 | 42 | 14 | 56 | 56 | 60 | 57 | 70 | 70 | 19 | 58 | 54 | 49 | 57 | 72 |
| Province | 417 | 15 | 61 | 58 | 67 | 60 | 81 | 489 | 17 | 61 | 58 | 64 | 60 | 81 |

* Passing grade: 55\%


## ANGLAIS 10e voie A

2000-2001
ANGLAIS 10e voie A
1999-2000

| School | No. of students | \% of students in this level | School mark | Prov. exam | $\begin{gathered} \% \\ \text { pass } \end{gathered}$ | Final mark* | $\begin{gathered} \% \\ \text { pass } \end{gathered}$ | No. of students | \% of students in this level | School mark | Prov. <br> exam | $\begin{gathered} \% \\ \text { pass } \end{gathered}$ | Final mark* | $\begin{gathered} \% \\ \text { pass } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| L.-J.-Robichaud | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mathieu-Martin | 25 | 6 | 75 | 74 | 92 | 74 | 100 | 27 | 7 | 70 | 77 | 100 | 73 | 100 |
| Sainte-Anne | 4 | 5 | 70 | 72 | 100 | 71 | 100 | 8 | 10 | 66 | 83 | 100 | 73 | 100 |
| S.-de-Champlain | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 5 | 60 | 60 | 100 | 60 | 100 |
| District 01 | 29 | 4 | 74 | 73 | 93 | 74 | 100 | 36 | 5 | 69 | 78 | 100 | 73 | 100 |
| Grande-Rivière | 7 | 18 | 55 | 56 | 43 | 55 | 43 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Thomas-Albert | 27 | 18 | 55 | 60 | 74 | 57 | 67 | 23 | 17 | 55 | 70 | 91 | 61 | 74 |
| Cité-des-Jeunes | 283 | 71 | 75 | 65 | 76 | 71 | 94 | 231 | 64 | 74 | 71 | 86 | 72 | 94 |
| District 03 | 317 | 55 | 73 | 64 | 75 | 69 | 90 | 254 | 48 | 72 | 71 | 87 | 71 | 92 |
| Marie-Gaétane | 28 | 100 | 69 | 59 | 57 | 65 | 79 | 35 | 100 | 72 | 69 | 74 | 71 | 77 |
| A.-J.-Savoie | 60 | 100 | 76 | 62 | 65 | 70 | 85 | 54 | 100 | 76 | 68 | 85 | 73 | 96 |
| Aux-Quatre-Vents | 32 | 30 | 68 | 70 | 81 | 69 | 94 | 36 | 33 | 65 | 75 | 94 | 69 | 97 |
| Roland-Pépin | 45 | 38 | 71 | 61 | 60 | 67 | 93 | 46 | 45 | 72 | 69 | 87 | 71 | 94 |
| District 05 | 165 | 53 | 72 | 63 | 66 | 68 | 88 | 171 | 57 | 72 | 70 | 85 | 71 | 92 |
| Népisiguit | 185 | 62 | 72 | 74 | 90 | 73 | 92 | 223 | 71 | 68 | 79 | 92 | 72 | 89 |
| District 07 | 185 | 62 | 72 | 74 | 90 | 73 | 92 | 223 | 71 | 68 | 79 | 92 | 72 | 89 |
| Louis-Mailloux | 136 | 75 | 68 | 61 | 63 | 65 | 77 | 139 | 75 | 69 | 64 | 73 | 67 | 85 |
| Marie-Esther | 124 | 75 | 76 | 53 | 44 | 67 | 87 | 135 | 72 | 71 | 59 | 61 | 66 | 83 |
| W.-A.-Losier | 146 | 68 | 74 | 57 | 54 | 67 | 90 | 199 | 72 | 72 | 62 | 64 | 68 | 87 |
| La Fontaine | 26 | 52 | 67 | 71 | 89 | 69 | 85 | 17 | 44 | 68 | 76 | 100 | 71 | 100 |
| District 09 | 432 | 71 | 72 | 58 | 56 | 67 | 85 | 490 | 71 | 70 | 62 | 67 | 67 | 86 |
| Clément-Cormier | 5 | 3 | 64 | 69 | 100 | 66 | 100 | 2 | 1 | 68 | 69 | 100 | 69 | 100 |
| Baie-Ste-Anne | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Assomption | 6 | 15 | 59 | 73 | 100 | 65 | 100 | 15 | 27 | 64 | 79 | 100 | 70 | 100 |
| Mgr-F.-Richard | 6 | 5 | 61 | 58 | 50 | 60 | 83 | 5 | 5 | 58 | 69 | 100 | 62 | 100 |
| C.-Beausoleil | 2 | 15 | 56 | 68 | 100 | 61 | 100 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| District 11 | 19 | 5 | 60 | 67 | 84 | 63 | 95 | 22 | 6 | 63 | 76 | 100 | 68 | 100 |
| Province | 1147 | 40 | 72 | 64 | 69 | 69 | 89 | 1196 | 41 | 70 | 69 | 80 | 70 | 89 |

[^2]

[^3]MATHÉMATIQUES 11e (Regular Level) 2000-2001 MATHÉMATIQUES 11e (Regular Level) 1999-2000

| School | No. of students | $\%$ of students <br> in this level | School mark | Prov. <br> exam | $\begin{gathered} \% \\ \text { pass } \end{gathered}$ | Final mark* | $\begin{gathered} \% \\ \text { pass } \end{gathered}$ | No. of students | $\%$ of students in this level | School mark | Prov. <br> exam | $\begin{gathered} \% \\ \text { pass } \end{gathered}$ | Final mark* | $\begin{gathered} \% \\ \text { pass } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| L.-J.-Robichaud | 168 | 82 | 65 | 63 | 67 | 64 | 77 | 163 | 85 | 66 | 66 | 80 | 66 | 80 |
| Mathieu-Martin | 339 | 83 | 68 | 65 | 74 | 66 | 78 | 299 | 87 | 70 | 67 | 79 | 69 | 83 |
| Sainte-Anne | 61 | 90 | 75 | 64 | 71 | 70 | 84 | 54 | 89 | 78 | 72 | 87 | 76 | 89 |
| S.-de-Champlain | 17 | 81 | 80 | 65 | 71 | 74 | 94 | 13 | 81 | 77 | 70 | 77 | 74 | 100 |
| District 01 | 585 | 83 | 68 | 64 | 72 | 66 | 79 | 529 | 87 | 70 | 68 | 80 | 69 | 83 |
| Grande-Rivière | 19 | 59 | 79 | 57 | 58 | 70 | 84 | 20 | 6 | 80 | 65 | 70 | 74 | 100 |
| Thomas-Albert | 99 | 73 | 68 | 57 | 47 | 64 | 80 | 92 | 81 | 77 | 61 | 62 | 70 | 90 |
| Cité-des-Jeunes | 294 | 78 | 74 | 64 | 66 | 70 | 84 | 332 | 76 | 73 | 69 | 77 | 71 | 87 |
| District 03 | 412 | 76 | 73 | 62 | 61 | 68 | 83 | 444 | 76 | 74 | 67 | 74 | 71 | 88 |
| Marie-Gaétane | 28 | 100 | 80 | 57 | 50 | 71 | 96 | 32 | 100 | 74 | 57 | 59 | 67 | 88 |
| A.-J.-Savoie | 35 | 66 | 80 | 63 | 69 | 73 | 100 | 36 | 73 | 83 | 73 | 100 | 79 | 100 |
| Aux-Quatre-Vents | 96 | 83 | 73 | 55 | 53 | 66 | 73 | 111 | 100 | 73 | 58 | 54 | 67 | 80 |
| Roland-Pépin | 87 | 78 | 77 | 65 | 71 | 72 | 90 | 89 | 69 | 78 | 71 | 87 | 75 | 93 |
| District 05 | 246 | 80 | 76 | 60 | 61 | 70 | 85 | 268 | 83 | 76 | 64 | 72 | 71 | 88 |
| Népisiguit | 239 | 81 | 76 | 63 | 69 | 71 | 87 | 287 | 80 | 76 | 59 | 60 | 69 | 89 |
| District 07 | 239 | 81 | 76 | 63 | 69 | 71 | 87 | 287 | 80 | 76 | 59 | 60 | 69 | 89 |
| Louis-Mailloux | 156 | 79 | 69 | 53 | 42 | 63 | 74 | 168 | 78 | 68 | 58 | 56 | 64 | 74 |
| Marie-Esther | 159 | 74 | 72 | 54 | 49 | 64 | 79 | 137 | 80 | 76 | 60 | 62 | 70 | 84 |
| W.-A.-Losier | 185 | 75 | 71 | 62 | 68 | 67 | 81 | 237 | 80 | 73 | 64 | 75 | 69 | 88 |
| La Fontaine | 34 | 74 | 70 | 53 | 44 | 63 | 71 | 46 | 72 | 77 | 63 | 67 | 71 | 89 |
| District 09 | 534 | 75 | 71 | 56 | 53 | 65 | 78 | 588 | 79 | 73 | 61 | 66 | 68 | 83 |
| Clément-Cormier | 142 | 93 | 68 | 51 | 36 | 61 | 63 | 159 | 95 | 70 | 55 | 48 | 64 | 72 |
| Baie-Ste-Anne | 9 | 90 | 70 | 53 | 44 | 63 | 56 | 17 | 85 | 70 | 58 | 65 | 65 | 82 |
| Assomption | 37 | 73 | 72 | 67 | 78 | 70 | 81 | 27 | 79 | 68 | 73 | 93 | 70 | 96 |
| Mgr-F.-Richard | 73 | 79 | 72 | 61 | 60 | 68 | 77 | 90 | 76 | 72 | 69 | 86 | 71 | 89 |
| C.-Beausoleil | 9 | 100 | 69 | 51 | 44 | 62 | 56 | 9 | 75 | 75 | 58 | 56 | 68 | 67 |
| District 11 | 270 | 86 | 70 | 56 | 49 | 64 | 69 | 302 | 86 | 71 | 61 | 65 | 67 | 80 |
| Province | 2286 | 80 | 71 | 60 | 61 | 67 | 80 | 2418 | 81 | 73 | 64 | 70 | 69 | 85 |

[^4]MATHÉMATIQUES 11e (Modified Level) 2000-2001 MATHÉMATIQUES 11e (Modified Level) 1999-2000

| School | No. of students | \% of students in this level | School mark | Prov, <br> exam | $\begin{gathered} \% \\ \text { pass } \end{gathered}$ | Final <br> mark* | \% <br> pass | No. of students | $\%$ of students in this level | School <br> mark | Prov. exam | $\begin{gathered} \% \\ \text { pass } \end{gathered}$ | Final <br> mark* | \% <br> pass |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| L.-J.-Robichaud | 36 | 18 | 63 | 55 | 47 | 60 | 67 | 28 | 15 | 68 | 61 | 75 | 65 | 85 |
| Mathieu-Martin | 70 | 17 | 67 | 58 | 63 | 64 | 80 | 43 | 13 | 68 | 59 | 63 | 64 | 79 |
| Sainte-Anne | 7 | 10 | 65 | 53 | 43 | 61 | 100 | 7 | 11 | 61 | 55 | 57 | 59 | 86 |
| S.-de-Champlain | 4 | 19 | 64 | 62 | 75 | 64 | 100 | 3 | 19 | 47 | 58 | 67 | 51 | 33 |
| District 01 | 117 | 17 | 66 | 57 | 57 | 62 | 78 | 81 | 13 | 66 | 59 | 67 | 64 | 80 |
| Grande-Rivière | 13 | 41 | 73 | 66 | 100 | 70 | 100 | 12 | 38 | 71 | 49 | 42 | 62 | 75 |
| Thomas-Albert | 36 | 27 | 68 | 54 | 50 | 63 | 86 | 22 | 19 | 60 | 56 | 55 | 59 | 68 |
| Cité-des-Jeunes | 84 | 22 | 65 | 55 | 54 | 61 | 75 | 104 | 24 | 68 | 56 | 58 | 63 | 86 |
| District 03 | 133 | 24 | 66 | 56 | 57 | 62 | 81 | 138 | 24 | 67 | 56 | 56 | 62 | 82 |
| Marie-Gaétane | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| A.-J.-Savoie | 18 | 34 | 69 | 74 | 100 | 71 | 100 | 13 | 27 | 71 | 78 | 100 | 74 | 100 |
| Aux-Quatre-Vents | 20 | 17 | 65 | 58 | 60 | 62 | 85 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Roland-Pépin | 25 | 22 | 74 | 67 | 76 | 71 | 92 | 40 | 31 | 75 | 68 | 85 | 72 | 98 |
| District 05 | 63 | 20 | 70 | 66 | 78 | 68 | 92 | 53 | 17 | 74 | 71 | 89 | 73 | 98 |
| Népisiguit | 55 | 19 | 76 | 60 | 71 | 69 | 95 | 71 | 20 | 71 | 66 | 80 | 69 | 85 |
| District 07 | 55 | 19 | 76 | 60 | 71 | 69 | 95 | 71 | 20 | 71 | 66 | 80 | 69 | 85 |
| Louis-Mailloux | 42 | 21 | 73 | 49 | 38 | 63 | 74 | 48 | 22 | 71 | 50 | 35 | 63 | 75 |
| Marie-Esther | 57 | 26 | 71 | 55 | 56 | 64 | 84 | 35 | 20 | 66 | 55 | 49 | 62 | 89 |
| W.-A.-Losier | 63 | 25 | 68 | 58 | 62 | 64 | 83 | 59 | 20 | 73 | 54 | 44 | 65 | 88 |
| La Fontaine | 12 | 26 | 74 | 62 | 75 | 69 | 100 | 18 | 28 | 70 | 61 | 72 | 66 | 100 |
| District 09 | 174 | 25 | 70 | 55 | 55 | 64 | 82 | 160 | 21 | 70 | 54 | 46 | 64 | 86 |
| Clément-Commier | 11 | 7 | 72 | 54 | 46 | 65 | 91 | 9 | 5 | 72 | 55 | 56 | 65 | 78 |
| Baie-Ste-Anne | 1 | 10 | 57 | 31 | 0 | 47 | 0 | 3 | 15 | 63 | 48 | 67 | 57 | 67 |
| Assomption | 14 | 27 | 77 | 59 | 71 | 70 | 93 | 7 | 21 | 69 | 57 | 43 | 64 | 100 |
| Mgr-F.-Richard | 19 | 21 | 73 | 59 | 63 | 69 | 94 | 28 | 24 | 67 | 54 | 46 | 62 | 82 |
| C.-Beausoleil | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  | 3 | 25 | 74 | 63 | 100 | 69 | 100 |
| District 11 | 45 | 14 | 74 | 57 | 60 | 68 | 91 | 50 | 14 | 68 | 55 | 52 | 63 | 84 |
| Province | 587 | 20 | 69 | 58 | 60 | 65 | 84 | 553 | 19 | 69 | 58 | 60 | 65 | 85 |

