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Annual Demographic

Estimates: Census

Metropolitan Areas, Economic

Regions and Census

Divisions, Age and Sex

2001 to 2006





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Statistics Canada Demographic Division

Annual Demographic Estimates: Census Metropolitan Areas, Economic Regions and Census Divisions, Age and Sex 2001 to 2006

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Symbols

The following standard symbols are used in Statistics Canada publications:

- . not available for any reference period
- .. not available for a specific reference period
- ... not applicable
- 0 true zero or a value rounded to zero
- 0s value rounded to 0 (zero) where there is a meaningful distinction between true zero and the value that was rounded
- p preliminary
- r revised
- x suppressed to meet the confidentiality requirements of the Statistics Act
- E use with caution
- F too unreliable to be published

Notice to readers

Population estimates

Most of the components used to produce preliminary population estimates are estimated using demographic models or based on data sources less complete or reliable, albeit more timely, than those used for updated or final estimates.

Geography

The geographic delineation is based on the Census 2001 boundaries.

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Highlights

- At July 1, 2006, 21,294,400 people lived in a census metropolitan area (CMA), an increase of 12.1% over the previous year.
- The Calgary (36.1‰) and Edmonton (26.2‰) CMAs had the largest increases. In contrast, the Saguenay, Saint John, Kingston and Thunder Bay CMAs were the only ones that showed population decreased, ranging from 2.5‰ to 6.7‰.
- With a growth rate of 36.1‰, the Calgary CMA ranked first in terms of growth. In fact, this was the largest growth recorded in Canada by a CMA since 1986
- More than one third of the new arrivals in Edmonton came from a non-metropolitan area in Alberta.
- Over the past year, the median age for all CMAs rose by 0.2, reaching 37.8. In non-CMAs, the increase was 0.4, twice as high as in the CMAs, bringing the median age of their populations to 40.7.
- The CMAs with the highest median ages were Trois-Rivières, Victoria, Saguenay and St. Catherines Niagara, ranging from 41.8 to 43.4. On the other hand, the CMAs with the lowest median ages were Saskatoon and Calgary, at 35.1 and 35.4, respectively. These were followed by the Edmonton and Abbotsford CMAs, with 36.0 and 36.1.

Related products

Selected publications from Statistics Canada

| 04.000.1/ | Overded Democratic Fellmates |
|-----------|---|
| 91-002-X | Quarterly Demographic Estimates |
| 91-209-X | Report on the Demographic Situation in Canada |
| | |
| 91-213-X | Annual Demographic Statistics |
| 91-215-X | Annual Demographic Estimates: Canada, Provinces and Territories |
| | |
| 91-520-X | Population Projections for Canada, Provinces and Territories |
| | |

Selected CANSIM tables from Statistics Canada

| 051-0001 | Estimates of population, by age group and sex, Canada, provinces and territories, annual |
|----------|---|
| 051-0002 | Deaths, by sex and age group, Canada, provinces and territories, annual |
| 051-0004 | Components of population growth, Canada, provinces and territories, annual |
| 051-0005 | Estimates of population, Canada, provinces and territories, quarterly |
| 051-0006 | Immigrants to Canada, by country of last permanent residence, quarterly |
| 051-0011 | International migrants, by age group and sex, Canada, provinces, and territories, annual |
| 051-0012 | Interprovincial migrants, by age group and sex, Canada, provinces and territories, annual |
| 051-0013 | Births by sex, Canada, provinces and territories, annual |
| 051-0017 | Interprovincial migrants, Canada, provinces and territories, quarterly |
| 051-0018 | Interprovincial in-, out- and net-migrants, by province or territory, annual |
| 051-0019 | Interprovincial migrants, by province or territory of origin and destination, annual |
| 051-0020 | Number of non-permanent residents, Canada, provinces and territories, quarterly |
| 051-0034 | Total population, census divisions and census metropolitan areas, 2001 Census boundaries, annual |
| 051-0035 | Components of population growth, census divisions and census metropolitan areas, 2001 Census boundaries, annual |
| 051-0036 | Estimates of population, by sex and age group, census divisions and census metropolitan areas, 2001 Census boundaries, annual |

| 051-0037 | International migration components, Canada, provinces and territories, quarterly |
|----------|---|
| 051-0038 | Estimates of population, by economic region, sex and age group for July 1st, 2001 Census boundaries |
| 051-0039 | Components of population growth, by economic region, sex and age group, 2001 Census boundaries |
| 051-0040 | Births, by economic regions and sex, 2001 Census boundaries |
| 051-0045 | Interprovincial migrants, by province or territory of origin and destination, quarterly |
| 053-0001 | Vital statistics, births, deaths and marriages, quarterly |
| 102-0502 | Deaths, by month, Canada, provinces and territories, annual |
| 102-4502 | Live births, by month, Canada, provinces and territories, annual |

Selected surveys from Statistics Canada

| 3231 | Vital Statistics - Birth Database |
|------|--|
| 3233 | Vital Statistics - Death Database |
| 3601 | Estimates of Total Population, Canada, Provinces and Territories |
| 3604 | Estimates of Population by Age and Sex for Canada, Provinces and Territories |
| 3608 | Estimates of Population by Age and Sex for Census Divisions, Census Metropolitan Areas and Economic Regions (Component Method) |

Selected summary tables from Statistics Canada

- · Births and birth rate, by provinces and territories
- · Deaths and death rate, by provinces and territories
- Components of population growth, by province and territory
- Marriages by provinces and territories
- Infant mortality rates, by province and territory
- Disability-free life expectancy, by province and territory
- · Induced abortions by age group
- Pregnancy outcomes by province or territory of residence

- Pregnancy outcomes by age group
- · Suicides and suicide rate, by sex and by age group
- · Suicides, and suicide rate, by sex and by age group
- · Age-standardized mortality rates by selected causes, by sex
- Selected leading causes of death, by sex
- · Canada: Economic and financial data
- Population by year, by province and territory
- Population by sex and age group
- Population by sex and age group, by provinces and territories
- · Induced abortions by area of residence of patients
- · Induced abortions per 100 live births
- New cancer cases, by primary site of cancer, by sex
- Population of census metropolitan areas (2001 Census boundaries)

Section 1

Census metropolitan areas

At July 1, 2006, 21,294,400 people lived in a census metropolitan area (CMA), an increase of 12.1‰ over the previous year.

Person's living in Canada's CMAs represented 65% of the Canadian population, a slight increase compared to the 64% recorded in 2001.

More than half of these (53.1%) lived in one of the three largest CMAs, Toronto (5,406,300), Montréal (3,666,300) and Vancouver (2,236,100).

The Calgary (36.1‰) and Edmonton (26.2‰) CMAs had the largest increases. In contrast, the Saguenay, Saint John, Kingston and Thunder Bay CMAs were the only ones that showed population decreased, ranging from 2.5‰ to 6.7‰.

The population growth in non-metropolitan census areas was more moderate, at 6.1‰.

1.1 Alberta's CMAs are growing

Once again, this year, the populations of Alberta's CMAs grew the most. The strong growth in these two CMAs resulted from the economic boom generated by major investments in the oil industry, which attracted large numbers of migrants from the other provinces, mainly Ontario (16%) and British Columbia (18%). (See chart 1.1)

With a growth rate of 36.1‰, the Calgary CMA ranked first in terms of growth. It recorded 1,107,200 inhabitants, or 39,300 more than last year. In fact, this was the largest growth recorded

in Canada by a CMA since 1986. Among the main inter- and intra-provincial sources of growth in the Calgary CMA, 24% came from non-metropolitan areas¹ in Alberta, 11% from Edmonton, 10% from non-metropolitan areas in British Columbia, 8% from Toronto and 8% from Vancouver.

Edmonton ranked second, and recorded its strongest growth since 1986, with a rate of 26.2‰. Its population, which had increased by 27,100 the year before, came to 1,050,000. More than one third of the new arrivals in this CMA came from a non-metropolitan area in Alberta. The remainder came from Calgary (10%) and non-metropolitan areas in British Columbia (8%).

1.2 New arrivals in Alberta came mostly from the neighbouring provinces and from Newfoundland and Labrador

New inter-provincial migrants to Alberta came mostly from the neighbouring provinces of Saskatchewan, British Columbia, Manitoba, and the Northwest Territories. One exception, migrants from Newfoundland and Labrador were also likely to move to Alberta upon leaving their home province.

Thus, of the 22,900 people who left Saskatchewan, 14,500 (63%) moved to Alberta. Of these, 53% settled in a non-CMA, 25% opted for Calgary and 22% chose Edmonton.

Non-metropolitan areas are areas that are not considered as census metropolitan areas (CMAs).

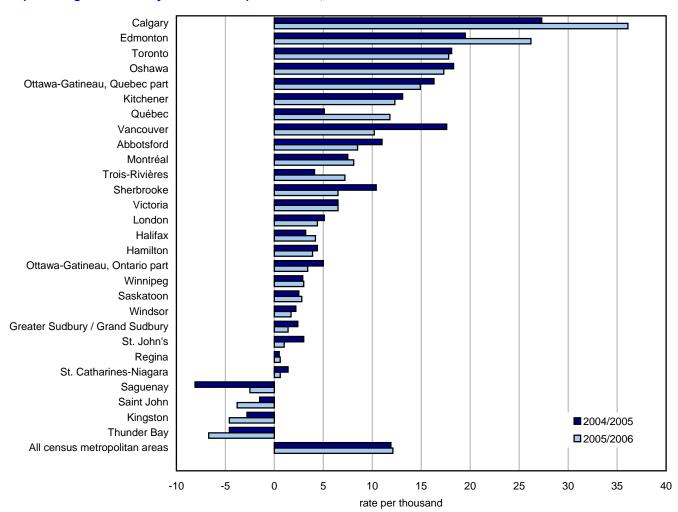


Chart 1.1

Population growth rates by census metropolitan areas, Canada

In the case of British Columbia, of the 46,100 people who left this province, 24,800 (54%) moved to Alberta. Of these, 39% settled in a non-CMA, 36% opted for Calgary and 25% chose Edmonton.

With regard to Newfoundland and Labrador, the 4,600 people who left this province moved to Alberta (39% of total out-migrants). Of these, 60% settled in a non-CMA area in Alberta. In the case of Manitoba, 36% of those leaving the province chose Alberta. In contrast to those coming from Newfoundland and Labrador, 64% opted for the Calgary or Edmonton CMA.

Of the 27 CMAs, 11 lost at least 30% of their inter-provincial migrants to Alberta. The proportion was highest in Saskatoon, Abbotsford and Regina, where the proportions surpassed 50%. Thus, for all other CMAs across Canada, except for Saguenay, a larger proportion of their inter-provincial migrants who chose Alberta preferred Calgary or Edmonton to a non-CMA in this province. More than 35% of the inter-provincial migrants from Saskatoon, Abbotsford and Regina opted for one of the two CMAs in Alberta.

1.3 Six CMAs showed a growth rate above the CMA average

Six CMAs in Canada showed a growth rate above the CMA average. Besides Calgary and Edmonton, Toronto, Oshawa, Gatineau² and Kitchener had growth rates over 12.1‰. Unlike the Calgary and Edmonton CMAs, immigration accounted for the largest proportion of growth in the Toronto CMA. In 2005-2006, Toronto welcomed slightly more than 106,000 immigrants, which translated into an immigration rate of 19.8‰, making it Canada's number one destination for immigrants. Toronto received close to 42% of all immigrants to Canada. Yet, during that same period, Toronto lost in its exchange 6,300 people (1.2‰) with the other provinces, and lost 21,500 people

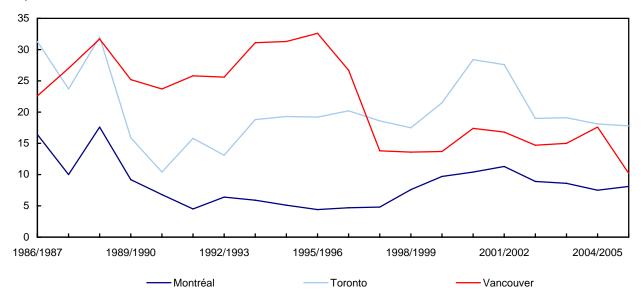
(4.0%) in its exchange with the other regions of Ontario. This loss was mainly attributable to urban sprawl, which benefited the other CMAs located around the Toronto CMA.

Oshawa and Kitchener had the fourth and fifth³ largest growth rates of 2005-2006 in the country, at 17.4‰ and 12.3‰, respectively. Oshawa's growth was largely attributable to migrants from Toronto. Of the new arrivals generated by intra-provincial migration, 65% came from this CMA.

Most of Kitchener's growth came from immigration. International migration accounted for most of its growth (5.7‰), followed by migration from other parts of the province (2.7‰), but net inter-provincial migration was negative (-1.1‰).

Chart 1.2
Population growth by the three largest, census metropolitan area, Canada





1.4 Population growth in the other CMAs of more than one million inhabitants

Montreal, with a population of 3,666,300 inhabitants, showed a growth rate of 8.1‰ within the last year. This growth was due mainly to the arrival of 35,000 new immigrants, an increase of 9.6‰ over last year.

Montreal however, is showing small losses in its exchange with the other regions of Quebec (7,400 persons) as well as with the other provinces (9,000 persons).

Vancouver, with a growth rate of 10.2%, received close to 39,000 immigrants, or 15% of Canada's total new immigrants. However, the net interprovincial migration barely reached 1,300. As with Toronto and

^{2.} The Quebec portion of the Ottawa-Gatineau CMA.

^{3.} Considering the Ottawa-Gatineau CMA has an entity.

Montreal, urban sprawl also had an impact on the Vancouver area, which lost 5,500 people to other parts of the province, a decrease of 2.5‰. Urban sprawl benefited the Abbotsford CMA, which is located next to Vancouver. It took in 5,200 people from Vancouver.

The population of Ottawa-Gatineau, the fourth largest CMA in the country, grew by 6.2%, reaching 1,158,300 inhabitants. Most of the growth

was in the Quebec part of this CMA, with a growth rate of 15%, compared to only 3.4% for its Ontario part. Ottawa was the main beneficiary of immigration, welcoming 5,500 people, although it lost at the interand intra-provincial levels. Gatineau benefited greatly from inter- and intra-provincial migration, more than one-third of the former originating in Ottawa. (See charts 1.2, 1.3 and 1.4)

Chart 1.3 Factors of the population growth by census metropolitan area, Canada, 2005/2006

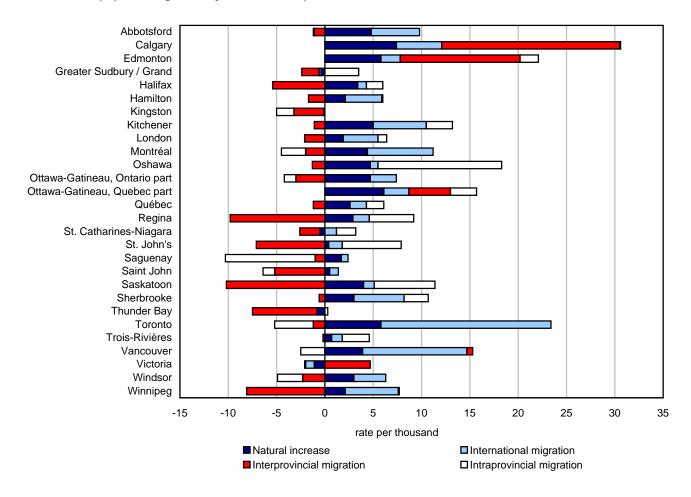
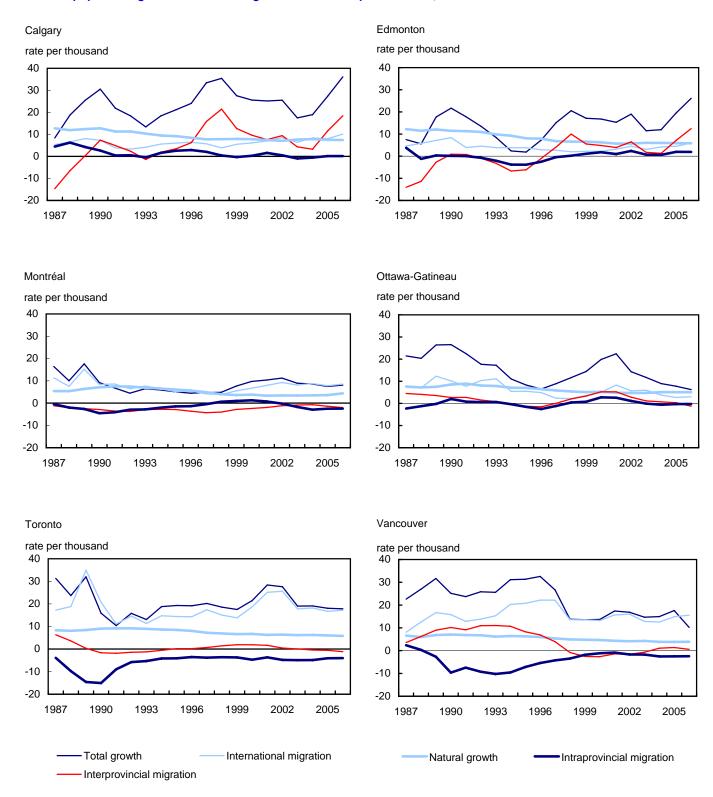


Chart 1.4
Factors of population growth of the six largest census metropolitan areas, Canada



^{1.} Year ending June 30.

1.5 Population aging slower in the CMAs than in the non-CMAs.

Canada's population has been aging steadily over the past few years. From 2001 to 2006, the median age of Canada's population rose from 37.2 to 38.8. This aging was observed in both CMA and non-CMA areas. However, the rise in the median age occurred faster in the non-CMAs than in the CMAs, thereby increasing the gap between their median ages.

Over the past year, the median age for all CMAs rose by 0.2, reaching 37.8. In non-CMAs, the increase was 0.4, twice as high as in the CMAs, bringing the median age of their populations to 40.7. (See chart 1.5)

The median age in non-CMAs was 2.4 years higher than in 2001, whereas for CMAs as a whole, this difference was twice as small, at only 1.2. The difference between CMAs and non-CMAs grew steadily, and in 2006 reached 2.9 years, compared to 1.7 in 2001.

Nonetheless, some CMAs were affected more than others by population aging. Thus, the CMAs with the highest median ages were Trois-Rivières, Victoria, Saguenay and St. Catherines – Niagara, ranging from 41.8 to 43.4. On the other hand, the CMAs with the lowest median ages were Saskatoon and Calgary, at 35.1 and 35.4, respectively. These were followed by the Edmonton and Abbotsford CMAs, with 36.0 and 36.1.

Changes in the median age also varied among CMAs. The Calgary and Edmonton CMAs' median ages rose by less than one compared to 2001. This slight change was attributable to the high proportion of

younger workers moving to Alberta. In comparison, the Saguenay, Trois-Rivières, Thunder Bay and Kingston CMAs saw a large increase in their median ages compared to 2001, ranging from 2.5 to 3.2 years.

Another indicator of aging is the number of inhabitants aged 65 and over as a proportion of the total population. In 2006, 12.3% of the people living in CMAs were 65 years of age and older, whereas the proportion in non-CMAs was 14.9%. (See chart 1.6)

Although CMAs as a whole had a smaller proportion of older people than non-CMAs, some of them had high proportions. For instance, the proportions of inhabitants aged 65 and over in the Thunder Bay (15.6%), Trois-Rivières (16.8%), Victoria (17.2%) and St. Catherines – Niagara (17.5%) CMAs were all higher than 15%.

By comparison, the CMAs with the smallest proportions of inhabitants aged 65 and over were Calgary (9.1%), Gatineau⁴ (9.9%), Edmonton (10.9%) and St. John's (10.9%).

The fastest increases in the proportions of inhabitants aged 65 and over were in the Sherbrooke, Québec, Trois-Rivières and Saguenay CMAs, where they ranged from 0.4 to 0.6 percentage points. Compared to 2001, the proportion of inhabitants aged 65 and over from the Saguenay CMA's was up by 2.0 percentage points, Trois-Rivières' by 1.7 and Québec's by 1.2.

In contrast, some of the CMAs in the West seemed to age less rapidly. The proportion of inhabitants aged 65 and over in the Calgary, Abbotsford and Winnipeg CMAs remained unchanged throughout 2006.

^{4.} The Quebec portion of the Ottawa-Gatineau CMA.

Chart 1.5 Median age by census metropolitan area, July 1, 2006

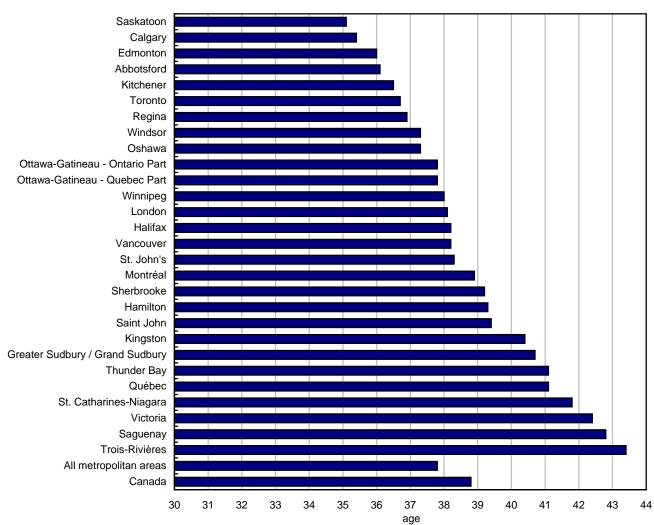


Chart 1.6
Distribution of population by age group and census metropolitan area, Canada, 2006

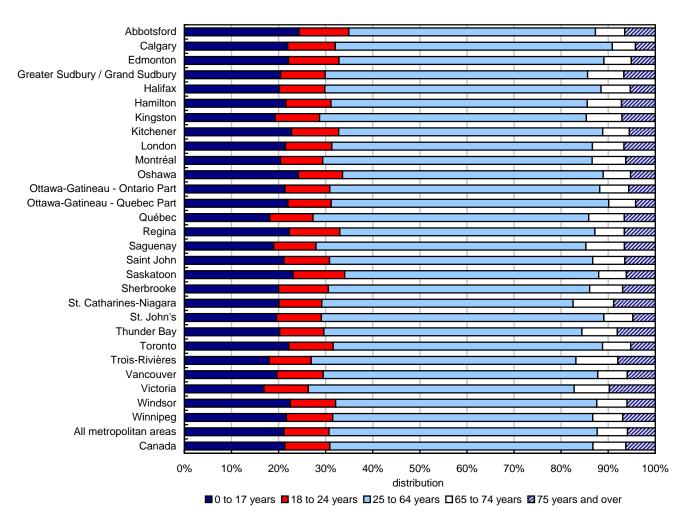


Table 1.1-1
Annual population estimates by census metropolitan area, Canada — Population by sex at July 1

| | | | Both sex | es | | |
|---|---|--|--|--|--|---|
| | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 |
| Canada | 31,021,251 | 31,372,587 | 31,676,077 | 31,989,454 | 32,299,496 | 32,623,490 |
| All metropolitan areas | 19,959,688 | 20,285,298 | 20,535,328 | 20,790,039 | 21,039,193 | 21,294,382 |
| Abbotsford | 153,714 | 155,205 | 156,403 | 158,799 | 160,548 | 161,911 |
| Calgary | 976,773 | 1,002,030 | 1,019,687 | 1,039,195 | 1,067,947 | 1,107,242 |
| Edmonton | 961,475 | 979,907 | 991,241 | 1,003,164 | 1,022,937 | 1,050,046 |
| Greater Sudbury / Grand Sudbury Halifax | 161,473 369,085 | 160,987 373,817 | 161,188 377,066 | 161,363 379,384 | 161,752 380,583 | 161,983 382,203 |
| Hamilton | 689,190 | 697,891 | 704,970 | 710,346 | 713,467 | 716,230 |
| Kingston | 152,652 | 154,439 | 155,676 | 156,123 | 155,685 | 154,971 |
| Kitchener | 431,328 | 438,744 | 444,731 | 452,022 | 457,961 | 463,644 |
| London | 449,589 | 454,514 | 457,657 | 461,294 | 463,661 | 465,720 |
| Montréal | 3,507,424 | 3,547,112 | 3,578,942 | 3,609,761 | 3,636,774 | 3,666,280 |
| Oshawa | 308,461 | 315,800 | 324,062 | 332,323 | 338,451 | 344,374 |
| Ottawa-Gatineau | 1,102,911 | 1,118,819 | 1,132,029 | 1,142,219 | 1,151,121 | 1,158,314 |
| Ottawa-Gatineau, Ontario part | 839,953 | 851,739 | 860,237 | 865,604 | 869,953 | 872,911 |
| Ottawa-Gatineau, Quebec part | 262,958 | 267,080 | 271,792 | 276,615 | 281,168 | 285,403 |
| Québec | 696,389 | 701,564 | 705,547 | 711,166 | 714,799 | 723,263 |
| Regina St. Catharines-Niagara | 196,821 391,661 | 196,531 393,178 | 197,380 394,505 | 198,104 395,962 | 198,198 396,502 | 198,316 396,754 |
| St. John's | 176,151 | 177,523 | 178,832 | 180,676 | 181,219 | 181,394 |
| Saguenay | 157,765 | 156,227 | 154,967 | 153,755 | 152,514 | 152,132 |
| Saint John | 126,033 | 126,137 | 126,388 | 126,622 | 126,426 | 125,944 |
| Saskatoon | 230,847 | 231,839 | 232,726 | 234,221 | 234,802 | 235,464 |
| Sherbrooke | 156,986 | 158,733 | 160,401 | 161,930 | 163,618 | 164,685 |
| Thunder Bay | 126,648 | 126,205 | 126,822 | 126,782 | 126,204 | 125,359 |
| Toronto | 4,883,834 | 5,020,447 | 5,116,950 | 5,215,672 | 5,310,773 | 5,406,324 |
| Trois-Rivières | 140,111 | 140,005 | 140,315 | 141,015 | 141,590 | 142,614 |
| Vancouver | 2,076,098 | 2,111,305 | 2,142,513 | 2,174,804 | 2,213,391 | 2,236,068 |
| Victoria | 325,415 | 326,774 | 328,494 | 330,024 | 332,174 | 334,332 |
| Windsor | 320,753 | 325,880 | 328,696 | 330,755 | 331,496 | 332,066 |
| Winnipeg | 690,101 | 693,685 | 697,140 | 702,558 | 704,600 | 706,749 |
| | | | Males | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 |
| Canada | 2001 15,364,404 | 2002 15,538,572 | 2003 15,688,977 | 2004 15,842,787 | 2005 15,995,582 | 2006 16,155,454 |
| All metropolitan areas | 15,364,404 9,829,610 | 15,538,572 9,993,248 | 15,688,977 10,117,668 | 15,842,787 10,241,042 | 15,995,582 10,362,400 | 16,155,454 10,487,010 |
| All metropolitan areas Abbotsford | 15,364,404 9,829,610 77,126 | 15,538,572 9,993,248 77,927 | 15,688,977 10,117,668 78,549 | 15,842,787 10,241,042 79,825 | 15,995,582 10,362,400 80,687 | 16,155,454 10,487,010 81,342 |
| All metropolitan areas Abbotsford Calgary | 15,364,404 9,829,610 77,126 492,787 | 15,538,572 9,993,248 77,927 505,753 | 15,688,977 10,117,668 78,549 514,204 | 15,842,787 10,241,042 79,825 523,400 | 15,995,582 10,362,400 80,687 537,817 | 16,155,454 10,487,010 81,342 557,909 |
| All metropolitan areas Abbotsford Calgary Edmonton | 15,364,404 9,829,610 77,126 492,787 481,342 | 15,538,572 9,993,248 77,927 505,753 490,758 | 15,688,977 10,117,668 78,549 514,204 496,320 | 15,842,787 10,241,042 79,825 523,400 502,235 | 15,995,582 10,362,400 80,687 537,817 511,937 | 16,155,454 10,487,010 81,342 557,909 525,622 |
| All metropolitan areas Abbotsford Calgary Edmonton Greater Sudbury / Grand Sudbury | 15,364,404 9,829,610 77,126 492,787 481,342 79,206 | 15,538,572 9,993,248 77,927 505,753 490,758 78,957 | 15,688,977 10,117,668 78,549 514,204 496,320 79,100 | 15,842,787 10,241,042 79,825 523,400 502,235 79,228 | 15,995,582 10,362,400 80,687 537,817 511,937 79,449 | 16,155,454 10,487,010 81,342 557,909 525,622 79,586 |
| All metropolitan areas Abbotsford Calgary Edmonton Greater Sudbury / Grand Sudbury Halifax | 15,364,404 9,829,610 77,126 492,787 481,342 79,206 179,701 | 15,538,572 9,993,248 77,927 505,753 490,758 78,957 182,651 | 15,688,977 10,117,668 78,549 514,204 496,320 79,100 184,107 | 15,842,787 10,241,042 79,825 523,400 502,235 79,228 185,273 | 15,995,582 10,362,400 80,687 537,817 511,937 79,449 185,490 | 16,155,454 10,487,010 81,342 557,909 525,622 79,586 186,216 |
| All metropolitan areas Abbotsford Calgary Edmonton Greater Sudbury / Grand Sudbury Hallifax Hamilton | 15,364,404 9,829,610 77,126 492,787 481,342 79,206 179,701 339,573 | 15,538,572 9,993,248 77,927 505,753 490,758 78,957 182,651 343,844 | 15,688,977 10,117,668 78,549 514,204 496,320 79,100 184,107 347,385 | 15,842,787 10,241,042 79,825 523,400 502,235 79,228 185,273 349,864 | 15,995,582 10,362,400 80,687 537,817 511,937 79,449 185,490 351,068 | 16,155,454 10,487,010 81,342 557,909 525,622 79,586 186,216 352,099 |
| All metropolitan areas Abbotsford Calgary Edmonton Greater Sudbury / Grand Sudbury Halifax Hamilton Kingston | 15,364,404 9,829,610 77,126 492,787 481,342 79,206 179,701 339,573 75,691 | 15,538,572 9,993,248 77,927 505,753 490,758 78,957 182,651 343,844 76,617 | 15,688,977 10,117,668 78,549 514,204 496,320 79,100 184,107 347,385 77,194 | 15,842,787 10,241,042 79,825 523,400 502,235 79,228 185,273 349,864 77,318 | 15,995,582 10,362,400 80,687 537,817 511,937 79,449 185,490 351,068 76,990 | 16,155,454 10,487,010 81,342 557,909 525,622 79,586 186,216 352,099 76,508 |
| All metropolitan areas Abbotsford Calgary Edmonton Greater Sudbury / Grand Sudbury Halifax Hamilton Kingston Kitchener | 15,364,404 9,829,610 77,126 492,787 481,342 79,206 179,701 339,573 75,691 214,404 | 15,538,572 9,993,248 77,927 505,753 490,758 78,957 182,651 343,844 76,617 218,272 | 15,688,977 10,117,668 78,549 514,204 496,320 79,100 184,107 347,385 77,194 221,374 | 15,842,787 10,241,042 79,825 523,400 502,235 79,228 185,273 349,864 77,318 225,192 | 15,995,582 10,362,400 80,687 537,817 511,937 79,449 185,490 351,068 76,990 228,105 | 16,155,454 10,487,010 81,342 557,909 525,622 79,586 186,216 352,099 76,508 230,887 |
| All metropolitan areas Abbotsford Calgary Edmonton Greater Sudbury / Grand Sudbury Halifax Hamilton Kingston Kitchener London | 15,364,404 9,829,610 77,126 492,787 481,342 79,206 179,701 339,573 75,691 214,404 219,872 | 15,538,572 9,993,248 77,927 505,753 490,758 78,957 182,651 343,844 76,617 218,272 222,301 | 15,688,977 10,117,668 78,549 514,204 496,320 79,100 184,107 347,385 77,194 221,374 223,904 | 15,842,787 10,241,042 79,825 523,400 502,235 79,228 185,273 349,864 77,318 225,192 225,804 | 15,995,582 10,362,400 80,687 537,817 511,937 79,449 185,490 351,068 76,990 228,105 226,894 | 16,155,454 10,487,010 81,342 557,909 525,622 79,586 186,216 352,099 76,508 230,887 227,837 |
| All metropolitan areas Abbotsford Calgary Edmonton Greater Sudbury / Grand Sudbury Hallifax Hamilton Kingston Kitchener London Montréal | 15,364,404 9,829,610 77,126 492,787 481,342 79,206 179,701 339,573 75,691 214,404 219,872 1,714,443 | 15,538,572 9,993,248 77,927 505,753 490,758 78,957 182,651 343,844 76,617 218,272 222,301 1,735,089 | 15,688,977 10,117,668 78,549 514,204 496,320 79,100 184,107 347,385 77,194 221,374 223,904 1,751,938 | 15,842,787 10,241,042 79,825 523,400 502,235 79,228 185,273 349,864 77,318 225,192 225,804 1,767,251 | 15,995,582 10,362,400 80,687 537,817 511,937 79,449 185,490 351,068 76,990 228,105 226,894 1,780,438 | 16,155,454 10,487,910 81,342 557,909 525,622 79,586 186,216 352,099 76,508 230,887 227,837 1,794,951 |
| All metropolitan areas Abbotsford Calgary Edmonton Greater Sudbury / Grand Sudbury Halifax Hamilton Kingston Kitchener London Montréal Oshawa | 15,364,404 9,829,610 77,126 492,787 481,342 79,206 179,701 339,573 75,691 214,404 219,872 1,714,443 153,069 | 15,538,572 9,993,248 77,927 505,753 490,758 78,957 182,651 343,844 76,617 218,272 222,301 1,735,089 156,677 | 15,688,977 10,117,668 78,549 514,204 496,320 79,100 184,107 347,385 77,194 221,374 223,904 1,751,938 160,703 | 15,842,787 10,241,042 79,825 523,400 502,235 79,228 185,273 349,864 77,318 225,192 225,804 1,767,251 164,722 | 15,995,582 10,362,400 80,687 537,817 511,937 79,449 185,490 351,068 76,990 228,105 226,894 1,780,438 167,686 | 16,155,454 10,487,010 81,342 557,909 525,622 79,586 186,216 352,099 76,508 230,887 227,837 1,794,951 170,531 |
| All metropolitan areas Abbotsford Calgary Edmonton Greater Sudbury / Grand Sudbury Halifax Hamilton Kingston Kitchener London Montréal Oshawa Ottawa-Gatineau | 15,364,404 9,829,610 77,126 492,787 481,342 79,206 179,701 339,573 75,691 214,404 219,872 1,714,443 153,069 543,571 | 15,538,572 9,993,248 77,927 505,753 490,758 78,957 182,651 343,844 76,617 218,272 222,301 1,735,089 156,677 551,497 | 15,688,977 10,117,668 78,549 514,204 496,320 79,100 184,107 347,385 77,194 221,374 223,904 1,751,938 160,703 557,680 | 15,842,787 10,241,042 79,825 523,400 502,235 79,228 185,273 349,864 77,318 225,192 225,804 1,767,251 164,722 562,278 | 15,995,582 10,362,400 80,687 537,817 511,937 79,449 185,490 351,068 76,990 228,105 226,894 1,780,438 167,686 566,376 | 16,155,454 10,487,010 81,342 557,909 525,622 79,586 186,216 352,099 76,508 230,887 227,837 1,794,951 170,531 569,246 |
| All metropolitan areas Abbotsford Calgary Edmonton Greater Sudbury / Grand Sudbury Halifax Hamilton Kingston Kitchener London Montréal Oshawa Ottawa-Gatineau Ottawa-Gatineau, Ontario part | 15,364,404 9,829,610 77,126 492,787 481,342 79,206 179,701 339,573 75,691 214,404 219,872 1,714,443 153,069 543,571 414,245 | 15,538,572 9,993,248 77,927 505,753 490,758 78,957 182,651 343,844 76,617 218,272 222,301 1,735,089 156,677 551,497 420,015 | 15,688,977 10,117,668 78,549 514,204 496,320 79,100 184,107 347,385 77,194 221,374 223,904 1,751,938 160,703 557,680 423,834 | 15,842,787 10,241,042 | 15,995,582 10,362,400 80,687 537,817 511,937 79,449 185,490 351,068 76,990 228,105 226,894 1,780,438 167,686 | 16,155,454 10,487,010 81,342 557,909 525,622 79,586 186,216 352,099 76,508 230,887 227,837 1,794,951 170,531 569,246 428,994 |
| All metropolitan areas Abbotsford Calgary Edmonton Greater Sudbury / Grand Sudbury Hallifax Hamilton Kingston Kitchener London Montréal Oshawa Ottawa-Gatineau Ottawa-Gatineau, Ontario part Ottawa-Gatineau, Quebec part | 15,364,404 9,829,610 77,126 492,787 481,342 79,206 179,701 339,573 75,691 214,404 219,872 1,714,443 153,069 543,571 | 15,538,572 9,993,248 77,927 505,753 490,758 78,957 182,651 343,844 76,617 218,272 222,301 1,735,089 156,677 551,497 | 15,688,977 10,117,668 78,549 514,204 496,320 79,100 184,107 347,385 77,194 221,374 223,904 1,751,938 160,703 557,680 | 15,842,787 10,241,042 79,825 523,400 502,235 79,228 185,273 349,864 77,318 225,192 225,804 1,767,251 164,722 562,278 | 15,995,582 10,362,400 80,687 537,817 511,937 79,449 185,490 351,068 76,990 228,105 226,894 1,780,438 167,686 566,376 427,832 | 16,155,454 10,487,010 81,342 557,909 525,622 79,586 186,216 352,099 76,508 230,887 227,837 1,794,951 170,531 569,246 428,994 140,252 |
| All metropolitan areas Abbotsford Calgary Edmonton Greater Sudbury / Grand Sudbury Halifax Hamilton Kingston Kitchener London Montréal Oshawa Ottawa-Gatineau Ottawa-Gatineau, Ontario part Ottawa-Gatineau, Quebec part Québec Regina | 15,364,404 9,829,610 77,126 492,787 481,342 79,206 179,701 339,573 75,691 214,404 219,872 1,714,443 153,069 543,571 414,245 129,326 | 15,538,572 9,993,248 77,927 505,753 490,758 78,957 182,651 343,844 76,617 218,272 222,301 1,735,089 156,677 551,497 420,015 131,482 341,185 96,110 | 15,688,977 10,117,668 78,549 514,204 496,320 79,100 184,107 347,385 77,194 221,374 223,904 1,751,938 160,703 557,680 423,834 133,846 | 15,842,787 10,241,042 79,825 523,400 502,235 79,228 185,273 349,864 77,318 225,192 225,804 1,767,251 164,722 562,278 425,982 136,296 346,295 97,020 | 15,995,582 10,362,400 80,687 537,817 511,937 79,449 185,490 351,068 76,990 228,105 226,894 1,780,438 167,686 566,376 427,832 138,544 348,277 97,161 | 16,155,454 10,487,010 81,342 557,909 525,622 79,586 186,216 352,099 76,508 230,887 227,837 1,794,951 170,531 569,246 428,994 140,252 352,710 97,307 |
| All metropolitan areas Abbotsford Calgary Edmonton Greater Sudbury / Grand Sudbury Halifax Hamilton Kingston Kitchener London Montréal Oshawa Ottawa-Gatineau Ottawa-Gatineau, Ontario part Ottawa-Gatineau, Quebec part Québec Regina | 15,364,404 9,829,610 77,126 492,787 481,342 79,206 179,701 339,573 75,691 214,404 219,872 1,714,443 153,069 543,571 414,245 129,326 338,569 | 15,538,572 9,993,248 77,927 505,753 490,758 78,957 182,651 343,844 76,617 218,272 222,301 1,735,089 156,677 551,497 420,015 131,482 341,185 | 15,688,977 10,117,668 78,549 514,204 496,320 79,100 184,107 347,385 77,194 221,374 223,904 1,751,938 160,703 557,680 423,834 133,846 343,382 | 15,842,787 10,241,042 79,825 523,400 502,235 79,228 185,273 349,864 77,318 225,192 225,804 1,767,251 164,722 562,278 425,982 136,296 346,295 | 15,995,582 10,362,400 80,687 537,817 511,937 79,449 185,490 351,068 76,990 228,105 226,894 1,780,438 167,686 566,376 427,832 138,544 348,277 | 16,155,454 10,487,010 81,342 557,909 525,622 79,586 186,216 352,099 76,508 230,887 227,837 1,794,951 170,531 569,246 428,994 140,252 352,710 |
| All metropolitan areas Abbotsford Calgary Edmonton Greater Sudbury / Grand Sudbury Hallfax Hamilton Kingston Kitchener London Montréal Oshawa Ottawa-Gatineau Ottawa-Gatineau, Ontario part Ottawa-Gatineau, Quebec part Québec Regina St. Catharines-Niagara | 15,364,404 9,829,610 77,126 492,787 481,342 79,206 179,701 339,573 75,691 214,404 219,872 1,714,443 153,069 543,571 414,245 129,326 338,569 96,234 191,738 84,926 | 15,538,572 9,993,248 77,927 505,753 490,758 78,957 182,651 343,844 76,617 218,272 222,301 1,735,089 156,677 551,497 420,015 131,482 341,185 96,110 192,577 85,661 | 15,688,977 10,117,668 78,549 514,204 496,320 79,100 184,107 347,385 77,194 221,374 223,904 1,751,938 160,703 557,680 423,834 133,846 343,382 96,609 193,178 86,379 | 15,842,787 10,241,042 79,825 523,400 502,235 79,228 185,273 349,864 77,318 225,192 225,804 1,767,251 164,722 562,278 425,982 136,296 346,295 97,020 193,824 87,290 | 15,995,582 10,362,400 80,687 537,817 511,937 79,449 185,490 351,068 76,990 228,105 226,894 1,780,438 167,686 566,376 427,832 138,544 348,277 97,161 194,062 87,544 | 16,155,454 10,487,010 81,342 557,909 525,622 79,586 186,216 352,099 76,508 230,887 227,837 1,794,951 170,531 569,246 428,994 140,252 352,710 97,307 194,153 87,602 |
| All metropolitan areas Abbotsford Calgary Edmonton Greater Sudbury / Grand Sudbury Halifax Hamilton Kingston Kitchener London Montréal Oshawa Ottawa-Gatineau Ottawa-Gatineau, Ontario part Ottawa-Gatineau, Quebec part Québec Regina St. Catharines-Niagara St. John's Saguenay | 15,364,404 9,829,610 77,126 492,787 481,342 79,206 179,701 339,573 75,691 214,404 219,872 1,714,443 153,069 543,571 414,245 129,326 338,569 96,234 191,738 84,926 78,282 | 15,538,572 9,993,248 77,927 505,753 490,758 78,957 182,651 343,844 76,617 218,272 222,301 1,735,089 156,677 551,497 420,015 131,482 341,185 96,110 192,577 85,661 77,473 | 15,688,977 10,117,668 | 15,842,787 10,241,042 79,825 523,400 502,235 79,228 185,273 349,864 77,318 225,192 225,804 1,767,251 164,722 562,278 425,982 136,296 346,295 97,020 193,824 87,290 76,185 | 15,995,582 10,362,400 80,687 537,817 511,937 79,449 185,490 351,068 76,990 228,105 226,894 1,780,438 167,686 566,376 427,832 138,544 348,277 97,161 194,062 87,544 75,554 | 16,155,454 10,487,010 81,342 557,909 525,622 79,586 186,216 352,099 76,508 230,887 227,837 1,794,951 170,531 569,246 428,994 140,252 352,710 97,307 194,153 87,602 75,446 |
| All metropolitan areas Abbotsford Calgary Edmonton Greater Sudbury / Grand Sudbury Halifax Hamilton Kingston Kitchener London Montréal Oshawa Ottawa-Gatineau Ottawa-Gatineau, Ontario part Ottawa-Gatineau, Quebec part Québec Regina St. Catharines-Niagara St. John's Saguenay Saint John | 15,364,404 9,829,610 77,126 492,787 481,342 79,206 179,701 339,573 75,691 214,404 219,872 1,714,443 153,069 543,571 414,245 129,326 338,569 96,234 191,738 84,926 78,282 61,221 | 15,538,572 9,993,248 77,927 505,753 490,758 78,957 182,651 343,844 76,617 218,272 222,301 1,735,089 156,677 551,497 420,015 131,482 341,185 96,110 192,577 85,661 77,473 61,223 | 15,688,977 10,117,668 | 15,842,787 10,241,042 79,825 523,400 502,235 79,228 185,273 349,864 77,318 225,192 225,804 1,767,251 164,722 562,278 425,982 136,296 346,295 97,020 193,824 87,290 76,185 61,506 | 15,995,582 10,362,400 80,687 537,817 511,937 79,449 185,490 351,068 76,990 228,105 226,894 1,780,438 167,686 566,376 427,832 138,544 348,277 97,161 194,062 87,544 75,554 61,332 | 16,155,454 10,487,010 81,342 557,909 525,622 79,586 186,216 352,099 76,508 230,887 227,837 1,794,951 170,531 569,246 428,994 140,252 352,710 97,307 194,153 87,602 75,446 60,978 |
| All metropolitan areas Abbotsford Calgary Edmonton Greater Sudbury / Grand Sudbury Halifax Hamilton Kingston Kitchener London Montréal Oshawa Ottawa-Gatineau Ottawa-Gatineau, Ontario part Ottawa-Gatineau, Quebec part Québec Regina St. Catharines-Niagara St. John's Saguenay Saint John Saskatoon | 15,364,404 9,829,610 77,126 492,787 481,342 79,206 179,701 339,573 75,691 214,404 219,872 1,714,443 153,069 543,571 414,245 129,326 338,569 96,234 191,738 84,926 78,282 61,221 113,004 | 15,538,572 9,993,248 77,927 505,753 490,758 78,957 182,651 343,844 76,617 218,272 222,301 1,735,089 156,677 551,497 420,015 131,482 341,185 96,110 192,577 85,661 77,473 61,223 113,522 | 15,688,977 10,117,668 78,549 514,204 496,320 79,100 184,107 347,385 77,194 221,374 223,904 1,751,938 160,703 557,680 423,834 133,846 343,382 96,609 193,178 86,379 76,800 61,363 113,915 | 15,842,787 10,241,042 79,825 523,400 502,235 79,228 185,273 349,864 77,318 225,192 225,804 1,767,251 164,722 562,278 425,982 136,296 346,295 97,020 193,824 87,290 76,185 61,506 114,668 | 15,995,582 10,362,400 80,687 537,817 531,937 79,449 185,490 351,068 76,990 228,105 226,894 1,780,438 167,686 566,376 427,832 138,544 348,277 97,161 194,062 87,544 75,554 61,332 115,026 | 16,155,454 10,487,010 81,342 557,909 525,622 79,586 186,216 352,099 76,508 230,887 227,837 1,794,951 170,531 569,246 428,994 140,252 352,710 97,307 194,153 87,602 75,446 60,978 115,420 |
| All metropolitan areas Abbotsford Calgary Edmonton Greater Sudbury / Grand Sudbury Halifax Hamilton Kingston Kitchener London Montréal Oshawa Ottawa-Gatineau Ottawa-Gatineau, Ontario part Ottawa-Gatineau, Quebec part Québec Regina St. Catharines-Niagara St. John's Saguenay Saint John Saskatoon Sherbrooke | 15,364,404 9,829,610 77,126 492,787 481,342 79,206 179,701 339,573 75,691 214,404 219,872 1,714,443 153,069 543,571 414,245 129,326 338,569 96,234 191,738 84,926 78,282 61,221 113,004 76,381 | 15,538,572 9,993,248 77,927 505,753 490,758 78,957 182,651 343,844 76,617 218,272 222,301 1,735,089 156,677 551,497 420,015 131,482 341,185 96,110 192,577 85,661 77,473 61,223 113,522 77,330 | 15,688,977 10,117,668 78,549 514,204 496,320 79,100 184,107 347,385 77,194 221,374 223,904 1,751,938 160,703 557,680 423,834 133,846 343,382 96,609 193,178 86,379 76,800 61,363 113,915 78,300 | 15,842,787 10,241,042 79,825 523,400 502,235 79,228 185,273 349,864 77,318 225,192 225,804 1,767,251 164,722 562,278 425,982 136,296 346,295 97,020 193,824 87,290 76,185 61,506 114,668 79,056 | 15,995,582 10,362,400 80,687 537,817 511,937 79,449 185,490 351,068 76,990 228,105 226,894 1,780,438 167,686 566,376 427,832 138,544 348,277 97,161 194,062 87,544 75,554 61,332 115,026 79,874 | 16,155,454 10,487,010 81,342 557,909 525,622 79,586 186,216 352,099 76,508 230,887 227,837 1,794,951 170,531 569,246 428,994 140,252 352,710 97,307 194,153 87,602 75,446 60,978 115,420 80,426 |
| All metropolitan areas Abbotsford Calgary Edmonton Greater Sudbury / Grand Sudbury Halifax Hamilton Kingston Kitchener London Montréal Oshawa Ottawa-Gatineau Ottawa-Gatineau, Ontario part Ottawa-Gatineau, Quebec part Québec Regina St. Catharines-Niagara St. John's Saguenay Saint John Saskatoon Sherbrooke Thunder Bay | 15,364,404 9,829,610 77,126 492,787 481,342 79,206 179,701 339,573 75,691 214,404 219,872 1,714,443 153,069 543,571 414,245 129,326 338,569 96,234 191,738 84,926 78,282 61,221 113,004 76,381 62,678 | 15,538,572 9,993,248 77,927 505,753 490,758 78,957 182,651 343,844 76,617 218,272 222,301 1,735,089 156,677 551,497 420,015 131,482 341,185 96,110 192,577 85,661 77,473 61,223 113,522 77,330 62,401 | 15,688,977 10,117,668 | 15,842,787 10,241,042 79,825 523,400 502,235 79,228 185,273 349,864 77,318 225,192 225,804 1,767,251 164,722 562,278 425,982 136,296 346,295 97,020 193,824 87,290 76,185 61,506 114,668 79,056 62,680 | 15,995,582 10,362,400 80,687 537,817 511,937 79,449 185,490 351,068 76,990 228,105 226,894 1,780,438 167,686 566,376 427,832 138,544 348,277 97,161 194,062 87,544 61,332 115,026 79,874 62,369 | 16,155,454 10,487,010 81,342 557,909 525,622 79,586 186,216 352,099 76,508 230,887 227,837 1,794,951 170,531 569,246 428,994 140,252 352,710 97,307 194,153 87,602 75,446 60,978 115,420 80,426 61,930 |
| All metropolitan areas Abbotsford Calgary Edmonton Greater Sudbury / Grand Sudbury Halifax Hamilton Kingston Kitchener London Montréal Oshawa Ottawa-Gatineau Ottawa-Gatineau, Ontario part Ottawa-Gatineau, Quebec part Québec Regina St. Catharines-Niagara St. John's Saguenay Saint John Saskatoon Sherbrooke Thunder Bay Toronto | 15,364,404 9,829,610 77,126 492,787 481,342 79,206 179,701 339,573 75,691 214,404 219,872 1,714,443 153,069 543,571 414,245 129,326 338,569 96,234 191,738 84,926 78,282 61,221 113,004 76,381 62,678 2,406,214 | 15,538,572 9,993,248 77,927 505,753 490,758 78,957 182,651 343,844 76,617 218,272 222,301 1,735,089 156,677 551,497 420,015 131,482 341,185 96,110 192,577 85,661 77,473 61,223 113,522 77,330 62,401 2,474,067 | 15,688,977 10,117,668 78,549 514,204 496,320 79,100 184,107 347,385 77,194 221,374 223,904 1,751,938 160,703 557,680 423,834 133,846 343,382 96,609 193,178 86,379 76,800 61,363 113,915 78,300 62,690 2,520,755 | 15,842,787 10,241,042 79,825 523,400 502,235 79,228 185,273 349,864 77,318 225,192 225,804 1,767,251 164,722 562,278 425,982 136,296 346,295 97,020 193,824 87,290 76,185 61,506 114,668 79,056 62,680 2,567,513 | 15,995,582 10,362,400 80,687 537,817 531,937 79,449 185,490 351,068 76,990 228,105 226,894 1,780,438 167,686 566,376 427,832 138,544 348,277 97,161 194,062 87,544 75,554 61,332 115,026 79,874 62,369 2,613,080 | 16,155,454 10,487,010 81,342 557,909 525,622 79,586 186,216 352,099 76,508 230,887 1,794,951 170,531 569,246 428,994 140,252 352,710 97,307 194,153 87,602 75,446 60,978 115,420 80,426 61,930 2,658,925 |
| All metropolitan areas Abbotsford Calgary Edmonton Greater Sudbury / Grand Sudbury Halifax Hamilton Kingston Kitchener London Montréal Oshawa Ottawa-Gatineau Ottawa-Gatineau, Ontario part Ottawa-Gatineau, Quebec part Québec Regina St. Catharines-Niagara St. John's Saguenay Saint John Saskatoon Sherbrooke Thunder Bay Toronto Trois-Rivières | 15,364,404 9,829,610 77,126 492,787 481,342 79,206 179,701 339,573 75,691 214,404 219,872 1,714,443 153,069 543,571 414,245 129,326 338,569 96,234 191,738 84,926 78,282 61,221 113,004 76,381 62,678 2,406,214 67,660 | 15,538,572 9,993,248 77,927 505,753 490,758 78,957 182,651 343,844 76,617 218,272 222,301 1,735,089 156,677 551,497 420,015 131,482 341,185 96,110 192,577 85,661 77,473 61,223 113,522 77,330 62,401 2,474,067 67,688 | 15,688,977 10,117,668 78,549 514,204 496,320 79,100 184,107 347,385 77,194 221,374 223,904 1,751,938 160,703 557,680 423,834 133,846 343,382 96,609 193,178 86,379 76,800 61,363 113,915 78,300 62,690 2,520,755 67,900 | 15,842,787 10,241,042 79,825 523,400 502,235 79,228 185,273 349,864 77,318 225,192 225,804 1,767,251 164,722 562,278 425,982 136,296 346,295 97,020 193,824 87,290 76,185 61,506 61,4668 79,056 62,680 2,567,513 68,180 | 15,995,582 10,362,400 80,687 537,817 511,937 79,449 185,490 351,068 76,990 228,105 226,894 1,780,438 167,686 566,376 427,832 138,544 348,277 97,161 194,062 87,544 75,554 61,332 115,026 79,874 62,369 2,613,080 68,516 | 16,155,454 10,487,010 81,342 557,909 525,622 79,586 186,216 352,099 76,508 230,887 227,837 1,794,951 170,531 569,246 428,994 140,252 352,710 97,307 194,153 87,602 75,446 60,978 115,420 80,426 61,930 2,658,925 68,975 |
| All metropolitan areas Abbotsford Calgary Edmonton Greater Sudbury / Grand Sudbury Halifax Hamilton Kingston Kitchener London Montréal Oshawa Ottawa-Gatineau, Ontario part Ottawa-Gatineau, Quebec part Québec Regina St. Catharines-Niagara St. John's Saguenay Saint John Saskatoon Sherbrooke Thunder Bay Toroito Trois-Rivières Vancouver | 15,364,404 9,829,610 77,126 492,787 481,342 79,206 179,701 339,573 75,691 214,404 219,872 1,714,443 153,069 543,571 414,245 129,326 338,569 96,234 191,738 84,926 78,282 61,221 113,004 76,381 62,678 2,406,214 67,660 1,027,332 | 15,538,572 9,993,248 77,927 505,753 490,758 78,957 182,651 343,844 76,617 218,272 222,301 1,735,089 156,677 551,497 420,015 131,482 341,185 96,110 192,577 85,661 77,473 61,223 113,522 77,330 62,401 2,474,067 67,688 1,043,876 | 15,688,977 10,117,668 78,549 514,204 496,320 79,100 184,107 347,385 77,194 221,374 223,904 1,751,938 160,703 557,680 423,834 133,846 343,382 96,609 193,178 86,379 76,800 61,363 113,915 78,300 62,690 2,520,755 67,900 1,059,649 | 15,842,787 10,241,042 79,825 523,400 502,235 79,228 185,273 349,864 77,318 225,192 225,804 1,767,251 164,722 562,278 425,982 136,296 346,295 97,020 193,824 87,290 76,185 61,506 114,668 79,056 62,680 2,567,513 68,180 1,075,241 | 15,995,582 10,362,400 80,687 537,817 511,937 79,449 185,490 351,068 76,990 228,105 226,894 1,780,438 167,686 566,376 427,832 138,544 348,277 97,161 194,062 87,544 75,554 61,332 115,026 79,874 62,369 2,613,080 68,516 1,095,076 | 16,155,454 10,487,010 81,342 557,909 525,622 79,586 186,216 352,099 76,508 230,887 227,837 1,794,951 170,531 569,246 428,994 140,252 352,710 97,307 194,153 87,602 75,446 60,978 115,420 80,426 61,930 2,658,925 68,975 1,106,382 |
| All metropolitan areas Abbotsford Calgary Edmonton Greater Sudbury / Grand Sudbury Halifax Hamilton Kingston Kitchener London Montréal Oshawa Ottawa-Gatineau Ottawa-Gatineau, Ontario part Ottawa-Gatineau, Quebec part Québec Regina St. Catharines-Niagara St. John's Saguenay Saint John Saskatoon Sherbrooke Thunder Bay Toronto Trois-Rivières Vancouver Victoria | 15,364,404 9,829,610 77,126 492,787 481,342 79,206 179,701 339,573 75,691 214,404 219,872 1,714,443 153,069 543,571 414,245 129,326 338,569 96,234 191,738 84,926 78,282 61,221 113,004 76,381 62,678 2,406,214 67,660 1,027,332 156,592 | 15,538,572 9,993,248 77,927 505,753 490,758 78,957 182,651 343,844 76,617 218,272 222,301 1,735,089 156,677 551,497 420,015 131,482 341,185 96,110 192,577 85,661 77,473 61,223 113,522 77,330 62,401 2,474,067 67,688 1,043,876 157,244 | 15,688,977 10,117,668 | 15,842,787 10,241,042 79,825 523,400 502,235 79,228 185,273 349,864 77,318 225,192 225,804 1,767,251 164,722 562,278 425,982 136,296 346,295 97,020 193,824 87,290 76,185 61,506 114,668 79,056 62,680 2,567,513 68,180 1,075,241 159,180 | 15,995,582 10,362,400 80,687 537,817 511,937 79,449 185,490 351,068 76,990 228,105 226,894 1,780,438 167,686 566,376 427,832 138,544 348,277 97,161 194,062 87,544 61,332 115,026 79,874 62,369 2,613,080 68,516 1,095,076 160,225 | 16,155,454 10,487,010 81,342 557,909 525,622 79,586 186,216 352,099 76,508 230,887 227,837 1,794,951 170,531 569,246 428,994 140,252 352,710 97,307 194,153 87,602 75,446 60,978 115,420 80,426 61,930 2,658,925 68,975 1,106,382 161,185 |
| All metropolitan areas Abbotsford Calgary Edmonton Greater Sudbury / Grand Sudbury Halifax Hamilton Kingston Kitchener London Montréal Oshawa Ottawa-Gatineau Ottawa-Gatineau, Ontario part Ottawa-Gatineau, Quebec part Québec | 15,364,404 9,829,610 77,126 492,787 481,342 79,206 179,701 339,573 75,691 214,404 219,872 1,714,443 153,069 543,571 414,245 129,326 338,569 96,234 191,738 84,926 78,282 61,221 113,004 76,381 62,678 2,406,214 67,660 1,027,332 | 15,538,572 9,993,248 77,927 505,753 490,758 78,957 182,651 343,844 76,617 218,272 222,301 1,735,089 156,677 551,497 420,015 131,482 341,185 96,110 192,577 85,661 77,473 61,223 113,522 77,330 62,401 2,474,067 67,688 1,043,876 | 15,688,977 10,117,668 78,549 514,204 496,320 79,100 184,107 347,385 77,194 221,374 223,904 1,751,938 160,703 557,680 423,834 133,846 343,382 96,609 193,178 86,379 76,800 61,363 113,915 78,300 62,690 2,520,755 67,900 1,059,649 | 15,842,787 10,241,042 79,825 523,400 502,235 79,228 185,273 349,864 77,318 225,192 225,804 1,767,251 164,722 562,278 425,982 136,296 346,295 97,020 193,824 87,290 76,185 61,506 114,668 79,056 62,680 2,567,513 68,180 1,075,241 | 15,995,582 10,362,400 80,687 537,817 511,937 79,449 185,490 351,068 76,990 228,105 226,894 1,780,438 167,686 566,376 427,832 138,544 348,277 97,161 194,062 87,544 75,554 61,332 115,026 79,874 62,369 2,613,080 68,516 1,095,076 | 16,155,454 10,487,010 81,342 557,909 525,622 79,586 186,216 352,099 76,508 230,887 227,837 1,794,951 170,531 569,246 428,994 140,252 352,710 97,307 194,153 87,602 75,446 60,978 115,420 80,426 61,930 2,658,925 68,975 1,106,382 |

