


www.wsib.on.ca

There really are no accidents.

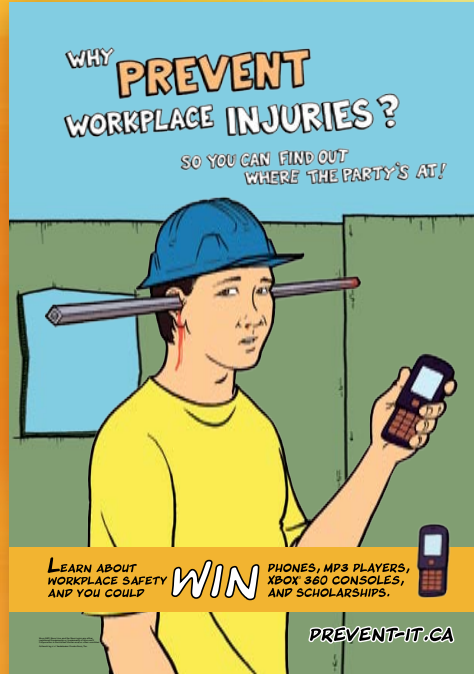


WHY PREVENT WORKPLACE INJURIES?

BECAUSE YOUR TUNES WILL DEFINITELY SOUND BETTER!

LEARN ABOUT WORKPLACE SAFETY AND YOU COULD **WIN** MP3 PLAYERS, PHONES, XBOX 360 CONSOLES, AND SCHOLARSHIPS.

PREVENT-IT.CA

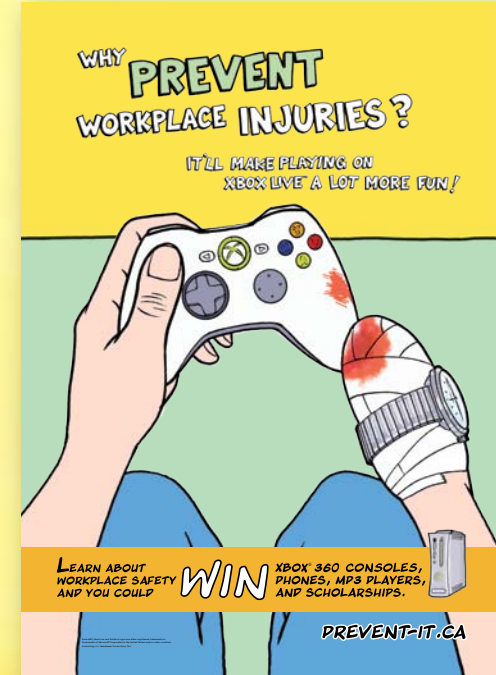


WHY PREVENT WORKPLACE INJURIES?

SO YOU CAN FIND OUT WHERE THE PARTY'S AT!

LEARN ABOUT WORKPLACE SAFETY AND YOU COULD **WIN** PHONES, MP3 PLAYERS, XBOX 360 CONSOLES, AND SCHOLARSHIPS.

PREVENT-IT.CA



WHY PREVENT WORKPLACE INJURIES?

IT'LL MAKE PLAYING ON XBOX LIVE A LOT MORE FUN!

LEARN ABOUT WORKPLACE SAFETY AND YOU COULD **WIN** XBOX 360 CONSOLES, PHONES, MP3 PLAYERS, AND SCHOLARSHIPS.

PREVENT-IT.CA

Young Worker Statistics 2006

TABLE OF CONTENTS

INTRODUCTION	3	YOUNG WORKER NO LOST TIME CLAIMS PROFILES (2002 to 2006)	24
ALLOWED CLAIMS PROFILES (2002 to 2006)	4	Table 14:	
Table 1:		Young worker no lost time claims by age group (2002 to 2006)	25
Injury and illness claims by claim type and age group (2002 to 2006)	5	Table 15:	
Table 2:		Young worker no lost time claims by gender (2002 to 2006)	25
Traumatic fatality claims by age group (2002 to 2006)	6	Table 16:	
YOUNG WORKER LOST TIME CLAIMS PROFILES (2002 to 2006)	7	Young worker no lost time claims by business size (2002 to 2006)	26
Table 3:		Table 17:	
Young worker lost time claims by age group (2002 to 2006)	8	Young worker no lost time claims by industry sector (2002 to 2006)	27
Table 4:		Table 18:	
Young worker lost time claims by gender (2002 to 2006)	8	Young worker no lost time claims with Non-Economic Loss (NEL) awards by percentage of permanent impairment (2002 to 2006)	28
Table 5:		YOUNG WORKER TRAUMATIC FATALITY CLAIMS PROFILES (2002 to 2006)	29
Young worker lost time claims by business size (2002 to 2006)	9	Table 19:	
Table 6:		Young worker traumatic fatality claims by gender (2002 to 2006)	30
Young worker lost time claims by industry sector (2002 to 2006)	10	Table 20:	
Table 7:		Young worker traumatic fatality claims by business size (2002 to 2006)	31
Young worker lost time claims by nature of injury or disease (2002 to 2006)	11	Table 21:	
Table 8:		Young worker traumatic fatality claims by industry sector (2002 to 2006)	32
Young worker lost time claims by part of body affected (2002 to 2006)	14	Table 22:	
Table 9:		Young worker traumatic fatality claims by event (2002 to 2006)	33
Young worker lost time claims by event (2002 to 2006)	16	Table 23:	
Table 10:		Young worker traumatic fatality claims by occupation (2002 to 2006)	34
Young worker lost time claims by source of injury or disease (2002 to 2006)	18	Table 24:	
Table 11:		Young worker traumatic fatality claims by Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) (2002 to 2006)	35
Young worker lost time claims by occupation (2002 to 2006)	21		
Table 12:			
Young worker lost time claims by Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) (2002 to 2006)	22		
Table 13:			
Young worker lost time claims with Non-Economic Loss (NEL) awards by percentage of permanent impairment (2002 to 2006)	23		

INTRODUCTION

The young workers of today are the leaders of tomorrow. Focusing on young workers and making safety an integral part of young workers' lives is just one of the ways the Workplace Safety and Insurance Board (WSIB) is working to make Ontario's workplaces safer – now, and in the future. The WSIB is committed to preventing workplace injuries and illnesses, and plays a key role in the province's occupational health and safety system. By targeting young workers, the WSIB is helping to foster a workplace safety culture in Ontario workplaces.

Eight years ago, the WSIB started a public awareness campaign aimed at workers under the age of 25. Young workers often lack the experience to recognize and avoid workplace hazards. Promoting awareness of workplace safety and understanding of workplace rights and responsibilities among young workers is the first step towards preventing injuries, illnesses and fatalities on the job. Through partnerships with organizations throughout the province including the Ministry of Labour, and through its Prevention and Operations Divisions, the WSIB continues to implement effective solutions that will lead to the elimination of all workplace injuries and illnesses.

This is the third publication of the *Young Worker Statistics*. Allowed young worker claims information presents injuries, illnesses and fatalities covered by the WSIB of Ontario for this demographic over the five year period (2002 to 2006).

The numbers presented for each year include lost time and no lost time claims allowed as at March 31 of the following year, and match the numbers as reported in the *Statistical Supplement to the Annual Report 2006*. Two age groups (15-19 years and 20-24 years) are included for young workers under 25 years of age.

Traumatic fatalities reported in this document are allowed claims as reported by both the WSIB and the Ministry of Labour. These particular numbers cannot be compared to the *Statistical Supplement* due to differences in the reporting criteria. For this harmonized data, allowed young worker fatalities include the "Youth (under 25)" category as reported on the official WSIB website.

ALLOWED CLAIMS PROFILES (2002 to 2006)

Tables 1 and 2

Table 1 presents the total number of allowed lost time and no lost time claims as reported in the *Statistical Supplement to the Annual Report 2006*.

The total number of allowed lost time claims for young workers include the “15-19 years” and “20-24 years” age categories. The total number of allowed lost time claims for workers of other ages has been consolidated and reported as “Other years.”

Overall, young workers 15-24 years of age accounted for approximately 17% of Ontario’s allowed lost time and no lost time claims covered by the WSIB from 2002 to 2006. During this five year period, young worker lost time claims totalled 65,401 representing 15% of all allowed lost time claims, and young worker no lost time claims totalled 172,566 representing 19% of all allowed no lost time claims.

Table 2 presents the total number of allowed claims for work-related deaths caused by traumatic injuries and other immediate causes as reported by both the WSIB and the Ministry of Labour. Young workers include the “Youth (under 25)” age category as reported.

Deaths investigated by the Ministry of Labour include deaths of workers from traumatic injuries and other immediate causes. The Ministry of Labour does not investigate deaths due to traffic accidents, or deaths of workers not covered by the *Occupational Health and Safety Act*. Deaths reported by the WSIB include deaths of workers from traumatic injuries or other immediate causes whose employers have coverage under the *Workplace Safety and Insurance Act (WSIA)*.

From 2002 to 2006, there were 49 traumatic fatalities for young workers under 25 years of age. This represented approximately 9% of Ontario’s traumatic fatalities covered by both the WSIB and the Ministry of Labour.

