

INVESTMENT TAX CREDIT - CORPORATIONS (1998 and later taxation years)

General information

- 1. For use by a corporation that during a taxation year:
 - a) earned an investment tax credit (the credit);
 - b) is claiming a deduction against their Part I tax payable;
 - c) is claiming a refund of credit earned during the current taxation year;
 - d) is claiming a carry-forward of credit from preceding taxation years;
 - e) is transferring a credit following an amalgamation or wind-up of a subsidiary, as described under subsections 87(1) and 88(1) of the federal *Income Tax Act*;
 - f) is requesting a credit carry-back; or
 - g) is subject to a recapture of investment tax credit.
- 2. References to parts, sections, and subsections on this schedule are from the federal *Income Tax Act* and the federal *Income Tax Regulations*. References to Interpretation Bulletins and Information Circulars are to the latest versions.
- 3. The credit is eligible for a three-year carry-back (if not deductible in the year earned) and a ten-year carry-forward.
- 4. Investments or expenditures, as defined in subsection 127(9) and Part XLVI of the federal *Income Tax Regulations*, that earn the investment tax credit are:
 - qualified property;
 - · certified property; and
 - qualified expenditures for scientific research and experimental development (SR&ED). Complete and file Form T661, *Claim for Scientific Research and Experimental Development Expenditures Carried on in Canada.*
- 5. Attach a completed copy of this schedule with the corporation's T2 Corporation Income Tax Return.
- 6. For more information on investment tax credits, see the section called "Investment Tax Credit" in the *T2 Corporation Income Tax Guide*, Information Circular IC 78-4, *Investment Tax Credit Rates*, and its related Special Release. Also, see Interpretation Bulletin IT-151, *Scientific Research and Experimental Development Expenditures.*
- For information on SR&ED, see Interpretation Bulletin IT-151, Scientific Research and Experimental Development Expenditures, Information Circular IC 86-4, Scientific Research and Experimental Development, T4052, Scientific Research and Experimental Development – An Information Guide to the Tax Incentive Program, T4088, Claiming Scientific Research and Experimental Development Expenditures (guide to Form T661).

Detailed information

- For the purpose of this schedule, investment means: The capital cost of the property (excluding amounts added by an election under section 21), determined without reference to subsections 13(7.1) and 13(7.4), minus the amount of any government assistance or non-government assistance that the corporation has received, is entitled to receive, or can reasonably be expected to receive for that property at the time of filing the income tax return for the year in which the property was acquired.
- 2. An investment tax credit deducted or refunded in a taxation year for a depreciable property, other than a depreciable property deductible under paragraph 37(1)(b), reduces the capital cost of that property in the next taxation year. It also reduces the undepreciated capital cost of that class in the next taxation year. An investment tax credit for SR&ED deducted or refunded in a taxation year will reduce the balance in the pool of deductible expenditures for SR&ED and the adjusted cost base (ACB) of an interest in a partnership, in the next taxation year.
- 3. Property acquired has to be "available for use" before a claim can be made for an investment tax credit.
- 4. Qualified expenditures for SR&ED and capital costs for a property qualifying for an investment tax credit must be identified by the claimant on Form T661 and Schedule 31 no later than 12 months after the claimant's income tax return is due for the taxation year in which the expenditures or capital costs were incurred.
- 5. Partnership allocations Subsection 127(8) provides for the allocation of the amount that may reasonably be considered to be a partner's share of the investment tax credits (the credits) of the partnership at the end of the fiscal period of the partnership. An allocation of credits is generally considered to be the partner's reasonable share of the credits if it is made in the same proportion in which the partners have agreed to share any income or loss and if section 103 of the Act is not applicable for the agreement to share any income or loss. For more information, see Interpretation Bulletin IT-151.



Corporation's name	Business Number	Taxation year-end		
		Year	Month	Day

Part 1 – Investments, or expenditures, percentages, and codes

Investments	Specified percentage	Code
Qualified property acquired primarily for use in Newfoundland, Prince Edward Island, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, the Gaspé Peninsula, or a prescribed offshore region	10%	14
Expenditures If you are a CCPC throughout the taxation year, code 11B may apply to you on the portion that you claim of the SR&ED qualified expenditure pool that does not exceed your expenditure limit (see Part 9 on page 4)	35%	11B
If the current year's qualified expenditures are more than the corporation's expenditure limit, (see Part 9 on page 4) the excess is eligible for an investment tax credit calculated at the 20% rate.		
A corporation that is not a CCPC throughout the current taxation year that incurred qualified expenditures for SR&ED in any area in Canada after 1995	20%	3B

P	art 2 – Determination of a qualifying corporation			
Is the corporation a qualifying corporation?		101	1 Yes	2 No

A **qualifying corporation** for the purpose of a refundable investment tax credit is defined under subsection 127.1(2). The corporation has to be a Canadian-controlled private corporation (CCPC) throughout the particular taxation year and the taxable income (prior to any loss carry-backs) for its preceding taxation year or, if it is associated with any other corporations in the particular taxation year, the taxable income (prior to any loss carry-backs) of the corporation for its last taxation year ending in the preceding calendar year plus the taxable incomes (prior to any loss carry-backs) of all the associated corporations for their last taxation years ending in the preceding calendar year, cannot exceed the total of the business limits as determined for the small business deduction.