Table 1.1-1 – continued

Annual population estimates by census metropolitan area, Canada — Population by sex at July 1

| | Females | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 |
| Canada | 15,656,847 | 15,834,015 | 15,987,100 | 16,146,667 | 16,303,914 | 16,468,036 |
| All metropolitan areas | 10,130,078 | 10,292,050 | 10,417,660 | 10,548,997 | 10,676,793 | 10,807,372 |
| Abbotsford | 76,588 | 77,278 | 77,854 | 78,974 | 79,861 | 80,569 |
| Calgary | 483,986 | 496,277 | 505,483 | 515,795 | 530,130 | 549,333 |
| Edmonton | 480,133 | 489,149 | 494,921 | 500,929 | 511,000 | 524,424 |
| Greater Sudbury / Grand Sudbury | 82,267 | 82,030 | 82,088 | 82,135 | 82,303 | 82,397 |
| Halifax | 189,384 | 191,166 | 192,959 | 194,111 | 195,093 | 195,987 |
| Hamilton | 349,617 | 354,047 | 357,585 | 360,482 | 362,399 | 364,131 |
| Kingston | 76,961 | 77,822 | 78,482 | 78,805 | 78,695 | 78,463 |
| Kitchener | 216,924 | 220,472 | 223,357 | 226,830 | 229,856 | 232,757 |
| London | 229,717 | 232,213 | 233,753 | 235,490 | 236,767 | 237,883 |
| Montréal | 1,792,981 | 1,812,023 | 1,827,004 | 1,842,510 | 1,856,336 | 1,871,329 |
| Oshawa | 155,392 | 159,123 | 163,359 | 167,601 | 170,765 | 173,843 |
| Ottawa-Gatineau | 559,340 | 567,322 | 574,349 | 579,941 | 584,745 | 589,068 |
| Ottawa-Gatineau, Ontario part | 425,708 | 431,724 | 436,403 | 439,622 | 442,121 | 443,917 |
| Ottawa-Gatineau, Quebec part | 133,632 | 135,598 | 137,946 | 140,319 | 142,624 | 145,151 |
| Québec | 357,820 | 360,379 | 362,165 | 364,871 | 366,522 | 370,553 |
| Regina | 100,587 | 100,421 | 100,771 | 101,084 | 101,037 | 101,009 |
| St. Catharines-Niagara | 199,923 | 200,601 | 201,327 | 202,138 | 202,440 | 202,601 |
| St. John's | 91,225 | 91,862 | 92,453 | 93,386 | 93,675 | 93,792 |
| Saguenay | 79,483 | 78,754 | 78,167 | 77,570 | 76,960 | 76,686 |
| Saint John | 64.812 | 64,914 | 65.025 | 65,116 | 65,094 | 64,966 |
| Saskatoon | 117.843 | 118.317 | 118.811 | 119,553 | 119,776 | 120,044 |
| Sherbrooke | 80.605 | 81,403 | 82,101 | 82.874 | 83,744 | 84,259 |
| Thunder Bay | 63,970 | 63.804 | 64.132 | 64.102 | 63,835 | 63,429 |
| Toronto | 2.477.620 | 2,546,380 | 2,596,195 | 2,648,159 | 2,697,693 | 2,747,399 |
| Trois-Rivières | 72,451 | 72,317 | 72,415 | 72.835 | 73.074 | 73,639 |
| Vancouver | 1.048.766 | 1,067,429 | 1.082.864 | 1.099.563 | 1.118.315 | 1,129,686 |
| Victoria | 168,823 | 169,530 | 170,196 | 170,844 | 171,949 | 173,147 |
| Windsor | 161.212 | 163,750 | 165,129 | 166,243 | 166,721 | 167,112 |
| Winnipeg | 351,648 | 353,267 | 354,715 | 357,056 | 358,008 | 358,866 |

Table 1.1-2

Annual population estimates by census metropolitan area, Canada — Population rate of growth from July to June

| | 2001/2002 | 2002/2003 | 2003/2004 | 2004/2005 | 2005/2006 |
|---------------------------------|-----------|-----------|----------------|-----------|-----------|
| | | rat | e per thousand | | |
| Canada | 11.26 | 9.63 | 9.84 | 9.65 | 9.98 |
| All metropolitan areas | 16.18 | 12.25 | 12.33 | 11.91 | 12.06 |
| Abbotsford | 9.65 | 7.69 | 15.20 | 10.95 | 8.45 |
| Calgary | 25.53 | 17.47 | 18.95 | 27.29 | 36.13 |
| Edmonton | 18.99 | 11.50 | 11.96 | 19.52 | 26.15 |
| Greater Sudbury / Grand Sudbury | -3.01 | 1.25 | 1.09 | 2.41 | 1.43 |
| Halifax | 12.74 | 8.65 | 6.13 | 3.16 | 4.25 |
| Hamilton | 12.55 | 10.09 | 7.60 | 4.38 | 3.87 |
| Kingston | 11.64 | 7.98 | 2.87 | -2.81 | -4.60 |
| Kitchener | 17.05 | 13.55 | 16.26 | 13.05 | 12.33 |
| London | 10.89 | 6.89 | 7.92 | 5.12 | 4.43 |
| Montréal | 11.25 | 8.93 | 8.57 | 7.46 | 8.08 |
| Oshawa | 23.51 | 25.82 | 25.17 | 18.27 | 17.35 |
| Ottawa-Gatineau | 14.32 | 11.74 | 8.96 | 7.76 | 6.23 |
| Ottawa-Gatineau, Ontario part | 13.93 | 9.93 | 6.22 | 5.01 | 3.39 |
| Ottawa-Gatineau, Quebec part | 15.55 | 17.49 | 17.59 | 16.33 | 14.95 |
| Québec | 7.40 | 5.66 | 7.93 | 5.10 | 11.77 |
| Regina | -1.47 | 4.31 | 3.66 | 0.47 | 0.60 |
| St. Catharines-Niagara | 3.87 | 3.37 | 3.69 | 1.36 | 0.64 |
| St. John's | 7.76 | 7.35 | 10.26 | 3.00 | 0.97 |
| Saguenay | -9.80 | -8.10 | -7.85 | -8.10 | -2.51 |
| Saint John | 0.82 | 1.99 | 1.85 | -1.55 | -3.82 |
| Saskatoon | 4.29 | 3.82 | 6.40 | 2.48 | 2.82 |
| Sherbrooke | 11.07 | 10.45 | 9.49 | 10.37 | 6.50 |
| Thunder Bay | -3.50 | 4.88 | -0.32 | -4.57 | -6.72 |
| Toronto | 27.59 | 19.04 | 19.11 | 18.07 | 17.83 |
| Trois-Rivières | -0.76 | 2.21 | 4.98 | 4.07 | 7.21 |
| Vancouver | 16.82 | 14.67 | 14.96 | 17.59 | 10.19 |
| Victoria | 4.17 | 5.25 | 4.65 | 6.49 | 6.48 |
| Windsor | 15.86 | 8.60 | 6.24 | 2.24 | 1.72 |
| Winnipeg | 5.18 | 4.97 | 7.74 | 2.90 | 3.05 |

Table 1.1-3
Annual population estimates by census metropolitan area, Canada — Population by age group and sex at July 1, 2006

| | | | Both sexes | 3 | | |
|--|--|--|--|---|---|---|
| | All | 0 to 17 | 18 to 24 | 25 to 64 | 65 to 74 | 75 years |
| | ages | years | years | years | years | and ove |
| Canada | 32,623,490 | 6,958,786 | 3,116,908 | 18,233,555 | 2,273,069 | 2,041,172 |
| All metropolitan areas Abbotsford | 21,294,382 161,911 | 4,504,279 39,398 | 2,035,455 17,158 | 12,130,037 84,814 | 1,368,775 10,061 | 1,255,83 0 10,480 |
| Calgary | 1,107,242 | 242,856 | 112,082 | 651,295 | 54,417 | 46,592 |
| dmonton | 1,050,046 | 232,245 | 112,594 | 590,718 | 61,053 | 53,430 |
| Greater Sudbury / Grand Sudbury | 161,983 | 33,121 | 15,317 | 90,262 | 12,477 | 10,80 |
| lalifax | 382,203 | 77,149 | 36,845 | 224,230 | 23,732 | 20,24 |
| lamilton | 716,230 | 154,287 | 68,671 | 389,931 | 51,888 | 51,45 |
| (ingston (itchener | 154,971 463,644 | 29,915 105,572 | 14,568 46,371 | 87,789 259,949 | 11,740 26,192 | 10,95 25,56 |
| ondon | 465,720 | 99,989 | 45,811 | 257,757 | 31,218 | 30,94 |
| Montréal | 3,666,280 | 749,634 | 327,515 | 2,097,803 | 261,157 | 230.17 |
| Oshawa | 344,374 | 83,365 | 32,297 | 190,633 | 19,979 | 18,10 |
| Ottawa-Gatineau | 1,158,314 | 249,180 | 109,544 | 668,553 | 69,904 | 61,13 |
| Ottawa-Gatineau, Ontario part | 872,911 | 186,444 | 83,281 | 500,325 | 53,651 | 49,21 |
| Ottawa-Gatineau, Quebec part | 285,403 | 62,736 | 26,263 | 168,228 | 16,253 | 11,92 |
| Québec | 723,263 | 131,129 | 66,417 | 423,522 | 54,529 | 47,66 |
| Regina | 198,316 | 44,186 | 21,278 | 107,419 | 12,401 | 13,03 |
| t. Catharines-Niagara | 396,754 | 79,719 | 36,121 | 211,640 | 34,167 | 35,10 |
| t. John's | 181,394 | 35,505 | 17,283 | 108,789 | 11,197 | 8,62 |
| aguenay aint John | 152,132 125,944 | 28,819 26,662 | 13,716 12,157 | 87,198 70,400 | 12,423 8,599 | 9,97 8,12 |
| Saskatoon | 235.464 | 54,336 | 25,829 | 127,019 | 13,840 | 14,44 |
| Sherbrooke | 164,685 | 32,981 | 17,391 | 91,365 | 11,537 | 11,41 |
| hunder Bay | 125,359 | 25,357 | 11,770 | 68,701 | 9,418 | 10,11 |
| oronto | 5,406,324 | 1,198,954 | 509,757 | 3,092,654 | 322,864 | 282,09 |
| rois-Rivières | 142,614 | 25,635 | 12,796 | 80,162 | 12,681 | 11,34 |
| ancouver/ | 2,236,068 | 439,878 | 219,339 | 1,304,140 | 140,053 | 132,65 |
| /ictoria | 334,332 | 56,446 | 31,531 | 188,816 | 24,970 | 32,56 |
| Vindsor | 332,066 | 74,769 | 31,894 | 184,176 | 21,363 | 19,86 |
| Vinnipeg | 706,749 | 153,192 | 69,403 | 390,302 | 44,915 | 48,937 |
| | , | | Males | | | |
| | All ages | 0 to 17 years | 18 to 24 years | 25 to 64 years | 65 to 74 years | 75 years and ove |
| Canada | 16,155,454 | 3,564,729 | 1,594,575 | 9,114,174 | 1,081,424 | 800,552 |
| All metropolitan areas | 10,487,010 | 2,307,113 | 1,034,491 | 6,026,677 | 638,800 | 479,929 |
| Abbotsford | 81,342 | 20,390 | 8,850 | 43,060 | 4,787 | 4,25 |
| Calgary | 557,909 | 124,454 | 57,345 | 331,955 | 25,936 | 18,219 |
| | | 119,118 | 57,660 | 298,931 | 28,955 | 20,958 |
| | 525,622 | | | | | |
| Greater Sudbury / Grand Sudbury | 79,586 | 16,871 | 7,734 | 44,801 | 5,852 | 4,32 |
| Greater Sudbury / Grand Sudbury Ialifax | 79,586 186,216 | 16,871 39,054 | 7,734 18,750 | 44,801 109,871 | 11,022 | 4,32 7,51 |
| Greater Sudbury / Grand Sudbury Ialifax Iamilton | 79,586 186,216 352,099 | 16,871 39,054 79,090 | 7,734 18,750 35,250 | 44,801 109,871 193,515 | 11,022 24,263 | 4,32 7,51 19,98 |
| Greater Sudbury / Grand Sudbury lalifax lamilton ingston | 79,586 186,216 352,099 76,508 | 16,871 39,054 79,090 15,293 | 7,734 18,750 35,250 7,347 | 44,801 109,871 193,515 44,006 | 11,022 24,263 5,538 | 4,32 7,51 19,98 4,32 |
| Greater Sudbury / Grand Sudbury lalifax lamilton ingston ütchener | 79,586 186,216 352,099 76,508 230,887 | 16,871 39,054 79,090 15,293 53,821 | 7,734 18,750 35,250 7,347 23,855 | 44,801 109,871 193,515 44,006 130,891 | 11,022 24,263 5,538 12,589 | 4,32 7,51 19,98 4,32 9,73 |
| Greater Sudbury / Grand Sudbury Ialifax Iamilton Gringston Gritchener ondon | 79,586 186,216 352,099 76,508 230,887 227,837 | 16,871 39,054 79,090 15,293 53,821 51,255 | 7,734 18,750 35,250 7,347 23,855 23,114 | 44,801 109,871 193,515 44,006 130,891 127,131 | 11,022 24,263 5,538 12,589 14,399 | 4,32 7,51 19,98 4,32 9,73 11,93 |
| Greater Sudbury / Grand Sudbury lalifax lamilton ingston itchener ondon lontréal | 79,586 186,216 352,099 76,508 230,887 227,837 1,794,951 | 16,871 39,054 79,090 15,293 53,821 51,255 383,632 | 7,734 18,750 35,250 7,347 23,855 23,114 165,135 | 44,801 109,871 193,515 44,006 130,891 127,131 1,043,672 | 11,022 24,263 5,538 12,589 14,399 118,670 | 4,32 7,51 19,98 4,32 9,73 11,93 83,84 |
| Greater Sudbury / Grand Sudbury lalifax lamilton ingston citchener ondon lontréal Ishawa | 79,586 186,216 352,099 76,508 230,887 227,837 | 16,871 39,054 79,090 15,293 53,821 51,255 | 7,734 18,750 35,250 7,347 23,855 23,114 | 44,801 109,871 193,515 44,006 130,891 127,131 | 11,022 24,263 5,538 12,589 14,399 | 4,32 7,51 19,98 4,32 9,73 11,93 83,84 7,09 |
| Greater Sudbury / Grand Sudbury lalifax lamilton ingston citchener ondon lontréal Ishawa | 79,586 186,216 352,099 76,508 230,887 227,837 1,794,951 170,531 | 16,871 39,054 79,090 15,293 53,821 51,255 383,632 42,381 | 7,734 18,750 35,250 7,347 23,855 23,114 165,135 16,473 | 44,801 109,871 193,515 44,006 130,891 127,131 1,043,672 95,110 | 11,022 24,263 5,538 12,589 14,399 118,670 9,473 | 4,32 7,51 19,98 4,32 9,73 11,93 83,84 7,09 22,86 |
| Greater Sudbury / Grand Sudbury lalifax lamilton Kingston Litchener Litchene | 79,586 186,216 352,099 76,508 230,887 227,837 1,794,951 170,531 569,246 428,994 140,252 | 16,871 39,054 79,090 15,293 53,821 51,255 383,632 42,381 126,754 94,712 32,042 | 7,734 18,750 35,250 7,347 23,855 23,114 165,135 16,473 55,874 42,591 13,283 | 44,801 109,871 193,515 44,006 130,891 127,131 1,043,672 95,110 331,016 247,992 83,024 | 11,022 24,263 5,538 12,589 14,399 118,670 9,473 32,740 25,213 7,527 | 4,32 7,51 19,98 4,32 9,73 11,93 83,84 7,09 22,86 18,48 4,37 |
| Greater Sudbury / Grand Sudbury Ialifax Ialifax Iamilton Iingston Iitchener ondon Iontréal Ioshawa Ittawa-Gatineau Ottawa-Gatineau, Ontario part Ottawa-Gatineau, Quebec part | 79,586 186,216 352,099 76,508 230,887 227,837 1,794,951 170,531 569,246 428,994 140,252 352,710 | 16,871 39,054 79,090 15,293 53,821 51,255 383,632 42,381 126,754 94,712 32,042 66,845 | 7,734 18,750 35,250 7,347 23,855 23,114 165,135 16,473 55,874 42,591 13,283 33,467 | 44,801 109,871 193,515 44,006 130,891 127,131 1,043,672 95,110 331,016 247,992 83,024 211,428 | 11,022 24,263 5,538 12,589 14,399 118,670 9,473 32,740 25,213 7,527 24,665 | 4,32 7,51 19,98 4,32 9,73 11,93 83,84 7,09 22,86 18,48 4,37 16,30 |
| ireater Sudbury / Grand Sudbury alifax amilton ingston itchener ondon lontréal shawa Uttawa-Gatineau Ottawa-Gatineau, Quebec part uébec egina | 79,586 186,216 352,099 76,508 230,887 227,837 1,794,951 170,531 569,246 428,994 140,252 352,710 97,307 | 16,871 39,054 79,090 15,293 53,821 51,255 383,632 42,381 126,754 94,712 32,042 66,845 22,783 | 7,734 18,750 35,250 7,347 23,855 23,114 165,135 16,473 55,874 42,591 13,283 33,467 11,052 | 44,801 109,871 193,575 44,006 130,891 127,131 1,043,672 95,110 331,016 247,992 83,024 211,428 53,051 | 11,022 24,263 5,538 12,589 14,399 118,670 9,473 32,740 25,213 7,527 24,665 5,694 | 4,32 7,51 19,98 4,32 9,73 11,93 83,84 7,09 22,86 18,48 4,37 16,30 4,72 |
| reater Sudbury / Grand Sudbury alifax amilton amilton ingston itchener ondon ontréal shawa ttawa-Gatineau Ottawa-Gatineau, Ontario part Ottawa-Gatineau, Quebec part uébec egina t. Catharines-Niagara | 79,586 186,216 352,099 76,508 230,887 227,837 1,794,951 170,531 569,246 428,994 140,252 352,710 97,307 194,153 | 16,871 39,054 79,090 15,293 53,821 51,255 383,632 42,381 126,754 94,712 32,042 66,845 22,783 40,740 | 7,734 18,750 35,250 7,347 23,855 23,114 165,135 16,473 55,874 42,591 13,283 33,467 11,052 18,387 | 44,801 109,871 193,515 44,006 130,891 127,131 1,043,672 95,110 331,016 247,992 83,024 211,428 53,051 105,004 | 11,022 24,263 5,538 12,589 14,399 118,670 9,473 32,740 25,213 7,527 24,665 5,694 15,915 | 4,32 7,51 19,98 4,32 9,73 11,93 83,84 7,05 22,86 18,48 4,37 16,30 4,72 |
| reater Sudbury / Grand Sudbury alifax amilton ingston itchener ondon lontréal shawa ttawa-Gatineau Ottawa-Gatineau, Ontario part Ottawa-Gatineau, Quebec part uébec egina t. Catharines-Niagara t. John's | 79,586 186,216 352,099 76,508 230,887 227,837 1,794,951 170,531 569,246 428,994 140,252 352,710 97,307 194,153 87,602 | 16,871 39,054 79,090 15,293 53,821 51,255 383,632 42,381 126,754 94,712 32,042 66,845 22,783 40,740 18,124 | 7,734 18,750 35,250 7,347 23,855 23,114 165,135 16,473 55,874 42,591 13,283 33,467 11,052 18,387 8,761 | 44,801 109,871 193,515 44,006 130,891 127,131 1,043,672 95,110 331,016 247,992 83,024 211,428 53,051 105,004 52,696 | 11,022 24,263 5,538 12,589 14,399 118,670 9,473 32,740 25,213 7,527 24,665 5,694 15,915 5,165 | 4,32 7,51 19,98 4,32 9,73 11,93 83,84 7,09 22,86 18,44 4,37 16,30 4,72 14,10 2,85 |
| reater Sudbury / Grand Sudbury alifax amilton ingston itchener ondon ontréal shawa ttawa-Gatineau Ottawa-Gatineau, Ontario part Ottawa-Gatineau, Quebec part uébec egina t. Catharines-Niagara t. John's aguenay | 79,586 186,216 352,099 76,508 230,887 227,837 1,794,951 170,531 569,246 428,994 140,252 352,710 97,307 194,153 87,602 75,446 | 16,871 39,054 79,090 15,293 53,821 51,255 383,632 42,381 126,754 94,712 32,042 66,845 22,783 40,740 18,124 14,809 | 7,734 18,750 35,250 7,347 23,855 23,114 165,135 16,473 55,874 42,591 13,283 33,467 11,052 18,387 8,761 7,298 | 44,801 109,871 193,571 44,006 130,891 127,131 1,043,672 95,110 331,016 247,992 83,024 211,428 53,051 105,004 52,696 44,047 | 11,022 24,263 5,538 12,589 14,399 118,670 9,473 32,740 25,213 7,527 24,665 5,694 15,915 5,165 5,654 | 4,32 7,51 19,98 4,32 9,73 11,93 83,84 7,00 22,86 18,48 4,37 16,30 4,72 14,10 2,85 3,63 |
| ireater Sudbury / Grand Sudbury alifax amilton ingston itchener ondon lontréal shawa ittawa-Gatineau Ottawa-Gatineau, Ontario part Ottawa-Gatineau, Quebec part uebec egina t. Catharines-Niagara t. John's aguenay aint John | 79,586 186,216 352,099 76,508 230,887 227,837 1,794,951 170,531 569,246 428,994 140,252 352,710 97,307 194,153 87,602 75,446 60,978 | 16,871 39,054 79,090 15,293 53,821 51,255 383,632 42,381 126,754 94,712 32,042 66,845 22,783 40,740 18,124 14,809 13,647 | 7,734 18,750 35,250 7,347 23,855 23,114 165,135 16,473 55,874 42,591 13,283 33,467 11,052 18,387 8,761 7,298 6,332 | 44,801 109,871 193,515 44,006 130,891 127,131 1,043,672 95,110 331,016 247,992 83,024 211,428 53,051 105,004 52,696 44,047 34,133 | 11,022 24,263 5,538 12,589 14,399 118,670 9,473 32,740 25,213 7,527 24,665 5,694 15,915 5,165 5,654 4,034 | 4,32 7,51 19,98 4,32 9,77 11,93 83,84 7,09 22,86 18,48 4,37 16,30 4,77 14,10 2,85 3,63 2,83 |
| ireater Sudbury / Grand Sudbury alifax lamilton ingston itchener ondon lontréal shawa shtawa-Gatineau Ottawa-Gatineau, Ontario part Ottawa-Gatineau, Quebec part luébec legina t. Catharines-Niagara t. John's aguenay aista | 79,586 186,216 352,099 76,508 230,887 227,837 1,794,951 170,531 569,246 428,994 140,252 352,710 97,307 194,153 87,602 75,446 60,978 115,420 | 16,871 39,054 79,090 15,293 53,821 51,255 383,632 42,381 126,754 94,712 32,042 66,845 22,783 40,740 18,124 14,809 13,647 27,863 | 7,734 18,750 35,250 7,347 23,855 23,114 165,135 16,473 55,874 42,591 13,283 33,467 11,052 18,387 8,761 7,298 6,332 13,083 | 44,801 109,871 193,515 44,006 130,891 127,131 1,043,672 95,110 331,016 247,992 83,024 211,428 53,051 105,004 52,696 44,047 34,133 62,985 | 11,022 24,263 5,538 12,589 14,399 118,670 9,473 32,740 25,213 7,527 24,665 5,694 15,915 5,165 5,654 4,034 6,317 | 4,32 7,51 19,98 4,32 9,73 11,93 83,84 7,09 22,86 18,44 4,37 16,30 4,72 14,10 2,85 3,63 2,83 5,17 |
| Greater Sudbury / Grand Sudbury Ialifax Iamilton Gringston Identification Identif | 79,586 186,216 352,099 76,508 230,887 227,837 1,794,951 170,531 569,246 428,994 140,252 352,710 97,307 194,153 87,602 75,446 60,978 115,420 80,426 | 16,871 39,054 79,090 15,293 53,821 51,255 383,632 42,381 126,754 94,712 32,042 66,845 22,783 40,740 18,124 14,809 13,647 27,863 17,004 | 7,734 18,750 35,250 7,347 23,855 23,114 165,135 16,473 55,874 42,591 13,283 33,467 11,052 18,387 8,761 7,298 6,332 13,083 8,689 | 44,801 109,871 193,515 44,006 130,891 127,131 1,043,672 95,110 331,016 247,992 83,024 211,428 53,051 105,004 52,696 44,047 34,133 62,985 45,647 | 11,022 24,263 5,538 12,589 14,399 118,670 9,473 32,740 25,213 7,527 24,665 5,694 15,915 5,165 5,654 4,034 6,317 5,185 | 4,32 7,51 19,98 4,32 9,73 11,93 83,84 7,09 22,86 18,48 4,37 16,30 4,72 14,10 2,85 3,63 2,83 5,17 3,90 |
| Greater Sudbury / Grand Sudbury Ialifax Ialifax Iamilton Gringston Identifon Indentifon Identifon Identifo | 79,586 186,216 352,099 76,508 230,887 227,837 1,794,951 170,531 569,246 428,994 140,252 352,710 97,307 194,153 87,602 75,446 60,978 115,420 80,426 61,930 | 16,871 39,054 79,090 15,293 53,821 51,255 383,632 42,381 126,754 94,712 32,042 66,845 22,783 40,740 18,124 14,809 13,647 27,863 17,004 12,892 | 7,734 18,750 35,250 7,347 23,855 23,114 165,135 16,473 55,874 42,591 13,283 33,467 11,052 18,387 8,761 7,298 6,332 13,083 8,689 6,031 | 44,801 109,871 193,575 44,006 130,891 127,131 1,043,672 95,110 331,016 247,992 83,024 211,428 53,051 105,004 52,696 44,047 34,133 62,985 45,647 34,517 | 11,022 24,263 5,538 12,589 14,399 118,670 9,473 32,740 25,213 7,527 24,665 5,694 15,915 5,165 5,654 4,034 6,317 5,185 4,573 | 4,32 7,51 19,98 4,32 9,73 11,93 83,84 7,00 22,86 18,46 4,37 16,30 4,77 14,10 2,85 3,65 2,83 5,17 3,90 |
| Greater Sudbury / Grand Sudbury lailifax lamilton Gingston Gitchener ondon Ontréal Oshawa Ottawa-Gatineau, Ontario part Ottawa-Gatineau, Quebec part Québec Legina St. Catharines-Niagara St. John's Saguenay Saint John Saskatoon Sherbrooke Hunder Bay Oronto | 79,586 186,216 352,099 76,508 230,887 227,837 1,794,951 170,531 569,246 428,994 140,252 352,710 97,307 194,153 87,602 75,446 60,978 115,420 80,426 | 16,871 39,054 79,090 15,293 53,821 51,255 383,632 42,381 126,754 94,712 32,042 66,845 22,783 40,740 18,124 14,809 13,647 27,863 17,004 | 7,734 18,750 35,250 7,347 23,855 23,114 165,135 16,473 55,874 42,591 13,283 33,467 11,052 18,387 8,761 7,298 6,332 13,083 8,689 | 44,801 109,871 193,515 44,006 130,891 127,131 1,043,672 95,110 331,016 247,992 83,024 211,428 53,051 105,004 52,696 44,047 34,133 62,985 45,647 | 11,022 24,263 5,538 12,589 14,399 118,670 9,473 32,740 25,213 7,527 24,665 5,694 15,915 5,165 5,654 4,034 6,317 5,185 | 4,32 7,51 19,98 4,32 9,73 11,93 83,84 7,09 22,86 18,48 4,37 16,30 4,72 14,10 2,85 3,63 2,83 5,17 3,90 3,91 |
| Greater Sudbury / Grand Sudbury Ialifax Iamilton Gingston Gitchener Jondon Jontréal Johawa Ottawa-Gatineau Ottawa-Gatineau, Ontario part Ottawa-Gatineau, Quebec part Outbec Regina St. Catharines-Niagara St. John's Saskatoon Sherbrooke Thunder Bay Toronto Tois-Rivières | 79,586 186,216 352,099 76,508 230,887 227,837 1,794,951 170,531 569,246 428,994 140,252 352,710 97,307 194,153 87,602 75,446 60,978 115,420 80,426 61,930 2,658,925 | 16,871 39,054 79,090 15,293 53,821 51,255 383,632 42,381 126,754 94,712 32,042 66,845 22,783 40,740 18,124 14,809 13,647 27,863 17,004 12,892 614,957 | 7,734 18,750 35,250 7,347 23,855 23,114 165,135 16,473 55,874 42,591 13,283 33,467 11,052 18,387 8,761 7,298 6,332 13,083 8,689 6,031 258,192 | 44,801 109,871 193,515 44,006 130,891 127,131 1,043,672 95,110 331,016 247,992 83,024 211,428 53,051 105,004 52,696 44,047 34,133 62,985 45,647 34,517 1,522,251 | 11,022 24,263 5,538 12,589 14,399 118,670 9,473 32,740 25,213 7,527 24,665 5,694 15,915 5,165 5,654 4,034 6,317 5,185 4,573 151,430 | 4,32 7,51 19,98 4,32 9,73 11,93 83,84 7,09 22,86 18,48 4,37 16,30 4,72 14,10 2,85 3,63 2,83 5,17 3,90 3,91 112,09 3,88 |
| Greater Sudbury / Grand Sudbury I alifax I amilton Kingston Kitchener London Montréal Dehawa Ottawa-Gatineau Ottawa-Gatineau, Ontario part Ottawa-Gatineau, Quebec part Québec Regina St. Catharines-Niagara St. John's Saguenay Saint John Saskatoon Sherbrooke Thunder Bay Toronto Trois-Rivières //ancouver //acouver | 79,586 186,216 352,099 76,508 230,887 227,837 1,794,951 170,531 569,246 428,994 140,252 352,710 97,307 194,153 87,602 75,446 60,978 115,420 80,426 61,930 2,658,925 68,975 1,106,382 161,185 | 16,871 39,054 79,090 15,293 53,821 51,255 383,632 42,381 126,754 94,712 32,042 66,845 22,783 40,740 18,124 14,809 13,647 27,863 17,004 12,892 614,957 13,118 | 7,734 18,750 35,250 7,347 23,855 23,114 165,135 16,473 55,874 42,591 13,283 33,467 11,052 18,387 8,761 7,298 6,332 13,083 8,689 6,031 258,192 6,435 112,071 15,778 | 44,801 109,871 193,515 44,006 130,891 127,131 1,043,672 95,110 331,016 247,992 83,024 211,428 53,051 105,004 52,696 44,047 34,133 62,985 45,647 34,517 1,522,251 39,882 | 11,022 24,263 5,538 12,589 14,399 118,670 9,473 32,740 25,213 7,527 24,665 5,694 15,915 5,165 5,654 4,034 6,317 5,185 4,573 151,430 5,658 | 4,32; 7,51; 19,98 4,32, 9,73 11,93; 83,84; 7,009 22,86; 18,48; 4,37; 16,30; 4,72; 14,10; 2,85; 3,63; 2,83; 5,17; 3,90; 3,91; 112,09; 3,88; 53,30; 12,55; |
| | 79,586 186,216 352,099 76,508 230,887 227,837 1,794,951 170,531 569,246 428,994 140,252 352,710 97,307 194,153 87,602 75,446 60,978 115,420 80,426 61,930 2,658,925 68,975 1,106,382 | 16,871 39,054 79,090 15,293 53,821 51,255 383,632 42,381 126,754 94,712 32,042 66,845 22,783 40,740 18,124 14,809 13,647 27,863 17,004 12,892 614,957 13,118 226,777 | 7,734 18,750 35,250 7,347 23,855 23,114 165,135 16,473 55,874 42,591 13,283 33,467 11,052 18,387 8,761 7,298 6,332 13,083 8,689 6,031 258,192 6,435 112,071 | 44,801 109,871 193,515 44,006 130,891 127,131 1,043,672 95,110 331,016 247,992 83,024 211,428 53,051 105,004 52,696 44,047 34,133 62,985 45,647 34,517 1,522,251 39,882 646,636 | 11,022 24,263 5,538 12,589 14,399 118,670 9,473 32,740 25,213 7,527 24,665 5,694 15,915 5,165 5,654 4,034 6,317 5,185 4,573 151,430 5,658 67,595 | 4,324 7,514 19,98 4,32 9,73 11,93 83,844 7,09 22,86 18,48 4,37 16,30 4,72 14,10 2,856 3,633 2,833 5,17 3,90 3,91 112,09 3,882 53,30 12,556 7,733 17,85 |

Table 1.1-3 – continued

Annual population estimates by census metropolitan area, Canada — Population by age group and sex at July 1, 2006

| | | | Females | | | |
|---------------------------------|------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| | All | 0 to 17 | 18 to 24 | 25 to 64 | 65 to 74 | 75 years |
| | ages | years | years | years | years | and over |
| Canada | 16,468,036 | 3,394,057 | 1,522,333 | 9,119,381 | 1,191,645 | 1,240,620 |
| All metropolitan areas | 10,807,372 | 2,197,166 | 1,000,964 | 6,103,360 | 729,975 | 775,907 |
| Abbotsford | 80,569 | 19,008 | 8,308 | 41,754 | 5,274 | 6,225 |
| Calgary | 549,333 | 118,402 | 54,737 | 319,340 | 28,481 | 28,373 |
| Edmonton | 524,424 | 113,127 | 54,934 | 291,787 | 32,098 | 32,478 |
| Greater Sudbury / Grand Sudbury | 82,397 | 16,250 | 7,583 | 45,461 | 6,625 | 6,478 |
| Halifax | 195,987 | 38,095 | 18,095 | 114,359 | 12,710 | 12,728 |
| Hamilton | 364,131 | 75,197 | 33,421 | 196,416 | 27,625 | 31,472 |
| Kingston | 78,463 | 14,622 | 7,221 | 43,783 | 6,202 | 6,635 |
| Kitchener | 232,757 | 51,751 | 22,516 | 129,058 | 13,603 | 15,829 |
| London | 237,883 | 48,734 | 22,697 | 130,626 | 16,819 | 19,007 |
| Montréal | 1,871,329 | 366,002 | 162,380 | 1,054,131 | 142,487 | 146,329 |
| Oshawa | 173,843 | 40,984 | 15,824 | 95,523 | 10,506 | 11,006 |
| Ottawa-Gatineau | 589,068 | 122,426 | 53,670 | 337,537 | 37,164 | 38,271 |
| Ottawa-Gatineau, Ontario part | 443,917 | 91,732 | 40,690 | 252,333 | 28,438 | 30,724 |
| Ottawa-Gatineau, Quebec part | 145,151 | 30,694 | 12,980 | 85,204 | 8,726 | 7,547 |
| Québec | 370,553 | 64,284 | 32,950 | 212,094 | 29,864 | 31,361 |
| Regina | 101,009 | 21,403 | 10,226 | 54,368 | 6,707 | 8,305 |
| St. Catharines-Niagara | 202,601 | 38,979 | 17,734 | 106,636 | 18,252 | 21,000 |
| St. John's | 93,792 | 17,381 | 8,522 | 56,093 | 6,032 | 5,764 |
| Saguenay | 76,686 | 14,010 | 6,418 | 43,151 | 6,769 | 6,338 |
| Saint John | 64,966 | 13,015 | 5,825 | 36,267 | 4,565 | 5,294 |
| Saskatoon | 120,044 | 26,473 | 12,746 | 64,034 | 7,523 | 9,268 |
| Sherbrooke | 84,259 | 15,977 | 8,702 | 45,718 | 6,352 | 7,510 |
| Thunder Bay | 63,429 | 12,465 | 5,739 | 34,184 | 4,845 | 6,196 |
| Toronto | 2,747,399 | 583,997 | 251,565 | 1,570,403 | 171,434 | 170,000 |
| Trois-Rivières | 73,639 | 12,517 | 6,361 | 40,280 | 7,023 | 7,458 |
| Vancouver | 1,129,686 | 213,101 | 107,268 | 657,504 | 72,458 | 79,355 |
| Victoria | 173,147 | 27,736 | 15,753 | 96,493 | 13,154 | 20,011 |
| Windsor | 167,112 | 36,328 | 15,648 | 91,691 | 11,316 | 12,129 |
| Winnipeg | 358,866 | 74,902 | 34,121 | 194,669 | 24,087 | 31,087 |

Table 1.1-4
Annual population estimates by census metropolitan area, Canada — Distribution of population by age group and sex at July 1, 2006

| | | | Both sexes | | | |
|--|--|---|---|--|--|--|
| | All | 0 to 17 | 18 to 24 | 25 to 64 | 65 to 74 | 75 year |
| | ages | years | years | years | years | and ove |
| anada | 100.0 | 21.3 | 9.6 | 55.9 | 7.0 | 6 |
| ll metropolitan areas | 100.0 | 21.2 | 9.6 | 57.0 | 6.4 | 5 |
| bbotsford | 100.0 100.0 | 24.3 21.9 | 10.6 | 52.4 58.8 | 6.2 | 6 |
| algary dmonton | 100.0 | 21.9 | 10.1 10.7 | 56.3 | 4.9 5.8 | 4 5 |
| reater Sudbury / Grand Sudbury | 100.0 | 20.4 | 9.5 | 55.7 | 7.7 | 6 |
| alifax | 100.0 | 20.4 | 9.6 | 58.7 | 6.2 | 5 |
| amilton | 100.0 | 21.5 | 9.6 | 54.4 | 7.2 | 7 |
| ingston | 100.0 | 19.3 | 9.6 | 56.6 | 7.6 | |
| itchener | 100.0 | 22.8 | 10.0 | 56.1 | 7.6 5.6 | |
| ondon | 100.0 | 21.5 | 9.8 | 55.3 | 6.7 | ě |
| Iontréal | 100.0 | 20.4 | 8.9 | 57.2 | 7.1 | 6 |
| shawa | 100.0 | 24.2 | 9.4 | 55.4 | 5.8 | |
| ettawa-Gatineau | 100.0 | 21.5 | 9.5 | 57.7 | 6.0 | 5 |
| Ottawa-Gatineau, Ontario part | 100.0 | 21.4 | 9.5 | 57.3 | 6.1 | 5 |
| Ottawa-Gatineau, Quebec part | 100.0 | 22.0 | 9.2 | 58.9 | 5.7 | 4 |
| Nuébec | 100.0 | 18.1 | 9.2 | 58.6 | 7.5 | 6 |
| legina | 100.0 | 22.3 | 10.7 | 54.2 | 6.3 | 6 |
| t. Catharines-Niagara | 100.0 | 20.1 | 9.1 | 53.3 | 8.6 | 8 |
| t. John's | 100.0 | 19.6 | 9.5 | 60.0 | 6.2 | 4 |
| aguenay | 100.0 | 18.9 | 9.0 | 57.3 | 8.2 | 6 |
| aguerray aint John | 100.0 | 21.2 | 9.7 | 55.9 | 6.8 | 6 |
| askatoon | 100.0 | 23.1 | 11.0 | 53.9 | 5.9 | 6 |
| herbrooke | 100.0 | 20.0 | 10.6 | 55.5 | 7.0 | ě |
| hunder Bay | 100.0 | 20.2 | 9.4 | 54.8 | 7.5 | ě |
| oronto | 100.0 | 22.2 | 9.4 | 57.2 | 6.0 | 5 |
| rois-Rivières | 100.0 | 18.0 | 9.0 | 56.2 | 8.9 | 8 |
| ancouver | 100.0 | 19.7 | 9.8 | 58.3 | 6.3 | 5 |
| rictoria | 100.0 | 16.9 | 9.4 | 56.5 | 7.5 | 9 |
| Vindsor | 100.0 | 22.5 | 9.6 | 55.5 | 6.4 | 6 |
| Vinnipeg | 100.0 | 21.7 | 9.8 | 55.2 | 6.4 | 6 |
| | | | Males | | | |
| | All | 0 to 17 | | 25 to 64 | 65 to 74 | 75 vea |
| | All ages | 0 to 17 years | 18 to 24 years | 25 to 64 years | 65 to 74 years | 75 year and ove |
| | | | 18 to 24 | | | |
| anada Il metropolitan areas | ages | years | 18 to 24 years | years | years | and ov |
| ıll metropolitan areas | ages 49.5 | years | 18 to 24 years 4.9 | years 27.9 | years 3.3 | and ov |
| .ll metropolitan areas bbotsford | ages 49.5 49.2 | years 10.9 10.8 | 18 to 24 years 4.9 4.9 | years 27.9 28.3 | years 3.3 3.0 | and ov |
| II metropolitan areas bbotsford algary | ages 49.5 49.2 50.2 | years 10.9 10.8 12.6 | 18 to 24 years 4.9 4.9 5.5 | years 27.9 28.3 26.6 | years 3.3 3.0 3.0 | and ov 2 2 2 2 |
| Il metropolitan areas bbotsford algary dmonton | ages 49.5 49.2 50.2 50.4 50.1 49.1 | years 10.9 10.8 12.6 11.2 11.3 10.4 | 18 to 24 years 4.9 4.9 5.5 5.2 5.5 4.8 | years 27.9 28.3 26.6 30.0 28.5 27.7 | years 3.3 3.0 3.0 2.3 2.8 3.6 | and ov |
| Il metropolitan areas bbotsford algary dmonton reater Sudbury / Grand Sudbury | ages 49.5 49.2 50.2 50.4 50.1 49.1 48.7 | years 10.9 10.8 12.6 11.2 11.3 | 18 to 24 years 4.9 4.9 5.5 5.2 5.5 4.8 4.9 | years 27.9 28.3 26.6 30.0 28.5 27.7 28.7 | years 3.3 3.0 3.0 2.3 2.8 3.6 2.9 | and ov |
| Il metropolitan areas bbotsford algary dmonton ireater Sudbury / Grand Sudbury alifax lamilton | ages 49.5 49.2 50.2 50.4 50.1 49.1 48.7 49.2 | years 10.9 10.8 12.6 11.2 11.3 10.4 10.2 11.0 | 18 to 24 years 4.9 4.9 5.5 5.2 5.5 4.8 4.9 4.9 | years 27.9 28.3 26.6 30.0 28.5 27.7 28.7 27.0 | years 3.3 3.0 3.0 2.3 2.8 3.6 2.9 3.4 | and ov |
| Il metropolitan areas bbotsford algary dmonton reater Sudbury / Grand Sudbury allifax lamilton ingston | ages 49.5 49.2 50.2 50.4 50.1 49.1 48.7 49.2 49.4 | years 10.9 10.8 12.6 11.2 11.3 10.4 10.2 11.0 9.9 | 18 to 24 years 4.9 4.9 5.5 5.2 5.5 4.8 4.9 4.9 4.7 | years 27.9 28.3 26.6 30.0 28.5 27.7 28.7 27.0 28.4 | years 3.3 3.0 3.0 2.3 2.8 3.6 2.9 3.4 3.6 | and ov |
| Il metropolitan areas bbotsford algary dmonton reater Sudbury / Grand Sudbury lalifax amilton ingston itchener | ages 49.5 49.2 50.2 50.4 50.1 49.1 48.7 49.2 49.4 49.8 | years 10.9 10.8 12.6 11.2 11.3 10.4 10.2 11.0 9.9 11.6 | 18 to 24 years 4.9 4.9 5.5 5.2 5.5 4.8 4.9 4.9 4.7 5.1 | years 27.9 28.3 26.6 30.0 28.5 27.7 28.7 27.0 28.4 28.2 | years 3.3 3.0 3.0 2.3 2.8 3.6 2.9 3.4 3.6 2.7 | and ov |
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| Il metropolitan areas bbotsford algary dmonton breater Sudbury / Grand Sudbury allifax lamilton ingston itchener ondon lontréal | ages 49.5 49.2 50.2 50.4 50.1 49.1 48.7 49.2 49.4 49.8 48.9 49.0 | years 10.9 10.8 12.6 11.2 11.3 10.4 10.2 11.0 9.9 11.6 11.0 10.5 | 18 to 24 years 4.9 4.9 5.5 5.2 5.5 4.8 4.9 4.9 4.7 5.1 5.0 4.5 | years 27.9 28.3 26.6 30.0 28.5 27.7 28.7 27.0 28.4 28.2 27.3 28.5 | years 3.3 3.0 3.0 2.3 2.8 3.6 2.9 3.4 3.6 2.7 3.1 3.2 | and ov 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 |
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| Ill metropolitan areas bbotsford laigary didmonton freater Sudbury / Grand Sudbury lailfax lamilton lingston ditchener ondon dontréal bshawa littawa-Gatineau, Ontario part Ottawa-Gatineau, Quebec part duébec tegina it. Catharines-Niagara it. John's laguenay laint John laskatoon herbrooke hunder Bay oronto rois-Rivières ancouver | ages 49.5 49.2 50.2 50.4 50.1 49.1 48.7 49.2 49.8 48.9 49.0 49.5 49.1 49.1 48.8 49.1 48.9 48.9 49.0 48.8 49.0 48.8 49.0 48.8 49.0 48.8 49.0 48.8 49.0 48.8 49.0 48.8 49.0 48.8 49.0 | years 10.9 10.8 12.6 11.2 11.3 10.4 10.2 11.0 9.9 11.6 11.0 10.5 12.3 10.9 10.9 11.2 9.2 11.5 10.3 10.0 9.7 10.8 11.8 10.3 11.4 9.2 10.1 | 18 to 24 years 4.9 4.9 5.5 5.2 5.5 4.8 4.9 4.9 4.7 5.1 5.0 4.5 4.8 4.8 4.9 4.7 4.6 5.6 4.6 4.8 4.8 4.8 4.8 4.8 4.8 5.0 5.6 5.3 4.8 4.8 4.8 5.0 5.6 5.3 4.8 4.8 5.0 5.6 5.3 | years 27.9 28.3 26.6 30.0 28.5 27.7 28.7 27.0 28.4 28.2 27.3 28.5 27.6 28.6 28.4 29.1 29.2 26.8 26.5 29.1 29.0 27.1 26.7 27.7 27.5 28.2 28.0 28.9 | years 3.3 3.0 3.0 2.3 2.8 3.6 2.9 3.4 3.6 2.7 3.1 3.2 2.8 2.8 2.9 2.6 3.4 2.9 4.0 2.8 3.7 3.7 3.1 3.6 2.8 4.0 3.0 | and ov |
| Ill metropolitan areas Ibbotsford Ialgary Idmonton Idmontréal Ishawa Idmonton Idmontéal Ishawa Idmonton Idtawa-Gatineau Idmonton Idtawa-Gatineau Idmonton Id | ages 49.5 49.2 50.2 50.4 50.1 49.1 48.7 49.2 49.4 49.8 48.9 49.0 49.5 49.1 49.1 48.8 49.1 48.8 49.1 48.8 49.0 48.8 49.0 48.8 49.1 | years 10.9 10.8 12.6 11.2 11.3 10.4 10.2 11.0 9.9 11.6 11.0 10.5 12.3 10.9 11.2 9.2 11.5 10.3 10.0 9.7 10.8 11.8 10.3 10.3 11.4 9.2 10.1 8.6 | 18 to 24 years 4.9 4.9 5.5 5.2 5.5 4.8 4.9 4.7 5.1 5.0 4.5 4.8 4.9 4.7 4.6 5.6 4.6 4.8 5.0 5.6 5.3 4.8 4.8 4.5 5.0 4.7 | years 27.9 28.3 26.6 30.0 28.5 27.7 28.7 27.0 28.4 28.2 27.3 28.5 27.6 28.6 28.4 29.1 29.2 26.8 26.5 29.1 29.0 27.1 26.7 27.7 27.5 28.2 28.0 28.9 27.6 | years 3.3 3.0 3.0 2.3 2.8 3.6 2.9 3.4 3.6 2.7 3.1 3.2 2.8 2.8 2.9 2.6 3.4 2.9 4.0 2.8 3.7 3.2 2.7 3.1 3.6 2.7 3.1 3.6 2.7 3.1 3.6 3.7 3.2 2.8 4.0 3.0 3.5 | and ov |
| Ill metropolitan areas bbotsford laigary didmonton freater Sudbury / Grand Sudbury lailfax lamilton lingston ditchener ondon dontréal bshawa littawa-Gatineau, Ontario part Ottawa-Gatineau, Quebec part duébec tegina it. Catharines-Niagara it. John's laguenay laint John laskatoon herbrooke hunder Bay oronto rois-Rivières ancouver | ages 49.5 49.2 50.2 50.4 50.1 49.1 48.7 49.2 49.8 48.9 49.0 49.5 49.1 49.1 48.8 49.1 48.9 48.9 49.0 48.8 49.0 48.8 49.0 48.8 49.0 48.8 49.0 48.8 49.0 48.8 49.0 48.8 49.0 48.8 49.0 | years 10.9 10.8 12.6 11.2 11.3 10.4 10.2 11.0 9.9 11.6 11.0 10.5 12.3 10.9 10.9 11.2 9.2 11.5 10.3 10.0 9.7 10.8 11.8 10.3 11.4 9.2 10.1 | 18 to 24 years 4.9 4.9 5.5 5.2 5.5 4.8 4.9 4.9 4.7 5.1 5.0 4.5 4.8 4.8 4.9 4.7 4.6 5.6 4.6 4.8 4.8 4.8 4.8 4.8 4.8 5.0 5.6 5.3 4.8 4.8 4.8 5.0 5.6 5.3 4.8 4.8 5.0 5.6 5.3 | years 27.9 28.3 26.6 30.0 28.5 27.7 28.7 27.0 28.4 28.2 27.3 28.5 27.6 28.6 28.4 29.1 29.2 26.8 26.5 29.1 29.0 27.1 26.7 27.7 27.5 28.2 28.0 28.9 | years 3.3 3.0 3.0 2.3 2.8 3.6 2.9 3.4 3.6 2.7 3.1 3.2 2.8 2.8 2.9 2.6 3.4 2.9 4.0 2.8 3.7 3.7 3.1 3.6 2.8 4.0 3.0 | and ov |