[^5]GÉOGRAPHIE 10e (Regular Level)
2000-2001 GÉOGRAPHIE 10e (Regular Level)
1999-2000

| School | No. of students | $\%$ of students in this level | School mark | Prov. <br> exam | $\begin{gathered} \% \\ \text { pass } \end{gathered}$ | Final <br> mark* | $\begin{gathered} \% \\ \text { pass } \end{gathered}$ | No. of students | $\%$ of students in this level | School <br> mark | Prov. <br> exam | $\begin{gathered} \% \\ \text { pass } \end{gathered}$ | Final <br> mark* | $\begin{gathered} \% \\ \text { pass } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| L.-J.-Robichaud | 185 | 88 | 70 | 68 | 82 | 69 | 91 | 191 | 87 | 67 | 60 | 64 | 64 | 77 |
| Mathieu-Martin | 402 | 91 | 73 | 68 | 80 | 71 | 85 | 397 | 93 | 74 | 64 | 70 | 70 | 85 |
| Sainte-Anne | 80 | 100 | 78 | 68 | 85 | 74 | 94 | 48 | 94 | 77 | 68 | 81 | 74 | 88 |
| S.-de-Champlain | 15 | 88 | 82 | 71 | 87 | 78 | 93 | 20 | 87 | 82 | 66 | 80 | 76 | 95 |
| District 01 | 682 | 91 | 73 | 68 | 81 | 71 | 88 | 656 | 91 | 73 | 63 | 69 | 69 | 83 |
| Grande-Rivière | 36 | 88 | 71 | 63 | 61 | 68 | 83 | 36 | 97 | 69 | 54 | 39 | 63 | 69 |
| Thomas-Albert | 142 | 82 | 68 | 62 | 70 | 66 | 78 | 129 | 84 | 70 | 57 | 56 | 65 | 78 |
| Cité-des-Jeunes | 362 | 90 | 78 | 69 | 83 | 74 | 92 | 355 | 91 | 78 | 64 | 69 | 72 | 90 |
| District 03 | 540 | 88 | 75 | 67 | 78 | 72 | 88 | 520 | 89 | 75 | 61 | 63 | 70 | 86 |
| Marie-Gaétane | 24 | 96 | 67 | 68 | 79 | 67 | 79 | 35 | 95 | 62 | 67 | 83 | 64 | 80 |
| A.-J.-Savoie | 62 | 100 | 81 | 74 | 94 | 78 | 100 | 57 | 100 | 81 | 68 | 77 | 76 | 97 |
| Aux-Quatre-Vents | 94 | 84 | 79 | 66 | 78 | 74 | 98 | 90 | 86 | 77 | 60 | 59 | 70 | 93 |
| Roland-Pépin | 101 | 88 | 78 | 66 | 72 | 73 | 94 | 95 | 88 | 79 | 63 | 64 | 73 | 92 |
| District 05 | 281 | 89 | 78 | 68 | 79 | 74 | 95 | 277 | 90 | 77 | 63 | 68 | 71 | 92 |
| Népisiguit | 287 | 87 | 74 | 66 | 75 | 70 | 87 | 273 | 84 | 77 | 63 | 70 | 71 | 86 |
| District 07 | 287 | 87 | 74 | 66 | 75 | 70 | 87 | 273 | 84 | 77 | 63 | 70 | 71 | 86 |
| Louis-Mailloux | 176 | 93 | 77 | 65 | 73 | 72 | 89 | 166 | 93 | 78 | 62 | 66 | 72 | 92 |
| Marie-Esther | 133 | 84 | 79 | 66 | 80 | 73 | 96 | 155 | 87 | 78 | 61 | 62 | 71 | 88 |
| W.-A.-Losier | 220 | 84 | 74 | 67 | 79 | 71 | 90 | 244 | 87 | 71 | 61 | 66 | 67 | 82 |
| LaFontaine | 52 | 91 | 68 | 59 | 58 | 65 | 77 | 54 | 83 | 69 | 60 | 69 | 65 | 83 |
| District 09 | 581 | 87 | 75 | 65 | 76 | 71 | 90 | 619 | 88 | 75 | 61 | 65 | 69 | 86 |
| Clément-Cormier | 175 | 96 | 71 | 58 | 58 | 66 | 80 | 174 | 95 | 70 | 48 | 31 | 61 | 67 |
| Baie-Ste-Anne | 16 | 89 | 62 | 61 | 63 | 62 | 63 | 12 | 80 | 65 | 48 | 33 | 58 | 42 |
| Assomption | 39 | 83 | 73 | 67 | 80 | 70 | 92 | 47 | 75 | 73 | 60 | 64 | 68 | 83 |
| Mgr-F.-Richard | 122 | 87 | 65 | 53 | 50 | 60 | 62 | 101 | 82 | 69 | 50 | 39 | 61 | 65 |
| C.-Beausoleil | 8 | 80 | 77 | 60 | 63 | 70 | 88 | 15 | 100 | 77 | 54 | 53 | 68 | 93 |
| District 11 | 360 | 90 | 69 | 57 | 58 | 65 | 75 | 349 | 87 | 70 | 51 | 38 | 62 | 69 |
| Province | 2731 | 89 | 74 | 66 | 76 | 71 | 87 | 2694 | 89 | 74 | 61 | 63 | 69 | 84 |

[^6]GÉOGRAPHIE 10e (Modified Level) 2000-2001 GÉOGRAPHIE 10e (Modified Level) 1999-2000

|  | GÉOGRAPHIE 10e (Modified Level) |  |  |  |  | 2000-2001 |  | GÉOGRAPHIE 10e (Modified Level) |  |  |  |  | 1999-2000 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| School | No. of students | \% of students in this level | School mark | Prov. exam | $\begin{gathered} \% \\ \text { pass } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Final } \\ \text { mark* } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \% \\ & \text { pass } \end{aligned}$ | No. of students | $\%$ of students <br> in this level | School mak | Prov. <br> exam | $\begin{gathered} \% \\ \text { \%ass } \end{gathered}$ | Final mark* | $\%$ pass |
| L.-J.-Robichaud | 26 | 12 | 59 | 61 | 69 | 60 | 81 | 29 | 13 | 57 | 58 | 76 | 57 | 66 |
| Mathieu-Martin | 41 | 9 | 64 | 54 | 46 | 60 | 68 | 29 | 7 | 58 | 54 | 48 | 57 | 69 |
| Sainte-Anne | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  | 3 | 6 | 51 | 62 | 100 | 56 | 67 |
| S.-de-Champlain | 2 | 12 | 62 | 54 | 50 | 59 | 100 | 3 | 13 | 62 | 62 | 100 | 62 | 100 |
| District 01 | 69 | 9 | 62 | 56 | 55 | 60 | 74 | 64 | 9 | 57 | 57 | 66 | 57 | 69 |
| Grande-Rivière | 5 | 12 | 57 | 56 | 60 | 57 | 40 | 1 | 3 | 52 | 59 | 100 | 55 | 100 |
| Thomas-Albert | 31 | 18 | 56 | 55 | 52 | 56 | 61 | 25 | 16 | 55 | 52 | 28 | 54 | 32 |
| Cité-des-Jeunes | 41 | 10 | 64 | 58 | 56 | 61 | 85 | 37 | 9 | 65 | 55 | 43 | 61 | 89 |
| District 03 | 77 | 12 | 60 | 56 | 55 | 59 | 73 | 63 | 11 | 61 | 54 | 38 | 58 | 67 |
| Marie-Gaétane | 1 | 4 | 32 | 49 | 0 | 39 | 0 | 2 | 5 | 46 | 61 | 100 | 53 | 50 |
| A.-J.-Savoie | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Aux-Quatre-Vents | 18 | 16 | 61 | 56 | 56 | 59 | 83 | 15 | 14 | 60 | 57 | 60 | 59 | 67 |
| Roland-Pépin | 14 | 12 | 56 | 59 | 64 | 57 | 71 | 13 | 12 | 57 | 60 | 54 | 58 | 77 |
| District 05 | 33 | 11 | 58 | 57 | 58 | 57 | 76 | 30 | 10 | 58 | 58 | 60 | 58 | 70 |
| Népisiguit | 43 | 13 | 59 | 60 | 72 | 59 | 77 | 52 | 16 | 59 | 57 | 56 | 58 | 6 |
| District 07 | 43 | 13 | 59 | 60 | 72 | 59 | 77 | 52 | 16 | 59 | 57 | 56 | 58 | 6 |
| Louis-Mailloux | 13 | 7 | 66 | 62 | 77 | 65 | 85 | 12 | 7 | 73 | 67 | 75 | 71 | 100 |
| Marie-Esther | 26 | 16 | 60 | 57 | 58 | 59 | 77 | 23 | 13 | 59 | 58 | 65 | 58 | 83 |
| W.-A.-Losier | 42 | 16 | 58 | 57 | 60 | 57 | 62 | 37 | 13 | 54 | 56 | 51 | 55 | 54 |
| La Fontaine | 5 | 9 | 68 | 60 | 60 | 65 | 100 | 11 | 17 | 69 | 60 | 73 | 65 | 82 |
| District 09 | 86 | 13 | 60 | 58 | 62 | 59 | 72 | 83 | 12 | 60 | 59 | 61 | 59 | 72 |
| Clément-Cormier | 8 | 4 | 60 | 53 | 38 | 57 | 63 | 9 | 5 | 60 | 54 | 44 | 58 | 78 |
| Baie-Ste-Anne | 2 | 11 | 59 | 62 | 100 | 60 | 100 | 3 | 20 | 68 | 52 | 33 | 62 | 100 |
| Assomption | 8 | 17 | 59 | 58 | 63 | 59 | 50 | 16 | 25 | 57 | 56 | 44 | 56 | $\varpi$ |
| Mgr-F.-Richard | 19 | 13 | 53 | 56 | 68 | 54 | 47 | 22 | 18 | 59 | 54 | 55 | 57 | 59 |
| C.-Beausoleil | 2 | 20 | 52 | 52 | 50 | 52 | 50 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| District 11 | 39 | 10 | 56 | 56 | 62 | 56 | 54 | 50 | 13 | 59 | 55 | 48 | 57 | 66 |
| Province | 347 | 11 | 60 | 57 | 60 | 59 | 72 | 342 | 11 | 59 | 57 | 55 | 58 | 68 |

