## CLAIMING A CANADIAN FILM OR VIDEO PRODUCTION TAX CREDIT

Use this form to claim a tax credit for qualified labour expenditures of a qualified corporation The corporation must have incurred the expenditures for a production that the Minister of Canadian Heritage certified as a Canadian film or video production.

To claim this credit, attach the following items on top of the T2 Corporation Income Tax Reti for the taxation year:

- Canadian film or video production certificate "A" (or a copy) issued by the Canadian
- Audio-Visual Certification Office (CAVCO); if applicable, the certificate of completion "B" (or a copy) issued by CAVCO and a copy of the audited statement of production costs and accompanying notes provided to CAVCO; and
- a completed copy of this form for each film or video production. We consider each episo in a series to be a production. However, we will accept one form for episodes in a series that are certified Canadian film or video productions.

For information on claiming this tax credit, refer to the publication Claiming a Canadian Film Video Production Tax Credit – Guide to Form T1131 (RC4164) at www.cra.gc.ca/E/pub/tg/rc4164/.

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Part 1 - Corporate information	on (please print)		L		,					
Corporate name			Business nu	ımber						
							R	С		
151 Contact person's name	153 Telephone number	Taxation year	From: Year	Month	Day	To:	Year	N	/lonth	Day
Part 2 – Identifying the film o	r video production									
Production's title			Enter date that pr or taping began	incipal filmi	ng		Year		/lonth	Day

Part 2 – Identifying the film or video production	
301 Production's title	Enter date that principal filming or taping began Year Month Day
Enter CAVCO reference number	Enter CAVCO certificate number (that starts with A or B)
For a series of episodes enter range of CAVCO certificate numbers (that start with A or B)	305   306   To:
Is the production a Canadian co-production involving only qualified corporations?	?
2. Is the production a treaty co-production?	312 Yes No
3. Is the production co-owned by a prescribed person?	
If you answered " <b>yes</b> " to question 1 or 2, include your corporation's costs in Part 5, or If you answered " <b>yes</b> " to question 3, include the corporation's costs in Part 5, or if apperson's) costs in Part 6.	or if applicable, in Part 6. oplicable, include the corporation's costs and the co-owner's (prescribed

Part 3 - Eligibility

1.	Were the activities of the corporation primarily the carrying on of a Canadian film or video production business through a permanent establishment in Canada?	Yes	No
2.	Was all or part of the corporation's taxable income exempt from Part I tax at any time in the year?	Yes	No
3.	Was the corporation at any time in the year controlled directly or indirectly in any manner whatever by one or more persons, all or part of whose taxable income was exempt from Part I tax?	Yes	No
4.	Was the corporation at any time in the year a prescribed labour-sponsored venture capital corporation?	Yes	No
5.	Is the production, or an interest in a person or partnership that has, directly or indirectly, an interest in the production, a tax shelter investment for purposes of section 143.2?	Yes	No
	you answered "no" to question 1 or "yes" to any other question, you are not eligible for the Canadian film or video production tax edit. If you are eligible, review the information in Part 4 before completing the rest of this form.		