A qualifying corporation will earn a 100% refund on its share of any investment tax credits earned at the 35% rate up to the allocated expenditure limit on qualified current expenditures for SR&ED. The 100% refund does not apply to qualified capital expenditures eligible for the 35% credit rate. They are only eligible for the 40% refund.

Some CCPCs that are not qualifying corporations may also earn a 100% refund on their share of any investment tax credits earned at the 35% rate up to the allocated expenditure limit on qualified current expenditures for SR&ED. The expenditure limit can be determined in Part 9 on page 4. The 100% refund does not apply to qualified capital expenditures eligible for the 35% credit rate. They are only eligible for the 40% refund.

The 100% refund will not be available to a corporation that is an **excluded corporation** as defined under subsection 127.1(2). A corporation is an excluded corporation if, at any time during the year, it is a corporation that is either controlled by (directly or indirectly, in any manner whatever), or is related to:

- a) one or more persons exempt from Part I tax under section 149;
- b) Her Majesty in right of a province, a Canadian municipality, or any other public authority; or
- c) any combination of persons referred to in a or b above.

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Part 3 – Eligible investments for qualified property from the current taxation year – code 14 only

	CCA class number 105	Description of investment 110	Date available for use	Location used (province) 120	Amount of investment 125
1.					
2.					
3.					
4.					
5.					
6.					
7.					

Part 4 – Calculation of current year credit and account balances – Investment Tax Credit from investments in qualified property		
Investment tax credit at end of preceding taxation year		 _
Deduct:		
Credit deemed as a remittance of co-op corporations		
Credit expired after 10 taxation years		
Subtotal		
Investment tax credit at beginning of taxation year	220	
Add:		
Credit transferred on amalgamation or wind-up of subsidiary		
Investment tax credit from repayment of assistance 235		
I otal current year credit: total of column 125 $\times 10\% = \dots 240$		
Credit allocated from a partnership		
Subtotal		
Total credit available		
Deduct:		
Credit deducted from Part I tax (enter on line 652 of theT2 return) 260		
Credit carried back to the preceding year(s) (from Part 5) A		
Credit transferred to offset Part VII tax liability	•	
Subtotal		
Credit balance before refund		 B
Deduct:		
Refund of credit claimed on investments from qualified property (from Part 6)	310	
Investment tax credit closing balance of investments from qualified property	320	 _

P	art 5 – Reque	est for o	carry-b	ack of credit from investments in qualified property
Í	Year	Month	Day	
	i edi	WOTUT	Day	
1st preceding taxation year			1	Credit to be applied 901
2nd preceding taxation year				Credit to be applied 902
3rd preceding taxation year				Credit to be applied 903
				Total (enter on line A in Part 4)

Corporation's name	Business Number	Taxation year-end				
			Ye	ar	Month	Day

Part 6 – Calculation of refund for qualifying corporations on investments from qualified property				
Current year investment tax credits (total of lines 240 and 250)	C			
Credit balance before refund (amount B from part 4)	D			
Refund (40% of amount C or D, whichever is less)	E			

Part 7 – Qualified expenditures for SR&ED	
	350 360 370 380

Part 8 – Components of the SR&ED expenditure limit calculation
To be completed by corporations not associated with any other corporations (the components for associated corporations will be determined on Schedule 49). This Part only applies to a CCPC throughout the current taxation year.
A) Enter your taxable income for the preceding taxation year *
B) Enter your reduced business limit for the current taxation year * (this amount can not be greater than \$200,000) 395
* If either of the taxation years referred to in A or B above are less than 51 weeks, gross up the taxable income and/or the business limit for the applicable

* If either of the taxation years referred to in A or B above are less than 51 weeks, gross up the taxable income and/or the business limit for the applicable
taxation year(s) by the ratio that 365 is of the number of days in those taxation years. For details on the expression "Reduced business limit", see line 652
of the T2 Corporation Income Tax Guide.