TABLE 1: Injury and illness claims by claim type and age group (2002 to 2006)

Claim type and age group	Year of injury or illness										Total	
	2002	%	2003	%	2004	%	2005	%	2006	%	All	%
Allowed lost time												
15-24 years	14,484	15.2%	13,558	14.5%	13,354	14.8%	12,623	14.1%	11,382	13.7%	65,401	14.5%
Other age groups	81,084	84.8%	79,676	85.5%	77,043	85.2%	77,111	85.9%	71,797	86.3%	386,711	85.5%
Subtotal	95,568	100%	93,234	100%	90,397	100%	89,734	100%	83,179	100%	452,112	100%
Allowed no lost time												
15-24 years	34,776	18.8%	33,731	18.5%	35,585	19.3%	35,383	18.9%	33,091	18.6%	172,566	18.8%
Other age groups	150,385	81.2%	149,049	81.5%	148,852	80.7%	152,287	81.1%	144,490	81.4%	745,063	81.2%
Subtotal	185,161	100%	182,780	100%	184,437	100%	187,670	100%	177,581	100%	917,629	100%
Allowed lost time and no lost time												
15-24 years	49,260	17.5%	47,289	17.1%	48,939	17.8%	48,006	17.3%	44,473	17.1%	237,967	17.4%
Other age groups	231,469	82.5%	228,725	82.9%	225,895	82.2%	229,398	82.7%	216,287	82.9%	1,131,774	82.6%
Total	280,729	100%	276,014	100%	274,834	100%	277,404	100%	260,760	100%	1,369,741	100%

This table shows allowed lost time and no lost time claims by age group for each year as at March 31 of the following year.

TABLE 2: Traumatic fatality claims by age group (2002 to 2006)

Claim type and age group	Year of traumatic accident										Total	
	2002	%	2003	%	2004	%	2005	%	2006	%	All	%
Allowed traumatic deaths												
Under 25 years	14	12.3%	10	8.2%	7	7.0%	8	9.5%	10	9.9%	49	9.4%
Other age groups	100	87.7%	112	91.8%	93	93.0%	76	90.5%	91	90.1%	472	90.6%
Total	114	100%	122	100%	100	100%	84	100%	101	100%	521	100%

This table shows allowed claims for work-related deaths caused by traumatic injuries and other immediate causes as reported by both the WSIB and the Ministry of Labour.

YOUNG WORKER LOST TIME CLAIMS PROFILES (2002 to 2006)

Tables 3 to 13

Tables 3 to 13 present detailed claims profiles for allowed lost time claims for young workers 15-24 years of age. Claims by workers who have lost wages as a result of a temporary or permanent impairment are lost time claims.

Summary

During the years 2002 to 2006:

- Young workers sustained 65,401 allowed lost time claims with workers 15-19 years of age accounting for 30% (19,557) and workers 20-24 years of age accounting for 70% (45,844).
- The industry sectors with the highest number of allowed lost time claims were Services and Manufacturing.
- The most common work-related injuries included Sprains and Strains, Cuts/Lacerations/Punctures, and Bruises/Contusions.
- The Finger(s)/Fingernail(s) and Lower Back were the parts of body most frequently affected.
- The majority of allowed lost time claims occurred when young workers were Struck by Objects and Equipment, or due to Overexertion.
- Containers/Boxes/Barrels/Packages, Persons, and Structures were the most frequent sources of injury.
- Young workers employed in occupations such as Sales and Service, Transport/Equipment Operators, and Labourers in Processing, Manufacturing and Utilities had the highest number of allowed lost time claims.

TABLE 3: Young worker lost time claims by age group (2002 to 2006)

Age group	Year of injury or illness										Total	
	2002	%	2003	%	2004	%	2005	%	2006	%	All	%
15-19 years	4,544	31.4%	4,100	30.2%	3,897	29.2%	3,605	28.6%	3,411	30.0%	19,557	29.9%
20-24 years	9,940	68.6%	9,458	69.8%	9,457	70.8%	9,018	71.4%	7,971	70.0%	45,844	70.1%
Total	14,484	100%	13,558	100%	13,354	100%	12,623	100%	11,382	100%	65,401	100%

This table shows allowed lost time claims by age group for each year as at March 31 of the following year.

TABLE 4: Young worker lost time claims by gender (2002 to 2006)

Gender	Year of injury or illness and age group										Total					
	2002		2003		2004		2005		2006							
	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	%	20-24	%	All	%
Male	3,092	7,122	2,777	6,707	2,639	6,694	2,442	6,330	2,304	5,503	13,254	67.8%	32,356	70.6%	45,610	69.7%
Female	1,452	2,818	1,323	2,751	1,258	2,763	1,163	2,688	1,107	2,468	6,303	32.2%	13,488	29.4%	19,791	30.3%
Total	4,544	9,940	4,100	9,458	3,897	9,457	3,605	9,018	3,411	7,971	19,557	100%	45,844	100%	65,401	100%

This table shows allowed lost time claims by gender for each year as at March 31 of the following year.

TABLE 5: Young worker lost time claims by business size (2002 to 2006)

Business Size	Year of injury or illness and age group										Total					
	2002		2003		2004		2005		2006		15-19		20-24		All	
	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	%	20-24	%	All	%
Small business (employers with fewer than 20 employees)	1,022	2,092	925	1,963	826	1,970	808	1,914	700	1,591	4,281	21.9%	9,530	20.8%	13,811	21.1%
Large business (employers with 20 or more employees)	3,522	7,848	3,175	7,495	3,071	7,487	2,797	7,104	2,711	6,380	15,276	78.1%	36,314	79.2%	51,590	78.9%
Total	4,544	9,940	4,100	9,458	3,897	9,457	3,605	9,018	3,411	7,971	19,557	100%	45,844	100%	65,401	100%

This table shows allowed lost time claims by business size for each year as at March 31 of the following year. All Schedule 2 employers have been included under “Large business” in this table (number-of-employees data are not available for Schedule 2 employers).

TABLE 6: Young worker lost time claims by industry sector (2002 to 2006)

Industry sector	Year of injury or illness and age group										Total					
	2002		2003		2004		2005		2006		15-19		20-24		All	
	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	%	20-24	%	All	%
Services	2,804	3,903	2,440	3,644	2,341	3,687	2,155	3,569	2,129	3,227	11,869	60.7%	18,030	39.3%	29,899	45.7%
Manufacturing	517	1,844	472	1,722	380	1,588	405	1,476	351	1,226	2,125	10.9%	7,856	17.1%	9,981	15.3%
Construction	251	776	239	760	282	873	242	859	204	768	1,218	6.2%	4,036	8.8%	5,254	8.0%
Transportation	258	742	220	735	237	764	191	669	173	605	1,079	5.5%	3,515	7.7%	4,594	7.0%
Schedule 2	146	580	151	587	133	564	143	607	140	577	713	3.6%	2,915	6.4%	3,628	5.5%
Health Care	52	435	51	467	56	494	44	476	29	427	232	1.2%	2,299	5.0%	2,531	3.9%
Agriculture	147	320	135	302	124	306	119	281	102	240	627	3.2%	1,449	3.2%	2,076	3.2%
Automotive	62	371	60	348	70	369	71	331	38	280	301	1.5%	1,699	3.7%	2,000	3.1%
Food	117	331	108	350	86	269	73	267	59	220	443	2.3%	1,437	3.1%	1,880	2.9%
Chemical/Plastics, Process Services	51	209	51	193	34	160	27	140	23	111	186	1.0%	813	1.8%	999	1.5%
Forestry	39	120	31	97	40	121	30	89	22	53	162	0.8%	480	1.0%	642	1.0%
Education	40	46	83	50	58	44	44	42	95	51	320	1.6%	233	0.5%	553	0.8%
Municipal	31	69	36	57	20	71	37	70	25	74	149	0.8%	341	0.7%	490	0.7%
Primary Metals	9	88	8	48	8	41	11	58	7	35	43	0.2%	270	0.6%	313	0.5%
Electrical	6	57	7	49	9	40	6	37	6	39	34	0.2%	222	0.5%	256	0.4%
Mining & Aggregates	11	34	6	31	12	45	4	26	6	25	39	0.2%	161	0.4%	200	0.3%
Pulp & Paper	3	15	2	18	7	21	3	21	2	13	17	0.1%	88	0.2%	105	0.2%
Total	4,544	9,940	4,100	9,458	3,897	9,457	3,605	9,018	3,411	7,971	19,557	100%	45,844	100%	65,401	100%

This table shows allowed lost time claims by industry sector for each year as at March 31 of the following year. Sorted in descending order using total allowed lost time claims for accident years 2002 to 2006 (All column). The WSIB's operations are organized into 17 industry sectors with Schedule 2 as a separate industry sector.

