



Young Worker Statistics 2004

Workplace Safety & Insurance Board

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## **INTRODUCTION**

The young workers of today are the leaders of tomorrow. Focusing on young workers and making safety an integral part of young workers' lives is just one of the ways the Workplace Safety and Insurance Board (WSIB) is working to make Ontario's workplaces safer – now, and in the future. The WSIB is committed to preventing workplace injuries and illnesses, and plays a key role in the province's occupational health and safety system. By targeting young workers, the WSIB is helping to foster a workplace safety culture in Ontario workplaces.

Six years ago, the WSIB started a public awareness campaign aimed at workers under the age of 25. Young workers often lack the experience to recognize and avoid workplace hazards. Promoting awareness of workplace safety and understanding of workplace rights and responsibilities among young workers is the first step towards preventing injuries, illnesses and fatalities on the job. The WSIB's Social Awareness campaigns in 2004 marked the launch of the first initiative geared towards parents of young workers. Through partnerships with organizations throughout the province including the Ministry of Labour, and through its Prevention and Operations Divisions, the WSIB continues to implement effective solutions that will lead to the elimination of all workplace injuries and illnesses.

This is the first publication of the Young Worker Statistics. Allowed young worker claims information presents injuries, illnesses and fatalities covered by the WSIB of Ontario for this demographic over the five year period (2000 to 2004).

The numbers presented for each year include lost time and no lost time claims allowed as at March 31 of the following year, and match the numbers as reported in the *Statistical Supplement to the Annual Report 2004*. Two age groups (15-19 years and 20-24 years) are included for young workers under 25 years of age.

Traumatic fatalities reported in this document are allowed claims as reported by both the WSIB and the Ministry of Labour. These particular numbers cannot be compared to the Statistical Supplement due to differences in the reporting criteria. For this harmonized data, allowed young worker fatalities include the "Youth (under 25)" category as reported on the official WSIB website.

# **ALLOWED CLAIMS PROFILES (2000 TO 2004)**

#### Tables 1 and 2

Table 1 presents the total number of allowed lost time and no lost time claims as reported in the *Statistical Supplement to the Annual Report 2004*. The total number of allowed lost time claims for young workers include the "15-19 years" and "20-24 years" age categories. The total number of allowed lost time claims for workers of other ages has been consolidated and reported as "Other years."

Overall, young workers 15-24 years of age accounted for approximately 18% of Ontario's allowed lost time and no lost time claims covered by the WSIB from 2000 to 2004. During this five year period, young worker lost time claims totalled 73,598 representing 15% of all allowed lost time claims, and young worker no lost time claims totalled 177,185 representing 19% of all allowed no lost time claims.

Table 2 presents the total number of allowed claims for work-related deaths caused by traumatic injuries and other immediate causes as reported by both the WSIB and the Ministry of Labour. Young workers include the "Youth (under 25)" age category as reported.

Deaths investigated by the Ministry of Labour include deaths of workers from traumatic injuries and other immediate causes. The Ministry of Labour does not investigate deaths due to traffic accidents, or deaths of workers not covered by the *Occupational Health and Safety Act*. Deaths reported by the WSIB include deaths of workers from traumatic injuries or other immediate causes whose employers have coverage under the *Workplace Safety and Insurance Act (WSIA)*.

From 2000 to 2004, there were 60 traumatic fatalities for young workers under 25 years of age. This represented approximately 11% of Ontario's traumatic fatalities covered by both the WSIB and the Ministry of Labour.

### TABLE 1: Injury and illness claims by claim type and age group (2000 to 2004)

					Year of injury	or illness					Tot	al
Claim type and age group	2000	%	2001	%	2002	%	2003	%	2004	%	All	%
Allowed lost time												
15-24 years	17,089	16.4%	15,113	15.4%	14,484	15.2%	13,558	14.5%	13,354	14.8%	73,598	15.3%
Other age groups	87,065	83.6%	83,246	84.6%	81,084	84.8%	79,676	85.5%	77,043	85.2%	408,114	84.7%
Subtotal	104,154	100%	98,359	100%	95,568	100%	93,234	100%	90,397	100%	481,712	100%
Allowed no lost time												
15-24 years	37,850	19.9%	35,243	19.1%	34,776	18.8%	33,731	18.5%	35,585	19.3%	177,185	19.1%
Other age groups	152,699	80.1%	149,756	80.9%	150,385	81.2%	149,049	81.5%	148,852	80.7%	750,741	80.9%
Subtotal	190,549	100%	184,999	100%	185,161	100%	182,780	100%	184,437	100%	927,926	100%
Allowed lost time and no lost time												
15-24 years	54,939	18.6%	50,356	17.8%	49,260	17.5%	47,289	17.1%	48,939	17.8%	250,783	17.8%
Other age groups	239,764	81.4%	233,002	82.2%	231,469	82.5%	228,725	82.9%	225,895	82.2%	1,158,855	82.2%
Total	294,703	100%	283,358	100%	280,729	100%	276,014	100%	274,834	100%	1,409,638	100%

This table shows allowed lost time and no lost time claims by age group for each year as at March 31 of the following year.

## TABLE 2: Traumatic fatality claims by age group (2000 to 2004)

				Y	ear of traum	atic accide	nt				То	tal
Claim type and age group	2000	%	2001	%	2002	%	2003	%	2004	%	All	%
Allowed traumatic deaths												
Under 25 years	16	14.4%	13	12.0%	14	12.3%	10	8.2%	7	7.0%	60	10.8%
Other age groups	95	85.6%	95	88.0%	100	87.7%	112	91.8%	93	93.0%	495	89.2%
Total	111	100%	108	100%	114	100%	122	100%	100	100%	555	100%

This table shows allowed claims for work-related deaths caused by traumatic injuries and other immediate causes as reported by both the WSIB and the Ministry of Labour.

# YOUNG WORKER LOST TIME CLAIMS PROFILES (2000 TO 2004)

#### Tables 3 to 13

Tables 3 to 13 present detailed claims profiles for allowed lost time claims for young workers 15-24 years of age. Claims by workers who have lost wages as a result of a temporary or permanent impairment are lost time claims.

#### Summary

During the years 2000 to 2004:

- > Young workers sustained 73,598 allowed lost time claims with workers 15-19 years of age accounting for 31% (22,586) and workers 20-24 years of age accounting for 69% (51,012).
- > The two industry sectors with the highest number of allowed lost time claims were Services and Manufacturing.
- > The most common work-related injuries included Sprains and Strains, Cuts/Lacerations/Punctures, and Bruises/Contusions.
- > The Finger(s)/Fingernail(s) and Lower Back were the parts of body most frequently affected.
- > The majority of allowed lost time claims occurred when young workers were Struck by Objects and Equipment, or due to Overexertion.
- > Persons, Containers/Boxes/Barrels/Packages, and Structures were the most frequent sources of injury.
- > Young workers employed in occupations such as Sales and Service, Transport/Equipment Operators, and Labourers in Processing, Manufacturing and Utilities had the highest number of allowed lost time claims.

#### TABLE 3: Young worker lost time claims by age group (2000 to 2004)

					Year of inju	ry or illness					Tot	al
Age group	2000	%	2001	%	2002	%	2003	%	2004	%	All	%
15-19 years	5,356	31.3%	4,689	31.0%	4,544	31.4%	4,100	30.2%	3,897	29.2%	22,586	30.7%
20-24 years	11,733	68.7%	10,424	69.0%	9,940	68.6%	9,458	69.8%	9,457	70.8%	51,012	69.3%
Total	17,089	100%	15,113	100%	14,484	100%	13,558	100%	13,354	100%	73,598	100%

This table shows allowed lost time claims by age group for each year as at March 31 of the following year.

### TABLE 4: Young worker lost time claims by gender (2000 to 2004)

			Y	ear of inju	ury or illn	ess and a	age grou	р					То	4ol		
	20	00	20	01	20	02	20	03	200	)4			10	lai		
Gender	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	%	20-24	%	All	%
Male	3,687	8,519	3,221	7,579	3,092	7,122	2,777	6,707	2,639	6,694	15,416	68.3%	36,621	71.8%	52,037	70.7%
Female	1,668	3,214	1,468	2,845	1,452	2,818	1,323	2,751	1,258	2,763	7,169	31.7%	14,391	28.2%	21,560	29.3%
Not available	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0.0%	0	0.0%	1	0.0%
Total	5,356	11,733	4,689	10,424	4,544	9,940	4,100	9,458	3,897	9,457	22,586	100%	51,012	100%	73,598	100%

This table shows allowed lost time claims by gender for each year as at March 31 of the following year.

