M IN ISTER OF TRANSPORTATION'S REPORT TO THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY FOR 2003 ON THE TRANSPORTATION OF DANGEROUS GOODS ACT (1990)

INTRODUCTION:

The Northwest Territories Transportation of Dangerous Goods Act (1990) came into effect on August 1, 1991. The Transportation of Dangerous Goods Act is the Territorial complement of the Federal Transportation of Dangerous Goods Act. Where the federal legislation applies to the transportation modes subject to its jurisdiction (i.e., air marine, rail, pipeline and interprovincial/territorial trucking), the territorial Act applies to intra-territorial trucking operations. In the interests of consistency and national uniformity, the territorial Act invokes the federal regulations pursuant to the federal Act. In this way, hazardous cargos moving in Canada from one mode of transportation to another and/or between jurisdictions are always subject to the same dangerous goods regulations.

Section 62 of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Act requires the M inister of Transportation to table an Annual Report in the Legislative Assembly. It reads as follows:

- 62. (1) The Minister shall, in respect of the administration of this Act and the Regulations in a year, cause to be prepared a report describing any:
 - a) a) perm it issued under subsection 4 (1);
 - b) b) application m ade under subsection 7 (1);
 - c) c) am endm ent, cancellation or suspension of a perm it under paragraph 10 (d);
 - d) d) order issued under subsection 31 (1);
 - e) e) report m ade under subsection 34 (1);
 - f) f) directive issued under subsection 35 (1);
 - q) q) appeal com m enced under section 36;
 - h) h) action taken by the Government of the Northwest Territories for the recovery of reasonable costs and expenses under section 38;
 - i) i) proceedings instituted in respect of an offence under this Act of the regulations; and
 - j) j) conviction for a contravention of this Act or the Regulations.
 - (2) The M inister shall table the report referred to in subsection (1) at the first session of the Legislative Assembly after the expiry of the year that is the subject of the report.

PROFILE OF DANGEROUS GOODS ON NORTHW EST TERRITORIES HIGHW AYS

The Department of Transportation's Road Licensing and Safety Division currently employs 10 Highway Transport Officers who weigh and inspect motor carrier traffic, reporting to its weigh scale facilities at Enterprise, Inuvik and Fort Liard. On road monitoring of motor carrier traffic is also conducted by the Highway Transport Officers on mobile patrols in all regions. Highway Transport Officers are trained and designated as Dangerous Goods Inspectors.

The Enterprise Weigh Scale handles the majority of traffic travelling on the NWT highway system. This facility, which may be open for 24 hours a day seven days a week, was open for approximately 54 percent of available time in 2003. While the scale is open, the officers on duty record the types and approximate quantities of dangerous goods moving through their facility by noting the placards and product identification numbers affixed to the vehicles. The volume of specific dangerous goods is determined by averaging the volume for each vehicle configuration and product. Almost all dangerous goods passing through the Enterprise Scale originate in Hay River or south of the Northwest Territories boundary. In 2003, approximately 23,200 baded transports reported to the Enterprise, Inuvik and Fort Liard scales for inspection. Of these, 6,500 were transporting dangerous goods. According to these figures, about 28 percent of the baded transport trucks travelling on Northwest Territories' highways are carrying dangerous goods. Hydrocarbon fuels account for the majority of dangerous goods traffic on the highway system.

The following table lists the dangerous goods most commonly carried by truck transports in the Northwest Territories. These quantities are based on the traffic flow through the Weigh Scales at Enterprise, Fort Liard and Inuvik.

Com m odity	Enterprise	Fort Liard	Inuvik
FuelOil/Diesel-	176,053,650 1	1,151,004 1	2,345,543 1
Heating			
Gasoline -	14,713,200 1	554,000 1	1,102,237 1
Autom otive			
Aviation Fuels	20,405,700 1	54,500 1	2,562,600 1
Propane	15,497,000 1	195,000 1	261,219 1
Amm onium	33,787,600 Kg	0 Kg	13,000 Kg
N itrate			
Sodium Cyanide	210,000 Kg	0 Kg	0 Kg
Explosives	430,002 Kg	0 Kg	0 Kg

PERM ITS -4(1), APPLICATIONS -7(1) and AM ENDM ENTS 10(d)

The sections of the TDG Act dealing with permits, applications for permits and their am endments read as follows:

- 4(1) The Minister may, in accordance with this Act and the Regulations, issue permits exempting the transportation of dangerous goods from the application of this Act or the regulations.
- 7(1) Subject to subsections (2), an application for a perm it and a perm it must be in writing in a form approved by the M in ister.

