## Canada Revenue Agency

## Status in Canada / Statement of Income

Schedule

Complete this schedule, and attach it to your Form RC66, Canada Child Benefits Application, if you or your spouse or common-law partner:

- became a new resident or returned as a resident of Canada in the last 2 years;
- became a Canadian citizen in the last 12 months; or

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• are, as defined in the *Immigration and Refugee Protection Act*, a permanent resident, protected person (refugee), or temporary resident who has lived in Canada for the previous 18 months.

**Note**: If your application includes a period that started more than 11 months ago, you must attach to this schedule proof of your and your spouse or common-law partner's status for that period.

Applicant's name	Social insurance number				
Spouse/common-law partner's name	Social insurance number				
Part A – Residency status					
If you are not sure whether you are a resident of Canada for tax purposes, complete Form NR74, <i>Determination of Residency Status</i> ( <i>Entering Canada</i> ), and include it with your application. We will give you an opinion about your residency status. You can get this form from our Web site at <b>www.cra.gc.ca/forms</b> or by calling <b>1-800-959-2221</b> .					
New residents of Canada  Enter the date you became a resident of Canada	You Your spouse or common-law partner Year Month Day Year Month Day				
Enter the date you became a <b>resident</b> of Canada	Year Month Day				
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If you or your spouse or common-law partner became a Canadian citizen in the last 12 months, enter your citizenship start date	You Your spouse or common-law partner Year Month Day Year Month Day  O   O   O   O   O   O    Your spouse or common-law partner Year Month Day  O   O   O   O   O    O   O   O   O    O   O				
Part C – Immigration status  If you or your spouse or common-law partner were a permanent residuant dates in the areas below to cover the entire period for which you permanent resident					
Protected person (refugee)	Year Month Day Year Month Day				
Temporary resident who has lived in Canada throughout the last 18 months  For each visitor record, employment authorization, student authorization, Temporary Resident's Permit, or extension to a Temporary Resident's Permit that covers the period after your 18 months of residency (other than permits that state "does not confer status" or "does not confer temporary resident status"), enter the start date and the expiry date for you and your spouse or common-law partner in the spaces provided below. If you need more space, use a separate sheet of paper, and attach it to this form.					
You  Document 1  Evaluated	Your spouse or common-law partner  Document 1				
Start date Document 1 Expiry date  Year Month Day Year Month Day	Start date Document 1 Expiry date  Year Month Day Year Month Day				
Start date Document 2 Expiry date	Start date Document 2 Expiry date				
Year Month Day Year Month Day	Year Month Day Year Month Day				
Other (specify):					

## Part D - Statement of income

Complete this part if you or your spouse or common-law partner became a new resident of Canada or returned as a resident of Canada.

Enter all income in **Canadian dollars** from all sources inside and outside Canada. Do not include income that you, your spouse or common-law partner have reported on a Canadian tax return. If you had no income, enter "0".

**Step 1:** Enter the year that you became a resident of Canada. Also, enter your income and that of your spouse or common-law partner from January 1 to the date you both became residents in that year. If your spouse or common-law partner did not become a resident of Canada in this year, leave that Income box blank. You will need to report his or her income for this year on Form CTB9, Canada Child Tax Benefit – Statement of Income, early in the following year, when it is known.

	You	Your spouse or common-law partner		
Year	Income (dollars only)	Income (dollars only)		
	\$	\$		

Step 2: Enter one year before the year that you entered in Step 1, and enter your income and that of your spouse or common-law partner for that year.

		You	common-law partner		
Year		Income (dollars only)	Income (dollars only)		
	1 1 1	\$	\$		

Go to Step 3 only if you became a resident of Canada from January to May inclusive (in the year you entered in Step 1).

**Step 3:** Enter **two years before** the year that you entered in Step 1, and enter your income and that of your spouse or common-law partner for that year.

	You	Your spouse or common-law partner		
Year	Income (dollars only)	Income (dollars only)		
	\$	\$		

You and your spouse or common-law partner must **each** file a Canadian tax return for the period **after** you became residents of Canada. If your spouse or common-law partner is a non-resident of Canada during any part of the year, you will have to complete Form CTB9, Canada Child Tax Benefit – Statement of Income, for each year or part of a year he or she is a non-resident of Canada.

## Part E − Certification —

We cannot process this form unless it is signed. If you have a spouse or common-law partner, he or she also needs to sign this form.  I certify that the information given on this form is, to the best of my knowledge, correct and complete.						
Applicant's signature	It is a	serious offence to make a false statement.	Date			
Spouse or common-law partne	er's signature	It is a serious offence to make a false statement.	Date			
If you cannot get your spouse or common-law partner's signature, please explain:						