#### TABLE 5: Young worker lost time claims by business size (2000 to 2004)

			Y	ear of inj	ury or illn	ess and a	age grou	ρ					Tot			
	20	00	20	01	200	)2	20	03	200	)4			TO	d		
Business Size	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	%	20-24	%	All	%
Small business (employers with fewer than 20 employees)	1,162	2,389	1,062	2,241	1,022	2,092	925	1,963	826	1,970	4,997	22.1%	10,655	20.9%	15,652	21.3%
Large business (employers with 20 or more employees)	4,194	9,344	3,627	8,183	3,522	7,848	3,175	7,495	3,071	7,487	17,589	77.9%	40,357	79.1%	57,946	78.7%
Total	5,356	11,733	4,689	10,424	4,544	9,940	4,100	9,458	3,897	9,457	22,586	100%	51,012	100%	73,598	100%

This table shows allowed lost time claims by business size for each year as at March 31 of the following year. All Schedule 2 employers have been included under "Large business" in this table (number-of-employees data are not available for Schedule 2 employers).

### TABLE 6: Young worker lost time claims by industry sector (2000 to 2004)

			Y	ear of inju	ury or illn	ess and a	age grou	0					To			
	20	00	20	01	200	)2	200	03	200	04			101			
Industry sector	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	%	20-24	%	All	%
Services	3,203	4,428	2,911	3,832	2,804	3,903	2,440	3,644	2,341	3,687	13,699	60.7%	19,494	38.2%	33,193	45.1%
Manufacturing	802	2,656	592	2,152	517	1,844	472	1,722	380	1,588	2,763	12.2%	9,962	19.5%	12,725	17.3%
Transportation	285	907	213	817	258	742	220	735	237	764	1,213	5.4%	3,965	7.8%	5,178	7.0%
Construction	224	689	217	819	251	776	239	760	282	873	1,213	5.4%	3,917	7.7%	5,130	7.0%
Schedule 2	141	633	145	625	146	580	151	587	133	564	716	3.2%	2,989	5.9%	3,705	5.0%
Health Care	50	403	49	421	52	435	51	467	56	494	258	1.1%	2,220	4.4%	2,478	3.4%
Food	145	376	145	383	117	331	108	350	86	269	601	2.7%	1,709	3.4%	2,310	3.1%
Automotive	68	495	51	389	62	371	60	348	70	369	311	1.4%	1,972	3.9%	2,283	3.1%
Agriculture	141	317	149	320	147	320	135	302	124	306	696	3.1%	1,565	3.1%	2,261	3.1%
Chemical/Plastics, Process	104	322	53	271	51	209	51	193	34	160	293	1.3%	1,155	2.3%	1,448	2.0%
Forestry	34	167	53	109	39	120	31	97	40	121	197	0.9%	614	1.2%	811	1.1%
Education	68	44	41	49	40	46	83	50	58	44	290	1.3%	233	0.5%	523	0.7%
Municipal	38	70	29	56	31	69	36	57	20	71	154	0.7%	323	0.6%	477	0.6%
Primary Metals	21	103	16	67	9	88	8	48	8	41	62	0.3%	347	0.7%	409	0.6%
Electrical Utilities	9	60	7	56	6	57	7	49	9	40	38	0.2%	262	0.5%	300	0.4%
Mining & Aggregates	15	34	17	30	11	34	6	31	12	45	61	0.3%	174	0.3%	235	0.3%
Pulp & Paper	8	29	1	28	3	15	2	18	7	21	21	0.1%	111	0.2%	132	0.2%
Total	5,356	11,733	4,689	10,424	4,544	9,940	4,100	9,458	3,897	9,457	22,586	100%	51,012	1 <b>00</b> %	73,598	100%

This table shows allowed lost time claims by industry sector for each year as at March 31 of the following year. Sorted in descending order using total allowed lost time claims for accident years 2000 to 2004 (All column). The WSIB's operations are organized into 17 industry sectors with Schedule 2 as a separate industry sector.

### TABLE 7: Allowed young worker lost time claims by nature of injury or disease (2000 to 2004)

			Ye	ear of inj	ury or illn	ess and	age grou	)					Ŧ	4 <b>-</b> 1		
Diagnosis/description of	200	00	200	)1	20	02	20	)3	20	)4			10	tal		
nature of injury or disease	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	%	20-24	%	All	%
Sprains and strains	1,316	4,024	1,089	3,581	1,108	3,320	962	3,274	1,108	3,664	5,583	24.7%	17,863	35.0%	23,446	31.9%
Cuts, lacerations, punctures	1,112	1,613	1,000	1,333	938	1,317	874	1,201	818	1,313	4,742	21.0%	6,777	13.3%	11,519	15.7%
Bruises, contusions	758	1,578	589	1,315	603	1,351	533	1,159	534	1,263	3,017	13.4%	6,666	13.1%	9,683	13.2%
Traumatic injuries, disorders, complications, unspecified, NEC	417	788	380	751	319	654	324	644	148	336	1,588	7.0%	3,173	6.2%	4,761	6.5%
Fractures	261	683	245	573	235	599	241	562	246	549	1,228	5.4%	2,966	5.8%	4,194	5.7%
Burn or scald (heat)	386	297	354	322	323	293	266	235	252	268	1,581	7.0%	1,415	2.8%	2,996	4.1%
Soreness, pain, hurt, except the back	156	298	197	348	219	329	176	337	55	103	803	3.6%	1,415	2.8%	2,218	3.0%
Abrasions, scratches and other superficial injuries	142	415	78	342	102	292	77	289	110	300	509	2.3%	1,638	3.2%	2,147	2.9%
Multiple traumatic injuries	113	285	112	258	82	231	75	220	102	259	484	2.1%	1,253	2.5%	1,737	2.4%
Back pain, hurt back	77	280	91	305	78	280	87	256	31	124	364	1.6%	1,245	2.4%	1,609	2.2%
Tendonitis *	73	206	59	203	55	198	55	187	51	171	293	1.3%	965	1.9%	1,258	1.7%
Dislocations	49	125	51	101	47	97	47	106	45	112	239	1.1%	541	1.1%	780	1.1%
Avulsions	48	65	60	57	62	57	54	70	51	71	275	1.2%	320	0.6%	595	0.8%
Amputations or enucleations	69	93	47	83	37	61	44	66	31	56	228	1.0%	359	0.7%	587	0.8%
Intracranial injuries, excluding concussions	35	75	29	52	35	80	30	83	42	93	171	0.8%	383	0.8%	554	0.8%
Concussions	30	63	29	78	29	69	31	86	45	90	164	0.7%	386	0.8%	550	0.7%
Crushing injuries	34	75	39	76	38	62	38	73	19	55	168	0.7%	341	0.7%	509	0.7%
Burns (chemical)	37	51	26	48	20	41	30	43	30	56	143	0.6%	239	0.5%	382	0.5%
Poisonings, systemic	23	60	25	40	18	39	19	55	23	59	108	0.5%	253	0.5%	361	0.5%
Signs and symptoms, including contacts / carriers of disease	20	58	25	65	18	50	15	54	14	37	92	0.4%	264	0.5%	356	0.5%

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This table shows allowed lost time claims by diagnoses of nature of injury or disease for each year as at March 31 of the following year.

Sorted in descending order using total allowed lost time claims for accident years 2000 to 2004 (All column). Diagnoses marked with an asterisk (\*) include both traumatic and repetitive motion types of injuries and diseases. NEC stands for "not elsewhere classified."

### TABLE 7: Allowed young worker lost time claims by nature of injury or disease (2000 to 2004)

			Y	ear of inj	ury or illn	ess and a	age grou	o					Tet			
Diagnosis/description of	200	00	20	01	200	)2	20	03	200	)4			Tot	al		
nature of injury or disease	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	%	20-24	%	All	%
Hernia	16	73	13	50	21	47	17	55	9	48	76	0.3%	273	0.5%	349	0.5%
Skin & subcutaneous tissue disorders, including dermatitis	24	42	17	41	17	60	17	46	14	36	89	0.4%	225	0.4%	314	0.4%
Welder's flash	17	64	11	34	13	23	7	17	9	35	57	0.3%	173	0.3%	230	0.3%
Musculoskeletal system and connective tissue diseases and disorders, unspecified, NEC	9	48	8	36	2	30	12	24	10	36	41	0.2%	174	0.3%	215	0.3%
Carpal tunnel syndrome *	6	31	6	23	6	40	5	39	4	39	27	0.1%	172	0.3%	199	0.3%
Infectious and parasitic diseases	2	22	5	16	5	39	4	27	4	28	20	0.1%	132	0.3%	152	0.2%
Epicondylitis *	8	23	9	20	7	21	7	19	8	23	39	0.2%	106	0.2%	145	0.2%
Intervertebral, herniated, slipped disc, including disc syndrome	5	24	2	25	3	23	2	17	5	36	17	0.1%	125	0.2%	142	0.2%
Burns, multiple, unspecified, NEC	31	22	29	20	19	14	8	24	14	14	101	0.4%	94	0.2%	195	0.3%
Conjunctivitis	19	34	14	32	9	23	5	26	10	13	57	0.3%	128	0.3%	185	0.3%
Tenosynovitis *	6	25	5	22	7	25	3	17	8	22	29	0.1%	111	0.2%	140	0.2%
Rotator cuff tear or syndrome*	6	23	3	20	4	11	8	23	4	12	25	0.1%	89	0.2%	114	0.2%
Bursitis *	6	23	6	18	4	23	3	10	3	17	22	0.1%	91	0.2%	113	0.2%
Disorders of the eye, adnexa, vision, unspecified, NEC	9	26	3	16	15	11	1	10	5	16	33	0.1%	79	0.2%	112	0.2%
Burns (electrical)	4	10	6	19	9	11	7	9	8	13	34	0.2%	62	0.1%	96	0.1%
Electrocutions, electric shock	4	14	5	11	8	14	5	11	6	15	28	0.1%	65	0.1%	93	0.1%
Mental disorders or syndromes	4	8	1	21	2	15	3	19	2	16	12	0.1%	79	0.2%	91	0.1%
Sciatica	3	13	3	11	3	17	1	22	0	9	10	0.0%	72	0.1%	82	0.1%
Respiratory system diseases	4	6	1	10	3	22	2	14	2	5	12	0.1%	57	0.1%	69	0.1%
Facet syndrome	2	11	2	6	2	9	2	5	0	3	8	0.0%	34	0.1%	42	0.1%