* Passing grade: 55\%

HISTOIRE 11e (Regular Level)
2000-2001
HISTOIRE 11e (Regular Level)
1999-2000

| School | No. of students | \% of students <br> in this level | School mark | Prov. exam | $\begin{gathered} \% \\ \text { pass } \end{gathered}$ | Final mark* | $\begin{gathered} \% \\ \text { pass } \end{gathered}$ | No. of students | \% of students <br> in this level | School mark | Prov. <br> exam | $\begin{gathered} \% \\ \text { pass } \end{gathered}$ | Final mark* | $\begin{gathered} \% \\ \text { pass } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| L.-J.-Robichaud | 169 | 81 | 63 | 69 | 83 | 66 | 83 | 195 | 86 | 62 | 64 | 80 | 63 | 76 |
| Mathieu-Martin | 349 | 88 | 74 | 72 | 88 | 73 | 93 | 373 | 89 | 72 | 67 | 78 | 70 | 89 |
| Sainte-Anne | 64 | 89 | 75 | 72 | 91 | 74 | 94 | 57 | 93 | 74 | 71 | 88 | 73 | 95 |
| S.-de-Champlain | 19 | 95 | 77 | 71 | 84 | 74 | 100 | 13 | 87 | 77 | 64 | 77 | 72 | 85 |
| District 01 | 601 | 86 | 71 | 71 | 87 | 71 | 91 | 638 | 88 | 69 | 67 | 80 | 68 | 85 |
| Grande-Rivière | 28 | 85 | 72 | 66 | 79 | 70 | 82 | 28 | 88 | 71 | 67 | 82 | 70 | 89 |
| Thomas-Albert | 111 | 78 | 70 | 65 | 76 | 68 | 89 | 135 | 84 | 68 | 59 | 56 | 64 | 81 |
| Cité-des-Jeunes | 328 | 82 | 71 | 64 | 66 | 68 | 83 | 400 | 88 | 74 | 62 | 64 | 69 | 85 |
| District 03 | 467 | 82 | 71 | 64 | 69 | 68 | 84 | 563 | 87 | 72 | 62 | 63 | 68 | 84 |
| Marie-Gaétane | 33 | 97 | 70 | 73 | 91 | 71 | 97 | 30 | 100 | 60 | 69 | 73 | 64 | 70 |
| A.-J.-Savoie | 50 | 100 | 78 | 70 | 86 | 75 | 94 | 60 | 100 | 79 | 76 | 90 | 77 | 97 |
| Aux-Quatre-Vents | 97 | 87 | 72 | 60 | 59 | 67 | 88 | 123 | 95 | 72 | 59 | 59 | 67 | 80 |
| Roland-Pépin | 92 | 81 | 78 | 65 | 73 | 73 | 91 | 121 | 95 | 74 | 58 | 56 | 68 | 82 |
| District 05 | 272 | 88 | 75 | 65 | 72 | 71 | 91 | 334 | 96 | 73 | 62 | 65 | 69 | 83 |
| Népisiguit | 278 | 84 | 75 | 69 | 80 | 73 | 89 | 310 | 88 | 71 | 63 | 68 | 68 | 83 |
| District 07 | 278 | 84 | 75 | 69 | 80 | 73 | 89 | 310 | 88 | 71 | 63 | 68 | 68 | 83 |
| Louis-Mailloux | 156 | 90 | 74 | 61 | 65 | 69 | 89 | 167 | 87 | 76 | 60 | 61 | 70 | 90 |
| Marie-Esther | 149 | 81 | 72 | 68 | 73 | 70 | 92 | 154 | 81 | 72 | 59 | 62 | 67 | 88 |
| W.-A.-Losier | 212 | 87 | 74 | 63 | 67 | 70 | 90 | 255 | 89 | 76 | 63 | 70 | 71 | 89 |
| La Fontaine | 42 | 82 | 73 | 69 | 83 | 72 | 88 | 58 | 83 | 79 | 67 | 78 | 74 | 90 |
| District 09 | 559 | 85 | 74 | 64 | 69 | 70 | 90 | 634 | 86 | 75 | 62 | 66 | 70 | 89 |
| Clément-Cormier | 151 | 97 | 68 | 54 | 46 | 63 | 69 | 178 | 95 | 70 | 59 | 57 | 66 | 79 |
| Baie-Ste-Anne | 12 | 75 | 74 | 65 | 58 | 71 | 83 | 12 | 86 | 76 | 70 | 75 | 73 | 92 |
| Assomption | 48 | 81 | 71 | 67 | 71 | 70 | 79 | 45 | 83 | 71 | 63 | 73 | 68 | 84 |
| Mgr-F.-Richard | 87 | 79 | 68 | 58 | 56 | 64 | 78 | 97 | 86 | 70 | 60 | 68 | 66 | 82 |
| C.-Beausoleil | 12 | 100 | 67 | 70 | 100 | 68 | 100 | 11 | 85 | 64 | 61 | 73 | 63 | 64 |
| District 11 | 310 | 88 | 69 | 58 | 55 | 65 | 75 | 343 | 90 | 70 | 60 | 63 | 66 | 80 |
| Province | 2487 | 85 | 72 | 66 | 73 | 70 | 87 | 2822 | 88 | 72 | 63 | 68 | 68 | 85 |

* Passing grade: 55\%

HISTOIRE 11e (Modified Level)
2000-2001
HISTOIRE 11e (Modified Level)
1999-2000

| School | No. of students | $\%$ of students in this level | School <br> mark | Prov. <br> exam | $\begin{gathered} \% \\ \text { pass } \end{gathered}$ | Final mark* | $\begin{gathered} \% \\ \text { pass } \end{gathered}$ | No. of students | \% of students in this level | School mark | Prov. <br> exam | $\begin{gathered} \% \\ \text { pass } \end{gathered}$ | Final <br> mark* | $\begin{gathered} \% \\ \text { pass } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| L.-J.-Robichaud | 39 | 19 | 51 | 60 | 74 | 54 | 56 | 31 | 14 | 55 | 61 | 81 | 57 | 71 |
| Mathieu-Martin | 48 | 12 | 66 | 59 | 71 | 63 | 88 | 47 | 11 | 61 | 58 | 57 | 60 | 79 |
| Sainte-Anne | 8 | 11 | 58 | 59 | 63 | 58 | 63 | 4 | 7 | 55 | 64 | 100 | 59 | 75 |
| S.-de-Champlain | 1 | 5 | 61 | 52 | 0 | 58 | 100 | 2 | 13 | 59 | 62 | 100 | 61 | 50 |
| District 01 | 96 | 14 | 59 | 59 | 71 | 59 | 73 | 84 | 12 | 58 | 60 | 69 | 59 | 75 |
| Grande-Rivière | 5 | 15 | 58 | 54 | 40 | 57 | 40 | 4 | 13 | 60 | 59 | 75 | 59 | 75 |
| Thomas-Albert | 31 | 22 | 58 | 58 | 58 | 58 | 81 | 25 | 16 | 58 | 58 | 56 | 58 | 76 |
| Cité-des-Jeunes | 70 | 18 | 58 | 56 | 56 | 58 | 69 | 57 | 12 | 59 | 55 | 47 | 58 | 65 |
| District 03 | 106 | 18 | 58 | 57 | 56 | 58 | 71 | 86 | 13 | 59 | 56 | 51 | 58 | 69 |
| Marie-Gaétane | 1 | 3 | 68 | 63 | 100 | 66 | 100 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| A.-J.-Savoie | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Aux-Quatre-Vents | 15 | 13 | 64 | 56 | 53 | 61 | 93 | 7 | 5 | 61 | 55 | 43 | 59 | 71 |
| Roland-Pépin | 22 | 19 | 59 | 54 | 36 | 57 | 73 | 6 | 5 | 58 | 48 | 17 | 54 | 50 |
| District 05 | 38 | 12 | 61 | 55 | 45 | 59 | 82 | 13 | 4 | 60 | 52 | 31 | 56 | 62 |
| Népisiguit | 54 | 16 | 60 | 62 | 76 | 61 | 82 | 42 | 12 | 57 | 62 | 76 | 59 | 74 |
| District 07 | 54 | 16 | 60 | 62 | 76 | 61 | 82 | 42 | 12 | 57 | 62 | 76 | 59 | 74 |
| Louis-Mailloux | 18 | 10 | 61 | 52 | 39 | 57 | 61 | 24 | 13 | 66 | 59 | 58 | 63 | 100 |
| Marie-Esther | 36 | 19 | 57 | 58 | 47 | 57 | 75 | 36 | 19 | 57 | 56 | 50 | 57 | 72 |
| W.-A.-Losier | 33 | 13 | 63 | 55 | 49 | 60 | 82 | 33 | 11 | 62 | 57 | 58 | 60 | 78 |
| La Fontaine | 9 | 18 | 67 | 67 | 78 | 67 | 78 | 12 | 17 | 67 | 60 | 83 | 64 | 100 |
| District 09 | 96 | 15 | 61 | 57 | 49 | 59 | 75 | 105 | 14 | 62 | 58 | 58 | 60 | 84 |
| Clément-Cormier | 5 | 3 | 65 | 46 | 0 | 58 | 100 | 9 | 5 | 60 | 58 | 67 | 59 | 67 |
| Baie-Ste-Anne | 4 | 25 | 54 | 56 | 75 | 55 | 50 | 2 | 14 | 29 | 42 | 0 | 35 | 0 |
| Assomption | 11 | 19 | 56 | 59 | 64 | 57 | 64 | 9 | 17 | 56 | 54 | 44 | 55 | 44 |
| Mgr-F.-Richard | 23 | 21 | 53 | 50 | 22 | 53 | 26 | 16 | 14 | 62 | 58 | 56 | 60 | 75 |
| C.-Beausoleil | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  | 2 | 15 | 68 | 56 | 50 | 63 | 100 |
| District 11 | 43 | 12 | 55 | 52 | 35 | 55 | 47 | 38 | 10 | 59 | 56 | 53 | 58 | 63 |
| Province | 433 | 15 | 59 | 57 | 57 | 59 | 72 | 368 | 12 | 59 | 58 | 60 | 59 | 74 |

[^7]PHYSIQUE 10e (Regular Level)
2000-2001
PHYSIQUE 10e (Regular Level)
1999-2000

| School | No. of students | $\%$ of students in this level | School mark | Prov. exam | $\begin{gathered} \% \\ \text { \% pass } \end{gathered}$ | Final mark* | $\begin{gathered} \% \\ \begin{array}{c} \% \\ \text { pass } \end{array} \end{gathered}$ | No. of students | \% of students in this level | School mark | Prov. exam | \% pass | Final mark* | $\begin{gathered} \% \\ \text { \% } \\ \text { pass } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| L.-J.-Robichaud | 180 | 88 | 69 | 61 | 71 | 66 | 83 | 183 | 82 | 64 | 57 | 56 | 61 | 75 |
| Mathieu-Martin | 387 | 90 | 69 | 57 | 57 | 65 | 80 | 373 | 90 | 70 | 60 | 62 | 66 | 82 |
| Sainte-Anne | 66 | 81 | 73 | 66 | 88 | 70 | 91 | 74 | 93 | 73 | 66 | 81 | 70 | 91 |
| S.-de-Champlain | 13 | 87 | 82 | 77 | 85 | 80 | 92 | 19 | 90 | 79 | 70 | 95 | 75 | 100 |
| District 01 | 646 | 89 | 70 | 60 | 64 | 66 | 83 | 649 | 88 | 69 | 60 | 64 | 65 | 81 |
| Grande-Rivière | 30 | 91 | 74 | 55 | 47 | 66 | 77 | 36 | 90 | 73 | 52 | 33 | 65 | 86 |
| Thomas-Albert | 133 | 76 | 69 | 60 | 66 | 65 | 83 | 113 | 82 | 68 | 61 | 64 | 65 | 77 |
| Cité-des-Jeunes | 325 | 76 | 72 | 60 | 60 | 67 | 84 | 298 | 79 | 73 | 63 | 64 | 69 | 87 |
| District 03 | 488 | 77 | 72 | 60 | 61 | 67 | 83 | 447 | 81 | 72 | 61 | 62 | 68 | 84 |
| Marie-Gaétane | 22 | 79 | 74 | 58 | 55 | 67 | 91 | 27 | 82 | 75 | 63 | 67 | 70 | 100 |
| A.-J.-Savoie | 52 | 87 | 80 | 56 | 50 | 70 | 89 | 47 | 81 | 77 | 64 | 79 | 72 | 94 |
| Aux-Quatre-Vents | 76 | 72 | 78 | 64 | 78 | 73 | 97 | 71 | 72 | 74 | 62 | 65 | 69 | 93 |
| Roland-Pépin | 107 | 79 | 71 | 63 | 76 | 68 | 86 | 106 | 91 | 71 | 62 | 65 | 67 | 85 |
| District 05 | 257 | 78 | 75 | 62 | 69 | 70 | 90 | 251 | 82 | 73 | 62 | 68 | 69 | 90 |
| Népisiguit | 283 | 84 | 70 | 62 | 69 | 67 | 81 | 297 | 82 | 73 | 64 | 71 | 69 | 87 |
| District 07 | 283 | 84 | 70 | 62 | 69 | 67 | 81 | 297 | 82 | 73 | 64 | 71 | 69 | 87 |
| Louis-Mailloux | 151 | 76 | 70 | 56 | 54 | 64 | 72 | 154 | 79 | 75 | 57 | 55 | 68 | 89 |
| Marie-Esther | 141 | 79 | 73 | 57 | 61 | 67 | 83 | 150 | 76 | 74 | 62 | $\bigcirc 3$ | 69 | 93 |
| W.-A.-Losier | 190 | 72 | 72 | 56 | 52 | 66 | 86 | 215 | 72 | 71 | 57 | 54 | 66 | 84 |
| La Fontaine | 46 | 84 | 69 | 54 | 41 | 63 | 72 | 47 | 89 | 76 | 57 | 49 | 68 | 96 |
| District 09 | 528 | 76 | 71 | 56 | 54 | 65 | 80 | 566 | 76 | 73 | 58 | 56 | 67 | 89 |
| Clément-Comier | 158 | 96 | 70 | 54 | 42 | 64 | 77 | 145 | 92 | 71 | 55 | 49 | 65 | 79 |
| Baie-Ste-Anne | 16 | 94 | 55 | 51 | 31 | 54 | 31 | 24 | 92 | 59 | 49 | 21 | 55 | 54 |
| Assomption | 37 | 66 | 75 | 58 | 60 | 68 | 89 | 49 | 86 | 72 | 58 | 61 | 67 | 78 |
| Mgr-F.-Richard | 102 | 84 | 64 | 60 | 65 | 62 | 70 | 92 | 83 | 65 | 61 | 62 | 64 | 64 |
| C.-Beausoleil | 8 | 80 | 77 | 70 | 75 | 75 | 100 | 15 | 100 | 72 | 60 | 73 | 67 | 87 |
| District 11 | 321 | 87 | 68 | 57 | 51 | 63 | 74 | 325 | 89 | 69 | 57 | 54 | 64 | 73 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Province | 2523 | 81 | 71 | 59 | 61 | 66 | 82 | 2535 | 83 | 71 | 60 | 62 | 67 | 84 |

