

WATER AND WASTEWATER FACILITY CLASSIFICATION APPLICATION FORM

APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS

- Please print or type.
- Include the classification application fee.
- Cheques may be made payable to the Nova Scotia Minister of Finance.
- Completed applications should be returned to your local district office of the Department of Environment and Labour.
- Only complete sections applicable to your facility.

OFFICE USE ONLY
Date Received
Classification
Certificate #
Certificate Date

FACILITY CONTACT INFORMATION				
FACILTY OWNER				
PRIMARY CONTACT		POSITION		
ADDRESS		CITY		
PROVINCE	POSTAL CODE	PHONE NUMBI	ER	FAX NUMBER
	L			
	CLASSIFIC	ATION APPLIE	ED FOR	R
□ Water Treatment	FACILITY NAME			
☐ Water Distribution	FACILITY NAME			
☐ Wastewater Treatment	□ Wastewater Treatment			
□ Wastewater Collection FACILITY NAME				
	OFFICI	AL VERIFICAT	ION	
Lhoroby cortify with my signature that				the heat of my knowledge
PRINT NAME	I hereby certify with my signature that the information contained in this application was completed to the best of my knowledge. PRINT NAME POSITION			the best of my knowledge.
SIGNATURE				DATE

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WATER DISTRIBUTION FACILITY CLASSIFICATION

Only complete this section if you requested a $\underline{\text{water distribution facility}}$ to be classified.

POPULATION SERVED

WASTEWATER COLLECTION FACILITY CLASSIFICATION

Only complete this section if you requested a <u>wastewater collection facility</u> to be classified.

POPULATION SERVED

WATER	TREATMENT FACILITY CLASSI	FICATION
Only complete this section if you requested a wat	ter treatment facility to be classified.	
MAXIMUM POPULATION SERVED	DESIGN FLOW (AVERAGE DAY)	PEAK MONTH'S (AVERAGE DAY)

Water Supply Source			
	Groundwater		
	Surface Water/GUDI		
Average	Average Raw Water Quality		
	Little or no variation		
	Raw water quality (excluding turbidity) varies enough to require treatment changes approximately 10% of the time		
	Raw water quality varies severely enough to require pronounced and/or very frequent treatment changes		
	Raw water quality subject to periodic serious industrial waste pollution		
Chemic	al Treatment/Addition Process		
	pH adjustment for process control		
	Stability or Corrosion Control		
	Taste and Odour Control		
	Colour Control		
	Fluoridation		
Coagula	ation/Flocculation		
	Coagulation		
	Flocculation		
Clarifica	ation		
	Sedimentation		
	Dissolved Air Flotation		
	Upflow Clarification		
Filtratio	n		
	Rapid Rate		
	Iron or manganese removal		

Disinfe	ction
	Chlorination, Ultraviolet, or comparable
	On-site generation of disinfectant
Other T	reatment Processes
	Aeration
	Packed Tower Aeration
	Ion exchange softening
	Chemical Precipitation Softening
Special	Processes
	Reverse Osmosis
	Electrodialysis
	Other Specify:
Sludge	Handling
	In-plant treatment of sludge
Labora	tory Control – Bacteriological/Biological
	Lab work done outside the plant
	Membrane filter procedures
	Use of fermentation tubes or any dilution method; fecal coliform determination
	Biological identification
Labora	tory Control - Chemical/Physical
	Lab work done outside the plant
	Push button or colorimetric methods for simple tests such as chlorine residual or pH.
	Additional procedures such as titration, jar tests, alkalinity, and hardness.
	Highly sophisticated insr7umentation such as atomic

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WASTEWATER TREATMENT FACILITY CLASSIFICATION		
Only complete this section if you requested a <u>wastewater treatment facility</u> to be classified		
MAXIMUM POPULATION SERVED	DESIGN FLOW (AVERAGE DAY)	PEAK MONTH'S (AVERAGE DAY)

Variation	in Raw Waste
	Variations do not exceed those normally or typically expected
	Recurring deviations or excessive variation of 100 to 200% in strength and/or flow
	Recurring deviations or excessive variation of more than 200% in strength and/or flow
	Raw wastes subject to toxic waste discharges
0 1 2 3	Impact of septage or truck-hauled waste, zero is low (circle one)
Prelimina	ary Treatment
	Plant pumping of main flow
	Screening or Comminution
	Grit Removal
	Equalization
Primary ⁻	Freatment
	Clarifiers
	Imhoff Tanks or similar
Seconda	ry Treatment
	Fixed Film Reactor
	Activated Sludge
	Stabilization ponds without aeration
	Stabilization Ponds with aeration
Tertiary 1	Freatment
	Polishing ponds for advanced waste treatment
	Chemical/physical advanced waste treatment w/o secondary
	Chemical/physical advanced waste treatment following secondary
	Biological or chemical/biological advanced waste treatment
	Nitrification by designed extended aeration only
	Ion exchange for advanced waste treatment
	Reverse osmosis, electrodialysis and other membrane filtration techniques
	Advanced waste treatment chemical recovery, carbon regeneration
	Media filtration

Addition	nal Treatment Processes	
	Chemical Additions	
	Dissolved Air Flotation	
	Intermittent Sand Filter	
	Recirculating Intermittent Sand Filter	
	Microscreens	
	Generation of Oxygen	
Solids F	landling	
	Solids stabilization	
	Gravity thickening	
	Mechanical dewatering	
	Anaerobic digestion of solids	
	Utilization of digester gas for heating or cogeneration	
	Aerobic digestion of solids	
	Evaporative sludge drying	
	Solids reduction (including incineration, wet oxidation)	
	On-site landfill for solids	
	Solids composting	
	Land application of biosolids by contractor	
	Land application of biosolids under direction of facility operator in direct responsible charge	
Disinfed	tion	
	Chlorination or Ultraviolet irradiation	
	Ozonation	
Effluent Discharge		
	Mechanical post aeration	
	Direct recycle and reuse	
	Land treatment and disposal (surface or subsurface)	

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Instrumentation		
	The use of SCADA or similar instrumentation systems to provide data with no process operation	
	The use of SCADA or similar instrumentation systems to provide data with limited process operation	
	The use of SCADA or similar instrumentation systems to provide data with moderate process operation	
	The use of SCADA or similar instrumentation systems to provide data with extensive or total process operation	
Laborato	ry Control – Bacteriological/Biological	
	Lab work done outside the plant	
	Membrane filter procedures	
	Use of fermentation tubes or any dilution method; fecal coliform determination	
Laborato	ry Control - Chemical/Physical	
	Lab work done outside the plant	
	Push button or visual methods for simple tests such as pH or settable solids	
	Additional procedures such as Dissolved Oxygen (DO), Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD), Biological Oxygen Demand (BOD), gas analysis, titrations, solids, volatile content	
	More advanced determinations such as specific constituents; nutrients; total oils, phenols	
	Highly sophisticated instrumentation such as atomic absorption, gas chromatography	

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