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This table shows allowed lost time claims by diagnoses of nature of injury or disease for each year as at March 31 of the following year.

Sorted in descending order using total allowed lost time claims for accident years 2000 to 2004 (All column).

Diagnoses marked with an asterisk (\*) include both traumatic and repetitive motion types of injuries and diseases.

### TABLE 7: Allowed young worker lost time claims by nature of injury or disease (2000 to 2004)

			Y	ear of inju	ury or illn	ess and	age grou	р					Tot			
Diagnosis/description of	20	00	20	01	200	)2	20	03	200	)4			101	al		
nature of injury or disease	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	%	20-24	%	All	%
Heat & light effects, including heat stroke, fatigue and syncope	0	0	3	6	3	13	0	5	2	1	8	0.0%	25	0.0%	33	0.0%
Ganglion *	0	5	3	10	1	3	1	3	2	4	7	0.0%	25	0.0%	32	0.0%
Disorders of the ear, including deafness	1	6	2	3	2	5	0	2	4	6	9	0.0%	22	0.0%	31	0.0%
Freezing effects, including frostbite	2	1	2	0	2	1	1	4	3	6	10	0.0%	12	0.0%	22	0.0%
Nervous system and sense organs diseases	1	5	0	3	1	1	1	2	1	3	4	0.0%	14	0.0%	18	0.0%
Myositis *	0	4	0	0	4	5	0	1	0	0	4	0.0%	10	0.0%	14	0.0%
Synovitis *	0	2	0	3	0	2	0	1	0	3	0	0.0%	11	0.0%	11	0.0%
Diseases and disorders, multiple, unspecified, NEC	0	2	0	1	0	2	0	1	1	3	1	0.0%	9	0.0%	10	0.0%
Genitourinary system diseases and disorders	0	0	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%	3	0.0%	3	0.0%
Non-personal damage	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0.0%	2	0.0%	3	0.0%
Air pressure effects, including other environmental conditions	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0.0%	2	0.0%	2	0.0%
Digestive system diseases	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%	2	0.0%	2	0.0%
Capsulitis *	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%	1	0.0%	1	0.0%
Circulatory system diseases	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0.0%	1	0.0%	1	0.0%
Unknown	11	31	5	12	5	8	0	3	4	16	25	0.1%	70	0.1%	95	0.1%
Total	5,356	11,733	4,689	10,424	4,544	9,940	4,100	9,458	3,897	9,457	22,586	100%	51,012	100%	73,598	100%

Continued from previous page

This table shows allowed lost time claims by diagnoses of nature of injury or disease for each year as at March 31

of the following year.

Sorted in descending order using total allowed lost time claims for accident years 2000 to 2004 (All column).

Diagnoses marked with an asterisk (\*) include both traumatic and repetitive motion types of injuries and diseases.

#### TABLE 8: Young worker lost time claims by part of body affected (2000 to 2004)

			Y	ear of inj	ury or illn	ess and a	ige group	)					To			
	20	00	20	01	200	)2	200	)3	20	04			10			
Part of body affected	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	%	20-24	%	All	%
Upper extremities				-				-				-		_		
Finger(s), fingernail(s)	1,189	1,758	1,088	1,452	1,044	1,355	958	1,352	836	1,329	5,115	22.6%	7,246	14.2%	12,361	16.8%
Hand(s), except finger(s)	600	792	536	774	501	747	446	637	391	628	2,474	11.0%	3,578	7.0%	6,052	8.2%
Arm(s)	279	509	252	480	239	466	216	399	194	407	1,180	5.2%	2,261	4.4%	3,441	4.7%
Wrist(s)	261	490	217	446	249	449	188	442	182	418	1,097	4.9%	2,245	4.4%	3,342	4.5%
Upper extremities, unspecified, NEC	83	114	50	92	61	91	44	92	58	119	296	1.3%	508	1.0%	804	1.1%
Subtotal	2,412	3,663	2,143	3,244	2,094	3,108	1,852	2,922	1,661	2,901	10,162	45.0%	15,838	31.0%	26,000	35.3%
Back (including spine, spinal cord, neck)																
Lower (lumbar sacral, coccygeal regions)	470	1,692	423	1,592	444	1,533	405	1,446	404	1,567	2,146	9.5%	7,830	15.3%	9,976	13.6%
Upper (cervical, thoracic regions)	154	439	124	462	104	422	123	413	110	425	615	2.7%	2,161	4.2%	2,776	3.8%
Back, unspecified, NEC	178	556	151	446	121	342	87	279	62	169	599	2.7%	1,792	3.5%	2,391	3.2%
Multiple back regions	56	176	40	189	59	150	58	155	57	198	270	1.2%	868	1.7%	1,138	1.5%
Subtotal	858	2,863	738	2,689	728	2,447	673	2,293	633	2,359	3,630	16.1%	12,651	24.8%	16,281	22.1%
Lower extremities																
Leg(s)	402	947	328	852	334	828	315	758	312	706	1,691	7.5%	4,091	8.0%	5,782	7.9%
Ankle(s)	261	694	218	621	238	599	230	582	245	571	1,192	5.3%	3,067	6.0%	4,259	5.8%
Foot(feet), except toe(s)	255	534	239	439	210	431	192	372	180	404	1,076	4.8%	2,180	4.3%	3,256	4.4%
Toe(s), toenail(s)	49	93	48	73	41	85	51	70	37	59	226	1.0%	380	0.7%	606	0.8%
Multiple lower extremities locations	30	68	29	44	26	49	23	52	33	76	141	0.6%	289	0.6%	430	0.6%
Lower extremities, unspecified, NEC	0	2	0	1	0	4	1	4	1	2	2	0.0%	13	0.0%	15	0.0%
Subtotal	997	2,338	862	2,030	849	1,996	812	1,838	808	1,818	4,328	19.2%	10,020	19.6%	14,348	19.5%

Continued on next page

This table shows allowed lost time claims by part of body affected for each year as at March 31 of the following year.

Sorted in descending order using total allowed lost time claims for accident years 2000 to 2004 (All column).

### TABLE 8: Young worker lost time claims by part of body affected (2000 to 2004)

			Y	ear of inj	ury or illn	ess and a	age grou	)					<b>T</b> = 4	-1		
	20	00	20	01	20	02	20	)3	20	04			Tot	al		
Part of body affected	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	%	20-24	%	All	%
Trunk (excluding back)																
Shoulder	217	587	200	505	179	466	166	527	139	467	901	4.0%	2,552	5.0%	3,453	4.7%
Pelvic Region	65	229	56	155	58	165	42	176	31	148	252	1.1%	873	1.7%	1,125	1.5%
Chest, including ribs, internal organs	68	154	58	138	54	150	31	123	23	147	234	1.0%	712	1.4%	946	1.3%
Multiple trunk locations	27	92	21	75	21	65	23	83	32	100	124	0.5%	415	0.8%	539	0.7%
Abdomen	16	64	23	55	17	83	17	68	18	76	91	0.4%	346	0.7%	437	0.6%
Trunk, unspecified, NEC	1	6	1	5	1	9	3	3	0	4	6	0.0%	27	0.1%	33	0.0%
Subtotal	394	1,132	359	933	330	938	282	980	243	942	1,608	7.1%	4,925	9.7%	6,533	8.9%
Head																
Eye(s)	219	641	163	508	161	431	135	425	162	431	840	3.7%	2,436	4.8%	3,276	4.5%
Cranial region, including skull	117	263	99	229	101	221	104	232	119	258	540	2.4%	1,203	2.4%	1,743	2.4%
Face	65	157	73	136	65	136	55	125	57	127	315	1.4%	681	1.3%	996	1.4%
Head, unspecified, NEC	17	37	23	42	13	35	11	29	15	34	79	0.3%	177	0.3%	256	0.3%
Ear(s)	3	16	3	9	3	11	8	10	3	9	20	0.1%	55	0.1%	75	0.1%
Multiple head locations	1	5	4	5	4	7	4	6	3	9	16	0.1%	32	0.1%	48	0.1%
Subtotal	422	1,119	365	929	347	841	317	827	359	868	1,810	8.0%	4,584	9.0%	6,394	8.7%
Multiple body parts	236	507	180	497	159	502	142	490	158	481	875	3.9%	2,477	4.9%	3,352	4.6%
Body systems	25	73	29	81	28	82	19	92	26	69	127	0.6%	397	0.8%	524	0.7%
Other body parts, including unclassified, NEC	12	38	13	21	9	26	3	16	9	19	46	0.2%	120	0.2%	166	0.2%
Total	5,356	11,733	4,689	10,424	4,544	9,940	4,100	9,458	3,897	9,457	22,586	100%	51,012	100%	73,598	100%

Continued from previous page

This table shows allowed lost time claims by part of body affected for each year as at March 31 of the following year. Sorted in descending order using total allowed lost time claims for accident years 2000 to 2004 (All column).