[^8]PHYSIQUE 10e (Modified Level)
2000-2001
PHYSIQUE 10e (Modified Level)
1999-2000

| School | No. of students | \% of students in this level | School <br> mark | Prov. <br> exam | $\begin{gathered} \% \\ \text { pass } \end{gathered}$ | Final <br> mark* | $\begin{gathered} \text { \% } \\ \text { pass } \end{gathered}$ | No. of students | \% of students in this level | School <br> mark | Prov. <br> exam | $\begin{gathered} \% \\ \text { pass } \end{gathered}$ | Final mark* | $\begin{gathered} \% \\ \text { pass } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| L.-J.-Robichaud | 24 | 12 | 59 | 60 | 67 | 59 | 63 | 40 | 18 | 61 | 57 | 65 | 59 | 80 |
| Mathieu-Martin | 42 | 10 | 65 | 55 | 52 | 61 | 76 | 41 | 10 | 61 | 54 | 44 | 58 | 68 |
| Sainte-Anne | 15 | 19 | 56 | 63 | 93 | 59 | 60 | 6 | 8 | 59 | 59 | 50 | 58 | 67 |
| S.-de-Champlain | 2 | 13 | 60 | 67 | 100 | 63 | 100 | 2 | 10 | 59 | 64 | 100 | 61 | 100 |
| District 01 | 83 | 11 | 62 | 58 | 65 | 60 | 70 | 89 | 12 | 61 | 56 | 55 | 59 | 74 |
| Grande-Rivière | 3 | 9 | 43 | 35 | 0 | 39 | 0 | 4 | 10 | 61 | 49 | 0 | 56 | 75 |
| Thomas-Albert | 42 | 24 | 57 | 61 | 74 | 59 | 74 | 24 | 18 | 55 | 56 | 54 | 55 | 63 |
| Cité-des-Jeunes | 104 | 24 | 62 | 54 | 42 | 58 | 65 | 79 | 21 | 63 | 58 | 65 | 61 | 79 |
| District 03 | 149 | 23 | 60 | 56 | 50 | 58 | 66 | 107 | 19 | 61 | 57 | 60 | 60 | 75 |
| Marie-Gaétane | 6 | 21 | 49 | 62 | 83 | 54 | 33 | 6 | 18 | 49 | 62 | 67 | 55 | 50 |
| A.-J.-Savoie | 8 | 13 | 51 | 61 | 75 | 55 | 38 | 11 | 19 | 49 | 61 | 82 | 53 | 46 |
| Aux-Quatre-Vents | 29 | 28 | 68 | 67 | 90 | 68 | 93 | 27 | 28 | 69 | 59 | 82 | 65 | 100 |
| Roland-Pépin | 29 | 21 | 53 | 57 | 66 | 55 | 62 | 11 | 9 | 50 | 58 | 46 | 53 | 46 |
| District 05 | 72 | 22 | 59 | 62 | 78 | 60 | 69 | 55 | 18 | 59 | 59 | 73 | 59 | 73 |
| Népisiguit | 55 | 16 | 64 | 60 | 75 | 62 | 80 | 66 | 18 | 64 | 60 | 70 | 62 | 76 |
| District 07 | 55 | 16 | 64 | 60 | 75 | 62 | 80 | 66 | 18 | 64 | 60 | 70 | 62 | 76 |
| Louis-Mailloux | 48 | 24 | 62 | 54 | 44 | 59 | 67 | 41 | 21 | 63 | 51 | 24 | 58 | 63 |
| Marie-Esther | 37 | 21 | 63 | 61 | 78 | 62 | 87 | 48 | 24 | 56 | 55 | 54 | 56 | 56 |
| W.-A.-Losier | 74 | 28 | 58 | 56 | 50 | 57 | 57 | 83 | 28 | 58 | 56 | 57 | 57 | 65 |
| La Fontaine | 9 | 16 | 56 | 58 | 56 | 57 | 56 | 6 | 11 | 58 | 52 | 67 | 56 | 67 |
| District 09 | 168 | 24 | 60 | 57 | 55 | 59 | 66 | 178 | 24 | 59 | 54 | 49 | 57 | 62 |
| Clément-Cormier | 7 | 4 | 59 | 55 | 57 | 57 | 71 | 12 | 8 | 62 | 58 | 75 | 61 | 83 |
| Baie-Ste-Anne | 1 | 6 | 49 | 68 | 100 | 57 | 100 | 2 | 8 | 52 | 50 | 0 | 52 | 0 |
| Assomption | 19 | 34 | 61 | 59 | 58 | 60 | 74 | 8 | 14 | 59 | 54 | 6 | 57 | 50 |
| Mgr-F.-Richard | 20 | 16 | 59 | 60 | 70 | 60 | 70 | 19 | 17 | 63 | 64 | 90 | 63 | 84 |
| C.-Beausoleil | 2 | 20 | 54 | 56 | 50 | 55 | 50 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| District 11 | 49 | 13 | 59 | 59 | 63 | 59 | 71 | 41 | 11 | 61 | 60 | 76 | 61 | 73 |
| Province | 576 | 19 | 60 | 58 | 61 | 59 | 69 | 536 | 17 | 61 | 57 | 59 | 59 | 70 |

* Passing grade: 55\%

CHIMIE 11e (Regular Level)
2000-2001
CHIMIE 11e (Regular Level)
1999-2000

| School | No. of students | \% of students in this level | School <br> mark | Prov. <br> exam | $\begin{gathered} \% \\ \text { pass } \end{gathered}$ | Final <br> mark* | \% pass | No. of students | \% of students in this level | School <br> mark | Prov. <br> exam | $\begin{aligned} & \% \\ & \text { pass } \end{aligned}$ | Final <br> mark* | $\begin{aligned} & \% \\ & \text { pass } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| L.-J.-Robichaud | 161 | 79 | 63 | 67 | 86 | 65 | 86 | 163 | 78 | 63 | 64 | 80 | 63 | 82 |
| Mathieu-Martin | 350 | 86 | 71 | 60 | 65 | 66 | 82 | 358 | 83 | 67 | 59 | 58 | 64 | 77 |
| Sainte-Anne | 71 | 96 | 72 | 61 | 65 | 67 | 80 | 55 | 86 | 72 | 67 | 75 | 70 | 91 |
| S.-de-Champlain | 20 | 91 | 79 | 67 | 75 | 74 | 90 | 14 | 93 | 74 | 67 | 71 | 71 | 86 |
| District 01 | 602 | 86 | 69 | 62 | 71 | 66 | 83 | 590 | 82 | 67 | 61 | 66 | 64 | 80 |
| Grande-Rivière | 25 | 86 | 65 | 52 | 32 | 60 | 68 | 26 | 79 | 72 | 62 | 65 | 68 | 89 |
| Thomas-Albert | 110 | 79 | 68 | 60 | 61 | 65 | 75 | 116 | 81 | 68 | 64 | 73 | 66 | 82 |
| Cité-des-Jeunes | 281 | 72 | 73 | 59 | 59 | 67 | 82 | 339 | 76 | 73 | 60 | 61 | 68 | 85 |
| District 03 | 416 | 74 | 71 | 59 | 58 | 66 | 79 | 481 | 77 | 72 | 61 | 64 | 67 | 84 |
| Marie-Gaétane | 29 | 94 | 74 | 60 | 66 | 69 | 97 | 30 | 88 | 71 | 51 | 30 | 63 | 83 |
| A.-J.-Savoie | 40 | 78 | 76 | 67 | 88 | 72 | 98 | 47 | 84 | 80 | 69 | 87 | 75 | 100 |
| Aux-Quatre-Vents | 73 | 73 | 70 | 60 | 56 | 66 | 78 | 84 | 69 | 70 | 64 | 73 | 68 | 91 |
| Roland-Pépin | 105 | 94 | 71 | 63 | 71 | 68 | 85 | 122 | 93 | 73 | 57 | 48 | 66 | 84 |
| District 05 | 247 | 84 | 72 | 63 | 69 | 68 | 86 | 283 | 83 | 73 | 60 | 60 | 68 | 89 |
| Népisiguit | 258 | 84 | 77 | 61 | 61 | 71 | 85 | 306 | 91 | 76 | 60 | 62 | 70 | 91 |
| District 07 | 258 | 84 | 77 | 61 | 61 | 71 | 85 | 306 | 91 | 76 | 60 | 62 | 70 | 91 |
| Louis-Mailloux | 151 | 79 | 64 | 57 | 54 | 61 | 66 | 173 | 82 | 65 | 56 | 49 | 62 | 68 |
| Marie-Esther | 154 | 80 | 72 | 55 | 48 | 65 | 80 | 161 | 83 | 75 | 57 | 53 | 68 | 86 |
| W.-A.-Losier | 209 | 83 | 71 | 60 | 63 | 67 | 83 | 250 | 80 | 73 | 62 | 72 | 69 | 87 |
| La Fontaine | 43 | 96 | 71 | 52 | 44 | 63 | 74 | 72 | 88 | 75 | 58 | 51 | 68 | 89 |
| District 09 | 557 | 82 | 69 | 57 | 55 | 65 | 77 | 656 | 82 | 71 | 59 | 59 | 66 | 82 |
| Clément-Cormier | 128 | 96 | 71 | 52 | 41 | 63 | 81 | 170 | 94 | 73 | 55 | 48 | 66 | 91 |
| Baie-Ste-Anne | 16 | 84 | 68 | 56 | 44 | 63 | 69 | 12 | 86 | 71 | 66 | 75 | 69 | 100 |
| Assomption | 46 | 73 | 76 | 64 | 63 | 72 | 98 | 22 | 73 | 65 | 58 | 59 | 62 | 73 |
| Mgr-F.-Richard | 83 | 77 | 67 | 63 | 69 | 66 | 82 | 86 | 85 | 64 | 64 | 78 | 65 | 81 |
| C.-Beausoleil | 10 | 100 | 71 | 56 | 40 | 65 | 90 | 11 | 100 | 69 | 56 | 27 | 63 | 91 |
| District 11 | 283 | 85 | 71 | 58 | 53 | 65 | 83 | 301 | 90 | 70 | 59 | 58 | 65 | 87 |
| Province | 2363 | 82 | 71 | 60 | 61 | 66 | 81 | 2617 | 83 | 71 | 60 | 62 | 67 | 84 |