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Part 4 – Important information on recent changes	
On November 14, 2003, the Minister of Finance announced changes to the Canadian Film or Video Production T  The limit on the base of qualifying labour expenditures was raised to 60% of the total cost of a production from  Labour expenditures in respect of non-residents of Canada (other than Canadian citizens) are no longer eligiting a government entity is an investor, that investment is now treated in the same manner as other forms of government.	m the existing 48% limit. ble for the credit.
<ul> <li>Using the new rules to calculate the tax credit</li> <li>1. If the production commencement time* of the film or video is on or after November 14, 2003, the tax credi new rules. Complete Part 6A and Part 6B of this form.</li> </ul>	t is calculated using the
<ol> <li>If the production commencement time* of the film or video is before November 14, 2003, but the earliest la made after 2003, the tax credit is calculated using the new rules. Complete Part 6A and Part 6B of this form</li> </ol>	
3. If the production commencement time* of the film or video is before November 14, 2003, but the earliest la made after the corporation's last year that ended before November 14, 2003, the corporation may choose be options (check one):	
To calculate the tax credit using the rules in effect before November 14, 2003 (complete Part 5A and I	Part 5B).
The corporation <b>elects</b> to apply the rules in effect on or after November 14, 2003 (complete Part 6A a The election must be filed on or before the filing due date for the tax year that includes the day the proasented to.	
* <b>Production commencement time</b> , as defined in subsection 125.4(1) of the <i>Income Tax Act</i> , is the <b>earlier of</b> (enter dates):	onth Day
(a) the start of principal photography;	
(b) the latest of:  i) the date the first script labour expenses were incurred;  652	
ii) the date the production rights were acquired; <b>or</b> 653	<u> </u>
iii) two years before the start of principal photography.	
Part 5A – Determining the production cost limit using the rules in effect before November 14, 2003	<u>;</u>
Production cost at the end of the taxation year (since the start of principal photography)	+
Less: Total government and non-government assistance that the corporation has not repaid	
Line 401 minus line 403	= A X 48% B
Applicable rate	X <u>48%</u> B
Multiply line A by line B  Less: Qualified labour expenditures for all previous taxation years 407	 -
Production cost limit (Line C minus line 407)	=
Part 5B – Determining the qualified labour expenditure and the tax credit using the rules in effect I	 before
November 14, 2003	
Labour expenditure in the taxation year	
Salary or wages paid that are directly attributable to the production +	
Other remuneration that is directly attributable to the production	
paid to:         Individuals         503 +           Other taxable Canadian corporations         505 +	
Other taxable Canadian corporations +	
Other taxable Canadian corporations (solely owned	
by an individual) 506 + Partnerships carrying on business in Canada 507 +	
Enter any reimbursement of labour expenditure that a wholly-owned	
corporation made under a reimbursement agreement to a parent corporation 509 +	
Labour expenditure (add lines 501 to 509)	= D
Labour expenditures for all previous taxation years 511 +	
Labour expenditure (add lines 501 to 509)  Labour expenditures for all previous taxation years  Less: Qualified labour expenditures for all previous taxation years.  511 +	
Line 511 minus line 513 =	▶E
Line D plus line E	= F
Less: Labour expenditure that a parent corporation transferred under a reimbursement agreement to	
a wholly-owned subsidiary corporation  Labour expenditure (line F minus line 515, if negative, enter "0")  515  518	
Labour expenditure (line F minus line 515, if negative, enter "0")	=
Qualified labour expenditure	_
Enter whichever is less—the amount on line 410 or the amount on line 518	
Applicable rate  Canadian film or video production tax credit (Multiply line G by line H)	
Canadian film or video production tax credit (Multiply line G by line H)  520  Enter the amount from line 520 at line 706 of your 72 Corporate Tax Peturn. If you are submitting more than one of the corporate Tax Peturn.	
Enter the amount from line 520 at line 796 of your <i>T2 Corporate Tax Return</i> . If you are submitting more than one cumulative total.	nicse ioiilis, enter the