#### TABLE 9: Young worker lost time claims by event (2000 to 2004)

			Y	ear of inju	ury or illn	ess and a	age grou	р					То			
	20	00	20	01	20	02	20	03	20	04			10			
Event	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	%	20-24	%	All	%
Contact with objects and equipment																
Struck by	1,405	2,609	1,264	2,297	1,192	2,126	1,116	2,095	1,059	2,080	6,036	26.7%	11,207	22.0%	17,243	23.4%
Struck against	500	801	436	657	434	621	404	556	350	620	2,124	9.4%	3,255	6.4%	5,379	7.3%
Caught in or compressed by equipment or objects or collapsing material	461	809	376	763	342	678	330	634	288	603	1,797	8.0%	3,487	6.8%	5,284	7.2%
Rubbed or abraded by friction, pressure or jarred by vibration	43	135	33	92	48	136	61	141	55	111	240	1.1%	615	1.2%	855	1.2%
Contact with objects and equipment, unspecified, NEC	47	107	37	82	60	68	30	51	16	52	190	0.8%	360	0.7%	550	0.7%
Subtotal	2,456	4,461	2,146	3,891	2,076	3,629	1,941	3,477	1,768	3,466	10,387	46.0%	18,924	37.1%	29,311	39.8%
Bodily reaction and exertion																
Overexertion	801	2,547	689	2,234	670	2,089	592	2,005	567	1,989	3,319	14.7%	10,864	21.3%	14,183	19.3%
Bodily reaction	359	1,140	341	1,050	321	912	297	866	310	915	1,628	7.2%	4,883	9.6%	6,511	8.8%
Repetitive motion	76	318	77	294	72	276	59	267	70	273	354	1.6%	1,428	2.8%	1,782	2.4%
Static posture and sustained viewing	1	10	0	1	0	5	0	8	0	7	1	0.0%	31	0.1%	32	0.0%
Bodily reaction and exertion (combined), including unspecified, NEC	140	395	108	363	136	420	98	453	99	383	581	2.6%	2,014	3.9%	2,595	3.5%
Subtotal	1,377	4,410	1,215	3,942	1,199	3,702	1,046	3,599	1,046	3,567	5,883	26.0%	19,220	37.7%	25,103	34.1%
Falls																
Fall on same level	463	945	415	858	378	852	355	808	315	757	1,926	8.5%	4,220	8.3%	6,146	8.4%
Falls/jump to lower level	241	630	186	563	229	567	206	488	205	531	1,067	4.7%	2,779	5.4%	3,846	5.2%
Falls, unspecified, NEC	4	10	8	18	4	8	4	10	3	1	23	0.1%	47	0.1%	70	0.1%
Subtotal	708	1,585	609	1,439	611	1,427	565	1,306	523	1,289	3,016	13.4%	7,046	13.8%	10,062	13.7%

Continued on next page

This table shows allowed lost time claims by event (the way in which the injury or illness occurred) for each year as at March 31 of the following year.

Sorted in descending order using total allowed lost time claims for accident years 2000 to 2004 (All column).

The Event is recorded using the Z795 National Coding Standard. NEC stands for "not elsewhere classified."

#### TABLE 9: Young worker lost time claims by event (2000 to 2004)

			Y	ear of inju	ury or illn	ess and a					Tot	al				
	200	00	20	01	200	)2	200	03	20	04			10	a		
Event	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	%	20-24	%	All	%
Exposure to harmful substances																
or environments																
Contact with temperature extremes	410	320	421	354	325	307	289	276	275	269	1,720	7.6%	1,526	3.0%	3,246	4.4%
Exposure to caustic, noxious, allergenic substances	173	267	112	220	153	280	85	231	116	255	639	2.8%	1,253	2.5%	1,892	2.6%
Exposure to radiation	25	87	15	49	17	32	7	30	10	44	74	0.3%	242	0.5%	316	0.4%
Contact with electric current	8	25	8	21	16	23	7	15	12	23	51	0.2%	107	0.2%	158	0.2%
Exposure to noise	1	1	0	1	1	3	2	3	2	2	6	0.0%	10	0.0%	16	0.0%
Exposure to air pressure changes	0	3	1	2	1	1	0	1	0	0	2	0.0%	7	0.0%	9	0.0%
Exposure to harmful substances or environments, unspecified, NEC	1	4	1	7	0	8	4	13	3	8	9	0.0%	40	0.1%	49	0.1%
Subtotal	618	707	558	654	513	654	394	569	418	601	2,501	11.1%	3,185	6.2%	5,686	7.7%
Transportation Accidents																
Non-highway accidents	77	185	59	157	56	170	70	137	64	155	326	1.4%	804	1.6%	1,130	1.5%
Highway accidents	29	140	36	138	28	132	23	131	28	129	144	0.6%	670	1.3%	814	1.1%
Transportation accidents, unspecified, NEC	0	2	3	1	0	0	1	2	0	3	4	0.0%	8	0.0%	12	0.0%
Subtotal	106	327	98	296	84	302	94	270	92	287	474	2.1%	1,482	2.9%	1,956	2.7%
Assaults and violent acts	34	130	27	130	29	159	37	167	35	182	162	0.7%	768	1.5%	930	1.3%
Fires and explosions																
Fire - unintended or uncontrolled	2	11	3	14	2	8	10	19	2	20	19	0.1%	72	0.1%	91	0.1%
Explosion	6	16	9	11	3	9	2	14	3	7	23	0.1%	57	0.1%	80	0.1%
Fire or explosion, unspecified, NEC	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0.0%	4	0.0%	4	0.0%
Subtotal	8	28	12	26	5	18	12	34	5	27	42	0.2%	133	0.3%	175	0.2%
Other events or exposures unknown/unidentified	49	85	24	46	27	49	11	36	10	38	121	0.5%	254	0.5%	375	0.5%
Total	5,356	11,733	4,689	10,424	4,544	9,940	4,100	9,458	3,897	9,457	22,586	100%	51,012	100%	73,598	100%

Continued from previous page

This table shows allowed lost time claims by event (the way in which the injury or illness occurred) for each year as at March 31 of the following year.

Sorted in descending order using total allowed lost time claims for accident years 2000 to 2004 (All column). The Event is recorded using the Z795 National Coding Standard. NEC stands for "not elsewhere classified."

