## **2001–2002 Estimates**

Part I The Government Expenditure Plan

## Part I – The Government Expenditure Plan

### The Expenditure Plan Overview

The Minister of Finance's Economic Statement and Budget Update of October 18, 2000 sets out the government's budgetary expenditure plan that amounts to \$166.3 billion. That plan includes \$124.6 billion of program spending, plus public debt charges of \$41.7 billion.

#### **Main Estimates**

The 2001–2002 Main Estimates present budgetary spending authorities totalling \$163.4 billion. This represents over 98 per cent of the expenditure plan in the Economic Statement and Budget Update. The Main Estimates differ from the expenditure plan presented in the Economic Statement and Budget Update in several ways:

- The Estimates do not include funds that are set aside in the expenditure plan for operating contingency purposes, or for new initiatives that either require Parliamentary approval through legislation, or require further planning and development before spending authority is sought from Parliament. The government will seek spending authority for such items either through separate legislation or through Supplementary Estimates over the course of the fiscal year.
- The expenditure plan in the Economic Statement and Budget Update includes provisions for the revaluation of the
  government's assets and liabilities. These are intended to account for changes in the value of existing loans and
  investments, as well as adjustments to liabilities with respect to accumulated employee severance and vacation
  benefits and certain other statutory programs. The Main Estimates do not include such provisions.
- The voted appropriations in the Estimates represent a legal limit on the amount that a department can spend. As a result, there is often a gap between that limit and the amount actually spent that difference is known as a lapse of spending authority. These lapses occur for a variety of reasons, some unavoidable, such as weather-induced delays on a construction project or the late delivery of goods and services which had been ordered and others reflecting management decisions. The expenditure forecast in the Economic Statement and Budget Update takes this anticipated lapse into consideration.

# Part I – The Government Expenditure Plan

Table 1 Budgetary Main Estimates by Type of Payment

2001–2002	(\$ millions)	
Transfer Payments		
Major transfers to other levels of government:		
Fiscal Equalization	10,479	
Canada Health and Social Transfers	17,300	
Territorial governments	1,579	
Alternative payments for standing programs	(2,400)	
Youth Allowance Recovery and statutory subsidies	(500)	
Sub-total major transfers to other levels of government	26,458	
Major transfers to persons:		
Elderly Benefits	25,181	
Employment Insurance	12,247	
Sub-total major transfers to persons	37,428	
Other transfer payments and subsidies	18,996	
Total transfer payments	82,882	
Payments to Crown corporations	4,439	
Operating and capital	34,335	
Public Debt Charges	41,700	
Total Budgetary Main Estimates	163,356	
Adjustments to reconcile to the Economic Statement and Budget Update	2,944	
Total Budgetary Expenditure	166,300	

## Part I – The Government Expenditure Plan

## **Spending Authority**

The Main Estimates present information on both budgetary and non-budgetary spending authorities. **Budgetary** expenditures include the cost of servicing the public debt; operating and capital expenditures; transfer payments to other levels of government, organizations or individuals; and payments to Crown corporations. **Non-budgetary** expenditures (loans, investments and advances) are outlays that represent changes in the composition of financial assets of the Government of Canada.

### **Budgetary Spending Authority**

These Main Estimates support the government's request for Parliament's authority to spend \$52.3 billion under program authorities that require Parliament's annual approval of their spending limits. The remaining \$111.0 billion, or 67.9 cent of the total, is statutory and the detailed forecasts are provided for information purposes only.

### **Non-budgetary Spending Authority**

The 2001–2002 Main Estimates include a forecast increase in the value of loans, investments and advances of \$1,880.0 million. Voted non-budgetary spending authorities set out in these Estimates amount to \$76.4 million. The remaining \$1,803.6 million is pursuant to enabling legislation.

Table 2
Total Main Estimates

(\$ millions)	2001–2002		
	Budgetary	Non-budgetary	Total
Voted Appropriations	52,334.6	76.4	52,411.0
Statutory Authorities	111,021.5	1,803.6	112,825.1
<b>Total Main Estimates</b>	163,356.1	1,880.0	165,236.1

Note: **Voted** expenditures are those for which parliamentary authority is sought through an annual appropriation bill. **Statutory** expenditures are those authorized by Parliament through enabling legislation.

A more detailed break-down of these authorities by department and agency is presented in Part II of the Main Estimates.