Part 9 – Calculation of SR&ED expenditure limit for CCPC throughout the current taxation yea	r
For stand-alone corporations: Subtract: line 390 from Part 8 or \$200,000, whichever is more	\$4,000,000
Excess (if negative, enter "0")	
Line F × Line 395 =	
For associated corporations: If associated, the allocation of the SR&ED expenditure limit as provided on Schedule 49 400	*H
Where the taxation year of the corporation is less than 51 weeks, calculate the amount of the expenditure limit as follows:	
Line G or H × number of days in the taxation year =	I
Your SR&ED expenditure limit for the year (enter the amount from line G, H, or I, whichever applies)	

Part 10 – Calculation of investment tax credits on SR&ED expenditures

The lesser of current expenditures (line 350 from Part 7) and the expenditure limit (line 410 from Part 9)*	430 	× 35% = × 20% = L × 35% = × 20% =	_ J _ K _ M
payments that reduced the amount of qualified 470	x 35% = x 30% = x 20% = Total	▶	<u> </u>
Current year SR&ED investment tax credits are the total of lines J, K, M, N, and O (enter * For corporations that are not CCPCs throughout the year, enter "0" on lines J and M.	on line 540 in Part 11)		=

Part 11 – Calculation of current year credit and account balance	es – ITC from SR&ED expenditures
Investment tax credit at end of preceding taxation year	、
Investment tax credit at beginning of taxation year	520
Credit transferred on amalgamation or wind-up of subsidiary 530 Total current year credit 540 Credit allocated from a partnership 550 Subtotal 540	
Total credit available	/
Credit deducted from Part I tax (enter on line 652 of your T2 return) 560 Credit carried back to the preceding year(s) (from Part 12) 580 Credit transferred to offset Part VII tax liability 580 Subtotal 580	
Credit balance before refund	Q
Refund of credit claimed on expenditures of SR&ED (from Part 13 or 14, whichever is appli	icable)
Investment tax credit closing balance on SR&ED	620

Part 12 – Request for carry-back of credit from SR&ED expenditures

	Year	Month	Day]
1st preceding taxation year				
2nd preceding taxation year				Credit to be applied 912
3rd preceding taxation year				Credit to be applied 913
				Total (enter on line P in Part 11)

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Corporation's name	Business Number	Taxation year-end				
			Ye	ar	Month	Day

Part 13 – Calculation of refund of investment tax credits for qualifying corporation	ions – SR&ED –
Complete this part only if you are a qualifying corporation as determined at line 101 on page 2. Is the corporation an excluded corporation as defined under subsection 127.1(2)?	1 Yes 2 No
Credit balance before refund (amount Q in Part 11 on page 5)	AA
Current year investment tax credits (lines 540 plus 550 in Part 11 minus line O in Part 10)	BB
Refundable credits (lesser of amounts AA and BB above) *	сс
Amount J from Part 10 on page 5	DD
Subtract: Lesser of amounts CC and DD	EE
Net amount (if negative, enter "0")	FF
Amount FF x 40%	GG
Add: Amount EE above	нн
Refund of investment tax credit (amount GG plus HH – enter this, or a lesser amount, on line 610 in Part 11) Enter the total of lines 310 from Part 4 and 610 from Part 11 on line 780 of the T2 return.	
* If you are also an excluded corporation [as defined in subsection 127.1(2)], this amount should be multiplied by 40° Claim this, or a lesser amount, as your refund of investment tax credit on line II.	%.

 Part 14 – Calculation of refund of investment tax credits for CCPCs that are not qualifying or excluded corporations – SR&E 	:D _
Complete this box only if you are a CCPC that is not a qualifying or excluded corporation as determined at line 101 on page 2.	
Credit balance before refund (amount Q from Part 11 on page 5)	JJ
Amount J from Part 10 on page 5	
Subtract: Lesser of amounts JJ and KK above	. LL
Net amount (if negative, enter "0")	_ MM
Amount M from Part 10 on page 5	NN
Lesser of amounts MM and NN x 40%	00
Add: Amount LL above	. PP
Refund of investment tax credit (amount OO plus PP)	QQ

- Part 15 – Calculating the recapture of investment tax credits for corporations and corporate partnerships – SR&ED \cdot

You will have a recapture of investment tax credit in a year when all of the following conditions are met:

- you acquired a particular property in the current year or in any of the 10 preceding taxation years;
- you claimed the cost of the particular property as a qualified expenditure for SR&ED on Form T661 or T665;
- the cost of the particular property was included in computing your ITC or was the subject of an agreement made under subsection 127(13) to transfer qualified expenditures; and
- you disposed of the particular property or converted it to commercial use after February 23, 1998. This condition is also met if you disposed of
 or converted to commercial use a property which incorporates the property previously referred to. If however, you sell the property to a
 non-arm's length purchaser who continues to use all the property, or substantially all for SR&ED, the recapture does not apply.