TABLE 7: Young worker lost time claims by nature of injury or disease (2002 to 2006)

Diagnosis/description of nature of injury or disease	Year of injury or illness and age group										Total					
	2002		2003		2004		2005		2006		15-19		20-24		All	
	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	%	20-24	%	All	%
Sprains and strains	1,108	3,320	962	3,274	1,108	3,664	1,083	3,837	1,029	3,385	5,290	27.0%	17,480	38.1%	22,770	34.8%
Cuts, lacerations, punctures	938	1,317	874	1,201	818	1,313	789	1,232	711	1,038	4,130	21.1%	6,101	13.3%	10,231	15.6%
Bruises, contusions	603	1,351	533	1,159	534	1,263	541	1,227	493	1,156	2,704	13.8%	6,156	13.4%	8,860	13.5%
Fractures	235	599	241	562	246	549	212	556	222	456	1,156	5.9%	2,722	5.9%	3,878	5.9%
Burn or scald (heat)	323	293	266	235	252	268	268	247	274	226	1,383	7.1%	1,269	2.8%	2,652	4.1%
Traumatic injuries, disorders, complications, unspecified, NEC	319	654	324	644	148	336	13	51	15	28	819	4.2%	1,713	3.7%	2,532	3.9%
Abrasions, scratches and other superficial injuries	102	292	77	289	110	300	100	324	107	272	496	2.5%	1,477	3.2%	1,973	3.0%
Multiple traumatic injuries	82	231	75	220	102	259	92	253	79	269	430	2.2%	1,232	2.7%	1,662	2.5%
Soreness, pain, hurt, except the back	219	329	176	337	55	103	1	3	0	1	451	2.3%	773	1.7%	1,224	1.9%
Tendonitis*	55	198	55	187	51	171	43	156	39	130	243	1.2%	842	1.8%	1,085	1.7%
Back pain, hurt back	78	280	87	256	31	124	0	1	1	1	197	1.0%	662	1.4%	859	1.3%
Dislocations	47	97	47	106	45	112	41	90	48	104	228	1.2%	509	1.1%	737	1.1%
Intracranial injuries, excluding concussions	35	80	30	83	42	93	37	101	39	91	183	0.9%	448	1.0%	631	1.0%
Avulsions	62	57	54	70	51	71	42	77	56	59	265	1.4%	334	0.7%	599	0.9%
Concussions	29	69	31	86	45	90	37	87	39	74	181	0.9%	406	0.9%	587	0.9%
Crushing injuries	38	62	38	73	19	55	43	105	56	97	194	1.0%	392	0.9%	586	0.9%
Amputations or enucleations	37	61	44	66	31	56	32	54	38	54	182	0.9%	291	0.6%	473	0.7%
Burns (chemical)	20	41	30	43	30	56	36	55	27	40	143	0.7%	235	0.5%	378	0.6%
Poisonings, systemic	18	39	19	55	23	59	31	72	17	44	108	0.6%	269	0.6%	377	0.6%
Skin & subcutaneous tissue disorders, including dermatitis	17	60	17	46	14	36	29	51	25	52	102	0.5%	245	0.5%	347	0.5%

Continued on next page

This table shows allowed lost time claims by diagnoses of nature of injury or disease for each year as at March 31 of the following year.

Since 2004, to more accurately identify the nature of injuries, an effort has been made to reduce the number of claims coded as “unspecified” (primarily soreness, pain, unspecified) and “NEC.” Claims that were coded in this way in the past are now being coded with more specific codes (primarily sprains and strains, bruises, contusions).

Sorted in descending order using total allowed lost time claims for accident years 2002 to 2006 (All column).

Diagnoses marked with an asterisk (*) include both traumatic and repetitive motion types of injuries and diseases.

NEC stands for “not elsewhere classified.”

TABLE 7: Young worker lost time claims by nature of injury or disease (2002 to 2006)

Diagnosis/description of nature of injury or disease	Year of injury or illness and age group										Total					
	2002		2003		2004		2005		2006		15-19		20-24		All	
	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	%	20-24	%	All	%
Hernia	21	47	17	55	9	48	7	51	5	41	59	0.3%	242	0.5%	301	0.5%
Signs and symptoms, including contacts / carriers of disease	18	50	15	54	14	37	9	30	4	34	60	0.3%	205	0.4%	265	0.4%
Welder's flash	13	23	7	17	9	35	12	38	10	27	51	0.3%	140	0.3%	191	0.3%
Carpal tunnel syndrome*	6	40	5	39	4	39	2	27	3	21	20	0.1%	166	0.4%	186	0.3%
Intervertebral, herniated, slipped disc, including disc syndrome	3	23	2	17	5	36	7	37	5	29	22	0.1%	142	0.3%	164	0.3%
Infectious and parasitic diseases	5	39	4	27	4	28	5	17	5	29	23	0.1%	140	0.3%	163	0.2%
Musculoskeletal system and connective tissue diseases and disorders, unspecified, NEC	2	30	12	24	10	36	4	25	2	12	30	0.2%	127	0.3%	157	0.2%
Burns, multiple, unspecified, NEC	19	14	8	24	14	14	17	19	5	6	63	0.3%	77	0.2%	140	0.2%
Epicondylitis*	7	21	7	19	8	23	6	19	2	20	30	0.2%	102	0.2%	132	0.2%
Conjunctivitis	9	23	5	26	10	13	10	14	5	12	39	0.2%	88	0.2%	127	0.2%
Tenosynovitis*	7	25	3	17	8	22	6	18	3	16	27	0.1%	98	0.2%	125	0.2%
Disorders of the eye, adnexa, vision, unspecified, NEC	15	11	1	10	5	16	10	23	10	20	41	0.2%	80	0.2%	121	0.2%
Electrocutions, electric shock	8	14	5	11	6	15	6	13	8	22	33	0.2%	75	0.2%	108	0.2%
Mental disorders or syndromes	2	15	3	19	2	16	2	17	2	17	11	0.1%	84	0.2%	95	0.1%
Bursitis*	4	23	3	10	3	17	1	18	1	10	12	0.1%	78	0.2%	90	0.1%
Rotator cuff tear or syndrome*	4	11	8	23	4	12	2	11	4	10	22	0.1%	67	0.1%	89	0.1%
Burns (electrical)	9	11	7	9	8	13	2	7	5	6	31	0.2%	46	0.1%	77	0.1%
Sciatica	3	17	1	22	0	9	3	11	0	8	7	0.0%	67	0.1%	74	0.1%
Respiratory system diseases	3	22	2	14	2	5	2	9	4	10	13	0.1%	60	0.1%	73	0.1%

Continued on next page

This table shows allowed lost time claims by diagnoses of nature of injury or disease for each year as at March 31 of the following year.

Since 2004, to more accurately identify the nature of injuries, an effort has been made to reduce the number of claims coded as “unspecified” (primarily soreness, pain, unspecified) and “NEC.” Claims that were coded in this way in the past are now being coded with more specific codes (primarily sprains and strains, bruises, contusions).

Sorted in descending order using total allowed lost time claims for accident years 2002 to 2006 (All column).

Diagnoses marked with an asterisk (*) include both traumatic and repetitive motion types of injuries and diseases.

NEC stands for “not elsewhere classified.”

TABLE 7: Young worker lost time claims by nature of injury or disease (2002 to 2006)

Diagnosis/description of nature of injury or disease	Year of injury or illness and age group										Total					
	2002		2003		2004		2005		2006		15-19		20-24		All	
	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	%	20-24	%	All	%
Heat & light effects, including heat stroke, fatigue and syncope	3	13	0	5	2	1	12	13	9	15	26	0.1%	47	0.1%	73	0.1%
Ganglion*	1	3	1	3	2	4	3	6	0	7	7	0.0%	23	0.1%	30	0.0%
Facet syndrome	2	9	2	5	0	3	0	2	1	5	5	0.0%	24	0.1%	29	0.0%
Disorders of the ear, including deafness	2	5	0	2	4	6	0	4	2	0	8	0.0%	17	0.0%	25	0.0%
Freezing effects, including frostbite	2	1	1	4	3	6	1	2	0	0	7	0.0%	13	0.0%	20	0.0%
Nervous system and sense organs diseases	1	1	1	2	1	3	1	1	0	2	4	0.0%	9	0.0%	13	0.0%
Myositis*	4	5	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	4	0.0%	7	0.0%	11	0.0%
Synovitis*	0	2	0	1	0	3	0	1	0	0	0	0.0%	7	0.0%	7	0.0%
Diseases and disorders, multiple, unspecified, NEC	0	2	0	1	1	3	0	0	0	0	1	0.0%	6	0.0%	7	0.0%
Capsulitis*	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	2	1	0.0%	4	0.0%	5	0.0%
Circulatory system diseases	0	0	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	2	2	0.0%	3	0.0%	5	0.0%
Non-personal damage	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0.0%	1	0.0%	2	0.0%
Genitourinary system diseases and disorders	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0.0%	2	0.0%	2	0.0%
Air pressure effects, including other environmental conditions	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%	1	0.0%	1	0.0%
Unknown	5	8	0	3	4	16	2	4	1	9	12	0.1%	40	0.1%	52	0.1%
Total	4,544	9,940	4,100	9,458	3,897	9,457	3,605	9,018	3,411	7,971	19,557	100%	45,844	100%	65,401	100%

Continued from previous page

This table shows allowed lost time claims by diagnoses of nature of injury or disease for each year as at March 31 of the following year.

Since 2004, to more accurately identify the nature of injuries, an effort has been made to reduce the number of claims coded as “unspecified” (primarily soreness, pain, unspecified) and “NEC.” Claims that were coded in this way in the past are now being coded with more specific codes (primarily sprains and strains, bruises, contusions).

Sorted in descending order using total allowed lost time claims for accident years 2002 to 2006 (All column).

Diagnoses marked with an asterisk (*) include both traumatic and repetitive motion types of injuries and diseases.

NEC stands for “not elsewhere classified.”