* Passing grade: 55\%

CHIMIE 11e (Modified Level)
2000-2001
CHIMIE 11e (Modified Level)
1999-2000

| School | No. of students | \% of students <br> in this level | School mark | Prov. <br> exam | \% <br> pass | Final mark* | $\begin{gathered} \% \\ \text { pass } \end{gathered}$ | No. of students | $\%$ of students <br> in this level | School mark | Prov. <br> exam | $\begin{gathered} \% \\ \text { pass } \end{gathered}$ | Final mark* | $\begin{gathered} \% \\ \text { pass } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| L.-J.-Robichaud | 42 | 21 | 60 | 64 | 86 | 62 | 83 | 45 | 22 | 56 | 60 | 71 | 58 | 62 |
| Mathieu-Martin | 55 | 14 | 62 | 55 | 55 | 59 | 69 | 73 | 17 | 62 | 55 | 45 | 59 | 71 |
| Sainte-Anne | 3 | 4 | 72 | 67 | 100 | 70 | 100 | 9 | 14 | 52 | 54 | 44 | 53 | 44 |
| S.-de-Champlain | 2 | 9 | 55 | 74 | 100 | 63 | 100 | 1 | 7 | 46 | 56 | 100 | 50 | 0 |
| District 01 | 102 | 14 | 62 | 59 | 70 | 61 | 77 | 128 | 18 | 59 | 57 | 55 | 58 | 66 |
| Grande-Rivière | 4 | 14 | 58 | 53 | 50 | 56 | 50 | 7 | 21 | 49 | 56 | 43 | 52 | 14 |
| Thomas-Albert | 29 | 21 | 58 | 60 | 72 | 59 | 72 | 28 | 19 | 53 | 61 | 75 | 56 | 50 |
| Cité-des-Jeunes | 110 | 28 | 65 | 59 | 66 | 63 | 88 | 107 | 24 | 60 | 54 | 47 | 58 | 71 |
| District 03 | 143 | 26 | 64 | 59 | 66 | 62 | 84 | 142 | 23 | 58 | 56 | 52 | 57 | 64 |
| Marie-Gaétane | 2 | 6 | 49 | 65 | 100 | 56 | 50 | 4 | 12 | 52 | 52 | 50 | 52 | 50 |
| A.-J.-Savoie | 11 | 22 | 54 | 61 | 82 | 57 | 73 | 9 | 16 | 57 | 64 | 89 | 60 | 89 |
| Aux-Quatre-Vents | 27 | 27 | 59 | 56 | 48 | 58 | 78 | 38 | 31 | 60 | 59 | 79 | 60 | 76 |
| Roland-Pépin | 7 | 6 | 45 | 49 | 29 | 47 | 29 | 9 | 7 | 57 | 53 | 33 | 55 | 33 |
| District 05 | 47 | 16 | 55 | 56 | 55 | 56 | 68 | 60 | 17 | 58 | 59 | 72 | 58 | 70 |
| Népisiguit | 49 | 16 | 72 | 57 | 65 | 66 | 90 | 31 | 9 | 71 | 58 | 65 | 66 | 94 |
| District 07 | 49 | 16 | 72 | 57 | 65 | 66 | 90 | 31 | 9 | 71 | 58 | 65 | 66 | 94 |
| Louis-Mailloux | 41 | 21 | 58 | 54 | 51 | 57 | 59 | 39 | 18 | 62 | 58 | 59 | 60 | 69 |
| Marie-Esther | 39 | 20 | 56 | 52 | 41 | 54 | 49 | 34 | 17 | 56 | 55 | 50 | 55 | 65 |
| W.-A.-Losier | 43 | 17 | 54 | 58 | 56 | 56 | 51 | 62 | 20 | 55 | 58 | 69 | 56 | 64 |
| La Fontaine | 2 | 4 | 68 | 57 | 50 | 63 | 100 | 10 | 12 | 63 | 59 | 70 | 62 | 90 |
| District 09 | 125 | 18 | 56 | 55 | 50 | 56 | 54 | 145 | 18 | 58 | 57 | 62 | 57 | 67 |
| Clément-Cormier | 5 | 4 | 67 | 48 | 0 | 60 | 100 | 10 | 6 | 63 | 55 | 60 | 60 | 80 |
| Baie-Ste-Anne | 3 | 16 | 54 | 48 | 0 | 52 | 33 | 2 | 14 | 52 | 56 | 50 | 54 | 50 |
| Assomption | 17 | 27 | 54 | 53 | 41 | 54 | 47 | 8 | 27 | 58 | 60 | 75 | 59 | 86 |
| Mgr-F.-Richard C.-Beausoleil | $\begin{gathered} 25 \\ 0 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 23 \\ 0 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | 60 | 58 | 64 | 59 | 64 | $\begin{gathered} 15 \\ 0 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 15 \\ 0 \end{gathered}$ | 57 | 62 | 87 | 59 | 85 |
| District 11 | 50 | 15 | 58 | 55 | 46 | 57 | 60 | 35 | 10 | 59 | 59 | 74 | 59 | 81 |
| Province | 516 | 18 | 61 | 57 | 60 | 59 | 72 | 541 | 17 | 59 | 57 | 60 | 58 | 69 |

[^9]
# 3. FRANÇAIS AND MATHÉMATIQUES PROVINCIAL EXAMINATION RESULTS AT THE PRIMARY LEVEL 

## New 通Brunswick

## Francophone School Districts *



* This map shows the current school district boundaries, in effect at the time of the primary-level evaluations.


### 3.1 PRIMARY LEVEL EVALUATION PROGRAM

The provincial evaluation program at the primary level has a very specific objective: to use the information obtained from exams to improve Français and Mathématiques learning. This program was established following the publication of the report of the Commission on Excellence in Education in 1992. These "diagnostic" exams are administered to all students entering Grade 4 and Grade 8 enrolled in Francophone schools in the province.

## What is the purpose of these exams?

The exams serve to measure the skills and abilities necessary for further learning. Using the results, teaching staff and the school administration develop and apply appropriate action strategies for correcting the weaknesses detected among the students. The results are also presented to the school districts and the Department of Education.

## What is tested?

The exams are developed on the basis of a list of descriptors drawn up by school district personnel and Department consultants. The descriptors stem from provincial curricula and identify the elements essential for further development of skills in French and mathematics at the beginning of Grades 4 and 8 .

## What performance level is expected of the students?

In order to attain the objectives of the primary-level evaluation program, a performance level is set for each descriptor in the French and mathematics exams. This makes it possible to situate the student in relation to expectations and guides the teacher in providing follow-up. Details concerning the pass levels for each descriptor are presented in Appendices A to D for the French exams and in Appendices E and F for the Mathematics exams.

## Who prepares the exams?

The exams are developed together with the teaching staff. Supervision is provided by evaluation and curriculum consultants at the Department of Education in association with school district subject supervisors in French and mathematics.

## What content was tested?

In French, the exams are presented in two parts: reading and writing. In Grade 4, the reading test deals with comprehension of a narrative text. In Grade 8, reading comprehension is evaluated on the basis of a topical text, generally an information article, and an adventure story. The questionnaires that are part of the reading tests in both Grades 4 and 8 contain multiple-choice questions and open-ended questions calling for either brief or extended responses.

In Grade 4, the writing test involves the writing of a narrative text of at least 75 words; in Grade 8, a minimum of 200 words is required.

In mathematics, the exams are also divided into two distinct parts. The first is made up of items measuring particularly mathematical content, while the second measures mainly problem solving.

## How are the results presented?

A pass level is set, and each student receives a comment (and not a mark) for each French and mathematics descriptor measured. The comments take the following form:

Mastery ( $\mathbf{M}$ ), meaning that the student possesses the skills and knowledge measured,

Partial Mastery $(\mathbf{P})$, indicating that the student possesses some of the skills and knowledge measured,

Non-mastery (N), meaning that the student lacks the skills and knowledge measured.

These comments provide students with a profile of their strengths and weaknesses at the start of the school year. The teacher can thus obtain a portrait of his class.

The students' results are expressed in relation to performance levels for each descriptor. This is done at the class, district and provincial levels. Consequently, there is no single overall mark for a given exam for a given student.

Each student's results are recorded in his file and must be sent to his parents; they may be discussed at a parent-teacher interview. However, these results must not be used for the purpose of promotion and are not entered on a report card, since this involves a diagnostic evaluation, not a summative evaluation.

## How well did the students do in general?

In Français 4 e, the reading test consisted of 15 questions about a narrative text of approximately 60 lines containing mostly words familiar or at least known to students. The narrative was titled Pourquoi la corneille est-elle noire? [Why is the crow black?] The 15 questions were divided among three descriptors, i.e., Descriptor D1 (Find explicit information contained in a text), Descriptor D2 (Extract implicit information from a text), and Descriptor D3 (React to information contained in a text, and support or justify your position). Province-wide, $53 \%$ of students reached the pass level for Descriptor D1, 39\% for Descriptor D2, and only 26\% for Descriptor D3.

By comparison with the previous year, the pass-level percentage for Descriptor D1 dropped slightly, from $64 \%$ to $53 \%$. The decline was stronger for the other two, with Descriptor D2 dropping from $60 \%$ to $39 \%$ and Descriptor D3 from $47 \%$ to $26 \%$.

We hasten to point out that comparing this year's student results with those from last year is risky since the reading tests were entirely different as to textual content and questions. Still, we can theorize that these weak results stem in part from the difficulty of the text and the questions used to measure descriptors D1, D2 and D3. In light of the results, it is nevertheless safe to say that five students out of ten have serious difficulty finding explicit information contained in a text (DI), whereas six students out of ten cannot reconstruct implicit information from a given number of indicators in the text (D2). As for Descriptor D3, seven students out of ten cannot justify their position regarding characters, events or information in the text.

In other words, a majority of students do not indicate what they think about the characters, events or information, give their opinion without justifying it, or else provide an incoherent justification unrelated to the story. Question 7, for example, asks the student whether he agrees with the decision of Corneille and Paon to go to the castle to meet His Majesty King Vautour. Question 7: Do you think Corneille and Paon did the right thing in going to the castle to meet His Majesty King Vautour? Explain your answer. Some students simply said, Yes, I think they did or Personally, I believe they did. Those students earned minimum points or no point since their answers did not include the required justification. Students who received the maximum number of points replied, Yes, because King Vautour listened to them and lent them his box of paints or No, because Corneille exchanged one boring colour (white) for another boring colour (black). Those students justified their opinion in a coherent manner logically related to the story or the text.

The composition test consisted in telling about a true or imaginary event in which the student felt involved (approximately 75 words required). Students were given the following set-up: While at the pet store, you discover the very animal you have always wanted. You cannot imagine living without it. How will you convince your parents to
buy it for you? You just have to have it? ${ }^{2}$ The proposed composition topic was very close to the students' experience and also gave them full freedom in terms of content, which could be either imaginary or real if students preferred writing about something that had actually happened. In that short text, students had to pay attention to a few rules of syntax and spelling.

The results showed that $60 \%$ of students wrote a composition by selecting information (D4), $74 \%$ used sentence elements to make the composition effective (D5), $82 \%$ used precise, varied vocabulary (D6), 68\% observed the rules of punctuation (D7), $51 \%$ observed standard spelling (D8), and 70\% observed the rules of grammar (D9). These results show a certain thematic cohesion or coherence in the students' writings (D4 and D5), adequate use of vocabulary (D6), and observance of the basic rules of punctuation and grammar (D7 and D9), whereas there is still work to be done to master spelling (D8). It bears mentioning that descriptors D7, D8 and D9 were measured based on the first 55 words of the composition and that knowledge of spelling (D8) was measured based on a spelling lexicon of 643 words, ${ }^{3}$ which students could consult as they wrote their composition.

## Follow-up activities

One objective of this provincial evaluation ${ }^{4}$ is to inform teachers of the state of reading and writing knowledge and skills among students entering Grade 4. As regards this comprehensive review of the resulting data, we should point out that students having completed Grade 3 have more difficulty reading than writing. ${ }^{5}$ Note, however, that reading acquisition is a continuing process, and that it is an easy, rapid process for some, whereas others need more and more time and effort. ${ }^{6}$ Students who fail reading must attend reading classes. Without our rushing headlong into stock formulas or instructions, we note that current research recommends reading aloud as one reasonable means to this end. ${ }^{7}$ According to those studies, reading aloud can be regarded as an important component of the understanding process (and one of the first steps in realizing the role that punctuation plays in writing) and a step towards silent reading, which is the goal. To ensure that reading aloud is effective for the student, in other words, to determine whether he has grasped the meaning of the text, the student is asked to express what he has read in his own words. Bentolila et al. (1991) point out that young students,

2 The proposed composition topic was accompanied by a cartoon to stimulate the student's written expression (or creativity).
3 This spelling lexicon was taken from the spelling list of the elementary-school French support document of the New Brunswick Department of Education (1999).
4 This evaluation is also used to improve the student's learning strategies as well as the teacher's instructional process. It is further linked to a social demand for accountability.
5 As regards the composition of simple sentences, in any case.
6 Gough, P.B., L.C. Ehri and R. Treiman (1992). Reading Acquisition. NJ, Laurence Erlbaum.
7 Perfetti, C. (1992). The representation problem in reading acquisition. In P.B. Gough, L.C. Ehri and R. Treiman (Ed.), Reading Acquisition. NJ, Laurence Erlbaum. Bosman, A.M.T. and C.C. Van Orden (1997). Pourquoi l'orthographe est-elle plus difficile que la lecture? In L. Rieben, M. Fayol et C. Perfetti (éd.), Des orthographes et leur acquisition. Neufchâtel, Paris. Elbro, C. (1998). When reading is "readn" or "somthn." Distinctness of phonological representations of lexical items and disabled readers. Scandinavian Journal of Psychology, 39, 149-153.
especially in elementary school, tend to spend very little time figuring out the meaning of the question but instead jump on the first indication in the text to give their answer. Thus, the teacher should also encourage elementary school students to use efficient strategies to answer test questions.