10. The Ministerm ay

(d) am end, cancel or suspend a perm it where the M inister believes on reasonable grounds that the person holding the perm it for his or her employees or agents have contravened this Act of the Regulations or a term or condition imposed on the perm it.

There were no applications for perm its and none were issued, amended, cancelled or suspended in 2003.

ORDERS- 31(1)

Section 31(1) reads:

- 31.(1) an Inspector may issue an order, in accordance with subsection (2), to the owner or person in charge of the dangerous goods from a container, packaging or vehicle transporting the dangerous goods;
 - (a) (a) there is occurring or has occurred a discharge of the dangerous goods from a container packaging or vehicle transporting the dangerous goods;
 - (b) (b) there is a reasonable likelihood of a discharge of the dangerous goods from any container, packaging or vehicle transporting the dangerous goods; or
 - (c) (c) the dangerous goods are being transported in contravention of this Act of Regulations.

There was one formal, written order issued in 2003.

Section 34 of the Act pertains to the response to spills of dangerous goods. It reads:

- 34. (1) Where there is a discharge of dangerous goods from a container, packaging or vehicle transporting dangerous goods, or there is a reasonable likelihood of such a discharge occurring, the person who owns or has charge of the dangerous goods at the time shall, as soon as possible in the circum stances:
- (a) (a) in accordance with the regulations, report any discharge to and inspector or a person designated by regulation;
- (b) (b) in plem ent the em ergency plans referred to in section 1.5; and
- (c) (c) subject to any order made under section 31, take all other reasonable emergency measures consistent with public safety to repair or remedy any dangerous condition or reduce or mitigate any danger to life, health or the environment that results or may reasonably be expected to result from the discharge.

As provided in 34(1)(a) above, the Regulations of the Territorial Transportation of Dangerous Goods Act require that spills of dangerous goods be reported to the Northwest Territories' Spill Report Line. The Department of Indian and Northern Affairs established the Spill Report Line in 1979 by agreement with the federal and territorial agencies with responsibilities for dealing with hazardous material spills.

The agreem ent establishes one telephone number to which any and all spills in the Northwest Territories are reported. The SpillReport Line is in constant readiness. When a spill is reported, the operator on duty decides which of the participating agencies has jurisdiction and passes the information on for its response. Indian and Northern Affairs Canada, Environment Canada and the territorial Department of Resources, Wildlife & Economic Development now administer the SpillReport Line on a two-year rotational basis. The SpillReport Line works well in quickly directing a report to the proper agency for a prompt response.

In 2003, 25 road transport related spills were reported to the spill line. Details of the spills are as follows:

SpillQ uantity	Com m odity	Location	Date	SpillNum ber
20	A ntifreeze	W interRoad 44 km east of Tsigehtchic	January 29, 2003	2003-053
20 :	Antifreeze	W interRoad 4 km east of Tsigehtchic	January 29,2003	2003-054
20 :	D ieselFuel	3 Brom ley Dr., Yellow knife	January 31, 2003	2003-046
1370	D ieselFuel	Highway 1 KM 152	February 17, 2003	2003-097
10000	D ieselFuel	Highway 1 KM 82	February 19, 2003	2003-103
11000	DieselP-50	Mackenzie Drive in Front of Mackenzie Hotel, Norman Wels	February 24,2003	2003-117
150	Fuel	Highway 3 KM	M arch 7,2003	2003-479
Unspecifie	Ammonium Nibate	Highway 3 KM	M arch 14,2003	2003-158
1:	D eselFuel	Southside of Petitot River 6.4KM up CFO Access Road	M arch 20,2003	2003-247
55 :	M otorOil	North End Portage #31 on Lupin W interRoad 200' South of Lake	M arch 24,2003	2003-198
400	D eselFuel	Portage 20 north of Gordon Lake, Lupin WinterRoad	M arch 26,2003	2003-202
Unspec <i>ifie</i> d	D eselFuel	Highw ay 1 before Kakisa Tum-off	March 29,2003	2003-207
Unspecifie	Lube O il	Liard River Ice Bridge @ Fort Liard	April 2, 2003	2003-048
80 :	Hydraulic O il	51 Ave. & 51 St., Yelbw knife	April 28, 2003	2003-297