Production cost at the end of the taxation year (since the production commencement time)  Less: Total government and non-government assistance that corporation has not repaid  Line 421 minus line 423  Applicable rate  Multiply line A by line B  Less: Qualified labour expenditures for all previous taxation years.  Production cost limit (Line C minus line 427)  Part 6B – Determining the qualified labour expenditure and tax credit using the rules in effect on or after November 14, 2003  Labour expenditure in the taxation year  Salary or wages paid for services rendered by Canadian residents or non-resident Canadian citizens that are directly attributable to the production  Other remuneration for services rendered by Canadian residents or non-resident Canadian citizens that is directly attributable to the production  paid to: Individuals  Other taxable Canadian corporations  Other taxable Canadian corporations (solely owned by an individual)  Partnerships carrying on business in Canada  Other taxable carrying on business in Canada	
Applicable rate.  Multiply line A by line B  Less: Qualified labour expenditures for all previous taxation years.  Production cost limit (Line C minus line 427)  Part 6B – Determining the qualified labour expenditure and tax credit using the rules in effect on or after November 14, 2003  Labour expenditure in the taxation year  Salary or wages paid for services rendered by Canadian residents or non-resident  Canadian citizens that are directly attributable to the production  Other remuneration for services rendered by Canadian residents or non-resident  Canadian citizens that is directly attributable to the production  paid to: Individuals  Other taxable Canadian corporations  Other taxable Canadian corporations (solely owned)	
Multiply line A by line B  Less: Qualified labour expenditures for all previous taxation years.  Production cost limit (Line C minus line 427)  Part 6B – Determining the qualified labour expenditure and tax credit using the rules in effect on or after November 14, 2003  Labour expenditure in the taxation year  Salary or wages paid for services rendered by Canadian residents or non-resident  Canadian citizens that are directly attributable to the production  Other remuneration for services rendered by Canadian residents or non-resident  Canadian citizens that is directly attributable to the production  paid to: Individuals  Other taxable Canadian corporations  Other taxable Canadian corporations (solely owned)	
Less: Qualified labour expenditures for all previous taxation years.  Production cost limit (Line C minus line 427)  Part 6B – Determining the qualified labour expenditure and tax credit using the rules in effect on or after November 14, 2003  Labour expenditure in the taxation year  Salary or wages paid for services rendered by Canadian residents or non-resident  Canadian citizens that are directly attributable to the production  Other remuneration for services rendered by Canadian residents or non-resident  Canadian citizens that is directly attributable to the production  paid to: Individuals  Other taxable Canadian corporations  Other taxable Canadian corporations (solely owned)	
Part 6B – Determining the qualified labour expenditure and tax credit using the rules in effect on or after November 14, 2003  Labour expenditure in the taxation year Salary or wages paid for services rendered by Canadian residents or non-resident Canadian citizens that are directly attributable to the production Other remuneration for services rendered by Canadian residents or non-resident Canadian citizens that is directly attributable to the production paid to: Individuals Other taxable Canadian corporations Other taxable Canadian corporations (solely owned)	
Part 6B – Determining the qualified labour expenditure and tax credit using the rules in effect on or after November 14, 2003  Labour expenditure in the taxation year Salary or wages paid for services rendered by Canadian residents or non-resident Canadian citizens that are directly attributable to the production Other remuneration for services rendered by Canadian residents or non-resident Canadian citizens that is directly attributable to the production paid to: Individuals Other taxable Canadian corporations Other taxable Canadian corporations (solely owned)	
November 14, 2003  Labour expenditure in the taxation year Salary or wages paid for services rendered by Canadian residents or non-resident Canadian citizens that are directly attributable to the production Other remuneration for services rendered by Canadian residents or non-resident Canadian citizens that is directly attributable to the production paid to: Individuals Other taxable Canadian corporations Other taxable Canadian corporations (solely owned)	
Labour expenditure in the taxation year  Salary or wages paid for services rendered by Canadian residents or non-resident  Canadian citizens that are directly attributable to the production  Other remuneration for services rendered by Canadian residents or non-resident  Canadian citizens that is directly attributable to the production  paid to: Individuals  Other taxable Canadian corporations  Other taxable Canadian corporations (solely owned)	
Canadian citizens that are directly attributable to the production  Other remuneration for services rendered by Canadian residents or non-resident  Canadian citizens that is directly attributable to the production  paid to: Individuals  Other taxable Canadian corporations  Other taxable Canadian corporations (solely owned)	
Other remuneration for services rendered by Canadian residents or non-resident  Canadian citizens that is directly attributable to the production  paid to: Individuals  Other taxable Canadian corporations  Other taxable Canadian corporations (solely owned)	
Canadian citizens that is directly attributable to the production  paid to: Individuals  Other taxable Canadian corporations  Other taxable Canadian corporations (solely owned)	
Other taxable Canadian corporations (solely owned	
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Other taxable Canadian corporations (solely owned	
Other taxable Canadian corporations (solely owned by an individual)	
by an individual)	
Partnerships carrying on business in Canada	
Enter any reimbursement of labour expenditure that a wholly-owned corporation made under a reimbursement agreement to a parent corporation 609 +	
Labour expenditure (add lines 601 to 609) =	С
Labour expenditures for all previous taxation years  Less: Qualified labour expenditures for all previous taxation years  Line 244	
Less: Qualified labour expenditures for all previous taxation years  613	
Line 611 minus line 613	E
Line D plus line E =	F
Less: Labour expenditure that a parent corporation transferred under a reimbursement agreement to	
a wholly-owned subsidiary corporation	_
Qualified labour expenditure	_
Enter whichever is less – the amount on line 430 or the amount on line 618 =	G
Applicable rate	_ F
Canadian film or video production tax credit (multiply line G by line H) 620 =	
Enter the amount from line 620 at line 796 of your T2 Corporation Tax Return. If you are submitting more than one	
of these forms, enter the cumulative total.	
Part 7 – Certification	
I, of	
251 Name Address	,
certify that the information given in this form, and in all attached documents is, to the best of my knowledge, correct and complete.	
Authorized officer's signature Position or Office 255 Date	