TABLE 8: Young worker lost time claims by part of body affected (2002 to 2006)

Part of body affected	Year of injury or illness and age group										Total					
	2002		2003		2004		2005		2006		15-19		20-24		All	
	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	%	20-24	%	All	%
Upper extremities																
Finger(s), fingernail(s)	1,044	1,355	958	1,352	836	1,329	766	1,216	730	1,006	4,334	22.2%	6,258	13.7%	10,592	16.2%
Hand(s), except finger(s)	501	747	446	637	391	628	365	616	341	526	2,044	10.5%	3,154	6.9%	5,198	7.9%
Wrist(s)	249	449	188	442	182	418	130	400	147	343	896	4.6%	2,052	4.5%	2,948	4.5%
Arm(s)	239	466	216	399	194	407	181	384	150	305	980	5.0%	1,961	4.3%	2,941	4.5%
Upper extremities, unspecified, NEC	61	91	44	92	58	119	77	109	64	136	304	1.6%	547	1.2%	851	1.3%
Subtotal	2,094	3,108	1,852	2,922	1,661	2,901	1,519	2,725	1,432	2,316	8,558	43.8%	13,972	30.5%	22,530	34.4%
Back (including spine, spinal cord, neck)																
Lower (lumbar sacral, coccygeal regions)	444	1,533	405	1,446	404	1,567	378	1,528	359	1,332	1,990	10.2%	7,406	16.2%	9,396	14.4%
Upper (cervical, thoracic regions)	104	422	123	413	110	425	134	439	97	362	568	2.9%	2,061	4.5%	2,629	4.0%
Multiple back regions	59	150	58	155	57	198	48	213	56	162	278	1.4%	878	1.9%	1,156	1.8%
Back, unspecified, NEC	121	342	87	279	62	169	22	105	27	78	319	1.6%	973	2.1%	1,292	2.0%
Subtotal	728	2,447	673	2,293	633	2,359	582	2,285	539	1,934	3,155	16.1%	11,318	24.7%	14,473	22.1%
Lower extremities																
Leg(s)	334	828	315	758	312	706	303	674	231	638	1,495	7.6%	3,604	7.9%	5,099	7.8%
Ankle(s)	238	599	230	582	245	571	199	606	222	516	1,134	5.8%	2,874	6.3%	4,008	6.1%
Foot(feet), except toe(s)	210	431	192	372	180	404	162	369	157	308	901	4.6%	1,884	4.1%	2,785	4.3%
Toe(s), toenail(s)	41	85	51	70	37	59	39	77	39	81	207	1.1%	372	0.8%	579	0.9%
Multiple lower extremities locations	26	49	23	52	33	76	29	72	37	73	148	0.8%	322	0.7%	470	0.7%
Lower extremities, unspecified, NEC	0	4	1	4	1	2	2	2	0	1	4	0.0%	13	0.0%	17	0.0%
Subtotal	849	1,996	812	1,838	808	1,818	734	1,800	686	1,617	3,889	19.9%	9,069	19.8%	12,958	19.8%

Continued on next page

This table shows allowed lost time claims by part of body affected for each year as at March 31 of the following year. Sorted in descending order using total allowed lost time claims for accident years 2002 to 2006 (All column). NEC stands for "not elsewhere classified."

TABLE 8: Young worker lost time claims by part of body affected (2002 to 2006)

Part of body affected	Year of injury or illness and age group										Total					
	2002		2003		2004		2005		2006		15-19		20-24		All	
	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	%	20-24	%	All	%
Trunk (excluding back)																
Shoulder	179	466	166	527	139	467	122	419	133	395	739	3.8%	2,274	5.0%	3,013	4.6%
Pelvic Region	58	165	42	176	31	148	40	142	31	131	202	1.0%	762	1.7%	964	1.5%
Chest, including ribs, internal organs	54	150	31	123	23	147	40	108	38	113	186	1.0%	641	1.4%	827	1.3%
Multiple trunk locations	21	65	23	83	32	100	31	103	36	106	143	0.7%	457	1.0%	600	0.9%
Abdomen	17	83	17	68	18	76	16	51	11	74	79	0.4%	352	0.8%	431	0.7%
Trunk, unspecified, NEC	1	9	3	3	0	4	0	2	2	4	6	0.0%	22	0.0%	28	0.0%
Subtotal	330	938	282	980	243	942	249	825	251	823	1,355	6.9%	4,508	9.8%	5,863	9.0%
Head																
Eye(s)	161	431	135	425	162	431	148	430	139	363	745	3.8%	2,080	4.5%	2,825	4.3%
Cranial region, including skull	101	221	104	232	119	258	112	259	104	241	540	2.8%	1,211	2.6%	1,751	2.7%
Face	65	136	55	125	57	127	56	140	54	111	287	1.5%	639	1.4%	926	1.4%
Ear(s)	3	11	8	10	3	9	3	10	2	2	19	0.1%	42	0.1%	61	0.1%
Multiple head locations	4	7	4	6	3	9	0	6	0	1	11	0.1%	29	0.1%	40	0.1%
Head, unspecified, NEC	13	35	11	29	15	34	4	16	10	18	53	0.3%	132	0.3%	185	0.3%
Subtotal	347	841	317	827	359	868	323	861	309	736	1,655	8.5%	4,133	9.0%	5,788	8.9%
Multiple body parts	159	502	142	490	158	481	157	426	164	460	780	4.0%	2,359	5.1%	3,139	4.8%
Body systems	28	82	19	92	26	69	37	84	27	72	137	0.7%	399	0.9%	536	0.8%
Other body parts, including unclassified, NEC	9	26	3	16	9	19	4	12	3	13	28	0.1%	86	0.2%	114	0.2%
Total	4,544	9,940	4,100	9,458	3,897	9,457	3,605	9,018	3,411	7,971	19,557	100%	45,844	100%	65,401	100%

Continued from previous page

This table shows allowed lost time claims by part of body affected for each year as at March 31 of the following year. Sorted in descending order using total allowed lost time claims for accident years 2002 to 2006 (All column). NEC stands for “not elsewhere classified.”

TABLE 9: Young worker lost time claims by event (2002 to 2006)

Event	Year of injury or illness and age group										Total					
	2002		2003		2004		2005		2006		15-19	%	20-24	%	All	%
	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24						
Contact with objects and equipment																
Struck by	1,192	2,126	1,116	2,095	1,059	2,080	964	2,015	948	1,774	5,279	27.0%	10,090	22.0%	15,369	23.5%
Struck against	434	621	404	556	350	620	335	543	313	468	1,836	9.4%	2,808	6.1%	4,644	7.1%
Caught in or compressed by equipment or objects or collapsing material	342	678	330	634	288	603	260	541	232	479	1,452	7.4%	2,935	6.4%	4,387	6.7%
Rubbed or abraded by friction, pressure or jarred by vibration	48	136	61	141	55	111	59	151	66	133	289	1.5%	672	1.5%	961	1.5%
Contact with objects and equipment, unspecified, NEC	60	68	30	51	16	52	21	45	25	31	152	0.8%	247	0.5%	399	0.6%
Subtotal	2,076	3,629	1,941	3,477	1,768	3,466	1,639	3,295	1,584	2,885	9,008	46.1%	16,752	36.5%	25,760	39.4%
Bodily reaction and exertion																
Overexertion	670	2,089	592	2,005	567	1,989	525	1,828	441	1,584	2,795	14.3%	9,495	20.7%	12,290	18.8%
Bodily reaction	321	912	297	866	310	915	265	935	257	822	1,450	7.4%	4,450	9.7%	5,900	9.0%
Repetitive motion	72	276	59	267	70	273	56	293	53	244	310	1.6%	1,353	3.0%	1,663	2.5%
Static posture and sustained viewing	0	5	0	8	0	7	0	1	1	0	1	0.0%	21	0.0%	22	0.0%
Bodily reaction and exertion (combined), including unspecified, NEC	136	420	98	453	99	383	99	384	93	392	525	2.7%	2,032	4.4%	2,557	3.9%
Subtotal	1,199	3,702	1,046	3,599	1,046	3,567	945	3,441	845	3,042	5,081	26.0%	17,351	37.8%	22,432	34.3%
Falls																
Falls on same level	378	852	355	808	315	757	308	736	270	623	1,626	8.3%	3,776	8.2%	5,402	8.3%
Falls/jump to lower level	229	567	206	488	205	531	160	467	173	426	973	5.0%	2,479	5.4%	3,452	5.3%
Falls, unspecified, NEC	4	8	4	10	3	1	2	7	4	5	17	0.1%	31	0.1%	48	0.1%
Subtotal	611	1,427	565	1,306	523	1,289	470	1,210	447	1,054	2,616	13.4%	6,286	13.7%	8,902	13.6%

Continued on next page

This table shows allowed lost time claims by event (the way in which the injury or illness occurred) for each year as at March 31 of the following year.
Sorted in descending order using total allowed lost time claims for accident years 2002 to 2006 (All column).
The Event is recorded using the Z795 National Coding Standard. NEC stands for "not elsewhere classified."

