

Evolution of migration in Quebec

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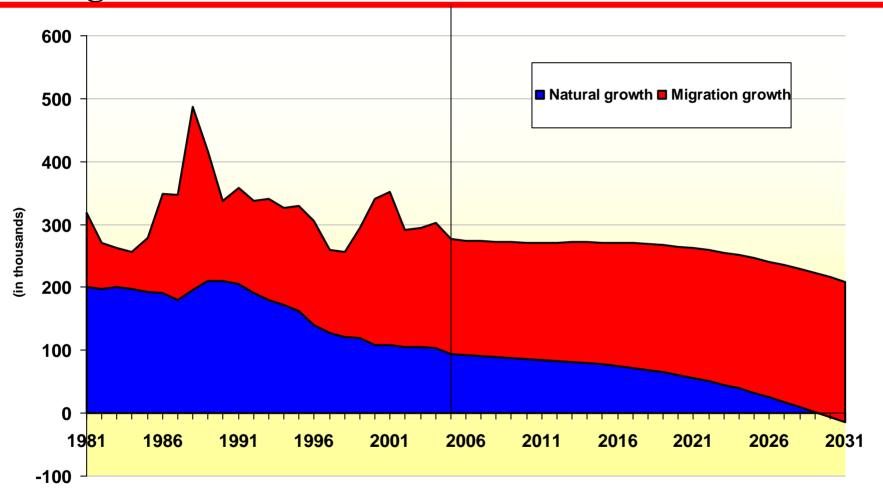
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Presentation outline

- Components of demographic growth
- Evolution of interprovincial migration
- Evolution of international migration
- Replacement migration (Canada)
- Characteristics of interprovincial migrants

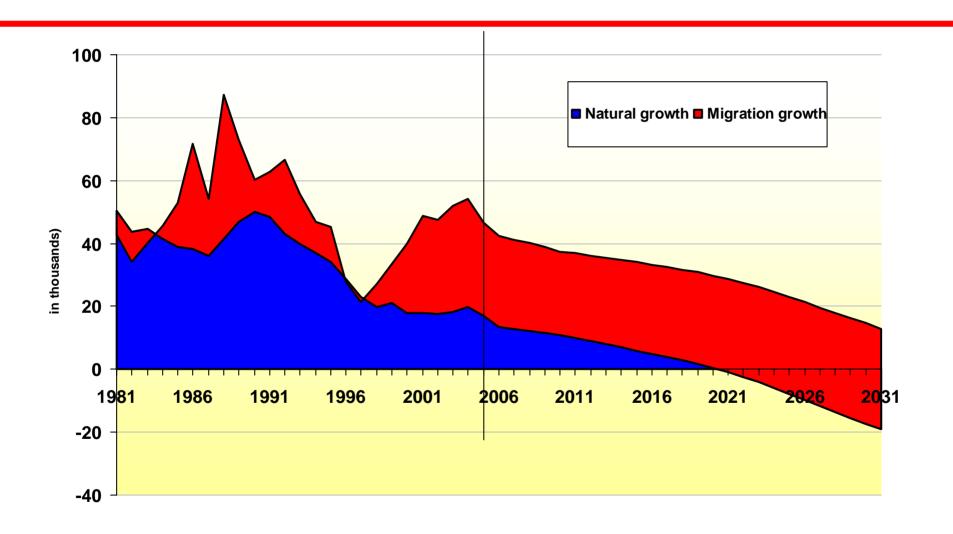


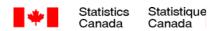
Demographic growth in Canada: increasingly the result of migration





