Child Care Expenses Deduction for 2002

Definitions

The terms **child care expenses**, **eligible child**, **supporting person**, **net income**, and **earned income**, used on Form T778, *Child Care Expenses Deduction for 2002*, are defined here.

Child care expenses

Child care expenses are amounts you or another supporting person paid to have someone look after an eligible child so that you or the other supporting person could:

- · earn income from employment;
- carry on a business either alone or as an active partner;
- attend school under the conditions described in the section called "Did you or the other supporting person attend school in 2002?" on the back; or
- carry on research or similar work for which you or the other supporting person received a grant.

Usually, you can only deduct payments for services provided in Canada by a Canadian resident. See the section called "Other situations" on the back for exceptions.

Eligible child

Child care expenses can only be claimed for an eligible child. An eligible child is:

- your or your spouse or common-law partner's child; or
- a child who was dependent on you or your spouse or common-law partner, and whose net income in 2002 was \$7,634 or less.

The child must have lived with you or the other supporting person when you or the other supporting person had the expenses. The child must have been **under 16** years of age at some time in 2002. However, the age limit does not apply if the child was dependent on you or your spouse or common-law partner and was mentally or physically infirm.

Supporting person

Child care expenses can only be claimed by the eligible child's supporting persons. You are a supporting person if you are:

- the child's parent;
- the spouse or common-law partner of the child's parent; or
- an individual claiming an amount for the child on line 305, 306, or 315 of your Schedule 1.

There is **another supporting person** if the child's other parent, your spouse or common-law partner, or any individual claiming an amount for the child on line 305, 306, or 315 of his or her Schedule 1 lived with you at any time in 2002 **and** at any time during the first 60 days of 2003.

Net income

Net income is used to determine which supporting person will claim child care expenses. Use the amount from line 236 of your return **without including** any child care expenses (line 214) or social benefits repayment (line 235) you may be able to claim.

Earned income

Your earned income for line 6 in Part B of Form T778 is the total of:

- employment income (including tips and gratuities, and the non-taxable part of an allowance received as an emergency volunteer);
- net self-employment income, either alone or as an active partner (excluding losses);
- the taxable part of scholarships, bursaries, fellowships, and similar awards:
- net research grants;
- any earnings supplement received under a project sponsored by the Government of Canada to encourage employment or sponsored under Part II of the Employment Insurance Act or any similar program; and
- disability benefits received from the Canada Pension Plan or the Quebec Pension Plan.

Who can claim child care expenses?

To know who can claim child care expenses, you need to determine if you are the only supporting person, or if there is another supporting person.

If you are the only supporting person, you can claim child care expenses you paid while the eligible child was living with you.

In most situations where there is another supporting person, you can claim the child care expenses only if you have the **lower net income** (including zero income).

If there is another supporting person and you have the **higher net income**, you can make a claim only if Part C or D of Form T778 applies.

If there is another supporting person and you have **equal net incomes**, you have to agree on which one of you will claim the expenses.

If you got married or began living common law in 2002, you and your spouse or common-law partner have to consider your net incomes for the whole year. Include child care expenses you both paid for the whole year.

Canada Child Tax Benefit

For each eligible child who is **under 7** years of age, there is a supplement of \$228.00 to the basic benefit. The supplement is reduced by 25% of the child care expenses you and your spouse or common-law partner claim for children who are under 18 years old.

Child care expenses claimed on your 2002 returns will affect the supplement you may be entitled to receive for the period from July 2003 to June 2004.

You can claim less than the maximum child care expenses allowable if it is to your benefit. If you do not need your full child care expenses to reduce your 2002 federal tax to zero, it may be better to claim only what you need, since this may increase your supplement for the above-mentioned period. However, keep in mind that you cannot carry forward unclaimed expenses to another year.



What payments can you claim?

You can claim payments for child care expenses made to:

- · individuals providing child care services;
- day nursery schools and day-care centres;
- educational institutions for the part of the fees that relate to child care services;
- day camps and day sports schools where the primary goal of the camp is to care for children (an institution offering a "sports study" program is not a sports school); and
- boarding schools, overnight sports schools, or camps where lodging is involved (see the note in Part A of Form T778).