Table 1.1-4 – continued

Annual population estimates by census metropolitan area, Canada — Distribution of population by age group and sex at July 1, 2006

| | | | Females | | | |
|---------------------------------|------|---------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| | All | 0 to 17 | 18 to 24 | 25 to 64 | 65 to 74 | 75 years |
| | ages | years | years | years | years | and over |
| Canada | 50.5 | 10.4 | 4.7 | 28.0 | 3.7 | 3.8 |
| All metropolitan areas | 50.8 | 10.3 | 4.7 | 28.7 | 3.4 | 3.6 |
| Abbotsford | 49.8 | 11.7 | 5.1 | 25.8 | 3.3 | 3.8 |
| Calgary | 49.6 | 10.7 | 4.9 | 28.8 | 2.6 | 2.6 |
| Edmonton | 49.9 | 10.8 | 5.2 | 27.8 | 3.1 | 3.1 |
| Greater Sudbury / Grand Sudbury | 50.9 | 10.0 | 4.7 | 28.1 | 4.1 | 4.0 |
| Halifax | 51.3 | 10.0 | 4.7 | 29.9 | 3.3 | 3.3 |
| Hamilton | 50.8 | 10.5 | 4.7 | 27.4 | 3.9 | 4.4 |
| Kingston | 50.6 | 9.4 | 4.7 | 28.3 | 4.0 | 4.3 |
| Kitchener | 50.2 | 11.2 | 4.9 | 27.8 | 2.9 | 3.4 |
| _ondon | 51.1 | 10.5 | 4.9 | 28.0 | 3.6 | 4.1 |
| Montréal | 51.0 | 10.0 | 4.4 | 28.8 | 3.9 | 4.0 |
| Oshawa | 50.5 | 11.9 | 4.6 | 27.7 | 3.1 | 3.2 |
| Ottawa-Gatineau | 50.9 | 10.6 | 4.6 | 29.1 | 3.2 | 3.3 |
| Ottawa-Gatineau, Ontario part | 50.9 | 10.5 | 4.7 | 28.9 | 3.3 | 3.5 |
| Ottawa-Gatineau, Quebec part | 50.9 | 10.8 | 4.5 | 29.9 | 3.1 | 2.6 |
| Québec | 51.2 | 8.9 | 4.6 | 29.3 | 4.1 | 4.3 |
| Regina | 50.9 | 10.8 | 5.2 | 27.4 | 3.4 | 4.2 |
| St. Catharines-Niagara | 51.1 | 9.8 | 4.5 | 26.9 | 4.6 | 5.3 |
| St. John's | 51.7 | 9.6 | 4.7 | 30.9 | 3.3 | 3.2 |
| Saguenay | 50.4 | 9.2 | 4.2 | 28.4 | 4.4 | 4.2 |
| Saint John | 51.6 | 10.3 | 4.6 | 28.8 | 3.6 | 4.2 |
| Saskatoon | 51.0 | 11.2 | 5.4 | 27.2 | 3.2 | 3.9 |
| Sherbrooke | 51.2 | 9.7 | 5.3 | 27.8 | 3.9 | 4.6 |
| Thunder Bay | 50.6 | 9.9 | 4.6 | 27.3 | 3.9 | 4.9 |
| Toronto | 50.8 | 10.8 | 4.7 | 29.0 | 3.2 | 3.1 |
| rois-Rivières | 51.6 | 8.8 | 4.5 | 28.2 | 4.9 | 5.2 |
| /ancouver | 50.5 | 9.5 | 4.8 | 29.4 | 3.2 | 3.5 |
| /ictoria | 51.8 | 8.3 | 4.7 | 28.9 | 3.9 | 6.0 |
| Vindsor | 50.3 | 10.9 | 4.7 | 27.6 | 3.4 | 3.7 |
| Winnipeg | 50.8 | 10.6 | 4.8 | 27.5 | 3.4 | 4.4 |

Table 1.1-5
Annual population estimates by census metropolitan area, Canada — Demographic indicators, age and dependency ratio at July 1

| | · | 2006 | · | |
|--------------------------------|---------------|----------|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| | Median age | Mean age | Percentage of 65 year and over | Dependency ratio ir percen |
| Canada | 38.8 | 38.8 | 13.2 | 59 |
| All metropolitan areas | 37.8 | 38.3 | 12.3 | 56 |
| Abbotsford | 36.1 | 37.1 | 12.7 | 67 |
| Calgary | 35.4 | 36.2 | 9.1 | 51 |
| Edmonton | 36.0 | 37.0 | 10.9 | 56 |
| Greater Sudbury | 40.7 | 40.0 | 14.4 | 60 |
| Halifax | 38.2 | 38.4 | 11.5 | 52 |
| Hamilton | 39.3 | 39.2 | 14.4 | 63 |
| Kingston | 40.4 | 40.2 | 14.6 | 57 |
| Kitchener | 36.5 | 37.0 | 11.2 | 58 |
| London | 38.1 | 38.6 | 13.3 | 60 |
| Montréal | 38.9 | 39.1 | 13.4 | 57 |
| Oshawa | 37.3 | 37.0 | 11.1 | 61 |
| Ottawa-Gatineau | 37.8 | 37.9 | 11.3 | 55 |
| Ottawa-Gatineau (Ontario part) | 37.8 | 38.1 | 11.8 | 55 |
| Ottawa-Gatineau (Quebec part) | 37.8 | 37.4 | 9.9 | 52 |
| Québec | 41.1 | 40.6 | 14.1 | 53 |
| Regina | 36.9 | 37.9 | 12.8 | 61 |
| St. Catharines-Niagara | 41.8 | 41.3 | 17.5 | 67 |
| St. John's | 38.3 | 38.4 | 10.9 | 49 |
| Saguenay | 42.8 | 41.0 | 14.7 | 57 |
| Saint John | 39.4 | 39.2 | 13.3 | 59 |
| Saskatoon | 35.1 | 37.0 | 12.0 | 61 |
| Sherbrooke | 39.2 | 39.5 | 13.9 | 57 |
| Thunder Bay | 41.1 | 40.5 | 15.6 | 62 |
| Toronto | 36.7 | 37.2 | 11.2 | 56 |
| Trois-Rivières | 43.4 | 42.1 | 16.8 | 59 |
| Vancouver | 38.2 | 38.7 | 12.2 | 52 |
| Victoria | 42.4 | 42.3 | 17.2 | 58 |
| Windsor | 37.3 | 37.8 | 12.4 | 60 |
| Winnipeg | 38.0 | 38.6 | 13.3 | 60 |

Table 1.2-1
Annual estimates of demographic components by census metropolitan area, Canada, from July to June — Births

| | 2001/2002 | 2002/2003 | 2003/2004 | 2004/2005 | 2005/2006 |
|---------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Canada | 328,155 | 330,523 | 337,762 | 338,894 | 343,517 |
| All census metropolitan areas | 216,875 | 219,021 | 224,416 | 225,477 | 228,693 |
| Abbotsford | 1,828 | 1,903 | 1,931 | 1,928 | 1,945 |
| Calgary | 11,752 | 12,667 | 13,145 | 13,242 | 13,543 |
| Edmonton | 11,233 | 11,581 | 11,877 | 12,113 | 12,388 |
| Greater Sudbury / Grand Sudbury | 1,366 | 1,331 | 1,370 | 1,378 | 1,382 |
| Halifax | 3,821 | 3,905 | 4,043 | 4,053 | 4,014 |
| Hamilton | 7,150 | 7,109 | 7,451 | 7,317 | 7,339 |
| Kingston | 1,401 | 1,327 | 1,324 | 1,354 | 1,358 |
| Kitchener | 5,196 | 5,074 | 5,330 | 5,207 | 5,223 |
| London | 4,649 | 4,628 | 4,716 | 4,626 | 4,640 |
| Montréal | 36,940 | 36,998 | 38,205 | 38,483 | 40,068 |
| Oshawa | 3,362 | 3,338 | 3,415 | 3,437 | 3,447 |
| Ottawa-Gatineau | 11,884 | 12,051 | 12,675 | 12,815 | 12,969 |
| Ottawa-Gatineau, Ontario part | 9,125 | 9,210 | 9,763 | 9,793 | 9,823 |
| Ottawa-Gatineau, Quebec part | 2,759 | 2,841 | 2,912 | 3,022 | 3,146 |
| Québec | 6,300 | 6,128 | 6,249 | 6,420 | 6,684 |
| Regina | 2,190 | 2,180 | 2,250 | 2,225 | 2,229 |
| St. Catharines-Niagara | 3,670 | 3,627 | 3,679 | 3,722 | 3,733 |
| St. John's | 1,633 | 1,680 | 1,650 | 1,611 | 1,581 |
| Saguenay | 1,360 | 1,257 | 1,350 | 1,354 | 1,410 |
| Saint John | 1,304 | 1,287 | 1,258 | 1,262 | 1,246 |
| Saskatoon | 2,746 | 2,767 | 2,805 | 2,750 | 2,754 |
| Sherbrooke | 1,586 | 1,533 | 1,632 | 1,651 | 1,719 |
| Thunder Bay | 1,159 | 1,138 | 1,121 | 1,060 | 1,063 |
| Toronto | 58,151 | 58,798 | 60,276 | 60,710 | 60,893 |
| Trois-Rivières | 1,082 | 1,111 | 1,161 | 1,189 | 1,238 |
| Vancouver | 21,368 | 21,731 | 21,495 | 21,740 | 21,934 |
| Victoria | 2,585 | 2,712 | 2,683 | 2,726 | 2,750 |
| Windsor | 3,583 | 3,590 | 3,682 | 3,566 | 3,577 |
| Winnipeg | 7,576 | 7,570 | 7,643 | 7,538 | 7,566 |

Table 1.2-2
Annual estimates of demographic components by census metropolitan area, Canada, from July to June — Deaths

| | 2001/2002 | 2002/2003 | 2003/2004 | 2004/2005 | 2005/2006 |
|---------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|----------------|
| Canada | 220,494 | 223,905 | 230,092 | 233,749 | 234,914 |
| All census metropolitan areas | 129,964 | 132,203 | 135,826 | 137,978 | 138,567 |
| Abbotsford | 1,146 | 1,139 | 1,166 | 1,180 | 1,177 |
| Calgary | 4,733 | 4,936 | 5,088 | 5,257 | 5,471 |
| Edmonton | 5,697 | 5,650 | 5,914 | 6,111 | 6,359 |
| Greater Sudbury / Grand Sudbury | 1,352 | 1,396 | 1,356 | 1,398 | 1,442 |
| Halifax | 2,448 | 2,529 | 2,624 | 2,675 | 2,720 |
| Hamilton | 5,049 | 5,195 | 5,478 | 5,649 | 5,825 |
| Kingston | 1,270 | 1,254 | 1,273 | 1,313 | 1,354 |
| Kitchener | 2,659 | 2,713 | 2,738 | 2,824 | 2,912 |
| London | 3,247 | 3,424 | 3,526 | 3,636 | 3,749 |
| Montréal | 24,829 | 24,801 | 25,701 | 25,394 | 24,074 |
| Oshawa | 1,648 | 1.719 | 1.732 | 1.786 | 1,842 |
| Ottawa-Gatineau | 6,675 | 6,718 | 6,861 | 7,010 | 7,104 |
| Ottawa-Gatineau, Ontario part | 5,101 | 5,161 | 5,345 | 5,512 | 5,684 |
| Ottawa-Gatineau, Quebec part | 1,574 | 1.557 | 1,516 | 1,498 | 1,420 |
| Québec | 4,973 | 5,069 | 5,176 | 5,114 | 4,848 |
| Regina | 1,447 | 1,505 | 1,621 | 1,641 | 1,655 |
| St. Catharines-Niagara | 3,575 | 3,597 | 3,709 | 3,825 | 3,944 |
| St. John's | 1,387 | 1.437 | 1,454 | 1,483 | 1,513 |
| Saguenay | 1,203 | 1.180 | 1,227 | 1,212 | 1,149 |
| Saint John | 1,092 | 1,110 | 1,141 | 1,166 | 1,188 |
| Saskatoon | 1,705 | 1.727 | 1,769 | 1,791 | 1,806 |
| Sherbrooke | 1,136 | 1,190 | 1,313 | 1,297 | 1,230 |
| Thunder Bay | 1,128 | 1,070 | 1,100 | 1,134 | 1,169 |
| Toronto | 26,527 | 27,622 | 28,067 | 28,944 | 29,846 |
| Trois-Rivières | 1,154 | 1,214 | 1,218 | 1,204 | 1,142 |
| Vancouver | 12,754 | 12,697 | 13,170 | 13,325 | 13,292 |
| Victoria | 3,097 | 3.015 | 3.090 | 3.127 | 3,119 |
| Windsor | 2,279 | 2,389 | 2,429 | 2,505 | 2,583 |
| | | | | | 2,563 6.054 |
| Winnipeg | 5,754 | 5,907 | 5,885 | 5,977 | 6 |

Table 1.2-3
Annual estimates of demographic components by census metropolitan area, Canada, from July to June — Immigrants

| | 2001/2002 | 2002/2003 | 2003/2004 | 2004/2005 | 2005/2006 |
|---------------------------------|-----------|------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Canada | 256,334 | 199,193 | 239,082 | 244,579 | 254,359 |
| All census metropolitan areas | 242,589 | 187,237 | 223,954 | 228,321 | 236,675 |
| Abbotsford | 1,039 | 1,042 | 1,306 | 1,173 | 1,268 |
| Calgary | 9,041 | 8,500 | 10,155 | 9,879 | 11,254 |
| Edmonton | 5,404 | 3,640 | 4,973 | 5,232 | 5,960 |
| Greater Sudbury / Grand Sudbury | 127 | 189 | 115 | 146 | 150 |
| Halifax | 1,319 | 1,044 | 1,376 | 1,394 | 1,795 |
| Hamilton | 4,264 | 3,273 | 3,957 | 3,740 | 3,836 |
| Kingston | 508 | 447 | 460 | 420 | 431 |
| Kitchener | 3,415 | 2,568 | 3,376 | 3,441 | 3,529 |
| London | 2,928 | 1,923 | 2,592 | 2,798 | 2,870 |
| Montréal | 33,539 | 30,109 | 37,255 | 36,255 | 35,058 |
| Oshawa | 771 | 678 | 713 | 755 | 774 |
| Ottawa-Gatineau | 8,241 | 6,943 | 6,865 | 6,536 | 6,636 |
| Ottawa-Gatineau, Ontario part | 7,168 | 5,864 | 5,532 | 5,389 | 5,527 |
| Ottawa-Gatineau, Quebec part | 1,073 | 1,079 | 1,333 | 1,147 | 1,109 |
| Québec | 1,691 | 1,083 | 2,017 | 2,243 | 2,169 |
| Regina | 584 | ² 511 | 616 | 685 | 690 |
| St. Catharines-Niagara | 1,074 | 1,062 | 1,075 | 1,144 | 1,173 |
| St. John's | 293 | 262 | 457 | 424 | 353 |
| Saguenay | 111 | 163 | 207 | 227 | 219 |
| Saint John | 135 | 199 | 172 | 162 | 260 |
| Saskatoon | 953 | 614 | 837 | 983 | 990 |
| Sherbrooke | 1,067 | 949 | 1,362 | 1,132 | 1,095 |
| Thunder Bay | 96 | 161 | 193 | 151 | 155 |
| Toronto | 123,460 | 86,223 | 102,163 | 103,596 | 106,251 |
| Trois-Rivières | 152 | 243 | 428 | 271 | 262 |
| Vancouver | 34,422 | 28,680 | 32,297 | 35,987 | 38,899 |
| Victoria | 803 | 681 | 886 | 1,116 | 1,206 |
| Windsor | 3,709 | 2,436 | 2,814 | 2,709 | 2,778 |
| Winnipeg | 3,443 | 3,614 | 5,287 | 5,722 | 6,614 |

Table 1.2-4
Annual estimates of demographic components by census metropolitan area, Canada, from July to June — Emigrants

| | 2001/2002 | 2002/2003 | 2003/2004 | 2004/2005 | 2005/2006 |
|---------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Canada | 38,928 | 36,013 | 37,911 | 38,249 | 38,551 |
| All census metropolitan areas | 29,242 | 28,694 | 29,391 | 29,799 | 30,033 |
| Abbotsford | 262 | 175 | 247 | 162 | 163 |
| Calgary | 1,899 | 2,121 | 1,908 | 2,046 | 2,064 |
| Edmonton | 1,484 | 1,041 | 1,119 | 1,157 | 1,167 |
| Greater Sudbury / Grand Sudbury | 144 | 77 | 78 | 95 | 96 |
| Halifax | 452 | 452 | 525 | 502 | 507 |
| Hamilton | 837 | 675 | 685 | 784 | 790 |
| Kingston | 269 | 274 | 263 | 251 | 253 |
| Kitchener | 564 | 617 | 504 | 571 | 575 |
| London | 590 | 583 | 696 | 705 | 711 |
| Montréal | 3,668 | 3,934 | 3,951 | 4,195 | 4,227 |
| Oshawa | 343 | 258 | 242 | 271 | 273 |
| Ottawa-Gatineau | 2,713 | 2,058 | 2,185 | 2,036 | 2,052 |
| Ottawa-Gatineau, Ontario part | 2,205 | 1,816 | 1,953 | 1,866 | 1,881 |
| Ottawa-Gatineau, Quebec part | 508 | 242 | 232 | 170 | 171 |
| Québec | 507 | 431 | 482 | 401 | 404 |
| Regina | 141 | 173 | 158 | 120 | 121 |
| St. Catharines-Niagara | 415 | 437 | 397 | 424 | 427 |
| St. John's | 87 | 40 | 43 | 48 | 48 |
| Saguenay | 80 | 64 | 84 | 55 | 55 |
| Saint John | 96 | 55 | 49 | 41 | 41 |
| Saskatoon | 209 | 198 | 236 | 279 | 280 |
| Sherbrooke | 114 | 78 | 66 | 89 | 90 |
| Thunder Bay | 137 | 84 | 114 | 72 | 73 |
| Toronto | 6,988 | 7,667 | 7,726 | 7,772 | 7,834 |
| Trois-Rivières | 90 | 40 | 45 | 46 | 46 |
| Vancouver | 5,159 | 4,707 | 5,039 | 5,097 | 5,136 |
| Victoria | 626 | 513 | 533 | 537 | 541 |
| Windsor | 523 | 851 | 1,006 | 991 | 999 |
| Winnipeg | 845 | 1,091 | 1,010 | 1,052 | 1,060 |

Table 1.2-5
Annual estimates of demographic components by census metropolitan area, Canada, from July to June — Returning emigrants

| | 2001/2002 | 2002/2003 | 2003/2004 | 2004/2005 | 2005/2006 |
|---------------------------------|------------|-----------|-----------|-------------|-----------|
| Canada | 18,079 | 21,340 | 20,506 | 20,505 | 20,505 |
| All census metropolitan areas | 14,336 | 12,686 | 12,718 | 12,766 | 12,765 |
| Abbotsford | 89 | 102 | 98 | 67 | 67 |
| Calgary | 1,660 | 843 | 969 | 955 | 955 |
| Edmonton | 718 | 558 | 535 | 499 | 499 |
| Greater Sudbury / Grand Sudbury | 28 | 46 | 32 | 37 | 37 |
| Halifax | 175 | 240 | 241 | 232 | 232 |
| Hamilton | 338 | 284 | 271 | 288 | 288 |
| Kingston | 119 | 114 | 115 | 86 | 86 |
| Kitchener | 247 | 248 | 204 | 195 | 195 |
| London | 295 | 233 | 226 | 275 | 275 |
| Montréal | 1,991 | 1,857 | 2,020 | 2,059 | 2,058 |
| Oshawa | 125 | 94 | 119 | 107 | 107 |
| Ottawa-Gatineau | 1,005 | 1,243 | 887 | 817 | 817 |
| Ottawa-Gatineau, Ontario part | 878 | 994 | 781 | 736 | 736 |
| Ottawa-Gatineau, Quebec part | 127 | 249 | 106 | 81 | 81 |
| Québec | 289 | 175 | 207 | 196 | 196 |
| Regina | 66 | 40 | 50 | 39 | 39 |
| St. Catharines-Niagara | 243 | 121 | 155 | 148 | 148 |
| St. John's | 65 | 41 | 41 | 44 | 44 |
| Saguenay | 29 | 15 | 12 | 17 | 17 |
| Saint John | 37 | 46 | 43 | 57 | 57 |
| Saskatoon | 106 | 63 | 63 | 69 | 69 |
| Sherbrooke | 39 | 42 | 37 | 69 | 69 |
| Thunder Bay | 22 | 30 | 45 | 40 | 40 |
| Toronto | 3,913 | 3,195 | 3,334 | 3,396 | 3,396 |
| Trois-Rivières | 12 | 3, 193 | 3,334 | 23 | 23 |
| Vancouver | 1,637 | 2,060 | 1,946 | 23 1,972 | 1,972 |
| Victoria | 1,637 | 2,060 | 216 | 252 | 252 |
| Windsor | 205 217 | 182 | 207 | 205 | 205 |
| | 606 | | | 205 622 | |
| Winnipeg | 606 | 585 | 615 | 622 | 622 |

Table 1.2-6
Annual estimates of demographic components by census metropolitan area, Canada, from July to June — Net temporary emigrants

| | 2001/2002 | 2002/2003 | 2003/2004 | 2004/2005 | 2005/2006 |
|---------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Canada | 25,560 | 25,561 | 25,562 | 25,562 | 25,562 |
| All census metropolitan areas | 19,289 | 20,284 | 20,028 | 20,095 | 20,092 |
| Abbotsford | 190 | 153 | 214 | 139 | 139 |
| Calgary | 1,193 | 1,484 | 1,073 | 1,140 | 1,140 |
| Edmonton | 932 | 729 | 629 | 645 | 644 |
| Greater Sudbury / Grand Sudbury | 95 | 50 | 50 | 61 | 61 |
| Halifax | 213 | 220 | 255 | 242 | 242 |
| Hamilton | 552 | 440 | 445 | 504 | 504 |
| Kingston | 177 | 179 | 171 | 162 | 162 |
| Kitchener | 372 | 402 | 327 | 367 | 367 |
| London | 389 | 380 | 452 | 454 | 454 |
| Montréal | 2,385 | 2,914 | 2,665 | 2,806 | 2,805 |
| Oshawa | 226 | 168 | 157 | 174 | 174 |
| Ottawa-Gatineau | 1,784 | 1,364 | 1,424 | 1,315 | 1,314 |
| Ottawa-Gatineau, Ontario part | 1,454 | 1,185 | 1,268 | 1,201 | 1,201 |
| Ottawa-Gatineau, Quebec part | 330 | 179 | 156 | 114 | 113 |
| Québec | 330 | 319 | 325 | 268 | 268 |
| Regina | 114 | 157 | 157 | 119 | 119 |
| St. Catharines-Niagara | 274 | 285 | 258 | 273 | 273 |
| St. John's | 54 | 43 | 33 | 36 | 36 |
| Saguenay | 52 | 47 | 57 | 37 | 36 |
| Saint John | 40 | 41 | 33 | 27 | 27 |
| Saskatoon | 168 | 179 | 235 | 275 | 275 |
| Sherbrooke | 74 | 58 | 45 | 59 | 60 |
| Thunder Bay | 90 | 55 | 74 | 46 | 47 |
| Toronto | 4,608 | 5,001 | 5,016 | 5,001 | 5,002 |
| Trois-Rivières | 58 | 30 | 30 | 31 | 31 |
| Vancouver | 3,738 | 4,103 | 4,367 | 4,380 | 4,380 |
| Victoria | 454 | 447 | 462 | 462 | 461 |
| Windsor | 345 | 555 | 653 | 638 | 638 |
| Winnipeg | 382 | 481 | 421 | 434 | 433 |

Table 1.2-7
Annual estimates of demographic components by census metropolitan area, Canada, from July to June — Net non-permanent residents

| | 2001/2002 | 2002/2003 | 2003/2004 | 2004/2005 | 2005/2006 |
|---------------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|----------------------------|---------------------|
| Canada | 33,750 | 37,913 | 9,592 | 3,624 | 4,640 |
| All census metropolitan areas | 29,524 | 31,956 | 5,361 | -5,995 | 3,176 |
| Abbotsford | 166 | 137 | 56 | 100 | 85 |
| Calgary | 824 | 774 | 477 | 820 | 2,010 |
| Edmonton | 632 | 596 | 366 | 629 | 1,543 |
| Greater Sudbury / Grand Sudbury | 33 | 40 | 4 | -19 | -14 |
| Halifax | 1,144 | 212 | 552 | -120 | 456 |
| Hamilton | 1,053 | 1,295 | 118 | -618 | -435 |
| Kingston | 141 | 173 | 16 | -82 | -58 |
| Kitchener | 388 | 477 | 43 | -228 | -160 |
| London | 598 | 734 | 67 | -351 | -247 |
| Montréal | 3,106 | 3,763 | -1,181 | -3,176 | 1,044 |
| Oshawa | 116 | 141 | 13 | -68 | -48 |
| Ottawa-Gatineau | 1,572 | 1,931 | 148 | -946 | -609 |
| Ottawa-Gatineau, Ontario part | 1,517 | 1,865 | 169 | -890 | -627 |
| Ottawa-Gatineau, Quebec part | 55 | 66 | -21 | -56 | 18 |
| Québec | 182 | 221 | -69 | -187 | 61 |
| Regina | 86 | 88 | 105 | 85 | 75 |
| St. Catharines-Niagara | 329 | 405 | 37 | -193 | -136 |
| St. John's | 36 | 69 | 82 | 16 | -30 |
| Saguenay | 14 | 16 | -5 | -14 | 5 |
| Saint John | 105 | 97 | 84 | 94 | 16 |
| Saskatoon | 134 | 136 | 163 | 134 | 118 |
| Sherbrooke | 75 | 91 | -29 | -77 | 25 |
| Thunder Bay | 22 | 26 | 2 | -13 | -9 |
| Toronto | 10,967 | 13,475 | 1,225 | -6,433 | -4,531 |
| Trois-Rivières | 20 | 24 | -8 | -0, 4 33 -20 | - 4 ,331 |
| Vancouver | 6,336 | 5,356 | 2,288 | 4,186 | 3,299 |
| Victoria | 6,336 515 | 5,356 427 | 2,200 175 | 4,100 310 | 3,299 266 |
| Windsor | 380 | 427 468 | 42 | -223 | -157 |
| | 380 550 | | | -223 399 | -157 600 |
| Winnipeg | 550 | 784 | 590 | 399 | 600 |

Table 1.2-8

Annual estimates of demographic components by census metropolitan area, Canada, from July to June — Interprovincial in-migrants

| | 2001/2002 | 2002/2003 | 2003/2004 | 2004/2005 | 2005/2006 |
|---------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Canada | | | | | |
| All census metropolitan areas | 173,286 | 159,574 | 150,910 | 165,500 | 192,616 |
| Abbotsford | 1,546 | 1,430 | 1,511 | 1,538 | 1,580 |
| Calgary | 26,755 | 23,041 | 21,145 | 28,680 | 38,169 |
| Edmonton | 20,098 | 16,854 | 15,812 | 21,190 | 28,201 |
| Greater Sudbury / Grand Sudbury | 657 | 672 | 676 | 691 | 746 |
| Halifax | 9,138 | 9,024 | 7,887 | 7,933 | 8,696 |
| Hamilton | 2,901 | 2,737 | 2,247 | 2,374 | 2,563 |
| Kingston | 2,238 | 2,109 | 1,745 | 1,724 | 1,862 |
| Kitchener | 2,363 | 2,298 | 2,107 | 2,280 | 2,462 |
| London | 2,370 | 2,144 | 1,964 | 1,940 | 2,095 |
| Montréal | 12,477 | 12,080 | 11,717 | 11,231 | 12,661 |
| Oshawa | 1,322 | 1,316 | 1,123 | 1,081 | 1,167 |
| Ottawa-Gatineau | 18,411 | 16,526 | 15,913 | 15,793 | 17,291 |
| Ottawa-Gatineau, Ontario part | 13,293 | 11,269 | 10,368 | 10,761 | 11,619 |
| Ottawa-Gatineau, Quebec part | 5,118 | 5,257 | 5,545 | 5,032 | 5,672 |
| Québec | 1.690 | 1,606 | 1.591 | 1,462 | 1,648 |
| Regina | 2,556 | 2.776 | 2.431 | 2,272 | 2.712 |
| St. Catharines-Niagara | 1,468 | 1,370 | 1,357 | 1,091 | 1,178 |
| St. John's | 2,782 | 2,778 | 2,636 | 2,473 | 3,175 |
| Saguenay | 400 | 353 | 281 | 241 | 272 |
| Saint John | 1,827 | 1,605 | 1,503 | 1,518 | 1,734 |
| Saskatoon | 3,686 | 3,665 | 3,603 | 3,386 | 4,041 |
| Sherbrooke | 363 | 319 | 286 | 356 | 401 |
| Thunder Bay | 988 | 1,040 | 808 | 852 | 920 |
| Toronto | 23,553 | 20,944 | 18,769 | 20,408 | 22,035 |
| Trois-Rivières | 140 | 126 | 147 | 156 | 176 |
| Vancouver | 18,468 | 18,119 | 18,844 | 20,791 | 21,358 |
| Victoria | 5,334 | 5,470 | 5,787 | 5,950 | 6,112 |
| Windsor | 1,164 | 1,026 | 965 | 911 | 984 |
| | 8,591 | 8,146 | 8,055 | 7,178 | 8,377 |
| Winnipeg | 6,591 | 0,140 | 6,055 | 7,170 | 0,377 |

Table 1.2-9

Annual estimates of demographic components by census metropolitan area, Canada, from July to June — Interprovincial out-migrants

| | 2001/2002 | 2002/2003 | 2003/2004 | 2004/2005 | 2005/2006 |
|---------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Canada | | | | | |
| All census metropolitan areas | 167,110 | 159,813 | 152,954 | 166,029 | 193,703 |
| Abbotsford | 1,939 | 1,647 | 1,321 | 1,558 | 1,758 |
| Calgary | 17,436 | 18,659 | 17,773 | 16,536 | 18,116 |
| Edmonton | 13,840 | 15,160 | 14,554 | 13,975 | 15,310 |
| Greater Sudbury / Grand Sudbury | 829 | 732 | 768 | 853 | 1,034 |
| Halifax | 8,736 | 8,357 | 8,339 | 9,521 | 10,751 |
| Hamilton | 2,802 | 2,597 | 2,752 | 3,146 | 3,812 |
| Kingston | 1,686 | 1,622 | 1,762 | 1,936 | 2,346 |
| Kitchener | 2,084 | 2,205 | 2,130 | 2,446 | 2,964 |
| London | 2,284 | 2,261 | 2,219 | 2,521 | 3,055 |
| Montréal | 16,620 | 15,186 | 14,264 | 16,428 | 20,038 |
| Oshawa | 1,255 | 1,153 | 1,243 | 1,332 | 1,614 |
| Ottawa-Gatineau | 15,280 | 15,255 | 15,139 | 15,435 | 18,732 |
| Ottawa-Gatineau, Ontario part | 11,152 | 11,564 | 11,637 | 11,775 | 14,268 |
| Ottawa-Gatineau, Quebec part | 4,128 | 3,691 | 3,502 | 3,660 | 4,464 |
| Québec | 2,054 | 1,876 | 1,728 | 2,046 | 2,496 |
| Regina | 4,805 | 3,958 | 3,606 | 4,248 | 4,648 |
| St. Catharines-Niagara | 1,403 | 1,433 | 1,447 | 1,651 | 2,001 |
| St. John's | 3,506 | 3,090 | 2,926 | 3,561 | 4,454 |
| Saguenay | 338 | 277 | 294 | 349 | 426 |
| Saint John | 1,957 | 1,650 | 1,549 | 1,903 | 2,387 |
| Saskatoon | 6,005 | 5,163 | 4,828 | 5,885 | 6,438 |
| Sherbrooke | 467 | 375 | 376 | 405 | 494 |
| Thunder Bay | 1,362 | 1,196 | 1,340 | 1,460 | 1,769 |
| Toronto | 21,319 | 20,836 | 20,917 | 23,389 | 28,34 |
| Trois-Rivières | 178 | 174 | 141 | 164 | 200 |
| Vancouver | 21,839 | 19,585 | 16,502 | 17,811 | 20,098 |
| Victoria | 4,672 | 4,223 | 4,021 | 4,037 | 4,555 |
| Windsor | 1,153 | 1,094 | 1,146 | 1,435 | 1,739 |
| Winnipeg | 11,261 | 10,049 | 9,869 | 11,998 | 14,127 |

Table 1.2-10
Annual estimates of demographic components by census metropolitan area, Canada, from July to June — Intraprovincial in-migrants

| | 2001/2002 | 2002/2003 | 2003/2004 | 2004/2005 | 2005/2006 |
|---------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Canada | | | | | |
| All census metropolitan areas | 334,327 | 326,766 | 315,048 | 328,241 | 328,241 |
| Abbotsford | 7,427 | 7,586 | 7,834 | 7,714 | 7,714 |
| Calgary | 14,955 | 13,579 | 13,255 | 15,610 | 15,610 |
| Edmonton | 18,272 | 17,126 | 15,998 | 19,082 | 19,082 |
| Greater Sudbury / Grand Sudbury | 4,693 | 4,785 | 4,704 | 4,846 | 4,846 |
| Halifax | 5,509 | 5,208 | 4,779 | 5,241 | 5,241 |
| Hamilton | 19,527 | 19,342 | 18,648 | 19,178 | 19,178 |
| Kingston | 6,098 | 5,891 | 5,374 | 5,299 | 5,299 |
| Kitchener | 13,940 | 14,085 | 14,079 | 14,504 | 14,504 |
| London | 13,130 | 12.667 | 12.617 | 12.711 | 12,711 |
| Montréal | 43,164 | 41,266 | 38,415 | 40,037 | 40,037 |
| Oshawa | 15,772 | 16,527 | 16,863 | 15,944 | 15,944 |
| Ottawa-Gatineau | 20,954 | 20,167 | 18.683 | 20,190 | 20,190 |
| Ottawa-Gatineau, Ontario part | 15,043 | 14,541 | 13,349 | 14,500 | 14,500 |
| Ottawa-Gatineau, Quebec part | 5,911 | 5,626 | 5,334 | 5,690 | 5,690 |
| Québec | 18,060 | 17,721 | 18,224 | 17,309 | 17,309 |
| Regina | 4,721 | 4,522 | 4,300 | 4,549 | 4,549 |
| St. Catharines-Niagara | 7,896 | 8.012 | 8,062 | 8,371 | 8,371 |
| St. John's | 3,784 | 3,280 | 3,396 | 3,278 | 3,278 |
| Saguenay | 3,279 | 3,483 | 3,357 | 3,585 | 3,585 |
| Saint John | 1,501 | 1,449 | 1,435 | 1,404 | 1,404 |
| Saskatoon | 6,794 | 6,224 | 6.118 | 6,445 | 6,445 |
| Sherbrooke | 6,534 | 6,551 | 6,535 | 6,576 | 6,576 |
| Thunder Bay | 2,864 | 3,365 | 2,789 | 2,694 | 2,694 |
| Toronto | 46,505 | 45,411 | 43,789 | 47,161 | 47,161 |
| Trois-Rivières | 4,831 | 5.237 | 5.013 | 5.198 | 5.198 |
| Vancouver | 20,655 | 20,390 | 18,873 | 19,424 | 19,424 |
| Victoria | 8,359 | 8,164 | 7,653 | 7,797 | 7,797 |
| Windsor | 6,407 | 6,350 | 5,913 | 5.748 | 5,748 |
| Winnipeg | 8,696 | 8,378 | 8,342 | 8,346 | 8,346 |

Table 1.2-11

Annual estimates of demographic components by census metropolitan area, Canada, from July to June — Intraprovincial out-migrants

| | 2001/2002 | 2002/2003 | 2003/2004 | 2004/2005 | 2005/2006 |
|---------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| All census metropolitan areas | 339,722 | 346,216 | 339,497 | 351,255 | 351,255 |
| Abbotsford | 7,067 | 7,888 | 7,392 | 7,732 | 7,732 |
| Calgary | 14,469 | 14,547 | 13,796 | 15,455 | 15,455 |
| Edmonton | 15,972 | 16,441 | 15,422 | 17.084 | 17,084 |
| Greater Sudbury / Grand Sudbury | 4,970 | 4,607 | 4,474 | 4,283 | 4,283 |
| Halifax | 4,525 | 4,826 | 4,817 | 4,594 | 4,594 |
| Hamilton | 17,292 | 18,054 | 17,956 | 19,075 | 19,075 |
| Kingston | 5,316 | 5,495 | 5,118 | 5,577 | 5,577 |
| Kitchener | 12,454 | 12,826 | 12,149 | 13,252 | 13,252 |
| London | 12,535 | 12,538 | 11,652 | 12,316 | 12,316 |
| Montréal | 44,027 | 47,408 | 49,031 | 49,053 | 49,053 |
| Oshawa | 10,657 | 10,534 | 10,611 | 11,565 | 11,565 |
| Ottawa-Gatineau | 19,707 | 20,256 | 19,372 | 20,507 | 20,507 |
| Ottawa-Gatineau, Ontario part | 15,326 | 15,519 | 14,392 | 15,586 | 15,586 |
| Ottawa-Gatineau, Quebec part | 4,381 | 4,737 | 4,980 | 4,921 | 4,921 |
| Québec | 15,173 | 15,256 | 14,889 | 15,981 | 15,981 |
| Regina | 3,986 | 3,475 | 3,486 | 3,633 | 3,633 |
| St. Catharines-Niagara | 7,496 | 7,518 | 7,097 | 7,570 | 7,570 |
| St. John's | 2,187 | 2,191 | 1,962 | 2,175 | 2,175 |
| Saguenay | 5,058 | 4,979 | 4,752 | 4,998 | 4,998 |
| Saint John | 1,620 | 1,576 | 1,489 | 1,556 | 1,556 |
| Saskatoon | 5,340 | 5,315 | 5,026 | 4,956 | 4,956 |
| Sherbrooke | 6,126 | 6,116 | 6,494 | 6,169 | 6,169 |
| Thunder Bay | 2,877 | 2,738 | 2,370 | 2,650 | 2,650 |
| Toronto | 70,494 | 70,417 | 69,108 | 68,631 | 68,631 |
| Trois-Rivières | 4,863 | 4,988 | 4,637 | 4,797 | 4,797 |
| Vancouver | 24,189 | 24,036 | 24,374 | 24,900 | 24,900 |
| Victoria | 7,653 | 7,750 | 7,764 | 7,838 | 7,838 |
| Windsor | 6,033 | 6,347 | 6,330 | 6,606 | 6,606 |
| Winnipeg | 7,636 | 8,094 | 7,929 | 8,302 | 8,302 |

Table 1.2-12
Annual estimates of demographic components by census metropolitan area, Canada, from July to June — Total population growth

| | 2001/2002 | 2002/2003 | 2003/2004 | 2004/2005 | 2005/2006 |
|---------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|--------------|
| Canada | 351,336 | 303,490 | 313,377 | 310,042 | 323,994 |
| All metropolitan areas | 325,610 | 250,030 | 254,711 | 249,154 | 255,189 |
| Abbotsford | 1,491 | 1,198 | 2,396 | 1,749 | 1,363 |
| Calgary | 25,257 | 17,657 | 19,508 | 28,752 | 39,295 |
| Edmonton | 18,432 | 11,334 | 11,923 | 19,773 | 27,109 |
| Greater Sudbury / Grand Sudbury | -486 | 201 | 175 | 389 | 231 |
| Halifax | 4,732 | 3,249 | 2,318 | 1,199 | 1,620 |
| Hamilton | 8,701 | 7,079 | 5,376 | 3,121 | 2,763 |
| Kingston | 1,787 | 1,237 | 447 | -438 | -714 |
| Kitchener | 7,416 | 5,987 | 7,291 | 5,939 | 5,683 |
| London | 4,925 | 3,143 | 3,637 | 2,367 | 2,059 |
| Montréal | 39,688 | 31,830 | 30,819 | 27,013 | 29,506 |
| Oshawa | 7,339 | 8,262 | 8,261 | 6.128 | 5,923 |
| Ottawa-Gatineau | 15,908 | 13,210 | 10,190 | 8,902 | 7,193 |
| Ottawa-Gatineau, Ontario part | 11,786 | 8,498 | 5,367 | 4,349 | 2,958 |
| Ottawa-Gatineau, Quebec part | 4,122 | 4,712 | 4,823 | 4,553 | 4,235 |
| Québec | 5,175 | 3,983 | 5,619 | 3,633 | 8,464 |
| Regina | -290 | 849 | 724 | 94 | 118 |
| St. Catharines-Niagara | 1,517 | 1,327 | 1,457 | 540 | 252 |
| St. John's | 1,372 | 1,309 | 1.844 | 543 | 175 |
| Saguenay | -1,538 | -1,260 | -1,212 | -1,241 | -382 |
| Saint John | 104 | 251 | 234 | -196 | -482 |
| Saskatoon | 992 | 887 | 1,495 | 581 | 662 |
| Sherbrooke | 1.747 | 1,668 | 1,529 | 1,688 | 1,067 |
| Thunder Bay | -443 | 617 | -40 | -578 | -845 |
| Toronto | 136,613 | 96,503 | 98,722 | 95,101 | 95,551 |
| Trois-Rivières | -106 | 310 | 700 | 575 | 1,024 |
| Vancouver | 35,207 | 31,208 | 32,291 | 38,587 | 22,677 |
| Victoria | 1,359 | 1,720 | 1,530 | 2,150 | 2,158 |
| Windsor | 5,127 | 2,816 | 2,059 | 741 | 2,130 570 |
| Winnipeg | 3,584 | 3,455 | 5,418 | 2,042 | 2,149 |

Table 1.2-13
Annual estimates of demographic components by census metropolitan area, Canada, from July to June — Natural increase

| | 2001/2002 | 2002/2003 | 2003/2004 | 2004/2005 | 2005/2006 |
|---------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Canada | 107,661 | 106,618 | 107,670 | 105,145 | 108,603 |
| All census metropolitan areas | 86,911 | 86,818 | 88,590 | 87,499 | 90,126 |
| Abbotsford | 682 | 764 | 765 | 748 | 768 |
| Calgary | 7,019 | 7,731 | 8,057 | 7,985 | 8,072 |
| Edmonton | 5,536 | 5,931 | 5,963 | 6,002 | 6,029 |
| Greater Sudbury / Grand Sudbury | 14 | -65 | 14 | -20 | -60 |
| Halifax | 1,373 | 1,376 | 1,419 | 1,378 | 1,294 |
| Hamilton | 2,101 | 1,914 | 1,973 | 1,668 | 1,514 |
| Kingston | 131 | 73 | 51 | 41 | 4 |
| Kitchener | 2,537 | 2,361 | 2,592 | 2,383 | 2,311 |
| London | 1,402 | 1,204 | 1,190 | 990 | 891 |
| Montréal | 12,111 | 12,197 | 12,504 | 13,089 | 15,994 |
| Oshawa | 1,714 | 1.619 | 1.683 | 1,651 | 1,605 |
| Ottawa-Gatineau | 5,209 | 5,333 | 5,814 | 5,805 | 5,865 |
| Ottawa-Gatineau, Ontario part | 4,024 | 4,049 | 4,418 | 4,281 | 4,139 |
| Ottawa-Gatineau, Quebec part | 1,185 | 1,284 | 1,396 | 1,524 | 1,726 |
| Québec | 1,327 | 1,059 | 1,073 | 1,306 | 1,836 |
| Regina | 743 | 675 | 629 | 584 | 574 |
| St. Catharines-Niagara | 95 | 30 | -30 | -103 | -211 |
| St. John's | 246 | 243 | 196 | 128 | 68 |
| Saguenay | 157 | 77 | 123 | 142 | 261 |
| Saint John | 212 | 177 | 117 | 96 | 58 |
| Saskatoon | 1,041 | 1,040 | 1,036 | 959 | 948 |
| Sherbrooke | 450 | 343 | 319 | 354 | 489 |
| Thunder Bay | 31 | 68 | 21 | -74 | -106 |
| Toronto | 31,624 | 31,176 | 32,209 | 31,766 | 31,047 |
| Trois-Rivières | -72 | -103 | -57 | -15 | 96 |
| Vancouver | 8,614 | 9,034 | 8,325 | 8,415 | 8,642 |
| Victoria | -512 | -303 | -407 | -401 | -369 |
| Windsor | 1,304 | 1,201 | 1,253 | 1,061 | 994 |
| | 1,822 | 1,663 | 1,758 | 1,561 | 1,512 |
| Winnipeg | 1,022 | 1,003 | 1,730 | 1,301 | 1,312 |

