



INVESTMENT TAX CREDIT – CORPORATIONS
(2004 and later taxation years)

General information

1. For use by a corporation that during a taxation year:
 - a) earned an investment tax credit (ITC);
 - b) is claiming a deduction against their Part I tax payable;
 - c) is claiming a refund of credit earned during the current taxation year;
 - d) is claiming a carry-forward of credit from preceding taxation years;
 - e) is transferring a credit following an amalgamation or wind-up of a subsidiary, as described under subsections 87(1) and 88(1) of the federal *Income Tax Act*;
 - f) is requesting a credit carry-back; or
 - g) is subject to a recapture of ITC.
2. References to parts, sections, and subsections on this schedule are from the federal *Income Tax Act* and the federal *Income Tax Regulations*. References to interpretation bulletins and information circulars are to the latest versions.
3. The ITC is eligible for a three-year carryback (if not deductible in the year earned) and a ten-year carryforward.
4. Investments or expenditures, as defined in subsection 127(9) and Part XLVI of the federal *Income Tax Regulations*, that earn the ITC are:
 - qualified property;
 - certified property;
 - qualified expenditures for scientific research and experimental development (SR&ED). Complete and file Form T661, *Claim for Scientific Research and Experimental Development Expenditures Carried on in Canada*; and
 - pre-production mining expenditures.
5. Attach a completed copy of this schedule with the *T2 Corporation Income Tax Return*.
6. For more information on ITCs, see the section called "Investment Tax Credit" in the *T2 Corporation – Income Tax Guide*, Information Circular IC 78-4, *Investment Tax Credit Rates*, and its related Special Release. Also, see Interpretation Bulletin IT-151, *Scientific Research and Experimental Development Expenditures*.
7. For information on SR&ED, see Interpretation Bulletin IT-151, *Scientific Research and Experimental Development Expenditures*, Information Circular 86-4, *Scientific Research and Experimental Development*, Guide T4052, *An Introduction to the Scientific Research and Experimental Development Program*, and Guide T4088, *Claiming Scientific Research and Experimental Development* (guide to Form T661).

Detailed information

1. For the purpose of this schedule, **investment** means:

The capital cost of the property (excluding amounts added by an election under section 21), determined without reference to subsections 13(7.1) and 13(7.4), minus the amount of any government assistance or non-government assistance that the corporation has received, is entitled to receive, or can reasonably be expected to receive for that property when it files the income tax return for the year in which the property was acquired.
2. An ITC deducted or refunded in a taxation year for a depreciable property, other than a depreciable property deductible under paragraph 37(1)(b), reduces the capital cost of that property in the next taxation year. It also reduces the undepreciated capital cost of that class in the next taxation year. An ITC for SR&ED deducted or refunded in a taxation year will reduce the balance in the pool of deductible SR&ED expenditures and the adjusted cost base (ACB) of an interest in a partnership in the next taxation year. An ITC from pre-production mining expenditures deducted in a taxation year reduces the balance in the pool of deductible cumulative Canadian exploration expenses in the next taxation year.
3. Property acquired has to be "available for use" before a claim can be made for an ITC.
4. Qualified expenditures for SR&ED and capital costs for a property qualifying for an ITC must be identified by the claimant on Form T661 and Schedule 31 no later than 12 months after the claimant's income tax return is due for the taxation year in which the expenditures or capital costs were incurred.
5. Partnership allocations – Subsection 127(8) provides for the allocation of the amount that may reasonably be considered to be a partner's share of the ITCs of the partnership at the end of the fiscal period of the partnership. An allocation of ITCs is generally considered to be the partner's reasonable share of the ITCs if it is made in the same proportion in which the partners have agreed to share any income or loss and if section 103 of the Act is not applicable for the agreement to share any income or loss. For more information, see Interpretation Bulletin IT-151.