TABLE 9: Young worker lost time claims by event (2002 to 2006)

Event	Year of injury or illness and age group										Total					
	2002		2003		2004		2005		2006		15-19	%	20-24	%	All	%
	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24						
Exposure to harmful substances or environments																
Contact with temperature extremes	325	307	289	276	275	269	260	239	285	238	1,434	7.3%	1,329	2.9%	2,763	4.2%
Exposure to caustic, noxious, allergenic substances	153	280	85	231	116	255	146	262	92	207	592	3.0%	1,235	2.7%	1,827	2.8%
Exposure to radiation	17	32	7	30	10	44	16	42	11	29	61	0.3%	177	0.4%	238	0.4%
Contact with electric current	16	23	7	15	12	23	8	18	10	26	53	0.3%	105	0.2%	158	0.2%
Exposure to noise	1	3	2	3	2	2	0	2	0	0	5	0.0%	10	0.0%	15	0.0%
Exposure to air pressure changes	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0.0%	3	0.0%	4	0.0%
Exposure to harmful substances or environments, unspecified, NEC	0	8	4	13	3	8	0	4	1	8	8	0.0%	41	0.1%	49	0.1%
Subtotal	513	654	394	569	418	601	430	568	399	508	2,154	11.0%	2,900	6.3%	5,054	7.7%
Transportation Accidents																
Non-highway accidents	56	170	70	137	64	155	55	153	59	149	304	1.6%	764	1.7%	1,068	1.6%
Highway accidents	28	132	23	131	28	129	15	130	26	115	120	0.6%	637	1.4%	757	1.2%
Transportation accidents, unspecified, NEC	0	0	1	2	0	3	0	0	0	1	1	0.0%	6	0.0%	7	0.0%
Subtotal	84	302	94	270	92	287	70	283	85	265	425	2.2%	1,407	3.1%	1,832	2.8%
Assaults and violent acts	29	159	37	167	35	182	32	176	37	170	170	0.9%	854	1.9%	1,024	1.6%
Fires and explosions																
Fire - unintended or uncontrolled	2	8	10	19	2	20	4	24	4	16	22	0.1%	87	0.2%	109	0.2%
Explosion	3	9	2	14	3	7	4	2	2	8	14	0.1%	40	0.1%	54	0.1%
Fire or explosion, unspecified, NEC	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0.0%	3	0.0%	3	0.0%
Subtotal	5	18	12	34	5	27	8	27	6	24	36	0.2%	130	0.3%	166	0.3%
Other events or exposures unknown/unidentified	27	49	11	36	10	38	11	18	8	23	67	0.3%	164	0.4%	231	0.4%
Total	4,544	9,940	4,100	9,458	3,897	9,457	3,605	9,018	3,411	7,971	19,557	100%	45,844	100%	65,401	100%

Continued from previous page

This table shows allowed lost time claims by event (the way in which the injury or illness occurred) for each year as at March 31 of the following year.

Sorted in descending order using total allowed lost time claims for accident years 2002 to 2006 (All column).

The Event is recorded using the Z795 National Coding Standard. NEC stands for "not elsewhere classified."

TABLE 10: Young worker lost time claims by source of injury or disease (2002 to 2006)

Source of injury or disease	Year of injury or disease and age group										Total					
	2002		2003		2004		2005		2006		15-19		20-24		All	
	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	%	20-24	%	All	%
Containers, boxes, barrels, packages (pressurized, non-pressurized)	712	1,514	630	1,518	573	1,404	529	1,338	496	1,193	2,940	15.0%	6,967	15.2%	9,907	15.1%
Persons (bodily motion or condition)	470	1,571	417	1,549	416	1,569	362	1,584	349	1,390	2,014	10.3%	7,663	16.7%	9,677	14.8%
Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	682	1,523	599	1,428	577	1,356	526	1,331	489	1,109	2,873	14.7%	6,747	14.7%	9,620	14.7%
Parts and materials																
Building materials	247	565	203	495	187	510	166	457	148	421	951	4.9%	2,448	5.3%	3,399	5.2%
Vehicle and mobile equipment parts	57	163	61	168	53	189	60	173	51	134	282	1.4%	827	1.8%	1,109	1.7%
Fasteners, connectors, ropes, ties	85	160	69	159	53	172	73	136	56	112	336	1.7%	739	1.6%	1,075	1.6%
Machine tool and electric parts	42	126	46	135	61	130	40	129	30	80	219	1.1%	600	1.3%	819	1.3%
Metal materials	28	82	24	93	30	109	33	91	22	79	137	0.7%	454	1.0%	591	0.9%
Hoisting accessories	5	13	4	16	4	9	3	14	2	11	18	0.1%	63	0.1%	81	0.1%
Tars, sealants, caulking, insulating materials	2	10	2	10	0	14	1	9	5	8	10	0.1%	51	0.1%	61	0.1%
Tarps and sheeting (non-metal)	1	7	6	4	1	6	2	1	0	6	10	0.1%	24	0.1%	34	0.1%
Parts and materials, unspecified, NEC	26	82	33	77	23	89	23	79	19	89	124	0.6%	416	0.9%	540	0.8%
Subtotal	493	1,208	448	1,157	412	1,228	401	1,089	333	940	2,087	10.7%	5,622	12.3%	7,709	11.8%
Other tools, instruments, equipment																
Hand tools, non-powered	441	601	385	572	382	554	308	527	350	478	1,866	9.5%	2,732	6.0%	4,598	7.0%
Hand tools, powered	36	122	46	128	62	111	32	113	41	110	217	1.1%	584	1.3%	801	1.2%
Hand tools, power not determined	7	32	9	31	12	48	14	34	7	25	49	0.3%	170	0.4%	219	0.3%
Ladders	9	33	11	23	8	36	11	27	16	24	55	0.3%	143	0.3%	198	0.3%
Recreation and athletic equipment	14	23	10	21	13	26	12	21	14	30	63	0.3%	121	0.3%	184	0.3%
Medical and surgical instruments	2	13	7	7	4	13	2	8	1	14	16	0.1%	55	0.1%	71	0.1%
Protective equipment, except clothing	1	3	0	7	0	0	0	2	0	5	1	0.0%	17	0.0%	18	0.0%
Photographic equipment	0	1	0	4	1	5	1	1	0	1	2	0.0%	12	0.0%	14	0.0%
Other tools, instruments, equipment, unspecified, NEC	16	87	18	83	17	98	22	80	20	90	93	0.5%	438	1.0%	531	0.8%
Subtotal	526	915	486	876	499	891	402	813	449	777	2,362	12.1%	4,272	9.3%	6,634	10.1%

Continued on next page

This table shows allowed lost time claims by source of injury or disease (the object, substance, exposure or bodily motion that brought about the injury or disease) for each year as at March 31 of the following year. Sorted in descending order using total allowed lost time claims for accident years 2002 to 2006 (All column). NEC stands for "not elsewhere classified."

TABLE 10: Young worker lost time claims by source of injury or disease (2002 to 2006)

Source of injury or disease	Year of injury or disease and age group										Total					
	2002		2003		2004		2005		2006		15-19		20-24		All	
	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	%	20-24	%	All	%
Machinery																
Special process machinery (including food slicers, paper, printing, wrapping, sewing, pumps)	223	153	216	161	158	135	164	115	138	106	899	4.6%	670	1.5%	1,569	2.4%
Metal, woodworking and plastic, rubber, concrete and other processing	90	228	77	211	80	219	82	215	76	154	405	2.1%	1,027	2.2%	1,432	2.2%
Heating, cooling and cleaning machinery	79	111	86	108	91	127	95	99	83	104	434	2.2%	549	1.2%	983	1.5%
Miscellaneous machinery (including audio, video, televisions, telephones, snowblowers)	44	131	36	76	33	62	28	74	29	78	170	0.9%	421	0.9%	591	0.9%
Agricultural, construction, logging and mining	31	61	31	57	19	55	27	61	21	47	129	0.7%	281	0.6%	410	0.6%
Cranes, derricks, elevators, jacks and overhead hoists (excludes hoisting accessories)	23	60	23	58	24	42	24	47	20	33	114	0.6%	240	0.5%	354	0.5%
Conveyors	39	43	26	41	27	54	19	42	14	44	125	0.6%	224	0.5%	349	0.5%
Office and business machines	5	18	6	14	7	12	4	20	2	14	24	0.1%	78	0.2%	102	0.2%
Machinery, unspecified, NEC	19	68	25	55	15	63	16	56	12	39	87	0.4%	281	0.6%	368	0.6%
Subtotal	553	873	526	781	454	769	459	729	395	619	2,387	12.2%	3,771	8.2%	6,158	9.4%
Vehicles																
Plant and industrial vehicles, tractors	140	318	144	327	120	314	129	302	127	304	660	3.4%	1,565	3.4%	2,225	3.4%
Highway vehicles	80	269	73	244	65	250	63	260	70	237	351	1.8%	1,260	2.7%	1,611	2.5%
Air, water, rail vehicles	7	17	10	14	4	15	3	14	6	19	30	0.2%	79	0.2%	109	0.2%
Vehicles, unspecified, NEC	4	11	17	17	13	8	11	18	10	13	55	0.3%	67	0.1%	122	0.2%
Subtotal	231	615	244	602	202	587	206	594	213	573	1,096	5.6%	2,971	6.5%	4,067	6.2%

Continued on next page

This table shows allowed lost time claims by source of injury or disease (the object, substance, exposure or bodily motion that brought about the injury or disease) for each year as at March 31 of the following year. Sorted in descending order using total allowed lost time claims for accident years 2002 to 2006 (All column). NEC stands for "not elsewhere classified."