#### TABLE 10: Young worker lost time claims by source of injury or disease (2000 to 2004)

			Ye	ear of inju	iry or dise	ase and	age grou	р					Та			
	20	00	20	01	20	)2	20	03	20	04			Tot			
Source of injury or disease	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	%	20-24	%	All	%
Persons (bodily motion or condition)	591	2,058	536	1,886	470	1,571	417	1,549	416	1,569	2,430	10.8%	8,633	16.9%	11,063	15.0%
Containers, boxes, barrels, packages (pressurized, non- pressurized)	763	1,693	693	1,542	712	1,514	630	1,518	573	1,404	3,371	14.9%	7,671	15.0%	11,042	15.0%
Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	740	1,613	657	1,528	682	1,523	599	1,428	577	1,356	3,255	14.4%	7,448	14.6%	10,703	14.5%
Parts and materials																
Building materials	239	623	208	548	247	565	203	495	187	510	1,084	4.8%	2,741	5.4%	3,825	5.2%
Vehicle and mobile equipment parts	58	220	41	178	57	163	61	168	53	189	270	1.2%	918	1.8%	1,188	1.6%
Fasteners, connectors, ropes, ties	95	174	56	158	85	160	69	159	53	172	358	1.6%	823	1.6%	1,181	1.6%
Machine tool and electric parts	50	194	51	139	42	126	46	135	61	130	250	1.1%	724	1.4%	974	1.3%
Metal materials	60	136	29	104	28	82	24	93	30	109	171	0.8%	524	1.0%	695	0.9%
Parts and materials, unspecified, NEC	34	130	30	98	26	82	33	77	23	89	146	0.6%	476	0.9%	622	0.8%
Hoisting accessories	4	21	4	12	5	13	4	16	4	9	21	0.1%	71	0.1%	92	0.1%
Tars, sealants, caulking, insulating materials	6	14	3	14	2	10	2	10	0	14	13	0.1%	62	0.1%	75	0.1%
Tarps and sheeting (non-metal)	1	3	1	4	1	7	6	4	1	6	10	0.0%	24	0.0%	34	0.0%
Subtotal	547	1,515	423	1,255	493	1,208	448	1,157	412	1,228	2,323	10.3%	6,363	12.5%	8,686	11.8%
Other tools, instruments,																
equipment																
Hand tools, non-powered	534	690	494	613	441	601	385	572	382	554	2,236	9.9%	3,030	5.9%	5,266	7.2%
Hand tools, powered	48	137	47	117	36	122	46	128	62	111	239	1.1%	615	1.2%	854	1.2%
Other tools, instruments, equipment, unspecified, NEC	24	59	20		16	87	18	83	17	98	95	0.4%	404	0.8%	499	0.7%
Hand tools, power not determined	14	37	8	37	7	32	9	31	12	48	50	0.2%	185	0.4%	235	0.3%
Ladders	9	26	7	27	9	33	11	23	8	36	44	0.2%	145	0.3%	189	0.3%
Recreation and athletic equipment	13	26	11	19	14	23	10	21	13	26	61	0.3%	115	0.2%	176	0.2%
Medical and surgical instruments	4	9	3		2	13	7	7	4	13	20	0.1%	49	0.1%	69	0.1%
Photographic equipment	0	2	0	3	0	1	0	4	1	5	1	0.0%	15	0.0%	16	0.0%
Protective equipment, except clothing	0	2	0	1	1	3	0	7	0	0	1	0.0%	13	0.0%	14	0.0%
Subtotal	646	988	590	901	526	915	486	876	499	891	2,747	12.2%	4,571	9.0%	7,318	9.9%

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This table shows allowed lost time claims by source of injury or disease (the object, substance, exposure of bodily motion that brought about the injury or disease) for each year as at March 31 of the following year. Sorted in descending order using total allowed lost time claims for accident years 2000 to 2004 (All column). NEC stands for "not elsewhere classified."

youth

Focus on

#### TABLE 10: Young worker lost time claims by source of injury or disease (2000 to 2004)

			Ye	ear of inju	iry or dis	ease and	age grou	р					To			
	20	00	20	01	20	02	20	03	20	04			Tot	al		
Source of injury or disease	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	%	20-24	%	All	%
Machinery													•			
Special process machinery (including food slicers, paper, printing, wrapping, sewing, pumps)	270	181	230	146	223	153	216	161	158	135	1,097	4.9%	776	1.5%	1,873	2.5%
Metal, woodworking and plastic, rubber, concrete and other processing	137	354	107	247	90	228	77	211	80	219	491	2.2%	1,259	2.5%	1,750	2.4%
Heating, cooling and cleaning machinery	102	114	98	102	79	111	86	108	91	127	456	2.0%	562	1.1%	1,018	1.4%
Miscellaneous machinery (including audio, video, televisions, telephones, snowblowers)	50	131	55	147	44	131	36	76	33	62	218	1.0%	547	1.1%	765	1.0%
Machinery, unspecified, NEC	43	111	19	72	19	68	25	55	15	63	121	0.5%	369	0.7%	490	0.7%
Conveyors	41	72	47	56	39	43	26	41	27	54	180	0.8%	266	0.5%	446	0.6%
Agricultural, construction, logging and mining	33	62	21	65	31	61	31	57	19	55	135	0.6%	300	0.6%	435	0.6%
Cranes, derricks, elevators, jacks and overhead hoists (excludes hoisting accessories)	31	54	27	63	23	60	23	58	24	42	128	0.6%	277	0.5%	405	0.6%
Office and business machines	7	11	8	9	5	18	6	14	7	12	33	0.1%	64	0.1%	97	0.1%
Subtotal	714	1,090	612	907	553	873	526	781	454	769	2,859	12.7%	4,420	8.7%	7,279	9.9%
Vehicles																
Plant and industrial vehicles, tractors	177	399	144	319	140	318	144	327	120	314	-	3.2%	1,677	3.3%	2,402	3.3%
Highway vehicles	69	325	79	274	80	269	73	244	65	250		1.6%	1,362	2.7%	1,728	2.3%
Vehicles, unspecified, NEC	16	15	9	17	4	11	17	17	13	8	59	0.3%	68	0.1%	127	0.2%
Air, water, rail vehicles	4	20	7	18	7	17	10	14	4	15	32	0.1%	84	0.2%	116	0.2%
Subtotal	266	759	239	628	231	615	244	602	202	587	1,182	5.2%	3,191	6.3%	4,373	5.9%

Continued on next page

This table shows allowed lost time claims by source of injury or disease (the object, substance, exposure of bodily motion that brought about the injury or disease) for each year as at March 31 of the following year. Sorted in descending order using total allowed lost time claims for accident years 2000 to 2004 (All column). NEC stands for "not elsewhere classified."

Focus on **youth** 

#### TABLE 10: Young worker lost time claims by source of injury or disease (2000 to 2004)

			Ye	ear of inju	iry or dise	ase and	age grou	р					Tota	al		
	20	00	20	01	200	)2	200	)3	200	)4			101	a		
Source of injury or disease	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	%	20-24	%	All	%
Furniture and fixtures	215	418	171	350	152	358	155	352	152	385	845	3.7%	1,863	3.7%	2,708	3.7%
Food products	242	174	235	168	218	178	162	137	163	154	1,020	4.5%	811	1.6%	1,831	2.5%
Scrap, waste, debris	114	349	88	300	86	253	87	245	75	228	450	2.0%	1,375	2.7%	1,825	2.5%
Chemicals and chemical products	121	209	88	166	82	164	77	160	83	171	451	2.0%	870	1.7%	1,321	1.8%
Steam, vapour, liquids, NEC	95	60	110	85	82	72	57	56	74	76	418	1.9%	349	0.7%	767	1 <b>.0%</b>
Plants, trees, vegetation	16	64	19	66	17	59	20	57	17	57	89	0.4%	303	0.6%	392	0.5%
Animals and animal products	27	41	20	47	32	57	27	48	23	50	129	0.6%	243	0.5%	372	0.5%
Minerals, metallic and non-metallic	19	52	21	49	21	46	16	32	16	57	93	0.4%	236	0.5%	329	0.4%
Infectious and parasitic agents	8	26	9	19	10	58	8	48	10	44	45	0.2%	195	0.4%	240	0.3%
Fire, flame and smoke	10	25	7	28	8	21	8	31	4	26	37	0.2%	131	0.3%	168	0.2%
Apparel and textiles	3	15	6	19	10	17	5	22	5	19	29	0.1%	92	0.2%	121	0.2%
Paper, books and magazines	4	18	3	8	4	22	1	20	4	18	16	0.1%	86	0.2%	102	0.1%
Atmospheric and environmental conditions (including weather)	5	8	2	10	1	7	2	11	6	6	16	0.1%	42	0.1%	58	0.1%
Temperature extremes (heat, cold) environmental	1	1	5	6	3	14	1	9	3	2	13	0.1%	32	0.1%	45	0.1%
Noise	1	1	0	1	1	2	2	3	2	3	6	0.0%	10	0.0%	16	0.0%
Air pressure	0	3	1	3	1	0	0	0	0	1	2	0.0%	7	0.0%	9	0.0%
Other sources, unclassified, NEC	112	324	104	333	95	282	88	227	93	266	492	2.2%	1,432	2.8%	1,924	2.6%
Unknown	96	229	50	119	54	111	34	89	34	90	268	1.2%	638	1.3%	906	1.2%
Total	5,356	11,733	4,689	10,424	4,544	9,940	4,100	9,458	3,897	9,457	22,586	100%	51,012	100%	73,598	100%

Continued from previous page

This table shows allowed lost time claims by source of injury or disease (the object, substance, exposure of bodily motion that brought about the injury or disease) for each year as at March 31 of the following year. Sorted in descending order using total allowed lost time claims for accident years 2000 to 2004 (All column). NEC stands for "not elsewhere classified."