Corporation's name	Business Number	Taxation year-end		
		Year	Month	Day

Part 1 – Investments or expenditures, percentages, and codes

Investments

	Specified percentage	Code
Qualified property acquired primarily for use in Newfoundland and Labrador, Prince Edward Island, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, the Gaspé Peninsula, or a prescribed offshore region	10%	14

Expenditures

If you are a Canadian-controlled private corporation (CCPC) throughout the taxation year, code 11B may apply to you on the portion that you claim of the SR&ED qualified expenditure pool that does not exceed your expenditure limit (see Part 10 on page 4)	35%	11B
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Note: If your current year's qualified expenditures are more than the corporation's expenditure limit (see Part 10 on page 4), the excess is eligible for an ITC calculated at the 20% rate.

If you are a corporation that is not a CCPC throughout the current taxation year that incurred qualified expenditures for SR&ED in any area in Canada after 1995	20%	3B
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If you are a taxable Canadian corporation that incurred pre-production mining expenditures:

- | | | |
|--------------------|-----|---|
| • in 2003 | 5% | — |
| • in 2004 | 7% | — |
| • after 2004 | 10% | — |

Part 2 – Determination of a qualifying corporation

Is the corporation a qualifying corporation? **101** 1 Yes 2 No

For the purpose of a refundable ITC, a **qualifying corporation** is defined under subsection 127.1(2). The corporation has to be a CCPC throughout the current taxation year and the taxable income (before any loss carrybacks) for its preceding year cannot be more than its business limit for that preceding year. If the corporation is associated with any other corporations during the taxation year, the total of the taxable incomes of the corporation and the associated corporations (before any loss carrybacks), for their last taxation year ending in the preceding calendar year, cannot be more than the total of their business limits for that last year.

Note: A CCPC calculating a refundable ITC for taxation years ending before March 23, 2004, is considered to be associated with another corporation, if it meets any of the conditions in subsection 256(1). For taxation years ending after March 22, 2004, the association rule remains the same except where:

- one corporation is associated with another corporation solely because one or more persons own shares of the capital stock of both corporations; and
- one of the corporations has at least one shareholder who is not common to both corporations.

If you are a qualifying corporation, you will earn a 100% refund on its share of any investment tax credits earned at the 35% rate on qualified current expenditures for SR&ED, up to the allocated expenditure limit. The 100% refund does not apply to qualified capital expenditures eligible for the 35% credit rate. They are only eligible for the 40% refund.

Some CCPCs that are not qualifying corporations may also earn a 100% refund on their share of any investment tax credits earned at the 35% rate on qualified current expenditures for SR&ED, up to the allocated expenditure limit. The expenditure limit can be determined in Part 10 on page 4. The 100% refund does not apply to qualified capital expenditures eligible for the 35% credit rate. They are only eligible for the 40% refund.

The 100% refund will not be available to a corporation that is an **excluded corporation** as defined under subsection 127.1(2). A corporation is an excluded corporation if, at any time during the year, it is a corporation that is either controlled by (directly or indirectly, in any manner whatever) or is related to:

- a) one or more persons exempt from Part I tax under section 149;
- b) Her Majesty in right of a province, a Canadian municipality, or any other public authority; or
- c) any combination of persons referred to in a or b above.

Part 3 – Corporations in the farming industry

Complete this area if the corporation is making SR&ED contributions

Is the corporation **claiming** a contribution in the current year to an agricultural organization whose goal is to finance SR&ED work (for example, check-off dues)? **102** 1 Yes 2 No

If Yes, complete Schedule 125, *Income Statement Information*, to identify the type of farming industry the corporation is involved in. For more information on Schedule 125, see the *Guide to the General Index of Financial Information (GIFI) for Corporations*.

Part 4 – Eligible investments for qualified property from the current taxation year – code 14 only

CCA class number 105	Description of investment 110	Date available for use 115	Location used (province) 120	Amount of investment 125
1.				
2.				
3.				
4.				
5.				
6.				
7.				