Table 1.2-14
Annual estimates of demographic components by census metropolitan area, Canada, from July to June — Net international migration

| | 2001/2002 | 2002/2003 | 2003/2004 | 2004/2005 | 2005/2006 |
|---------------------------------|----------------|---------------|-----------|---------------|---------------|
| Canada | 243,675 | 196,872 | 205,707 | 204,897 | 215,391 |
| All census metropolitan areas | 237,918 | 182,901 | 192,614 | 185,198 | 202,491 |
| Abbotsford | 842 | 953 | 999 | 1,039 | 1,118 |
| Calgary | 8,433 | 6,512 | 8,620 | 8,468 | 11,015 |
| Edmonton | 4,338 | 3,024 | 4,126 | 4,558 | 6,191 |
| Greater Sudbury / Grand Sudbury | -51 | 148 | 23 | . 8 | 16 |
| Halifax | 1,973 | 824 | 1,389 | 762 | 1,734 |
| Hamilton | 4,266 | 3,737 | 3,216 | 2,122 | 2,395 |
| Kingston | 322 | 281 | 157 | . 11 | 44 |
| Kitchener | 3.114 | 2,274 | 2,792 | 2,470 | 2,622 |
| London | 2,842 | 1,927 | 1.737 | 1,563 | 1,733 |
| Montréal | 32,583 | 28,881 | 31,478 | 28,137 | 31,128 |
| Oshawa | 443 | 487 | 446 | 349 | 386 |
| Ottawa-Gatineau | 6,321 | 6,695 | 4,291 | 3,056 | 3,478 |
| Ottawa-Gatineau, Ontario part | 5,904 | 5,722 | 3,261 | 2,168 | 2,554 |
| Ottawa-Gatineau, Quebec part | 417 | 973 | 1,030 | 888 | 924 |
| Québec | 1,325 | 729 | 1,348 | 1,583 | 1.754 |
| Regina | 481 | 309 | 456 | 570 | 564 |
| St. Catharines-Niagara | 957 | 866 | 612 | 402 | 485 |
| St. John's | 253 | 289 | 504 | 400 | 283 |
| Saguenay | 22 | 83 | 73 | 138 | 150 |
| Saint John | 141 | 246 | 217 | 245 | 265 |
| Saskatoon | 816 | 436 | 592 | 632 | 622 |
| Sherbrooke | 993 | 946 | 1,259 | 976 | 1,039 |
| Thunder Bay | -87 | 78 | 52 | 60 | 1,039 |
| Toronto | -67 126,744 | 90,225 | 93,980 | 87,786 | 92,280 |
| Trois-Rivières | 36 | 90,225 | 375 | 197 | 92,260 215 |
| Vancouver | 33,498 | | 27,125 | 32,668 | 34,654 |
| Victoria | 503 | 27,286 362 | 27,125 | 32,666 679 | 34,034 722 |
| | | | | | |
| Windsor | 3,438 | 1,680 | 1,404 | 1,062 | 1,189 |
| Winnipeg | 3,372 | 3,411 | 5,061 | 5,257 | 6,343 |

Table 1.2-15
Annual estimates of demographic components by census metropolitan area, Canada, from July to June — Net interprovincial migration

| | 2001/2002 | 2002/2003 | 2003/2004 | 2004/2005 | 2005/2006 |
|---------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| All census metropolitan areas | 6.176 | -239 | -2,044 | -529 | -1,087 |
| Abbotsford | -393 | -217 | 190 | -20 | -178 |
| Calgary | 9,319 | 4,382 | 3,372 | 12,144 | 20,053 |
| Edmonton | 6,258 | 1,694 | 1,258 | 7,215 | 12,891 |
| Greater Sudbury / Grand Sudbury | -172 | -60 | -92 | -162 | -288 |
| Halifax | 402 | 667 | -452 | -1,588 | -2,055 |
| Hamilton | 99 | 140 | -505 | -772 | -1,249 |
| Kingston | 552 | 487 | -17 | -212 | -484 |
| Kitchener | 279 | 93 | -23 | -166 | -502 |
| London | 86 | -117 | -255 | -581 | -960 |
| Montréal | -4,143 | -3,106 | -2,547 | -5,197 | -7,377 |
| Oshawa | 67 | 163 | -120 | -251 | -447 |
| Ottawa-Gatineau | 3,131 | 1,271 | 774 | 358 | -1,441 |
| Ottawa-Gatineau, Ontario part | 2,141 | -295 | -1,269 | -1,014 | -2,649 |
| Ottawa-Gatineau, Quebec part | 990 | 1,566 | 2,043 | 1,372 | 1,208 |
| Québec | -364 | -270 | -137 | -584 | -848 |
| Regina | -2,249 | -1,182 | -1,175 | -1,976 | -1,936 |
| St. Catharines-Niagara | 65 | -63 | -90 | -560 | -823 |
| St. John's | -724 | -312 | -290 | -1,088 | -1,279 |
| Saguenay | 62 | 76 | -13 | -108 | -154 |
| Saint John | -130 | -45 | -46 | -385 | -653 |
| Saskatoon | -2,319 | -1,498 | -1,225 | -2,499 | -2,397 |
| Sherbrooke | -104 | -56 | -90 | -49 | -93 |
| Thunder Bay | -374 | -156 | -532 | -608 | -849 |
| Toronto | 2,234 | 108 | -2,148 | -2,981 | -6,306 |
| Trois-Rivières | -38 | -48 | 6 | -8 | -24 |
| Vancouver | -3,371 | -1,466 | 2,342 | 2,980 | 1,260 |
| Victoria | 662 | 1,247 | 1,766 | 1,913 | 1,557 |
| Windsor | 11 | -68 | -181 | -524 | -755 |
| Winnipeg | -2,670 | -1,903 | -1,814 | -4,820 | -5,750 |

Table 1.2-16
Annual estimates of demographic components by census metropolitan area, Canada, from July to June — Net intraprovincial migration

| · | 2001/2002 | 2002/2003 | 2003/2004 | 2004/2005 | 2005/2006 |
|---------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| All census metropolitan areas | -5,395 | -19,450 | -24,449 | -23,014 | -23,014 |
| Abbotsford | 360 | -302 | 442 | ´-18 | -18 |
| Calgary | 486 | -968 | -541 | 155 | 155 |
| Edmonton | 2,300 | 685 | 576 | 1,998 | 1,998 |
| Greater Sudbury / Grand Sudbury | -277 | 178 | 230 | 563 | 563 |
| Halifax | 984 | 382 | -38 | 647 | 647 |
| Hamilton | 2,235 | 1,288 | 692 | 103 | 103 |
| Kingston | 782 | 396 | 256 | -278 | -278 |
| Kitchener | 1,486 | 1,259 | 1,930 | 1,252 | 1,252 |
| London | 595 | 129 | 965 | 395 | 395 |
| Montréal | -863 | -6,142 | -10,616 | -9,016 | -9,016 |
| Oshawa | 5,115 | 5,993 | 6,252 | 4,379 | 4,379 |
| Ottawa-Gatineau | 1,247 | -89 | -689 | -317 | -317 |
| Ottawa-Gatineau, Ontario part | -283 | -978 | -1,043 | -1,086 | -1,086 |
| Ottawa-Gatineau, Quebec part | 1,530 | 889 | 354 | 769 | 769 |
| Québec | 2,887 | 2,465 | 3,335 | 1,328 | 1,328 |
| Regina | 735 | 1,047 | 814 | 916 | 916 |
| St. Catharines-Niagara | 400 | 494 | 965 | 801 | 801 |
| St. John's | 1,597 | 1,089 | 1,434 | 1,103 | 1,103 |
| Saguenay | -1,779 | -1,496 | -1,395 | -1,413 | -1,413 |
| Saint John | -119 | -127 | -54 | -152 | -152 |
| Saskatoon | 1,454 | 909 | 1,092 | 1,489 | 1,489 |
| Sherbrooke | 408 | 435 | 41 | 407 | 407 |
| Thunder Bay | -13 | 627 | 419 | 44 | 44 |
| Toronto | -23,989 | -25,006 | -25,319 | -21,470 | -21,470 |
| Trois-Rivières | -32 | 249 | 376 | 401 | 401 |
| Vancouver | -3,534 | -3,646 | -5,501 | -5,476 | -5,476 |
| Victoria | 706 | 414 | -111 | -41 | -41 |
| Windsor | 374 | 3 | -417 | -858 | -858 |
| Winnipeg | 1,060 | 284 | 413 | 44 | 44 |

Table 1.2-17
Annual estimates of demographic components by census metropolitan area, Canada, from July to June — Total net migration

| | 2001/2002 | 2002/2003 | 2003/2004 | 2004/2005 | 2005/2006 |
|---------------------------------|-----------------|-----------|-----------------|---------------|---------------|
| Canada | 243,675 | 196,872 | 205,707 | 204,897 | 215,391 |
| All census metropolitan areas | 238,699 | 163,212 | 166,121 | 161,655 | 178,390 |
| Abbotsford | 809 | 434 | 1,631 | 1,001 | 922 |
| Calgary | 18,238 | 9,926 | 11,451 | 20,767 | 31,223 |
| Edmonton | 12,896 | 5,403 | 5,960 | 13,771 | 21,080 |
| Greater Sudbury / Grand Sudbury | -500 | 266 | 161 | 409 | 291 |
| Halifax | 3,359 | 1.873 | 899 | -179 | 326 |
| Hamilton | 6,600 | 5,165 | 3,403 | 1,453 | 1,249 |
| Kingston | 1,656 | 1,164 | 396 | -479 | -718 |
| Kitchener | 4,879 | 3,626 | 4,699 | 3,556 | 3,372 |
| London | 3,523 | 1.939 | 2.447 | 1.377 | 1,168 |
| Montréal | 27,577 | 19,633 | 18,315 | 13,924 | 14,735 |
| Oshawa | 5,625 | 6,643 | 6,578 | 4.477 | 4,318 |
| Ottawa-Gatineau | 10,699 | 7,877 | 4,376 | 3,097 | 1,720 |
| Ottawa-Gatineau, Ontario part | 7.762 | 4.449 | 949 | 68 | -1,181 |
| Ottawa-Gatineau, Quebec part | 2,937 | 3,428 | 3,427 | 3.029 | 2,901 |
| Québec | 3,848 | 2,924 | 4,546 | 2,327 | 2,234 |
| Regina | -1,033 | 174 | 95 | -490 | -456 |
| St. Catharines-Niagara | 1,422 | 1,297 | 1.487 | 643 | 463 |
| St. John's | 1,126 | 1,066 | 1,648 | 415 | 107 |
| Saguenay | -1,695 | -1,337 | -1,335 | -1,383 | -1,417 |
| Saint John | -1,033 | 74 | 117 | -292 | -540 |
| Saskatoon | -49 | -153 | 459 | -378 | -286 |
| Sherbrooke | 1,297 | 1,325 | 1,210 | 1,334 | 1,353 |
| Thunder Bay | -474 | 549 | -61 | -504 | -739 |
| Toronto | 104.989 | 65,327 | 66,513 | 63,335 | 64,504 |
| Trois-Rivières | -34 | 413 | 757 | 590 | 592 |
| Vancouver | 26,593 | 22,174 | 23,966 | 30,172 | 30,438 |
| Varicouver Victoria | 26,593 1,871 | 22,174 | 23,966 1,937 | | 2,238 |
| Windsor | | | 1,937 | 2,551 -320 | 2,236 -424 |
| | 3,823 | 1,615 | | | |
| Winnipeg | 1,762 | 1,792 | 3,660 | 481 | 637 |

Table 1.3-1

Annual population estimates and demographic factors of growth by census metropolitan area, Canada, from July to June — Population estimates and factors of growth

| | Population 2006 | | | 2005/ | 2006 | | |
|---------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------|
| | (July 1) | Natural increase | Net international migration | Net interprovincial migration | Net intraprovincial migration | Total net migration | Total growth |
| Canada | 32,623,490 | 108,603 | 215,391 | 0 | 0 | 215,391 | 323,994 |
| All metropolitan areas | 21,294,382 | 90,126 | 202,491 | -1,087 | -23,014 | 178,390 | 255,189 |
| Abbotsford | 161,911 | 768 | 1,118 | -178 | -18 | 922 | 1,363 |
| Calgary | 1,107,242 | 8,072 | 11,015 | 20,053 | 155 | 31,223 | 39,295 |
| Edmonton | 1,050,046 | 6,029 | 6,191 | 12,891 | 1,998 | 21,080 | 27,109 |
| Greater Sudbury / Grand Sudbury | 161,983 | -60 | 16 | -288 | 563 | 291 | 231 |
| Halifax | 382,203 | 1,294 | 1,734 | -2,055 | 647 | 326 | 1,620 |
| Hamilton | 716,230 | 1,514 | 2,395 | -1,249 | 103 | 1,249 | 2.763 |
| Kingston | 154,971 | 4 | 44 | -484 | -278 | -718 | -714 |
| Kitchener | 463,644 | 2,311 | 2,622 | -502 | 1,252 | 3,372 | 5,683 |
| London | 465,720 | 891 | 1,733 | -960 | 395 | 1,168 | 2,059 |
| Montréal | 3.666.280 | 15.994 | 31,128 | -7,377 | -9.016 | 14,735 | 29,506 |
| Oshawa | 344,374 | 1,605 | 386 | -447 | 4,379 | 4,318 | 5,923 |
| Ottawa-Gatineau | 1,158,314 | 5.865 | 3,478 | -1,441 | -317 | 1,720 | 7,193 |
| Ottawa-Gatineau, Ontario part | 872,911 | 4,139 | 2,554 | -2,649 | -1,086 | -1,181 | 2,958 |
| Ottawa-Gatineau, Quebec part | 285,403 | 1,726 | 924 | 1,208 | 769 | 2,901 | 4,235 |
| Québec | 723,263 | 1,836 | 1,754 | -848 | 1,328 | 2,234 | 8,464 |
| Regina | 198,316 | 574 | 564 | -1,936 | 916 | -456 | 118 |
| St. Catharines-Niagara | 396,754 | -211 | 485 | -823 | 801 | 463 | 252 |
| St. John's | 181,394 | 68 | 283 | -1,279 | 1,103 | 107 | 175 |
| Saguenay | 152,132 | 261 | 150 | -154 | -1,413 | -1.417 | -382 |
| Saint John | 125,944 | 58 | 265 | -653 | -152 | -540 | -482 |
| Saskatoon | 235.464 | 948 | 622 | -2,397 | 1,489 | -286 | 662 |
| Sherbrooke | 164,685 | 489 | 1,039 | -93 | 407 | 1,353 | 1,067 |
| Thunder Bay | 125.359 | -106 | 66 | -849 | 44 | -739 | -845 |
| Toronto | 5,406,324 | 31,047 | 92,280 | -6,306 | -21,470 | 64,504 | 95,551 |
| Trois-Rivières | 142,614 | 96 | 215 | -24 | 401 | 592 | 1.024 |
| Vancouver | 2,236,068 | 8,642 | 34,654 | 1,260 | -5,476 | 30,438 | 22,677 |
| Victoria | 334,332 | -369 | 722 | 1,557 | - 4 1 | 2,238 | 2,158 |
| Windsor | 332,066 | 994 | 1,189 | -755 | -858 | -424 | 570 |
| Winnipeg | 706.749 | 1,512 | 6,343 | -5,750 | 44 | 637 | 2,149 |

Table 1.3-2
Annual population estimates and demographic factors of growth by census metropolitan area, Canada, from July to June — Factors of growth

| | | | 2005/2 | 006 | | |
|---------------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|----------------|
| | Natural increase | Net international migration | Net interprovincial migration | Net intraprovincial migration | Total net migration | Tota growth |
| | | | rate per th | ousand | | |
| Canada | 3.35 | 6.64 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 6.64 | 9.98 |
| All census metropolitan areas | 4.26 | 9.57 | -0.05 | -1.09 | 8.43 | 12.06 |
| Abbotsford | 4.76 | 6.93 | -1.10 | -0.11 | 5.72 | 8.45 |
| Calgary | 7.42 | 10.13 | 18.44 | 0.14 | 28.71 | 36.13 |
| Edmonton | 5.82 | 5.97 | 12.44 | 1.93 | 20.34 | 26.15 |
| Greater Sudbury / Grand Sudbury | -0.37 | 0.10 | -1.78 | 3.48 | 1.80 | 1.43 |
| Halifax | 3.39 | 4.55 | -5.39 | 1.70 | 0.85 | 4.25 |
| Hamilton | 2.12 | 3.35 | -1.75 | 0.14 | 1.75 | 3.87 |
| Kingston | 0.03 | 0.28 | -3.12 | -1.79 | -4.62 | -4.60 |
| Kitchener | 5.02 | 5.69 | -1.09 | 2.72 | 7.32 | 12.33 |
| London | 1.92 | 3.73 | -2.07 | 0.85 | 2.51 | 4.43 |
| Montréal | 4.38 | 8.52 | -2.02 | -2.47 | 4.04 | 8.08 |
| Oshawa | 4.70 | 1.13 | -1.31 | 12.83 | 12.65 | 17.35 |
| Ottawa-Gatineau | 5.08 | 3.01 | -1.25 | -0.27 | 1.49 | 6.23 |
| Ottawa-Gatineau, Ontario part | 4.75 | 2.93 | -3.04 | -1.25 | -1.36 | 3.39 |
| Ottawa-Gatineau, Quebec part | 6.09 | 3.26 | 4.26 | 2.71 | 10.24 | 14.95 |
| Québec | 2.55 | 2.44 | -1.18 | 1.85 | 3.11 | 11.77 |
| Regina | 2.90 | 2.84 | -9.77 | 4.62 | -2.30 | 0.60 |
| St. Catharines-Niagara | -0.53 | 1.22 | -2.07 | 2.02 | 1.17 | 0.64 |
| St. John's | 0.38 | 1.56 | -7.05 | 6.08 | 0.59 | 0.97 |
| Saguenay | 1.71 | 0.98 | -1.01 | -9.28 | -9.30 | -2.5 |
| Saint John | 0.46 | 2.10 | -5.17 | -1.20 | -4.28 | -3.82 |
| Saskatoon | 4.03 | 2.65 | -10.19 | 6.33 | -1.22 | 2.82 |
| Sherbrooke | 2.98 | 6.33 | -0.57 | 2.48 | 8.24 | 6.50 |
| Thunder Bay | -0.84 | 0.52 | -6.75 | 0.35 | -5.88 | -6.72 |
| Toronto | 5.79 | 17.22 | -1.18 | -4.01 | 12.04 | 17.83 |
| Trois-Rivières | 0.68 | 1.51 | -0.17 | 2.82 | 4.17 | 7.2 |
| Vancouver | 3.88 | 15.58 | 0.57 | -2.46 | 13.68 | 10.19 |
| Victoria | -1.11 | 2.17 | 4.67 | -0.12 | 6.72 | 6.48 |
| Windsor | 3.00 | 3.58 | -2.28 | -2.59 | -1.28 | 1.72 |
| Winnipeg | 2.14 | 8.99 | -8.15 | 0.06 | 0.90 | 3.05 |

Section 2

Economic regions

2.1 The ten economic regions experiencing the largest increases in the past year

The population estimates as of July 1, 2006 indicate that of the ten (10) economic regions (ERs) that experienced the largest increases in the past year, six (6) are located in Alberta, including the top-ranking five (5). The other four (4) are located in British Columbia, Nunavut and Quebec.

For seven (7) out of the eight (8) ERs located in the western provinces, the population growth is mainly the result of a strong interprovincial migration that occurred due to the economic boom generated by the exploitation of natural resources.

The economic regions of Red Deer, Calgary and Wood Buffalo – Cold Lake, experienced a growth rate ranging from 37.7 ‰ to 32.8 ‰. The regions of Edmonton and Athabasca – Grande Prairie – Peace River posted growth in excess of 25 ‰. Finally, the regions of Nunavut (24.4 ‰), Thompson – Okanagan in British Columbia (22.6 ‰), Lethbridge – Medecine Hat in Alberta (22.1 ‰), Lanaudière in Québec (20.8 ‰) and Northeast in British Columbia (19.2 ‰) also showed important increases. (See text table 2.1)

The past year's growth rate for these regions is much higher than the 10 % growth rate observed for Canada as a whole.

In Quebec, the phenomenon of urban spread combined with the solid performance of the economy hoisted the Lanaudière region into the ranks of ERs posting the strongest growth in Canada. In Nunavut and the Norteast region of British Columbia, a high rate of natural increase explains this strong population growth.

2.2 The five economic regions experiencing the largest decreases in the past year

The population estimates as of July 1, 2006 indicate that the economic regions posting the largest decreases are SouthCoast–BurinPeninsula (-20.3 %) and Notre Dame – CentralBonavistaBay (-17.8 %) in Newfoundland and Labrador, Northwest Territories (-18.2 %), as well as Yorkton Melville (-16.8 %) and Swift Current-Moose Jaw (-14.8 %) in Saskatchewan. Alberta's robust economic growth, generated by the oil boom led many individuals from the Northwest Territories and Saskatchewan to migrate to Alberta. The population decrease evident for the two economic regions in Newfoundland and Labrador, can be explained by interprovincial migration to Alberta. (See text table 2.2)

Text table 2.1

Population estimates and growth rate for the ten economic regions with the higher growth, Canada, July 1 2005 to June 30 2006

| | Population 2005 (July 1) | Population 2006 (July 1) | Growth | Growth rate |
|--|--|--|---|--|
| _ | | number | | per thousand |
| Red Deer, Alberta Calgary, Alberta Wood Buffalo - Cold Lake, Alberta Edmonton, Alberta Athabasca - Grande Prairie - Peace River, Alberta Nunavut Thompson - Okanagan, British Colombia Lethbridge - Medicine Hat, Alberta Lanaudière, Quebec Northeast, British Colombia | 171,991 1,150,418 117,803 1,066,019 240,131 30,040 502,544 255,959 425,937 64,954 | 178,592 1,193,570 121,730 1,094,239 246,311 30,782 514,042 261,669 434,872 66,214 | 6,601 43,152 3,927 28,220 6,180 742 11,498 5,710 8,935 1,260 | 37.7 36.8 32.8 26.1 25.4 24.4 22.6 22.1 20.8 |

Text table 2.2 Population estimates and growth rate for the ten economic regions with the higher decrease, Cananda, July 1 2005 to June 30 2006

| | Population 2005 (July 1) | Population 2006 (July 1) | Growth | Growth rate |
|--|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|--------|--------------|
| | | number | | per thousand |
| North Central, Manitoba | 49.398 | 48.963 | -435 | -8.8 |
| Northwest, Ontario | 242,161 | 239,816 | -2,345 | -9.7 |
| Campbellton - Miramichi, New-Brunswick | 167,497 | 165,558 | -1,939 | -11.6 |
| Cape Breton, Nova-Scotia | 146,593 | 144,657 | -1,936 | -13.3 |
| Parklands, Manitoba | 43,588 | 43,002 | -586 | -13.5 |
| Swift Current - Moose Jaw, Saskatchewan | 102,205 | 100,704 | -1,501 | -14.8 |
| Yorkton - Melville, Saskatchewan | 85,822 | 84,395 | -1,427 | -16.8 |
| Notre Dame - Central Bonavista Bay, Newfoundland and | | | | |
| Labrador | 113.047 | 111.053 | -1.994 | -17.8 |
| Northwest Territories, Northwest Territories | 42,629 | 41,861 | -768 | -18.2 |
| South Coast - Burin Peninsula, Newfoundland and Labrador | 41,358 | 40,528 | -830 | -20.3 |

Table 2.1-1
Annual population estimates by economic region, provinces and territories, Canada — Population at July 1

| | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 |
|--|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Newfoundland and Labrador | 521,986 | 519,449 | 518,428 | 517,209 | 513,962 | 509,677 |
| Avalon Peninsula | 247,263 | 248,036 | 249,094 | 250,776 | 250,588 | 249,929 |
| South Coast-Burin Peninsula | 44,476 | 43,508 | 42,869 | 42,083 | 41,358 | 40,528 |
| West Coast-Northern Peninsula-Labrador Notre Dame-Central Bonavista Bay | 112,531 117,716 | 111,305 116,600 | 110,408 116,057 | 109,589 114,761 | 108,969 113,047 | 108,167 111,053 |
| Prince Edward Island | 136,672 | 136,934 | 137,325 | 137,876 | 138,176 | 138,519 |
| Nova Scotia | 932,389 | 934,507 | 936,513 | 937,993 | 936,130 | 934,405 |
| Cape Breton | 151,280 | 149,772 | 148,808 | 148,420 | 146,593 | 144,657 |
| North Shore | 162,444 | 161,855 | 161,590 | 161,372 | 160,856 | 160,257 |
| Annapolis Valley | 124,389 | 124,286 | 124,490 | 124,683 | 124,669 | 124,589 |
| Southern Halifax | 125,191 369,085 | 124,777 373,817 | 124,559 377,066 | 124,134 379,384 | 123,429 380,583 | 122,699 382,203 |
| New Brunswick | 749,890 | 750,327 | 751,222 | 752,080 | 751,481 | 749,168 |
| Campbellton-Miramichi | 174,543 | 172,350 | 170,763 | 169,048 | 167,497 | 165,558 |
| Moncton-Richibucto | 187,985 | 189,783 | 191,589 | 193,500 | 194,721 | 195,633 |
| Saint John-St. Stephen | 172,640 | 172,763 | 172,997 | 173,304 | 173,111 | 172,542 |
| Fredericton-Oromocto | 128,434 | 129,426 | 130,219 | 131,017 | 131,364 | 131,309 |
| Edmundston-Woodstock | 86,288 | 86,005 | 85,654 | 85,211 | 84,788 | 84,126 |
| Quebec | 7,396,990 | 7,445,745 | 7,494,690 | 7,548,589 | 7,597,768 | 7,651,531 |
| Gaspésie-Îles-de-la-Madeleine | 98,767 | 97,646 | 96,804 | 96,465 | 96,115 | 95,872 |
| Bas-Saint-Laurent | 204,506 | 202,983 | 202,295 | 202,020 | 201,779 666.468 | 201,692 |
| Capitale-Nationale Chaudière-Appalaches | 651,398 390,897 | 655,699 391.284 | 659,259 392,285 | 664,083 393,807 | 395,665 | 671,468 397,777 |
| Estrie | 291,381 | 293,582 | 296,047 | 298,248 | 300,573 | 302,161 |
| Centre-du-Québec | 222,810 | 223.367 | 224,137 | 225,605 | 226,542 | 228,099 |
| Montérégie | 1,312,699 | 1,324,608 | 1,339,283 | 1,356,269 | 1,371,670 | 1,386,963 |
| Montréal | 1,851,746 | 1,867,278 | 1,872,782 | 1,873,805 | 1,872,344 | 1,873,971 |
| Laval | 349,896 | 355,308 | 360,555 | 365,644 | 371,061 | 376,845 |
| Lanaudière | 396,150 | 400,525 | 406,928 | 415,724 | 425,937 | 434,872 |
| Laurentides | 472,035 322,770 | 480,889 327.435 | 490,810 332,797 | 500,784 337,900 | 510,558 342,969 | 518,621 347,214 |
| Outaouais Abitibi-Témiscaminque | 148,934 | 147,189 | 145,999 | 145.170 | 144,618 | 144,835 |
| Mauricie | 260,177 | 259,125 | 258,896 | 259,298 | 259,798 | 260,461 |
| Saguenay-Lac-Saint-Jean | 283,719 | 281,067 | 278,668 | 276,732 | 274,779 | 274,095 |
| Côte-Nord | 99,708 | 98,164 | 97,292 | 96,898 | 96,478 | 95,948 |
| Nord-du-Québec | 39,397 | 39,596 | 39,853 | 40,137 | 40,414 | 40,637 |
| Ontario | 11,897,647 | 12,102,045 | 12,262,560 | 12,416,749 | 12,558,669 | 12,686,952 |
| Ottawa | 1,166,627 | 1,180,542 | 1,192,132 | 1,199,189 | 1,205,895 | 1,210,083 |
| Kingston-Pembroke Muskoka-Kawarthas | 441,902 353,939 | 445,395 356,975 | 447,828 360,556 | 450,103 362,766 | 450,837 364,745 | 450,754 366,366 |
| Toronto | 5,144,442 | 5,286,627 | 5,390,872 | 5,496,484 | 5,599,652 | 5,698,437 |
| Kitchener-Waterloo-Barrie | 1,096,011 | 1,116,935 | 1,136,177 | 1,156,156 | 1,174,019 | 1,190,679 |
| Hamilton-Niagara Peninsula | 1,331,848 | 1,345,203 | 1,357,582 | 1,369,145 | 1,378,045 | 1,385,481 |
| London | 609,855 | 615,139 | 619,418 | 624,265 | 628,357 | 631,777 |
| Windsor-Sarnia | 634,212 | 639,971 | 643,508 | 645,785 | 647,055 | 647,633 |
| Stratford-Bruce Peninsula | 297,360 | 298,841 | 300,384 | 300,933 | 300,570 | 299,943 |
| Northeast Northwest | 574,936 246,515 | 571,208 245,209 | 569,203 244,900 | 568,040 243,883 | 567,333 242,161 | 565,983 239,816 |
| Manitoba | 1,151,285 | 1,155,584 | 1,161,896 | 1,170,475 | 1,174,148 | 1,177,765 |
| Southeast | 89,073 | 90,365 | 91.905 | 93,814 | 95,446 | 97,155 |
| South Central | 53,717 | 54,103 | 54,682 | 55,449 | 56,244 | 57,101 |
| Southwest | 105,804 | 105,272 | 105,396 | 105,756 | 105,897 | 105,956 |
| North Central | 48,836 | 48,905 | 49,254 | 49,790 | 49,398 | 48,963 |
| Winnipeg | 638,905 | 641,792 | 644,941 | 649,074 | 650,157 | 651,331 |
| Interlake Parklands | 84,645 45,441 | 85,083 45,026 | 85,875 44,452 | 86,684 44,124 | 87,488 43,588 | 88,275 43,002 |
| North | 45,441 84,864 | 45,026 85,038 | 85,391 | 85,784 | 43,566 85,930 | 45,002 85,982 |
| Saskatchewan | 1,000,134 | 995,886 | 994,732 | 994,888 | 989,957 | 985,386 |
| Regina-Moose Mountain | 276,762 | 275,616 | 276,029 | 276,130 | 275,423 | 274,769 |
| Swift Current-Moose Jaw | 106,373 | 104,966 | 104,382 | 103,740 | 102,205 | 100,704 |
| Saskatoon-Biggar | 291,410 | 291,649 | 291,659 | 292,962 | 292,760 | 292,639 |
| Yorkton-Melville | 90,573 | 89,461 | 88,266 | 87,301 | 85,822 | 84,395 |
| Prince Albert | 202,200 | 201,110 | 200,971 | 200,881 | 199,734 | 198,689 |
| Northern | 32,816 | 33,084 | 33,425 | 33,874 | 34,013 | 34,190 |

Table 2.1-1 – continued

Annual population estimates by economic region, provinces and territories, Canada — Population at July 1

| | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 |
|--------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Alberta | 3,056,739 | 3,116,332 | 3,161,371 | 3,206,953 | 3,277,582 | 3,375,763 |
| Lethbridge-Medicine Hat | 245,089 | 247,298 | 249,604 | 252,222 | 255,959 | 261,669 |
| Camrose-Drumheller | 186,942 | 188,177 | 189,145 | 189,755 | 191,564 | 194,681 |
| Calgary | 1,048,110 | 1,076,036 | 1,096,452 | 1,118,233 | 1,150,418 | 1,193,570 |
| Banff-Jasper-Rocky Mountain House | 82,539 | 82,895 | 83,132 | 83,304 | 83,697 | 84,971 |
| Red Deer | 156,967 | 160,251 | 163,383 | 166,747 | 171,991 | 178,592 |
| Edmonton | 1,001,799 | 1,020,329 | 1,032,913 | 1,045,291 | 1,066,019 | 1,094,239 |
| Athabasca-Grande Prairie-Peace River | 228,253 | 231,104 | 233,460 | 235,875 | 240,131 | 246,311 |
| Wood Buffalo-Cold Lake | 107,040 | 110,242 | 113,282 | 115,526 | 117,803 | 121,730 |
| British Columbia | 4,078,447 | 4,115,413 | 4,155,370 | 4,203,315 | 4,257,833 | 4,310,452 |
| Vancouver Island and Coast | 717,275 | 719,631 | 724,612 | 731,636 | 738,966 | 748,019 |
| Lower Mainland-Southwest | 2,385,101 | 2,423,549 | 2,458,364 | 2,496,005 | 2,538,570 | 2,566,842 |
| Thompson-Okanagan | 484,592 | 487,120 | 491,636 | 497,033 | 502,544 | 514,042 |
| Kootenay | 151,227 | 149,578 | 148,431 | 147,562 | 147,387 | 148,712 |
| Cariboo | 167,683 | 165,194 | 163,094 | 162,318 | 162,584 | 163,352 |
| North Coast | 65,223 | 63,532 | 62,325 | 61,343 | 60,473 | 60,731 |
| Nechako | 43,956 | 43,256 | 42,845 | 42,808 | 42,355 | 42,540 |
| Northeast | 63,390 | 63,553 | 64,063 | 64,610 | 64,954 | 66,214 |
| Yukon Territory | 30,129 | 30,137 | 30,574 | 30,896 | 31,121 | 31,229 |
| Northwest Territories | 40,822 | 41,489 | 42,231 | 42,798 | 42,629 | 41,861 |
| Nunavut | 28,121 | 28,739 | 29,165 | 29,633 | 30,040 | 30,782 |

Table 2.1-2
Annual population estimates by economic region, provinces and territories, Canada — Population rate of growth from July to June

| | 2001/2002 | 2002/2003 | 2003/2004 | 2004/2005 | 2005/2006 |
|--|---------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------------|----------------------|
| | | rat | e per thousand | | |
| Newfoundland and Labrador | -4.9 | -2.0 | -2.4 | -6.3 | -8.4 |
| Avalon Peninsula | 3.1 | 4.3 | 6.7 | -0.7 | -2.6 |
| South Coast-Burin Peninsula | -22.0 | -14.8 | -18.5 | -17.4 | -20.3 |
| West Coast-Northern Peninsula-Labrador | -11.0 | -8.1 | -7.4 | -5.7 | -7.4 |
| Notre Dame-Central Bonavista Bay | -9.5 | -4.7 | -11.2 | -15.0 | -17.8 |
| Prince Edward Island | 1.9 | 2.9 | 4.0 | 2.2 | 2.5 |
| Nova Scotia Cape Breton | 2.3 -10.0 | 2.1 -6.5 | 1.6 -2.6 | -2.0 -12.4 | -1.8 -13.3 |
| North Shore | -3.6 | -0.5 -1.6 | -2.0 -1.4 | -12. 4 -3.2 | -13.3 |
| Annapolis Valley | -0.8 | 1.6 | 1.5 | -0.1 | -0.6 |
| Southern | -3.3 | -1.7 | -3.4 | -5.7 | -5.9 |
| Halifax | 12.7 | 8.7 | 6.1 | 3.2 | 4.2 |
| New Brunswick | 0.6 | 1.2 | 1.1 | -0.8 | -3.1 |
| Campbellton-Miramichi | -12.6 | -9.3 | -10.1 | -9.2 | -11.6 |
| Moncton-Richibucto | 9.5 | 9.5 | 9.9 | 6.3 | 4.7 |
| Saint John-St. Stephen | 0.7 | 1.4 | 1.8 | -1.1 | -3.3 |
| Fredericton-Oromocto Edmundston-Woodstock | 7.7 -3.3 | 6.1 -4.1 | 6.1 -5.2 | 2.6 -5.0 | -0.4 -7.8 |
| Quebec | 6.6 | 6.6 | 7.2 | 6.5 | 7.1 |
| Gaspésie-Îles-de-la-Madeleine | -11.4 | -8.7 | -3.5 | -3.6 | -2.5 |
| Bas-Saint-Laurent | -11. 4 -7.5 | -0.7 -3.4 | -3.3 -1.4 | -3.0 -1.2 | -0.4 |
| Capitale-Nationale | 6.6 | 5.4 | 7.3 | 3.6 | 7.5 |
| Chaudière-Appalaches | 1.0 | 2.6 | 3.9 | 4.7 | 5.3 |
| Estrie | 7.5 | 8.4 | 7.4 | 7.8 | 5.3 |
| Centre-du-Québec | 2.5 | 3.4 | 6.5 | 4.1 | 6.8 |
| Montérégie | 9.0 | 11.0 | 12.6 | 11.3 | 11.1 |
| Montréal | 8.4 | 2.9 | 0.5 | -0.8 | 0.9 |
| Laval | 15.3 | 14.7 | 14.0 | 14.7 | 15.5 |
| Lanaudière Laurentides | 11.0 18.6 | 15.9 20.4 | 21.4 20.1 | 24.3 19.3 | 20.8 15.7 |
| Outaouais | 14.3 | 20.4 16.2 | 20.1 15.2 | 14.9 | 12.3 |
| Abitibi-Témiscamingue | -11.8 | -8.1 | -5.7 | -3.8 | 1.5 |
| Mauricie | -4.1 | -0.9 | 1.6 | 1.9 | 2.5 |
| Saguenay-Lac-Saint-Jean | -9.4 | -8.6 | -7.0 | -7.1 | -2.5 |
| Côte-Nord | -15.6 | -8.9 | -4.1 | -4.3 | -5.5 |
| Nord-du-Québec | 5.0 | 6.5 | 7.1 | 6.9 | 5.5 |
| Ontario | 17.0 | 13.2 | 12.5 | 11.4 | 10.2 |
| Ottawa | 11.9 | 9.8 | 5.9 | 5.6 | 3.5 |
| Kingston-Pembroke Muskoka-Kawarthas | 7.9 8.5 | 5.4 10.0 | 5.1 6.1 | 1.6 5.4 | -0.2 4.4 |
| Toronto | 27.3 | 19.5 | 19.4 | 18.6 | 17.5 |
| Kitchener-Waterloo-Barrie | 18.9 | 17.1 | 17.4 | 15.3 | 14.1 |
| Hamilton-Niagara Peninsula | 10.0 | 9.2 | 8.5 | 6.5 | 5.4 |
| London | 8.6 | 6.9 | 7.8 | 6.5 | 5.4 |
| Windsor-Sarnia | 9.0 | 5.5 | 3.5 | 2.0 | 0.9 |
| Stratford-Bruce Peninsula | 5.0 | 5.1 | 1.8 | -1.2 | -2.1 |
| Northeast | -6.5 | -3.5 | -2.0 | -1.2 | -2.4 |
| Northwest | -5.3 | -1.3 | -4.2 | -7.1 | -9.7 |
| Manitoba Southeast | 3.7 14.4 | 5.4 16.9 | 7.4 20.6 | 3.1 17.2 | 3.1 17.7 |
| South Central | 7.2 | 10.6 | 13.9 | 14.2 | 17.7 |
| Southwest | -5.0 | 1.2 | 3.4 | 1.3 | 0.6 |
| North Central | 1.4 | 7.1 | 10.8 | -7.9 | -8.8 |
| Winnipeg | 4.5 | 4.9 | 6.4 | 1.7 | 1.8 |
| Interlake | 5.2 | 9.3 | 9.4 | 9.2 | 9.0 |
| Parklands | -9.2 | -12.8 | -7.4 | -12.2 | -13.5 |
| North | 2.0 | 4.1 | 4.6 | 1.7 | 0.6 |

Table 2.1-2 – continued

Annual population estimates by economic region, provinces and territories, Canada — Population rate of growth from July to June

| | 2001/2002 | 2002/2003 | 2003/2004 | 2004/2005 | 2005/2006 |
|--------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|----------------|-----------|-----------|
| _ | | rat | e per thousand | | |
| Saskatchewan | -4.3 | -1.2 | 0.2 | -5.0 | -4.6 |
| Regina-Moose Mountain | -4.1 | 1.5 | 0.4 | -2.6 | -2.4 |
| Swift Current-Moose Jaw | -13.3 | -5.6 | -6.2 | -14.9 | -14.8 |
| Saskatoon-Biggar | 0.8 | 0.0 | 4.5 | -0.7 | -0.4 |
| Yorkton-Melville | -12.4 | -13.4 | -11.0 | -17.1 | -16.8 |
| Prince Albert | -5.4 | -0.7 | -0.4 | -5.7 | -5.2 |
| Northern | 8.1 | 10.3 | 13.3 | 4.1 | 5.2 |
| Alberta | 19.3 | 14.3 | 14.3 | 21.8 | 29.5 |
| Lethbridge-Medicine Hat | 9.0 | 9.3 | 10.4 | 14.7 | 22.1 |
| Camrose-Drumheller | 6.6 | 5.1 | 3.2 | 9.5 | 16.1 |
| Calgary | 26.3 | 18.8 | 19.7 | 28.4 | 36.8 |
| Banff-Jasper-Rocky Mountain House | 4.3 | 2.9 | 2.1 | 4.7 | 15.1 |
| Red Deer | 20.7 | 19.4 | 20.4 | 31.0 | 37.7 |
| Edmonton | 18.3 | 12.3 | 11.9 | 19.6 | 26.1 |
| Athabasca-Grande Prairie-Peace River | 12.4 | 10.1 | 10.3 | 17.9 | 25.4 |
| Wood Buffalo-Cold Lake | 29.5 | 27.2 | 19.6 | 19.5 | 32.8 |
| British Columbia | 9.0 | 9.7 | 11.5 | 12.9 | 12.3 |
| Vancouver Island and Coast | 3.3 | 6.9 | 9.6 | 10.0 | 12.2 |
| Lower Mainland-Southwest | 16.0 | 14.3 | 15.2 | 16.9 | 11.1 |
| Thompson-Okanagan | 5.2 | 9.2 | 10.9 | 11.0 | 22.6 |
| Kootenay | -11.0 | -7.7 | -5.9 | -1.2 | 8.9 |
| Cariboo | -15.0 | -12.8 | -4.8 | 1.6 | 4.7 |
| North Coast | -26.3 | -19.2 | -15.9 | -14.3 | 4.3 |
| Nechako | -16.1 | -9.5 | -0.9 | -10.6 | 4.4 |
| Northeast | 2.6 | 8.0 | 8.5 | 5.3 | 19.2 |
| Yukon Territory | 0.3 | 14.4 | 10.5 | 7.3 | 3.5 |
| Northwest Territories | 16.2 | 17.7 | 13.3 | -4.0 | -18.2 |
| Nunavut | 21.7 | 14.7 | 15.9 | 13.6 | 24.4 |

Table 2.2-1

Demographic factors of growth from July to June by economic region, provinces and territories, Canada — Population estimates and factors of growth

| - | Population 2006 2005/2006 | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|--|--|--|--|---|
| | (July 1) | Natural increase | Net international migration | Net interprovincial migration | Net Intraprovincial migration | Total net migration | Total growth |
| Newfoundland and Labrador Avalon Peninsula South Coast-Burin Peninsula West Coast-Northern Peninsula-Labrador Notre Dame-Central Bonavista Bay | 509,677 249,929 40,528 108,167 111,053 | -126 96 -42 98 -278 | 209 207 0 21 -19 | -4,368 -1,639 -523 -792 -1,414 | 0 677 -265 -129 -283 | -4,159 -755 -788 -900 -1,716 | -4,285 -659 -830 -802 -1,994 |
| Prince Edward Island | 138,519 | 162 | 308 | -127 | 0 | 181 | 343 |
| Nova Scotia Cape Breton North Shore Annapolis Valley Southern Halifax | 934,405 144,657 160,257 124,589 122,699 382,203 | 171 -366 -238 -44 -475 1,294 | 2,034 45 58 73 124 1,734 | -3,930 -677 -617 -318 -263 -2,055 | 938 198 209 -116 647 | -1,896 -1,570 -361 -36 -255 326 | -1,725 -1,936 -599 -80 -730 1,620 |
| New Brunswick Campbellton-Miramichi Moncton-Richibucto Saint John-St. Stephen Fredericton-Oromocto Edmundston-Woodstock | 749,168 165,558 195,633 172,542 131,309 84,126 | 252 -230 192 55 266 -31 | 1,223 36 412 334 376 65 | -3,788 -1,041 -467 -818 -816 -646 | 0 -704 775 -140 119 -50 | -2,565 -1,709 720 -624 -321 -631 | -2,313 -1,939 912 -569 -55 -662 |
| Quebec Gaspésie-Îles-de-la-Madeleine Bas-Saint-Laurent Capitale-Nationale Chaudière-Appalaches Estrie Centre-du-Québec Montérégie Montréal Laval Lanaudière Laurentides Outaouais Abitibi-Témiscamingue Mauricie Saguenay-Lac-Saint-Jean Côte-Nord Nord-du-Québec | 7,651,531 95,872 201,692 671,468 397,777 302,161 228,099 1,386,963 1,873,971 376,845 434,872 518,621 347,214 144,835 260,461 274,095 95,948 40,637 | 25,550 -120 -15 1,043 1,552 838 584 5,301 6,904 1,628 1,592 2,349 1,804 370 -116 533 550 723 | 36,368 3 75 1,684 57 1,089 381 2,462 27,368 1,363 238 279 951 6 252 173 2 -15 | -8,155 56 26 -743 -198 -177 -89 -1,060 -6,536 -200 -82 14 1,280 -113 -42 -185 -106 | 220 -220 -209 745 693 784 208 9,380 -27,846 2,837 8,732 7,456 1,107 -744 602 -2,313 -815 -397 | 28,213 -161 -108 1,686 552 1,696 500 10,782 -7,014 4,000 8,888 7,749 3,338 -851 812 -2,325 -919 -412 | 53,763 -243 -87 5,000 2,112 1,588 1,557 15,293 1,627 5,784 8,935 8,063 4,245 217 663 -684 -530 223 |
| Ontario Ottawa Kingston-Pembroke Muskoka-Kawarthas Toronto Kitchener-Waterloo-Barrie Hamilton-Niagara Peninsula London Windsor-Sarnia Stratford-Bruce Peninsula Northeast Northwest | 12,686,952 1,210,083 450,754 366,366 5,698,437 1,190,679 1,385,481 631,777 647,633 299,943 565,983 239,816 | 42,225 3,866 -176 -1,169 32,553 4,554 1,346 1,164 1,132 -315 -905 | 107,449 2,736 267 201 93,034 4,009 3,207 2,059 1,739 106 118 -27 | -21,391 -3,101 -1,053 -602 -6,617 -1,864 -2,337 -1,140 -1,370 -488 -1,037 -1,782 | 687 879 3,191 -20,169 9,961 5,204 1,337 -923 70 474 -711 | 86,058 322 93 2,790 66,248 12,106 6,074 2,256 -554 -312 -445 -2,520 | 128,283 4,188 -83 1,621 98,785 16,660 7,436 3,420 578 -627 -1,350 -2,345 |
| Manitoba Southeast South Central Southwest North Central Winnipeg Interlake Parklands North | 1,177,765 97,155 57,101 105,956 48,963 651,331 88,275 43,002 85,982 | 3,689 491 280 37 194 1,377 43 -138 1,405 | 8,563 976 812 257 25 6,136 245 71 41 | -8,635 -404 -280 -733 -306 -5,641 -257 -354 -660 | 646 45 498 -348 -698 756 -165 | -72 1,218 577 22 -629 -203 744 -448 -1,353 | 3,617 1,709 857 59 -435 1,174 787 -586 52 |

Table 2.2-1 – continued

Demographic factors of growth from July to June by economic region, provinces and territories, Canada — Population estimates and factors of growth

| | Population 2006 | | | 2005/2 | 2006 | | |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------|
| | (July 1) — | Natural increase | Net international migration | Net interprovincial migration | Net Intraprovincial migration | Total net migration | Total growth |
| Saskatchewan | 985,386 | 2,781 | 1,721 | -9,073 | 0 | -7,352 | -4,571 |
| Regina-Moose Mountain | 274.769 | 597 | [′] 681 | -2,416 | 484 | -1,251 | -654 |
| Swift Current-Moose Jaw | 100,704 | -158 | 104 | -1,098 | -349 | -1,343 | -1,501 |
| Saskatoon-Biggar | 292.639 | 1,119 | 831 | -3,216 | 1,145 | -1.240 | -121 |
| Yorkton-Melville | 84.395 | -330 | 0 | -458 | -639 | -1,097 | -1.427 |
| Prince Albert | 198.689 | 873 | 107 | -1,822 | -203 | -1,918 | -1,045 |
| Northern | 34,190 | 680 | -2 | -63 | -438 | -503 | 177 |
| Alberta | 3,375,763 | 21,679 | 19,397 | 57,105 | 0 | 76,502 | 98,181 |
| Lethbridge-Medicine Hat | 261,669 | 1,260 | 1,016 | 4,649 | -1,215 | 4,450 | 5,710 |
| Camrose-Drumheller | 194,681 | 399 | 235 | 3,156 | -673 | 2,718 | 3,117 |
| Calgary | 1,193,570 | 8,663 | 10,881 | 21,472 | 2,136 | 34,489 | 43,152 |
| Banff-Jasper-Rocky Mountain House | 84,971 | 503 | 367 | 1,373 | -969 | 771 | 1,274 |
| Red Deer | 178,592 | 1,120 | 288 | 3,728 | 1,465 | 5,481 | 6,601 |
| Edmonton | 1,094,239 | 6,277 | 6,090 | 13,729 | 2,124 | 21,943 | 28,220 |
| Athabasca-Grande Prairie-Peace River | 246.311 | 2.197 | 206 | 4.891 | -1,114 | 3,983 | 6.180 |
| Wood Buffalo-Cold Lake | 121,730 | 1,260 | 314 | 4,107 | -1,754 | 2,667 | 3,927 |
| British Columbia | 4,310,452 | 10,898 | 37,942 | 3,779 | 0 | 41.721 | 52,619 |
| Vancouver Island and Coast | 748.019 | -481 | 1,128 | 3,768 | 2,299 | 7,195 | 9,053 |
| Lower Mainland-Southwest | 2.566.842 | 10,104 | 36,104 | 1,316 | -4,685 | 32,735 | 28,272 |
| Thompson-Okanagan | 514.042 | -590 | 457 | 1,373 | 3,642 | 5,472 | 11,498 |
| Kootenay | 148,712 | -98 | 4 | -466 | 58 | -404 | 1,325 |
| Cariboo | 163,352 | 695 | 146 | -841 | 38 | -657 | 768 |
| North Coast | 60,731 | 400 | 40 | -375 | -1,019 | -1,354 | 258 |
| Nechako | 42,540 | 312 | -40 | -241 | -546 | -827 | 185 |
| Northeast | 66,214 | 556 | 103 | -755 | 213 | -439 | 1,260 |
| Yukon Territory | 31,229 | 216 | 86 | -194 | 0 | -108 | 108 |
| Northwest Territories | 41,861 | 472 | 87 | -1,327 | Ô | -1,240 | -768 |
| Nunavut | 30,782 | 634 | 4 | 104 | Ô | 108 | 742 |