Natural growth falling even more rapidly in Quebec

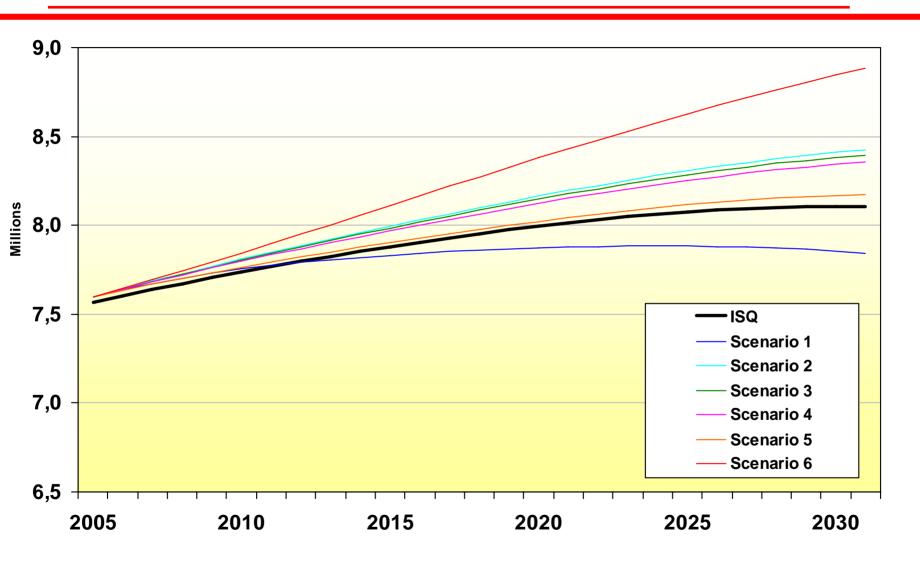


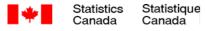


Summary of assumptions

	Number of assumptions	Low assumption	Average assumption	High assumption
Birth rate	3	1.3 children per woman	1.5 children per woman	1.7 children per woman
				_
Male mortality	3	81.1 years	81.9 years	82.6 years
Female mortality	3	85.3 years	86.0 years	86.6 years
	•			
Immigration (rate)	3	5.5 per thousand	7.0 per thousand	8.5 per thousand
Emigration (rate)	1	1.5 per thousand		
NPR.: balance equals 0				
NPR/RE/PTA	1	RE: 38% of annual emigrants PTA: balance equals 22,000 people		
			<u> </u>	1
◆ "Center-West": based on 1996-2000				
Interprovincial		◆ "West": based on 1988-1996		
migration **Recent trends**: based on 2000-2003 **Average**: average of "West" and "Recent trends**				
			t trends"	
Canada Canada		Average average of vvest and Recent tiends		

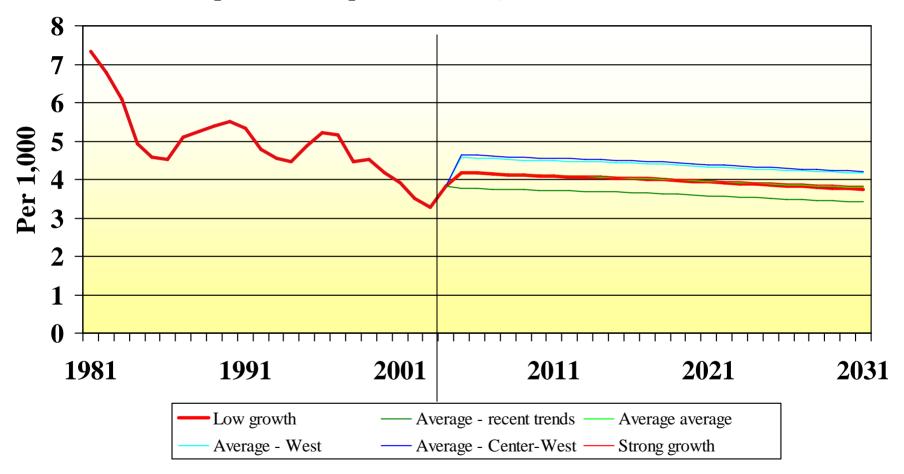
Population of Quebec from 2005 to 2031, ISQ (reference scenario) and Statistics Canada





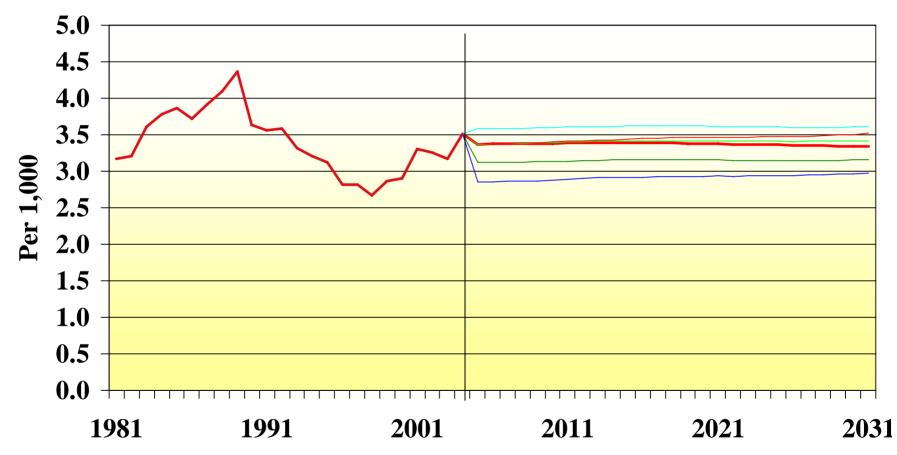
Propensity to leave Quebec for another province is declining

