

CLAIM FOR MEALS AND LODGING EXPENSES

- Use this form if you are a transport employee, such as an employee of an airline, railway, bus, or trucking company.
- The employee completes Parts 1 and 2, and the employer completes Part 3.
- · See the back of this form for details.
- If there is not enough space below, attach another sheet of paper. Keep receipts to support your claim in case we ask you for them.
- You do not have to send this form with your income tax return. However, keep it in case we ask to see it later.

Part 1	– Emp	loyee in	formation										
Family o	r last nar	ne		Usual first name						Social insurance number			
				From:		To:			Ll	Mo	thod used		
Period of employment during 19				Month 19		-		19		_	Simplified Batch		
Part 2	– Trip	and exc	ense summary	1									
Number of		Average no. of	Home terminal		way from ne terminal	Service	Meals purchase		sed	٠	Lodgings		
Days	Trips	hrs. per trip		none terminal		classification	No.	No. Cost		No. Cost		Cost	
								\$			\$		
								<u> </u>					
	-												
	1,			***************************************	•		Total			Total			
S S	ubtract t ubtotal (otal amo	he total re line 1 mir ount you p	paid for meals epayments you rec nus line 2) paid for lodging				- - = -		2 X 5	0% =		3	
			epayments you rec	eived or will re	ceive for any of th	iese expenses	<u> </u>		5	_		6	
5	ubtotai (line 4 mir	nus line 5)				= -			т			
A	ilowabl	e claim: /	Add lines 3 and 6. I	Enter this amo	unt on line 229 of	your income tax r	eturn.			=		7	
N	otes *	home This a	the average length terminal is located applies only to clain conductor, motorm	ns that railwav	employees mak perator, maintena	e. Enter your clas ince-of-way emplo	ss of servi oyee).					e	
					Certification	on by employed	• 						
l cer Date		the above	information is a tr	ue statement o	f the actual expe	nses I paid while I Signature		from my ho	me termina	al during	19		
				-									
			t information (to										
			rincipal business to the collective agre				with your	company?			Yes	No ∐	
3. Ar	e subsid	lized mea	ls available to this	employee?	Yes No	lf yes, v	vhat is the	cost to this	employee?	\$			
4. a)	ls the er	nployee e	ntitled to receive a	n allowance or	repayment for:	mealslodging	Yes [Yes [No No] Amoi] Amoi				
b)	How mu	ch of the	allowance or repay	ment did you r	report on this emp	oloyee's T4 slip?				\$			
-		Nar	ne of employer (pleas	se print)				Name of au	ithorized pers	son (plea	se print)		
		Date		Т	elephone	. <u> </u>		Signature of	employer or	authorize	ed person		

Information for Transport Employees

Employment conditions

You can deduct the cost of meals and lodging if you meet all the following conditions:

- You work for an airline, railway, bus, or trucking company, or any other employer whose principal business is the transport of goods, passengers, or both.
- You travel in vehicles your employer uses to transport goods or passengers.
- You regularly have to travel away from the municipality and the metropolitan area (if there is one) where your home terminal is located.
- You incur meal and lodging expenses while travelling away from the municipality and the metropolitan area (if there is one) where your home terminal is located.

If your employer has repaid or will repay you for your meal and lodging expenses, subtract from your claim the amount of the repayment.

If your employer's principal business is **not** transporting goods, passengers, or both, you may still be able to claim expenses. For more details, get Information Circular 73-21, *Away-from-Home Expenses*.

You can also deduct the cost of meals and lodging when you meet **one** of the following conditions:

- You work for a railway company as a telegrapher or station agent in a relief capacity, or you carry out maintenance and repair work for the railway company while working away from home.
- You are a railway employee who works away from the
 municipality and the metropolitan area (if there is one) where
 your home terminal is located. You also work at such a
 distant location that it is unreasonable for you to return daily
 to your home, where you support a spouse or dependant
 related to you.

If your employer has repaid or will repay you for your meal and lodging expenses, subtract from your claim the amount of the repayment.

Deductible expenses

Deductible expenses include any goods and services tax (GST) and provincial sales tax you paid on these expenses. You may be able to receive a rebate of the GST you paid. We discuss this rebate on page 4 of the *Employment Expenses* guide.

Meals

To calculate your meal expenses, use one of these methods:

The detailed method – The detailed method means that you have to keep a record book itemizing each expense. You also have to keep receipts to support the amount you deduct.

The simplified method – The simplified method is based on a daily meal rate of \$11 for each meal. You do not have to keep receipts for your meals, but you have to keep a detailed list of the trips you take.

The batching method – When you are part of a work crew, such as on a train, your employer may provide you with cooking facilities. If you buy groceries and cook meals either by yourself or together, each person can claim up to \$22 for each day. As long as you do not claim more than this amount, you do not have to keep receipts.

Under either the detailed or simplified method, you can claim one meal after every four hours from the check-out time, to a maximum of three meals per day. For the purposes of calculating the maximum number of meals allowed, a day is considered to be a twenty-four hour period which begins at the check-out time.

Workers on scheduled runs of 10 hours or less during their normal working hours (e.g., 7:30 a.m. to 5:30 p.m.) are generally expected to eat their breakfast and dinner meals at home. Therefore, only one meal claim per day, lunch, is allowed in these circumstances.

The most you can deduct for meal expenses is **50%** of your claim. For example, if you use the simplified method, which is based on a daily meal rate of \$11 per meal, the most you can deduct is \$5.50 (\$11 x 50%) for each meal.

Lodging

You can deduct your lodging expenses. Keep receipts to support the amount you deduct.

How to claim your expenses

Complete this form, and claim your meal and lodging expenses on line 229 of your income tax return. Your employer has to sign the form. You do not have to send this form with your income tax return. However, keep it in case we ask to see it later.

If you want more information about meal and lodging expenses, get Information Circular 73-21, *Away-from-Home Expenses*, or contact us. See the telephone listing for "Revenue Canada" in the Government of Canada section of your telephone book for the address and telephone numbers.