Table 2.2-2

Demographic factors of growth from July to June by economic region, provinces and territories, Canada — Factors of growth

| | | | 2005/20 | 006 | | |
|---|--|---|--|--|---|--|
| | Natural increase | Net international migration | Net interprovincial migration | Net intraprovincial migration | Total net migration | Total growth |
| | | | rate per th | ousand | | |
| Newfoundland and Labrador Avalon Peninsula South Coast-Burin Peninsula West Coast-Northern | -0.2 0.4 -1.0 | 0.4 0.8 0.0 | -8.5 -6.5 -12.8 | 0.0 2.7 -6.5 | -8.1 -3.0 -19.2 | -8.4 -2.6 -20.3 |
| Peninsula-Labrador Notre Dame-Central Bonavista Bay | 0.9 -2.5 | 0.2 -0.2 | -7.3 -12.6 | -1.2 -2.5 | -8.3 -15.3 | -7.4 -17.8 |
| Prince Edward Island | 1.2 | 2.2 | -0.9 | 0.0 | 1.3 | 2.5 |
| Nova Scotia Cape Breton North Shore Annapolis Valley Southern Halifax | 0.2 -2.5 -1.5 -0.4 -3.9 3.4 | 2.2 0.3 0.4 0.6 1.0 4.5 | -4.2 -4.6 -3.8 -2.6 -2.1 -5.4 | 0.0 -6.4 1.2 1.7 -0.9 1.7 | -2.0 -10.8 -2.2 -0.3 -2.1 0.9 | -1.8 -13.3 -3.7 -0.6 -5.9 4.2 |
| New Brunswick Campbellton-Miramichi Moncton-Richibucto Saint John-St. Stephen Fredericton-Oromocto Edmundston-Woodstock | 0.3 -1.4 1.0 0.3 2.0 -0.4 | 1.6 0.2 2.1 1.9 2.9 0.8 | - 5.0 -6.3 -2.4 -4.7 -6.2 -7.6 | 0.0 -4.2 4.0 -0.8 0.9 -0.6 | -3.4 -10.3 3.7 -3.6 -2.4 -7.5 | -3.1 -11.6 4.7 -3.3 -0.4 -7.8 |
| Quebec Gaspésie-Îles-de-la-Madeleine Bas-Saint-Laurent Capitale-Nationale Chaudière-Appalaches Estrie Centre-du-Québec Montérégie Montréal Laval Lanaudière Laurentides Outaouais Abitibi-Témiscamingue Mauricie Saguenay-Lac-Saint-Jean Côte-Nord Nord-du-Québec | 3.4 -1.3 0.1 1.6 3.9 2.8 2.6 3.8 3.7 4.4 3.7 4.6 5.2 2.6 -0.4 1.9 5.7 17.8 | 4.8 0.0 0.4 2.5 0.1 3.6 1.7 1.8 14.6 3.6 0.5 2.8 0.0 1.0 0.6 0.0 | -1.1 0.6 0.1 -1.1 -0.5 -0.6 -0.4 -0.8 -3.5 -0.5 -0.2 0.0 3.7 -0.8 -0.2 -0.7 -1.1 | 0.0 -2.3 -1.0 1.1 1.7 2.6 0.9 6.8 -14.9 7.6 20.3 14.5 3.2 -5.1 2.3 -8.4 -8.5 -9.8 | 3.7 -1.7 -0.5 2.5 1.4 5.6 2.2 7.8 -3.7 10.7 20.7 15.1 9.7 -5.9 3.1 -8.5 -9.6 -10.2 | 7.1 -2.5 -0.4 7.5 5.3 5.3 6.8 11.1 0.9 15.5 20.8 15.7 12.3 1.5 -2.5 -5.5 |
| Ontario Ottawa Kingston-Pembroke Muskoka-Kawarthas Toronto Kitchener-Waterloo-Barrie Hamilton-Niagara Peninsula London Windsor-Sarnia Stratford-Bruce Peninsula Northeast Northwest | 3.3 3.2 -0.4 -3.2 5.8 3.9 1.0 1.8 1.7 -1.0 -1.6 0.7 | 8.5 2.3 0.6 0.5 16.5 3.4 2.3 3.3 2.7 0.4 0.2 | -1.7 -2.6 -2.3 -1.6 -1.2 -1.6 -1.7 -1.8 -2.1 -1.6 -1.8 | 0.0 0.6 1.9 8.7 -3.6 8.4 3.8 2.1 -1.4 0.2 0.8 -3.0 | 6.8 0.3 0.2 7.6 11.7 10.2 4.4 3.6 -0.9 -1.0 -0.8 -10.5 | 10.2 3.5 -0.2 4.4 17.5 14.1 5.4 0.9 -2.1 -2.4 -9.7 |
| Manitoba Southeast South Central Southwest North Central Winnipeg Interlake Parklands North | 3.1 5.1 4.9 0.3 3.9 2.1 0.5 -3.2 16.3 | 7.3 10.1 14.3 2.4 0.5 9.4 2.8 1.6 0.5 | -7.3 -4.2 -4.9 -6.9 -6.2 -8.7 -2.9 -8.2 -7.7 | 0.0 6.7 0.8 4.7 -7.1 -1.1 8.6 -3.8 -8.5 | -0.1 12.6 10.2 0.2 -12.8 -0.3 8.5 -10.3 -15.7 | 3.1 17.7 15.1 0.6 -8.8 1.8 9.0 -13.5 |

Table 2.2-2 – continued

Demographic factors of growth from July to June by economic region, provinces and territories, Canada — Factors of growth

| | | | 2005/20 | 006 | | |
|--|---------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|------------------|
| | Natural increase | Net international migration | Net interprovincial migration | Net intraprovincial migration | Total net migration | Total growth |
| | | | rate per the | ousand | | |
| Saskatchewan | 2.8 | 1.7 | -9.2 | 0.0 | -7.4 | -4.6 |
| Regina-Moose Mountain | 2.2 | 2.5 | -8.8 | 1.8 | -4.5 | -2.4 |
| Swift Current-Moose Jaw | -1.6 | 1.0 | -10.8 | -3.4 | -13.2 | -14.8 |
| Saskatoon-Biggar | 3.8 | 2.8 | -11.0 | 3.9 | -4.2 | -0.4 |
| Yorkton-Melviile | -3.9 | 0.0 | -5.4 | -7.5 | -12.9 | -16.8 |
| Prince Albert | 4.4 | 0.5 | -9.1 | -1.0 | -9.6 | -5.2 |
| Northern | 19.9 | -0.1 | -1.8 | -12.8 | -14.8 | 5.2 |
| Alberta Lethbridge-Medicine Hat | 6.5 4.9 | 5.8 3.9 | 17.2 18.0 | 0.0 -4.7 | 23.0 17.2 | 29.5 22.1 |
| Camrose-Drumheller Calgary Banff-Jasper-Rocky Mountain House | 2.1 | 1.2 | 16.3 | -3.5 | 14.1 | 16.1 |
| | 7.4 | 9.3 | 18.3 | 1.8 | 29.4 | 36.8 |
| | 6.0 | 4.4 | 16.3 | -11.5 | 9.1 | 15.1 |
| Red Deer Edmonton Athabasca-Grande Prairie-Peace | 6.4 | 1.6 | 21.3 | 8.4 | 31.3 | 37.7 |
| | 5.8 | 5.6 | 12.7 | 2.0 | 20.3 | 26.1 |
| River | 9.0 | 0.8 | 20.1 | -4.6 | 16.4 | 25.4 |
| Wood Buffalo-Cold Lake | 10.5 | 2.6 | 34.3 | -14.6 | 22.3 | 32.8 |
| British Columbia Vancouver Island and Coast Lower Mainland-Southwest | 2.5 | 8.9 | 0.9 | 0.0 | 9.7 | 12.3 |
| | -0.6 | 1.5 | 5.1 | 3.1 | 9.7 | 12.2 |
| | 4.0 | 14.1 | 0.5 | -1.8 | 12.8 | 11.1 |
| Thompson-Okanagan | -1.2 | 0.9 | 2.7 | 7.2 | 10.8 | 22.6 |
| Kootenay | -0.7 | 0.0 | -3.1 | 0.4 | -2.7 | 8.9 |
| Cariboo | 4.3 | 0.9 | -5.2 | 0.2 | -4.0 | 4.7 |
| North Coast | 6.6 | 0.7 | -6.2 | -16.8 | -22.3 | 4.3 |
| Nechako | 7.4 | -0.9 | -5.7 | -12.9 | -19.5 | 4.4 |
| Northeast | 8.5 | 1.6 | -11.5 | 3.2 | -6.7 | 19.2 |
| Yukon Territory | 6.9 | 2.8 | -6.2 | 0.0 | -3.5 | 3.5 |
| Northwest Territories | 11.2 | 2.1 | -31.4 | 0.0 | -29.4 | -18.2 |
| Nunavut | 20.8 | 0.1 | 3.4 | 0.0 | 3.6 | 24.4 |

Table 2.3

Demographic indicators, age and dependency ratio by economic region, provinces and territories, Canada, July 1

| - | 2006 | | | | | | |
|--|--------------|--------------|---------------------|---------------------|--|--|--|
| | Median age | Mean age | Percentage of | Dependency ratio in | | | |
| | | | 65 year and over | percent | | | |
| Newfoundland and Labrador | 41.3 | 40.3 | 13.5 | 55 | | | |
| Avalon Peninsula | 39.9 | 39.4 | 12.4 | 52 | | | |
| Notre Dame - Central Bonavista Bay | 43.8 | 42.2 | 16.3 | 59 | | | |
| South Coast - Burin Peninsula | 43.7 | 41.6 | 14.1 | 55 | | | |
| West Coast - Northern Peninsula - Labrador | 41.2 | 39.9 | 13.0 | 57 | | | |
| Prince Edward Island | 39.8 | 39.5 | 14.4 | 64 | | | |
| Nova Scotia | 41.0 | 40.3 | 14.6 | 59 | | | |
| Annapolis Valley | 41.8 | 40.6 | 15.3 | 63 | | | |
| Cape Breton | 43.3 | 41.8 | 16.9 | 66 | | | |
| Halifax | 38.2 | 38.4 | 11.5 | 52 | | | |
| North Shore | 42.6 | 41.6 | 16.7 | 64 | | | |
| Southern | 43.8 | 42.6 | 17.6 | 63 | | | |
| New Brunswick | 40.8 | 40.2 | 14.2 | 57 | | | |
| Campbellton - Miramichi | 43.4 | 41.9 | 15.5 | 57 | | | |
| Edmundston - Woodstock | 41.2 | 40.2 | 14.3 | 60 | | | |
| Fredericton - Oromocto | 38.5 | 38.9 | 12.8 | 56 | | | |
| Moncton - Richibucto | 40.6 | 40.4 | 14.3 | 55 | | | |
| Saint John - St. Stephen | 39.8 | 39.5 | 13.9 | 61 | | | |
| Quebec | 40.4 | 39.9 | 14.1 | 57 | | | |
| Abitibi - Témiscamingue | 40.4 | 39.1 | 12.9 | 60 | | | |
| Bas-Saint-Laurent | 44.3 | 42.4 | 16.8 | 60 | | | |
| Capitale-Nationale | 42.1 | 41.4 | 15.3 | 54 | | | |
| Centre-du-Québec | 41.2 | 40.3 | 14.8 | 61 | | | |
| Chaudière - Appalaches | 41.2 | 40.2 | 14.2 | 59 | | | |
| Côte-Nord | 40.5 | 39.0 | 12.0 | 56 | | | |
| Estrie | 41.2 | 40.4 | 14.9 | 60 | | | |
| _ | | | | | | | |
| Gaspésie - Îles-de-la-Madeleine | 45.5 | 43.5 | 17.6 | 60 | | | |
| Lanaudière | 40.2 | 38.8 | 11.9 | 58 | | | |
| Laurentides | 40.2 | 38.9 | 12.2 | 58 | | | |
| Laval | 39.9 | 39.3 | 14.1 | 61 | | | |
| Mauricie | 44.6 | 42.9 | 17.7 | 60 | | | |
| Montérégie | 40.2 | 39.2 | 12.7 | 58 | | | |
| Montréal | 38.9 | 40.0 | 15.2 | 55 | | | |
| Nord-du-Québec | 28.7 | 30.5 | 5.2 | 73 | | | |
| Outaouais | 39.0 42.6 | 38.2 40.7 | 11.1 14.6 | 54 58 | | | |
| Saguenay - Lac-Saint-Jean | | | | | | | |
| Ontario | 38.2 | 38.4 | 12.9 | 60 | | | |
| Hamilton - Niagara Peninsula | 39.8 | 39.5 | 14.8 | 64 | | | |
| Kingston - Pembroke | 41.6 | 40.8 | 16.2 | 64 | | | |
| Kitchener - Waterloo - Barrie | 37.8 | 37.8 | 12.3 | 62 | | | |
| London | 38.2 | 38.5 | 13.5 | 62 | | | |
| Muskoka - Kawarthas | 43.8 | 42.4 | 18.6 | 69 | | | |
| Northeast | 42.0 | 40.8 | 15.8 | 64 | | | |
| Northwest | 39.2 | 38.7 | 13.5 | 64 | | | |
| Ottawa | 38.9 | 38.8 | 12.9 | 58 | | | |
| Stratford - Bruce Peninsula | 42.0 | 40.8 | 17.1 | 71 | | | |
| Toronto Windsor - Sarnia | 36.7 38.6 | 37.3 38.8 | 11.3 13.8 | 56 63 | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| Manitoba | 37.3 | 38.1 | 13.6 15.0 | 67 | | | |
| Interlake | 41.9 | 40.2 | 15.0 | 69 | | | |
| North | 26.1 | 29.3 | 5.4 | 85 | | | |
| North Central | 36.6 | 37.0 | 13.1 | 76 | | | |
| Parklands | 43.2 | 42.3 | 20.3 | 84 | | | |
| South Central | 33.8 | 36.2 | 13.7 | 82 | | | |
| Southeast | 36.8 | 36.8 | 12.1 | 72 | | | |
| Southwest | 39.9 | 40.1 | 17.0 | 72 | | | |
| Winnipeg | 37.9 | 38.7 | 13.7 | 61 | | | |
| | | | | | | | |

Table 2.3 – continued

Demographic indicators, age and dependency ratio by economic region, provinces and territories, Canada, July 1

| | | 2006 | | |
|--|------------|----------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| | Median age | Mean age | Percentage of 65 year and over | Dependency ratio in percent |
| Saskatchewan | 37.7 | 38.5 | 14.9 | 72 |
| Northern | 23.0 | 27.7 | 5.0 | 96 |
| Prince Albert | 36.7 | 37.7 | 15.1 | 82 |
| Regina - Moose Mountain | 38.0 | 38.6 | 14.2 | 66 |
| Saskatoon - Biggar | 36.4 | 37.7 | 13.2 | 65 |
| Swift Current - Moose Jaw | 42.5 | 41.6 | 18.9 | 76 |
| Yorkton - Melville | 44.4 | 43.1 | 21.9 | 86 |
| Alberta | 35.5 | 36.4 | 10.4 | 57 |
| Athabasca - Grande Prairie - Peace River | 32.8 | 34.4 | 9.5 | 67 |
| Banff - Jasper - Rocky Mountain House | 35.1 | 36.2 | 9.6 | 54 |
| Calgary | 35.6 | 36.3 | 9.4 | 52 |
| Camrose - Drumheller | 38.2 | 38.4 | 14.4 | 71 |
| Edmonton | 36.0 | 37.0 | 11.0 | 56 |
| Lethbridge - Medicine Hat | 35.7 | 37.2 | 13.2 | 68 |
| Red Deer | 34.7 | 36.0 | 10.6 | 61 |
| Wood Buffalo - Cold Lake | 31.9 | 33.1 | 6.3 | 57 |
| British Columbia | 39.8 | 39.7 | 14.0 | 57 |
| Cariboo | 38.6 | 37.8 | 10.6 | 57 |
| Kootenay | 43.8 | 41.9 | 16.4 | 62 |
| Lower Mainland - Southwest | 38.2 | 38.7 | 12.4 | 54 |
| Nechako | 36.2 | 36.0 | 9.8 | 64 |
| North Coast | 37.0 | 36.6 | 10.0 | 63 |
| Northeast | 33.4 | 34.2 | 7.8 | 59 |
| Thompson - Okanagan | 43.6 | 42.3 | 18.4 | 67 |
| Vancouver Island and Coast | 43.5 | 42.4 | 17.5 | 62 |
| Yukon Territory | 38.0 | 36.6 | 7.5 | 50 |
| Northwest Territories | 30.9 | 31.7 | 4.8 | 59 |
| Nunavut | 23.2 | 26.1 | 2.9 | 89 |

Section 3

Census divisions

3.1 The ten census divisions experiencing the largest increases in the past year¹

Population estimates as of July 1, 2006 indicate that the ten (10) census divisions (CDs) experiencing the largest increases in population growth are located in Alberta, Quebec and Ontario.

In the case of Alberta, the province attracted many migrants from other parts of Canada mainly due to the economic boom fuelled by investment from soaring energy exports. For Quebec and Ontario, the strong growth in some CDs is mainly due to the phenomenon of urban spread and a robust provincial economy.

Therefore, in the ten (10) CDs registering the strongest population growth, the Alberta CDs increases are largely due to interprovincial migration. In the case of CDs from Quebec and Ontario, subprovincial migration explains most of the growth. The only exception is the CD of Peel, in Ontario, which instead benefited from international migration.

Of the five (5) census divisions that posted the largest increases for the period 2005-2006, four (4) are located in Alberta. Division No. 16, which includes Wood Buffalo and Fort MacKay, experienced the strongest growth (47.7 %), putting it slightly ahead of Division No. 19 (47.3 %), which includes Grande Prairie and Peace River. The Mirabel CD in Quebec ranks third with a growth rate of 43.9 %, coming in ahead of the other two Alberta CDs, Division No. 8 (Red Deer, Lacombe and Ponoka) and Division No. 6 (Calgary) with respective rates of 37.7 % and 36.8 %. (See text table 3.1)

The other five (5) CDs that experienced the largest increases are located in Quebec and

Ontario. Of these, three (3) are located in Quebec: Les Collines-De-L'Outaouais (which includes Val-Des-Monts, La Pêche, Chelsea and Cantley) with a growth rate of 36.4 ‰, Jacques-Cartier (Lac-Beauport and Stoneham-et-Tewkesbury) with 35.1 ‰ and Vaudreuil-Soulange (Vaudreuil-Dorion, St-Lazare and Pincourt) with 32.0 ‰. The other two (2) divisions are located in the suburbs of Toronto: Peel (Mississauga and Brampton) with 35.4 ‰ and York (Markham, Vaughan and Richmond Hill) with 32.3 ‰.

3.2 The five census divisions experiencing the largest decreases in the past year (see footnote)

Population estimates as of July 1, 2006 indicate that the five (5) census divisions that experienced the largest decreases are mainly located in the prairie provinces as well as Newfoundland and Labrador. Once again, one of the factors behind this decrease was the strong growth of the Alberta economy, which attracted many workers to the province in 2005-2006. Because of the proximity of Saskatchewan and Manitoba to Alberta, the propensity of large numbers of individuals to migrate to Alberta was greater for those provinces. However, many persons from Newfoundland and Labrador also moved to Alberta in the past year, despite the distance.

The CDs exhibiting the largest decreases included, in Saskatchewan, Division No. 3 (which includes Assiniboia and Gravelbourg) with -27.1 ‰, Division No. 12 (Battleford, Vanscoy, Biggar and Rosetown) with -25.0 ‰ and Division No. 10 (Wynyard, Wadena and Foam Lake) with -22.3 ‰. In Newfoundland and Labrador, Division No. 3 (Channel-Port aux Basques, Harbour Breton and Burgeo) with -23.0 ‰ and, in Manitoba, Division No. 16 (Roblin and Russel) with -30.0 ‰ also registered sizable decreases. (See text table 3.2)

Each CD may contain many municipalities. The list of municipalities enumerated in this text is not exhaustive. They are to be used as geographic references only.

Text table 3.1 Population estimates and growth rate for the ten census divisions with the higher growth, Cananda, July 1 2005 to June 30 2006

| | Population 2005 (July 1) | Population 2006 (July 1) | Growth | Growth rate |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|--------|--------------|
| | | number | | per thousand |
| Division 16, Alberta | 53,076 | 55,670 | 2,594 | 47.7 |
| Division 19, Alberta | 97,875 | 102,618 | 4,743 | 47.3 |
| Mirabel, Quebec | 33,823 | 35,342 | 1,519 | 43.9 |
| Division 8, Alberta | 171,991 | 178,592 | 6,601 | 37.7 |
| Division 6, Alberta | 1,150,418 | 1,193,570 | 43,152 | 36.8 |
| Les Collines-de-L'Outaouais, Quebec | 39,550 | 41,017 | 1,467 | 36.4 |
| Peel, Ontario | 1,216,820 | 1,260,643 | 43,823 | 35.4 |
| La Jacques-Cartier, Quebec | 29.772 | 30,835 | 1,063 | 35.1 |
| York, Ontario | 917.329 | 947,482 | 30,153 | 32.3 |
| Vaudreuil-Soulanges, Quebec | 118,127 | 121,967 | 3,840 | 32.0 |

Text table 3.2 Population estimates and growth rate for the ten census divisions with the higher decrease, Canada, July 1 2005 to June 30 2006

| | Population 2005 (July 1) | Population 2006 (July 1) | Growth | Growth rate |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|--------|--------------|
| | | number | | per thousand |
| Guysborough, Nova-Scotia | 9,322 | 9,140 | -182 | -19.7 |
| Division 8, Newfoundland and Labrador | 40,343 | 39,518 | -825 | -20.7 |
| Division 9, Manitoba | 24,248 | 23,744 | -504 | -21.0 |
| Fort Smith, Northwest Territories | 32,945 | 32,254 | -691 | -21.2 |
| Division 7, Newfoundland and Labrador | 36,122 | 35,333 | -789 | -22.1 |
| Division 10, Saskatchewan | 18,446 | 18,040 | -406 | -22.3 |
| Division 3, Newfoundland and Labrador | 18,268 | 17,852 | -416 | -23.0 |
| Division 12, Saskatchewan | 22,878 | 22,313 | -565 | -25.0 |
| Division 3, Saskatchewan | 13,844 | 13,474 | -370 | -27.1 |
| Division 16. Manitoba | 10.050 | 9,753 | -297 | -30.0 |

Table 3.1-1

Newfoundland and Labrador census division, Canada — Annual population estimates at July 1

| | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 |
|---------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Newfoundland and Labrador | 521,986 | 519,449 | 518,428 | 517,209 | 513,962 | 509,677 |
| Division 1 | 247,263 | 248,036 | 249,094 | 250,776 | 250,588 | 249,929 |
| Division 2 | 24,789 | 24,264 | 23,874 | 23,449 | 23,090 | 22,676 |
| Division 3 | 19,687 | 19,244 | 18,995 | 18,634 | 18,268 | 17,852 |
| Division 4 | 22,539 | 22,412 | 22,178 | 21,953 | 21,608 | 21,206 |
| Division 5 | 41,155 | 40,925 | 40,938 | 41,006 | 41,154 | 41,301 |
| Division 6 | 36,838 | 36,856 | 36,986 | 36,867 | 36,582 | 36,202 |
| Division 7 | 37,979 | 37,550 | 37,269 | 36,813 | 36,122 | 35,333 |
| Division 8 | 42,899 | 42,194 | 41,802 | 41,081 | 40,343 | 39,518 |
| Division 9 | 20,439 | 19,989 | 19,595 | 19,194 | 18,871 | 18,516 |
| Division 10 | 28,398 | 27,979 | 27,697 | 27,436 | 27,336 | 27,144 |

Table 3.1-2

Newfoundland and Labrador census division, Canada — Population rate of growth from July to June

| | 2001/2002 | 2002/2003 | 2003/2004 | 2004/2005 | 2005/2006 |
|---------------------------|-----------|-----------|----------------|-----------|-----------|
| | | rat | e per thousand | | |
| Newfoundland and Labrador | -4.9 | -2.0 | -2.4 | -6.3 | -8.4 |
| Division 1 | 3.1 | 4.3 | 6.7 | -0.7 | -2.6 |
| Division 2 | -21.4 | -16.2 | -18.0 | -15.4 | -18.1 |
| Division 3 | -22.8 | -13.0 | -19.2 | -19.8 | -23.0 |
| Division 4 | -5.7 | -10.5 | -10.2 | -15.8 | -18.8 |
| Division 5 | -5.6 | 0.3 | 1.7 | 3.6 | 3.6 |
| Division 6 | 0.5 | 3.5 | -3.2 | -7.8 | -10.4 |
| Division 7 | -11.4 | -7.5 | -12.3 | -18.9 | -22.1 |
| Division 8 | -16.6 | -9.3 | -17.4 | -18.1 | -20.7 |
| Division 9 | -22.3 | -19.9 | -20.7 | -17.0 | -19.0 |
| Division 10 | -14.9 | -10.1 | -9.5 | -3.7 | -7.0 |

Table 3.1-3

Newfoundland and Labrador census division, Canada — Population estimates and factors of growth from July to June

| | Population 2006 | | | 2005/2 | 2006 | | |
|---------------------------|-----------------|---------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------|
| | (July 1) | Natural increase | Net international migration | Net interprovincial migration | Net intraprovincial migration | Total net migration | Total growth |
| Newfoundland and Labrador | 509,677 | -126 | 209 | -4,368 | 0 | -4,159 | -4,285 |
| Division 1 | 249,929 | 96 | 207 | -1,639 | 677 | -755 | -659 |
| Division 2 | 22,676 | -19 | 3 | -275 | -123 | -395 | -414 |
| Division 3 | 17,852 | -23 | -3 | -248 | -142 | -393 | -416 |
| Division 4 | 21,206 | -27 | 19 | -280 | -114 | -375 | -402 |
| Division 5 | 41,301 | -18 | 13 | -28 | 180 | 165 | 147 |
| Division 6 | 36.202 | -13 | -7 | -482 | 122 | -367 | -380 |
| Division 7 | 35,333 | -142 | -2 | -461 | -184 | -647 | -789 |
| Division 8 | 39,518 | -123 | -10 | -471 | -221 | -702 | -825 |
| Division 9 | 18.516 | -25 | 6 | -166 | -170 | -330 | -355 |
| Division 10 | 27,144 | 168 | -17 | -318 | -25 | -360 | -192 |

Table 3.1-4
Newfoundland and Labrador census division, Canada — Factors of growth (rate) from July to June

| | 2005/2006 | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| | Natural increase | Net international migration | Net interprovincial migration | Net intraprovincial migration | Total net migration | | | | |
| _ | | ra | ate per thousand | | | | | | |
| Newfoundland and Labrador | -0.2 | 0.4 | -8.5 | 0.0 | -8.1 | | | | |
| Division 1 | 0.4 | 0.8 | -6.5 | 2.7 | -3.0 | | | | |
| Division 2 | -0.8 | 0.1 | -12.0 | -5.4 | -17.3 | | | | |
| Division 3 | -1.3 | -0.2 | -13.7 | -7.9 | -21.8 | | | | |
| Division 4 | -1.3 | 0.9 | -13.1 | -5.3 | -17.5 | | | | |
| Division 5 | -0.4 | 0.3 | -0.7 | 4.4 | 4.0 | | | | |
| Division 6 | -0.4 | -0.2 | -13.2 | 3.4 | -10.1 | | | | |
| Division 7 | -4.0 | -0.1 | -12.9 | -5.2 | -18.1 | | | | |
| Division 8 | -3.1 | -0.3 | -11.8 | -5.5 | -17.6 | | | | |
| Division 9 | -1.3 | 0.3 | -8.9 | -9.1 | -17.7 | | | | |
| Division 10 | 6.2 | -0.6 | -11.7 | -0.9 | -13.2 | | | | |

Table 3.2-1
Prince Edward Island census division — Annual population estimates at July 1

| | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 |
|---|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Prince Edward Island Kings Prince | 136,672 19,370 44,942 | 136,934 19,236 45,027 | 137,325 19,155 45,123 | 137,876 19,064 45,252 | 138,176 19,026 45,218 | 138,519 18,998 45,194 |
| Queens | 72,360 | 72,671 | 73,047 | 73,560 | 73,932 | 74,327 |

Table 3.2-2
Prince Edward Island census division — Population rate of growth from July to June

| | 2001/2002 | 2002/2003 | 2003/2004 | 2004/2005 | 2005/2006 |
|----------------------|-------------|-------------|-----------------|--------------------|--------------|
| | | rate | e per thousands | | |
| Prince Edward Island | 1.9 | 2.9 | 4.0 | 2.2 -2.0 | 2.5 |
| Kings Prince | -6.9 1.9 | -4.2 2.1 | -4.8 2.9 | -0.8 | -1.5 -0.5 |
| Queens | 4.3 | 5.2 | 7.0 | 5.0 | 5.3 |

Table 3.2-3
Prince Edward Island census division — Population estimates and factors of growth from July to June

| | Population 2006 | | | 2005/20 | 006 | | |
|----------------------|-----------------|---------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------|
| | (July 1) | Natural increase | Net international migration | Net interprovincial migration | Net intraprovincial migration | Total net migration | Total growth |
| Prince Edward Island | 138,519 | 162 | 308 22 | -127 | 0 | 181 | 343 |
| Kings | 18,998 | -23 | | 15 | -42 | -5 | -28 |
| Prince | 45,194 | 87 | 64 | -30 | -145 | -111 | -24 |
| Queens | 74,327 | 98 | 222 | -112 | 187 | 297 | 395 |

Table 3.2-4
Prince Edward Island census division — Factors of growth from July to June

| | | | 2005/2006 | | |
|---|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| | Natural growth | Net international migration | Net interprovincial migration | Net intraprovincial migration | Total net migration |
| | | ra | te per thousands | | |
| Prince Edward Island Kings Prince Queens | 1.2 -1.2 1.9 1.3 | 2.2 1.2 1.4 3.0 | -0.9 0.8 -0.7 -1.5 | 0.0 -2.2 -3.2 2.5 | 1.3 -0.3 -2.5 4.0 |

Table 3.3-1

Nova Scotia census division — Annual population estimates at July 1

| | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 |
|-------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Nova Scotia | 932,389 | 934,507 | 936,513 | 937,993 | 936,130 | 934,405 |
| Annapolis | 22,342 | 22,160 | 22,019 | 21,869 | 21,801 | 21,737 |
| Antigonish | 20,101 | 20,059 | 19,981 | 20,028 | 20,078 | 20,136 |
| Cape Breton | 112.157 | 111.017 | 110.385 | 110.318 | 108.885 | 107,367 |
| Colchester | 50,619 | 50,885 | 51,192 | 51,368 | 51,290 | 51,178 |
| Cumberland | 33.440 | 33.266 | 33.055 | 32.939 | 32,889 | 32,815 |
| Digby | 20,067 | 19.873 | 19,828 | 19.615 | 19.432 | 19,247 |
| Guysborough | 10.079 | 9,839 | 9,682 | 9,497 | 9,322 | 9,140 |
| Halifax | 369,085 | 373,817 | 377,066 | 379,384 | 380,583 | 382,203 |
| Hants | 41.622 | 41.684 | 41.814 | 42.028 | 42,033 | 41.999 |
| Inverness | 20.462 | 20.316 | 20.141 | 20.017 | 19.759 | 19,490 |
| Kings | 60,425 | 60,442 | 60,657 | 60,786 | 60,835 | 60,853 |
| Lunenburg | 48,865 | 48,791 | 48,797 | 48,771 | 48.736 | 48,688 |
| Pictou | 48,205 | 47.806 | 47.680 | 47.540 | 47.277 | 46.988 |
| Queens | 12,038 | 11,977 | 11,894 | 11,900 | 11,832 | 11.765 |
| Richmond | 10.490 | 10.286 | 10,140 | 10.032 | 9.948 | 9,859 |
| Shelburne | 16,661 | 16.584 | 16.462 | 16,305 | 16,126 | 15,940 |
| Victoria | 8,171 | 8,153 | 8,142 | 8,053 | 8,001 | 7,941 |
| Yarmouth | 27,560 | 27,552 | 27,578 | 27,543 | 27,303 | 27,059 |

Table 3.3-2

Nova Scotia census division — Population rate of growth from July to June

| | 2001/2002 | 2002/2003 | 2003/2004 | 2004/2005 | 2005/2006 | | | | |
|-------------|-----------|-------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|--|--|--|--|
| | | rate per thousand | | | | | | | |
| Nova Scotia | 2.3 | 2.1 | 1.6 | -2.0 | -1.8 | | | | |
| Annapolis | -8.2 | -6.4 | -6.8 | -3.1 | -2.9 | | | | |
| Antigonish | -2.1 | -3.9 | 2.3 | 2.5 | 2.9 | | | | |
| Cape Breton | -10.2 | -5.7 | -0.6 | -13.1 | -14.0 | | | | |
| Colchester | 5.2 | 6.0 | 3.4 | -1.5 | -2.2 | | | | |
| Cumberland | -5.2 | -6.4 | -3.5 | -1.5 | -2.3 | | | | |
| Digby | -9.7 | -2.3 | -10.8 | -9.4 | -9.6 | | | | |
| Guysborough | -24.1 | -16.1 | -19.3 | -18.6 | -19.7 | | | | |
| Halifax | 12.7 | 8.7 | 6.1 | 3.2 | 4.2 | | | | |
| Hants | 1.5 | 3.1 | 5.1 | 0.1 | -0.8 | | | | |
| Inverness | -7.2 | -8.7 | -6.2 | -13.0 | -13.7 | | | | |
| Kings | 0.3 | 3.6 | 2.1 | 0.8 | 0.3 | | | | |
| Lunenburg | -1.5 | 0.1 | -0.5 | -0.7 | -1.0 | | | | |
| Pictou | -8.3 | -2.6 | -2.9 | -5.5 | -6.1 | | | | |
| Queens | -5.1 | -7.0 | 0.5 | -5.7 | -5.7 | | | | |
| Richmond | -19.6 | -14.3 | -10.7 | -8.4 | -9.0 | | | | |
| Shelburne | -4.6 | -7.4 | -9.6 | -11.0 | -11.6 | | | | |
| Victoria | -2.2 | -1.4 | -11.0 | -6.5 | -7.5 | | | | |
| Yarmouth | -0.3 | 0.9 | -1.3 | -8.8 | -9.0 | | | | |

Table 3.3-3

Nova Scotia census division — Population estimates and factors of growth from July to June

| | Population 2006 | 2005/2006 | | | | | | | |
|-------------|-----------------|---------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------|--|--|
| | (July 1) | Natural increase | Net international migration | Net interprovincial migration | Net intraprovincial migration | Total net migration | Total growth | | |
| Nova Scotia | 934,405 | 171 | 2,034 | -3,930 | 0 | -1,896 | -1,725 | | |
| Annapolis | 21,737 | -144 | 15 | 89 | -24 | 80 | -64 | | |
| Antigonish | 20,136 | 26 | 42 | -68 | 58 | 32 | 58 | | |
| Cape Breton | 107,367 | -284 | 21 | -513 | -742 | -1,234 | -1,518 | | |
| Colchester | 51,178 | -52 | 6 | -266 | 200 | -60 | -112 | | |
| Cumberland | 32,815 | -74 | -7 | -39 | 46 | 0 | -74 | | |
| Digby | 19,247 | -158 | 20 | -3 | -44 | -27 | -185 | | |
| Guysborough | 9,140 | -48 | 3 | -18 | -119 | -134 | -182 | | |
| Halifax | 382,203 | 1,294 | 1,734 | -2,055 | 647 | 326 | 1,620 | | |
| Hants | 41,999 | 61 | 12 | -248 | 141 | -95 | -34 | | |
| Inverness | 19,490 | -30 | 20 | -108 | -151 | -239 | -269 | | |
| Kings | 60,853 | 39 | 46 | -159 | 92 | -21 | 18 | | |
| Lunenburg | 48,688 | -162 | 62 | -94 | 146 | 114 | -48 | | |
| Pictou | 46,988 | -90 | 14 | -226 | 13 | -199 | -289 | | |
| Queens | 11,765 | -51 | 11 | -28 | 1 | -16 | -67 | | |
| Richmond | 9,859 | -19 | 5 | -17 | -58 | -70 | -89 | | |
| Shelburne | 15,940 | -56 | 19 | -69 | -80 | -130 | -186 | | |
| Victoria | 7,941 | -33 | -1 | -39 | 13 | -27 | -60 | | |
| Yarmouth | 27,059 | -48 | 12 | -69 | -139 | -196 | -244 | | |

Table 3.3-4
Nova Scotia census division — Factors of growth from July to June

| | 2005/2006 | | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|--|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Natural growth | Net international migration | Net interprovincial migration | Net intraprovincial migration | Total net migration | | | | | |
| | | rate per thousand | | | | | | | | |
| Nova Scotia Annapolis Antigonish Cape Breton Colchester Cumberland Digby Guysborough Halifax Hants | 0.2 -6.6 1.3 -2.6 -1.0 -2.3 -8.2 -5.2 3.4 1.5 | 2.2 0.7 2.1 0.2 0.1 -0.2 1.0 0.3 4.5 | -4.2 4.1 -3.4 -4.7 -5.2 -1.2 -0.2 -1.9 -5.4 -5.9 | 0.0 -1.1 2.9 -6.9 3.9 1.4 -2.3 -12.9 1.7 3.4 | -2.0 3.7 1.6 -11.4 -1.2 0.0 -1.4 -14.5 0.9 | | | | | |
| Inverness Kings Lunenburg Pictou Queens Richmond Shelburne Victoria Yarmouth | -1.5 0.6 -3.3 -1.9 -4.3 -1.9 -3.5 -4.1 | 1.0 0.8 1.3 0.3 0.9 0.5 1.2 -0.1 | -5.5 -2.6 -1.9 -4.8 -2.4 -1.7 -4.3 -4.9 -2.5 | -7.7 1.5 3.0 0.3 0.1 -5.9 -5.0 1.6 -5.1 | -12.2 -0.3 2.3 -4.2 -1.4 -7.1 -8.1 -3.4 -7.2 | | | | | |

Table 3.4-1

New Brunswick census division — Annual population estimates at July 1

| | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 |
|----------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| New Brunswick | 749,890 | 750,327 | 751,222 | 752,080 | 751,481 | 749,168 |
| Albert | 27,520 | 27,647 | 27,939 | 28,102 | 28,297 | 28,443 |
| Carleton | 27,952 | 28,057 | 28,031 | 28,026 | 27,979 | 27,863 |
| Charlotte | 28,129 | 28,088 | 28,028 | 27,993 | 27,909 | 27,770 |
| Gloucester | 85,199 | 84,132 | 83,215 | 82,376 | 81,648 | 80,732 |
| Kent | 32,256 | 32,163 | 32,044 | 31,896 | 31,736 | 31,552 |
| Kings | 66,000 | 66,555 | 67,011 | 67,518 | 67,986 | 68,321 |
| Maďawaska | 36,578 | 36,373 | 36,036 | 35,754 | 35,392 | 34,908 |
| Northumberland | 52,240 | 51,783 | 51,412 | 51,097 | 50,702 | 50,206 |
| Queens | 12,184 | 12,136 | 12,097 | 12,067 | 11,964 | 11,848 |
| Restigouche | 37.104 | 36.435 | 36.136 | 35.575 | 35.147 | 34,620 |
| Saint John | 78,511 | 78,120 | 77,958 | 77,793 | 77,216 | 76,451 |
| Sunbury | 26.553 | 26,719 | 26,903 | 27,151 | 27,139 | 26,926 |
| Victoria | 21.758 | 21,575 | 21,587 | 21,431 | 21,417 | 21,355 |
| Westmorland | 128,209 | 129.973 | 131,606 | 133.502 | 134.688 | 135,638 |
| York | 89,697 | 90,571 | 91,219 | 91,799 | 92,261 | 92,535 |

Table 3.4-2

New Brunswick census division — Population rate of growth from July to June

| | 2001/2002 | 2002/2003 | 2003/2004 | 2004/2005 | 2005/2006 | | |
|----------------|-------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|--|--|
| | rate per thousand | | | | | | |
| New Brunswick | 0.6 | 1.2 | 1.1 | -0.8 | -3.1 | | |
| Albert | 4.6 | 10.5 | 5.8 | 6.9 | 5.1 | | |
| Carleton | 3.7 | -0.9 | -0.2 | -1.7 | -4.2 | | |
| Charlotte | -1.5 | -2.1 | -1.2 | -3.0 | -5.0 | | |
| Gloucester | -12.6 | -11.0 | -10.1 | -8.9 | -11.3 | | |
| Kent | -2.9 | -3.7 | -4.6 | -5.0 | -5.8 | | |
| Kings | 8.4 | 6.8 | 7.5 | 6.9 | 4.9 | | |
| Maďawaska | -5.6 | -9.3 | -7.9 | -10.2 | -13.8 | | |
| Northumberland | -8.8 | -7.2 | -6.1 | -7.8 | -9.8 | | |
| Queens | -3.9 | -3.2 | -2.5 | -8.6 | -9.7 | | |
| Restigouche | -18.2 | -8.2 | -15.6 | -12.1 | -15.1 | | |
| Saint John | -5.0 | -2.1 | -2.1 | -7.4 | -10.0 | | |
| Sunbury | 6.2 | 6.9 | 9.2 | -0.4 | -7.9 | | |
| /ictoria | -8.4 | 0.6 | -7.3 | -0.7 | -2.9 | | |
| Westmorland | 13.7 | 12.5 | 14.3 | 8.8 | 7.0 | | |
| York | 9.7 | 7.1 | 6.3 | 5.0 | 3.0 | | |

Table 3.4-3

New Brunswick census division — Population estimates and factors of growth from July to June

| | Population 2006 2005/2006 | | | | | | |
|----------------|---------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------|
| | (July 1) | Natural increase | Net international migration | Net interprovincial migration | Net intraprovincial migration | Total net migration | Total growth |
| New Brunswick | 749,168 | 252 | 1,223 | -3,788 | 0 | -2,565 | -2,313 |
| Albert | 28,443 | 75 | 52 | -105 | 124 | 71 | 146 |
| Carleton | 27,863 | 32 | 61 | -233 | 24 | -148 | -116 |
| Charlotte | 27,770 | -85 | 44 | -58 | -40 | -54 | -139 |
| Gloucester | 80,732 | -91 | -3 | -511 | -311 | -825 | -916 |
| Kent | 31,552 | -27 | 34 | 10 | -201 | -157 | -184 |
| Kings | 68,321 | 239 | 55 | -272 | 313 | 96 | 335 |
| Maďawaska | 34,908 | -52 | 6 | -306 | -132 | -432 | -484 |
| Northumberland | 50,206 | -52 | 34 | -270 | -208 | -444 | -496 |
| Queens | 11,848 | -104 | 13 | 8 | -33 | -12 | -116 |
| Restigouche | 34,620 | -87 | 5 | -260 | -185 | -440 | -527 |
| Saint John | 76,451 | -99 | 235 | -488 | -413 | -666 | -765 |
| Sunbury | 26,926 | 171 | 16 | -381 | -19 | -384 | -213 |
| Victoria | 21,355 | -11 | -2 | -107 | 58 | -51 | -62 |
| Westmorland | 135,638 | 144 | 326 | -372 | 852 | 806 | 950 |
| York | 92,535 | 199 | 347 | -443 | 171 | 75 | 274 |

Table 3.4-4
New Brunswick census division — Factors of growth from July to June

| | 2005/2006 | | | | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|---|--|--|--|
| | Natural growth | Net international migration | Net interprovincial migration | Net intraprovincial migration | Total net migration | | | |
| | | | rate per 1,000 | | | | | |
| New Brunswick Albert Carleton Charlotte Gloucester Kent Kings Madawaska Northumberland Queens Restigouche Saint John | 0.3 2.6 1.1 -3.1 -1.1 -0.9 3.5 -1.5 -1.0 -8.7 -2.5 -1.3 | 1.6 1.8 2.2 1.6 0.0 1.1 0.8 0.2 0.7 1.1 0.1 3.1 | -5.0 -3.7 -8.3 -2.1 -6.3 0.3 -4.0 -8.7 -5.4 0.7 -7.5 | 0.0 4.4 0.9 -1.4 -3.8 -6.4 4.6 -3.8 -4.1 -2.8 -5.3 | -3.4 2.5 -5.3 -1.9 -10.2 -5.0 1.4 -12.3 -8.8 -1.0 -12.6 | | | |
| Sunbury Victoria Westmorland York | 6.3 -0.5 1.1 2.2 | 0.6 -0.1 2.4 3.8 | -14.1 -5.0 -2.8 -4.8 | -0.7 2.7 6.3 1.9 | -14.2 -2.4 6.0 0.8 | | | |

Table 3.5-1

Quebec census division — Annual population estimates at July 1

| | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 |
|---|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Quebec | 7,396,990 | 7,445,745 | 7,494,690 | 7,548,589 | 7,597,768 | 7,651,531 |
| Abitibi Abitibi-Ouest | 25,090 22,405 | 24,714 22,008 | 24,551 21,596 | 24,347 21,298 | 24,407 21,105 | 24,515 21,026 |
| Acton | 15,467 | 15,409 | 15,380 | 15,445 | 15,403 | 15,450 |
| Antoine-Labelle | 34,107 | 34,438 | 34,717 | 35,042 | 35,220 | 35,373 |
| Argenteuil | 29,465 | 29,661 | 29,938 | 30,301 | 30,611 | 30,787 |
| Arthabaska | 65,362 | 65,657 | 65,870 | 66,181 | 66,586 | 67,140 |
| Asbestos | 14,813 | 14,754 | 14,681 | 14,507 | 14,555 | 14,546 |
| Avignon | 15,557 | 15,477 | 15,442 | 15,393 | 15,381 | 15,347 |
| Beauce-Sartigan | 48,820 | 48,887 | 49,130 | 49,312 | 49,616 | 49,864 |
| Beauharnois-Salaberry Bécancour | 60,274 | 60,357 19,360 | 60,446 19,327 | 60,703 19,438 | 60,904 | 61,086 |
| Bellechasse | 19,457 30,139 | 30,208 | 30,242 | 30,250 | 19,415 30,173 | 19,493 30,047 |
| Bonaventure | 18,617 | 18,446 | 18,372 | 18,507 | 18,476 | 18,338 |
| Brome-Missisquoi | 47,045 | 47,110 | 47,231 | 47,345 | 47,413 | 47,537 |
| Champlain | 318,139 | 319,960 | 322,313 | 324,228 | 325,236 | 326,781 |
| Charlevoix | 13,418 | 13,389 | 13,319 | 13,286 | 13,229 | 13,202 |
| Charlevoix-Est | 16,942 | 16,801 | 16,795 | 16,672 | 16,562 | 16,365 |
| Coaticook | 16,921 | 16,960 | 16,964 | 16,909 | 16,958 | 17,014 |
| Communauté-Urbaine-de-l'Outaouais | 231,344 | 235,038 | 239,067 | 243,259 | 246,695 | 249,374 |
| Communauté-Urbaine-de-Montréal | 1,851,746 | 1,867,278 | 1,872,782 | 1,873,805 | 1,872,344 | 1,873,971 |
| Communauté-Urbaine-de-Québec | 519,938 | 523,494 | 526,005 | 529,742 | 531,106 | 534,751 |
| D'Autray | 39,092 | 39,346 53,043 | 39,407 | 39,745 | 40,278 | 40,675 |
| Desjardins Deux-Montagnes | 52,861 84,365 | 85,204 | 53,709 86,281 | 54,296 87,598 | 55,010 88,842 | 55,627 90,102 |
| Drummond | 89,560 | 90,398 | 91,340 | 92,534 | 93,704 | 94,764 |
| Francheville | 141,041 | 140,977 | 141,270 | 141,877 | 142,417 | 142,949 |
| Joliette | 55,219 | 55,565 | 56,511 | 57,537 | 58,614 | 59,274 |
| Kamouraska | 22,927 | 22,664 | 22,525 | 22,480 | 22,427 | 22,360 |
| L'Amiante | 44,070 | 43,785 | 43,508 | 43,407 | 43,364 | 43,136 |
| L'Assomption | 106,028 | 106,459 | 107,256 | 108,471 | 110,203 | 112,602 |
| L'Érable | 24,487 | 24,320 | 24,201 | 24,071 | 23,672 | 23,586 |
| L'Île-d'Orléans | 6,912 | 6,874 | 6,891 | 6,840 | 6,778 | 6,746 |
| L'Islet | 19,745 | 19,522 | 19,361 | 19,355 | 19,142 | 18,980 |
| La Côte-de-Beaupré | 21,389 | 21,559 | 21,889 | 22,140 | 22,556 | 22,842 |
| La Côte-de-Gaspé | 18,894 | 18,535 | 18,125 | 17,919 | 17,801 | 17,804 |
| La Haute-Côte-Nord | 13,147 | 12,955 | 12,831 | 12,691 | 12,598 | 12,409 |
| La Haute-Gaspésie | 12,964 | 12,797 | 12,668 | 12,625 | 12,584 | 12,549 |
| La Haute-Yamaska | 80,758 26,984 | 81,723 27,618 | 82,831 28,281 | 84,151 29,017 | 85,587 29,772 | 87,050 30,835 |
| La Jacques-Cartier La Matapédia | 20,304 | 20,014 | 19.752 | 19,642 | 19,528 | 19,386 |
| La Mitis | 19,699 | 19,615 | 19,532 | 19,449 | 19,418 | 19,390 |
| La Nouvelle-Beauce | 26,361 | 26,413 | 26,514 | 26,696 | 26,873 | 27,161 |
| La Région-Sherbrookoise | 144,143 | 145,751 | 147,392 | 148,812 | 150,254 | 150,693 |
| La Rivière-du-Nord | 92,205 | 93,730 | 96,170 | 98,939 | 101,511 | 103,418 |
| La Vallée-de-la-Gatineau | 19,951 | 19,908 | 20,046 | 20,112 | 20,176 | 20,174 |
| La Vallée-du-Richelieu | 122,351 | 123,597 | 125,706 | 128,074 | 130,518 | 132,511 |
| Lac-Saint-Jean-Est | 52,765 | 52,464 | 52,058 | 51,972 | 51,720 | 51,664 |
| Lajemmerais | 102,279 | 103,809 | 104,752 | 106,139 | 107,667 | 108,568 |
| Laval Le Bas-Richelieu | 349,896 51.017 | 355,308 50,756 | 360,555 50,839 | 365,644 50,932 | 371,061 51,044 | 376,845 51,114 |
| Le Centre-de-la-Mauricie | 66,070 | 65,374 | 65,070 | 64,808 | 64,632 | 64,670 |
| Le Domaine-du-Roy | 33,485 | 33,080 | 32,744 | 32,485 | 32,328 | 32,243 |
| Le Fjord-du-Saquenay | 170,038 | 168,458 | 167,129 | 165,846 | 164,519 | 164,085 |
| Le Granit | 22,262 | 22,288 | 22,245 | 22,089 | 22,126 | 22,125 |
| Le Haut-Richelieu | 102,734 | 103,765 | 105,199 | 107,124 | 108,890 | 110,119 |
| Le Haut-Saint-François | 21,810 | 21,819 | 21,928 | 22,079 | 22,121 | 22,382 |
| Le Haut-Saint-Laurent | 24,923 | 24,894 | 25,048 | 25,052 | 25,067 | 25,073 |
| Le Haut-Saint-Maurice | 16,176 | 15,926 | 15,868 | 15,843 | 15,829 | 15,846 |
| Le Rocher-Percé | 19,666 | 19,363 | 19,165 | 19,010 | 18,843 | 18,728 |
| Le Val-Saint-François | 28,729 | 28,871 | 28,978 | 29,234 | 29,381 | 29,597 |
| Les Basques | 10,035 | 9,919 | 9,803 81.736 | 9,685 82,501 | 9,579 83,574 | 9,451 |
| Les Chutes-de-la-Chaudière Les Collines-de-l'Outaouais | 80,413 35,886 | 81,313 36,874 | 81,726 37,771 | 82,591 38,217 | 83,574 39,550 | 85,152 41,017 |
| Les Collines-de-i Outaouais Les Etchemins | 35,886 18,080 | 36,874 17,989 | 37,771 17,954 | 38,217 17,872 | 39,550 17,758 | 41,017 17,644 |
| Les Étalemins Les Îles-de-la-Madeleine | | | 13,032 | 13,011 | 13,030 | |
| Les Jardins-de-Napierville | 13,069 23,270 | 13,028 23,452 | 23,560 | 23,839 | 24,021 | 13,106 24,419 |
| Les Laurentides | 39,336 | 39,792 | 40,473 | 41,258 | 42,214 | 42,764 |
| Les Maskoutains | 80,481 | 80,599 | 81.013 | 81,269 | 81,480 | 81,938 |
| | | | | | | |
| Les Moulins | 112,307 | 114,632 | 118,008 | 122,541 | 127,371 | 131,318 |