Interprovincial departure rate, Quebec, 1981-2031



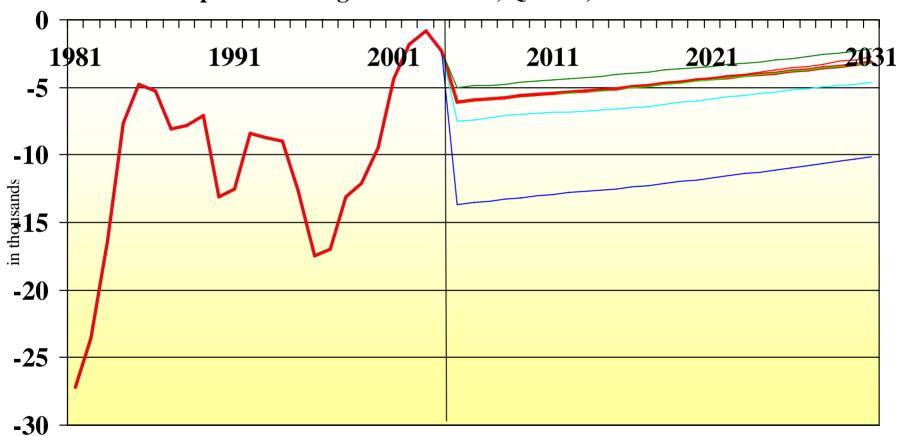
Rate of in-migrants to Quebec is also improving

Rate of interprovincial in-migrants, Quebec, 1981-2031



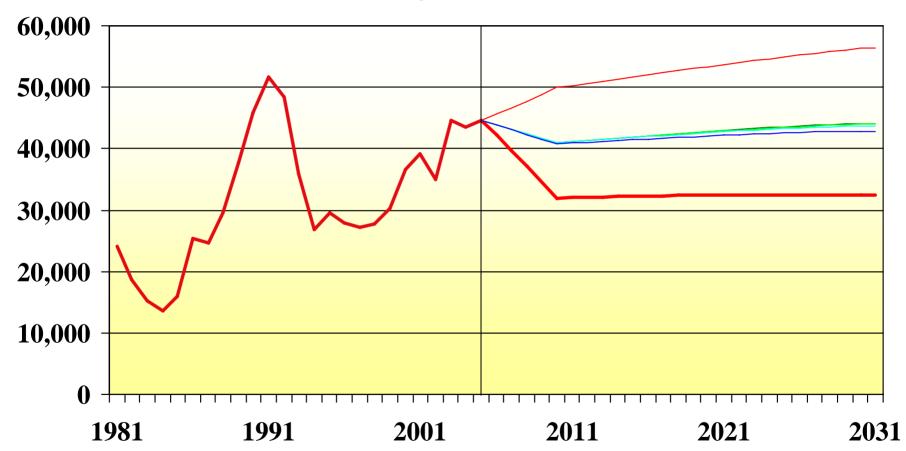
As a result, the internal migration balance reaches a new high

Interprovincial migration balance, Quebec, 1981-2031



Number of immigrants also rising

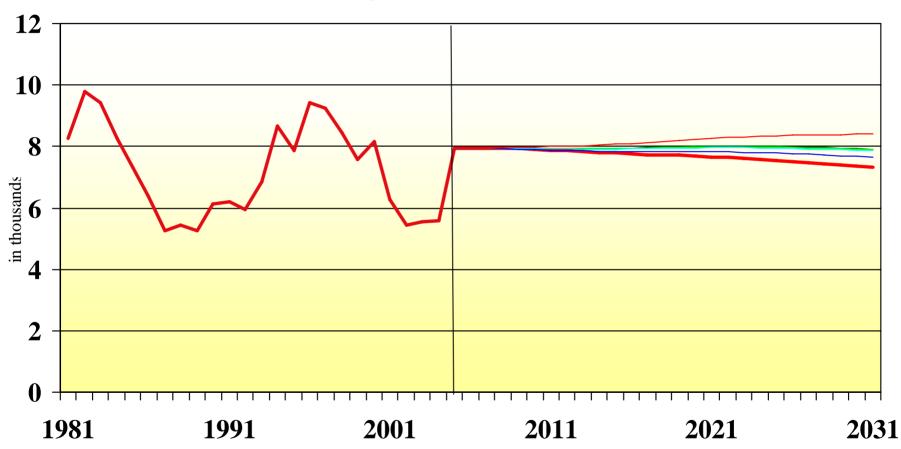
International immigrants, Quebec, 1981-2031