#### TABLE 11: Young worker lost time claims by occupation (2000 to 2004)

			Y	ear of inju	u <b>ry or illn</b>	ess and a	age grou	o					То	<b>tol</b>		
	20	00	20	01	20	02	20	03	20	04			10	lai		
Occupation	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	%	20-24	%	All	%
Sales and service	2,421	3,025	2,313	2,818	2,178	2,843	1,933	2,695	1,830	2,691	10,675	47.3%	14,072	27.6%	24,747	33.6%
Transport, equipment operators and related	889	2,952	764	2,722	788	2,622	732	2,588	748	2,646	3,921	17.4%	13,530	26.5%	17,451	23.7%
Labourers in processing, manufacturing and utilities	816	1,817	635	1,574	590	1,263	463	1,172	450	1,188	2,954	13.1%	7,014	13.7%	9,968	13.5%
Processing and manufacturing machine operators and assemblers	343	1,333	233	1,041	202	953	241	891	211	844	1,230	5.4%	5,062	9.9%	6,292	8.5%
Clerical occupations	180	642	159	522	141	490	115	465	124	432	719	3.2%	2,551	5.0%	3,270	4.4%
Contractors, agriculture, horticulture and aquaculture	158	290	120	277	138	296	155	305	150	303	721	3.2%	1,471	2.9%	2,192	3.0%
Health services	20	250	20	252	12	281	21	286	23	328	96	0.4%	1,397	2.7%	1,493	2.0%
Social science, education, government services and religion	13	156	16	158	15	165	20	180	17	174	81	0.4%	833	1.6%	914	1.2%
Managerial, administrative and related (including legislators and senior government officials)	30	133	23	136	38	99	28	88	30	131	149	0.7%	587	1.2%	736	1.0%
Natural and applied sciences	20	108	17	90	14	109	15	88	22	91	88	0.4%	486	1.0%	574	0.8%
Art, culture, recreation and sport	46	64	41	54	56	58	50	41	46	63	239	1.1%	280	0.5%	519	0.7%
Logging and forestry	12	65	11	49	11	52	12	28	17	45	63	0.3%	239	0.5%	302	0.4%
Skilled administrative and business occupations	2	25	2	33	3	24	3	34	3	24	13	0.1%	140	0.3%	153	0.2%
Processing, manufacturing and utilities, supervisors and skilled operators	3	27	2	25	6	25	1	23	3	19	15	0.1%	119	0.2%	134	0.2%
Mining, oil and gas	3	8	1	5	1	18	2	8	3	13	10	0.0%	52	0.1%	62	0.1%
Business and finance	1	5	0	4	1	3	0	4	0	3	2	0.0%	19	0.0%	21	0.0%
Fishing, hunting and trapping	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	2	0	1	0	0.0%	6	0.0%	6	0.0%
Occupation not stated	399	831	332	663	350	639	309	560	220	461	1,610	7.1%	3,154	6.2%	4,764	6.5%
Total	5,356	11,733	4,689	10,424	4,544	9,940	4,100	9,458	3,897	9,457	22,586	100%	51,012	100%	73,598	100%

This table shows allowed lost time claims by workers' occupation for each year as at March 31 of the following year.

Sorted in descending order using total allowed lost time claims for accident years 2000 to 2004 (All column).

The National Occupational Classification (NOC) is used to classify workers' occupations.

### TABLE 12: Young worker lost time claims by Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) (2000 to 2004)

			Y	ear of inju	ury or illn	ess and a	ige grou	)					То			
	20	00	20	01	200	)2	200	03	200	04			10	lai		
Industry	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	%	20-24	%	All	%
Manufacturing	1,047	3,673	791	2,894	663	2,553	593	2,309	507	2,140	3,601	15.9%	13,569	26.6%	17,170	23.3%
Retail trade	1,247	1,881	1,186	1,708	1,159	1,687	1,066	1,621	956	1,580	5,614	24.9%	8,477	16.6%	14,091	19.1%
Accommodation, food and beverage services	1,396	1,370	1,320	1,249	1,240	1,236	1,002	1,080	962	1,050	5,920	26.2%	5,985	11.7%	11,905	16.2%
Construction	266	818	255	969	286	937	278	927	312	1,010	1,397	6.2%	4,661	9.1%	6,058	8.2%
Wholesale trade	303	909	213	878	268	781	243	800	254	741	1,281	5.7%	4,109	8.1%	5,390	7.3%
Business	331	745	227	566	241	624	207	628	265	713	1,271	5.6%	3,276	6.4%	4,547	6.2%
Transportation, communication and other utilities	169	636	139	542	128	450	101	438	113	484	650	2.9%	2,550	5.0%	3,200	4.3%
Health and social services	50	416	52	435	56	455	51	493	55	516	264	1.2%	2,315	4.5%	2,579	3.5%
Other services	168	340	149	322	144	324	153	290	137	324	751	3.3%	1,600	3.1%	2,351	3.2%
Government	86	264	78	209	69	240	82	237	61	244	376	1.7%	1,194	2.3%	1,570	2.1%
Agriculture	103	182	95	192	109	191	99	174	83	165	489	2.2%	904	1.8%	1,393	1.9%
Education	74	85	51	79	42	61	87	72	60	56	314	1.4%	353	0.7%	667	0.9%
Logging and forestry	6	56	12	50	9	49	14	39	16	56	57	0.3%	250	0.5%	307	0.4%
Personal and household services	9	54	14	36	19	36	7	43	7	40	56	0.2%	209	0.4%	265	0.4%
Mining (including milling, quarrying, oil well)	14	32	18	31	8	33	7	33	11	43	58	0.3%	172	0.3%	230	0.3%
Finance, insurance and real estate	8	32	9	32	8	34	13	23	9	34	47	0.2%	155	0.3%	202	0.3%
Membership organizations	5	16	6	8	3	10	3	10	1	10	18	0.1%	54	0.1%	72	0.1%
Fishing and trapping	0	3	0	1	0	3	0	2	0	0	0	0.0%	9	0.0%	9	0.0%
Unclassified and unidentified	74	221	74	223	92	236	94	239	88	251	422	1.9%	1,170	2.3%	1,592	2.2%
Total	5,356	11,733	4,689	10,424	4,544	9,940	4,100	9,458	3,897	9,457	22,586	100%	51,012	1 <b>00</b> %	73,598	100%

This table shows allowed lost time claims by the industry in which the worker was employed, based on the 1980 Standard Industrial Classification (SIC), for each year as at March 31 of the following year. Because these numbers are based on a different classification standard, they cannot be compared to the numbers in Table 6.

Sorted in descending order using total allowed lost time claims for accident years 2000 to 2004 (All column). Schedule 2 employers, for whom SIC codes are unavailable, are included in the "Unclassified and unidentified" category.

# TABLE 13: Young worker lost time claims with Non-Economic Loss (NEL) awardsby percentage of permanent impairment (2000 to 2004)

		Year of award											To			
Percentage of	20	00	20	01	200	02	20	03	20	04			Tot			
permanent impairment	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	%	20-24	%	All	%
0.01 - 5.00%	24	87	36	86	47	136	31	139	38	107	176	27.8%	555	23.3%	731	24.3%
5.01 - 10.00%	30	93	35	99	42	167	46	153	28	119	181	28.6%	631	26.5%	812	27.0%
10.01 - 15.00%	18	62	18	88	24	142	27	102	19	102	106	16.8%	496	20.8%	602	20.0%
15.01 - 20.00%	8	40	11	40	9	72	13	74	21	50	62	9.8%	276	11.6%	338	11.2%
20.01 - 25.00%	6	29	4	32	8	40	7	36	13	40	38	6.0%	177	7.4%	215	7.1%
25.01 - 30.00%	3	20	3	20	9	29	3	19	4	19	22	3.5%	107	4.5%	129	4.3%
30.01 - 40.00%	3	19	4	13	7	20	3	15	7	24	24	3.8%	91	3.8%	115	3.8%
40.01 - 60.00%	1	8	2	6	4	8	6	6	3	5	16	2.5%	33	1.4%	49	1.6%
60.01 - 99.99%	0	3	2	2	3	0	1	6	0	2	6	0.9%	13	0.5%	19	0.6%
100%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0.2%	0	0.0%	1	0.0%
Total	93	361	115	386	153	614	137	550	134	468	632	100%	2,379	100%	3,011	1 <b>00</b> %

This table shows the number of Non-Economic Loss (NEL) awards made during each year for allowed lost

time claims by percentage of permanent impairment.

Sorted in ascending order using percentage of permanent impairment.

# YOUNG WORKER NO LOST TIME CLAIMS PROFILES (2000 TO 2004)

#### Tables 14 to 18

Tables 14 to 18 present detailed claims profiles for allowed no lost time claims for young workers 15-24 years of age. No lost time claims are claims by workers who have not lost wages but have incurred health care expenses.

#### Summary

During the years 2000 to 2004:

- > Young workers sustained 177,185 allowed no lost time claims with workers 15-19 years of age accounting for 32% (56,482) and workers 20-24 years of age accounting for 68% (120,703).
- > The two industry sectors with the highest number of allowed no lost time claims were Services and Manufacturing.