Table 3.5-1 – continued

Quebec census division — Annual population estimates at July 1

| · | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 |
|---------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Lotbinière | 27,379 | 27,278 | 27,388 | 27,489 | 27,659 | 27,755 |
| Manicouagan | 34,286 | 33,834 | 33,589 | 33,436 | 33,136 | 32,775 |
| Maria-Chapdelaine | 27,431 | 27,065 | 26,737 | 26,429 | 26,212 | 26,103 |
| Maskinongé | 23,841 | 23,809 | 23,784 | 23,870 | 23,996 | 24,041 |
| Matane | 22,936 | 22,676 | 22,454 | 22,407 | 22,358 | 22,425 |
| Matawinie | 44,008 | 44,781 | 45,770 | 46,566 | 47,195 | 47,660 |
| Mékinac | 13,049 | 13,039 | 12,904 | 12,900 | 12,924 | 12,955 |
| Memphrémagog | 42,703 | 43,139 | 43,859 | 44,618 | 45,178 | 45,804 |
| Minganie-Basse-Côte-Nord | 12,562 | 12,501 | 12,399 | 12,308 | 12,368 | 12,300 |
| Mirabel | 27,887 | 29,226 | 30,879 | 32,322 | 33,823 | 35,342 |
| Montcalm | 39,496 | 39,742 | 39,976 | 40,864 | 42,276 | 43,343 |
| Montmagny | 23,884 | 23,778 | 23,680 | 23,505 | 23,480 | 23,420 |
| Nicolet-Yamaska | 23,944 | 23,632 | 23,399 | 23,381 | 23,165 | 23,116 |
| Nord-du-Québec | 39,397 | 39,596 | 39,853 | 40,137 | 40,414 | 40,637 |
| Papineau | 20,762 | 20,858 | 21,109 | 21,442 | 21,587 | 21,687 |
| Pontiac | 14,827 | 14,757 | 14,804 | 14,870 | 14,961 | 14,962 |
| Portneuf | 45,815 | 45,964 | 46,079 | 46,386 | 46,465 | 46,727 |
| Rimouski-Neigette | 53,308 | 53,100 | 53,314 | 53,398 | 53,413 | 53,545 |
| Rivière-du-Loup | 32,446 | 32,475 | 32,576 | 32,940 | 33,129 | 33,390 |
| Robert-Cliche | 19,145 | 19,068 | 19,073 | 19,034 | 19,016 | 18,991 |
| Roussillon | 149,298 | 151,364 | 153,804 | 156,718 | 158,832 | 161,231 |
| Rouville | 30,559 | 30,650 | 30,846 | 31,179 | 31,481 | 32,119 |
| Rouyn-Noranda | 40,395 | 39,946 | 39,481 | 39,214 | 39,093 | 39,308 |
| Sept-Rivières-Caniapiscau | 39,713 | 38,874 | 38,473 | 38,463 | 38,376 | 38,464 |
| Témiscamingue | 17,838 | 17,691 | 17,493 | 17,363 | 17,231 | 17,176 |
| Témiscouata | 22,851 | 22,520 | 22,339 | 22,019 | 21,927 | 21,745 |
| Thérèse-De Blainville | 133,169 | 136,277 | 138,912 | 141,008 | 143,163 | 145,059 |
| Vallée-de-l'Or | 43,206 | 42,830 | 42,878 | 42,948 | 42,782 | 42,810 |
| Vaudreuil-Soulanges | 104,104 | 107,163 | 110,315 | 114,071 | 118,127 | 121,967 |

Table 3.5-2 Quebec census division — Population rate of growth from July to June

| | 2001/2002 | 2002/2003 | 2003/2004 | 2004/2005 | 2005/2006 |
|---|--------------|---------------------------|-----------------|--------------|--------------|
| _ | | ra | te per thousand | | |
| Quebec | 6.6 | 6.6 | 7.2 | 6.5 | 7.1 |
| Abitibi | -15.1 | -6.6 | -8.3 | 2.5 | 4.4 |
| Abitibi-Ouest | -17.9 | -18.9 -1.9 | -13.9 | -9.1 -2.7 | -3.8 |
| Acton Antoine-Labelle | -3.8 9.7 | -1.9 8.1 | 4.2 9.3 | -2.7 5.1 | 3.0 4.3 |
| Argenteuil | 6.6 | 9.3 | 12.1 | 10.2 | 5.7 |
| Arthabaska | 4.5 | 3.2 | 4.7 | 6.1 | 8.3 |
| Asbestos | -4.0 | -5.0 | -11.9 | 3.3 | -0.6 |
| Avignon | -5.2 | -2.3 | -3.2 | -0.8 | -2.2 |
| Beauce-Sartigan | 1.4 | 5.0 | 3.7 | 6.1 | 5.0 |
| Beauharnois-Salaberry | 1.4 | 1.5 | 4.2 | 3.3 | 3.0 |
| Bécancour Bellechasse | -5.0 2.3 | -1.7 | 5.7 | -1.2 | 4.0 -4.2 |
| Bonaventure | -9.2 | 1.1 -4.0 | 0.3 7.3 | -2.5 -1.7 | -4.2 -7.5 |
| Brome-Missisquoi | 1.4 | 2.6 | 2.4 | 1.4 | 2.6 |
| Champlain | 5.7 | 7.3 | 5.9 | 3.1 | 4.7 |
| Charlevoix | -2.2 | -5.2 | -2.5 | -4.3 | -2.0 |
| Charlevoix-Est | -8.4 | -0.4 | -7.4 | -6.6 | -12.0 |
| Coaticook | 2.3 | 0.2 | -3.2 | 2.9 | 3.3 |
| Communauté-Urbaine-de-l'Outaouais | 15.8 | 17.0 | 17.4 | 14.0 | 10.8 |
| Communauté-Urbaine-de-Montréal | 8.4 | 2.9 | 0.5 | -0.8 | 0.9 |
| Communauté-Urbaine-de-Québec | 6.8 6.5 | 4.8 1.5 | 7.1 | 2.6 13.3 | 6.8 9.8 |
| D'Autray Desjardins | 3.4 | 1.5 12.5 | 8.5 10.9 | 13.3 | 9.6 11.2 |
| Deux-Montagnes | 9.9 | 12.6 | 15.1 | 14.1 | 14.1 |
| Drummond | 9.3 | 10.4 | 13.0 | 12.6 | 11.2 |
| Francheville | -0.5 | 2.1 | 4.3 | 3.8 | 3.7 |
| Joliette | 6.2 | 16.9 | 18.0 | 18.5 | 11.2 |
| Kamouraska | -11.5 | -6.2 | -2.0 | -2.4 | -3.0 |
| L'Amiante | -6.5 | -6.3 | -2.3 | -1.0 | -5.3 |
| L'Assomption | 4.1 | 7.5 | 11.3 | 15.8 | 21.5 |
| L'Érable | -6.8 | -4.9 | -5.4 | -16.7 | -3.6 |
| L'Île-d'Orléans | -5.5 | 2.5 | -7.4 | -9.1 | -4.7 |
| L'Islet | -11.4 | -8.3 | -0.3 | -11.1 | -8.5 |
| La Côte-de-Beaupré La Côte-de-Gaspé | 7.9 -19.2 | 15.2 -22.4 | 11.4 -11.4 | 18.6 -6.6 | 12.6 0.2 |
| La Cote-de-Gaspe La Haute-Côte-Nord | -19.2 | -22. 4 -9.6 | -11.4 -11.0 | -0.0 -7.4 | -15.1 |
| La Haute-Gaspésie | -13.0 | -10.1 | -3.4 | -3.3 | -2.8 |
| La Haute-Yamaska | 11.9 | 13.5 | 15.8 | 16.9 | 16.9 |
| La Jacques-Cartier | 23.2 | 23.7 | 25.7 | 25.7 | 35.1 |
| La Matapédia | -14.4 | -13.2 | -5.6 | -5.8 | -7.3 |
| La Mitis | -4.3 | -4.2 | -4.3 | -1.6 | -1.4 |
| La Nouvelle-Beauce | 2.0 | 3.8 | 6.8 | 6.6 | 10.7 |
| La Région-Sherbrookoise La Rivière-du-Nord | 11.1 16.4 | 11.2 25.7 | 9.6 28.4 | 9.6 25.7 | 2.9 18.6 |
| La Vallée-de-la-Gatineau | -2.2 | 6.9 | 3.3 | 3.2 | -0.1 |
| La Vallée-du-Richelieu | 10.1 | 16.9 | 18.7 | 18.9 | 15.2 |
| Lac-Saint-Jean-Est | -5.7 | -7.8 | -1.7 | -4.9 | -1.1 |
| Lajemmerais | 14.8 | 9.0 | 13.2 | 14.3 | 8.3 |
| Laval | 15.3 | 14.7 | 14.0 | 14.7 | 15.5 |
| Le Bas-Richelieu | -5.1 | 1.6 | 1.8 | 2.2 | 1.4 |
| Le Centre-de-la-Mauricie | -10.6 | -4.7 | -4.0 | -2.7 | 0.6 |
| Le Domaine-du-Roy | -12.2 | -10.2 | -7.9 | -4.8 | -2.6 |
| Le Fjord-du-Saguenay | -9.3 1.3 | -7.9 1.0 | -7.7 7.0 | -8.0 1.7 | -2.6 |
| Le Granit Le Haut-Richelieu | 1.2 10.0 | -1.9 13.7 | -7.0 18.1 | 1.7 16.4 | 0.0 11.2 |
| Le Haut-Nichelleu Le Haut-Saint-François | 0.4 | 5.0 | 6.9 | 1.9 | 11.7 |
| Le Haut-Saint-Laurent | -1.2 | 6.2 | 0.2 | 0.6 | 0.2 |
| Le Haut-Saint-Maurice | -15.6 | -3.6 | -1.6 | -0.9 | 1.1 |
| Le Rocher-Percé | -15.5 | -10.3 | -8.1 | -8.8 | -6.1 |
| Le Val-Saint-François | 4.9 | 3.7 | 8.8 | 5.0 | 7.3 |
| Les Basques | -11.6 | -11.8 | -12.1 | -11.0 | -13.5 |
| Les Chutes-de-la-Chaudière | 11.1 | 5.1 | 10.5 | 11.8 | 18.7 |
| Les Collines-de-l'Outaouais | 27.2 | 24.0 | 11.7 | 34.3 | 36.4 |
| Les Etchemins | -5.0 | -1.9 | -4.6 | -6.4 | -6.4 |
| Les Îles-de-la-Madeleine | -3.1 | 0.3 | -1.6 | 1.5 | 5.8 |
| Les Jardins-de-Napierville | 7.8 | 4.6 | 11.8 | 7.6 | 16.4 |
| Les Laurentides Les Maskoutains | 11.5 | 17.0 5.1 | 19.2 | 22.9 | 12.9 |
| Les iviaskoutains | 1.5 | 5.1 | 3.2 | 2.6 | 5.6 |

Table 3.5-2 – continued

Quebec census division — Population rate of growth from July to June

| | 2001/2002 | 2002/2003 | 2003/2004 | 2004/2005 | 2005/2006 | | | |
|---------------------------|-------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|--|--|--|
| | rate per thousand | | | | | | | |
| Les Moulins | 20.5 | 29.0 | 37.7 | 38.7 | 30.5 | | | |
| Les Pays-d'en-Haut | 33.1 | 26.6 | 25.9 | 24.7 | 17.0 | | | |
| Lotbinière | -3.7 | 4.0 | 3.7 | 6.2 | 3.5 | | | |
| Manicouagan | -13.3 | -7.3 | -4.6 | -9.0 | -11.0 | | | |
| Maria-Chapdelaine | -13.4 | -12.2 | -11.6 | -8.2 | -4.2 | | | |
| Maskinongé | -1.3 | -1.1 | 3.6 | 5.3 | 1.9 | | | |
| Matane | -11.4 | -9.8 | -2.1 | -2.2 | 3.0 | | | |
| Matawinie | 17.4 | 21.8 | 17.2 | 13.4 | 9.8 | | | |
| Mékinac | -0.8 | -10.4 | -0.3 | 1.9 | 2.4 | | | |
| Memphrémagog | 10.2 | 16.6 | 17.2 | 12.5 | 13.8 | | | |
| Minganie-Basse-Côte-Nord | -4.9 | -8.2 | -7.4 | 4.9 | -5.5 | | | |
| Mirabel | 46.9 | 55.0 | 45.7 | 45.4 | 43.9 | | | |
| Montcalm | 6.2 | 5.9 | 22.0 | 34.0 | 24.9 | | | |
| Montmagny | -4.4 | -4.1 | -7.4 | -1.1 | -2.6 | | | |
| Nicolet-Yamaska | -13.1 | -9.9 | -0.8 | -9.3 | -2.1 | | | |
| Nord-du-Québec | 5.0 | 6.5 | 7.1 | 6.9 | 5.5 | | | |
| Papineau | 4.6 | 12.0 | 15.7 | 6.7 | 4.6 | | | |
| Pontiac | -4.7 | 3.2 | 4.4 | 6.1 | 0.1 | | | |
| Portneuf | 3.2 | 2.5 | 6.6 | 1.7 | 5.6 | | | |
| Rimouski-Neigette | -3.9 | 4.0 | 1.6 | 0.3 | 2.5 | | | |
| Rivière-du-Loup | 0.9 | 3.1 | 11.1 | 5.7 | 7.8 | | | |
| Robert-Cliche | -4.0 | 0.3 | -2.0 | -0.9 | -1.3 | | | |
| Roussillon | 13.7 | 16.0 | 18.8 | 13.4 | 15.0 | | | |
| Rouville | 3.0 | 6.4 | 10.7 | 9.6 | 20.1 | | | |
| Rouyn-Noranda | -11.2 | -11.7 | -6.8 | -3.1 | 5.5 | | | |
| Sept-Rivières-Caniapiscau | -21.4 | -10.4 | -0.3 | -2.3 | 2.3 | | | |
| Témiscamingue | -8.3 | -11.3 | -7.5 | -7.6 | -3.2 | | | |
| Témiscouata | -14.6 | -8.1 | -14.4 | -4.2 | -8.3 | | | |
| Thérèse-De Blainville | 23.1 | 19.2 | 15.0 | 15.2 | 13.2 | | | |
| Vallée-de-l'Or | -8.7 | 1.1 | 1.6 | -3.9 | 0.7 | | | |
| Vaudreuil-Soulanges | 29.0 | 29.0 | 33.5 | 34.9 | 32.0 | | | |

Table 3.5-3

Quebec census division — Population estimates and factors of growth from July to June

| Pop | oulation 2006 | | | 2005/2 | 006 | | |
|--|-------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------|
| | (July 1) | Natural increase | Net international migration | Net interprovincial migration | Net intraprovincial migration | Total net migration | Total growth |
| Quebec | 7,651,531 | 25,550 | 36,368 | -8,155 | 0 | 28,213 | 53,763 |
| Abitibi | 24,515 | 103 | -6 | 21 | -39 | -24 | 108 |
| Abitibi-Ouest | 21,026 | 15 | 9 | 0 | -204 | -195 | -79 |
| Acton | 15,450 | 22 21 | 1 12 | -4 -19 | -50 185 | -53 178 | 47 153 |
| Antoine-Labelle Argenteuil | 35,373 30,787 | 22 | 5 | -19 | 307 | 296 | 176 |
| Arthabaska | 67,140 | 203 | 83 | -10 | 171 | 249 | 554 |
| Asbestos | 14,546 | 6 | 4 | -8 | 56 | 52 | -9 |
| Avignon | 15,347 | 13 | -4 | 22 | -36 | -18 | -34 |
| Beauce-Sartigan | 49,864 | 274 | -4 | -32 | 93 | 57 | 248 |
| Beauharnois-Salaberry | 61,086 | -18 | 8 | -26 | 278 | 260 | 182 |
| Bécancour | 19,493 | 43 | -6 | -9 | -39 | -54 | 78 |
| Bellechasse | 30,047 | 68 | -21 | -14 | -89 | -124 | -126 |
| Bonaventure | 18,338 | 12 | -5 | 48 | -70 | -27 | -138 |
| Brome-Missisquoi | 47,537 | 30 | 13 | -76 | 123 | 60 | 124 |
| Champlain | 326,781 | 1,103 | 1,840 | -542 | -1,304 | -6 | 1,545 |
| Charlevoix | 13,202 | -16 | -5 11 | 1 | -27 90 | -31 | -27 |
| Charlevoix-Est | 16,365 17,014 | -13 61 | 11 11 | -8 10 | -89 -17 | -86 4 | -197 56 |
| Coaticook Communauté-Urbaine-de-l'Outaouais | 249.374 | 1,434 | 912 | 927 | -17 184 | 2,023 | 2,679 |
| Communauté-Urbaine-de-Montréal | 1,873,971 | 6,904 | 27,368 | -6,536 | -27,846 | -7,014 | 1,627 |
| Communauté-Urbaine-de-Québec | 534.751 | 678 | 1,682 | -542 | -27,0 4 0 -149 | 991 | 3,645 |
| D'Autray | 40,675 | 79 | -9 | -24 | 517 | 484 | 397 |
| Desjardins | 55,627 | 313 | 49 | 5 | 383 | 437 | 617 |
| Deux-Montagnes | 90,102 | 417 | 21 | -31 | 890 | 880 | 1,260 |
| Drummond | 94,764 | 330 | 298 | -53 | 652 | 897 | 1,060 |
| Francheville | 142,949 | 78 | 221 | -25 | 372 | 568 | 532 |
| Joliette | 59,274 | 18 | 159 | -9 | 960 | 1,110 | 660 |
| Kamouraska | 22,360 | 7 | 14 | -9 | -53 | -48 | -67 |
| L'Amiante | 43,136 | -17 | 49 | -11 | -35 | 3 | -228 |
| L'Assomption | 112,602 | 286 | 51 | -4 | 1,456 | 1,503 | 2,399 |
| L'Érable | 23,586 | 28 | 0 | -16 | -398 | -414 | -86 |
| L'Île-d'Orléans | 6,746 | 9 | -20 | 7 | -54 | -67 | -32 |
| L'Islet | 18,980 | 8 | -23 | -11 | -174 | -208 | -162 |
| La Côte-de-Beaupré | 22,842 | 50 | 7 | -3 | 377 | 381 | 286 |
| La Côte-de-Gaspé | 17,804 | -40 | 1 | -2 | -65 | -66 | 3 |
| La Haute-Côte-Nord | 12,409 | 58 | 8 | -4 | -147 | -143 | -189 |
| La Haute-Gaspésie | 12,549 | -29 | 6 | 3 | -10 | -1 | -35 |
| La Haute-Yamaska | 87,050 | 303 | 272 | -22 | 931 | 1,181 | 1,463 |
| La Jacques-Cartier | 30,835 | 327 -7 | 26 | -183 16 | 553 -101 | 396 | 1,063 |
| La Matapédia La Mitis | 19,386 19,390 | -7 -58 | -5 -2 | 16 13 | 32 | -90 43 | -142 -28 |
| La Nouvelle-Beauce | 27,161 | 177 | 3 | -26 | 40 | 17 | 288 |
| La Région-Sherbrookoise | 150,693 | 449 | 1,042 | -123 | 177 | 1,096 | 439 |
| La Rivière-du-Nord | 103,418 | 366 | 46 | 10 | 2,217 | 2,273 | 1,907 |
| La Vallée-de-la-Gatineau | 20,174 | 49 | 3 | 0 | 24 | 27 | -2 |
| La Vallée-du-Richelieu | 132,511 | 747 | 10 | -2 | 1,774 | 1,782 | 1,993 |
| Lac-Saint-Jean-Est | 51,664 | 174 | -14 | -10 | -363 | -387 | -56 |
| Lajemmerais | 108,568 | 768 | -4 | 14 | 818 | 828 | 901 |
| Laval | 376,845 | 1,628 | 1,363 | -200 | 2,837 | 4,000 | 5,784 |
| Le Bas-Richelieu | 51,114 | -52 | 17 | -2 | 189 | 204 | 70 |
| Le Centre-de-la-Mauricie | 64,670 | -236 | -6 | 0 | 115 | 109 | 38 |
| Le Domaine-du-Roy | 32,243 | 7 | 29 | -21 | -151 | -143 | -85 |
| Le Fjord-du-Saguenay | 164,085 | 280 | 145 | -143 | -1,523 | -1,521 | -434 |
| Le Granit | 22,125 | 66 313 | 24 | -7 7 | -29 1 429 | -12 1 527 | -1 1 220 |
| Le Haut-Richelieu Le Haut-Saint-François | 110,119 22,382 | 65 | 82 32 | -16 | 1,438 -27 | 1,527 -11 | 1,229 261 |
| Le Haut-Saint-François Le Haut-Saint-Laurent | 25,073 | -1 | -19 | -10 -40 | -27 88 | 29 | 6 |
| Le Haut-Saint-Maurice | 15,846 | 68 | 10 | - 4 0 -9 | -70 | -69 | 17 |
| Le Rocher-Percé | 18,728 | -83 | 4 | -14 | -62 | -72 | -115 |
| Le Val-Saint-François | 29,597 | 93 | -8 | -35 | 119 | 76 | 216 |
| Les Basques | 9,451 | -28 | -1 | -9 | -62 | -72 | -128 |
| Les Chutes-de-la-Chaudière | 85,152 | 502 | 13 | -94 | 601 | 520 | 1,578 |
| Les Collines-de-l'Outaouais | 41,017 | 333 | 5 | 335 | 694 | 1,034 | 1,467 |
| Les Etchemins | 17,644 | 3 | -10 | -3 | -92 | -105 | -114 |
| Les Îles-de-la-Madeleine | 13,106 | 7 | 1 | -1 | 23 | 23 | 76 |
| Les Jardins-de-Napierville | 24,419 | 100 | 5 | -19 | 110 | 96 | 398 |
| | | | | | | | |

Table 3.5-3 – continued

Quebec census division — Population estimates and factors of growth from July to June

| | Population 2006 | | | 2005/2 | 006 | | |
|---------------------------|-----------------|---------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------|
| | (July 1) | Natural increase | Net international migration | Net interprovincial migration | Net intraprovincial migration | Total net migration | Total growth |
| Les Laurentides | 42,764 | 51 | 36 | 1 | 900 | 937 | 550 |
| Les Maskoutains | 81,938 | 149 | 207 | -34 | -60 | 113 | 458 |
| Les Moulins | 131,318 | 1,012 | 24 | 0 | 3,868 | 3,892 | 3,947 |
| Les Pays-d'en-Haut | 35,776 | 10 | 79 | 26 | 770 | 875 | 602 |
| Lotbinière | 27,755 | 69 | -4 | -12 | 136 | 120 | 96 |
| Manicouagan | 32,775 | 133 | -6 | -25 | -382 | -413 | -361 |
| Maria-Chapdelaine | 26,103 | 72 | 13 | -11 | -276 | -274 | -109 |
| Maskinongé | 24,041 | -2 | 14 | -2 | 133 | 145 | 45 |
| Matane | 22,425 | 0 | 3 | -13 | -26 | -36 | 67 |
| Matawinie | 47,660 | 51 | 1 | -49 | 651 | 603 | 465 |
| Mékinac | 12,955 | -24 | 13 | -6 | 52 | 59 | 31 |
| Memphrémagog | 45,804 | 98 | -16 | 2 | 505 | 491 | 626 |
| Minganie-Basse-Côte-Nord | 12,300 | 88 | -3 | -19 | -3 | -25 | -68 |
| Mirabel | 35,342 | 336 | 19 | 1 | 1,167 | 1,187 | 1,519 |
| Montcalm | 43,343 | 146 | 12 | 4 | 1,280 | 1,296 | 1,067 |
| Montmagny | 23,420 | 42 | 2 | 1 | -52 | -49 | -60 |
| Nicolet-Yamaska | 23,116 | -20 | 6 | -6 | -178 | -178 | -49 |
| Nord-du-Québec | 40,637 | 723 | -15 | 0 | -397 | -412 | 223 |
| Papineau | 21,687 | -16 | 23 | 12 | 138 | 173 | 100 |
| Pontiac | 14,962 | 4 | 8 | 6 | 67 | 81 | 1 |
| Portneuf | 46,727 | 8 | -17 | -15 | 134 | 102 | 262 |
| Rimouski-Neigette | 53,545 | 46 | 50 | 11 | -47 | 14 | 132 |
| Rivière-du-Loup | 33,390 | 62 | -2 | 5 | 149 | 152 | 261 |
| Robert-Cliche | 18,991 | 113 | 3 | -1 | -118 | -116 | -25 |
| Roussillon | 161,231 | 896 | 33 | -158 | 1,414 | 1,289 | 2,399 |
| Rouville | 32,119 | 112 | -15 | -21 | 245 | 209 | 638 |
| Rouyn-Noranda | 39,308 | 58 | -8 | -17 | -133 | -158 | 215 |
| Sept-Rivières-Caniapiscau | 38,464 | 271 | 3 | -58 | -283 | -338 | 88 |
| Témiscamingue | 17,176 | 55 | 4 | -57 | -139 | -192 | -55 |
| Témiscouata | 21,745 | -7 | 18 | 12 | -101 | -71 | -182 |
| Thérèse-De Blainville | 145,059 | 1,126 | 61 | 42 | 1,020 | 1,123 | 1,896 |
| Vallée-de-l'Or | 42,810 | 139 | 7 | -60 | -229 | -282 | 28 |
| Vaudreuil-Soulanges | 121,967 | 829 | 12 | -135 | 3,386 | 3,263 | 3,840 |

Table 3.5-4

Quebec census division — Factors of growth from July to June

| | | | 2005/2006 | | |
|--|-------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|
| | Natural growth | Net international migration | Net interprovincial migration | Net intraprovincial migration | Total net migration |
| _ | | ri | ate per thousand | | |
| Quebec | 3.4 | 4.8 | -1.1 | 0.0 | 3.7 |
| Abitibi | 4.2 | -0.2 | 0.9 | -1.6 | -1.0 |
| Abitibi-Ouest | 0.7 | 0.4 | 0.0 | -9.7 | -9.3 |
| Acton | 1.4 | 0.1 | -0.3 | -3.2 | -3.4 |
| Antoine-Labelle | 0.6 | 0.3 | -0.5 | 5.2 | 5.0 |
| Arthobacka | 0.7 3.0 | 0.2 1.2 | -0.5 -0.1 | 10.0 2.6 | 9.6 3.7 |
| Arthabaska Asbestos | 0.4 | 0.3 | -0.1 -0.5 | 3.8 | 3.6 |
| Avignon | 0.8 | -0.3 | 1.4 | -2.3 | -1.2 |
| Beauce-Sartigan | 5.5 | -0.1 | -0.6 | 1.9 | 1.1 |
| Beauharnois-Salaberry | -0.3 | 0.1 | -0.4 | 4.6 | 4.3 |
| Bécancour | 2.2 | -0.3 | -0.5 | -2.0 | -2.8 |
| Bellechasse | 2.3 | -0.7 | -0.5 | -3.0 | -4.1 |
| Bonaventure | 0.7 | -0.3 | 2.6 | -3.8 | -1.5 |
| Brome-Missisquoi | 0.6 | 0.3 | -1.6 | 2.6 | 1.3 |
| Champlain | 3.4 | 5.6 | -1.7 | -4.0 | 0.0 |
| Charlevoix Charlevoix Fot | -1.2 | -0.4 | 0.1 | -2.0 | -2.3 |
| Charlevoix-Est | -0.8 | 0.7 | -0.5 | -5.4 | -5.2 |
| Coaticook Communauté-Urbaine-de-l'Outaouais | 3.6 5.8 | 0.6 3.7 | 0.6 3.7 | -1.0 0.7 | 0.2 8.2 |
| Communauté-Urbaine-de-Montréal | 3.7 | 3.7 14.6 | -3.5 | -14.9 | -3.7 |
| Communauté-Urbaine-de-Québec | 1.3 | 3.2 | -3.5 -1.0 | -14.9 | 1.9 |
| D'Autray | 2.0 | -0.2 | -0.6 | 12.8 | 12.0 |
| Desjardins | 5.7 | 0.9 | 0.1 | 6.9 | 7.9 |
| Deux-Montagnes | 4.7 | 0.2 | -0.3 | 9.9 | 9.8 |
| Drummond | 3.5 | 3.2 | -0.6 | 6.9 | 9.5 |
| Francheville | 0.5 | 1.5 | -0.2 | 2.6 | 4.0 |
| Joliette | 0.3 | 2.7 | -0.2 | 16.3 | 18.8 |
| Kamouraska | 0.3 | 0.6 | -0.4 | -2.4 | -2.1 |
| L'Amiante | -0.4 | 1.1 | -0.3 | -0.8 | 0.1 |
| L'Assomption | 2.6 | 0.5 | 0.0 | 13.1 | 13.5 |
| L'Érable | 1.2 | 0.0 | -0.7 | -16.8 | -17.5 |
| L'Île-d'Orléans | 1.3 | -3.0 | 1.0 | -8.0 | -9.9 |
| L'Islet | 0.4 | -1.2 | -0.6 | -9.1 | -10.9 |
| La Côte-de-Beaupré La Côte-de-Gaspé | 2.2 -2.2 | 0.3 0.1 | -0.1 -0.1 | 16.6 -3.7 | 16.8 -3.7 |
| La Cote-de-Gaspe La Haute-Côte-Nord | 4.6 | 0.1 | -0.1 -0.3 | -3.7 -11.8 | -3. <i>1</i> -11.4 |
| La Haute-Gaspésie | -2.3 | 0.5 | 0.2 | -0.8 | -0.1 |
| La Haute-Yamaska | 3.5 | 3.2 | -0.3 | 10.8 | 13.7 |
| La Jacques-Cartier | 10.8 | 0.9 | -6.0 | 18.2 | 13.1 |
| La Matapédia | -0.4 | -0.3 | 0.8 | -5.2 | -4.6 |
| La Mitis | -3.0 | -0.1 | 0.7 | 1.6 | 2.2 |
| La Nouvelle-Beauce | 6.6 | 0.1 | -1.0 | 1.5 | 0.6 |
| La Région-Sherbrookoise | 3.0 | 6.9 | -0.8 | 1.2 | 7.3 |
| La Rivière-du-Nord | 3.6 | 0.4 | 0.1 | 21.6 | 22.2 |
| La Vallée-de-la-Gatineau | 2.4 5.7 | 0.1 | 0.0 0.0 | 1.2 | 1.3 |
| La Vallée-du-Richelieu Lac-Saint-Jean-Est | 3.4 | 0.1 -0.3 | -0.2 | 13.5 -7.0 | 13.5 -7.5 |
| Lajemmerais | 7.1 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 7.6 | -7.3 7.7 |
| Layal | 4.4 | 3.6 | -0.5 | 7.6 | 10.7 |
| Le Bas-Richelieu | -1.0 | 0.3 | 0.0 | 3.7 | 4.0 |
| Le Centre-de-la-Mauricie | -3.7 | -0.1 | 0.0 | 1.8 | 1.7 |
| Le Domaine-du-Roy | 0.2 | 0.9 | -0.7 | -4.7 | -4.4 |
| Le Fjord-du-Saguenay | 1.7 | 0.9 | -0.9 | -9.3 | -9.3 |
| Le Granit | 3.0 | 1.1 | -0.3 | -1.3 | -0.5 |
| Le Haut-Richelieu | 2.9 | 0.7 | 0.1 | 13.1 | 13.9 |
| Le Haut-Saint-François | 2.9 | 1.4 | -0.7 | -1.2 | -0.5 |
| Le Haut-Saint-Laurent | 0.0 | -0.8 | -1.6 | 3.5 | 1.2 |
| Le Haut-Saint-Maurice | 4.3 | 0.6 | -0.6 | -4.4 | -4.4 |
| Le Rocher-Percé Le Val-Saint-François | -4.4 3.2 | 0.2 -0.3 | -0.7 1.2 | -3.3 | -3.8 |
| Les Basques | 3.2 -2.9 | -0.3 -0.1 | -1.2 -0.9 | 4.0 -6.5 | 2.6 -7.6 |
| Les Chutes-de-la-Chaudière | -2.9 6.0 | -0.1 0.2 | -0.9 -1.1 | -6.5 7.1 | 6.2 |
| Les Collines-de-la-Chaddiere | 8.3 | 0.2 | 8.3 | 17.2 | 25.7 |
| Les Etchemins | 0.3 | -0.6 | -0.2 | -5.2 | -5.9 |
| Loo Lionomino | 0.2 | -0.0 | -0.2 | -5.2 | -3.5 |

Table 3.5-4 – continued

Quebec census division — Factors of growth from July to June

| | | | 2005/2006 | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|-------------------|---------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------|--|--|--|--|
| | Natural | Net | Net | Net | Tota | | | | |
| | growth | international | interprovincial | intraprovincial | ne | | | | |
| | 3 | migration | migration | migration | migratior | | | | |
| | rate per thousand | | | | | | | | |
| Les Îles-de-la-Madeleine | 0.5 | 0.1 | -0.1 | 1.8 | 1.8 | | | | |
| Les Jardins-de-Napierville | 4.1 | 0.2 | -0.8 | 4.5 | 4.0 | | | | |
| Les Laurentides | 1.2 | 0.8 | 0.0 | 21.2 | 22. | | | | |
| Les Maskoutains | 1.8 | 2.5 | -0.4 | -0.7 | 1.4 | | | | |
| Les Moulins | 7.8 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 29.9 | 30. | | | | |
| Les Pays-d'en-Haut | 0.3 | 2.2 | 0.7 | 21.7 | 24.7 | | | | |
| Lotbinière | 2.5 | -0.1 | -0.4 | 4.9 | 4.3 | | | | |
| Manicouagan | 4.0 | -0.2 | -0.8 | -11.6 | -12.5 | | | | |
| Maria-Chapdelaine | 2.8 | 0.5 | -0.4 | -10.6 | -10.5 | | | | |
| Maskinongé | -0.1 | 0.6 | -0.1 | 5.5 | 6.0 | | | | |
| Matane | 0.0 | 0.1 | -0.6 | -1.2 | -1.6 | | | | |
| Matawinie | 1.1 | 0.0 | -1.0 | 13.7 | 12.7 | | | | |
| Mékinac | -1.9 | 1.0 | -0.5 | 4.0 | 4.6 | | | | |
| Memphrémagog | 2.2 | -0.4 | 0.0 | 11.1 | 10.8 | | | | |
| Minganie-Basse-Côte-Nord | 7.1 | -0.2 | -1.5 | -0.2 | -2.0 | | | | |
| Mirabel | 9.7 | 0.5 | 0.0 | 33.7 | 34.3 | | | | |
| Montcalm | 3.4 | 0.3 | 0.1 | 29.9 | 30.3 | | | | |
| Montmagny | 1.8 | 0.1 | 0.0 | -2.2 | -2. | | | | |
| Nicolet-Yamaska | -0.9 | 0.3 | -0.3 | -7.7 | -7. | | | | |
| Nord-du-Québec | 17.8 | -0.4 | 0.0 | -9.8 | -10.2 | | | | |
| Papineau | -0.7 | 1.1 | 0.6 | 6.4 | 8.0 | | | | |
| Pontiac | 0.3 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 4.5 | 5.4 | | | | |
| Portneuf | 0.2 | -0.4 | -0.3 | 2.9 | 2.2 | | | | |
| Rimouski-Neigette | 0.9 | 0.9 | 0.2 | -0.9 | 0.3 | | | | |
| Rivière-du-Loup | 1.9 | -0.1 | 0.2 | 4.5 | 4.0 | | | | |
| Robert-Cliche | 5.9 | 0.2 | -0.1 | -6.2 | -6. | | | | |
| Roussillon | 5.6 | 0.2 | -1.0 | 8.8 | 8. | | | | |
| Rouville | 3.5 | -0.5 | -0.7 | 7.7 | 6. | | | | |
| Rouyn-Noranda | 1.5 | -0.2 | -0.4 | -3.4 | -4. | | | | |
| Sept-Rivières-Caniapiscau | 7.1 | 0.1 | -1.5 | -7.4 | -8. | | | | |
| Témiscamingue . | 3.2 | 0.2 | -3.3 | -8.1 | -11. | | | | |
| Témiscouata | -0.3 | 0.8 | 0.5 | -4.6 | -3. | | | | |
| Thérèse-De Blainville | 7.8 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 7.1 | 7. | | | | |
| Vallée-de-l'Or | 3.2 | 0.2 | -1.4 | -5.4 | -6.0 | | | | |
| Vaudreuil-Soulanges | 6.9 | 0.1 | -1.1 | 28.2 | 27.2 | | | | |

Table 3.6-1
Ontario census division — Annual population estimates at July 1

| | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 |
|---------------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| Ontario | 11,897,647 | 12,102,045 | 12,262,560 | 12,416,749 | 12,558,669 | 12,686,952 |
| Algoma | 123,927 | 122,734 | 122,138 | 121,738 | 121,573 | 121,273 |
| Brant | 128,871 | 129,976 | 131,386 | 132,799 | 134,330 | 135,747 |
| Bruce | 66,342 | 66,869 | 67,177 | 67,351 | 67,037 | 66,663 |
| Chatham-Kent | 111,902 | 111,072 | 110,701 | 110,091 | 110,112 | 110,039 |
| Cochrane | 89.627 | 88,202 | 87.163 | 86.588 | 85.983 | 85,276 |
| Dufferin | 53,022 | 53,831 | 54,712 | 55,564 | 56,174 | 56,733 |
| Durham | 526.987 | 537,976 | 550.897 | 563.394 | 574.678 | 585,560 |
| Elgin | 84,737 | 85,448 | 86,208 | 87,333 | 88,108 | 88,811 |
| Essex | 390.475 | 396.550 | 400,289 | 403.123 | 404.425 | 405,254 |
| Frontenac | 144,094 | 145,784 | 146,974 | 147,365 | 147,006 | 146,321 |
| Greater Sudbury / Grand Sudbury | 161,214 | 160.751 | 161.009 | 161.244 | 161.661 | 161.908 |
| Grev | 92,476 | 93.067 | 93,864 | 94,279 | 94,517 | 94,665 |
| Haldimand-Norfolk | 109.504 | 110.180 | 110.743 | 111,391 | 111.752 | 112.009 |
| Haliburton | 15,655 | 15,847 | 16,087 | 16,126 | 16,159 | 16,175 |
| Halton | 390,235 | 402,633 | 415,417 | 429,937 | 443,470 | 456,560 |
| Hamilton | 510,073 | 514,551 | 517,980 | 519,358 | 519,525 | 519,067 |
| Hastings | 132,171 | 133,368 | 133,847 | 135,007 | 135,916 | 136,639 |
| Huron | 61,999 | 61,981 | 61,907 | 61,756 | 61,624 | 61,446 |
| Kawartha Lakes | 71,818 | 72,373 | 73,324 | 73,908 | 74,466 | 74,968 |
| Kenora | 66,513 | 66,471 | 66.718 | 66,616 | 66,250 | 65,656 |
| Lambton | 131.835 | | 132.518 | | 132,518 | |
| | | 132,349 | | 132,571 | | 132,340 |
| Lanark | 64,932 | 65,746 | 66,386 | 66,865 | 67,260 | 67,586 |
| Leeds and Grenville | 100,339 | 100,950 | 101,769 | 102,173 | 102,595 | 102,911 |
| Lennox and Addington | 40,963 | 41,220 | 41,514 | 41,783 | 42,052 | 42,287 |
| Manitoulin | 13,165 | 13,229 | 13,248 | 13,321 | 13,292 | 13,251 |
| Middlesex | 421,969 | 426,142 | 428,856 | 432,030 | 434,363 | 436,166 |
| Muskoka | 55,330 | 55,786 | 56,412 | 56,683 | 56,914 | 57,083 |
| Niagara | 426,532 | 428,644 | 430,479 | 432,765 | 434,171 | 435,125 |
| Nipissing | 86,283 | 86,208 | 85,962 | 85,663 | 85,783 | 85,788 |
| Northumberland | 80,458 | 81,225 | 82,233 | 83,042 | 83,669 | 84,212 |
| Ottawa | 806,560 | 817,585 | 825,783 | 830,910 | 836,505 | 840,095 |
| Oxford | 103,149 | 103,549 | 104,354 | 104,902 | 105,886 | 106,800 |
| Parry Sound | 41,181 | 41,483 | 41,834 | 42,005 | 42,244 | 42,441 |
| Peel | 1,032,308 | 1,082,701 | 1,127,272 | 1,172,508 | 1,216,820 | 1,260,643 |
| Perth | 76,543 | 76,924 | 77,436 | 77,547 | 77,392 | 77,169 |
| Peterborough | 130,678 | 131,744 | 132,500 | 133,007 | 133,537 | 133,928 |
| Prescott and Russell | 79,476 | 80,544 | 81,807 | 82,799 | 83,577 | 84,206 |
| Prince Edward | 25,841 | 26,164 | 26,276 | 26,397 | 26,480 | 26,536 |
| Rainy River | 22,959 | 22,695 | 22,536 | 22,355 | 22,162 | 21,911 |
| Renfrew | 98,833 | 98,859 | 99,217 | 99,551 | 99,383 | 98,971 |
| Simcoe | 391,819 | 401,689 | 411,398 | 419,736 | 427,137 | 434,019 |
| Stormont | 115,320 | 115,717 | 116,387 | 116,442 | 115,958 | 115,285 |
| Sudbury | 23,786 | 23,537 | 23,255 | 22,949 | 22,571 | 22,167 |
| Thunder Bay | 157,043 | 156,043 | 155,646 | 154,912 | 153,749 | 152,249 |
| Timiskaming | 35,753 | 35,064 | 34,594 | 34,532 | 34,226 | 33,879 |
| Toronto | 2,592,460 | 2,617,219 | 2,615,086 | 2,616,803 | 2,625,622 | 2,631,725 |
| Waterloo | 456,349 | 464,049 | 470,288 | 478,283 | 485,177 | 491,635 |
| Wellington | 194,821 | 197,366 | 199,779 | 202,573 | 205,531 | 208,292 |
| York | 759,320 | 807,950 | 849,194 | 886,674 | 917,329 | 947,482 |

Table 3.6-2
Ontario census division — Population rate of growth from July to June

| | 2001/2002 | 2002/2003 | 2003/2004 | 2004/2005 | 2005/2006 |
|---------------------------------|--------------|-----------|-----------------|-------------|---------------|
| _ | | ra | te per thousand | | |
| Ontario | 17.0 | 13.2 | 12.5 | 11.4 | 10.2 |
| Algoma | -9.7 | -4.9 | -3.3 | -1.4 | -2.5 |
| Brant | 8.5 | 10.8 | 10.7 | 11.5 | 10.5 |
| Bruce | 7.9 | 4.6 | 2.6 | -4.7 | -5.6 |
| Chatham-Kent | -7.4 | -3.3 | -5.5 | 0.2 | -0.7 |
| Cochrane | -16.0 | -11.8 | -6.6 | -7.0 | -8.3 |
| Oufferin | 15.1 | 16.2 | 15.5 | 10.9 | 9.9 |
| Durham | 20.6 | 23.7 | 22.4 | 19.8 | 18.8 |
| Elgin | 8.4 | 8.9 | 13.0 | 8.8 | 7.9 |
| =igiii =ssex | 15.4 | 9.4 | 7.1 | 3.2 | 2.0 |
| | | | | | -4.7 |
| Frontenac | 11.7 | 8.1 | 2.7 | -2.4 | |
| Greater Sudbury / Grand Sudbury | -2.9 | 1.6 | 1.5 | 2.6 | 1.5 |
| Grey | 6.4 | 8.5 | 4.4 | 2.5 | 1.6 |
| Haldimand-Norfolk | 6.2 | 5.1 | 5.8 | 3.2 | 2.3 |
| Haliburton | 12.2 | 15.0 | 2.4 | 2.0 | 1.0 |
| Halton | 31.3 | 31.3 | 34.4 | 31.0 | 29. |
| Hamilton | 8.7 | 6.6 | 2.7 | 0.3 | -0.9 |
| Hastings | 9.0 | 3.6 | 8.6 | 6.7 | 5.3 |
| Huron | -0.3 | -1.2 | -2.4 | -2.1 | -2.9 |
| Kawartha Lakes | 7.7 | 13.1 | 7.9 | 7.5 | 6.7 |
| Kenora | -0.6 | 3.7 | -1.5 | -5.5 | -9.0 |
| _ambton | 3.9 | 1.3 | 0.4 | -0.4 | -1.3 |
| _anark | 12.5 | 9.7 | 7.2 | 5.9 | 4.8 |
| Leeds and Grenville | 6.1 | 8.1 | 4.0 | 4.1 | 3. |
| Lennox and Addington | 6.3 | 7.1 | 6.5 | 6.4 | 5.6 5.6 |
| Manitoulin | 4.8 | 1.4 | 5.5 | -2.2 | -3.1 |
| Middlesex | 9.8 | 6.3 | | -2.2 5.4 | -3. 4.1 |
| | | | 7.4 | | |
| Muskoka | 8.2 | 11.2 | 4.8 | 4.1 | 3.0 |
| Niagara | 4.9 | 4.3 | 5.3 | 3.2 | 2.2 |
| Nipissing | -0.9 | -2.9 | -3.5 | 1.4 | 0.1 |
| Northumberland | 9.5 | 12.3 | 9.8 | 7.5 | 6.5 |
| Ottawa | 13.6 | 10.0 | 6.2 | 6.7 | 4.3 |
| Oxford | 3.9 | 7.7 | 5.2 | 9.3 | 8.6 |
| Parry Sound | 7.3 | 8.4 | 4.1 | 5.7 | 4. |
| Peel | 47.7 | 40.3 | 39.3 | 37.1 | 35.4 |
| Perth | 5.0 | 6.6 | 1.4 | -2.0 | -2.9 |
| Peterborough | 8.1 | 5.7 | 3.8 | 4.0 | 2.9 |
| Prescott and Russell | 13.3 | 15.6 | 12.1 | 9.4 | 7.5 |
| Prince Edward | 12.4 | 4.3 | 4.6 | 3.1 | 2. |
| Rainy River | -11.6 | -7.0 | -8.1 | -8.7 | -11.4 |
| Renfrew | 0.3 | 3.6 | 3.4 | -1.7 | -4.: |
| Simcoe | 24.9 | 23.9 | 20.1 | 17.5 | 16.0 |
| Stormont | 3.4 | 5.8 | 0.5 | -4.2 | -5.8 |
| | -10.5 | | | | -3.0 -18.1 |
| Sudbury | | -12.1 | -13.2 | -16.6 | |
| Fhunder Bay | -6.4 40.5 | -2.5 | -4.7 | -7.5 | -9.8 |
| [imiskaming | -19.5 | -13.5 | -1.8 | -8.9 | -10. |
| Toronto | 9.5 | -0.8 | 0.7 | 3.4 | 2.3 |
| Vaterloo | 16.7 | 13.4 | 16.9 | 14.3 | 13. |
| Wellington | 13.0 | 12.2 | 13.9 | 14.5 | 13.3 |
| York | 62.1 | 49.8 | 43.2 | 34.0 | 32. |

Table 3.6-3
Ontario census division — Population estimates and factors of growth from July to June

| | Population 2006 | | | 2005/2 | 2006 | | |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------|
| | (July 1) — | Natural increase | Net international migration | Net interprovincial migration | Net intraprovincial migration | Total net migration | Total growth |
| Ontario | 12,686,952 | 42,225 | 107,449 | -21,391 | 0 | 86,058 | 128,283 |
| Algoma | 121,273 | -272 | 88 | -277 | 161 | -28 | -300 |
| Brant | 135,747 | 143 | 143 | -152 | 1,283 | 1,274 | 1,417 |
| Bruce | 66,663 | -111 | -21 | -131 | -111 | -263 | -374 |
| Chatham-Kent | 110,039 | 11 | 219 | -181 | -122 | -84 | -73 |
| Cochrane | 85,276 | -10 | -9 | -134 | -554 | -697 | -707 |
| Dufferin | 56,733 | 191 | -4 | -102 | 474 | 368 | 559 |
| Durham | 585,560 | 2,747 | 1,174 | -854 | 7,815 | 8,135 | 10,882 |
| Elgin | 88,811 | 67 | 233 | -116 | 519 | 636 | 703 |
| Essex | 405,254 | 1,211 | 1,428 | -922 | -888 | -382 | 829 |
| Frontenac | 146,321 | 23 | 49 | -480 | -277 | -708 | -685 |
| Greater Sudbury / Grand Sudbury | 161,908 | -59 | 26 | -296 | 576 | 306 | 247 |
| Grey | 94,665 | -242 | 72 | -160 | 478 | 390 | 148 |
| Haldimand-Norfolk | 112,009 | -108 | 52 | -141 | 454 | 365 | 257 |
| Haliburton | 16,175 | -114 | 6 | -41 | 165 | 130 | 16 |
| Halton | 456,560 | 2,495 | 1,364 | -622 | 9,853 | 10,595 | 13,090 |
| Hamilton | 519,067 | 522 | 1,931 | -938 | -1,973 | -980 | -458 |
| Hastings | 136,639 | 33 | 122 | -58 | 626 | 690 | 723 |
| Huron | 61,446 | -108 | 29 | -58 | -41 | -70 | -178 |
| Kawartha Lakes | 74,968 | -282 | 61 | -72 | 795 | 784 | 502 |
| Kenora | 65,656 | 328 | -71 | -534 | -317 | -922 | -594 |
| Lambton | 132,340 | -90 | 92 | -267 | 87 | -88 | -178 |
| Lanark | 67,586 | -138 | 13 | -89 | 540 | 464 | 326 |
| Leeds and Grenville | 102,911 | -141 | 16 | -103 | 544 | 457 | 316 |
| Lennox and Addington | 42,287 | -51 | 37 | -24 | 273 | 286 | 235 |
| Manitoulin | 13,251 | -36 | -9 | -23 | 27 | -5 | -41 |
| Middlesex | 436,166 | 896 | 1,720 | -920 | 107 | 907 | 1,803 |
| Muskoka | 57,083 | -181 | 58 | -139 | 431 | 350 | 169 |
| Niagara | 435,125 | -230 | 544 | -851 | 1,491 | 1,184 | 954 |
| Nipissing | 85,788 | -199 | 8 | -129 | 325 | 204 | 5 |
| Northumberland | 84,212 | -236 | -21 | -127 | 927 | 779 -426 | 543 |
| Ottawa Oxford | 840,095 | 4,016 201 | 2,689 106 | -2,763 -104 | -352 711 | -426 713 | 3,590 914 |
| | 106,800 42.441 | -111 | 22 | -10 4 -83 | 369 | 308 | 197 |
| Parry Sound Peel | 1.260.643 | -111 10,724 | 26.594 | -03 -1.466 | 7.971 | 33.099 | 43,823 |
| Perth | 77,169 | 10,724 | 26,594 | -1, 4 00 -139 | -256 | -369 | 43,623 -223 |
| Peterborough | 133,928 | -356 | 97 | -223 | -230 873 | -309 747 | 391 |
| Prescott and Russell | 84.206 | 294 | 20 | 15 | 300 | 335 | 629 |
| Prince Edward | 26.536 | -160 | 37 | -9 | 188 | 216 | 56 |
| Rainy River | 21,911 | -100 | 7 | -191 | -45 | -229 | -251 |
| Renfrew | 98.971 | -21 | 22 | -482 | 69 | -391 | -412 |
| Simcoe | 434,019 | 1,071 | 518 | -960 | 6,253 | 5,811 | 6,882 |
| Stormont | 115,285 | -165 | -2 | -900 -161 | -345 | -508 | -673 |
| Sudbury | 22.167 | -53 | -11 | -49 | -291 | -351 | -404 |
| Thunder Bay | 152,249 | -131 | 37 | -1,057 | -349 | -1,369 | -1.500 |
| Timiskaming | 33.879 | -165 | 3 | -1,037 -46 | -139 | -1,309 | -1,300 |
| Toronto | 2.631.725 | 11.604 | 56,276 | -2,978 | -58,799 | -5,501 | 6.103 |
| Waterloo | 491,635 | 2,447 | 2,693 | -2,976 -526 | 1,844 | 4,011 | 6,458 |
| Wellington | 208,292 | 845 | 802 | -276 | 1,390 | 1,916 | 2,761 |
| York | 947,482 | 6,002 | 8,163 | -952 | 16,940 | 24,151 | 30.153 |
| TOTA | 077,702 | 0,002 | 0,100 | 332 | 10,540 | 27,101 | 00,100 |