Little change in international emigration

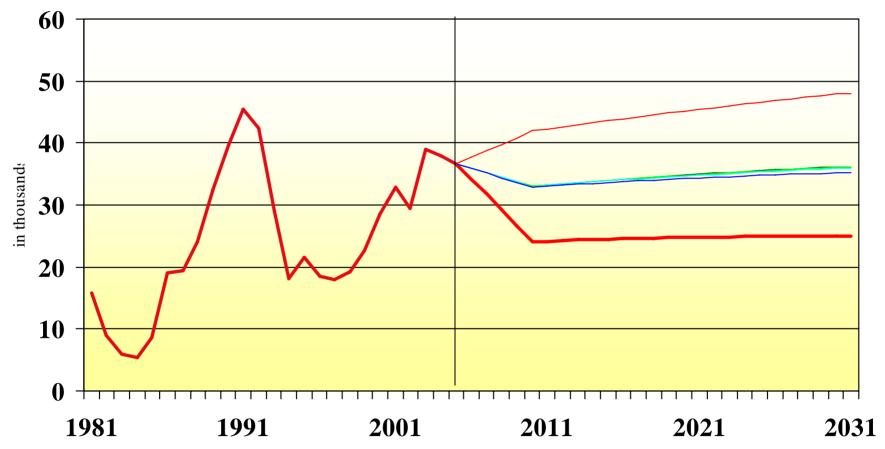
International emigration, Quebec, 1981-2031





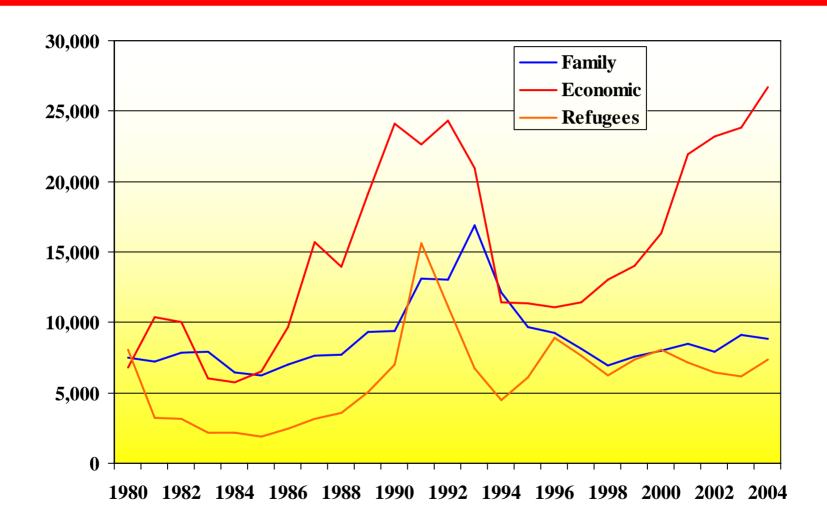
As a result, the international balance is rising

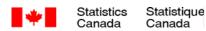
International migration balance, Quebec, 1981-2031





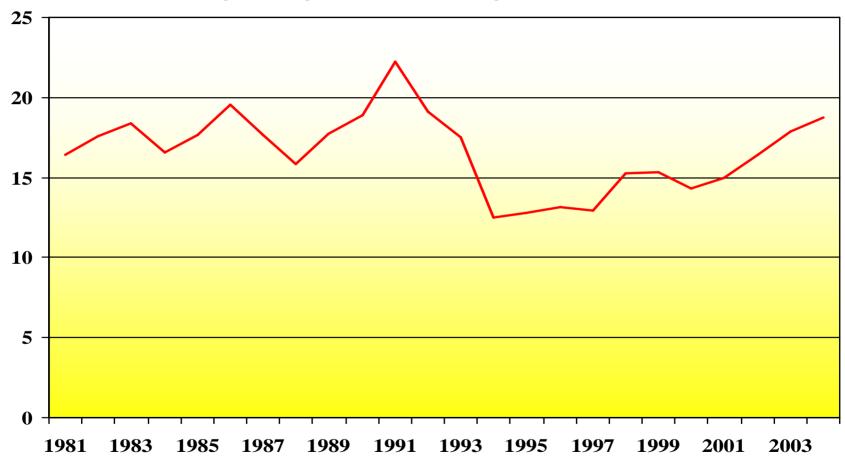
Number of immigrants in Quebec by category, 1981-2005