TABLE 10: Young worker lost time claims by source of injury or disease (2002 to 2006)

Source of injury or disease	Year of injury or disease and age group										Total					
	2002		2003		2004		2005		2006		15-19		20-24		All	
	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	%	20-24	%	All	%
Furniture and fixtures	152	358	155	352	152	385	127	357	131	339	717	3.7%	1,791	3.9%	2,508	3.8%
Scrap, waste, debris	86	253	87	245	75	228	77	246	75	206	400	2.0%	1,178	2.6%	1,578	2.4%
Food products	218	178	162	137	163	154	155	116	164	120	862	4.4%	705	1.5%	1,567	2.4%
Chemicals and chemical products	82	164	77	160	83	171	85	162	61	127	388	2.0%	784	1.7%	1,172	1.8%
Steam, vapour, liquids, NEC	82	72	57	56	74	76	71	70	60	57	344	1.8%	331	0.7%	675	1.0%
Plants, trees, vegetation	17	59	20	57	17	57	20	73	29	53	103	0.5%	299	0.7%	402	0.6%
Animals and animal products	32	57	27	48	23	50	26	61	17	52	125	0.6%	268	0.6%	393	0.6%
Infectious and parasitic agents	10	58	8	48	10	44	10	41	9	48	47	0.2%	239	0.5%	286	0.4%
Minerals, metallic and non-metallic	21	46	16	32	16	57	13	28	12	40	78	0.4%	203	0.4%	281	0.4%
Fire, flame and smoke	8	21	8	31	4	26	6	27	9	26	35	0.2%	131	0.3%	166	0.3%
Apparel and textiles	10	17	5	22	5	19	7	9	3	21	30	0.2%	88	0.2%	118	0.2%
Paper, books and magazines	4	22	1	20	4	18	2	12	5	8	16	0.1%	80	0.2%	96	0.1%
Temperature extremes (heat, cold) environmental	3	14	1	9	3	2	12	13	9	14	28	0.1%	52	0.1%	80	0.1%
Atmospheric and environmental conditions (including weather)	1	7	2	11	6	6	4	9	3	6	16	0.1%	39	0.1%	55	0.1%
Noise	1	2	2	3	2	3	0	2	0	0	5	0.0%	10	0.0%	15	0.0%
Air pressure	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	1	0.0%	3	0.0%	4	0.0%
Other sources, unclassified, NEC	95	282	88	227	93	266	76	258	71	190	423	2.2%	1,223	2.7%	1,646	2.5%
Unknown	54	111	34	89	34	90	29	54	29	63	180	0.9%	407	0.9%	587	0.9%
Total	4,544	9,940	4,100	9,458	3,897	9,457	3,605	9,018	3,411	7,971	19,557	100%	45,844	100%	65,401	100%

Continued from previous page

This table shows allowed lost time claims by source of injury or disease (the object, substance, exposure or bodily motion that brought about the injury or disease) for each year as at March 31 of the following year. Sorted in descending order using total allowed lost time claims for accident years 2002 to 2006 (All column). NEC stands for “not elsewhere classified.”

TABLE 11: Young worker lost time claims by occupation (2002 to 2006)

Occupation	Year of injury or illness and age group										Total					
	2002		2003		2004		2005		2006		15-19		20-24		All	
	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	%	20-24	%	All	%
Sales and service	2,178	2,843	1,933	2,695	1,830	2,691	1,684	2,619	1,704	2,411	9,329	47.7%	13,259	28.9%	22,588	34.5%
Transport, equipment operators and related	788	2,622	732	2,588	748	2,646	672	2,653	699	2,335	3,639	18.6%	12,844	28.0%	16,483	25.2%
Labourers in processing, manufacturing and utilities	590	1,263	463	1,172	450	1,188	434	1,067	328	765	2,265	11.6%	5,455	11.9%	7,720	11.8%
Processing and manufacturing machine operators and assemblers	202	953	241	891	211	844	177	788	137	673	968	4.9%	4,149	9.1%	5,117	7.8%
Clerical occupations	141	490	115	465	124	432	119	401	114	387	613	3.1%	2,175	4.7%	2,788	4.3%
Contractors, agriculture, horticulture and aquaculture	138	296	155	305	150	303	138	291	116	271	697	3.6%	1,466	3.2%	2,163	3.3%
Health services	12	281	21	286	23	328	24	290	11	293	91	0.5%	1,478	3.2%	1,569	2.4%
Social science, education, government services and religion	15	165	20	180	17	174	12	150	19	144	83	0.4%	813	1.8%	896	1.4%
Managerial, administrative and related (including legislators and senior government officials)	38	99	28	88	30	131	29	117	22	137	147	0.8%	572	1.2%	719	1.1%
Art, culture, recreation and sport	56	58	50	41	46	63	61	69	71	69	284	1.5%	300	0.7%	584	0.9%
Natural and applied sciences	14	109	15	88	22	91	25	83	20	94	96	0.5%	465	1.0%	561	0.9%
Logging and forestry	11	52	12	28	17	45	8	38	11	25	59	0.3%	188	0.4%	247	0.4%
Skilled administrative and business occupations	3	24	3	34	3	24	5	22	7	28	21	0.1%	132	0.3%	153	0.2%
Processing, manufacturing and utilities, supervisors and skilled operators	6	25	1	23	3	19	2	14	3	15	15	0.1%	96	0.2%	111	0.2%
Mining, oil and gas	1	18	2	8	3	13	0	13	4	13	10	0.1%	65	0.1%	75	0.1%
Business and finance	1	3	0	4	0	3	1	5	1	4	3	0.0%	19	0.0%	22	0.0%
Fishing, hunting and trapping	0	0	0	2	0	1	1	2	1	0	2	0.0%	5	0.0%	7	0.0%
Occupation not stated	350	639	309	560	220	461	213	396	143	307	1,235	6.3%	2,363	5.2%	3,598	5.5%
Total	4,544	9,940	4,100	9,458	3,897	9,457	3,605	9,018	3,411	7,971	19,557	100%	45,844	100%	65,401	100%

This table shows allowed lost time claims by workers' occupation for each year as at March 31 of the following year. Sorted in descending order using total allowed lost time claims for accident years 2002 to 2006 (All column). The National Occupational Classification (NOC) is used to classify workers' occupations.

TABLE 12: Young worker lost time claims by Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) (2002 to 2006)

Industry	Year of injury or illness and age group										Total					
	2002		2003		2004		2005		2006		15-19		20-24		All	
	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	%	20-24	%	All	%
Manufacturing	663	2,553	593	2,309	507	2,140	509	2,013	396	1,574	2,668	13.6%	10,589	23.1%	13,257	20.3%
Retail trade	1,159	1,687	1,066	1,621	956	1,580	867	1,561	861	1,439	4,909	25.1%	7,888	17.2%	12,797	19.6%
Accommodation, food and beverage services	1,240	1,236	1,002	1,080	962	1,050	895	1,016	865	941	4,964	25.4%	5,323	11.6%	10,287	15.7%
Construction	286	937	278	927	312	1,010	265	955	253	907	1,394	7.1%	4,736	10.3%	6,130	9.4%
Wholesale trade	268	781	243	800	254	741	199	619	204	570	1,168	6.0%	3,511	7.7%	4,679	7.2%
Business	241	624	207	628	265	713	228	706	202	605	1,143	5.8%	3,276	7.1%	4,419	6.8%
Transportation, communication and other utilities	128	450	101	438	113	484	106	463	111	411	559	2.9%	2,246	4.9%	2,805	4.3%
Health and social services	56	455	51	493	55	516	46	486	30	450	238	1.2%	2,400	5.2%	2,638	4.0%
Other services	144	324	153	290	137	324	153	324	149	278	736	3.8%	1,540	3.4%	2,276	3.5%
Government	69	240	82	237	61	244	86	247	74	235	372	1.9%	1,203	2.6%	1,575	2.4%
Agriculture	109	191	99	174	83	165	79	159	55	130	425	2.2%	819	1.8%	1,244	1.9%
Education	42	61	87	72	60	56	46	62	101	73	336	1.7%	324	0.7%	660	1.0%
Logging and forestry	9	49	14	39	16	56	11	33	8	20	58	0.3%	197	0.4%	255	0.4%
Personal and household services	19	36	7	43	7	40	19	40	7	36	59	0.3%	195	0.4%	254	0.4%
Finance, insurance and real estate	8	34	13	23	9	34	13	35	5	31	48	0.2%	157	0.3%	205	0.3%
Mining (including milling, quarrying, oil well)	8	33	7	33	11	43	4	29	8	24	38	0.2%	162	0.4%	200	0.3%
Membership organizations	3	10	3	10	1	10	3	9	3	4	13	0.1%	43	0.1%	56	0.1%
Fishing and trapping	0	3	0	2	0	0	2	3	0	0	2	0.0%	8	0.0%	10	0.0%
Unclassified and unidentified	92	236	94	239	88	251	74	258	79	243	427	2.2%	1,227	2.7%	1,654	2.5%
Total	4,544	9,940	4,100	9,458	3,897	9,457	3,605	9,018	3,411	7,971	19,557	100%	45,844	100%	65,401	100%

This table shows allowed lost time claims by the industry in which the worker was employed, based on the 1980 Standard Industrial Classification (SIC), for each year as at March 31 of the following year. Because these numbers are based on a different classification standard, they cannot be compared to the numbers in Table 6.

Sorted in descending order using total allowed lost time claims for accident years 2002 to 2006 (All column). Schedule 2 employers, for whom SIC codes are unavailable, are included in the "Unclassified and unidentified" category.