Table 3.6-4
Ontario census division — Factors of growth from July to June

| | | | 2005/2006 | | |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|
| | Natural growth | Net international migration | Net interprovincial migration | Net intraprovincial migration | Total net migration |
| _ | | ra | ate per thousand | | |
| Ontario | 3.3 | 8.5 | -1.7 | 0.0 | 6.8 |
| Algoma | -2.2 | 0.7 | -2.3 | 1.3 | -0.2 |
| Brant | 1.1 | 1.1 | -1.1 | 9.5 | 9.4 |
| Bruce | -1.7 | -0.3 | -2.0 | -1.7 | -3.9 |
| Chatham-Kent | 0.1 | 2.0 | -1.6 | -1.1 | -0.8 |
| Cochrane | -0.1 | -0.1 | -1.6 | -6.5 | -8.1 |
| Dufferin | 3.4 | -0.1 | -1.8 | 8.4 | 6.5 |
| Durham | 4.7 | 2.0 | -1.5 | 13.5 | 14.0 |
| Elgin | 0.8 | 2.6 | -1.3 | 5.9 | 7.2 |
| Essex | 3.0 | 3.5 | -2.3 | -2.2 | -0.9 |
| Frontenac | 0.2 | 0.3 | -3.3 | -1.9 | -4.8 |
| Greater Sudbury / Grand Sudbury | -0.4 | 0.2 | -1.8 | 3.6 | 1.9 |
| Grey | -2.6 | 0.8 | -1.7 | 5.1 | 4.1 |
| Haldimand-Norfolk | -1.0 | 0.5 | -1.3 | 4.1 | 3.3 |
| Haliburton | -7.1 | 0.4 | -2.5 | 10.2 | 8.0 |
| Halton | 5.5 | 3.0 | -1.4 | 21.9 | 23.5 |
| Hamilton | 1.0 | 3.7 | -1.8 | -3.8 | -1.9 |
| Hastings | 0.2 | 0.9 | -0.4 | 4.6 | 5.1 |
| Huron | -1.8 | 0.5 | -0.9 | -0.7 | -1.1 |
| Kawartha Lakes | -3.8 | 0.8 | -1.0 | 10.6 | 10.5 |
| Kenora | 5.0 | -1.1 | -8.1 | -4.8 | -14.0 |
| Lambton | -0.7 | 0.7 | -2.0 | 0.7 | -0.7 |
| Lanark | -2.0 | 0.2 | -1.3 | 8.0 | 6.9 |
| Leeds and Grenville | -1.4 | 0.2 | -1.0 | 5.3 | 4.4 |
| Lennox and Addington | -1.2 | 0.9 | -0.6 | 6.5 | 6.8 |
| Manitoulin | -2.7 | -0.7 | -1.7 | 2.0 | -0.4 |
| Middlesex | 2.1 | 4.0 | -2.1 | 0.2 | 2.1 |
| Muskoka | -3.2 | 1.0 | -2.4 | 7.6 | 6.1 |
| Niagara | -0.5 | 1.3 | -2.0 | 3.4 | 2.7 |
| Nipissing | -2.3 | 0.1 | -1.5 | 3.8 | 2.4 |
| Northumberland | -2.8 | -0.3 | -1.5 | 11.0 | 9.3 |
| Ottawa | 4.8 | 3.2 | -3.3 | -0.4 | -0.5 |
| Oxford | 1.9 | 1.0 | -1.0 | 6.7 | 6.7 |
| Parry Sound | -2.6 | 0.5 | -2.0 | 8.7 | 7.3 |
| Peel | 8.7 | 21.5 | -1.2 | 6.4 | 26.7 |
| Perth | 1.9 | 0.3 | -1.8 | -3.3 | -4.8 |
| Peterborough | -2.7 | 0.7 | -1.7 | 6.5 | 5.6 |
| Prescott and Russell | 3.5 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 3.6 | 4.0 |
| Prince Edward | -6.0 | 1.4 | -0.3 | 7.1 | 8.1 |
| Rainy River | -1.0 | 0.3 | -8.7 | -2.0 | -10.4 |
| Renfrew | -0.2 | 0.2 | -4.9 | 0.7 | -3.9 |
| Simcoe | 2.5 | 1.2 | -2.2 | 14.5 | 13.5 |
| Stormont | -1.4 | 0.0 | -1.4 | -3.0 | -4.4 |
| Sudbury | -2.4 | -0.5 | -2.2 | -13.0 | -15.7 |
| Thunder Bay | -0.9 | 0.2 | -6.9 | -2.3 | -8.9 |
| Timiskaming | -4.8 | 0.1 | -1.4 | -4.1 | -5.3 |
| Toronto | 4.4 | 21.4 | -1. 7 -1.1 | -22.4 | -3.5 -2.1 |
| Waterloo | 5.0 | 5.5 | -1.1 -1.1 | 3.8 | 8.2 |
| Wellington | 4.1 | 3.9 | -1.1 | 6.7 | 9.3 |
| York | 6.4 | 8.8 | -1.3 -1.0 | 18.2 | 25.9 |
| TOTA | 0.4 | 0.0 | -1.0 | 10.2 | 25.5 |

Table 3.7-1

Manitoba census division — Annual population estimates at July 1

| | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 |
|-------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Manitoba | 1,151,285 | 1,155,584 | 1,161,896 | 1,170,475 | 1,174,148 | 1,177,765 |
| Division 1 | 16,905 | 17,017 | 17,204 | 17,319 | 17,307 | 17,287 |
| Division 2 | 52,381 | 53,453 | 54,547 | 56,107 | 57,726 | 59,445 |
| Division 3 | 43,507 | 44,026 | 44,778 | 45,635 | 46,479 | 47,394 |
| Division 4 | 10,210 | 10,077 | 9,904 | 9,814 | 9,765 | 9,707 |
| Division 5 | 14,214 | 13,957 | 13,863 | 13,688 | 13,553 | 13,408 |
| Division 6 | 10,383 | 10,291 | 10,196 | 10,096 | 10,010 | 9,916 |
| Division 7 | 58,696 | 58,635 | 59,014 | 59,737 | 60,274 | 60,770 |
| Division 8 | 15,018 | 14,991 | 14,902 | 14,765 | 14,659 | 14,544 |
| Division 9 | 24,089 | 24,058 | 24,259 | 24,728 | 24,248 | 23,744 |
| Division 10 | 9,729 | 9,856 | 10,093 | 10,297 | 10,491 | 10,675 |
| Division 11 | 638,905 | 641,792 | 644,941 | 649,074 | 650,157 | 651,331 |
| Division 12 | 19,787 | 19,895 | 20,154 | 20,388 | 20,413 | 20,423 |
| Division 13 | 43,349 | 43,738 | 44,093 | 44,791 | 45,318 | 45,829 |
| Division 14 | 18,075 | 18,072 | 18,200 | 18,453 | 18,626 | 18,796 |
| Division 15 | 22,511 | 22,389 | 22,323 | 22,235 | 22,060 | 21,862 |
| Division 16 | 10,619 | 10,533 | 10,498 | 10,328 | 10,050 | 9,753 |
| Division 17 | 23,520 | 23,260 | 23,022 | 22,886 | 22,775 | 22,656 |
| Division 18 | 23,221 | 23,273 | 23,582 | 23,440 | 23,544 | 23,650 |
| Division 19 | 16,281 | 16,410 | 16,668 | 16,651 | 16,670 | 16,687 |
| Division 20 | 11,302 | 11,233 | 10,932 | 10,910 | 10,763 | 10,593 |
| Division 21 | 23,193 | 23,043 | 23,060 | 22,865 | 22,545 | 22,157 |
| Division 22 | 36,137 | 36,547 | 37,043 | 37,686 | 38,111 | 38,514 |
| Division 23 | 9,253 | 9,038 | 8,620 | 8,582 | 8,604 | 8,624 |

Table 3.7-2

Manitoba census division — Population rate of growth from July to June

| | 2001/2002 | 2002/2003 | 2003/2004 | 2004/2005 | 2005/2006 | | | |
|-------------|-----------|-------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|--|--|--|
| | | rate per thousand | | | | | | |
| Manitoba | 3.7 | 5.4 | 7.4 | 3.1 | 3.1 | | | |
| Division 1 | 6.6 | 10.9 | 6.7 | -0.7 | -1.2 | | | |
| Division 2 | 20.3 | 20.3 | 28.2 | 28.4 | 29.3 | | | |
| Division 3 | 11.9 | 16.9 | 19.0 | 18.3 | 19.5 | | | |
| Division 4 | -13.1 | -17.3 | -9.1 | -5.0 | -6.0 | | | |
| Division 5 | -18.2 | -6.8 | -12.7 | -9.9 | -10.8 | | | |
| Division 6 | -8.9 | -9.3 | -9.9 | -8.6 | -9.4 | | | |
| Division 7 | -1.0 | 6.4 | 12.2 | 8.9 | 8.2 | | | |
| Division 8 | -1.8 | -6.0 | -9.2 | -7.2 | -7.9 | | | |
| Division 9 | -1.3 | 8.3 | 19.1 | -19.6 | -21.0 | | | |
| Division 10 | 13.0 | 23.8 | 20.0 | 18.7 | 17.4 | | | |
| Division 11 | 4.5 | 4.9 | 6.4 | 1.7 | 1.8 | | | |
| Division 12 | 5.4 | 12.9 | 11.5 | 1.2 | 0.5 | | | |
| Division 13 | 8.9 | 8.1 | 15.7 | 11.7 | 11.2 | | | |
| Division 14 | -0.2 | 7.1 | 13.8 | 9.3 | 9.1 | | | |
| Division 15 | -5.4 | -3.0 | -3.9 | -7.9 | -9.0 | | | |
| Division 16 | -8.1 | -3.3 | -16.3 | -27.3 | -30.0 | | | |
| Division 17 | -11.1 | -10.3 | -5.9 | -4.9 | -5.2 | | | |
| Division 18 | 2.2 | 13.2 | -6.0 | 4.4 | 4.5 | | | |
| Division 19 | 7.9 | 15.6 | -1.0 | 1.1 | 1.0 | | | |
| Division 20 | -6.1 | -27.2 | -2.0 | -13.6 | -15.9 | | | |
| Division 21 | -6.5 | 0.7 | -8.5 | -14.1 | -17.4 | | | |
| Division 22 | 11.3 | 13.5 | 17.2 | 11.2 | 10.5 | | | |
| Division 23 | -23.5 | -47.3 | -4.4 | 2.6 | 2.3 | | | |

Table 3.7-3

Manitoba census division — Population estimates and factors of growth from July to June

| | Population 2006 | | | 2005/2006 | | | |
|-------------|-----------------|---------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------|
| | (July 1) | Natural increase | Net international migration | Net interprovincial migration | Net intraprovincial migration | Total net migration | Total growth |
| Manitoba | 1,177,765 | 3,689 | 8,563 | -8,635 | 0 | -72 | 3,617 |
| Division 1 | 17,287 | 30 | 54 | -114 | 10 | -50 | -20 |
| Division 2 | 59,445 | 446 | 927 | -179 | 525 | 1,273 | 1,719 |
| Division 3 | 47,394 | 259 | 809 | -227 | 74 | 656 | 915 |
| Division 4 | 9,707 | 21 | 3 | -53 | -29 | -79 | -58 |
| Division 5 | 13,408 | -28 | -5 | -60 | -52 | -117 | -145 |
| Division 6 | 9,916 | -14 | 13 | -74 | -19 | -80 | -94 |
| Division 7 | 60,770 | 174 | 180 | -409 | 551 | 322 | 496 |
| Division 8 | 14,544 | 44 | 32 | -74 | -117 | -159 | -115 |
| Division 9 | 23,744 | 53 | 16 | -166 | -407 | -557 | -504 |
| Division 10 | 10,675 | 97 | -23 | -66 | 176 | 87 | 184 |
| Division 11 | 651,331 | 1,377 | 6,136 | -5,641 | -698 | -203 | 1,174 |
| Division 12 | 20,423 | 15 | -5 | -111 | 111 | -5 | 10 |
| Division 13 | 45,829 | -14 | 18 | -88 | 595 | 525 | 511 |
| Division 14 | 18,796 | 37 | 56 | -55 | 132 | 133 | 170 |
| Division 15 | 21,862 | -95 | 69 | -190 | 18 | -103 | -198 |
| Division 16 | 9,753 | -44 | 17 | -113 | -157 | -253 | -297 |
| Division 17 | 22,656 | -66 | 38 | -86 | -5 | -53 | -119 |
| Division 18 | 23,650 | 20 | 171 | -114 | 29 | 86 | 106 |
| Division 19 | 16,687 | 236 | 3 | -17 | -205 | -219 | 17 |
| Division 20 | 10,593 | -28 | 16 | -155 | -3 | -142 | -170 |
| Division 21 | 22,157 | 222 | 3 | -436 | -177 | -610 | -388 |
| Division 22 | 38,514 | 776 | 22 | -181 | -214 | -373 | 403 |
| Division 23 | 8,624 | 171 | 13 | -26 | -138 | -151 | 20 |

Table 3.7-4
Manitoba census division — Factors of growth from July to June

| | | | 2005/2006 | | | | | | |
|-------------|-------------------|---------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------|--|--|--|--|
| | Natural | Net | Net | Net | Total | | | | |
| | growth | international | interprovincial | intraprovincial | net | | | | |
| | | migration | migration | migration | migration | | | | |
| | rate per thousand | | | | | | | | |
| Manitoba | 3.1 | 7.3 | -7.3 | 0.0 | -0.1 | | | | |
| Division 1 | 1.7 | 3.1 | -6.6 | 0.6 | -2.9 | | | | |
| Division 2 | 7.6 | 15.8 | -3.1 | 9.0 | 21.7 | | | | |
| Division 3 | 5.5 | 17.2 | -4.8 | 1.6 | 14.0 | | | | |
| Division 4 | 2.2 | 0.3 | -5.4 | -3.0 | -8.1 | | | | |
| Division 5 | -2.1 | -0.4 | -4.5 | -3.9 | -8.7 | | | | |
| Division 6 | -1.4 | 1.3 | -7.4 | -1.9 | -8.0 | | | | |
| Division 7 | 2.9 | 3.0 | -6.8 | 9.1 | 5.3 | | | | |
| Division 8 | 3.0 | 2.2 | -5.1 | -8.0 | -10.9 | | | | |
| Division 9 | 2.2 | 0.7 | -6.9 | -17.0 | -23.2 | | | | |
| Division 10 | 9.2 | -2.2 | -6.2 | 16.6 | 8.2 | | | | |
| Division 11 | 2.1 | 9.4 | -8.7 | -1.1 | -0.3 | | | | |
| Division 12 | 0.7 | -0.2 | -5.4 | 5.4 | -0.2 | | | | |
| Division 13 | -0.3 | 0.4 | -1.9 | 13.1 | 11.5 | | | | |
| Division 14 | 2.0 | 3.0 | -2.9 | 7.1 | 7.1 | | | | |
| Division 15 | -4.3 | 3.1 | -8.7 | 0.8 | -4.7 | | | | |
| Division 16 | -4.4 | 1.7 | -11.4 | -15.9 | -25.6 | | | | |
| Division 17 | -2.9 | 1.7 | -3.8 | -0.2 | -2.3 | | | | |
| Division 18 | 0.8 | 7.2 | -4.8 | 1.2 | 3.6 | | | | |
| Division 19 | 14.1 | 0.2 | -1.0 | -12.3 | -13.1 | | | | |
| Division 20 | -2.6 | 1.5 | -14.5 | -0.3 | -13.3 | | | | |
| Division 21 | 9.9 | 0.1 | -19.5 | -7.9 | -27.3 | | | | |
| Division 22 | 20.3 | 0.6 | -4.7 | -5.6 | -9.7 | | | | |
| Division 23 | 19.9 | 1.5 | -3.0 | -16.0 | -17.5 | | | | |

Table 3.8-1
Saskatchewan census division — Annual population estimates at July 1

| | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 |
|--------------|-----------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Saskatchewan | 1,000,134 | 995,886 | 994,732 | 994,888 | 989,957 | 985,386 |
| Division 1 | 30,860 | 30,477 | 30,256 | 29,843 | 29,614 | 29,399 |
| Division 2 | 22,070 | 21,767 | 21,506 | 21,157 | 20,808 | 20,469 |
| Division 3 | 15,140 | 14,864 | 14,487 | 14,221 | 13,844 | 13,474 |
| Division 4 | 11,957 | 11,747 | 11,660 | 11,455 | 11,373 | 11,297 |
| Division 5 | 33,165 | 32,672 | 32,320 | 31,856 | 31,378 | 30,934 |
| Division 6 | 223,832 | 223,372 | 224,267 | 225,130 | 225,001 | 224,901 |
| Division 7 | 47,952 | 47,559 | 47,656 | 47,599 | 46,933 | 46,281 |
| Division 8 | 31,324 | 30,796 | 30,579 | 30,465 | 30,055 | 29,652 |
| Division 9 | 37,644 | 37,296 | 36,826 | 36,589 | 35,998 | 35,421 |
| Division 10 | 19,764 | 19,493 | 19,120 | 18,856 | 18,446 | 18,040 |
| Division 11 | 242,663 | 243,669 | 244,439 | 246,030 | 246,576 | 247,207 |
| Division 12 | 24,203 | 23,816 | 23,597 | 23,418 | 22,878 | 22,313 |
| Division 13 | 24,544 | 24,164 | 23,623 | 23,514 | 23,306 | 23,119 |
| Division 14 | 40,298 | 39,644 | 39,278 | 38,820 | 38,224 | 37,631 |
| Division 15 | 82,407 | 82,306 | 82,317 | 82,529 | 82,244 | 81,982 |
| Division 16 | 38,488 | 38,436 | 38,349 | 38,162 | 37,896 | 37,647 |
| Division 17 | 41,007 | 40,724 | 41,027 | 41,370 | 41,370 | 41,429 |
| Division 18 | 32,816 | 33,084 | 33,425 | 33,874 | 34,013 | 34,190 |
| | • | | | • | | |

Table 3.8-2
Saskatchewan census division — Population rate of growth from July to June

| | 2001/2002 | 2002/2003 | 2003/2004 | 2004/2005 | 2005/2006 |
|-------------|-----------|-----------|-----------------|-----------|-----------|
| | | ra | te per thousand | | |
| Manitoba | 3.7 | 5.4 | 7.4 | 3.1 | 3.1 |
| Division 1 | 6.6 | 10.9 | 6.7 | -0.7 | -1.2 |
| Division 2 | 20.3 | 20.3 | 28.2 | 28.4 | 29.3 |
| Division 3 | 11.9 | 16.9 | 19.0 | 18.3 | 19.5 |
| Division 4 | -13.1 | -17.3 | -9.1 | -5.0 | -6.0 |
| Division 5 | -18.2 | -6.8 | -12.7 | -9.9 | -10.8 |
| Division 6 | -8.9 | -9.3 | -9.9 | -8.6 | -9.4 |
| Division 7 | -1.0 | 6.4 | 12.2 | 8.9 | 8.2 |
| Division 8 | -1.8 | -6.0 | -9.2 | -7.2 | -7.9 |
| Division 9 | -1.3 | 8.3 | 19.1 | -19.6 | -21.0 |
| Division 10 | 13.0 | 23.8 | 20.0 | 18.7 | 17.4 |
| Division 11 | 4.5 | 4.9 | 6.4 | 1.7 | 1.8 |
| Division 12 | 5.4 | 12.9 | 11.5 | 1.2 | 0.5 |
| Division 13 | 8.9 | 8.1 | 15.7 | 11.7 | 11.2 |
| Division 14 | -0.2 | 7.1 | 13.8 | 9.3 | 9.1 |
| Division 15 | -5.4 | -3.0 | -3.9 | -7.9 | -9.0 |
| Division 16 | -8.1 | -3.3 | -16.3 | -27.3 | -30.0 |
| Division 17 | -11.1 | -10.3 | -5.9 | -4.9 | -5.2 |
| Division 18 | 2.2 | 13.2 | -6.0 | 4.4 | 4.5 |
| Division 19 | 7.9 | 15.6 | -1.0 | 1.1 | 1.0 |
| Division 20 | -6.1 | -27.2 | -2.0 | -13.6 | -15.9 |
| Division 21 | -6.5 | 0.7 | -8.5 | -14.1 | -17.4 |
| Division 22 | 11.3 | 13.5 | 17.2 | 11.2 | 10.5 |
| Division 23 | -23.5 | -47.3 | -4.4 | 2.6 | 2.3 |

Table 3.8-3
Saskatchewan census division — Population estimates and factors of growth from July to June

| | Population 2006 | | | 2005/20 | 006 | | |
|--------------|-----------------|---------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------|
| | (July 1) | Natural increase | Net international migration | Net interprovincial migration | Net intraprovincial migration | Total net migration | Total growth |
| Saskatchewan | 985,386 | 2,781 | 1,721 | -9,073 | 0 | -7,352 | -4,571 |
| Division 1 | 29,399 | 33 | 4 | -232 | -20 | -248 | -215 |
| Division 2 | 20,469 | -88 | -9 | -96 | -146 | -251 | -339 |
| Division 3 | 13,474 | -48 | -3 | -62 | -257 | -322 | -370 |
| Division 4 | 11,297 | -25 | 7 | -108 | 50 | -51 | -76 |
| Division 5 | 30,934 | -149 | 7 | -95 | -207 | -295 | -444 |
| Division 6 | 224,901 | 652 | 686 | -2,088 | 650 | -752 | -100 |
| Division 7 | 46,281 | -56 | 83 | -570 | -109 | -596 | -652 |
| Division 8 | 29,652 | -29 | 17 | -358 | -33 | -374 | -403 |
| Division 9 | 35,421 | -117 | -1 | -262 | -197 | -460 | -577 |
| Division 10 | 18,040 | -64 | -6 | -101 | -235 | -342 | -406 |
| Division 11 | 247,207 | 1,014 | 814 | -2,507 | 1,310 | -383 | 631 |
| Division 12 | 22,313 | 16 | 16 | -516 | -81 | -581 | -565 |
| Division 13 | 23,119 | 89 | 1 | -193 | -84 | -276 | -187 |
| Division 14 | 37,631 | -33 | 31 | -339 | -252 | -560 | -593 |
| Division 15 | 81,982 | 251 | 48 | -574 | 13 | -513 | -262 |
| Division 16 | 37,647 | 180 | 34 | -285 | -178 | -429 | -249 |
| Division 17 | 41,429 | 475 | -6 | -624 | 214 | -416 | 59 |
| Division 18 | 34,190 | 680 | -2 | -63 | -438 | -503 | 177 |

Table 3.8-4
Saskatchewan census division — Factors of growth from July to June

| | | | 2005/2006 | | | | | |
|--------------|-------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|--|--|--|
| _ | Natural growth | Net international migration | Net interprovincial migration | Net intraprovincial migration | Total net migration | | | |
| | rate per thousand | | | | | | | |
| Saskatchewan | 2.8 | 1.5 | -9.2 | 0.0 | -7.4 | | | |
| Division 1 | 1.1 | 0.0 | -7.9 | -0.7 | -8.4 | | | |
| Division 2 | -4.3 | -0.5 | -4.7 | -7.1 | -12.2 | | | |
| Division 3 | -3.5 | -0.3 | -4.5 | -18.8 | -23.6 | | | |
| Division 4 | -2.2 | 0.5 | -9.5 | 4.4 | -4.5 | | | |
| Division 5 | -4.8 | 0.1 | -3.0 | -6.6 | -9.5 | | | |
| Division 6 | 2.9 | 2.7 | -9.3 | 2.9 | -3.3 | | | |
| Division 7 | -1.2 | 1.5 | -12.2 | -2.3 | -12.8 | | | |
| Division 8 | -1.0 | 0.5 | -12.0 | -1.1 | -12.5 | | | |
| Division 9 | -3.3 | -0.2 | -7.3 | -5.5 | -12.9 | | | |
| Division 10 | -3.5 | -0.3 | -5.5 | -12.9 | -18.7 | | | |
| Division 11 | 4.1 | 2.8 | -10.2 | 5.3 | -1.6 | | | |
| Division 12 | 0.7 | 0.7 | -22.8 | -3.6 | -25.7 | | | |
| Division 13 | 3.8 | 0.0 | -8.3 | -3.6 | -11.9 | | | |
| Division 14 | -0.9 | 0.7 | -8.9 | -6.6 | -14.8 | | | |
| Division 15 | 3.1 | 0.5 | -7.0 | 0.2 | -6.2 | | | |
| Division 16 | 4.8 | 0.8 | -7.5 | -4.7 | -11.4 | | | |
| Division 17 | 11.5 | -0.2 | -15.1 | 5.2 | -10.0 | | | |
| Division 18 | 19.9 | -0.1 | -1.8 | -12.8 | -14.8 | | | |

Table 3.9-1
Alberta census division — Annual population estimates at July 1

| | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 |
|-------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Alberta | 3,056,739 | 3,116,332 | 3,161,371 | 3,206,953 | 3,277,582 | 3,375,763 |
| Division 1 | 69,141 | 70,074 | 70,938 | 72,317 | 73,946 | 76,238 |
| Division 2 | 137,445 | 139,041 | 140,505 | 142,050 | 144,041 | 147,209 |
| Division 3 | 38,503 | 38,183 | 38,161 | 37,855 | 37,972 | 38,222 |
| Division 4 | 11.574 | 11,409 | 11.115 | 11.032 | 10.886 | 10.775 |
| Division 5 | 48,799 | 49,373 | 49,788 | 49,977 | 50,633 | 51,539 |
| Division 6 | 1,048,110 | 1,076,036 | 1,096,452 | 1,118,233 | 1,150,418 | 1,193,570 |
| Division 7 | 41,419 | 41,032 | 40,784 | 40,710 | 40,992 | 41,583 |
| Division 8 | 156,967 | 160.251 | 163,383 | 166,747 | 171,991 | 178,592 |
| Division 9 | 20.069 | 20.290 | 20.455 | 20,599 | 20.794 | 21,103 |
| Division 10 | 85,150 | 86,363 | 87,458 | 88,036 | 89,053 | 90,784 |
| Division 11 | 1,001,799 | 1,020,329 | 1,032,913 | 1,045,291 | 1,066,019 | 1,094,239 |
| Division 12 | 62,787 | 63,215 | 63,755 | 63,969 | 64,727 | 66,060 |
| Division 13 | 65,538 | 66,130 | 66,835 | 66,744 | 67,187 | 67,887 |
| Division 14 | 27,526 | 27,530 | 27,462 | 27,511 | 27,810 | 28,332 |
| Division 15 | 34,944 | 35,075 | 35,215 | 35,194 | 35,093 | 35,536 |
| Division 16 | 44,253 | 47,027 | 49,527 | 51,557 | 53,076 | 55,670 |
| Division 17 | 59,357 | 59,765 | 60,045 | 60,416 | 60,585 | 61,100 |
| Division 18 | 14,715 | 14,652 | 14,532 | 14,400 | 14,484 | 14,706 |
| Division 19 | 88,643 | 90,557 | 92,048 | 94,315 | 97,875 | 102,618 |

Table 3.9-2
Alberta census division — Population rate of growth from July to June

| | 2001/2002 | 2002/2003 | 2003/2004 | 2004/2005 | 2005/2006 |
|-------------|-----------|-----------|----------------|-----------|-----------|
| | | rat | e per thousand | | |
| Alberta | 19.3 | 14.3 | 14.3 | 21.8 | 29.5 |
| Division 1 | 13.4 | 12.3 | 19.3 | 22.3 | 30.5 |
| Division 2 | 11.5 | 10.5 | 10.9 | 13.9 | 21.8 |
| Division 3 | -8.3 | -0.6 | -8.1 | 3.1 | 6.6 |
| Division 4 | -14.4 | -26.1 | -7.5 | -13.3 | -10.2 |
| Division 5 | 11.7 | 8.4 | 3.8 | 13.0 | 17.7 |
| Division 6 | 26.3 | 18.8 | 19.7 | 28.4 | 36.8 |
| Division 7 | -9.4 | -6.1 | -1.8 | 6.9 | 14.3 |
| Division 8 | 20.7 | 19.4 | 20.4 | 31.0 | 37.7 |
| Division 9 | 11.0 | 8.1 | 7.0 | 9.4 | 14.8 |
| Division 10 | 14.1 | 12.6 | 6.6 | 11.5 | 19.3 |
| Division 11 | 18.3 | 12.3 | 11.9 | 19.6 | 26.1 |
| Division 12 | 6.8 | 8.5 | 3.4 | 11.8 | 20.4 |
| Division 13 | 9.0 | 10.6 | -1.4 | 6.6 | 10.4 |
| Division 14 | 0.1 | -2.5 | 1.8 | 10.8 | 18.6 |
| Division 15 | 3.7 | 4.0 | -0.6 | -2.9 | 12.5 |
| Division 16 | 60.8 | 51.8 | 40.2 | 29.0 | 47.7 |
| Division 17 | 6.9 | 4.7 | 6.2 | 2.8 | 8.5 |
| Division 18 | -4.3 | -8.2 | -9.1 | 5.8 | 15.2 |
| Division 19 | 21.4 | 16.3 | 24.3 | 37.0 | 47.3 |

Table 3.9-3
Alberta census division — Population estimates and factors of growth from July to June

| | Population 2006 | | | 2005/2 | 2006 | | |
|-------------|-----------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------|
| | (July 1) | Natural increase | Net international migration | Net interprovincial migration | Net intraprovincial migration | Total net migration | Total growth |
| Alberta | 3,375,763 | 21,679 | 19,397 | 57,105 | 0 | 76,502 | 98,181 |
| Division 1 | 76,238 | 236 | 307 | 1,695 | 54 | 2,056 | 2,292 |
| Division 2 | 147,209 | 928 | 759 | 2,666 | -1,185 | 2,240 | 3,168 |
| Division 3 | 38,222 | 96 | -50 | 288 | -84 | 154 | 250 |
| Division 4 | 10,775 | -15 | 7 | 81 | -184 | -96 | -111 |
| Division 5 | 51,539 | 235 | 65 | 465 | 141 | 671 | 906 |
| Division 6 | 1,193,570 | 8,663 | 10,881 | 21,472 | 2,136 | 34,489 | 43,152 |
| Division 7 | 41,583 | 106 | 24 | 923 | -462 | 485 | 591 |
| Division 8 | 178,592 | 1,120 | 288 | 3,728 | 1,465 | 5,481 | 6,601 |
| Division 9 | 21,103 | 160 | 25 | 256 | -132 | 149 | 309 |
| Division 10 | 90,784 | 73 | 139 | 1,687 | -168 | 1,658 | 1,731 |
| Division 11 | 1,094,239 | 6,277 | 6,090 | 13,729 | 2,124 | 21,943 | 28,220 |
| Division 12 | 66,060 | 496 | -4 | 1,362 | -521 | 837 | 1,333 |
| Division 13 | 67,887 | 212 | -4 | 568 | -76 | 488 | 700 |
| Division 14 | 28,332 | 165 | 64 | 539 | -246 | 357 | 522 |
| Division 15 | 35,536 | 178 | 278 | 578 | -591 | 265 | 443 |
| Division 16 | 55,670 | 764 | 318 | 2,745 | -1,233 | 1,830 | 2,594 |
| Division 17 | 61,100 | 959 | 118 | 663 | -1,225 | -444 | 515 |
| Division 18 | 14,706 | 132 | 0 | 362 | -272 | 90 | 222 |
| Division 19 | 102,618 | 894 | 92 | 3,298 | 459 | 3,849 | 4,743 |

Table 3.9-4 Alberta census division — Factors of growth from July to June

| | | | 2005/2006 | | | | | | |
|-------------|-------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| | Natural growth | Net international migration | Net interprovincial migration | Net intraprovincial migration | Tota net migration | | | | |
| | rate per thousand | | | | | | | | |
| Alberta | 6.5 | 5.8 | 17.2 | 0.0 | 23.0 | | | | |
| Division 1 | 3.1 | 4.1 | 22.6 | 0.7 | 27.4 | | | | |
| Division 2 | 6.4 | 5.2 | 18.3 | -8.1 | 15.4 | | | | |
| Division 3 | 2.5 | -1.3 | 7.6 | -2.2 | 4.0 | | | | |
| Division 4 | -1.4 | 0.6 | 7.5 | -17.0 | -8.9 | | | | |
| Division 5 | 4.6 | 1.3 | 9.1 | 2.8 | 13.1 | | | | |
| Division 6 | 7.4 | 9.3 | 18.3 | 1.8 | 29.4 | | | | |
| Division 7 | 2.6 | 0.6 | 22.4 | -11.2 | 11.7 | | | | |
| Division 8 | 6.4 | 1.6 | 21.3 | 8.4 | 31.3 | | | | |
| Division 9 | 7.6 | 1.2 | 12.2 | -6.3 | 7.1 | | | | |
| Division 10 | 0.8 | 1.5 | 18.8 | -1.9 | 18.4 | | | | |
| Division 11 | 5.8 | 5.6 | 12.7 | 2.0 | 20.3 | | | | |
| Division 12 | 7.6 | -0.1 | 20.8 | -8.0 | 12.8 | | | | |
| Division 13 | 3.1 | -0.1 | 8.4 | -1.1 | 7.2 | | | | |
| Division 14 | 5.9 | 2.3 | 19.2 | -8.8 | 12.7 | | | | |
| Division 15 | 5.0 | 7.9 | 16.4 | -16.7 | 7.5 | | | | |
| Division 16 | 14.1 | 5.8 | 50.5 | -22.7 | 33.7 | | | | |
| Division 17 | 15.8 | 1.9 | 10.9 | -20.1 | -7.3 | | | | |
| Division 18 | 9.0 | 0.0 | 24.8 | -18.6 | 6.2 | | | | |
| Division 19 | 8.9 | 0.9 | 32.9 | 4.6 | 38.4 | | | | |

Table 3.10-1
British Columbia census division — Annual population estimates at July 1

| | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 |
|------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| British Columbia | 4,078,447 | 4,115,413 | 4,155,370 | 4,203,315 | 4,257,833 | 4,310,452 |
| Alberni-Clayoquot | 31,628 | 31,315 | 31,385 | 31,437 | 31,672 | 32,036 |
| Bulkley-Nechako | 42,581 | 41,849 | 41,503 | 41,488 | 41,058 | 41,252 |
| Capital | 339,782 | 341,417 | 343,246 | 345,029 | 347,527 | 349,799 |
| Cariboo | 68,390 | 67,358 | 66,633 | 66,233 | 66,241 | 66,740 |
| Central Coast | 3,940 | 3,904 | 3,753 | 3,785 | 3,772 | 3,729 |
| Central Kootenay | 59,416 | 58,617 | 58,145 | 58,002 | 57,866 | 58,270 |
| Central Okanagan | 154,020 | 156,051 | 158,856 | 161,790 | 164,411 | 169,419 |
| Columbia-Shuswap | 50,217 | 50,221 | 50,428 | 50,517 | 50,914 | 52,142 |
| Comox-Strathcona | 100,168 | 99,882 | 100,564 | 101,932 | 103,205 | 105,168 |
| Cowichan Valley | 75,065 | 75,393 | 76,368 | 77,564 | 78,495 | 79,994 |
| East Kootenay | 58,646 | 58,352 | 58,022 | 57,627 | 57,439 | 58,662 |
| Fraser-Fort George | 99,293 | 97,836 | 96,461 | 96,085 | 96,343 | 96,612 |
| Fraser Valley | 247,743 | 250,318 | 253,400 | 258,044 | 261,809 | 265,726 |
| Greater Vancouver | 2,076,098 | 2,111,305 | 2,142,513 | 2,174,804 | 2,213,391 | 2,236,068 |
| Kitimat-Stikine | 42,601 | 41,461 | 40.758 | 40,160 | 39,539 | 39,554 |
| Kootenay Boundary | 33,165 | 32,609 | 32,264 | 31,933 | 32,082 | 31,780 |
| Mount Waddington | 13,673 | 13,272 | 12,879 | 12,678 | 12,560 | 12,536 |
| Nanaimo | 132,414 | 134,148 | 136,277 | 139,123 | 141,573 | 144,317 |
| North Okanagan | 76,285 | 76,789 | 77,694 | 78,717 | 80,065 | 81,456 |
| Northern Rockies | 5,981 | 6,011 | 6,136 | 6,302 | 6,313 | 6,350 |
| Okanagan-Similkameen | 79,816 | 80,322 | 80,792 | 81,549 | 81,839 | 83,693 |
| Peace River | 57,409 | 57,542 | 57,927 | 58,308 | 58,641 | 59,864 |
| Powell River | 20,605 | 20,300 | 20,140 | 20,088 | 20,162 | 20,440 |
| Skeena-Queen Charlotte | 22,622 | 22,071 | 21,567 | 21,183 | 20,934 | 21,177 |
| Squamish-Lillooet | 34,581 | 34,839 | 35.050 | 35,286 | 35,154 | 36,170 |
| Stikine | 1,375 | 1,407 | 1,342 | 1,320 | 1,297 | 1,288 |
| Sunshine Coast | 26,679 | 27,087 | 27,401 | 27,871 | 28,216 | 28,878 |
| Thompson-Nicola | 124,254 | 123,737 | 123,866 | 124,460 | 125,315 | 127,332 |

Table 3.10-2
British Columbia census division — Population rate of growth from July to June

| | 2001/2002 | 2002/2003 | 2003/2004 | 2004/2005 | 2005/2006 |
|------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------------|-----------|-----------|
| | | ra | te per thousand | | |
| British Columbia | 9.0 | 9.7 | 11.5 | 12.9 | 12.3 |
| Alberni-Clayoguot | -9.9 | 2.2 | 1.7 | 7.4 | 11.4 |
| Bulkley-Nechako | -17.3 | -8.3 | -0.4 | -10.4 | 4.7 |
| Capital | 4.8 | 5.3 | 5.2 | 7.2 | 6.5 |
| Cariboo | -15.2 | -10.8 | -6.0 | 0.1 | 7.5 |
| Central Coast | -9.2 | -39.4 | 8.5 | -3.4 | -11.5 |
| Central Kootenay | -13.5 | -8.1 | -2.5 | -2.3 | 7.0 |
| Central Okanagan | 13.1 | 17.8 | 18.3 | 16.1 | 30.0 |
| Columbia-Shuswap | 0.1 | 4.1 | 1.8 | 7.8 | 23.8 |
| Comox-Strathcona | -2.9 | 6.8 | 13.5 | 12.4 | 18.8 |
| Cowichan Valley | 4.4 | 12.8 | 15.5 | 11.9 | 18.9 |
| East Kootenay | -5.0 | -5.7 | -6.8 | -3.3 | 21.1 |
| Fraser-Fort George | -14.8 | -14.2 | -3.9 | 2.7 | 2.8 |
| Fraser Valley | 10.3 | 12.2 | 18.2 | 14.5 | 14.9 |
| Greater Vancouver | 16.8 | 14.7 | 15.0 | 17.6 | 10.2 |
| Kitimat-Stikine | -27.1 | -17.1 | -14.8 | -15.6 | 0.4 |
| Kootenay Boundary | -16.9 | -10.6 | -10.3 | 4.7 | -9.5 |
| Mount Waddington | -29.8 | -30.1 | -15.7 | -9.4 | -1.9 |
| Nanaimo | 13.0 | 15.7 | 20.7 | 17.5 | 19.2 |
| North Okanagan | 6.6 | 11.7 | 13.1 | 17.0 | 17.2 |
| Northern Rockies | 5.0 | 20.6 | 26.7 | 1.7 | 5.8 |
| Okanagan-Similkameen | 6.3 | 5.8 | 9.3 | 3.5 | 22.4 |
| Peace River | 2.3 | 6.7 | 6.6 | 5.7 | 20.6 |
| Powell River | -14.9 | -7.9 | -2.6 | 3.7 | 13.7 |
| Skeena-Queen Charlotte | -24.7 | -23.1 | -18.0 | -11.8 | 11.5 |
| Squamish-Lillooet | 7.4 | 6.0 | 6.7 | -3.7 | 28.5 |
| Stikine | 23.0 | -47.3 | -16.5 | -17.6 | -7.0 |
| Sunshine Coast | 15.2 | 11.5 | 17.0 | 12.3 | 23.2 |
| Thompson-Nicola | -4.2 | 1.0 | 4.8 | 6.8 | 16.0 |

Table 3.10-3

British Columbia census division — Population estimates and factors of growth from July to June

| | Population 2006 | | | 2005/2 | 006 | | |
|------------------------|-----------------|---------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------|
| | (July 1) | Natural increase | Net international migration | Net interprovincial migration | Net intraprovincial migration | Total net migration | Total growth |
| British Columbia | 4,310,452 | 10,898 | 37,942 | 3,779 | 0 | 41,721 | 52,619 |
| Alberni-Clayoquot | 32,036 | 21 | 24 | 52 | 120 | 196 | 364 |
| Bulkley-Nechako | 41,252 | 306 | -34 | -237 | -521 | -792 | 194 |
| Capital | 349,799 | -385 | 830 | 1,713 | 23 | 2,566 | 2,272 |
| Cariboo | 66,740 | 163 | 42 | -277 | 7 | -228 | 499 |
| Central Coast | 3,729 | 17 | 1 | 7 | -39 | -31 | -43 |
| Central Kootenay | 58,270 | -50 | 9 | -168 | -42 | -201 | 404 |
| Central Okanagan | 169,419 | -82 | 278 | 981 | 1,250 | 2,509 | 5,008 |
| Columbia-Shuswap | 52,142 | -58 | 37 | 99 | 240 | 376 | 1,228 |
| Comox-Strathcona | 105,168 | 67 | 16 | 551 | 529 | 1,096 | 1,963 |
| Cowichan Valley | 79,994 | 39 | 58 | 243 | 542 | 843 | 1,499 |
| East Kootenay | 58,662 | 62 | 0 | -289 | -129 | -418 | 1,223 |
| Fraser-Fort George | 96,612 | 532 | 104 | -564 | 31 | -429 | 269 |
| Fraser Valley | 265,726 | 1,238 | 1,269 | -221 | 1,319 | 2,367 | 3,917 |
| Greater Vancouver | 2,236,068 | 8,642 | 34,654 | 1,260 | -5,476 | 30,438 | 22,677 |
| Kitimat-Stikine | 39,554 | 234 | 0 | -225 | -685 | -910 | 15 |
| Kootenay Boundary | 31,780 | -110 | -5 | -9 | 229 | 215 | -302 |
| Mount Waddington | 12,536 | 85 | -13 | -29 | -174 | -216 | -24 |
| Nanaimo | 144,317 | -276 | 207 | 1,179 | 1,247 | 2,633 | 2,744 |
| North Okanagan | 81,456 | -48 | -4 | 341 | 977 | 1,314 | 1,391 |
| Northern Rockies | 6,350 | 102 | 2 | -140 | 6 | -132 | 37 |
| Okanagan-Similkameen | 83,693 | -524 | 101 | 385 | 249 | 735 | 1,854 |
| Peace River | 59,864 | 454 | 101 | -615 | 207 | -307 | 1,223 |
| Powell River | 20,440 | -49 | 5 | 52 | 51 | 108 | 278 |
| Skeena-Queen Charlotte | 21,177 | 166 | 40 | -150 | -334 | -444 | 243 |
| Squamish-Lillooet | 36,170 | 313 | 121 | 183 | -794 | -490 | 1,016 |
| Stikine | 1,288 | 6 | -6 | -4 | -25 | -35 | -9 |
| Sunshine Coast | 28,878 | -89 | 60 | 94 | 266 | 420 | 662 |
| Thompson-Nicola | 127,332 | 122 | 45 | -433 | 926 | 538 | 2,017 |

Table 3.10-4
British Columbia census division — Factors of growth from July to June

| | | | 2005/2006 | | |
|------------------------|---------|---------------|------------------|-----------------|-----------|
| | Natural | Net | Net | Net | Tota |
| | growth | international | interprovincial | intraprovincial | ne |
| | | migration | migration | migration | migration |
| | | ra | ate per thousand | | |
| British Columbia | 2.5 | 8.9 | 0.9 | 0.0 | 9.7 |
| Alberni-Clayoquot | 0.7 | 0.8 | 1.6 | 3.8 | 6.2 |
| Bulkley-Nechako | 7.4 | -0.8 | -5.8 | -12.7 | -19.2 |
| Capital | -1.1 | 2.4 | 4.9 | 0.1 | 7.4 |
| Cariboo | 2.5 | 0.6 | -4.2 | 0.1 | -3.4 |
| Central Coast | 4.5 | 0.3 | 1.9 | -10.4 | -8.3 |
| Central Kootenay | -0.9 | 0.2 | -2.9 | -0.7 | -3.5 |
| Central Okanagan | -0.5 | 1.7 | 5.9 | 7.5 | 15.0 |
| Columbia-Shuswap | -1.1 | 0.7 | 1.9 | 4.7 | 7.3 |
| Comox-Strathcona | 0.6 | 0.2 | 5.3 | 5.1 | 10.5 |
| Cowichan Valley | 0.5 | 0.7 | 3.1 | 6.8 | 10.6 |
| East Kootenay | 1.1 | 0.0 | -5.0 | -2.2 | -7.2 |
| Fraser-Fort George | 5.5 | 1.1 | -5.8 | 0.3 | -4.4 |
| Fraser Valley | 4.7 | 4.8 | -0.8 | 5.0 | 9.0 |
| Greater Vancouver | 3.9 | 15.6 | 0.6 | -2.5 | 13.7 |
| Kitimat-Stikine | 5.9 | 0.0 | -5.7 | -17.3 | -23.0 |
| Kootenay Boundary | -3.4 | -0.2 | -0.3 | 7.2 | 6.7 |
| Mount Waddington | 6.8 | -1.0 | -2.3 | -13.9 | -17.2 |
| Nanaimo | -1.9 | 1.4 | 8.2 | 8.7 | 18.4 |
| North Okanagan | -0.6 | 0.0 | 4.2 | 12.1 | 16.3 |
| Northern Rockies | 16.1 | 0.3 | -22.1 | 0.9 | -20.8 |
| Okanagan-Similkameen | -6.3 | 1.2 | 4.7 | 3.0 | 8.9 |
| Peace River | 7.7 | 1.7 | -10.4 | 3.5 | -5.2 |
| Powell River | -2.4 | 0.2 | 2.6 | 2.5 | 5.3 |
| Skeena-Queen Charlotte | 7.9 | 1.9 | -7.1 | -15.9 | -21.1 |
| Squamish-Lillooet | 8.8 | 3.4 | 5.1 | -22.3 | -13.7 |
| Stikine | 4.6 | -4.6 | -3.1 | -19.3 | -27.1 |
| Sunshine Coast | -3.1 | 2.1 | 3.3 | 9.3 | 14.7 |
| Thompson-Nicola | 1.0 | 0.4 | -3.4 | 7.3 | 4.3 |

Table 3.11-1
YukonTerritory census division — Annual population estimates at July 1

| | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 |
|-----------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|----------------------|
| Yukon Territory | 30,129 | 30,137 | 30,574 | 30,896 | 31,121 | 31,229 31,229 |
| Yukon | 30,129 | 30,137 | 30,574 | 30,896 | 31,121 | |

Table 3.11-2
YukonTerritory census division — Population rate of growth from July to June

| | 2001/2002 | 2002/2003 | 2003/2004 | 2004/2005 | 2005/2006 |
|--------------------------|----------------|---------------------|---------------------|-------------------|----------------|
| | | rat | e per thousand | | |
| Yukon Territory Yukon | 0.3 0.3 | 14.4 14.4 | 10.5 10.5 | 7.3 7.3 | 3.5 3.5 |

Table 3.11-3
YukonTerritory census division — Population estimates and factors of growth from July to June

| | Population 2006 | | | 2005/20 | 006 | | |
|--------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------|
| | (July 1) | Natural increase | Net international migration | Net interprovincial migration | Net intraprovincial migration | Total net migration | Total growth |
| Yukon Territory Yukon | 31,229 31,229 | 216 216 | 86 86 | -194 -194 | 0 0 | -108 -108 | 108 108 |

Table 3.11-4
YukonTerritory census division — Factors of growth from July to June

| | | 2005/2006 | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|--|--|
| | Natural growth | Net international migration | Net interprovincial migration | Net intraprovincial migration | Total net migration | | |
| | | r | ate per thousand | | | | |
| Yukon Territory Yukon | 6.9 6.9 | 2.8 2.8 | -6.2 -6.2 | 0.0 0.0 | -3.5 -3.5 | | |

Table 3.12-1

Northwest Territories census divison — Annual population estimates at July 1

| | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 |
|---|----------------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Northwest Territories Fort Smith Inuvik | 40,822 31,496 9,326 | 41,489 32,015 9,474 | 42,231 32,755 9,476 | 42,798 33,149 9,649 | 42,629 32,945 9,684 | 41,861 32,254 9,607 |

Table 3.12-2

Northwest Territories census divison — Population rate of growth from July to June

| | 2001/2002 | 2002/2003 | 2003/2004 | 2004/2005 | 2005/2006 | | |
|-----------------------|-------------------|-------------|--------------|-------------|-----------------------|--|--|
| | rate per thousand | | | | | | |
| Northwest Territories | 16.2 | 17.7 | 13.3 | -4.0 | -18.2 -21.2 | | |
| Fort Smith Inuvik | 16.3 15.7 | 22.9 0.2 | 12.0 18.1 | -6.2 3.6 | -21.2 -8.0 | | |

Table 3.12-3

Northwest Territories census divison — Population estimates and factors of growth from July to June

| | Population 2006 | The same and the s | | | | | |
|---|----------------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------|
| | (July 1) | Natural increase | Net international migration | Net interprovincial migration | Net intraprovincial migration | Total net migration | Total growth |
| Northwest Territories Fort Smith Inuvik | 41,861 32,254 9,607 | 472 361 111 | 87 73 14 | -1,327 -1,138 -189 | 0 13 -13 | -1,240 -1,052 -188 | -768 -691 -77 |

Table 3.12-4
Northwest Territories census divison — Factors of growth from July to June

| | | 2005/2006 | | | | | |
|---|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|--|
| | Natural growth | Net international migration | Net interprovincial migration | Net intraprovincial migration | Total net migration | | |
| | | r | ate per thousand | | | | |
| Northwest Territories Fort Smith Inuvik | 11.2 11.1 11.5 | 2.1 2.2 1.5 | -31.4 -34.9 -19.6 | 0.0 0.4 -1.3 | -29.4 -32.3 -19.5 | | |

Table 3.13-1
Nunavut census division — Annual population estimates at July 1

| | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 |
|------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| Nunavut | 28,121 | 28,739 | 29,165 | 29,633 | 30,040 | 30,782 |
| Baffin | 15,116 | 15,491 | 15,626 | 15,888 | 16,113 | 16,563 |
| Keewatin | 7,941 | 8,047 | 8,185 | 8,367 | 8,500 | 8,690 |
| Kitikmeot Region | 5,064 | 5,201 | 5,354 | 5,378 | 5,427 | 5,529 |

Table 3.13-2
Nunavut census division — Population rate of growth from July to June

| 2001/2002 | 2002/2003 | 2003/2004 | 2004/2005 | 2005/2006 |
|---------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|--|---|
| | rat | e per thousand | | |
| 21.7 24.5 | 14.7 8.7 | 15.9 16.6 | 13.6 14.1 | 24.4 27.5 |
| 13.3 26.7 | 17.0 29.0 | 22.0 4.5 | 15.8 9.1 | 22.1 18.6 |
| | 21.7 24.5 13.3 | 21.7 14.7 24.5 8.7 13.3 17.0 | rate per thousand 21.7 14.7 15.9 24.5 8.7 16.6 13.3 17.0 22.0 | rate per thousand 21.7 14.7 15.9 13.6 24.5 8.7 16.6 14.1 13.3 17.0 22.0 15.8 |

Table 3.13-3

Nunavut census division — Population estimates and factors of growth from July to June

| | Population 2006 | | | 2005/20 | 2005/2006 | | | | |
|--------------------|-----------------|---------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------|--|--|
| | (July 1) | Natural increase | Net international migration | Net interprovincial migration | Net intraprovincial migration | Total net migration | Total growth | | |
| Nunavut | 30,782 | 634 | 4 | 104 | 0 | 108 | 742 | | |
| Baffin Keewatin | 16,563 8,690 | 356 202 | -2 3 | 93 -3 | 3 -12 | 94 -12 | 450 190 | | |
| Kitikmeot Region | 5,529 | 76 | 3 | 14 | 9 | 26 | 102 | | |

Table 3.13-4
Nunavut census division — Factors of growth from July to June

| | | 2005/2006 | | | | | |
|--|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|--|
| | Natural growth | Net international migration | Net interprovincial migration | Net intraprovincial migration | Total net migration | | |
| | rate per thousand | | | | | | |
| Nunavut Baffin Keewatin Kitikmeot Region | 20.8 21.8 23.5 13.9 | 0.1 -0.1 0.3 0.5 | 3.4 5.7 -0.3 2.6 | 0.0 0.2 -1.4 1.6 | 3.6 5.8 -1.4 4.7 | | |



Age

Age at July 1.