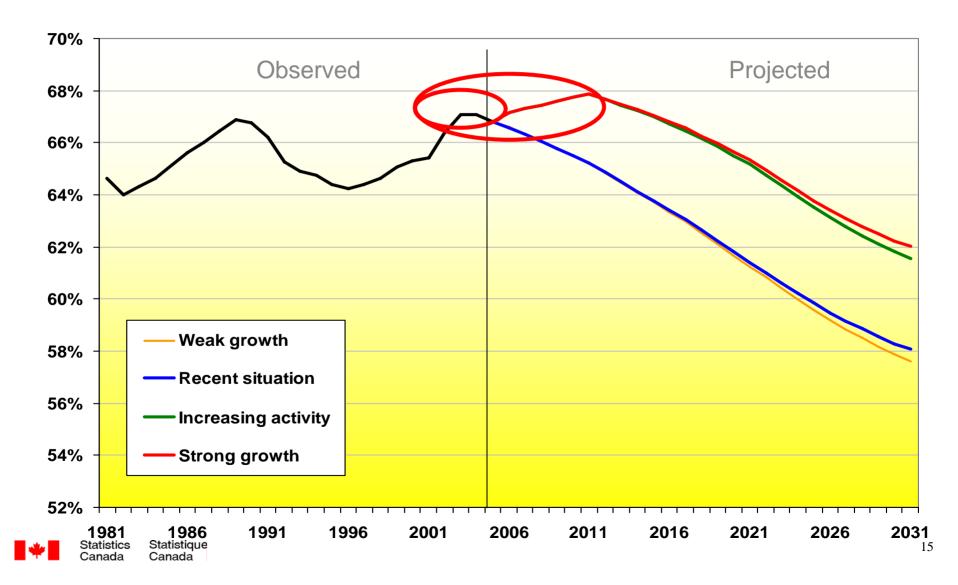
Quebec receives fewer immigrants than represented by its demographic weight

Percentage of immigrants to Canada choosing Quebec, 1981-2005





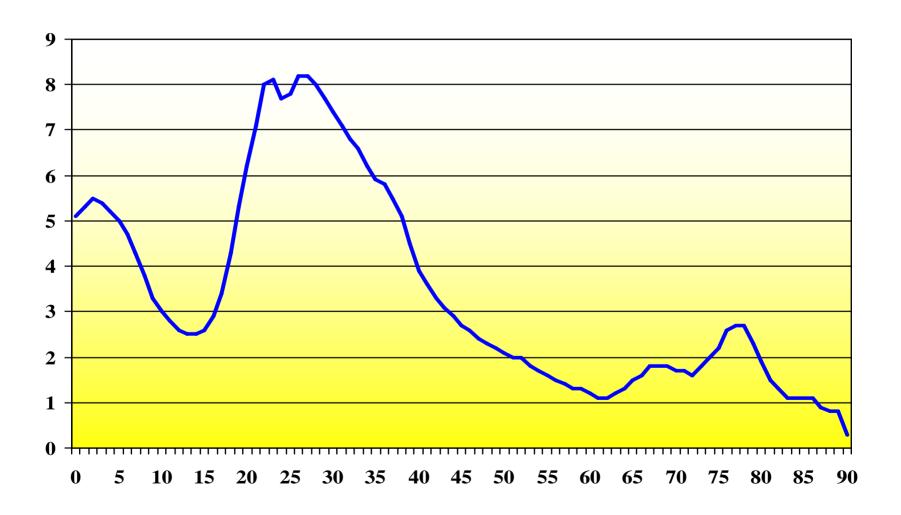
Under all scenarios, the overall participation rate of the Canadian population aged 15 years and older falls substantially



Replacement migration (Canada)

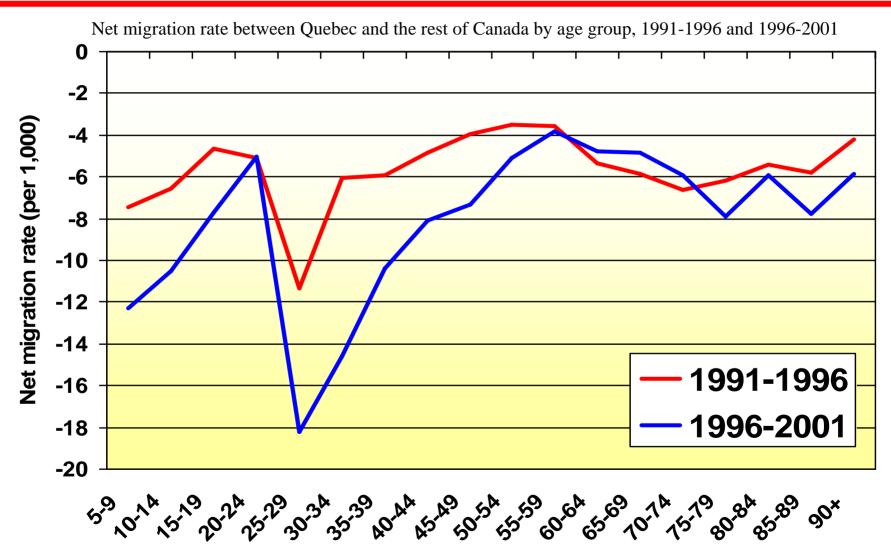
	Scenario	Net immigration
•	Weak growth	200,000
•	Average growth	270,000
•	Strong growth	340,000
•	No demographic decline	76,000
•	No decline in population 15-64	165,000
•	Constant ratio (15-64/65+)	3,455,000