Reading can be developed and improved through schooling. ${ }^{8}$ Nevertheless, upon completion of the first three years of elementary school, reading should consist of more than deciphering ${ }^{9}$ or linear coding of segments ${ }^{10}$. It should have reached an overall level of understanding so that learning is solidly based at the start of the second three years of elementary education.

In Français 8e, the reading test consisted of 23 questions about two texts, i.e., an 83-line information article titled Comment forme-t-on des animaux savants? [The training of service animals] and a 136 -line narrative text titled Le royaume de la nuit [The kingdom of night]. Four descriptors were chosen to measure the students' skill at grasping the meaning of these two texts: Descriptor D1 (Find explicit information contained in a text), Descriptor D2 (Extract implicit information from a text), Descriptor D3 (Distinguish between key information and secondary information), and Descriptor D4 (React to the constituent elements of a text). Looking closely at the province-wide success rate by decreasing order, we see that $85 \%$ of students reached the pass level for Descriptor D3, followed by 59\% for Descriptor D1, 56\% for Descriptor D2, and 39\% for Descriptor D4. Looking at these percentages, it is clear that Descriptor D3 was acquired significantly better by this year's students than by those last year (only $60 \%$ of the students reached the pass level in 2000). As for the first two descriptors, D1 and D2, we see that about the same number of students reached the pass level as in the previous year, i.e., six out of ten, whereas performance for Descriptor D4 dropped considerably, from $52 \%$ in 2000 to $39 \%$ this year. Evidently, Descriptor D4 accounts mostly for the weakness from one year to the next. This makes it important for teachers to develop effective teaching/learning strategies enabling students to master this skill.

The purpose of Descriptor D4 is to teach the student to react or express his reactions to the constituent elements of a text. Five questions were asked to measure this skill in the reading test. Here again, to obtain the maximum number of points, the student must take a position and support it with a relevant, coherent argument based on the text. ${ }^{11}$ Let us take, for example, the following items regarding the information article: After reading this text, do you believe that animal training is important. Justify your answer based on the text. To obtain the maximum number of points, the student must answer by taking a

[^10]position and justifying it through a relevant, coherent argument based on the text. Some students answered, Yes, since people used to train dogs to herd sheep, whereas we now need trained dogs for the blind. Others reacted by writing, Yes, training animals is important because without training we could not have pets. Students who obtained the minimum number of points answered, Yes because otherwise, the animal may become wild or Yes, because if you teach an animal to listen to you, it will trust you. Here is another type of question for this same descriptor (D4), taken this time from the narrative text: What do you think about the witch's reaction upon discovering the disappearance of Napiwa. Justify your answer based on the text. A few students reacted by stating, He reacted too fast by preparing the ceremony for the dead since he had no proof that Napiwa was really dead or He felt no remorse at the disappearance of Napiwa. What he really wanted was to ask the god Huart to forgive Napiwa's offence. Students who obtained the minimum number of points or no points simply answered, I think he was a little too stupid to believe in spirits or He had a good reaction.

The composition test consisted in writing a story of about 200 words based on three proposed topics, which were actually an extension of the theme of the narrative used for the reading test. For example, the theme (topic) in the text of the reading test was the violation of an Amerindian law by an Amerindian boy. Thus, one of the topics proposed for the composition test was: Despite your parents' refusal, you decide to attend a party at the home of a friend. Suddenly, during the evening... The student's story had to contain an initial situation, a disturbance, the working out of that disturbance, and a final situation. The results were that $40 \%$ of students reached the pass level for Descriptor D5 (Write a composition that conforms to the characteristics of the narrative), $55 \%$ for Descriptor D6 (Provide pertinent clues that reveal the composition's structure), $51 \%$ for Descriptor D7 (Use precise, varied vocabulary), 53\% for Descriptor D8 (Construct proper sentences), $37 \%$ for Descriptor D9 (Punctuate sentences correctly), $70 \%$ for Descriptor D10 (Observe standard spelling), and 28\% for Descriptor D11 (Observe grammatical spelling).

## Follow-up activities

The weakness of the results can be explained by the chance factor involved in using one single test ${ }^{12}$ and the tendency of students not to distance themselves enough from what they are writing. According to the study by Bugniet ${ }^{13}$, students, particularly those at the elementary and secondary levels, are not sufficiently aware that their first draft is not necessarily the best. According to Bugniet, the student who does not distance himself enough from his writing cannot gradually discover the components and rules of writing. Although writing is a complex exercise, as Bugniet points out, our results clearly show that students having completed Grade 7 have serious writing deficits and that teachers

[^11]will need to work hard with them on textual knowledge (D5 and D6), lexical knowledge (D7), syntax (D8), and grammar (D9 and D11).

In conclusion, we remind readers that the ultimate purpose of this external ad hoc evaluation is to make a formative ${ }^{14}$ (pedagogic) diagnosis ${ }^{15}$ as opposed to a sommative ${ }^{16}$ (social) prognosis ${ }^{17}$ and that our first concern is therefore the educational and school success of each student.

[^12]
## Mathématiques 4e

In Mathématiques 4e, the mathematical content of the test comprised two parts, the first measuring mathematical concepts and notions and the other measuring problem solving. The first part consisted of 17 constructed-response questions designed to measure four descriptors. For the first descriptor (Solve problems involving equivalency and numerical transformations), $58 \%$ of students achieved mastery and $28 \%$ partial mastery, whereas $14 \%$ demonstrated non-mastery. See the tables on the following pages for the percentages of students who achieved mastery for the other descriptors.

Results for the first part are generally satisfactory. More than $70 \%$ of students are able to represent a number in several ways, using both a plotting board and mathematical symbols. A sound understanding of the plotting board is a sure guarantee of successful acquisition of calculation techniques. ${ }^{18}$ When marking the tests, teachers indicated that students who have not mastered this concept can be helped through continuing to use centicubes and the plotting board before proceeding to more abstract concepts.

We also note that students are still having difficulty translating a written problem into a mathematical statement. For Question 5, for example, the student who answered correctly translated the problem into the mathematical statement $72-26-37=9$, whereas those who did not understand simply added up the numbers appearing in the problem $(72+26+37=135)$.
5. Michel borrowed a 72-page book from the library. He read 26 pages on Monday. He then read 37 pages on Tuesday. How many pages does he have left to read?

Write a mathematical statement to represent this story.

It should be mentioned, however, that this skill, which comes under the strategies used in problem solving, must be regarded as a component of continuing learning. The student's problem solving skills and self-confidence definitely improve once he has acquired a stock of problem solving strategies. ${ }^{19}$ Building a table, selecting an operation, solving a simpler problem or finding a regularity are other examples of strategies.

Students did well with the tasks that required organizing several instructions concerned with logical relationships and those requiring them to locate objects on a plane by means of Cartesian coordinates.

[^13]The second part presented six problems allowing students to demonstrate their problem solving skills. The information collected was used mainly for two descriptors, one measuring the appropriateness of the problem solving strategy used and, new this year, one measuring skill at finding the right solution to the given problems. Since the right solution is obtained through one or more correctly performed operations, the result for that descriptor indicates the student's skill at performing the operations involved in his solving process. ${ }^{20}$ Although many students ( $60 \%$ ) met the requirements as to choice of strategy, barely $46 \%$ of them were able to reach the pass level for the new descriptor, which called for finding at least three right answers out of the six problems proposed. The teachers mentioned that students would correct several little mistakes if they took the time to look over their work after each problem.

Question 3 is an example of problem solving.
3. Sophie collects cards of her three favourite sports. She has 221 cards in all. She has 109 basketball cards and 72 baseball cards. How many soccer cards does she have?


The solution required two steps, first adding up the basketball and baseball cards, then subtracting them from the total number of cards. Although $56 \%$ of students used an appropriate strategy to solve the problem, only $37 \%$ of them found the right answer. That means about $20 \%$ of students understood the problem but made calculation mistakes. Furthermore, $44 \%$ of students did not answer or were unable to use a valid strategy to solve the problem.

## Mathématiques 8e

A new generation of Grade 7 and 8 mathematics programs (interim versions) was brought on stream province-wide in September 2000. Given the changes in approaches and contents, the external evaluation administered at the start of Grade 8 needed to be updated. In the September 2001 test, those changes translated into a reduction in geometric content dealing with isometric transformations and an increase in content dealing with probabilities and statistics. As before, the test consists of two parts but the contents are different. The first part lasts 30 minutes, and no calculators are allowed. It consists of 23 multiple-choice questions designed to obtain information on the students'

[^14]ability to understand and use rational numbers (D1), perform basic operations on whole numbers and decimal numbers (D2), and understand and use the properties of straight lines, angles and triangles (D4). For this part, students wrote their answers on a scan sheet.

Upon analyzing the items, we found that students have a fairly easy time performing the four operations on decimal numbers and observing the order of the operations. However, the results are not as good when they are required to convert a fraction or fractional number to a decimal number. Here is an example of a question illustrating division of a decimal number. The success rate was $81 \%$.

1. What is the result for $364,8 \div 4$ ?
A) 9,2
B) 81,2
*C) 91,2
D) 912

This other question requires the student to convert a decimal number to a fraction. The success rate was $44 \%$.
2. Which is the fraction equivalent of 1,25 ?
A) Error!
B) Error!
*C) Error!
D) Error!

The second part lasts 2 hours, and calculators are allowed. It consists of 25 questions that sometimes require a short answer and sometimes a more elaborate one. The test is designed for completion in 120 minutes, but students who needed additional time were given an extra 15 minutes. This part measures mainly the student's ability to understand and use regularities (D3), make predictions and decisions based on statistical data (D5), and the concept of probability (D6). Operations on whole numbers and decimal numbers and the understanding of rational numbers are also checked in this part, but by means of more complex problems.

Analysis of the questions prompts several observations. First, it seems clear that students have difficulty converting hours to minutes, especially when the hours are presented as decimals or fractions. For example, 4,50 hours is interpreted as 4 hours 50 minutes instead of 4 hours 30 minutes and 4 Error! becomes 4 hours 30 minutes instead of 4 hours 20 minutes. This aspect of mathematics merits follow-up given that the conversion of hours to minutes is common practice in everyday life. ${ }^{21}$

We further observe that students have difficulty finding the percentage of a number. For example, only $42 \%$ of students were able to find the correct answer to Question4. Yet, in

[^15]the first part of the test, students were skilled at converting a fraction to a percentage. The success rate for Question 9 was $74 \%$.
4. [...] the clerks counted the number of people in the room. They counted 134 women and 110 men.

Men represented what percentage of people in the room?

As part of follow-up, it would therefore be good to give students more complex problems requiring them to calculate percentages.
9. Express Error!as a percentage ?
A) $60 \%$
*B) $65 \%$
C) $70 \%$
D) $75 \%$

In the September 2001 test, students were asked to make circular and horizontal-bar charts to represent the information in a problem. These are some of the questions relating to Descriptor 5 (Make predictions and decisions based on statistical data). Students did better with the circular chart, for a success rate of close to $50 \%$ as opposed to $26 \%$ for the horizontarbar chart, which many students confused with a histogram. Note that to obtain the maximum points, students had to give their chart a title, which most of them failed to do. Follow-up involving the different data representation charts should bring improvement in this area next year. Confusion between chart and graph needs to be cleared up. A chart is a schema representing the parts of a whole and their interrelationship. A graph is a line representing variations of measurable scale. ${ }^{22}$ In a broken-line chart, the broken line is the graph.