#### TABLE 14: Young worker no lost time claims by age group (2000 to 2004)

					Year of injury	/ or illness					Tet	
	200	0	20	01	200	2	20	03	200	4	Tot	al
Age Group	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%	All	%
15-19 years	11,873	31.4%	11,560	32.8%	11,281	32.4%	10,535	31.2%	11,233	31.6%	56,482	31.9%
20-24 years	25,977	68.6%	23,683	67.2%	23,495	67.6%	23,196	68.8%	24,352	68.4%	120,703	68.1%
Total	37,850	100%	35,243	100%	34,776	100%	33,731	100%	35,585	100%	177,185	100%

This table shows allowed no lost time claims by age group for each year as at March 31 of the following year.

#### TABLE 15: Young worker no lost time claims by gender (2000 to 2004)

			٢	rear of inj	ury or illn	ess and a	age group	)					Tot	al		
	200	00	20	01	200	)2	20	03	200	04			TOL	al		
Gender	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	%	20-24	%	All	%
Male	8,329	20,043	8,011	18,033	7,913	17,608	7,457	17,502	7,917	18,250	39,627	70.2%	91,436	75.8%	131,063	74.0%
Female	3,544	5,931	3,548	5,646	3,367	5,887	3,077	5,693	3,315	6,102	16,851	29.8%	29,259	24.2%	46,110	26.0%
Not Available	0	3	1	4	1	0	1	1	1	0	4	0.0%	8	0.0%	12	0.0%
Total	11,873	25,977	11,560	23,683	11,281	23,495	10,535	23,196	11,233	24,352	56,482	100%	120,703	100%	177,185	100%

This table shows allowed no lost time claims by gender for each year as at March 31 of the following year.

#### TABLE 16: Young worker no lost time claims by business size (2000 to 2004)

			Y	ear of inj	ury or illn	ess and	age grou	р					Tot			
	200	00	200	01	200	)2	20	03	20	04			10	d		
Business Size	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	%	20-24	%	All	%
Small business (employers with fewer than 20 employees)	2,404	4,431	2,254	4,094	2,196	3,976	2,016	3,707	2,089	3,816	10,959	19.4%	20,024	16.6%	30,983	17.5%
Large business (employers with 20 or more employees)	9,469	21,546	9,306	19,589	9,085	19,519	8,519	19,489	9,144	20,536	45,523	80.6%	100,679	83.4%	146,202	82.5%
Total	11,873	25,977	11,560	23,683	11,281	23,495	10,535	23,196	11,233	24,352	56,482	100%	120,703	100%	177,185	100%

This table shows allowed no lost time claims by business size for each year as at March 31 of the

following year.

All Schedule 2 employers have been included under "Large business" in this table (number-of-employees data are not available for Schedule 2 employers).

			Y	ear of inj	ury or illn	ess and	age grou	р					<b>T</b> - 4	-1		
	200	00	20	01	200	02	20	03	20	04			Tot	al		
Industry Sector	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	%	20-24	%	All	%
Services	6,451	7,719	6,631	7,464	6,374	7,934	5,899	7,793	6,403	8,615	31,758	56.2%	39,525	32.7%	71,283	40.2%
Manufacturing	1,982	7,090	1,512	5,551	1,446	5,013	1,399	4,826	1,399	4,880	7,738	13.7%	27,360	22.7%	35,098	19.8%
Construction	625	2,131	689	2,241	774	2,414	796	2,595	823	2,721	3,707	6.6%	12,102	10.0%	15,809	8.9%
Automotive	286	2,166	255	1,758	311	1,619	271	1,555	286	1,563	1,409	2.5%	8,661	7.2%	10,070	5.7%
Transportation	529	1,519	595	1,495	498	1,350	493	1,329	528	1,373	2,643	4.7%	7,066	5.9%	9,709	5.5%
Schedule 2	304	887	307	1,016	360	984	305	1,062	336	1,061	1,612	2.9%	5,010	4.2%	6,622	3.7%
Food	358	930	348	931	333	924	295	973	272	894	1,606	2.8%	4,652	3.9%	6,258	3.5%
Health Care	119	680	129	773	117	826	88	802	130	902	583	1.0%	3,983	3.3%	4,566	2.6%
Chemical	233	769	173	641	150	581	162	575	117	555	835	1.5%	3,121	2.6%	3,956	2.2%
Agriculture	215	364	231	439	240	424	238	482	242	510	1,166	2.1%	2,219	1.8%	3,385	1.9%
Forestry	173	504	108	365	103	414	88	345	120	344	592	1.0%	1,972	1.6%	2,564	1.4%
Primary Metals	137	555	111	426	84	395	75	274	76	292	483	0.9%	1,942	1.6%	2,425	1.4%
Education	288	139	292	127	293	133	268	142	361	166	1,502	2.7%	707	0.6%	2,209	1.2%
Municipal	99	159	107	147	109	172	75	159	72	129	462	0.8%	766	0.6%	1,228	0.7%
Mining	28	113	37	107	33	111	37	95	35	154	170	0.3%	580	0.5%	750	0.4%
Electrical	17	120	20	101	28	122	23	107	19	122	107	0.2%	572	0.5%	679	0.4%
Pulp & Paper	29	132	15	101	28	79	23	82	14	71	109	0.2%	465	0.4%	574	0.3%
Total	11,873	25,977	11,560	23,683	11,281	23,495	10,535	23,196	11,233	24,352	56,482	1 <b>00</b> %	120,703	100%	177,185	100%

#### TABLE 17: Young worker no lost time claims by industry sector (2000 to 2004)

This table shows allowed no lost time claims by industry sector for each year as at March 31 of the following year.

Sorted in descending order using total allowed no lost time claims for accident years 2000 to 2004 (All column).

The WSIB's operations are organized into 17 industry sectors with Schedule 2 as a separate industry sector.

# TABLE 18: Young worker no lost time claims with Non-Economic Loss (NEL) awardsby percentage of permanent impairment (2000 to 2004)

		Year of award											To			
Percentage of	20	00	20	01	200	02	20	03	20	04			Tot	d		
permanent impairment	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	20-24	15-19	%	20-24	%	All	%
0.01 - 5.00%	1	11	0	10	4	14	6	11	1	11	12	57.1%	57	51.4%	69	52.3%
5.01 - 10.00%	0	3	3	3	3	9	1	6	2	5	9	42.9%	26	23.4%	35	26.5%
10.01 - 15.00%	0	1	0	2	0	6	0	2	0	4	0	0.0%	15	13.5%	15	11.4%
15.01 - 20.00%	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	2	0	0.0%	5	4.5%	5	3.8%
20.01 - 25.00%	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3	0	0.0%	6	5.4%	6	4.5%
25.01 - 30.00%	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%	1	0.9%	1	0.8%
30.01 - 40.00%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0.0%	1	0.9%	1	0.8%
40.01 - 60.00%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
60.01 - 99.99%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
100%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
Total	1	16	3	15	7	33	7	21	3	26	21	100%	111	1 <b>00</b> %	132	100%

This table shows the number of Non-Economic Loss (NEL) awards made during each year for allowed no lost

time claims by percentage of permanent impairment.

Sorted in ascending order using percentage of permanent impairment.

# YOUNG WORKER TRAUMATIC FATALITY CLAIMS PROFILES (2000 TO 2004)

#### Tables 19 to 24

Tables 19 to 24 present detailed claims profiles for allowed traumatic fatality claims for young workers under 25 years of age as reported by both the WSIB and the Ministry of Labour.

#### Summary

During the years 2000 to 2004:

- > Young workers sustained 60 allowed traumatic fatalities.
- > The two industry sectors with the highest number of allowed traumatic fatality claims were Construction and Manufacturing.
- > The majority of allowed traumatic fatality claims occurred due to Motor Vehicle Traffic Accidents, Accidents caused by Machinery, and Accidental Falls.
- > Young workers employed in occupations such as Construction Trades, Transport Equipment Operating, and Product Fabricating, Assembling and Repairing had the highest number of traumatic fatalities.

### TABLE 19: Young worker traumatic fatality claims by gender (2000 to 2004)

		Tatal											
	2000		2001		200	2002		2003		2004		- Total	
Gender	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%	All	%	
Male	13	81.3%	13	100.0%	12	85.7%	8	80.0%	7	100.0%	53	88.3%	
Female	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	2	14.3%	1	10.0%	0	0.0%	3	5.0%	
Data unavailable*	3	18.8%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	1	10.0%	0	0.0%	4	6.7%	
Total	16	100%	13	100%	14	100%	10	100%	7	100%	60	100%	

This table shows allowed claims for work-related deaths caused by traumatic injuries and other immediate

causes as reported by both the WSIB and the Ministry of Labour.

Data unavailable marked with an asterisk (\*) are allowed claims for work-related deaths reported by the Ministry of Labour.