Ageing (of a population)

An increase in the number of old persons as a percentage of the total **population**.

Census coverage

Net undercoverage: Difference between undercoverage and overcoverage.

Overcoverage: Number of persons who should not have been counted in the census or who were counted more than once.

Undercoverage: Number of persons who were intended to have been enumerated in a census but were not enumerated.

Census division (CD)

Refers to the general term applying to geographic areas established by provincial or territorial law, which are intermediate geographic areas between the census subdivision and the province or territory (e.g., divisions, counties, regional districts, regional municipalities and seven other types of geographic areas made up of groups of census subdivisions).

In Newfoundland and Labrador, Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta, Yukon Territory, Northwest Territories and Nunavut, provincial or territorial law does not provide for these administrative geographic areas. Therefore, census divisions have been created by Statistics Canada in cooperation with these provinces or territories (**2001 Census Dictionary**, catalogue no. 92-378-X, page 210).

Census metropolitan area (CMA)

The general concept of a census metropolitan area (CMA) is one of a very large urban area, together with adjacent urban and rural areas which have a high degree of economic and social integration with that urban area.

A Census Metropolitan Area is delineated around an urban area, called the urbanized core and having a **population** of at least 100,000 (based on the previous census). Once an area becomes a CMA, it is retained in the program even if its **population** subsequently declines.

CMAs are comprised of one or more census subdivisions (CSDs) which meet at least one of the following criteria: (1) the CSD falls completely or partly inside the urbanized core; (2) at least 50% of the employed labour force living in the CSD works in the urbanized core; or (3) at least 25% of the employed labour force working in the CSD lives in the urbanized core (**2001 Census Dictionary**, catalogue no. 92-378-X, page 214).

Components of demographic growth

Any of the classes of events generating **population** movement variations. Births, deaths and migration are the components responsible for the variation since they alter either the total **population** or the age and sex of the **population**.

Dependency ratio

The ratio of the combined **population** aged between 0 to 19 years old and the **population** aged of 65 years and over to the **population** aged between 20 to 64 years old.

Economic region (ER)

Refers to a grouping of complete **census divisions** (with one exception in Ontario) created as a standard geographic unit for analysis of regional economic activity.

Within the province of Quebec, economic regions (the "régions administratives") are designated by law. In all other provinces or territories, economic regions are created by agreement between Statistics Canada and the provinces or territories concerned. Prince Edward Island and the three territories each consist of one economic region. In Ontario, there is one exception where the economic region boundary does not respect **census division** boundaries: the **census division** of Halton is split between the ER of Hamilton – Niagara Peninsula and the ER of Toronto. (2001 Census Dictionary, catalogue no. 92-378-X, page 237).

Emigrant

Canadian citizen or immigrant who has left Canada to establish a permanent residence in another country.

Error of closure

Difference between the **postcensal estimate** for the same date as the census and the results of the census adjusted for **net undercoverage**.

Immigrant

Within the framework of this publication, the term immigrant refers to landed immigrant. A landed immigrant is a person who does not have Canadian citizenship but was granted the right by immigration authorities to live in Canada on a permanent basis.

International migration

International migration represents movement of **population** between Canada and a foreign country which involves a change in the usual place of residence. A distinction is made with regard to **immigrants**, **emigrants**, **returning emigrants**, **net temporary emigration** and **net non-permanent residents**.

Interprovincial migration

Interprovincial migration represents movement from one province or territory involving a permanent change in residence. A person who takes up residence in another province or territory is an out-migrant with reference to the province or territory of origin and an in-migrant with reference to the province or territory of destination.

Intraprovincial migration

Intraprovincial migration represents movements from one region to another within the same province or territory involving a permanent change of residence. A person who takes up residence in another region is an out-migrant with reference to the region of origin and an in-migrant with reference to the region of destination.

Mean age

The mean age of a **population** is the average age of all its members.

Median age

The median age is an age "x", such that exactly one half of the **population** is older than "x" and the other half is younger than "x".

Natural increase

Variation in **population** size over a given period as a result of the difference between the numbers of births and deaths.

Net internal migration

Sum of net intraprovincial and netinterprovincial migration.

Net international migration

Net international migration is obtained according to the following formula: **Immigrants** + **returning emigrants** + **net non-permanent residents**– (**emigrants** + **net temporary emigrants**)

Net interprovincial migration

Net interprovincial migration represents the difference between in-migrants and out-migrants for a given province or territory.

Net intraprovincial migration

Net intraprovincial migration represents the difference between in-migrants and out-migrants in a given region. A region can be defined as a **census division**, an **economic region** or a **census metropolitan area**.

Net non-permanent residents

Net non-permanent residents represent the variation in the number of **non-permanent residents** between two dates.

Non-permanent residents

A non permanent resident belongs to one of the five following groups:

- · persons residing in Canada claiming refugee status;
- · persons residing in Canada who hold a study permit;

- persons residing in Canada who hold a work permit;
- · persons residing in Canada who hold a minister's permit;
- all non-Canadian dependants of persons claiming refugee status, or of persons holding study permits, work permits or minister's permits and living in Canada.

Net temporary emigration

Net temporary emigration represents the variation in the number of temporary emigrants between two dates. Temporary emigration includes Canadian citizens and **immigrants** living temporarily abroad who have not maintained a usual place of residence in Canada.

Population

Estimated population and population according to the census are both defined as being the number of Canadians whose usual place of residence is in that area, regardless of where they happened to be on Census Day. Also included are any Canadians staying in a dwelling in that area on Census Day and having no usual place of residence elsewhere in Canada, as well as those considered **non-permanent residents**.

Population estimate

- (a) Postcensal: Population estimate produced by using data from the most recent available census adjusted for net undercoverage and estimate of the population growth since that last census. This estimate can be preliminary, updated or final.
- (b) **Intercensal**: **Population estimate** derived by using **postcensal estimates** and data adjusted for net **undercoverage** of censuses preceding and following the year in question.

Population growth or total growth

Variation of **population** size between two dates. It can also be obtained by summing the **natural increase**, **total net migration** and if possible, **residual deviation**. It can be positive or negative.

Precocity errors

Difference between preliminary and final estimate of a particular component in terms of its relative proportion of the total **population** for the relevant geographical area. It can be calculated for both **population** and component estimates.

Rate

Refers to the ratio of the number of events estimated in a year (t, t+1) to the average **populations** at the beginning and the end of the period. In this regard, the rates of births, deaths, immigration, etc are calculated. Generally, the rate is expressed in per 1,000.

Demographic growth or population growth: Ratio of population growth between the year t and t+1, to the average **population** of both these years. The rate is generally expressed in per 1,000.

Net undercoverage of population: Difference between undercoverage rate and overcoverage rate.

Overcoverage of population: The ratio of the estimate number of persons who should not have been counted in the census or who were counted more than once to the total number of persons that should have been enumerated in the census. Generally, the rate is expressed in percentage.

Undercoverage of population: The ratio of the estimated number of persons not enumerated in the census (who were intended to have been enumerated) to the total number of persons that should have been enumerated in the census. Generally, the rate is expressed in percentage.

Residual deviation

Difference between demographic **population growth** calculated using **intercensal estimates** of **population** between two dates and that obtained by the sum of the components for the same period. This deviation results from the distribution of the **error of closure** between years within the quinquennial period.

Returning emigrant

Canadian citizen or immigrant having previously emigrated from Canada and subsequently returned to the country.

Sex ratio

The ratio of the number of male to the number of female. This is not to be confused with the sex ratio at birth, which is the ratio of the number of live-born boys to the number of live-born girls. This ratio is usually expressed as an index, with the number of females taken to be a base of 100.

Total net migration

Sum of net international, net interprovincial and net intraprovincial migration.

Vital statistics

Includes all the demographic events (that is to say births, deaths, marriages and divorces) for which there exists a legal requirement to inform the Provincial or Territorial Registrar's Office.

Year

Unless otherwise specified, the term year refers to the period beginning July 1 of a given year and ending June 30 of the following year.

Explanatory notes for the tables

Annual population estimates, July 1, subprovincial perspective

Population

Population estimates for July 1 are final postcensal from 2001 to 2003, updated postcensal for 2004 and 2005 and preliminary postcensal for 2006.

Annual estimates of demographic components

Births

The numbers of births are final up to 2003/2004, updated for 2004/2005 and preliminary for 2005/2006.

Deaths

The numbers of deaths are final up to 2002/2003, updated for 2003/2004 and 2004/2005 and preliminary for 2005/2006.

Immigrants

The numbers of immigrants are final up to 2003/2004, updated for 2004/2005 and preliminary for 2005/2006.

Emigrants

The numbers of emigrants are final up to 2002/2003, updated for 2003/2004 and 2004/2005 and preliminary for 2005/2006.

Returning emigrants

The numbers of returning emigrants are final up to 2002/2003, updated for 2003/2004 and 2004/2005 and preliminary for 2005/2006.

Net temporary emigrants

The numbers of net temporary emigrants are final up to 2002/2003, updated for 2003/2004 and 2004/2005 and preliminary for 2005/2006.

Net non-permanent residents

The numbers of net non-permanent residents are final up to 2002/2003, updated for 2003/2004 and 2004/2005 and preliminary for 2005/2006.

Interprovincial in-migrants

The numbers of interprovincial in-migrants are final up to 2004/2005 and preliminary for 2005/2006.

Interprovincial out-migrants

The numbers of interprovincial out-migrants are final up to 2004/2005 and preliminary for 2005/2006.

Intraprovincial in-migrants

The numbers of intraprovincial in-migrants are final up to 2004/2005 and preliminary for 2005/2006. For the economic regions, the number of intraprovincial in-migrants is not available.

Intraprovincial out-migrants

The numbers of intraprovincial out-migrants are final up to 2004/2005 and preliminary for 2005/2006. For the economic regions, the number of intraprovincial out-migrants is not available.

Annual population estimates and factors of growth

Natural increase

Natural increase is final up to 2002/2003, updated for 2003/2004 and 2004/2005 and preliminary for 2005/2006.

Net international migration

Net international migrationnumbers are final up to 2002/2003, updated for 2003/2004 and 2004/2005 and preliminary for 2005/2006.

Net interprovincial migration

Net interprovincial migrationnumbersare final up to 2004/2005 and preliminary for 2005/2006.

Net intraprovincial migration

Net intraprovincial migrationnumbersare final up to 2004/2005 and preliminary for 2005/2006.

Total net migration

Total net migrationnumbersare final up to 2002/2003, updated for 2003/2004 and 2004/2005 and preliminary for 2005/2006.

Total growth

Numbers for total growthare final up to 2002/2003, updated for 2003/2004 and 2004/2005 and preliminary for 2005/2006.

Text table 1 **Summary of levels**

| | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 |
|------------------------------|-----------|-----------|---------|------|-----------|-----------|
| Population | PD | PD | PD | PR | PR | PP |
| | 2001/2002 | 2002/2003 | 2003/20 | 04 | 2004/2005 | 2005/2006 |
| Births | D | D | | D | R | Р |
| Deaths | D | D | | R | R | Р |
| Immigrants | D | D | | D | R | Р |
| Emigrants | D | D | | R | R | Р |
| Returning emigrants | D | D | | R | R | Р |
| Net temporary emigrants | D | D | | R | R | Р |
| Non-permanent residents | D | D | | R | R | Р |
| Interprovincial in-migrants | D | D | | D | D | Р |
| Interprovincial out-migrants | D | D | | D | D | Р |
| Intraprovincial in-migrants | D | D | | D | D | Р |
| Intraprovincial out-migrants | D | D | | D | D | Р |

D Final

R Updated
P Preliminary
PD Final Postcensal
PR Updated Postcental

PP Preliminary Postcensal

Quality of estimates

Postcensal population estimates

The postcensal estimates contain certain inaccuracies stemming from two types of errors:

- (a) errors in the 2001 Census data (the base population on which these estimates were built);
- (b) imperfections in other data sources and the method used to estimate the components.

Errors in census data

Census data for total population by province or territory are affected by coverage errors. These errors occur when dwellings and/or individuals are missed, incorrectly included or counted more than once. Following each census, Statistics Canada undertakes coverage studies to measure these errors. The main studies are the Reverse Record Check Survey (RRC) and the Census Overcoverage Study (COS). Based on these studies, estimates of net undercoverage (which is equal to the difference between undercoverage and overcoverage) are produced. Demography Division adjusts the population enumerated in the census by province and territory using these estimates. At the subprovincial level these rates were applied to all geographic regions in the province or territory.

Text table 1
Estimated net undercoverage of population, 2001 to 2006 Censuses, Canada, provinces and territories

| | 2001 | | 2006 | |
|---------------------------|---------|-----------------|---------|--------------------|
| | Number | Rate in percent | Number | Rate in percent |
| Canada | 712,119 | 2.41 | 958,968 | 3.10 |
| Newfoundland and Labrador | 8,840 | 1.58 | 9,401 | 1.80 |
| Prince Edward Island | 896 | 0.66 | 1,325 | 0.97 |
| Nova Scotia | 21,126 | 2.27 | 24,521 | 2.63 |
| New Brunswick | 14,073 | 1.87 | 20,095 | 2.68 |
| Quebec | 102,680 | 1.42 | 152,880 | 2.07 |
| Ontario | 304,139 | 2.75 | 452,309 | 3.81 |
| Manitoba | 19,052 | 1.68 | 31,013 | 2.70 |
| Saskatchewan | 28,599 | 2.81 | 21,812 | 2.18 |
| Alberta | 71,971 | 2.60 | 74,834 | 2.45 |
| British Columbia | 137,446 | 3.56 | 164,805 | 4.05 |
| Yukon Territory | 467 | 1.50 | 1,422 | 4.72 |
| Northwest Territories | 1,979 | 4.75 | 3,295 | 8.10 |
| Nunavut | 851 | 3.33 | 1,256 | 4.49 |

The adjustment also incorporates the results of a study on the estimates of the number of people living on incompletely enumerated Indian reserves to complete the corrections for coverage errors in the census. The results of the coverage studies contain mainly sampling errors. For further information regarding the main coverage studies, please see the following document on Statistics Canada's web site: 2001 Census Technical Report on Coverage.

Errors coming from methodology and other data sources

Errors due to estimation methodologies and data sources other than the census are can also be significant.

Since the law requires the recording of vital statistics, births and deaths data meet very high standards. Nevertheless, since preliminary estimates are derived, they can be slightly different from final estimates.

With respect to immigrats and non-permanent residents, Citizenship and Immigration Canada administers special data files on both of these components. Since immigration is controlled by law (the Immigration Act), data on immigrants and non-permanent residents are compiled upon arrival in Canada. These data represent only "legal" immigration and exclude illegal immigrants. Thus, for the "legal" part of international movement into Canada, the data are considered to be of high quality.

However, some biases such as the difference between the place of intended residence at the time of arrival and the actual place of residence, may persist. Finally, since information provided by the Visitor Data System from Citizenship and Immigration Canada is not complete (age and sex of dependents, province of residence for certain groups of permit holders), estimates of nonpermanent residents are more prone to error than data on immigrants.

Estimates of the number of emigrants and returning emigrants are both derived using Child Tax Benefit (CTB) data provided by Canada Revenue Agency (CRA). Data are adjusted to take into account the incomplete coverage of the CTB program and to derive the emigration and returning emigration of adults. These adjustments and the delay in obtaining the data are the two main sources of errors.

As current information on the number of persons living temporarily abroad does not exist, estimates are based on the Reverse Record Check (RRC) and the census. Estimates for the intercensal period, distributed equally among the five years, are maintained constant for the postcensal period. Moreover, assumptions were made to allow for the distribution of national data by subprovincial regions. Any geographical or quarterly variation may introduce error in the estimation of these components.

While preliminary estimates of interprovincial migration are produced using data from the Child Tax Benefit (CTB) program, final estimates are calculated from the annual taxfile received from Canada Revenue Agency (CRA). Since the two estimates of interprovincial migration are produced from different sources of information, they are more subject to error. Moreover, as no preliminary data is available for subprovincial migration, we assume the same level of migration as the previous year. The last two years are therefore identical for this component.

Geographical changes

Subprovincial geographical boundaries may change from one census to another. In order to facilitate chronological studies, population estimates for CDs, CMAs and ER were produced for the 1986 to 2006 period according to boundaries delineated in the 2001 Census.

In order to clarify the demographic significance of geographical boundary changes, the 1996 population estimates according to 1996 Census boundaries will be compared to those of the same year based on 2001 Census boundaries. Data presented here apply to population enumerated in the 1996 Census without adjustment for net undercoverage.

Census metropolitan areas (CMAs)

Among the 25 CMAs as defined in the 1996 Census¹, 10 have undergone geographical boundary changes in the 2001 Census. Had the latter been applied in 1996, population in all 25 CMAs would have reached 17,898,000 instead of 17,885,000, representing a slight increase of 33,000 persons or 0.2%

In certain CMAs, the demographic repercussions of boundary changes were more pronounced. In London, the relative gain attributable to boundary change reached 4.5% and surpassed 1% in four other CMAs: Greater Sudbury (3.2%), Halifax (3.1%), Windsor (2.9%) and Thunder Bay (1.5%).

In some cases (Montréal, Toronto and Winnipeg), boundary changes had a negligible effect on population.

^{1.} Two new CMAs were added in the 2001 Census Abbotsford in British Columbia and Kingston in Ontario.

In one instance, the boundary change translated into a decline in population. The Ontarian part of the Ottawa-Gatineau CMA dropped by 11,800 persons (1.5%).

Census divisions (CDs)

Boundary changes affected 34 of the 288 CDs in Canada and population in 17 CDs was negligibly affected with relative gains/losses not exceeding 0.1%.

Boundary changes greatly impacted population numbers in five CDs located in Ontario and Quebec. The CD most affected was Val-Saint-François in Quebec, with a loss of 15.8% followed by in decreasing order, Northumberland in Ontario (-9.0%), Rouville in Quebec (-8.8%), and Sudbury in Ontario (-6.4%). Finally, the CD of Hastings, in Ontario, registered gains of 6.2%.

Quality assessment

In order to assess the quality of our estimates, two evaluation measures are used: precocity errors and errors of closure.

Precocity errors

The quality of preliminary estimates of components is analysed using precocity errors. Precocity error, which is calculated on a quarterly basis, is defined as the difference between preliminary and final estimate of a particular component in terms of its relative proportion of the total population for the relevant geographical area. It can be calculated for both population and component estimates.

Precocity error allows for useful comparisons between components, as well as between different geographical level of different population size.

Generally speaking, net interprovincial and subprovincial migration yields the greatest precocity errors. This is likely the result of the use of different data sources for preliminary and final estimates of interprovincial migration. In most years and for most provinces/territories, births, deaths and immigration estimates yielded the smallest precocity errors. For immigration estimates, this reflects the completeness of the data source and the availability of data for the more timely preliminary estimates. In the case of births and deaths, small precocity errors support the use of short-term projections for preliminary estimates.

According to the analysis of the most recent precocity errors and assuming that the quality of the basic data remains constant, the present postcensal estimates should have an acceptable degree of reliability.

Text table 2 Precocity errors of annual population estimates for census metropolitan areas (CMAs), Canada, July 1, 2002 and 2003

| | 2002 | | 2003 | |
|------------------------|--------|---------|--------|---------|
| | number | percent | number | percent |
| All CMAs | 23,238 | 0.115 | 37,918 | 0.185 |
| Abbotsford | 13 | 0.008 | 1,771 | 1.132 |
| Calgary | 1,865 | 0.186 | 3,071 | 0.301 |
| Edmonton | 1,314 | 0.134 | 716 | 0.072 |
| Greater Sudbury | 5 | 0.003 | 864 | 0.536 |
| Halifax | 77 | 0.021 | 866 | 0.230 |
| Hamilton | 963 | 0.138 | 2,053 | 0.291 |
| Kingston | 155 | 0.100 | 205 | 0.132 |
| Kitchener | 376 | 0.086 | 637 | 0.143 |
| London | 490 | 0.108 | 424 | 0.093 |
| Montréal | 4,575 | 0.129 | 4,426 | 0.124 |
| Oshawa | 3,192 | 1.011 | 4,740 | 1.463 |
| Ottawa-Gatineau | 976 | 0.087 | 152 | 0.013 |
| Ontario | 1,394 | 0.164 | 344 | 0.040 |
| Québec | 418 | 0.157 | 496 | 0.182 |
| Québec | 522 | 0.074 | 351 | 0.050 |
| Regina | 48 | 0.024 | 364 | 0.184 |
| St. Catharines-Niagara | 217 | 0.055 | 866 | 0.220 |
| St. John's | 48 | 0.027 | 877 | 0.490 |
| Saguenay | 68 | 0.044 | 95 | 0.061 |
| Saint John | 33 | 0.026 | 208 | 0.165 |
| Saskatoon | 78 | 0.034 | 1,213 | 0.521 |
| Sherbrooke | 118 | 0.074 | 475 | 0.296 |
| Thunder Bay | 19 | 0.015 | 1,334 | 1.052 |
| Toronto | 8,568 | 0.171 | 15,340 | 0.300 |
| Trois-Rivières | 150 | 0.107 | 243 | 0.173 |
| Vancouver | 690 | 0.033 | 8,227 | 0.384 |
| Victoria | 14 | 0.004 | 1,826 | 0.556 |
| Windsor | 383 | 0.118 | 270 | 0.082 |
| Winnipeg | 495 | 0.071 | 1,070 | 0.153 |

Text table 3 Distribution of census divisions (CD) by precocity errors, Canada, provinces and territories, July 1, 2003

| | | | Precocity e | rror | | |
|---------------------------|----------------|-----------------|-----------------|----------------|---------------------------|---------------------|
| | Less than 0.1% | 0.1 to 0.49% | 0.5 to 0.99% | 1% and more | Total of census divisions | Provincial error |
| | | percent | | | number | percent |
| Canada | 56 | 143 | 69 | 20 | 288 | 0.146 |
| Newfoundland and Labrador | 2 | 6 | 1 | 1 | 10 | 0.220 |
| Prince Edward Island | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0.332 |
| Nova Scotia | 4 | 11 | 3 | 0 | 18 | 0.052 |
| New Brunswick | 4 | 8 | 2 | 1 | 15 | 0.084 |
| Quebec | 26 | 54 | 15 | 4 | 99 | 0.100 |
| Ontario | 11 | 23 | 15 | 0 | 49 | 0.198 |
| Manitoba | 3 | 10 | 7 | 3 | 23 | 0.076 |
| Saskatchewan | 3 | 8 | 7 | 0 | 18 | 0.011 |
| Alberta | 1 | 12 | 4 | 2 | 19 | 0.242 |
| British Columbia | 1 | 8 | 13 | 6 | 28 | 0.212 |
| Yukon Territory | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1.590 |
| Northwest Territories | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 0.850 |
| Nunavut | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 0.751 |

Errors of closure

The error of closure measures the exactness level of the final postcensal estimates. It can be defined as the difference between the enumerated population of the most recent census (after adjustments for net undercoverage) and the most current postcensal population estimates as of census day.

The error of closure comes from two sources: differences in the amount of net undercoverage and errors in the components of population change over the intercensal period. This can be calculated for population estimates and for age, sex and marital status. With each 5-year intercensal period, the error of closure can only be calculated with the release of census data and estimates of net undercoverage.

By dividing the error of closure by the adjusted census population rates are relatively small at the national level (0.38% for 1996 and 0.15% for 2001). At the provincial and territorial level, as at the subprovincial level differences are understandably larger, since the estimates are also affected by errors in estimating interprovincial and subprovincial migration.

Text table 4
Error of closure of the estimates of total population for Canada, provinces and territories, July 1, 1996 and 2001

| | 1996 | | 2001 | |
|---------------------------|---------|---------|--------|---------|
| | Number | Rate in | Number | Rate in |
| | percent | | | percent |
| Canada | 113,416 | 0.38 | 46,467 | 0.15 |
| Newfoundland and Labrador | 8,840 | 1.58 | 11,416 | 2.19 |
| Prince Edward Island | 411 | 0.30 | 1,481 | 1.08 |
| Nova Scotia | 6,446 | 0.69 | 9,034 | 0.97 |
| New Brunswick | 5,634 | 0.75 | 4,638 | 0.62 |
| Quebec | 96,449 | 1.33 | -320 | 0.00 |
| Ontario | 56,479 | 0.51 | 8,857 | 0.07 |
| Manitoba | -852 | -0.08 | -1,121 | -0.10 |
| Saskatchewan | -7,400 | -0.73 | 15,952 | 1.59 |
| Alberta | -8,124 | -0.29 | 714 | 0.02 |
| British Columbia | -43,313 | -1.12 | -4,357 | -0.11 |
| Yukon Territory | -244 | -0.78 | -354 | -1.18 |
| Northwest Territories | -42 | -0.10 | 481 | 1.18 |
| Nunavut | -868 | -3.39 | 46 | 0.16 |

Note(s): The error of closure is equal to the July 1 postcensal estimate minus the census count adjusted to July 1 and for net census undercoverage. The percentage is: error of closure, divided by the census count adjusted to July 1 and for net census undercoverage, multiplied by 100.

Text table 5
Error of closure of estimates of population for census metropolitan areas, Canada, July 1, 2001

| | Error of closure | Error of closure | | |
|-------------------------------|------------------|------------------|--|--|
| | number | percent | | |
| All Census metropolitan areas | -27,246 | -0.14 | | |
| Abbotsford | | | | |
| Calgary | -8,051 | -0.82 | | |
| Edmonton | -8,110 | -0.84 | | |
| Greater Sudbury | 387 | 0.24 | | |
| Halifax | -1 | 0.00 | | |
| Hamilton | -8,490 | -1.23 | | |
| Kingston | | | | |
| Kitchener | -158 | -0.04 | | |
| London | -4,908 | -1.09 | | |
| Montréal | -6,440 | -0.18 | | |
| Oshawa | -3,858 | -1.25 | | |
| Ottawa-Gatineau | -8,724 | -0.79 | | |
| Ontario | -4,024 | -0.48 | | |
| Quebec | -4,700 | -1.79 | | |
| Québec | -1,680 | -0.24 | | |
| Regina | 811 | 0.41 | | |
| St. Catharines-Niagara | 1,000 | 0.26 | | |
| St. John's | -8 | 0.00 | | |
| Saguenay | -0 593 | 0.38 | | |
| Saint John | 1,056 | 0.84 | | |
| Saskatoon | -407 | -0.18 | | |
| Sherbrooke | - | -0.10 | | |
| Thunder Bay | 230 | 0.18 | | |
| Triunder Bay | 26,020 | 0.16 | | |
| Trois-Rivières | 681 | 0.33 | | |
| Vancouver | 4,126 | 0.49 | | |
| varicouver Victoria | | -2.47 | | |
| | -8,053 3,540 | | | |
| Windsor | 2,519 | 0.79 | | |
| Winnipeg | -5,620 | -0.81 | | |

Text table 6 Error of closure of the estimates of population by economic regions (ER), July 1, 2001

| | Error of closure | | |
|--|------------------|----------------|--|
| | number | percent | |
| All economic regions Absolute average error | 199,878 | 0.95 | |
| Newfoundland and Labrador | | | |
| Avalon Peninsula | 3,984 | 1.61 | |
| Notre Dame - Central Bonavista Bay | 3,277 | 2.78 | |
| South Coast - Burin Peninsula West Coast - Northern Peninsula - Labrador | 1,274 2,881 | 2.86 2.56 | |
| | 2,001 | 2.30 | |
| Prince Edward Island Prince Edward Island | 1,481 | 1.08 | |
| Nova Scotia | | | |
| Annapolis Valley | 2,596 | 2.09 | |
| Cape Breton | 2,775 | 1.83 | |
| Halifax North Shore | -1 1,989 | 0.00 1.22 | |
| Southern | 1,969 | 1.34 | |
| | ,, | | |
| New Brunswick Campbellton - Miramichi | 2,467 | 1.41 | |
| Edmundston - Woodstock | 306 | 0.35 | |
| Fredericton - Oromocto | 708 | 0.55 | |
| Moncton - Richibucto Saint John - St. Stephen | -617 1,774 | -0.33 1.03 | |
| ' | 1,774 | 1.03 | |
| Quebec | 000 | 0.66 | |
| Abitibi - Témiscamingue Bas-Saint-Laurent | 988 -1,333 | 0.66 -0.65 | |
| Capitale-Nationale | -3,598 | -0.55 | |
| Centre-du-Québec | -1,188 | -0.53 | |
| Chaudière - Appalaches | -387 | -0.10 | |
| Côte-Nord Estrie | 1,025 5 | 1.03 0.00 | |
| Gaspésie - Îles-de-la-Madeleine | 928 | 0.00 | |
| Lanaudière | 2,755 | 0.70 | |
| Laurentides | 3,265 | 0.69 | |
| Laval | 4,788 | 1.37 | |
| Mauricie Montérégie | 625 9,677 | 0.24 0.74 | |
| Montréal | -17,698 | -0.96 | |
| Nord-du-Québec | -37 | -0.09 | |
| Outaouais | -460 | -0.14 | |
| Saguenay - Lac-Saint-Jean | 325 | 0.11 | |
| Ontario | | | |
| Hamilton - Niagara Peninsula | -9,857 | -0.74 | |
| Kingston - Pembroke Kitchener - Waterloo - Barrie | -417 -7,710 | -0.09 -0.70 | |
| London | -4,958 | -0.81 | |
| Muskoka - Kawarthas | 996 | 0.28 | |
| Northeast | 1,770 | 0.31 | |
| Northwest Ottawa | 2,639 -168 | 1.07 -0.01 | |
| Stratford - Bruce Peninsula | -1,900 | -0.64 | |
| Toronto | 26,994 | 0.52 | |
| Windsor - Sarnia | 1,468 | 0.23 | |
| Manitoba | | ± | |
| Interlake | 673 3 134 | 0.80 3.69 | |
| North North Central | 3,134 -202 | -0.41 | |
| Parklands | 587 | 1.29 | |
| South Central | 407 | 0.76 | |
| Southeast | 292 | 0.33 | |
| Southwest Winnipeg | -207 -5,805 | -0.20 -0.91 | |
| winnihea | -5,005 | -0.91 | |

Text table 6 – continued

Error of closure of the estimates of population by economic regions (ER), July 1, 2001

| | Error of closure | |
|--|------------------|---------|
| | number | percent |
| Saskatchewan | | |
| Northern | 2,394 | 7.30 |
| Prince Albert | 4,361 | 2.16 |
| Regina - Moose Mountain | 3,775 | 1.36 |
| Saskatoon - Biggar | 1,730 | 0.59 |
| Swift Current - Moose Jaw | 1,211 | 1.14 |
| Yorkton - Melville | 2,481 | 2.74 |
| Alberta | | |
| Athabasca - Grande Prairie - Peace River | 4,333 | 1.90 |
| Banff - Jasper - Rocky Mountain House | -140 | -0.17 |
| Calgary | -5,974 | -0.57 |
| Camrose - Drumheller | 906 | 0.48 |
| Edmonton | -5,714 | -0.57 |
| ethbridge - Medicine Hat | 5,395 | 2.20 |
| Red Deer | 1,281 | 0.82 |
| Nood Buffalo - Cold Lake | 627 | 0.59 |
| British Columbia | | |
| Cariboo | -554 | -0.33 |
| Kootenay | -130 | -0.09 |
| Lower Mainland - Southwest | 2,521 | 0.11 |
| Nechako | 538 | 1.22 |
| North Coast | -41 | -0.06 |
| Northeast | -114 | -0.18 |
| Γhompson - Okanagan | 565 | 0.12 |
| /ancouver Island and Coast | -7,142 | -1.00 |
| Yukon Territory | | |
| Yukon Territory | -353 | -1.17 |
| Northwest Territories | | |
| Northwest Territories | 481 | 1.18 |
| lunavut | | |
| Nunavut | 46 | 0.16 |

Text table 7
Distribution of census divisions (CD) by error of closure, Canada, provinces and territories, July 1, 2001

| | Error of closure | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------|-------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|-------------|---------------------------------|---|---------------------|---|
| | Less than 1.0% | 1.0 to 1.9% | 2.0 to 2.9% | 3.0 to 3.9% | 4% and over | Total of census divisions | Average absolute error ¹ | Provincial error | Census Divisions with positive error |
| | percent | | | | number | percent | | number | |
| Canada | 145 | 85 | 31 | 18 | 9 | 288 | 1.26 | 0.15 | 186 |
| Newfoundland and Labrador | 1 | 2 | 4 | 2 | 1 | 10 | 2.61 | 2.19 | 10 |
| Prince Edward Island | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 1.16 | 1.08 | 3 |
| Nova Scotia | 6 | 5 | 6 | 1 | 0 | 18 | 1.55 | 0.97 | 17 |
| New Brunswick | 8 | 6 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 15 | 0.89 | 0.62 | 11 |
| Quebec | 63 | 26 | 6 | 4 | 0 | 99 | 0.88 | 0.00 | 57 |
| Ontario | 26 | 15 | 4 | 3 | 1 | 49 | 1.11 | 0.07 | 26 |
| Manitoba | 9 | 6 | 4 | 3 | 1 | 23 | 1.65 | -0.10 | 13 |
| Saskatchewan Alberta | 3 | 6 | 4 | 4 | 1 | 18 19 | 2.32 1.92 | 1.59 0.02 | 17 14 |
| British Columbia | / 17 | 9 | 1 | 1 | 4 | 28 | 1.92 | -0.11 | 13 |
| Yukon Territory | 17 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 20 | 1.02 | -1.17 | 13 |
| Northwest Territories | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1.58 | 1.18 | 2 |
| Nunavut | 2 | 1 | 'n | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0.82 | 0.16 | 2 |

^{1.} The error of closure is equal to the July 1 postcensal estimate minus the census count adjusted to July 1 and for net undercount. The percentage is error of closure, divided by the census count adjusted to July 1 and for net undercount, multiplied by 100. The absolute values of these percentages are used for the distribution in this table.

Population estimates

This appendix describes the concepts, data sources and methodology used to produce the demographic estimates included in this publication.

Types of estimates

Demographic estimates can be categorized as either intercensal or postcensal. Intercensal estimates are produced using data from two censuses and postcensal estimates, whereas postcensal estimates are produced using data from the most recent census as well as components of population growth. In producing up-to-date figures, postcensal estimates are obviously more timely, albeit less accurate. The production of intercensal estimates involves the retrospective adjustment of past figures with the availability of new census data.

Because some data are only available several months after the reference date, three types of postcensal estimates are issued, preliminary (PP); updated (PR), and final (PD). Reference dates and time lags associated with the availability of the three types of estimates are typically released within three to four months after the reference date for preliminary data, while final estimates normally take 2 to 3 years to complete. The quality of population estimates ultimately depends upon the availability of several different administrative data files that are provided to Statistics Canada from other government departments, both in Canada and internationally. The production of three successive series of postcensal estimates, while sometimes confusing to users of demographic statistics, is the strategy that best satisfies the need for both timeliness and accuracy. Section "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" in the current publication, indicates the level of the enclosed figures.

Postcensal population estimates

Postcensal estimates were obtained by adding the number of births, subtracting the number of deaths, and by adding or subtracting the net impact of international and internal migration on the most recent census population adjusted for net census undercoverage (i.e. census undercoverage minus census overcoverage). The inclusion of non-permanent residents in the target population dictated that net variation in the size of this subpopulation in Canada be added to the base period.

Estimates of population were first produced for each province and territory, and then summed to obtain an estimate of the population of Canada. The estimates at the subprovincial level were adjusted proportionately to coincide with annual estimates of the total population for provinces and territories

The component method used in estimating total provincial/territorial populations is expressed as follows:

$$\textbf{P_{(t+i)}} = P_t + B_{(t,t+i)} - D_{(t,t+i)} + I_{(t,t+i)} - [E_{(t,t+i)} + \Delta TE_{(t,t+i)}] + RE_{(t,t+i)} + \Delta NPR_{(t,t+i)} + N_{(t,t+i)}$$

where for any given area:

```
= estimate of population at time t+i;
P_{(t+i)}
             = base population at time t;
\mathsf{B}_{(t,t+i)}
             = number of births between time t and t+i:
D_{(t,t+i)}
             = number of deaths between time t and t+i;
             = number of immigrants between time t and t+i;
I_{(t,t+i)}
             = number of emigrants between time t and t+i;
E_{(t,t+i)}
             = net temporary emigrants between time t and t+i;
\Delta TE_{(t,t+i)}
             = number of returning emigrants between time t and t+i;
RE_{(t,t+i)}
\Delta NPR_{(t,t+i)}
             = net non-permanent residents between time t and t+i:
N_{(t,t+i)}
             = net interprovincial migration between time t and t+i:
(t,t+i)
             = interval between the date of the base population and the reference date of the
             estimate.
```

Postcensal estimates of population for census metropolitan areas, census divisions and economic regions

To produce estimates for census metropolitan areas (CMAs) and census divisions (CDs), the component approach was also used, but figures were adjusted, if necessary, to assure consistency with provincial/territorial totals.

The component method used in estimating total CMA. CD and ER populations is expressed as follows:

$$\begin{aligned} \textbf{P}_{(\textbf{t}+\textbf{i})} &= P_t + B_{(t,t+\textbf{i})} - D_{(t,t+\textbf{i})} + I_{(t,t+\textbf{i})} - [E_{(t,t+\textbf{i})} + \Delta T E_{(t,t+\textbf{i})}] + R E_{(t,t+\textbf{i})} + InterIN_{(t,t+\textbf{i})} &- InterOUT_{(t,t+\textbf{i})} \\ & \quad InfraIN_{(t,t+\textbf{i})} - InfraOUT_{(t,t+\textbf{i})} + \Delta NPR_{(t,t+\textbf{i})} + N_{(t,t+\textbf{i})} \end{aligned}$$

where for any given area:

```
= estimate of population at time t+i;
P_{(t+i)}
P_{t}
                   = base population at time t:
                   = number of births between time t and t+i:
B_{(t,t+i)}
D_{(t,t+i)} \\
                   = number of deaths between time t and t+i;
I_{(t,t+i)}
                   = number of immigrants between time t and t+i;
\boldsymbol{E}_{(t,t+i)}
                   = number of emigrants between time t and t+i;
\Delta TE_{(t,t+i)}
                   = net temporary emigrants between time t and t+i;
                   = number of returning emigrants between time t and t+i;
RE_{(t,t+i)}
InterIN_{(t,t+i)}
                   = interprovincial in-migrants between time t and t+i;
                   = interprovincial out-migrants between time t and t+i;
InterOUT<sub>(t,t+i)</sub>
                   = intraprovincial in-migrants between time t and t+i;
InfraIN<sub>(t,t+i)</sub>
InfraOUT<sub>(t,t+i)</sub>
                   = intraprovincial out-migrants between time t and t+i;
\Delta NPR_{(t,t+i)}
                   = net non-permanent residents between time t and t+i;
(t,t+i)
                   = Interval between the date of the base population and the reference date of the
                  estimate.
```

For economic regions (ERs), which are mainly constituted from groups of census divisions, the approach was different. The first step was to define the ERs using census division data as delineated in the 2001 Census. Once determined, it was then possible to allocate, to each ER, components of growth (births, deaths and migration) initially produced at the CD level.

All components, with the exception of intraprovincial migration, were obtained using this method. In order to produce the latter, we calculated the difference between the growth obtained using population estimates and that of the available components. Due to this constraint, only net intraprovincial migration is available. Finally, if required, corrections were made to ensure that totals obtained using the sum of the ER estimates and those calculated at the provincial and territorial levels agreed.

A prorating procedure was used to adjust total population counts and the components of subprovincial areas. Prorating implies that the difference between the provincial total population and the sum of the subprovincial population is distributed proportionally across subprovincial areas.

Two-way raking is an iterative procedure whereby differences are simultaneously adjusted in assuring a consistency between:

- i. the sum of subprovincial areas and provincial/territorial population totals, and
- ii. the sum across subprovincial areas for specific age/sex categories and the provincial/territorial distribution by age and sex. Thus, this method ensures the consistency between estimates for census divisions, census metropolitan areas and economic regions, and provincial/territorial estimates by age and sex.

Quebec and British Columbia

As an exception to the above methodology, the preliminary postcensal estimates for census divisions and census metropolitan areas in Quebec and in British Columbia were prepared by their respective statistical agencies. This situation also applied to the economic region-level estimates which were derived from the census division-level estimates. ISQ (Institut de la statistique du Québec) estimates were based on statistics derived from the registration file for insured persons of the "Régie de l'assurance-maladie". BC STATS estimates were produced using a regression model based on residential electrical (Hydro) connections and Old Age Security data as symptomatic indicators. These estimates were controlled to Statistics Canada's provincial estimates.

Intercensal estimates of population

Following each census, intercensal estimates are produced (that is, estimates of population for reference dates between two censuses). These estimates reconcile previous postcensal estimates with the new census-based information.

The production of intercensal estimates involves two basic steps:

- i. the calculation of the error of closure;
- ii. the linear distribution of the error of closure by year.

The error of closure is defined as the difference between the most current set of postcensal population estimates on Census Day and the enumerated population of that census (after adjustments for net census undercoverage). Assuming that the coverage studies that follow each enumeration are unbiased, the adjusted census figures are accepted as exact.

Assuming that the error of closure is distributed uniformly over the intercensal period, it is distributed according to an arithmetic function.

The correction of intercensal estimates by age and sex is done similarly by distributing the error of closure across age and sex cohorts.

To produce intercensal estimates for the 1986 to 2001 period at the subprovincial level, the base populations and components of demographic growth from 1986 to 2001 needed to be adjusted according to the 2001 Census boundaries. This was done by applying conversion factors based on the population of the 2001 Census

subdivisions. For most provinces, there were only minor corrections to census divisions, census metropolitan areas and economic regions (see section "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Quality of estimates").

When summed, the series of intercensal estimates by age and sex for subprovincial areas, produced by taking the error of closure into account, differed slightly from the intercensal estimates at the provincial/territorial levels. These differences were then proportionally distributed among the age/sex cohorts.

Components

Base populations

Each of the four base populations was derived from the 1986 to 2001 Censuses. However, the population counts were corrected according to the following steps:

- Adjustment of population by age and sex from Census Day to June 1. The adjustment for the few days between Census Day and June 1 in 1986 and 1991 was made using a proportion of growth method. The adjustment between the Census Day and June 1 in 1996 and 2001 was done using the cohort component approach.
- Adjustment of the population for net undercoverage.
- Addition of independent estimates of incompletely enumerated Indian reserves in 1986, 1991, 1996 and 2001.
- Adjustment for early enumeration in 1991 and 1996 in parts of northern Quebec, Newfoundland and Labrador, the Yukon Territory and the Northwest Territories.
- Estimation of the July 1 base population by addition or subtraction of the components of growth for the month of June.
- Addition of estimates of non-permanent residents in 1986. Starting in 1991, non-permanent residents are included
 in the census universe.

The adjustment for net census undercoverage is important. Net census undercoverage is the difference between the number of persons who should have been enumerated but were missed (undercoverage), and the number of persons who were enumerated, but who should not have been or who were counted more than once (overcoverage).

The coverage studies provide estimates of undercoverage of the 1991, 1996 and 2001 Censuses at the provincial and territorial levels, and of the 1986 Census at the provincial level only. The studies provide estimates of overcoverage at the provincial and territorial levels of the last three Censuses (1991, 1996 and 2001). Prior to 1991, overcoverage was estimated by assuming that the overcoverage-to-undercoverage ratio observed in each province in 1991 was the same as the Census of 1986. The net census undercoverage for the Yukon Territory and the Northwest Territories prior to 1991 was estimated by assuming that the ratios between the net census undercoverage of each territory and the 10 provinces observed in 1991 was the same as the Census of 1986.

For the sake of consistency, 1991 Census under- and overcoverage were revised in 1998, to take into account the methodological improvements introduced to the coverage studies in 1996. This modification altered the net undercoverage in the Census of 1986. In the same manner, 1996 Census under- and overcoverage were revised in 2003.

Various procedures were used to produce the estimates of net census undercoverage by sex and single years of age for 1991, 1996 and 2001. A curve-smoothing method was used to produce the national estimates by age and sex. An Empirical Bayes regression model created the estimates by broad age groups for each province and a synthetic model generated estimates by single years of age. Finally, a two-way raking ratio procedure was used to ensure that the estimates were consistent with the provincial totals and the national estimates by age and sex. For 1986, the age and sex estimates were simply prorated to the revised estimates of the total population.

Coverage studies do not provide estimates of net census undercoverage for subprovincial areas. In order to obtain estimates at subprovincial levels, provincial rates of net census undercoverage by single years of age and sex were applied to all geographic regions in the province.

Births and deaths

Information on births and deaths is derived directly from Statistics Canada's Health Statistics Division database. Although Statistics Canada manages the national system of vital statistics, the central vital statistics registries in provinces and territories are responsible for collecting the statistics. Provincial and territorial Vital Statistics Acts (or equivalent legislation) render compulsory the registration of all live births and deaths, and all provinces and territories provide this information to Statistics Canada.

The universe associated with vital statistics closely parallels the census universe, by including births and deaths of all Canadians, immigrants and non-permanent residents. If statistics for births and deaths are not available for the most recent years, we estimate the number of births using age-specific fertility rates by age of mother and the number of deaths are estimated using age-sex-specific mortality rates by age and sex, except for Quebec and British Columbia which provide their most recent statistics on births and deaths.

Migration component at subprovincial level

The components (immigration, emigration, returning emigrants, inter-provincial migration and subprovincial migration) by broad age groups and sex for subprovincial areas were obtained using tax data. Data by broad age groups and sex were distributed by single years of age according to the provincial and territorial distribution, with the exception of subprovincial migration which was based on the 2001 Census mobility data.

A non-permanent resident, as defined by Statistics Canada, is a person who has been granted the right to live in Canada temporarily, and includes persons living in Canada claiming refugee status, persons holding a work permit, study permit or minister's permit. Also included among non-permanent residents are all family members born outside Canada currently sharing a residence with the afore-mentioned persons. Statistics Canada estimates the number of non-permanent residents based on these permits. These estimates are then used in the calculation of net variation in the size of this sub-population, and they are added to the base population. The distribution of non-permanent residents at the sub-provincial level are derived from the 2001 Census data.

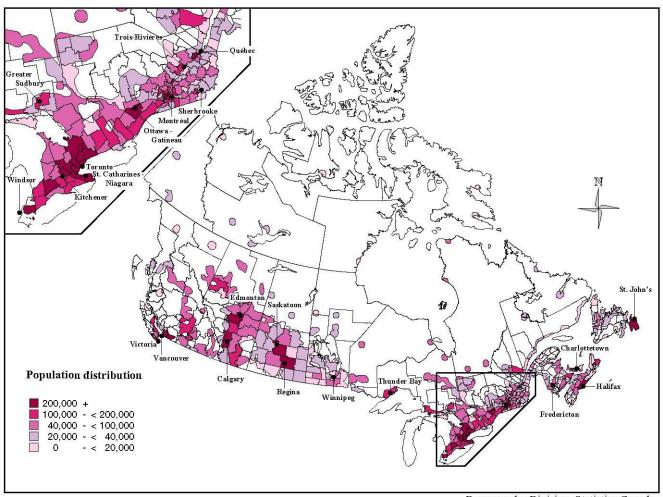
The net temporary emigrants data from the Reverse Record Check (RRC), the most important Census Coverage Study, were used to estimate the number of persons living temporarily abroad. Data from the Canadian census on mobility five years ago, combined with the estimates of returning emigration of the intercensal period, were used to estimate the returns of those who were living temporarily abroad at the time of the previous census. From these two estimates, a five-year net change was derived and distributed equally among the five years. In order to produce postcensal estimates, the 1996 to 2001 average annual net numbers were maintained constant.

The estimates of the components at the subprovincial level are adjusted proportionately to coincide with annual estimates of the total population for provinces and territories.

Appendix A

Thematic maps

Map 1 Population distribution as of July 1, 2006 by census division (CD), Canada



Creater Sadbury Statement Statement

Map 2 Population growth rates between July 1, 2005 and June 30, 2006 by census division (CD), Canada,

Trais Riviers

Quobre

Greener
Soldwire

Single Prode

Monte of Graina Stakstoon

Figure Single Stakstoon

Ningle Stakstoon

Calgay

Regins

Winning

Rates of net interprevincial migration (%)

Frederictan

Map 3 Net interprovincial migration rates between July 1, 2005 and June 30, 2006 by census division (CD), Canada

Creater Suddivises

Shely oak
Montreal
Ottewar

St. John's

Rates of net intraprevincial migration (%)

Rates of net intraprevincial migration (%)

Map 4 Net intraprovincial migration rates between July 1, 2005 and June 30, 2006 by census division (CD), Canada

Trois Rivier to
Quebec

Grater
Sudbuy

Sherbrooke

Montreal

Drawa

Gaineau

St. John's

Kirtheau

Vancouver

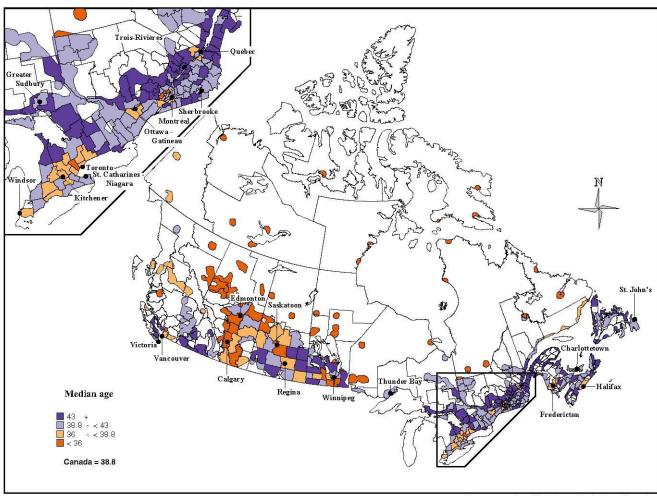
Calgary

Thunde Biy

Halfax

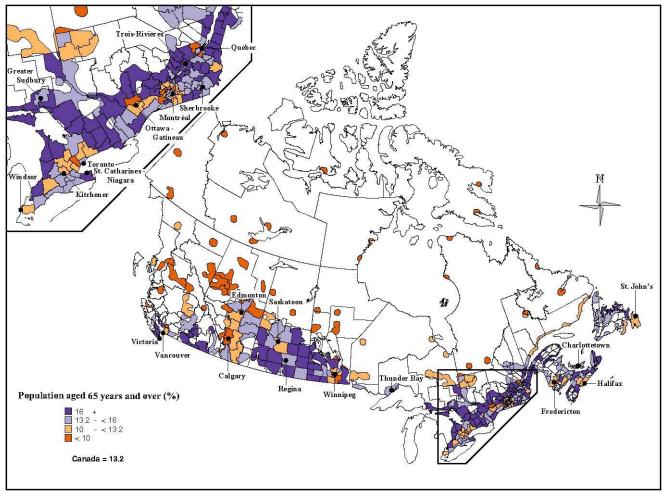
Map 5 Net internal migration rates between July 1, 2005 and June 30, 2006 by census division (CD), Canada

Rates of net internal migration (%)



Map 6 Median age as of July 1, 2006 by census division (CD), Canada

Map 7 Proportion of population 65 years of age and over as of July 1, 2006, by census division (CD), Canada



Appendix B

Sources and remarks

Base population

May 15, 2001 Census of Population, adjusted to July 1 and for net undercount.

Statistics Canada, Census of Canada, 2001, catalogue no. 93-360-X.

Births and deaths

Statistics Canada, Health Statistics Division.

Migration

The components (immigration, emigration, returning emigrants, interprovincial and intraprovincial migration) by broad age group and sex for intraprovincial areas were obtained using tax data. Data by broad age group and sex were distributed by single year of age according to the provincial and territorial distribution, with the exception of intraprovincial migration which was based on the 2001 Census mobility data.

Net temporary emigrants

Statistics Canada, Demography Division – based on data from the Reverse Record Check (RRC), 1996 and 2001 Censuses of Canada. Data were distributed by region, single year of age and sex according to the emigrant distribution.

Non-permanent residents

Statistics Canada, Demography Division – based on data provided by Citizenship and Immigration Canada. Data were distributed by region, single year of age and sex according to the most recent census distribution.