Total investment – enter in formula on line 240 in Part 5

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Part 5 – Calculation of current-year credit and account balances – ITC from investments in qualified property

ITC at the end of the preceding taxation year _____

Deduct:

Credit deemed as a remittance of co-op corporations **210** _____
 Credit expired after 10 taxation years **215** _____
 Subtotal **220** _____

ITC at the beginning of the taxation year _____

Add:

Credit transferred on amalgamation or wind-up of subsidiary **230** _____
 ITC from repayment of assistance **235** _____
 Total current-year credit: total of column 125 _____ x 10% = **240** _____
 Credit allocated from a partnership **250** _____
 Subtotal _____

Total credit available _____

Deduct:

Credit deducted from Part I tax (enter on line FFF in Part 19) **260** _____
 Credit carried back to the preceding year(s) (from Part 6) **280** _____ A
 Credit transferred to offset Part VII tax liability **280** _____
 Subtotal _____

Credit balance before refund _____ B

Deduct:

Refund of credit claimed on investments from qualified property (from Part 7) **310** _____

ITC closing balance of investments from qualified property **320** _____

Part 6 – Request for carryback of credit from investments in qualified property

	Year	Month	Day		
1st preceding taxation year	| | |	| |	| |	..... Credit to be applied	901 _____
2nd preceding taxation year	| | |	| |	| |	..... Credit to be applied	902 _____
3rd preceding taxation year	| | |	| |	| |	..... Credit to be applied	903 _____
				Total (enter on line A in Part 5)	_____

Corporation's name	Business Number	Taxation year-end		
		Year	Month	Day

Part 7 – Calculation of refund for qualifying corporations on investments from qualified property

Current-year ITCs (total of lines 240 and 250 in Part 5)	_____	C
Credit balance before refund (amount B from Part 5)	_____	D
Refund (40% of amount C or D, whichever is less)	_____	E

Enter amount E or a lesser amount on line 310 in Part 5 (also enter on line 780 of the T2 return if no SR&ED ITC refund is claimed).

Part 8 – Qualified expenditures for SR&ED

Current expenditures	350	_____
Capital expenditures	360	_____
Repayments made in the year (from line 560 on Form T661)	370	_____
Total (this must equal the amount from line 570 on Form T661)	380	_____

Part 9 – Components of the SR&ED expenditure limit calculation

Note: A CCPC calculating the SR&ED expenditure limit for taxation years ending before March 23, 2004, is considered to be associated with another corporation, if it meets any of the conditions in subsection 256(1). For taxation years ending after March 22, 2004, the association rule remains the same except where:

- one corporation is associated with another corporation solely because two or more persons own shares of the capital stock of the corporation; and
- one of the corporations has at least one shareholder who is not common to both corporations.

Is the corporation associated with another CCPC, for the purpose of calculating the SR&ED expenditure limit?

385	1 Yes <input type="checkbox"/>	2 No <input type="checkbox"/>
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Complete line 390 and 395 if you answered *No* to the question at line 385 above or if the corporation is not associated with any other corporations (the components for associated corporations will be determined on Schedule 49). This Part only applies to a CCPC throughout the current taxation year.

A) Enter your taxable income for the preceding taxation year*

390	_____
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B) Enter your reduced business limit for the current taxation year* (this amount cannot be more than the amount at line 4 on page 4 of the T2 return)

395	_____
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* If either of the taxation years referred to at line 390 or 395 are less than 51 weeks, gross up the taxable income and/or the business limit for the applicable taxation year by the ratio that 365 is of the number of days in those taxation years. For details on the expression "Reduced business limit", see line 652 of the *T2 Corporation – Income Tax Guide*.

Part 10 – Calculation of SR&ED expenditure limit for a CCPC throughout the current taxation year

For stand-alone corporations:

	\$5,000,000*	
Subtract: line 390 from Part 9 or \$300,000*, whichever is more	_____	× 10 = _____
Excess (if negative, enter "0")	_____	F
Line F _____ × $\frac{\text{Line 395}}{\text{Line 4 on page 4 of the T2 return}}$ = _____	_____	**G

For associated corporations:

If associated, the allocation of the SR&ED expenditure limit as provided on Schedule 49

400	_____	**H
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* If your taxation year immediately follows a taxation year that ended before 2003, the references to \$5,000,000 and \$300,000 should be \$4,000,000 and \$200,000 respectively.

