



# Research and Development in Canadian Industry, 2004

## Industrial Non-profit Organizations

Reporting organization name and address

Si vous préférez ce questionnaire en français veuillez cocher 

Please correct any mistakes in name or address



**Note:** This form has been designed for use by industrial research institutes, industrial associations and similar organizations performing or funding R&D on behalf of Canadian industry.

### INFORMATION FOR RESPONDENTS

#### Survey objective

This survey collects data which are essential to assure the availability of pertinent statistical information to monitor science and technology related activities in Canada and to support the development of science and technology policy. Your data will be used for instance, to plan and evaluate research and development (R&D) incentive programs, to provide indicators on the state of industrial innovation, and to complete national totals for scientific R&D expenditures and personnel. The results of this survey will be published in **"Industrial Research and Development"** (Cat. No. 88-202-XIE) and **"Science Statistics"** (Cat. No. 88-001-XIE).

#### Authority

This survey is conducted under the authority of the Statistics Act, Revised Statutes of Canada, 1985, Chapter S19.

#### Legal requirement

Organizations are required to provide this information.

#### Confidentiality

Statistics Canada is prohibited from publishing any statistics which would divulge information relating to any identifiable organization without the previous written consent of that organization. The data reported on this questionnaire will be treated in strict confidence, used for statistical purposes and published in aggregated form only.

#### Federal-Provincial Agreement

In order to avoid duplication of enquiry, to reduce the cost of data collection and to provide consistent statistics, an agreement has been made with the Institut de la statistique du Québec, under Section 11 of the Statistics Act, Statutes of Canada, where data on organizations located or having R&D activities in Québec will be transmitted to the Institut de la Statistique du Québec. The Statistics Act of Québec includes the same provisions for confidentiality and penalties for disclosure of information as the Canada Statistics Act.

#### Reporting period

This questionnaire should be completed for the **fiscal year ending in 2004**.

#### Reporting procedure

If the organization is basically devoted to R&D then consider the entire budget, including administration, and exclude only clearly distinguished non-R&D activities. Examples of such non-R&D activities might be the collection and dissemination of market and other economic information to members, the organization of conferences and training courses, grants to support trade fairs, or the operation of laboratories used only for testing and quality control. If R&D is only a minor part of the activities of this organization, then report only those expenditures and personnel associated with the R&D activity.

#### Please return the completed questionnaire within 30 days of receipt.

If you are unable to do so, please inform us of the expected completion date. If you receive more than one copy of this survey questionnaire for the same organization, please complete one and attach and return the duplicate(s). If you require assistance in the completion of this questionnaire or have any questions regarding the survey please address all enquiries to:

Science and Innovation Surveys Section  
Science, Innovation and Electronic Information Division  
Statistics Canada  
Ottawa, Ontario  
K1A 0T6  
Telephone (613) 951-9662 (call collect)  
FAX (613) 951-9920

#### R&D Definition

Research and development is systematic investigation carried out in the natural and engineering sciences by means of experiment or analysis to achieve a scientific or technological advance.

Research is original investigation undertaken on a systematic basis to gain new knowledge.

Development is the application of research findings or other scientific knowledge for the creation of new or significantly improved products or processes. If successful, development will usually result in devices or processes which represent an improvement in the "state of the art" and are likely to be patentable.

**R&D as used in this survey, should be considered to be "Scientific Research and Experimental Development" as defined in Section 37 Regulation 2900 of the Income Tax Regulations.**

**Note:** Although the definition of "Scientific Research and Experimental Development" is considered to be the same as R&D, certain expenditures for scientific research cannot be claimed for income tax purposes (e.g. land and buildings). All expenditures attributable to R&D are to be included in this survey.

### CERTIFICATION

Name of person who completed this report (please print):		Business address:	
Official position:	Date:	Postal code:	Telephone No. ( ) -
Email address:		GST No. (BN No.)	Fax No. -

**GENERAL DATA (questions 1 and 2)**

1. a) ORGANIZATION'S FISCAL YEAR ENDING IN 2004 FROM <sup>531</sup> 2 | 0 | | TO <sup>532</sup> 2 | 0 | 0 | 4 | | |  
year month day year month day

b) In the fiscal year ending in 2004, did your organization engage in R&D alliances with other organizations or firms? ..... 534 Yes  or No

2. TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF THIS ORGANIZATION IN 2004 (in thousands of Cdn \$)

**DATA ON R&D PERFORMED (questions 3 to 6)**

3. PERSONNEL OF THIS ORGANIZATION ENGAGED IN R&D (FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT\*) (use rounded numbers only)

		Professionals								Supporting Staff*		Total R&D personnel **
		Scientists and engineers				Senior R&D administrators				Technicians and technologists 088	Other 089	
		Bachelors 082	Masters 083	Doctorates 084	Total	Bachelors 085	Masters 086	Doctorates 087	Total			
a) In 2004												
For 2004, please indicate % of males and females	% M	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
	% F	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
b) Planned for 2005												

\* See "Instruction Guide".

