SPOUSAL OR COMMON-LAW PARTNER TRUST'S CAPITAL GAINS DEDUCTION IN YEAR OF BENEFICIARY'S DEATH

- Enter the applicable tax year in the box above. Include a completed copy of this schedule with the trust's return.
- Use this schedule to calculate a spousal or common-law partner trust's capital gains deduction for the tax year in which the beneficiary spouse or common-law partner died. The trust must be a resident of Canada throughout the current calendar year to be eligible to claim the capital gains deduction. For this deduction, we also consider the trust to be a resident throughout the current year if the trust was a resident of Canada for part of the current year and throughout the previous year, or the following year.

Note: A joint spousal or common-law partner trust, an alter ego trust, or a trust that elected to defer the deemed disposition day **cannot** claim a capital gains deduction.

- Before completing this schedule, you have to calculate:
 - the trust's eligible taxable capital gains (line 34 of Schedule 3, Eligible Taxable Capital Gains); and
 - the spouse's or common-law partner's unused lifetime capital gains deduction limit for the year the spouse or common-law partner died (Form T657, *Calculation of Capital Gains Deduction*, for the year of death).
- If the spousal or common-law partner trust is subject to a deemed disposition, see the section called "Form T1055, *Summary of Deemed Dispositions*" in the publication T4013, *T3 Trust Guide*.
- A post-1971 spousal or common-law partner trust can claim a capital gains deduction on qualified farm property, qualified fishing property or qualified small business corporation shares in the tax year the beneficiary spouse or common-law partner dies. The trust can claim the deduction to the extent that the beneficiary spouse or common-law partner could have claimed a deduction for the eligible taxable capital gains if the gains had belonged to that spouse or common-law partner and not to the trust.
- A **pre-1972 spousal trust** can claim a capital gains deduction on qualified farm property, qualified fishing property or qualified small business corporation shares when reporting a deemed disposition on the day the beneficiary spouse dies. The trust can claim this deduction if the trustee has never elected to defer the deemed disposition day.
- For definitions of post-1971 spousal or common-law partner trust and pre-1972 spousal trust, see Chart 1 in the T3 Trust Guide.

Part A – Deceased beneficiary spouse or common-law partner information

Name of deceased beneficiary spouse or common-law partner	Address	Social insurance number									Date of death					
								Year			Month	Day				
											1		1			

Part B - Calculating the spousal or common-law partner trust's capital gains deduction on all property

Spousal or common-law partner trust's eligible taxable capital gains for the year (line 34 of Schedule 3)				1				
Amounts designated on lines 929 and 930 of Schedule 9		-		2				
Trust's eligible taxable capital gains for the year (line 1 minus line 2)		=		►		3		
Spouse's or common-law partner's cumulative loss amount and cumulative capital gains deduction claimed after 1984 (see Note 1)	5020 ●			4		-		
Spouse's or common-law partner's cumulative eligible taxable capital gains reported after 1984 (see Note 2)	5030 ●	_		5				
Subtotal (line 4 minus line 5; if negative, enter "0")		=			-	6		
Net amount (line 3 minus line 6)					=			7
Spousal or common-law partner trust's taxable capital gains for small business corporation shares (line 6 of Schedule 3)	the year	on qualified farm	n or fisl	hing	property and qualified			8
Spouse's or common-law partner's unused capital gains dedu (line 49 of Form T657– attach a copy of Form T657)	ction for	the year.				5200 ●		9
Capital gains deduction for resident spousal or common-law	/ partne	r trust (line 7, 8,	or 9, v	vhich	ever is less)			10

Enter this amount on line 53 of the T3 return.

Note 1

The cumulative loss amount and cumulative capital gains deduction claimed after 1984 are the total of the amounts from lines 25, 26, 27, and 29 of Form T657.

Note 2

The cumulative eligible taxable capital gains reported after 1984 is the amount on line 23 of Form T657.

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