Interprovincial departure rate by age, Quebec 2005





Migration deficit is larger among young adults

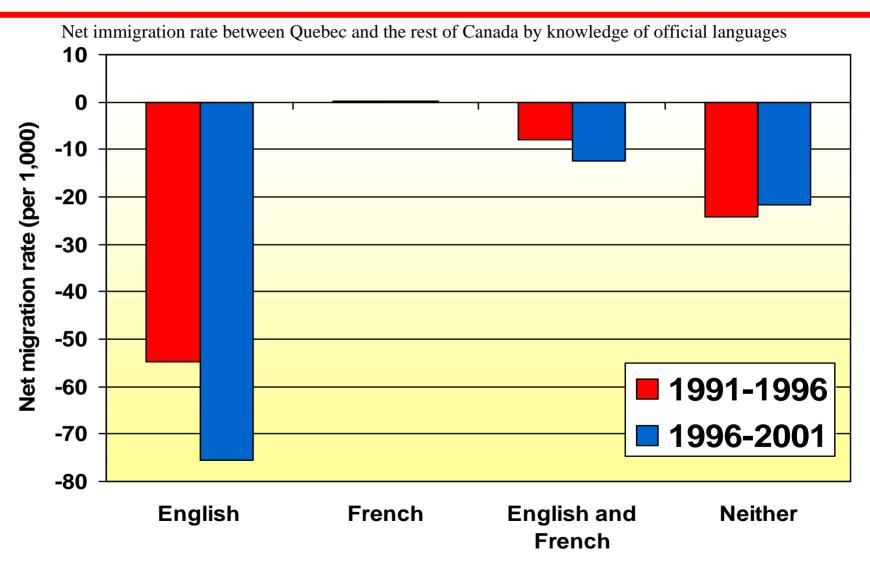






Statistique Canada

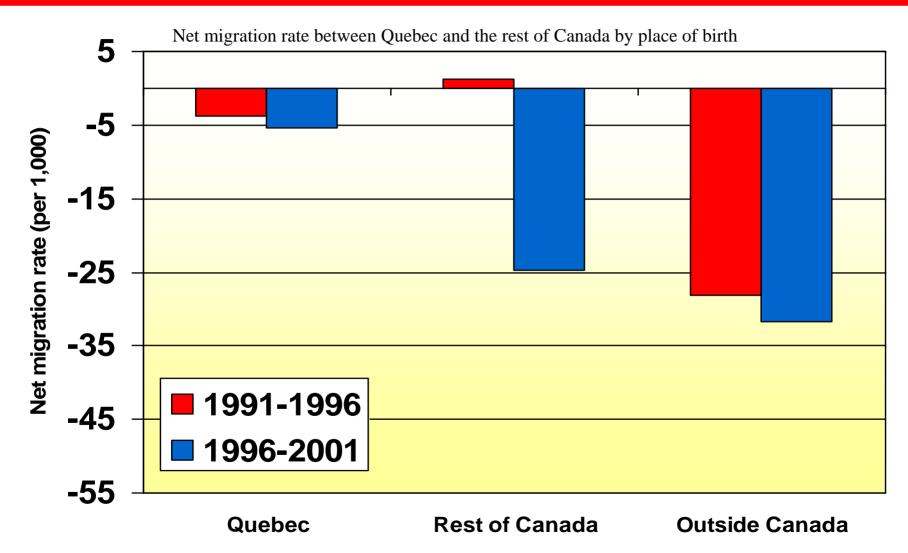
Knowledge of French is an important factor