\*\* Divide wages and salaries for 2004 (Question 4(b) by total R&D personnel.  
**If the average R&D wages and salaries do not seem reasonable, please review the data.**

Average wages and salaries  
 (in thousands of Cdn \$)

4. EXPENDITURES FOR R&D PERFORMED WITHIN THIS ORGANIZATION IN CANADA (in thousands of Cdn \$)

	CURRENT EXPENDITURES			CAPITAL EXPENDITURES				Total	
	Wages and salaries* 001	Other current costs** 002	Total current	Land 009	Building 010	Equipment and Other 011	Total capital		
a) Made in 2003									
b) Made in 2004	003	004		012	013	014			
c) Planned for 2005	005	006		015	016	017			
d) Forecast for 2006	007	008		018	019	020			
e) If applicable, please estimate the percentage of total R&D expenditures (reported above for 2004) attributable to software development***								308	%
f) If applicable, please estimate the percentage of total R&D expenditures (reported above for 2004) attributable to biotechnology***								309	%
g) If applicable, please estimate the percentage of total R&D expenditures (reported above for 2004) attributable to prevention, treatment and reuse of pollutants and wastes, and reduction of material and energy use								314	%
h) Are there important potential environmental benefits related to the R&D reported for 2004 (apart from any R&D reported in question 4 g)2***								535	Yes <input type="radio"/> or No <input type="radio"/>
i) If applicable, please estimate the percentage of total R&D expenditures (reported above for 2004) attributable to advanced materials***								537	%

\* Include fringe benefits of persons engaged in R&D.

\*\* Include contracts for services required to carry out R&D (e.g. contracts awarded for drilling needed for heavy oil R&D). Exclude contracts for R&D work itself which should be reported in question 8. **Exclude capital depreciation.**

\*\*\* See "Instruction Guide".

5. REGIONAL INFORMATION ON R&D IN 2004 (Expenditures should be reported in thousands of Cdn \$)

Region where R&D was performed	Number of R & D Establishment (count*)	R&D expenditures		R&D personnel	
		Current	Capital	Professionals	Supporting Staff
		(\$000)		(Full-time equivalent)	
Specify province:					
Specify province:					
Specify province:					
<b>Total (Equal to 2004 expenditures and personnel reported in Question 4 b) and 3 a)</b>					

\* Please complete Question 7, for each establishment identified above.

**6. SOURCES OF FUNDS FOR R&D PERFORMED WITHIN THIS ORGANIZATION IN 2004 (in thousands of Cdn \$)**

- a) This organization (i.e. interest and other income)  
 (i) Please indicate % of a) which were provided by venture capital firms
- b) Member companies (annual fees, sustaining grants)

Canadian sources	Non-Canadian sources
021	022
%	%

Name of companies (Please print full legal name and attach additional sheet if necessary)		
325	335	345
326	336	346
327	337	347
328	338	348
329	339	349
330	340	350
331	341	351
332	342	352
333	343	353
334	344	354
<b>Sub-total (b)</b>	<b>023</b>	<b>024</b>

- c) Companies (R&D contract work)

Name of companies (Please print full legal name and attach additional sheet if necessary)		
355	365	375
356	366	376
357	367	377
358	368	378
359	369	379
360	370	380
361	371	381
362	372	382
363	373	383
364	374	384
<b>Sub-total (c)</b>	<b>028</b>	<b>029</b>

- d) Canadian Federal Government through:  
 (i) R&D grants and the R&D portion only of any other grants

<b>Industry Canada:</b> (specify)	166	
<b>National Research Council:</b> Industrial Research Assistance Program	163	
<b>Atlantic Canada Opportunities Agency</b>		
<b>Canada Economic Development (Quebec Regions)</b>		
<b>Western Economic Diversification Office</b>		
<b>Other grant programs:</b> (specify)		
(specify)		
<b>Sub-total (d i)</b>	<b>027</b>	

- (ii) R&D contracts and the R&D portion only of any other contracts

<b>Contracting departments</b> (Payments are often made through Public Works and Government Services Canada for other departments; please specify contracting department)		
<b>Sub-total (d ii)</b>	<b>026</b>	

- e) Provincial governments (i.e. grants and contracts. Attach additional sheet if necessary).