In the second part, students were given six problems to test their problem solving skills. The information gathered was used mainly for two descriptors, one measuring the appropriateness of the problem solving strategy and, new this year, one measuring skill at finding right solutions to the problems. Since the right solution is obtained through one or more correctly performed operations, the result for that descriptor is an indicator of the student's skill at performing the operations of the problem solving exercise. ${ }^{23}$ With six problems presented, the student had to have at least four of them right to achieve mastery. We note that $56 \%$ of students achieved mastery for the descriptor measuring the choice of strategy and $56 \%$ for the descriptor measuring the right answer. We observe that students are still leaving too little trace of their calculations or that their

[^16]process is difficult to follow given disorganization in the steps used. Students must be aware that effective communication of their solution is now an important skill in mathematical problem solving. Students using a calculator may tend to leave less trace of their calculations, writing down only the result of their operations instead of indicating the steps that led to that result. The scorers need these indications to judge the strategy which the student used to solve the problem. We therefore recommend that teachers show students some sample solutions in which the steps are clearly indicated and insist that students indicate the steps of their solution in words as well as numbers.

## Are the results interpreted in the same way as for the high school level?

No, because the results of exams administered at the primary level are used for diagnostic purposes and must therefore be interpreted in that light. The results for the province and for each school district are presented in this report.

For each exam and for each of the descriptors measured, there is a series of graphs representing the distribution of the overall student population in each district and in the province. These graphic representations provide a profile of each district and of the province in terms of the percentage of students who have mastered ( $\mathbf{M}$ ), partially mastered ( $\mathbf{P}$ ), or not mastered ( $\mathbf{N}$ ) each descriptor according to the discipline.

This information enables teaching staff to identify students with problems learning French and mathematics at the beginning of Grades 4 and 8.

### 3.2 FRANÇAIS $4^{\text {e }}$

## READING TEST

## Graph 21

Provincial
data

Number of students who wrote the
Français $4^{e}$ exam
District 01: 19\% ( $\mathrm{N}=514$ )
District 03: $22 \%(\mathrm{~N}=584)$
District 05: 19\% ( $\mathrm{N}=506$ )
District 09: 22\% ( $\mathrm{N}=572$ )
District 11: 18\% (N=468)
Descriptor 1: Find specific, selected information appearing literally in the text.


Province: 2644
Descriptor 2: Reconstruct implicit information on the basis of a number of clues provided by the text.

## Graph 22

Provincial data

Number of students who wrote the Français $4^{e}$ exam by sex

Girls: $51 \%(\mathrm{~N}=1350)$
Boys: $49 \% ~(\mathrm{~N}=1294)$


FRANÇAIS $4^{\text {e }}$ (contd.)

Descriptor 3: Assess or take a position in relation to the text by giving an opinion and justifying it.

Graph 23

Gaph 24

## WRITING TEST

Descriptor 4: Write a composition by selecting information.


FRANÇAIS $4^{\mathrm{e}}$ (contd.)

Descriptor 5: Organize and arrange the elements of the sentence in order to make the composition effective.

## Graph 25

## Graph 26

Descriptor 6 Use a varied, precise vocabulary.


FRANÇAIS $4^{\mathrm{e}}$ (contd.)

## Graph 27

Descriptor 7: Observes punctuation rules.


## Graph 28

Descriptor 8 Observe standard spelling.


FRANÇAIS $4^{\mathrm{e}}$ (contd.)

## Graph 29

Descriptor 9 Observe grammatical spelling.


### 3.3 FRANÇAIS $\mathbf{8}^{\text {e }}$

## READING TEST

## Graph 30

Provincial
data
Number of students who wrote the
Français $8^{\mathrm{e}}$ exam
District 01: 18\% (N=501)
District 03: 23\% ( $\mathrm{N}=660$ )
District 05: $17 \%$ ( $\mathrm{N}=495$ )
District 09: 22\% (N=634)
District 11: 20\% (N=561)
Province: 2851
Descriptor 1: Find explicit information contained in a text.


Descriptor 2: Extract implicit information from a text.

## Graph 31

Provincial data

Number of students
who wrote the Français $8^{\mathrm{e}}$ exam by sex

Girls: $\quad 49 \%(\mathrm{~N}=1407)$
Boys: $51 \% ~(\mathrm{~N}=1444)$

## FRANÇAIS $8^{\text {e }}$ (contd.)

## Graph 32

Descriptor 3: Distinguish between key information and secondary information.


Descriptor 4: React to constituent elements of a text.

## Graph 33



FRANÇAIS $8^{\text {e }}$ (contd.)

## Graph 34

## WRITING TEST

Descriptor 5: Write a composition that conforms to the characteristics of the narrative story.


Descriptor 6: Provide pertinent clues that reveal the composition's structure.

## Graph 35



## FRANÇAIS $8^{\text {e }}$ (contd.)

Descriptor 7: Use a varied, precise vocabulary.

## Graph 36

## Graph 37

Descriptor 8: Construct proper sentences.


FRANÇAIS $8^{\text {e }}$ (contd.)

## Graph 38

Descriptor 9: Punctuate the text correctly.


## Graph 39

Descriptor 10: Observe standard spelling.


FRANÇAIS $8^{\text {e }}$ (contd.)

## Graph 40

Descriptor 11: Observe grammatical spelling.


### 3.4 MATHÉMATIQUES $4^{\text {e }}$

## Graph 41

Provincial data

Number of students who wrote the Mathématiques $4^{e}$ exam

District 01: 19\% (N=519)
District 03: 22\% ( $\mathrm{N}=592$ )
District 05: 19\% (N=509)
District 09: 22\% ( $\mathrm{N}=581$ )
District 11: $18 \%$ ( $\mathrm{N}=480$ )
Province: 2681

## MATHEMATICAL CONTENT

## Graph 42

Provincial
data

Number of students who wrote the Mathématiques $4^{\mathrm{e}}$ exam by sex

Girls: $51 \%(\mathrm{~N}=1359)$
Boys: $49 \% ~(N=1322)$

Descriptor 1: Solve problems involving equivalency and numerical transformations.


Descriptor 2: $\begin{aligned} & \text { Solve problems involving the organization of } \\ & \text { several instructions concerned with logical }\end{aligned}$
Descriptor 2: $\begin{aligned} & \text { Solve problems involving the organization of } \\ & \text { several instructions concerned with logical }\end{aligned}$ relationships.


## MATHÉMATIQUES $4^{\text {e }}$ (contd.)

## Graph 43

Descriptor 3: Locate an object on a plane by means of Cartesian coordinates.


Descriptor 4: Measure lengths and areas in metric units.

## Graph 44

## MATHÉMATIQUES $4^{\text {e }}$ (contd.)

## Graph 45

## PROBLEM SOLVING

Descriptor 5: Use an appropriate strategy to solve a problem.


Descriptor 6: Find the right solution to a given problem.

## Graph 46



## MATHÉMATIQUES $4^{\text {e }}$ (contd.)

## Graph 47

Descriptor 7: Interpret the result or answer the question in a complete sentence..


### 3.5 MATHÉMATIQUES $8{ }^{\text {e }}$

## Graph 48

Provincial data

Number of students who wrote the Mathématiques $8^{\mathrm{e}}$ exam

District 01: $18 \%(\mathrm{~N}=500)$
District 03: 22\% ( $\mathrm{N}=648$ )
District 05: $18 \%(\mathrm{~N}=500)$
District 09: $22 \%$ ( $\mathrm{N}=639$ )
District 11: 20\%
( $\mathrm{N}=565$ )

## MATHEMATICAL CONTENT

Descriptor 1: Understand and use rational numbers.


Descriptor 2: Perform the four operations on whole numbers and decimal numbers.

Graph 49

Provincial data

Number of students
who wrote the
Mathématiques $8^{\mathrm{e}}$ exam by sex

Girls: $\quad 49 \%(\mathrm{~N}=1405)$
Boys: $51 \% ~(\mathrm{~N}=1447)$


## MATHÉMATIQUES $8^{\text {e }}$ (contd.)

## Graph 50

Descriptor 3: Understand and use regularities.


Descriptor 4: Understand and use the properties of straight lines, angles, triangles and other figures.

## Graph 51



## MATHÉMATIQUES $8^{\text {e }}$ (contd.)

## Graph 52

Descriptor 5: Make predictions and decisions based on statistical data.


Descriptor 6: Understand and apply the concept of probability.

## Graph 53



## MATHÉMATIQUES $8^{\text {e }}$ (contd.)

## PROBLEM SOLVING

Descriptor 7: Use an appropriate strategy to solve a problem.

## Graph 54

Descriptor 8: Find the right solution to a given problem.

## Graph 55



## MATHÉMATIQUES $\mathbf{8}^{\text {e }}$

Descriptor 9: Interpret the result or answer the question in a complete sentence.

## Graph 56



## CONCLUSION

This marks the seventh year of publication of New Brunswick provincial examination results by school and by district. The Department of Education releases these results to meet the requirements of accountability and transparency.

The production of this report is the outcome of a lengthy process of compiling the data obtained from the provincial examinations administered during the 2000-2001 school year for the high-school level and the exams administered in September 2001 for the primary level. In order to produce a report accessible to everyone, the Department has included the most significant data.

These results enable all partners in education and decision-makers to see how New Brunswick students are doing in the subjects that represent the essential components of the curriculum.

We would appreciate receiving your comments after you have read this report. With this in mind, we have attached a form entitled 'PROVINCIAL EXAMINATION RESULTS DECEMBER 2001". The Department will study the questionnaire responses and comments carefully.

Moreover, school principals and district superintendents as well as the staff involved within the Department are available to answer any further questions you may have.

## APPENDICES

FRANÇAIS $4^{\mathrm{e}}$ - EXAMINATION
Pass levels by DESCRIPTOR

|  | Descriptors | Items | Nonmastery (N) | Partial Mastery (P) | Mastery <br> (M) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \mathbf{R} \\ \mathbf{E} \\ \mathbf{A} \\ \mathbf{D} \\ \mathbf{I} \\ \mathbf{N} \\ \mathbf{G} \end{array}$ | 1. Find specific, selected information appearing literally in the text. | $\begin{gathered} 1,2,3,4,6 \\ 9 \text { and } 12 \end{gathered}$ | 0 to 8/14 | 9 or 10/14 | 11 to 14/14 |
|  | 2. Reconstruct implicit information on the basis of a number of clues provided by the text. | $\begin{gathered} 5,8,10 \\ 13 \text { and } 15 \end{gathered}$ | 1/5 | 2/5 | 3 to 5/5 |
|  | 3. Assess or take a position in relation to the text by giving an opinion and justifying it. | 7,11 and 14 | 1/6 | 2/6 | 3 to 6/6 |
| W <br> R <br> I <br> T <br> I <br> N $G^{24}$ | 4. Write a composition by selecting information. |  | 0 | 1 | 2 |
|  | 5. Organize and arrange the elements of the sentence in order to make the composition effective. |  | 0 | 1 | 2 |
|  | 6. Use precise, varied vocabulary. |  | 0 | 1 | 2 |
|  | 7. Observe punctuation rules. |  | 0 | 1 | 2 |
|  | 8. Observe standard spelling. |  | 0 | 1 | 2 |
|  | 9. Observe grammatical spelling. |  | 0 | 1 | 2 |

For example, the first descriptor, «Find specific, selected information appearing literally in the text,» is measured by seven items, and enables students to accumulate a total of 14 points. If students obtain:

- 11 points or more, they receive a mark of Mastery (M);
- $\quad 9$ or 10 points, Partial Mastery ( $\mathbf{P}$ );
- 8 points or less, Non-mastery (N).
${ }^{24}$ See Appendix B for spelling code explanations.


## FRANÇAIS 4e EXAMINATION

## Abridged Correction Grid

| Descriptors | Mastery | Partial Mastery | Non-mastery |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4. Choice of information <br> The student provides sufficient relevant information in his text. | Information relevant and sufficient (if some irrelevant information is present, it does not compromise the meaning). | Some irrelevant or insufficient information sometimes renders the meaning incomprehensible. | Text or message incomprehensible. or Text is off topic. |
| 5. Sentence structure <br> Sentences are grammatically correct. | Subjective personal pronouns are often used correctly. Most simple sentences are well constructed. <br> 1-3 errors <br> 2 | Subjective personal pronouns are sometimes used correctly. Many structure errors. <br> 4-7 errors <br> 1 | Subjective personal pronouns are rarely used correctly. A great many structure errors. <br> 8 or more errors $0$ |
| 6. Vocabulary <br> The student uses precise, varied vocabulary. | Vocabulary often precise and varied. $2$ | Vocabulary sometimes precise but unvaried. | Imprecise vocabulary. <br> 0 |
| 7. Punctuation <br> The students ends his sentences with a period or a question mark. | 0-1 error <br> 2 | $2 \text { errors }$ <br> 1 | 3 or more errors $0$ |
| 8. Lexical spelling Words already learned are spelled correctly. | 0-2 errors <br> 2 | 3-4 errors <br> 1 | 5 or more errors $0$ |
| 9. Grammatical spelling | 0-2 errors <br> 2 | 3-4 errors <br> 1 | 5 or mo re errors $0$ |

Descriptors 7, 8 and 9 are measured based on 55 words, whereas descriptors 4,5 and 6 are measured based on the entire text.
Less than 55 words $=$ Non-mastery for the six descriptors.