** Amount G or H cannot be more than \$2,000,000.

(Part 10 is continued on page 5)

Part 10 – Calculation of SR&ED expenditure limit for a CCPC throughout the current taxation year (continued)

Where the taxation year of the corporation is less than 51 weeks, calculate the amount of the expenditure limit as follows:

Line G or H _____ x $\frac{\text{Number of days in the taxation year}}{365}$ _____ = _____ I

Your SR&ED expenditure limit for the year (enter the amount from line G, H, or I, whichever applies) **410** _____

Part 11 – Calculation of investment tax credits on SR&ED expenditures

Enter whichever is less: current expenditures (line 350 from Part 8) or the expenditure limit (line 410 from Part 10)*	420 _____	x 35% = _____	J
Line 350 minus line 410 (if negative, enter "0")	430 _____	x 20% = _____	K
Line 410 minus line 350 (if negative, enter "0")	_____	L	
Enter whichever is less: capital expenditures (line 360 from Part 8) or line L above*	440 _____	x 35% = _____	M
Line 360 minus line L (if negative, enter "0")	450 _____	x 20% = _____	N

Repayments (amount from line 370 in Part 8)

If a corporation makes a repayment of any government assistance, non-government assistance, or contract payments that reduced the amount of qualified expenditures for ITC purposes, the amount of the repayment is eligible for a credit at the rate that would have applied to the repaid amount.	460 _____	x 35% = _____	
	470 _____	x 30% = _____	
	480 _____	x 20% = _____	
		Total	_____ O

Current-year SR&ED ITC (total of lines J, K, M, N, and O; enter on line 540 in Part 12)

* For corporations that are not CCPCs throughout the year, enter "0" on lines J and M.

Part 12 – Calculation of current-year credit and account balances – ITC from SR&ED expenditures

ITC at the end of the preceding taxation year

Deduct:

Credit deemed as a remittance of co-op corporations	510 _____	
Credit expired after 10 taxation years	515 _____	
	Subtotal	_____

ITC at the beginning of the taxation year **520** _____

Add:

Credit transferred on amalgamation or wind-up of subsidiary	530 _____	
Total current-year credit	540 _____	
Credit allocated from a partnership	550 _____	
	Subtotal	_____

Total credit available

Deduct:

Credit deducted from Part I tax (enter on line GGG in Part 19)	560 _____	
Credit carried back to the preceding year(s) (from Part 13)	_____	P
Credit transferred to offset Part VII tax liability	580 _____	
	Subtotal	_____

Credit balance before refund

Deduct:

Refund of credit claimed on expenditures of SR&ED (from Part 14 or 15, whichever applies)	610 _____	
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ITC closing balance on SR&ED **620** _____

Corporation's name	Business Number	Taxation year-end <table style="width:100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width:33%; padding: 2px;">Year</td> <td style="width:33%; padding: 2px;">Month</td> <td style="width:33%; padding: 2px;">Day</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="border: 1px solid black; height: 20px;"></td> <td style="border: 1px solid black; height: 20px;"></td> <td style="border: 1px solid black; height: 20px;"></td> </tr> </table>	Year	Month	Day			
Year	Month	Day						

Part 13 – Request for carryback of credit from SR&ED expenditures

	Year	Month	Day		
1st preceding taxation year				.....	Credit to be applied 911 _____
2nd preceding taxation year				.....	Credit to be applied 912 _____
3rd preceding taxation year				.....	Credit to be applied 913 _____
				Total (enter on line P in Part 12)	=====

Part 14 – Calculation of refund of ITC for qualifying corporations – SR&ED

Complete this part only if you are a qualifying corporation as determined at line 101 on page 2.