<b>Specify province</b>		
<b>Sub-total (e)</b>	<b>291</b>	

- f) Others (eg: Universities) (Specify)

	387	387
<b>Sub-totals (a to f)</b>		

**Total (equal to the 2004 expenditures of Question (4 b) . . . . .**

## NATURE OF R&D ACTIVITIES - 2004 (question 7)

Please complete for each R&D establishment (previously identified in question 5). If you have more than one R&D establishment, please photocopy this section and complete for each R&D establishment.

7. R&D Establishment No.  (for example: 1, 2, 3, etc).

Name of R&D establishment:

Address of R&D establishment:

Street  City

Province  Postal code

Contact:

Name  Position title  Telephone no.

1. What were the current (non-capital) R&D Expenditures of this R&D establishment in 2004?  
(the total amounts reported for all R&D establishments should equal the total of cells 003 and 004 in question 4) (in thousands of Cdn \$)

2. How many scientists and engineers (full-time equivalent) were employed in this R&D establishment in 2004?  
(the total amounts reported for all R&D establishments should equal the total of cells 082 to 084 in question 3) (Full time equivalence)

3 Please estimate, in terms of the percentage of the current R&D expenditures, the approximate distribution of your R&D effort in 2004:

A. Basic research (no specific practical application in view)	%
B. Applied research (with a specific practical application in view)	%
C. New * product development	%
D. Existing * product improvement	%
E. New * process development	%
F. Existing * process improvement	%
G. New * technical services development	%
H. Existing * technical services improvement	<b>100%</b>

\* Please consider new to mean totally or essentially new/unknown to the personnel of your R&D establishment. The product, process or service may exist elsewhere in the world but your R&D is not aided by this fact since your personnel do not have access to the information necessary to avoid any of the normal risks of development. Existing would mean that your staff would be improving a product/process/service about which they have the basic information - the product/process/service need not already be provided by your company.

### DATA ON PAYMENTS FOR R&D (questions 8 and 9)

8. PAYMENTS FOR R&D PERFORMED BY OTHER ORGANIZATIONS (in thousands of Cdn \$)

a) Made in 2003	038
b) Made in 2004	039
c) Planned for 2005	040
d) Forecast for 2006	041

9. RECIPIENTS OF PAYMENTS FOR R&D PERFORMED IN 2004 BY OTHER ORGANIZATIONS (in thousands of Cdn \$)

	In Canada	Outside Canada
a) Companies		
b) Universities		
c) Other		
<b>Sub-totals (a to c)</b>		
<b>Total (equal to figure entered in 8 (b))</b>	→	←

### DATA ON OTHER PAYMENTS MADE OR RECEIVED FOR TECHNOLOGY (question 10)

10. PAYMENTS MADE OR RECEIVED IN 2004 BY THIS ORGANIZATION FOR PATENTS (SALE/PURCHASE, LICENSING), KNOW-HOW (UNPATENTED), INVENTIONS, TRADEMARKS (INCLUDING FRANCHISING), PATTERNS, DESIGN, AND R&D TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE (in thousands of Cdn \$)

	In Canada	Outside Canada
a) Payments	102	104
b) Receipts	106	108

**SURVEY COMPLETION TIME (question 11)**

11. Approximately how many hours did you spend collecting the data and completing this questionnaire?

- Less than 1 hour
- 1 - 2 hours
- 2 - 5 hours
- 5 - 10 hours
- 10 - 20 hours
- 20 - 40 hours
- More than 40 hours

**DATA ON ENERGY R&D (question 12)**

12. IN 2004, DID THIS REPORTING UNIT PERFORM OR FUND ANY ENERGY R&D?

- Yes** ▶ Please complete the enclosed "Energy R&D expenditures by area of technology" (green) questionnaire.
- No** ▶ Please complete certification on page 2 and return questionnaires.