## FRANÇAIS $8^{\text {e }}$ - EXAMINATION

Pass levels by DESCRIPTOR

|  | Descriptors | Questions | Non- <br> Mastery (N) | Partial Mastery (P) | Mastery <br> (M) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{R} \\ & \mathbf{E} \\ & \mathbf{A} \\ & \mathbf{D} \\ & \mathbf{I} \\ & \mathbf{N} \\ & \mathbf{G} \end{aligned}$ | 1. Find explicit information contained in a text. | $\begin{gathered} 1,2,5,6,10 \\ 11,12,13 \\ \text { and } 18 \end{gathered}$ | 0 to 7/13 | 8/13 | 9 to 13/13 |
|  | 2. Extract implicit information from a text. | $\begin{gathered} 3,4,16,17, \\ 19 \text { and } 22 \end{gathered}$ | 0 to 2/9 | 3/9 | 4 to 9/9 |
|  | 3. Distinguish between key information and secondary information. | 7, 20 and 21 | 0 to 2/6 | 2/6 | 3 to 6/6 |
|  | 4. React to constituent elements of a text. | $\begin{aligned} & 8,9,14,15 \\ & \text { and } 23 \end{aligned}$ | 0 to 3/10 | 4/10 | 5 to 10/10 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { W } \\ & \mathbf{W} \\ & \mathbf{R} \\ & \mathbf{I} \\ & \mathbf{T} \\ & \mathbf{I} \\ & \mathbf{N} \\ & \mathbf{G}^{\mathbf{2 5}} \end{aligned}$ | 5. Write a composition that conforms to the characteristics of the narrative story. |  | 0 | 1 | 2 |
|  | 6. Provide pertinent clues that reveal the composition's structure. |  | 0 | 1 | 2 |
|  | 7. Use a varied, precise vocabulary. |  | 0 | 1 | 2 |
|  | 8. Construct proper sentences. |  | 0 | 1 | 2 |
|  | 9. Punctuate the text correctly. |  | 0 | 1 | 2 |
|  | 10. Observe standard spelling. |  | 0 | 1 | 2 |
|  | 11. Observe grammatical spelling. |  | 0 | 1 | 2 |

For example, the first descriptor, «Find explicit information contained in a text,» is measured by nine items, and enables students to accumulate a total of thirteen points. If students obtain:

- 9 points or more, they receive a mark of Mastery (M);
- 8 points, Partial Mastery ( $\mathbf{( P ) \text { ; }}$
- 7 points or less, Non-mastery (N).

[^17]FRANÇAIS $8^{\text {e }}$ - EXAMINATION

## Abridged Correction Grid

|  | Descriptors | Mastery | Partial Mastery | Non-mastery |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| C |  |  |  |  |

Descriptors $7,8,9,10$ and 11 are measured based on 150 words, whereas descriptors 5 and 6 are measured based on the entire text.

## MATHÉMATIQUES $4^{\text {e }}$ - EXAMINATION

Pass Levels by DESCRIPTOR

|  | Descriptor | Questions | Non-mastery <br> (N) | Partial mastery (P) | Mastery <br> (M) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{C} \\ & \mathbf{O} \\ & \mathbf{N} \\ & \mathbf{T} \\ & \mathbf{E} \\ & \mathbf{N} \\ & \mathbf{T} \end{aligned}$ | 1. Solve problems involving equivalency and numerical transformations.. | 1 to 11 | 0 to 13/36 | 14 to 23/36 | 24 to 36/36 |
|  | 2. Solve problems involving the organization of several instructions concerned with logical relationships. | 12 and 13 | 0 to 5/14 | 6 to 8/14 | 9 to $14 / 14$ |
|  | 3. Locate an object on a plane by means of Cartesian coordinates. | 14 and 15 | 0 to 5/12 | 6 to 8/12 | 9 to 12/12 |
|  | 4. Measure lengths and areas in metric units. | 16 and 17 | 0 to 2/9 | 3 or 4/9 | 5 to 9/9 |
| $\begin{gathered} \mathbf{P} \\ \mathbf{R} \\ \mathbf{O} \\ \mathbf{B} \\ \mathbf{L} \\ \mathbf{E} \\ \mathbf{M} \\ \mathbf{S} \\ \mathbf{O} \\ \mathbf{L} \\ \mathbf{V} \\ \mathbf{I} \\ \mathbf{N} \\ \mathbf{G} \end{gathered}$ | 5.Use an appropriate strategy to solve a problem. | 1 to 6 | 0 to 3/12 | 4 or 5/12 | 6 to $12 / 12$ |
|  | 6. Find the right solution to a given problem. | 1 to 6 | 0 or 1/6 | 2/6 | 3 to 6/6 |
|  | 7. Interpret the result or answer the question in a complete sentence. | 1 to 6 | 0 to 5/12 | 6 or 7/12 | 8 to $12 / 12$ |

For example, the first descriptor, «Solve problems involving equivalency and numerical transformations,» is measured by eleven items, and enables students to accumulate a total of 36 points. If students obtain:

- $\quad 24$ points or more, they receive a mark of Mastery (M);
- $\quad 14$ to 23 points, Partial Mastery ( $\mathbf{P}$ );
- $\quad 13$ points or less, Non- mastery (N).


## MATHÉMATIQUES $8^{\text {e }}$ - EXAMINATION

Pass Levels by DESCRIPTOR

|  | Descriptor | Questions | Nonmastery (N) | Partial mastery (P) | Mastery (M) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| C$\mathbf{O}$$\mathbf{N}$$\mathbf{T}$$\mathbf{E}$$\mathbf{N}$$\mathbf{T}$ | 1. Understand and use rational numbers. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Part } 1-8 \text { to } 14 \\ & \text { Part } 2-4 \text { and } 5 \end{aligned}$ | 0 to 5/17 | 6 to 9/17 | 10 to 17/17 |
|  | 2. Perform the four operations on whole numbers and decimal numbers. | Part 1-1 to 7 <br> Part 2-1, 2, 8, <br> 14,15 and 16 | 0 to $8 / 22$ | 9 to 13/22 | 14 to 22/22 |
|  | 3. Understand and use regularities. | $\begin{array}{\|l} \text { Part } 2-10,11, \\ 12,17,18 \text { and } 19 \end{array}$ | 0 to 3/8 | 4 or 5/8 | 6 to 8/8 |
|  | 4. Understand and use the properties of straight lines, angles, triangles and other figures. | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Part } 1- \\ & 15 \text { to } 23 \end{aligned}$ | 0 to $6 / 18$ | 7 to 10/18 | 11 to $18 / 18$ |
|  | 5. Make predictions and decisions based on statistical data. | Part 2- $9,20,21,22$, 23 and 24 | 0 to 4/15 | 5 to 7/15 | 8 to 15/15 |
|  | 6. Understand and apply the concept of probability. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Part } 2- \\ 3,6,7 \text { and } 13 \end{gathered}$ | 0 to 2/8 | 3 or 4/8 | 5 to $8 / 8$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \mathbf{P} \\ \mathbf{R} \\ \mathbf{O} \\ \mathbf{B} \\ \mathbf{L} \\ \mathbf{E} \\ \mathbf{M} \\ \mathbf{S} \\ \mathbf{O} \\ \mathbf{L} \\ \mathbf{V} \\ \mathbf{I} \\ \mathbf{N} \\ \mathbf{G} \end{gathered}$ | 7. Use an appropriate strategy to solve a problem. | Part 2 - 2, 5, 8, 14,15 and 16 | 0 to 3/12 | 4 to 6/12 | 7 to 12/12 |
|  | 8. Find the right solution to a given problem. | Part 2-2, 5, 8, 14,15 and 16 | 0 or 1/6 | 2/6 | 3 to 6/6 |
|  | 9. Interpret the result or answer the question in a complete sentence. | Part 2-2, 5, 8, 14,15 and 16 | 0 to 3/12 | 4 to 7/12 | 8 to 12/12 |

For example, the first descriptor, «Understand and use rational numbers» is measured by nine items, and enables students to accumulate a total of 17 points. If students obtain:

- 10 points or more, they receive a mark of Mastery (M);
- 6 to 9 points, Partial Mastery ( $\mathbf{( P ) \text { ; }}$
- 5 points or less, Non mastery (N).


## QUESTIONNAIRE

on the Statistical Report of

## PROVINCIAL EXAMINATION RESULTS - DECEMBER 2001

## Francophone School Districts

## QUESTIONNAIRE

Circle the figure indicating your assessment of each of the following aspects and give comments where requested if desired.

1. Use of report:

Negative Positive
$\begin{array}{llllllll}1.1 & \text { I enjoyed reading the report in its } & 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{lllllll}1.2 & \text { The report is useful to me. } & 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5\end{array}$
1.3 The report helped me to better
$\begin{array}{llll}1 & 2 & 3 & 4\end{array}$ 5 understand the Department of Education's evaluation programs.
1.4 After reading the report, I used it in the following way (provide brief description):
2. Content of report:

|  | Negative |  | Positive |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2.1 | I am satisfied with the content of the <br> report. | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |  |
| 2.2 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |  |  |
| 2.3 | The report is informative. | The results are easy to understand and <br> interpret. | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |

2.4 Comments regarding the content: $\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
3. Presentation of report:

Negative Positive
$\begin{array}{llllllll}3.1 & \text { I like the presentation of the report. } & 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5\end{array}$
3.2 The report's presentation is nicely

1234
45 spaced out.
3.3 Comments regarding presentation: $\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
4. Other comments and suggestions: $\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

Name : $\qquad$ Date : $\qquad$
Title : $\qquad$

Please send this form to the following address:
Direction de la mesure et de l'évaluation
Department of Education
P.O. Box 6000

Fredericton, N.B.; E3B 5H1
Telephone: (506) 453-2157
Fax: (506) 444-5523


[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ Combining the January and June results is based on the premise that the exams given in the two semesters are equivalent. The experts who help to develop and correct the provincial examinations ensure that the exams given in the two semesters are as parallel as possible.

[^1]:    * Passing grade: 55\%

[^2]:    * Passing grade: 55\%

[^3]:    * Passing grade: 55\%

[^4]:    * Passing grade: 55\%

[^5]:    * Passing grade: 55\%

[^6]:    * Passing grade: 55\%

[^7]:    * Passing grade: 55\%

[^8]:    * Passing grade: 55\%

[^9]:    * Passing grade: 55\%

[^10]:    8 New Brunswick Department of Education (2001) Programme de français au primaire. Maternelle - $8^{e}$ année. Gouvernement du Nouveau-Brunswick.
    9 According to Bentolila et al., the ability to decipher is not a proof of reading ability.
    ${ }^{10}$ Bentolila, A., Chevalier, B., \& Falcoz-Vigne, D. (1991). La lecture. Apprentissage, évaluation et perfectionnement. Paris, Nathan.
    ${ }^{11}$ A relevant argument is one that relates to the information or ideas contained in the text.

[^11]:    ${ }^{12}$ Gilbert De Landsheere (Évaluation continue et examens : Précis de docimologie. Paris, Nathan, 1993). This author is among the French test evaluators who point out that a student's test performance depends not only on his knowledge but also on a host of external factors that include stress, fatigue, sickness and motivation. This is what is called the "measurement error" in test evaluation.
    ${ }^{13}$ Bugniet, C. (1986). Évaluer la production écrite. Service de la recherche pédagogique, Genève.

[^12]:    ${ }^{14}$ This type of evaluation provides information likely to help students as well as teachers in their instructional activities.
    ${ }^{15}$ Knowledge evaluation at the start of the school year.
    ${ }^{16}$ This type of evaluation is a one-time observation without follow-up.
    ${ }^{17}$ A final conclusion at the end of the school year.

[^13]:    ${ }^{18}$ Lyons, M, Lyons, R. (1990). Guide d'enseignement et d'activités, Défi mathématique 4. Mondia.
    ${ }^{19}$ Charles, R., F. Lester and P. O’Daffer (1987). How To Evaluate Progress in Problem Solving, NCTM.

[^14]:    ${ }^{20}$ Additional information is provided in the document titled Guide d'administration, Mathématiques $4{ }^{e}$ année Septembre 2001. Ministère de l'Éducation, N.B.

[^15]:    ${ }^{21}$ Comment made by many teachers during test correction.

[^16]:    ${ }^{22}$ Mathieu, P., de Champlain, D., Tessier, H. (1990) Petit lexique mathématique. Éditions du Triangle d'Or inc.
    ${ }^{23}$ Additional information is provided in the document titled Document d'information, Mathématiques $8^{e}$ année Septembre 2001. Ministère de l'Éducation, N.B.

[^17]:    ${ }^{25}$ See Appendix D for spelling code explanations.