TABLE 13: Young worker lost time claims with Non-Economic Loss (NEL) awards by percentage of permanent impairment (2002 to 2006)

Percentage of permanent impairment	Year of award										Total					
	2002		2003		2004		2005		2006		15-19		20-24		All	
	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	%	20-24	%	All	%
0.01 - 5.00%	47	136	31	139	38	107	40	92	30	125	186	28.5%	599	23.7%	785	24.7%
5.01 - 10.00%	42	167	46	153	28	119	32	125	31	107	179	27.4%	671	26.6%	850	26.7%
10.01 - 15.00%	24	142	27	102	19	102	21	80	26	78	117	17.9%	504	20.0%	621	19.5%
15.01 - 20.00%	9	72	13	74	21	50	7	58	5	69	55	8.4%	323	12.8%	378	11.9%
20.01 - 25.00%	8	40	7	36	13	40	3	49	8	41	39	6.0%	206	8.2%	245	7.7%
25.01 - 30.00%	9	29	3	19	4	19	8	12	6	14	30	4.6%	93	3.7%	123	3.9%
30.01 - 40.00%	7	20	3	15	7	24	4	12	1	12	22	3.4%	83	3.3%	105	3.3%
40.01 - 60.00%	4	8	6	6	3	5	3	10	1	7	17	2.6%	36	1.4%	53	1.7%
60.01 - 99.99%	3	0	1	6	0	2	0	0	3	2	7	1.1%	10	0.4%	17	0.5%
100%	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0.2%	0	0.0%	1	0.0%
Total	153	614	137	550	134	468	118	438	111	455	653	100%	2,525	100%	3,178	100%

This table shows the number of Non-Economic Loss (NEL) awards made during each year for allowed lost time claims by percentage of permanent impairment. Sorted in ascending order using percentage of permanent impairment.

YOUNG WORKER NO LOST TIME CLAIMS PROFILES (2002 to 2006)

Tables 14 to 18

Tables 14 to 18 present detailed claims profiles for allowed no lost time claims for young workers 15-24 years of age. No lost time claims are claims by workers who have not lost wages but have incurred health care expenses.

Summary

During the years 2002 to 2006:

- Young workers sustained 172,566 allowed no lost time claims with workers 15-19 years of age accounting for 31% (54,198) and workers 20-24 years of age accounting for 69% (118,368).
- The industry sectors with the highest number of allowed no lost time claims were Services and Manufacturing.

TABLE 14: Young worker no lost time claims by age group (2002 to 2006)

Age Group	Year of injury or illness										Total	
	2002		2003		2004		2005		2006			
	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%	All	%
15-19 years	11,281	32.4%	10,535	31.2%	11,233	31.6%	10,982	31.0%	10,167	30.7%	54,198	31.4%
20-24 years	23,495	67.6%	23,196	68.8%	24,352	68.4%	24,401	69.0%	22,924	69.3%	118,368	68.6%
Total	34,776	100%	33,731	100%	35,585	100%	35,383	100%	33,091	100%	172,566	100%

This table shows allowed no lost time claims by age group for each year as at March 31 of the following year.

TABLE 15: Young worker no lost time claims by gender (2002 to 2006)

Gender	Year of injury or illness and age group										Total					
	2002		2003		2004		2005		2006							
	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	%	20-24	%	All	%
Male	7,913	17,608	7,457	17,502	7,917	18,250	7,669	18,350	7,048	17,011	38,004	70.1%	88,721	75.0%	126,725	73.4%
Female	3,367	5,887	3,077	5,693	3,315	6,102	3,313	6,050	3,119	5,912	16,191	29.9%	29,644	25.0%	45,835	26.6%
Not Available	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	3	0.0%	3	0.0%	6	0.0%
Total	11,281	23,495	10,535	23,196	11,233	24,352	10,982	24,401	10,167	22,924	54,198	100%	118,368	100%	172,566	100%

This table shows allowed no lost time claims by gender for each year as at March 31 of the following year.

TABLE 16: Young worker no lost time claims by business size (2002 to 2006)

Business Size	Year of injury or illness and age group										Total					
	2002		2003		2004		2005		2006		15-19		20-24		All	
	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	%	20-24	%	All	%
Small business (employers with fewer than 20 employees)	2,196	3,976	2,016	3,707	2,089	3,816	2,125	4,058	1,819	3,799	10,245	18.9%	19,356	16.4%	29,601	17.2%
Large business (employers with 20 or more employees)	9,085	19,519	8,519	19,489	9,144	20,536	8,857	20,343	8,348	19,125	43,953	81.1%	99,012	83.6%	142,965	82.8%
Total	11,281	23,495	10,535	23,196	11,233	24,352	10,982	24,401	10,167	22,924	54,198	100%	118,368	100%	172,566	100%

This table shows allowed no lost time claims by business size for each year as at March 31 of the following year.

All Schedule 2 employers have been included under "Large business" in this table (number-of-employees data are not available for Schedule 2 employers).

TABLE 17: Young worker no lost time claims by industry sector (2002 to 2006)

Industry Sector	Year of injury or illness and age group										Total					
	2002		2003		2004		2005		2006		15-19		20-24		All	
	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	%	20-24	%	All	%
Services	6,374	7,934	5,899	7,793	6,403	8,615	6,125	8,481	5,944	7,980	30,745	56.7%	40,803	34.5%	71,548	41.5%
Manufacturing	1,446	5,013	1,399	4,826	1,399	4,880	1,438	4,751	1,227	4,357	6,909	12.7%	23,827	20.1%	30,736	17.8%
Construction	774	2,414	796	2,595	823	2,721	854	3,060	811	3,125	4,058	7.5%	13,915	11.8%	17,973	10.4%
Transportation	498	1,350	493	1,329	528	1,373	502	1,417	419	1,400	2,440	4.5%	6,869	5.8%	9,309	5.4%
Automotive	311	1,619	271	1,555	286	1,563	280	1,553	215	1,318	1,363	2.5%	7,608	6.4%	8,971	5.2%
Schedule 2	360	984	305	1,062	336	1,061	382	1,083	353	1,033	1,736	3.2%	5,223	4.4%	6,959	4.0%
Food	333	924	295	973	272	894	265	800	219	754	1,384	2.6%	4,345	3.7%	5,729	3.3%
Health Care	117	826	88	802	130	902	116	972	105	961	556	1.0%	4,463	3.8%	5,019	2.9%
Agriculture	240	424	238	482	242	510	236	469	191	484	1,147	2.1%	2,369	2.0%	3,516	2.0%
Chemical/Plastics, Process Services	150	581	162	575	117	555	117	513	96	416	642	1.2%	2,640	2.2%	3,282	1.9%
Education	293	133	268	142	361	166	355	152	296	135	1,573	2.9%	728	0.6%	2,301	1.3%
Forestry	103	414	88	345	120	344	86	362	64	239	461	0.9%	1,704	1.4%	2,165	1.3%
Primary Metals	84	395	75	274	76	292	55	290	78	202	368	0.7%	1,453	1.2%	1,821	1.1%
Municipal	109	172	75	159	72	129	92	147	84	151	432	0.8%	758	0.6%	1,190	0.7%
Mining & Aggregates	33	111	37	95	35	154	36	141	38	143	179	0.3%	644	0.5%	823	0.5%
Electrical	28	122	23	107	19	122	27	160	17	177	114	0.2%	688	0.6%	802	0.5%
Pulp & Paper	28	79	23	82	14	71	16	50	10	49	91	0.2%	331	0.3%	422	0.2%
Total	11,281	23,495	10,535	23,196	11,233	24,352	10,982	24,401	10,167	22,924	54,198	100%	118,368	100%	172,566	100%

This table shows allowed no lost time claims by industry sector for each year as at March 31 of the following year. Sorted in descending order using total allowed no lost time claims for accident years 2002 to 2006 (All column). The WSIB's operations are organized into 17 industry sectors with Schedule 2 as a separate industry sector.

**TABLE 18: Young worker no lost time claims with Non-Economic Loss (NEL) awards
by percentage of permanent impairment (2002 to 2006)**

Percentage of permanent impairment	Year of award										Total					
	2002		2003		2004		2005		2006		15-19		20-24		All	
	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	%	20-24	%	All	%
0.01 - 5.00%	4	14	6	11	1	11	6	10	2	9	19	61.3%	55	45.5%	74	48.7%
5.01 - 10.00%	3	9	1	6	2	5	2	8	1	6	9	29.0%	34	28.1%	43	28.3%
10.01 - 15.00%	0	6	0	2	0	4	0	2	2	3	2	6.5%	17	14.0%	19	12.5%
15.01 - 20.00%	0	0	0	2	0	2	1	0	0	2	1	3.2%	6	5.0%	7	4.6%
20.01 - 25.00%	0	3	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	1	0	0.0%	7	5.8%	7	4.6%
25.01 - 30.00%	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%	1	0.8%	1	0.7%
30.01 - 40.00%	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%	1	0.8%	1	0.7%
40.01 - 60.00%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
60.01 - 99.99%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
100%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
Total	7	33	7	21	3	26	9	20	5	21	31	100%	121	100%	152	100%

This table shows the number of Non-Economic Loss (NEL) awards made during each year for allowed no lost time claims by percentage of permanent impairment.
Sorted in ascending order using percentage of permanent impairment.

YOUNG WORKER TRAUMATIC FATALITY CLAIMS PROFILES (2002 to 2006)

Tables 19 to 24

Tables 19 to 24 present detailed claims profiles for allowed traumatic fatality claims for young workers under 25 years of age as reported by both the WSIB and the Ministry of Labour.

Summary

During the years 2002 to 2006:

- Young workers sustained 49 allowed traumatic fatalities.
- The industry sectors with the highest number of allowed traumatic fatality claims were Construction, Services, Manufacturing, Agriculture, and Transportation.
- The majority of allowed traumatic fatality claims occurred due to Accidental Falls, Motor Vehicle Traffic Accidents, and Accidents caused by Machinery.
- Young workers employed in occupations such as Construction Trades, and Transport Equipment Operating had the highest number of allowed traumatic fatality claims.