Is the corporation an excluded corporation as defined under subsection 127.1(2)? **650** 1 Yes 2 No

Credit balance before refund (amount Q from Part 12) _____ AA

Current-year ITC (lines 540 plus 550 from Part 12 **minus** line O from Part 11) _____ BB

Refundable credits (amount AA or BB, whichever is less)* _____ CC

Amount J from Part 11 _____ DD

Subtract: Amount CC or DD, whichever is less _____ EE

Net amount (if negative, enter "0") _____ FF

Amount FF _____ x 40% _____ GG

Add: Amount EE _____ HH

Refund of ITC (amounts GG **plus** HH – enter this, or a lesser amount, on line 610 in Part 12) _____ II

Enter the total of lines 310 from Part 5 and 610 from Part 12 on line 780 of the T2 return.

* If you are also an excluded corporation [as defined in subsection 127.1(2)], this amount should be multiplied by 40%.
 Claim this, or a lesser amount, as your refund of ITC on line II.

Part 15 – Calculation of refund of ITC for CCPCs that are not qualifying or excluded corporations – SR&ED

Complete this box only if you are a CCPC that is not a qualifying or excluded corporation as determined in Section 2 on page 2.

Credit balance before refund (amount Q from Part 12) _____ JJ

Amount J from Part 11 _____ KK

Subtract: Amount JJ or KK, whichever is less _____ LL

Net amount (if negative, enter "0") _____ MM

Amount M from Part 11 _____ NN

Amount MM or NN, whichever is less _____ x 40% _____ OO

Add: Amount LL above _____ PP

Refund of ITC (amounts OO **plus** PP) _____ QQ

Enter QQ, or a lesser amount, on line 610 in Part 12 and also on line 780 of the T2 return.

Part 16 – Pre-production mining expenditures

Exploration information

A mineral resource that qualifies for the credit means a mineral deposit from which the principal mineral to be extracted is diamond, a base or precious metal deposit, or a mineral deposit from which the principal mineral to be extracted is an industrial mineral that, when refined, results in a base or precious metal.

In column 800, list all minerals for which pre-production mining expenditures have taken place in the taxation year and after 2002. Attach additional schedules if more space is required.

List of minerals 800	
1.	
2.	
3.	
4.	

For each of the minerals reported in column 800 above, identify each project, mineral title, and mining division where title is registered. If there were no mineral title, identify the project and mining division only. Attach additional schedules if more space is required.

Project name 805	Mineral title 806	Mining division 807
1.		
2.		
3.		
4.		

Pre-production mining expenditures *

Pre-production mining expenditures that the corporation incurred in the taxation year and after 2002, for the purpose of determining the existence, location, extent, or quality of a mineral resource in Canada:

Prospecting	810	_____	RR
Geological, geophysical, or geochemical surveys	811	_____	SS
Drilling by rotary, diamond, percussion, or other methods	812	_____	TT
Trenching, digging test pits, and preliminary sampling	813	_____	UU

Pre-production mining expenditures incurred in the taxation year and after 2002 for bringing a new mine in a mineral resource in Canada into production in reasonable commercial quantities and incurred before the new mine comes into production in such quantities:

Clearing, removing overburden, and stripping	820	_____	VV
Sinking a mine shaft, constructing an adit, or other underground entry	821	_____	WW

Other pre-production mining expenditures incurred in the taxation year and after 2002 (attach additional schedules if more space is required):

Description 825	Amount 826
1.	
2.	
3.	
4.	

Add amounts at column 826 _____ ► _____ XX

Total pre-production mining expenditures (add amounts RR to XX) **830** _____

Deduct: Total of all assistance (grants, subsidies, rebates, and forgivable loans) or reimbursements that the corporation has received or is entitled to receive in respect of the amounts referred to at line 830 above **832** _____

Excess (line 830 minus line 832) (if negative, enter "0") _____ YY

Add: Repayments of government and non-government assistance **835** _____ ZZ

Pre-production mining expenditures (amount YY plus amount ZZ) AAA

* A pre-production mining expenditure is defined under subsection 127(9) which does not include an amount renounced under subsection 66(12.6).