SpillNum ber	Date	Location	Com m odity	Spill Q uantity
2003-347	M ay 20,2003	Highway 1 KM 159.2	D eselFuel	100 L
2003-349	M ay 21,2003	Highway 3 KM 337	D ieselFuel	Unspecified
2003-137	June 3,2003	Highway 8 KM 62	M otorOil	5 L
2003-471	June 7,2003	KM 6.4 Kakisa Access Road	D ieselFuel	40 L
2003-446	June 25, 2003	NearEdzo Access Road	Unknow n	Unspecified
2003-454	June 30, 2003	Fort Liard Town Dock	D eselFuel	23 L
2003-146	July 3,2003	Chevron Liard River Ice Bridge	Hydraulic O il	1 L
2003-490	July 14,2003	Highway 4	Transm ission Fluid	2 L
2003-141	0 ctober 3, 2003	Highway 4 KM 20	DieselP-40	Unspecified
2003-088	December 2, 2003	6 KM South of BHP on Lupin W inter Road	D eselFuel	182 L
2003-533	December 8, 2003	Reid Lake Cam pground	Hydraulic Fluid	5 L

DRECTIVES -35(1), APPEALS -36(1) AND RECOVERES -38(1)

Sections 35, 36 and 38 of the TDG Act refer to ministerial directives, appeals against Ministerial directives and recoveries of public expenditures made to remedy abandoned or discharged dangerous goods.

- 35. (1) Where the Minister considers it necessary for the protection of the public, property or the environment, the Minister may direct a person engaged in the transportation of dangerous goods to cease any activity or to perform the activity in a manner consistent with the intentions of this Act.
- (4) A person who receives a directive under subsection (1) may appeal the directive to the Supreme Court within 60 days receiving the directive, but that person shall comply with the directive until the appeal is finally determined.
- 36. (1) The Government of the Northwest Territories may claim and recover reasonable costs and expenses incurred in taking any measures under section 24, 33 or 34.

Under either the federal or the territorial/provincial TDG Acts, M inisterial Directives are issued only in exceptional circum stances. The M inister was not required to issue any directives and no appeals to directives were made in 2003.

No actions were initiated for recovery of costs of expenses with respect to spills during this reporting period.

CITATIONS AND CONVICTIONS

In 2003 the Department of Transportation issued two (2) Sum mary Offence Tickets and thirteen (13) Warning Notices for violations of the Northwest Territories Transportation of Dangerous Goods Act (1990) and the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations.

- 1 Sum m ary 0 ffence Ticket was issued for a carrier failing to provide another carrier with shipping document.
- 1 Sum m ary 0 ffence Ticket w as issued for transporting dangerous goods without safety markers.
- 5 W ritten W aming Notices were issued for improper safety marks (missing placards).
- 1 W ritten W aming Notice was issued for no placards and no validation sticker on trailer plate.
- 1 W ritten W aming Notice was issued for transporting dangerous goods without training certificate.
- 2 W ritten W aming Notices were issued for expired Tank Inspection certificates.

SUMMARY

Truck traffic through the Enterprise Weigh Scale increased in 2003 by 4 percent over 2002. The number of trucks carrying dangerous goods traffic decreased by 10 percent. The total volume of dangerous goods carried by trucks in 2003 decreased by about 16 compared to 2002.

Nationally, the new "Clear Language" version of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations have been published in the Canada Gazette version 2 and came into force on August 16, 2002. The Northwest Territories, like the other provinces and territories, adopts these Regulations by reference. Am endments to the NW T Regulations to adopt the new version of the federal regulations were made in 2003. The Summary Conviction Procedures Regulations were also amended to reflect this change. Transport Canada conducted a training session on Highway Tank Inspection in Hay River for the Dangerous Goods Inspectors designated under the Northwest Territories Transportation of Dangerous Goods Act.