TABLE 19: Young worker traumatic fatality claims by gender (2002 to 2006)

Gender	Year of traumatic accident										Total	
	2002		2003		2004		2005		2006			
	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%	All	%
Male	12	85.7%	8	80.0%	7	100.0%	8	100.0%	8	80.0%	43	87.8%
Female	2	14.3%	1	10.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	1	10.0%	4	8.2%
Data unavailable*	0	0.0%	1	10.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	1	10.0%	2	4.1%
Total	14	100%	10	100%	7	100%	8	100%	10	100%	49	100%

This table shows allowed claims for work-related deaths caused by traumatic injuries and other immediate causes as reported by both the WSIB and the Ministry of Labour.

Data unavailable marked with an asterisk (*) are work-related deaths as reported by the Ministry of Labour.

TABLE 20: Young worker traumatic fatality claims by business size (2002 to 2006)

Business size	Year of traumatic accident										Total	
	2002		2003		2004		2005		2006			
	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%	All	%
Small business (employers with fewer than 20 employees)	4	28.6%	6	60.0%	4	57.1%	2	25.0%	7	70.0%	23	46.9%
Large business (employers with 20 or more employees)	10	71.4%	3	30.0%	3	42.9%	6	75.0%	2	20.0%	24	49.0%
Data unavailable*	0	0.0%	1	10.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	1	10.0%	2	4.1%
Total	14	100%	10	100%	7	100%	8	100%	10	100%	49	100%

This table shows allowed claims for work-related deaths caused by traumatic injuries and other immediate causes as reported by both the WSIB and the Ministry of Labour.

Data unavailable marked with an asterisk (*) are work-related deaths as reported by the Ministry of Labour.

TABLE 21: Young worker traumatic fatality claims by industry sector (2002 to 2006)

Industry sector	Year of traumatic accident										Total	
	2002		2003		2004		2005		2006			
	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%	All	%
Construction	4	28.6%	4	40.0%	3	42.9%	1	12.5%	4	40.0%	16	32.7%
Services	4	28.6%	0	0.0%	1	14.3%	3	37.5%	0	0.0%	8	16.3%
Manufacturing	1	7.1%	0	0.0%	2	28.6%	1	12.5%	2	20.0%	6	12.2%
Agriculture	1	7.1%	1	10.0%	0	0.0%	2	25.0%	2	20.0%	6	12.2%
Transportation	1	7.1%	2	20.0%	1	14.3%	1	12.5%	1	10.0%	6	12.2%
Mining & Aggregates	2	14.3%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	2	4.1%
Forestry	0	0.0%	1	10.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	1	2.0%
Chemical/Plastics, Process Services	0	0.0%	1	10.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	1	2.0%
Municipal	1	7.1%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	1	2.0%
Automotive	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
Education	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
Electrical	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
Food	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
Health Care	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
Pulp & Paper	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
Primary Metals	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
Schedule 2	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
Data unavailable*	0	0.0%	1	10.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	1	10.0%	2	4.1%
Total	14	100%	10	100%	7	100%	8	100%	10	100%	49	100%

This table shows allowed claims for work-related deaths caused by traumatic injuries and other immediate causes as reported by both the WSIB and the Ministry of Labour.

Sorted in descending order using total allowed traumatic fatality claims for accident years 2002 to 2006 (All column).

Data unavailable marked with an asterisk (*) are work-related deaths as reported by the Ministry of Labour.

The WSIB's operations are organized into 17 industry sectors with Schedule 2 as a separate industry sector.

TABLE 22: Young worker traumatic fatality claims by event (2002 to 2006)

Event	Year of traumatic accident										Total	
	2002		2003		2004		2005		2006			
	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%	All	%
Accidental falls	3	21.4%	4	40.0%	2	28.6%	1	12.5%	3	30.0%	13	26.5%
Motor vehicle traffic accidents	5	35.7%	2	20.0%	2	28.6%	2	25.0%	2	20.0%	13	26.5%
Accidents caused by machinery	4	28.6%	1	10.0%	1	14.3%	2	25.0%	1	10.0%	9	18.4%
Struck accidentally by falling object	0	0.0%	1	10.0%	0	0.0%	1	12.5%	1	10.0%	3	6.1%
Accidents caused by electric current	1	7.1%	0	0.0%	1	14.3%	1	12.5%	0	0.0%	3	6.1%
Motor vehicle nontraffic accidents	1	7.1%	0	0.0%	1	14.3%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	2	4.1%
Accidents due to lightning	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	1	10.0%	1	2.0%
Caught accidentally in or between objects	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	1	10.0%	1	2.0%
Accidents cause by submersion, suffocation & foreign bodies	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	1	12.5%	0	0.0%	1	2.0%
Accidents caused by fire and flames	0	0.0%	1	10.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	1	2.0%
Data unavailable*	0	0.0%	1	10.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	1	10.0%	2	4.1%
Total	14	100%	10	100%	7	100%	8	100%	10	100%	49	100%

This table shows allowed claims for work-related deaths caused by traumatic injuries and other immediate causes as reported by both the WSIB and the Ministry of Labour.

Sorted in descending order using total allowed traumatic fatality claims for accident years 2002 to 2006 (All column).

The Event is recorded using the International Classification of Diseases (Supplementary Classification), 9th Version.

Data unavailable marked with an asterisk (*) are work-related deaths as reported by the Ministry of Labour.

NEC stands for “not elsewhere classified.”

TABLE 23: Young worker traumatic fatality claims by occupation (2002 to 2006)

Occupation	Year of traumatic accident										Total	
	2002		2003		2004		2005		2006			
	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%	All	%
Construction trades	3	21.4%	2	20.0%	2	28.6%	1	12.5%	4	40.0%	12	24.5%
Transport equipment operating	2	14.3%	2	20.0%	2	28.6%	2	25.0%	1	10.0%	9	18.4%
Farming, horticultural and animal husbandry	1	7.1%	1	10.0%	0	0.0%	2	25.0%	1	10.0%	5	10.2%
Product fabricating, assembling and repairing	0	0.0%	1	10.0%	1	14.3%	1	12.5%	1	10.0%	4	8.2%
Service	1	7.1%	1	10.0%	0	0.0%	1	12.5%	0	0.0%	3	6.1%
Processing	1	7.1%	1	10.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	2	4.1%
Mining and quarrying (including oil and gas field occupations)	2	14.3%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	2	4.1%
Artistic, literary, recreational and related	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	1	10.0%	1	2.0%
Managerial, administrative and related	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	1	10.0%	1	2.0%
Material handling and related	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	1	12.5%	0	0.0%	1	2.0%
Clerical and related	1	7.1%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	1	2.0%
Natural sciences, engineering and mathematics	0	0.0%	1	10.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	1	2.0%
Occupation, NEC	3	21.4%	0	0.0%	2	28.6%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	5	10.2%
Data unavailable*	0	0.0%	1	10.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	1	10.0%	2	4.1%
Total	14	100%	10	100%	7	100%	8	100%	10	100%	49	100%

This table shows allowed claims for work-related deaths caused by traumatic injuries and other immediate causes as reported by both the WSIB and the Ministry of Labour.

Sorted in descending order using total allowed traumatic fatality claims for accident years 2002 to 2006 (All column).

The Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) is used to classify workers' occupations.

Data unavailable marked with an asterisk (*) are work-related deaths as reported by the Ministry of Labour.

NEC stands for "not elsewhere classified."

TABLE 24: Young worker traumatic fatality claims by Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) (2002 to 2006)

Industry	Year of traumatic accident										Total	
	2002		2003		2004		2005		2006			
	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%	All	%
Construction	4	28.6%	2	20.0%	3	42.9%	1	12.5%	4	40.0%	14	28.6%
Manufacturing industries	1	7.1%	3	30.0%	1	14.3%	1	12.5%	2	20.0%	8	16.3%
Transportation, communication and other utilities	1	7.1%	2	20.0%	1	14.3%	1	12.5%	1	10.0%	6	12.2%
Agriculture	0	0.0%	1	10.0%	0	0.0%	2	25.0%	2	20.0%	5	10.2%
Wholesale trade	2	14.3%	0	0.0%	1	14.3%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	3	6.1%
Other services	0	0.0%	1	10.0%	1	14.3%	1	12.5%	0	0.0%	3	6.1%
Business	2	14.3%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	2	4.1%
Retail Trade	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	2	25.0%	0	0.0%	2	4.1%
Mining (including milling, quarrying, oil well)	2	14.3%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	2	4.1%
Accommodation, food and beverage services	1	7.1%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	1	2.0%
Government	1	7.1%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	1	2.0%
Data unavailable*	0	0.0%	1	10.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	1	10.0%	2	4.1%
Total	14	100%	10	100%	7	100%	8	100%	10	100%	49	100%

This table shows allowed claims for work-related deaths caused by traumatic injuries and other immediate causes as reported by both the WSIB and the Ministry of Labour.

Sorted in descending order using total allowed traumatic fatality claims for accident years 2002 to 2006 (All column).

The industry in which the worker was employed is based on the 1980 Standard Industrial Classification (SIC).

Because these numbers are based on a different classification standard, they cannot be compared to the numbers in Table 21.

Data unavailable marked with an asterisk (*) are work-related deaths as reported by the Ministry of Labour.