You can also claim advertising expenses and placement agency fees

When the child care services are provided by an individual, the individual cannot be:

- the child's father, mother, or a supporting person;
- a person for whom you or another supporting person of the child claimed an amount on line 305, 306, or 315 of Schedule 1; and
- a person under 18 who is related to you.

A **related person** is someone connected by a blood relationship, marriage, or adoption, such as your or your spouse or common-law partner's child, brother, sister, brother-in-law, or sister-in-law. Nieces, nephews, aunts, and uncles are not related persons.

Receipts – The individual or organization who received the payments must give you a receipt showing information about the services provided. When the child care services are provided by an individual, you will need the social insurance number of the individual. Do not send receipts with your return, but keep them in case we ask to see them. If you file your return electronically using EFILE, show your receipts to your EFILE service provider.

Note: If you paid an individual to provide child care in your home, you may have some responsibilities as an employer. If you are not sure of your situation, contact us.

What payments can't you claim?

You cannot claim payments for medical or hospital care, clothing, or transportation costs.

For payments made to an educational institution, you cannot claim the part of the fees that relate to education costs, such as tuition fees of a regular program or a "sports study" program. Also, you cannot claim fees paid for leisure or recreational activities, such as Cub Scouts or tennis lessons.

You cannot claim expenses if you or another supporting person received, or is entitled to receive, a reimbursement of the child care expenses or any other form of assistance not included in income. If your employer paid the child care expenses on your behalf, you can claim the part of the expenses included in your income.

Did you or the other supporting person attend school in 2002?

You may be able to claim child care expenses that allowed you and/or the other supporting person to attend school, if any of the following situations apply:

- You are the only supporting person and, at any time in 2002, you
 were enrolled in an educational program as described below (see
 Part D of Form T778).
- You are the supporting person with the higher net income, and the other supporting person, at any time in 2002, was enrolled in an educational program as described below (see Part C of Form T778).
- You are the supporting person with the higher net income, and you and the other supporting person, at the same time in 2002, were enrolled in an educational program as described below (see Part C and Part D of Form T778).

The **educational program** has to be offered by a secondary school, college, university, or other designated educational institution. This includes any institution certified by the Minister of Human Resources Development for courses that develop or improve occupational skills. An eligible program has to last at least 3 consecutive weeks. A **full-time** program requires students to spend at least 10 hours a week on courses or work in the program. A **part-time** program requires students to spend at least 12 hours in a calendar month on courses in the program.

Other situations

When completing the return of a **supporting person** (of an eligible child) who **died in 2002**, claim eligible child care expenses that were paid while that person was living with the child as if he or she was the only supporting person. However, if there was another supporting person, that person is also considered the only supporting person of the eligible child, and can claim eligible child care expenses paid while living with the child, as long as the expenses were not claimed on the return of another person.

If you lived outside Canada for part or all of 2002, and we consider you to be a **factual** or **deemed resident** of Canada, you can claim child care expenses that you paid to a non-resident person for services provided outside Canada. We explain these terms under "Which tax and benefit package should you use?" on page 7 of the *General Income Tax and Benefit Guide*. For information on other circumstances in which you can claim child care expenses paid for services provided outside Canada (such as commuters to the United States), please contact us.

If you **immigrated** to, or **emigrated** from, Canada in 2002, you can claim child care expenses for the period you were in Canada, as long as you otherwise qualify.

Do you need more information?

Contact your tax services office. The telephone numbers and address are listed in the government section of your telephone book and on the "Contact us" page of our Web site at: www.ccra.gc.ca.

Agence des douanes

Part A - Total child care expenses -

CHILD CARE EXPENSES DEDUCTION FOR 2002

Read the attached information sheet. You will find there the definition of child care expenses, eligible child, supporting person, earned income, and net income. For more details, see Interpretation Bulletin IT-495, Child Care Expenses.