You will report a recapture on the T2 return for the year in which you disposed of the property or converted it to commercial use. In the following taxation year, add the amount of the ITC recapture to the SR&ED expenditure pool.

For calculations 1 and 2, if you have more than one disposition, please complete the columns for each disposition for which a recapture applies, using the calculation formats below.

Amount of ITC you originally calculated in respect of the particular property that you acquired	The amount calculated using the ITC rate at the date of acquisition on either (if sold in an arm's length transaction) proceeds of disposition or (in any other case) the fair market value of the property	Lesser of amount 700 and amount 710
700	710	
Calculation 2 – Only if you acquired a	(enter amount RR on line UU in Part 16 on page 8) all or a portion of the qualified expenditure from anothe), otherwise , enter nil at line SS on page 8.	er person under an agreement described
Calculation 2 – Only if you acquired a in subsection 127(13	all or a portion of the qualified expenditure from anothe), otherwise , enter nil at line SS on page 8.	· · ·
Calculation 2 – Only if you acquired a	all or a portion of the qualified expenditure from anothe	c The amount, if any, already provided for in Calculation 1 (This allows for the situation where only a portion of the cost of a property is transferred in an agreement under subsection 127(13).)
Calculation 2 – Only if you acquired a in subsection 127(13 A The rate percentage that the transferee used in determining its ITC in respect of qualified expenditures under a	all or a portion of the qualified expenditure from anothe), otherwise , enter nil at line SS on page 8. B The proceeds of disposition of the property if you dispose of it to an arm's length person; or, in any other case, enter the fair market value of the property at	C The amount, if any, already provided for in Calculation 1 (This allows for the situation where only a portion of the cost of a property is transferred in an agreement under
Calculation 2 – Only if you acquired a in subsection 127(13 A The rate percentage that the transferee used in determining its ITC in respect of qualified expenditures under a subsection 127(13) agreement	all or a portion of the qualified expenditure from another), otherwise , enter nil at line SS on page 8. B The proceeds of disposition of the property if you dispose of it to an arm's length person; or, in any other case, enter the fair market value of the property at conversion or disposition	C The amount, if any, already provided for in Calculation 1 (This allows for the situation where only a portion of the cost of a property is transferred in an agreement under subsection 127(13).)
Calculation 2 – Only if you acquired a in subsection 127(13 A The rate percentage that the transferee used in determining its ITC in respect of qualified expenditures under a subsection 127(13) agreement	all or a portion of the qualified expenditure from another), otherwise , enter nil at line SS on page 8. B The proceeds of disposition of the property if you dispose of it to an arm's length person; or, in any other case, enter the fair market value of the property at conversion or disposition	C The amount, if any, already provided for in Calculation 1 (This allows for the situation where only a portion of the cost of a property is transferred in an agreement under subsection 127(13).)
Calculation 2 – Only if you acquired a in subsection 127(13 A The rate percentage that the transferee used in determining its ITC in respect of qualified expenditures under a subsection 127(13) agreement	all or a portion of the qualified expenditure from another), otherwise , enter nil at line SS on page 8. B The proceeds of disposition of the property if you dispose of it to an arm's length person; or, in any other case, enter the fair market value of the property at conversion or disposition	C The amount, if any, already provided for in Calculation 1 (This allows for the situation where only a portion of the cost of a property is transferred in an agreement under subsection 127(13).)

Corporation's name	Business Number	Taxation year-end		
		Year	Month	Day

		partnerships – SR&ED						
	Calculation 2 continued from page 7 –	Only if you acquired all or a portion of the qualified e an agreement described in subsection 127(13), othe						
	D	E	F					
	The amount determined by the formula AxB-C (using the columns on page 7)	The ITC earned by the transferee in respect of the qualified expeditures which were transferred	Lesser of amount D and amount E					
		750						
1. 2.								
3. 4.								
5.								
	Subt	total (enter amount SS on line VV in Part 16 below)	S	s				
[Calculation 3							
	recapture. If this amount is a positive amount	rt your share of the ITC of the partnership after the IT you will report it on line 550 in Part 11 on page 5. How recapture, then the amount by which reductions to IT	wever, if the partnership does not have					
ı								
	Corporate partner's share of th	ne excess of ITC (amount to be reported on line WW i	in Part 16 below) 760 T	Т				
				_				

Part 16 – Total recapture of investment tax credit	
Recaptured ITC for calculation 1 from line RR in Part 15 on page 7	UU
Recaptured ITC for calculation 2 from line SS in Part 15 above	VV
Recaptured ITC for calculation 3 from line TT in Part 15 above	ww
Total recapture of investment tax credit – Total of lines UU, VV, and WW	· xx