Corporation's name	Business Number	Taxation year-end						
		<table style="margin: auto; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">Year</td> <td style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">Month</td> <td style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">Day</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;"> </td> <td style="text-align: center;"> </td> <td style="text-align: center;"> </td> </tr> </table>	Year	Month	Day			
Year	Month	Day						

Part 17 – Calculation of current-year credit and account balances – ITC from pre-production mining expenditures

ITC at the end of the preceding taxation year _____

Deduct:

Credit deemed as a remittance of co-op corporations **841** _____

Credit expired after 10 taxation years **845** _____

Subtotal ▶ _____

ITC at the beginning of the taxation year **850** _____

Add:

Credit transferred on amalgamation or wind-up of subsidiary **860** _____

Expenditures from line AAA, Part 16, incurred in 2003 **865** _____ x 5% = _____ BBB

Expenditures from line AAA, Part 16, incurred in 2004 **867** _____ x 7% = _____ CCC

Expenditures from line AAA, Part 16, incurred after 2004 **870** _____ x 10% = _____ DDD

Total current-year credit (add amounts BBB, CCC, and DDD) **880** ▶ _____

Total credit available _____

Deduct:

Credit deducted from Part I tax (enter on line HHH in Part 19) **885** _____

Credit carried back to the preceding year(s) (from Part 18) _____ EEE

Subtotal ▶ _____

ITC closing balance from pre-production mining expenditures **890**

Part 18 – Request for carryback of credit from pre-production mining expenditures

	<table border="1" style="border-collapse: collapse; width: 100%;"> <tr> <th style="padding: 2px;">Year</th> <th style="padding: 2px;">Month</th> <th style="padding: 2px;">Day</th> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;"> </td> <td style="text-align: center;"> </td> <td style="text-align: center;"> </td> </tr> </table>	Year	Month	Day						
Year	Month	Day								
1st preceding taxation year	 Credit to be applied	921	_____						
2nd preceding taxation year	 Credit to be applied	922	_____						
3rd preceding taxation year	 Credit to be applied	923	_____						
Total (enter on line EEE in Part 17)				<u> </u>						

Part 19 – Total ITC deducted from Part I tax

ITC from investments in qualified property deducted from Part I tax (from line 260 in Part 5) _____ FFF

ITC from SR&ED expenditures deducted from Part I tax (from line 560 in Part 12) _____ GGG

ITC from pre-production mining expenditures deducted from Part I tax (from line 885 in Part 17) _____ HHH

Total ITC deducted from Part I tax (add lines FFF, GGG, and HHH) _____ III

(Enter amount III at line 652 on page 7 of the T2 return.)

Part 20 – Calculating the recapture of ITC for corporations and corporate partnerships – SR&ED (continued)

Calculation 2 (continued) – Only if you acquired all or a part of the qualified expenditure from another person under an agreement described in subsection 127(13); otherwise, enter nil on line KKK below.

D	E	F
The amount determined by the formula (A x B) - C (using the columns on page 9)	The ITC earned by the transferee in respect of the qualified expenditures which were transferred	Amount from column D or E, whichever is less
	750	
1.		
2.		
3.		
4.		
5.		

Subtotal (enter this amount on line NNN in Part 21) _____ **KKK**

Calculation 3

As a member of the partnership, you will report your share of the ITC of the partnership after the ITC has been reduced by the amount of the recapture. If this amount is a positive amount you will report it on line 550 in Part 12 on page 5. However, if the partnership does not have sufficient ITC otherwise available to offset the recapture, then the amount by which reductions to ITC exceed additions (the excess) will be determined and reported on line LLL below.

Corporate partner's share of the excess of ITC (amount to be reported on line OOO in Part 21) **760** _____ **LLL**

Part 21 – Total recapture of investment tax credit

Recaptured ITC for calculation 1 from line JJJ in Part 20 on page 9	_____ MMM
Recaptured ITC for calculation 2 from line KKK in Part 20 above	_____ NNN
Recaptured ITC for calculation 3 from line LLL in Part 20 above	_____ OOO
Total recapture of investment tax credit – Add lines MMM, NNN, and OOO	_____ PPP

(Enter amount PPP at line 602 on page 7 of the T2 return.)