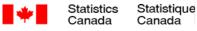




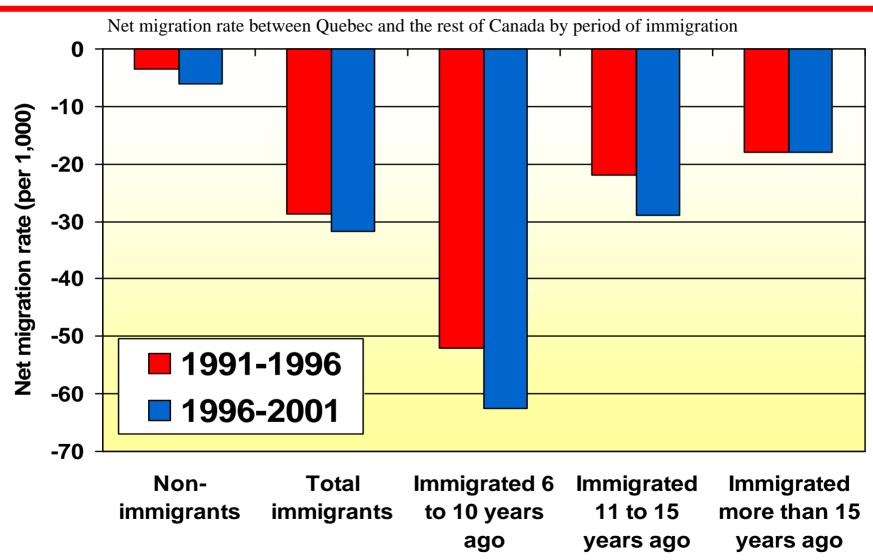


Another important factor: place of birth



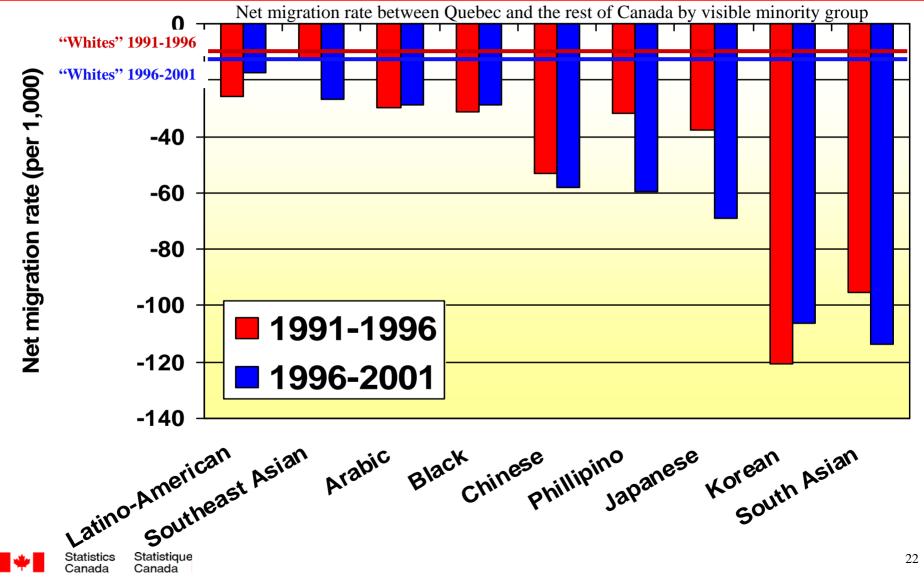


Recent immigrants are very likely to leave Quebec

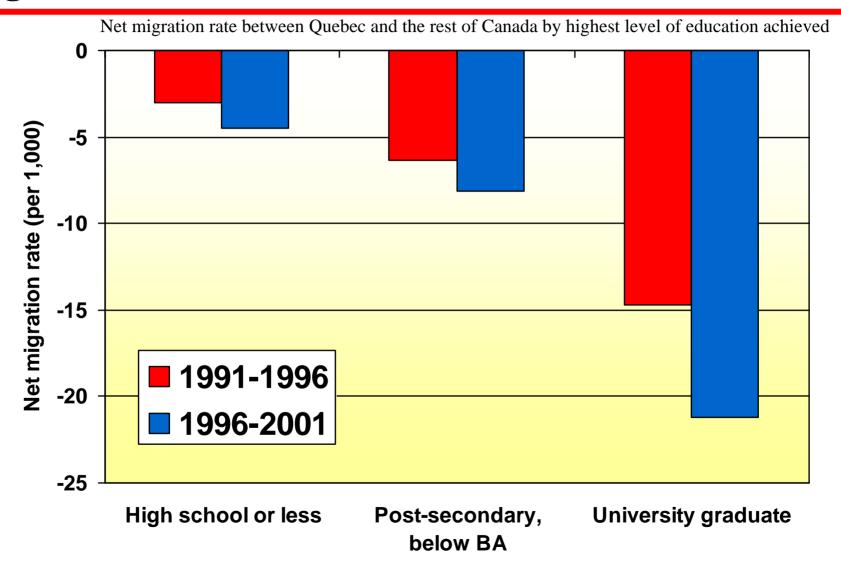




Retention of people belonging to certain visible minority groups is difficult



The higher the level of education, the more negative the migration balance

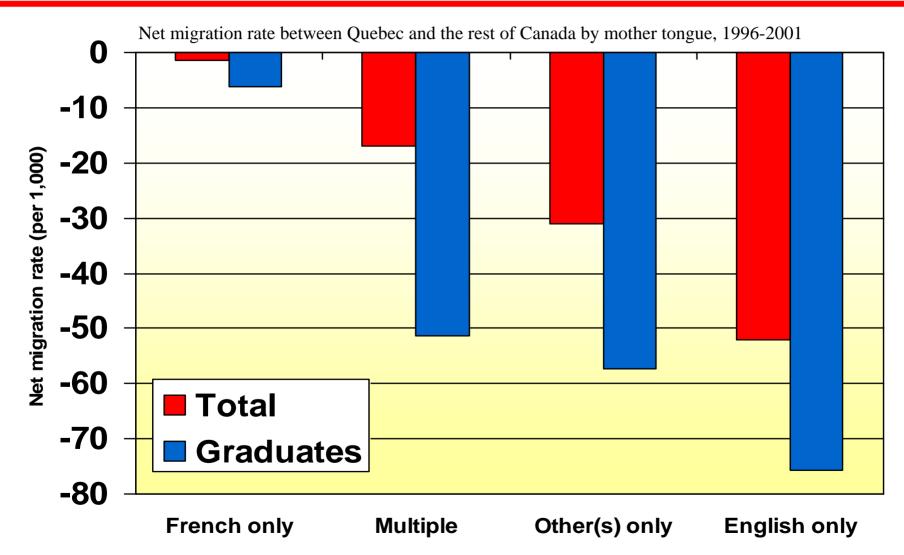






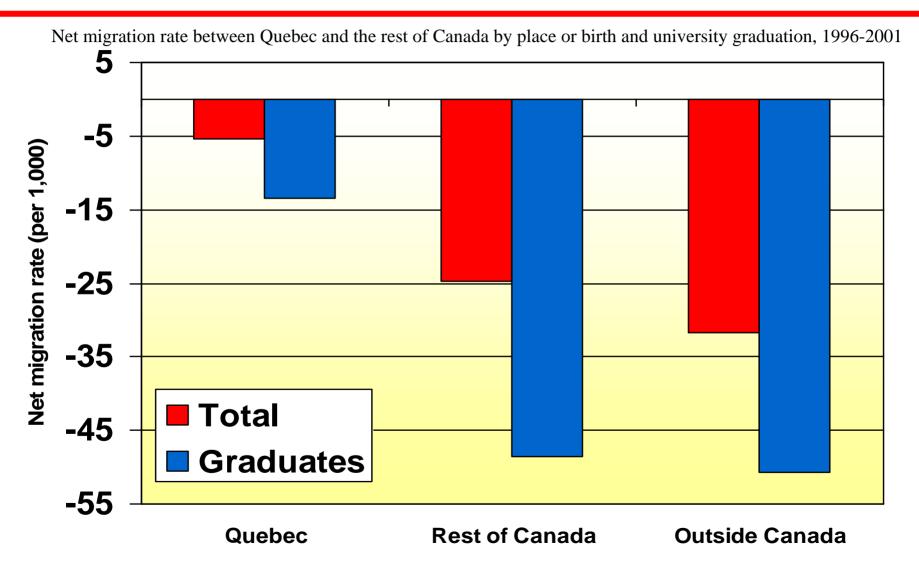


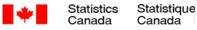
Migration deficit is greater for university graduates, regardless of mother tongue





... or place of birth





Results of a logistical regression (rating reports)

> Age

Knowledge of official languages

> French	1.0
> English	51.7
French and English	12.8
➤ None	21.0

Place of birth

Quebec	1.0
Rest of Canada	7.0
Outside Canada	2.4

Education

ringii school of iess	0.7
Non-graduates	1.0

0.7

> High school or less

> Graduates 1.7

Summary (internal migration)

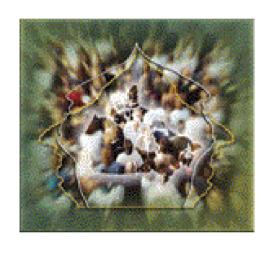
- ◆ Factors with a potentially positive impact on the interprovincial migration balance
 - Ageing of the population
 - Decrease in the population born in the rest of Canada
 - Decrease in Anglophone population
- ◆ Factors with a potentially negative impact on interprovincial migration balance
 - Increase in immigrated population
 - Increase in education
 - Increase in bilingualism



Summary (international migration))

- Ageing of the population and retirement of boomers
- Workforce pressures
- ◆ Quebec's demographic weight

Questions?



- Consult the report or the CD-ROM on demographic projections
- Or contact us: **Demography Division** Statistics Canada (613) 951-2319 demography@statcan.ca

Net migration rate between Quebec and the rest of Canada by mother tongue for 1991-1996 and 1996-2001