**COMMENTS**

**Reasons for Major Changes in Reported Expenditures and Personnel** – In order to eliminate the necessity to verify discrepancies between this report and your last return (2003) please explain any significant changes which might be misconstrued as an error in reporting.

---



---



---



---



---



---



---

**INSTRUCTION GUIDE**

Generally speaking, industrial R&D is intended to result in an invention which may subsequently become a technological innovation. An essential requirement is that the outcome of the work is uncertain, i.e., that the attainment of a given technical objective cannot be known in advance on the basis of current knowledge or experience. Hence much of the work done by scientists and engineers is not R&D since they are primarily engaged in "routine" production, engineering, quality control testing. Although they apply scientific or engineering principles their work is not directed towards the discovery of new knowledge or the development of new products and processes. However, work elements which are not considered R&D by themselves but which directly support R&D projects, should be included with R&D in these cases. Examples of such work elements are design and engineering, shop work, computer programming, and secretarial work.

**R&D Alliance** – Agreement where two or more firms or organizations engage in a joint R&D project.

**Full-Time Equivalent (FTE)** – R&D may be carried out by persons who work solely on R&D projects or by persons who devote only part of their time to R&D, and the balance to other activities such as testing, quality control and production engineering. To arrive at the total effort devoted to R&D in terms of manpower, it is necessary to estimate the full-time equivalent of these persons working only part-time in R&D.

FTE = Number of persons who work solely on R&D projects + the estimate of time of persons working only part of their time on R&D.

*Example calculation: If out of five scientists engaged in R&D work, one works solely on R&D projects and the remaining four devote only one quarter of their working time to R&D, then: FTE = 1 + 1/4 + 1/4 + 1/4 + 1/4 = 2 scientists.*

**Supporting Staff**

**Technicians and technologists** – Technically trained personnel who assists scientists and engineers in R&D, e.g. chemical technicians, draftspeople. They may be certified by either provincial educational authorities or by provincial or national scientific or engineering associations.

**Others** – Personnel directly engaged in the R&D program, e.g. machinists and electricians in construction of prototypes, or clerks, typists, accountants and storekeepers engaged in the administration or clerical support of R&D units.

**Software Development** – Software refers to the encoded instructions executed by electronic devices including computers for performing operations and functions. See Revenue Canada's Information Circular 97-1 "Administrative Guidelines for Software Development".

**Biotechnology** – Biotechnology is defined as "The application of S&T to living organisms as well as parts, products and models thereof, to alter living or non-living materials for the production of knowledge, goods and services." Eg. DNA genomics, pharmaco-genetics gene probes, DNA sequencing/synthesis/amplification, genetic engineering. Protein/peptide sequencing/synthesis, lipid/protein engineering, proteomics, hormones and growth factors, cell receptors/signalling/pheromones. Cell & tissue culture, tissue engineering, hybridisation, cellular fusion, vaccine/immune stimulants, embryo manipulation, bioreactors, fermentation, bioprocessing, bioleaching, bio-pulping, bio-bleaching, biodesulphurization, bioremediation, and biofiltration, gene therapy, viral vectors, bioinformatics.

**Environmental Protection** – Environmental protection is defined as the field of work devoted to the reduction or elimination of pollutants and wastes (including prevention, treatment and reuse of pollutants and wastes, and reduction of material and energy use). Expenditures made in order to improve employee health and workplace safety are excluded.

**Environmental benefits** – Environmental benefits include potential energy savings and the reduction in raw materials use or waste generation either from increased efficiency, recycling or closed-loop systems. They can also include design changes resulting in products that are less damaging to the environment in their use or disposal.

**R&D in advanced materials** – R&D in advanced materials is defined as the systematic investigation carried out in the natural and engineering sciences by means of experiment or analysis in order to gain new knowledge and create new or significantly improved products or processes which use advanced materials such as metals (including superalloys or high purity metals), ceramics and carbon (including optoelectronics such as optical fibres and carbon and graphite products) and polymers (including high performance reinforced plastics and other high performance polymers).

The results of this survey will be published in "Industrial Research and Development" (Cat. No. 88-202-XIE) and "Science Statistics" (Cat. No. 88-001-XIE).

<http://www.statcan.ca/english/IPS/Data/88-202-XIE.htm>  
<http://www.statcan.ca/english/IPS/Data/88-001-XIE.htm>

**THANK YOU FOR YOUR CO-OPERATION**