#### TABLE 20: Young worker traumatic fatality claims by business size (2000 to 2004)

		Year of traumatic accident											
	2000		20	01	2002		2003		2004		Total		
Business size	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%	All	%	
Small business (employers with fewer than 20 employees)	4	25.0%	5	38.5%	4	28.6%	6	60.0%	4	57.1%	23	38.3%	
Large business (employers with 20 or more employees)	9	56.3%	8	61.5%	10	71.4%	3	30.0%	3	42.9%	33	55.0%	
Data unavailable*	3	18.8%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	1	10.0%	0	0.0%	4	6.7%	
Total	16	100%	13	100%	14	100%	10	100%	7	100%	60	100%	

This table shows allowed claims for work-related deaths caused by traumatic injuries and other immediate

causes as reported by both the WSIB and the Ministry of Labour.

Data unavailable marked with an asterisk (\*) are allowed claims for work-related deaths reported by the Ministry of Labour.

### TABLE 21: Young worker traumatic fatality claims by industry sector (2000 to 2004)

				Y	ear of trauma	tic accide	nt				Total	
	2000		20	)1	200	2	2003		2004		Total	
Industry sector	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%	All	%
Construction	0	0.0%	2	15.4%	4	28.6%	4	40.0%	3	42.9%	13	21.7%
Manufacturing	5	31.3%	5	38.5%	1	7.1%	0	0.0%	2	28.6%	13	21.7%
Services	3	18.8%	1	7.7%	4	28.6%	0	0.0%	1	14.3%	9	15.0%
Transportation	1	6.3%	3	23.1%	1	7.1%	2	20.0%	1	14.3%	8	13.3%
Agriculture	2	12.5%	0	0.0%	1	7.1%	1	10.0%	0	0.0%	4	6.7%
Forestry	1	6.3%	1	7.7%	0	0.0%	1	10.0%	0	0.0%	3	5.0%
Mining & Aggregates	0	0.0%	1	7.7%	2	14.3%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	3	5.0%
Chemical/Plastics, Process	1	6.3%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	1	10.0%	0	0.0%	2	3.3%
Municipal	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	1	7.1%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	1	1.7%
Automotive	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
Education	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
Electrical Utilities	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
Food	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
Health Care	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
Pulp & Paper	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
Primary Metals	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
Schedule 2	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
Data unavailable*	3	18.8%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	1	10.0%	0	0.0%	4	6.7%
Total	16	1 <b>00</b> %	13	100%	14	100%	10	100%	7	100%	60	100%

This table shows allowed claims for work-related deaths caused by traumatic injuries and other immediate

causes as reported by both the WSIB and the Ministry of Labour.

Sorted in descending order using total allowed traumatic fatality claims for accident years 2000 to 2004 (All column).

Data unavailable marked with an asterisk (\*) are allowed claims for work-related deaths reported by the

Ministry of Labour.

The WSIB's operations are organized into 17 industry sectors with Schedule 2 as a separate industry sector.

### TABLE 22: Young worker traumatic fatality claims by event (2000 to 2004)

				Ye	ar of trauma	atic accide	ent				Total	
	2000		200	2001		2	2003		2004		Total	
Event	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%	AII	%
Motor vehicle traffic accidents	4	25.0%	6	46.2%	5	35.7%	2	20.0%	2	28.6%	19	31.7%
Accidents caused by machinery	4	25.0%	3	23.1%	4	28.6%	1	10.0%	1	14.3%	13	21.7%
Accidental falls	2	12.5%	0	0.0%	3	21.4%	4	40.0%	2	28.6%	11	18.3%
Accidents caused by electric current	0	0.0%	1	7.7%	1	7.1%	0	0.0%	1	14.3%	3	5.0%
Motor vehicle nontraffic accidents	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	1	7.1%	0	0.0%	1	14.3%	2	3.3%
Accidents cause by submersion, suffocation & foreign bodies	0	0.0%	2	15.4%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	2	3.3%
Air transport accidents	0	0.0%	1	7.7%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	1	1.7%
Vehicle accidents, NEC	1	6.3%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	1	1.7%
Accidental poisoning by other solid & liquid substances, gases & vapours	1	6.3%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	1	1.7%
Accidents caused by fire and flames	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	1	10.0%	0	0.0%	1	1.7%
Struck accidentally by falling object	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	1	10.0%	0	0.0%	1	1.7%
Homicide & injury purposely inflicted by other persons	1	6.3%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	1	1.7%
Data unavailable*	3	18.8%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	1	10.0%	0	0.0%	4	6.7%
Total	16	100%	13	100%	14	100%	10	1 <b>00</b> %	7	100%	60	100%

This table shows allowed claims for work-related deaths caused by traumatic injuries and other immediate

causes as reported by both the WSIB and the Ministry of Labour.

Sorted in descending order using total allowed traumatic fatality claims for accident years 2000 to 2004 (All column). The Event is recorded using the International Classification of Diseases (Supplementary Classification), 9th Version.

Data unavailable marked with an asterisk (\*) are allowed claims for work-related deaths reported by the

Ministry of Labour. NEC stands for "not elsewhere classified."

### TABLE 23: Young worker traumatic fatality claims by occupation (2000 to 2004)

				Y	ear of trauma	tic accide	nt				Total	
	2000		20	2001		2	2003		2004		Total	
Occupation	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%	All	%
Construction trades	0	0.0%	3	23.1%	3	21.4%	2	20.0%	2	28.6%	10	16.7%
Transport equipment operating	0	0.0%	2	15.4%	2	14.3%	2	20.0%	2	28.6%	8	13.3%
Product fabricating, assembling and repairing	3	18.8%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	1	10.0%	1	14.3%	5	8.3%
Farming, horticultural and animal husbandry	2	12.5%	0	0.0%	1	7.1%	1	10.0%	0	0.0%	4	6.7%
Material handling and related	2	12.5%	2	15.4%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	4	6.7%
Processing	1	6.3%	1	7.7%	1	7.1%	1	10.0%	0	0.0%	4	6.7%
Sales	0	0.0%	4	30.8%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	4	6.7%
Service	2	12.5%	0	0.0%	1	7.1%	1	10.0%	0	0.0%	4	6.7%
Clerical and related	0	0.0%	1	7.7%	1	7.1%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	2	3.3%
Mining and quarrying (including oil and gas field occupations)	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	2	14.3%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	2	3.3%
Natural sciences, engineering and mathematics	1	6.3%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	1	10.0%	0	0.0%	2	3.3%
Artistic, literary, recreational and related	1	6.3%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	1	1.7%
Occupation, NEC	1	6.3%	0	0.0%	3	21.4%	0	0.0%	2	28.6%	6	10.0%
Data unavailable*	3	18.8%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	1	10.0%	0	0.0%	4	6.7%
Total	16	100%	13	100%	14	100%	10	100%	7	100%	60	100%

This table shows allowed claims for work-related deaths caused by traumatic injuries and other immediate

causes as reported by both the WSIB and the Ministry of Labour.

Sorted in descending order using total allowed traumatic fatality claims for accident years 2000 to 2004 (All column).

The Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) is used to classify workers' occupations.

Data unavailable marked with an asterisk (\*) are allowed claims for work-related deaths reported by the

Ministry of Labour. NEC stands for "not elsewhere classified".

### TABLE 24: Young worker traumatic fatality claims by Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) (2000 to 2004)

		Year of traumatic accident												
	2000		2001		200	2	2003		2004		Total			
Industry	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%	AII	%		
Construction	1	6.3%	2	15.4%	4	28.6%	2	20.0%	3	42.9%	12	20.0%		
Manufacturing industries	4	25.0%	2	15.4%	1	7.1%	3	30.0%	1	14.3%	11	18.3%		
Business	1	6.3%	5	38.5%	2	14.3%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	8	13.3%		
Transportation, communication and other utilities	0	0.0%	2	15.4%	1	7.1%	2	20.0%	1	14.3%	6	10.0%		
Wholesale trade	2	12.5%	1	7.7%	2	14.3%	0	0.0%	1	14.3%	6	10.0%		
Agriculture	3	18.8%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	1	10.0%	0	0.0%	4	6.7%		
Other services	1	6.3%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	1	10.0%	1	14.3%	3	5.0%		
Accommodation, food and beverage services	1	6.3%	1	7.7%	1	7.1%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	3	5.0%		
Mining (including milling, quarrying, oil well)	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	2	14.3%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	2	3.3%		
Government	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	1	7.1%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	1	1.7%		
Data unavailable*	3	18.8%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	1	10.0%	0	0.0%	4	6.7%		
Total	16	100%	13	100%	14	100%	10	100%	7	100%	60	100%		

This table shows allowed claims for work-related deaths caused by traumatic injuries and other immediate

causes as reported by both the WSIB and the Ministry of Labour.

Sorted in descending order using total allowed traumatic fatality claims for accident years 2000 to 2004 (All column).

The industry in which the worker was employed is based on the 1980 Standard Industrial Classification (SIC).

Because these numbers are based on a different classification standard, they cannot be compared to the numbers in Table 21.

Data unavailable marked with an asterisk (\*) are allowed claims for work-related deaths reported by the Ministry of Labour.