Each supporting person claiming the deduction must attach a completed Form T778 to his or her return. Do not include receipts, but keep them in case we ask to see them.

If you are the only supporting person, complete Parts A, B, and, if it applies, Part D.

If you are the supporting person with the lower net income, complete Parts A and B.

List the first and last names and the date of birth of all your eligible children,

If you are the supporting person with the higher net income, complete Parts A, B, C, and, if it applies, Part D.

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Enter the amount from	line 4, 5, or 6, which	hever is the le	ast							<u> </u>
f you are the suppor	rting person with th	e higher net	income, go t	o Part C. Lea	ave lines	8 and 9 bla	nk.			
Enter any child care ex deducted on line 214 c	xpenses that the oth	er supporting p	person with th	e higher net in	ncome			_		Ì
ine 7 minus line 8. If Otherwise, enter this a	you attended schoo	I in 2002 and y	ou are the or	ly supporting p	person, g	o to Part D.		=		
* Attach Form T2201	, <i>Disability Tax Cred</i>									n

Comple	cte Part C if, in 2002, the other supporting person with the high the Part C if, in 2002, the other supporting person (with the loge the name, social insurance number, and the net income of	ower net income) was in a situation described l								
	ame of supporting person with the lower net income	Social insurance number	Net income							
a)	The other supporting person attended school and was enrocalled "Did you or the other supporting person attend school	olled in a part-time educational program as de ol in 2002?" on the attached information shee	efined in the section t.							
☐ b)										
c)										
☐ d)	The other supporting person was incapable of caring for chlikely to continue for an indefinite period. Attach a statement									
☐ e)	The other supporting person was confined to a prison or si	milar institution for a period of at least two we	eks.							
f)	You and your spouse or common-law partner were, due to end of 2002 and for a period of at least 90 days beginning									
Line 4 (in Part B) x 2.5% =		10							
Multiply	the amount on line 10 by the number of full months in 200	2 that the situation in a) existed								
	han a month that includes a week that any of the situations in		11							
	the amount on line 10 by the number of full weeks in 2002 t	that any of the situations in b) to f) existed	+ 12							
Add line	es 11 and 12	679	8= 13							
Enter th	ne amount from line 7 (in Part B) or line 13, whichever is less	S .								
If you a	ttended school in 2002, go to Part D.									
Otherw	ise, enter this amount on line 214 of your return	Your allowable deduction	14							
_ Part	D – Did you attend school in 2002? ————									
	ete Part D if either of the following situations applies to you:									
•	ny time in 2002, you were the only supporting person , line	7 equals line 6 in Part B, and you were enrolle	ed in a program							
	ribed in the section called "Did you or the other supporting p									
• For 2	2002, you were the supporting person with the higher net	income, line 7 equals line 6 in Part B, and, a	t the same time in							
2002	2, you and the other supporting person were enrolled in a pro	ogram described in the same section. But first,	complete Part C.							
Part D do	oes not apply to the supporting person with the lower net income since the	other supporting person will claim this part of the deduce	ction for both of them.							
Line 4 (in Part B) x 2.5% =		15							
	the amount on line 15 by the number of full months in 200									
	ing person) or you and the other supporting person both we									
than a	month that includes a week used in the calculation on line 17	")	16							
	the amount on line 15 by the number of full weeks in 2002									
	ing person) or you and the other supporting person both we		+ 17							
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Lino 4 /	in Part B) minus line 9 (in Part B) or line 14 (in Part C), whicl	hover applies to you	լ 19							
	in Part B) minus line 9 (in Part B) or line 14 (in Part C), which		19							
	our net income (not including amounts on line 214 or 235).		21							
	ompleted Part C: Line 13 (in Part C) minus line 6 (in Part B)		22							
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Enter th	ne amount from line 18, 19, 20, 21, or (if it applies) 22, which	ever is the least	23							
	ne amount from line 9 (in Part B) or line 14 (in Part C), which		+ 24							
Add line	23 and line 24. Enter this amount on line 214 of your return	n Your allowable deduction	I_ 125							